```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
//Counter to count elements in queue
int ct=0;
//Tree Node Structure -> Has data members and a parametrized constructor to initialize values
struct Tnode
  string fname;
  string Iname;
  int age;
  int year;
  Tnode *left;
  Tnode *right;
  //Parametrized constructor
  Tnode(string fnam, string lnam, int a, int yr)
  {
    fname = fnam;
    Iname = Inam;
    age = a;
    year = yr;
    left = NULL;
    right = NULL;
  }
};
```

```
//Tree Data Structure
struct Tree
{
  //Root node
  Tnode *root;
  //Constructor sets root to NULL when tree is created
  Tree()
  {
    root = NULL;
  }
  //Checks if tree is empty
  bool isTreeEmpty()
  {
    //Empty if root is NULL
    if(root==NULL)
      return true;
    else
      return false;
  }
  //Inserts node to make a BST -> Based on age data of each node
  void insertNode(Tnode *new_node)
  {
    //If tree is empty then new node becomes the root node
    if(isTreeEmpty())
    {
      root = new_node;
      return;
```

```
}
else
{
  //Traverse tree till the end using temp node -> temp represents the current node
  Tnode *temp = root;
  while(temp!=NULL)
  {
    //If new node data is the same as temp node data then return -> no duplicates
    if(new_node->age == temp->age)
     cout << "Value already exists, Insert another node" << endl;</pre>
     return;
    }
    //If new node is smaller then temp and temp is a leaf node
    else if((new_node->age < temp->age) && (temp->left == NULL))
    {
      //Append new node on the left of temp
      temp->left = new_node;
      break;
    }
    //If new node is smaller then temp and temp is not a leaf node
    else if(new_node->age < temp->age)
    {
      //Traverse to the next left node
      temp = temp->left;
    }
    //If new node is larger then temp and temp is a leaf node
```

```
else if((new_node->age > temp->age) && (temp->right == NULL))
        {
          //Append new node on the right of temp
          temp->right = new_node;
          break;
        }
        //If new node is larger then temp and temp is a not leaf node
        else
        {
          //Traverse to the next right node
          temp = temp->right;
        }
      }
    }
  }
  //PreOrder DFS -> NODE LEFT RIGHT
  void printPreOrder(Tnode *temp)
  {
    //If n is NULL then return
    if(temp==NULL)
      return;
    //Print data out in order NLR using recursion
    cout << "(First Name: " << temp->fname << ", Last Name: " << temp->lname << ", Age: " << temp-
>age << ", Year: " << temp->year << ") ---> " << endl;
    printPreOrder(temp->left);
    printPreOrder(temp->right);
  }
```

```
//InOrder DFS -> LEFT NODE RIGHT
  void printlnOrder(Tnode *temp)
    if(temp==NULL)
      return;
    //Print data out in order LNR using recursion
    printlnOrder(temp->left);
    cout << "(First Name: " << temp->fname << ", Last Name: " << temp->lname << ", Age: " << temp-
>age << ", Year: " << temp->year << ") ---> " << endl;
    printInOrder(temp->right);
  }
  //PostOrder DFS -> LEFT RIGHT NODE
  void printPostOrder(Tnode *temp)
    if(temp==NULL)
      return;
    //Print data out in order LRN using recursion
    printPostOrder(temp->left);
    printPostOrder(temp->right);
    cout << "(First Name: " << temp->fname << ", Last Name: " << temp->lname << ", Age: " << temp-
>age << ", Year: " << temp->year << ") ---> " << endl;
 }
};
//Node Structure - Has data members and a parametrized constructor to initialize values
//For Queue Stack & Linked List
struct node
{
  string fname;
```

```
string Iname;
  int age;
  int year;
  node *next;
  //Parametrized constructor
  node(string fnam, string lnam, int a, int yr)
    fname = fnam;
    Iname = Inam;
    age = a;
    year = yr;
    next = NULL;
 }
};
//Queue Data Structure
struct Queue
{
  //Front and Rear nodes of queue
  node *front, *rear;
  //Constructor sets values of front and rear to NULL as queue is empty when we create it
  Queue()
  {
    front = NULL;
    rear = NULL;
  }
  //Checks if queue is empty
```

```
bool isQueueEmpty()
{
  //Empty if front and rear are NULL
  if(front==NULL && rear==NULL)
    return true;
  else
    return false;
}
//Enqueues Node into queue
void enqueue(node *temp)
  //If the queue is empty then front and rear both point to the new node
  if(isQueueEmpty())
  {
    front = rear = temp;
    //Increment count
    ct++;
    return;
  }
  //Add new node at end of queue and change rear to point to new node
  rear->next = temp;
  rear = temp;
  //Increment count
  ct++;
}
//Dequeues Node from queue
node* dequeue()
```

```
{
    //If queue is empty print out UNDERFLOW
    if(isQueueEmpty())
    {
      cout << "UNDERFLOW" << endl;
      return NULL;
    }
    //Element to be dequeued is stored in temp and front pointer is moved to the next node
    node *temp = front;
    front = front->next;
    //If front is NULL after above operation it implies queue is empty and so rear is also changed to
NULL
    if(front==NULL)
    {
      rear=NULL;
    }
    //Decrement count
    ct--;
    //Return Dequeued Element
    return temp;
  }
  //Displays Queue Data
  void displayQueue()
  {
    //If queue empty
```

```
if(isQueueEmpty())
    {
      cout << "Queue Empty!" << endl;</pre>
      return;
    }
    else
    {
      //Traverse Queue element by element and print the data members
      node *temp = front;
      while(temp!=NULL)
      {
        cout << "(First Name: " << temp->fname << ", Last Name: " << temp->lname << ", Age: " <<
temp->age << ", Year: " << temp->year << ") ---> " << endl;
        temp = temp->next;
      }
    }
  }
  void displayQueueNode(node *temp)
  {
    cout << "(First Name: " << temp->fname << ", Last Name: " << temp->lname << ", Age: " << temp-
>age << ", Year: " << temp->year << ") ---> " << endl;
  }
  void emptyQueue()
    while(!isQueueEmpty())
    {
      node *temp = dequeue();
      free(temp);
```

```
}
    front = NULL;
    rear = NULL;
    free(front);
    free(rear);
    return;
 }
};
//Stack Data Structure
struct Stack
  //Top node -> represents the topmost node in the stack
  node *top;
  //Constructor sets top node to NULL when stack is created
  Stack()
  {
    top = NULL;
  }
  //Checks if stack is empty
  bool isStackEmpty()
  {
    //Empty is top is NULL
    if(top==NULL)
      return true;
    }
    else
```

```
{
    return false;
 }
}
//Pushes Node into stack
void push(node* new_node)
{
  //Pushes node to the top of the stack and then makes the new node the new TOP node
  new_node->next = top;
  top = new_node;
  return;
}
//Pops top node from stack
node *pop()
{
  //If stack is empty -> UNDERFLOW
  if(isStackEmpty())
  {
    cout << "Underflow" << endl;</pre>
    return top;
  }
  else
  {
    //Store top node in temp and then move the top node to the next node
    node *temp = top;
    top = top->next;
    //Unlink the old top node from the stack
```

```
temp->next = NULL;
      //Return popped node
      return temp;
   }
  }
  //Display Stack data
  void displayStack()
  {
    //If stack is empty
    if(isStackEmpty())
      cout << "Stack Empty!" << endl;</pre>
      return;
    }
    else
    {
      //Traverse stack element by element and display node data
      node *temp = top;
      while(temp!=NULL)
      {
        cout << "(First Name: " << temp->fname << ", Last Name: " << temp->lname << ", Age: " <<
temp->age << ", Year: " << temp->year << ") ---> " << endl;
        temp = temp->next;
      }
    }
  }
  //Empty the stack
  void emptyStack()
```

```
{
    //Till stack is not empty
    while(!isStackEmpty())
      //Pop each node and free memory for that node
      node *temp = pop();
      free(temp);
    }
    //Set top back to NULL and free top memory
    top=NULL;
    free(top);
    return;
 }
};
//Linked List Data Structure
struct LinkedList
{
  //Head node
  node *head;
  //Constructor sets head to NULL when LL is created
  LinkedList()
  {
    head = NULL;
  }
  //Checks if LL is Empty
  bool isLLEmpty()
```

```
{
  //Empty if head is NULL
  if(head==NULL)
    return true;
  else
    return false;
}
//Inserts Node into LL
void insertNode(node *new_node)
 //If LL is empty
  if(isLLEmpty())
  {
    //Insert new node as the head node
    head = new_node;
    return;
  }
  else
  {
    //Traverse till the end of the LL
    node *temp = head;
   while(temp->next!=NULL)
    {
      temp = temp->next;
    }
    //Append new node at the end of the LL
    temp->next = new_node;
    return;
```

```
}
}
//Gets the tail node of the LL -> The last node
node *getTail(node *currptr)
{
  //Traverse till the end
  while(currptr!=NULL && currptr->next!=NULL)
    currptr = currptr->next;
  //Return last node(tail)
  return currptr;
}
node *Partition(node *head, node *end, node **NewHead, node **NewEnd)
{
  node *pivot = end;
  node *prev = NULL, *cur = head, *tail = pivot;
  while(cur!=pivot)
  {
    if(cur->age < pivot->age)
    {
      if((*NewHead) == NULL)
        (*NewHead) = cur;
      prev = cur;
      cur = cur->next;
    }
    else
```

```
{
      if(prev)
      {
        prev->next = cur->next;
      node *temp = cur->next;
      cur->next = NULL;
      tail->next = cur;
      tail = cur;
      cur = temp;
   }
  }
  if((*NewHead) == NULL)
    (*NewHead) = pivot;
  (*NewEnd) = tail;
  return pivot;
}
node *quickSortRecur(node *head, node *end)
{
  if(!head | | head==end)
    return head;
  node *newHead = NULL, *newEnd = NULL;
  node *pivot = Partition(head, end, &newHead, &newEnd);
  if(newHead != pivot)
  {
```

```
node *temp = newHead;
    while(temp->next!=pivot)
      temp = temp->next;
    temp->next = NULL;
    newHead = quickSortRecur(newHead, temp);
    temp = getTail(newHead);
    temp->next = pivot;
  }
  pivot->next = quickSortRecur(pivot->next, newEnd);
  return newHead;
}
//QuickSort Function Call
void quickSort(node **head)
{
  //Sorts LL from head to end using quick sort
  *head = quickSortRecur(*head, getTail(*head));
  return;
}
//Display LL data
void displayLinkedList()
{
 //If LL is empty
  if(isLLEmpty())
  {
```

```
cout << "Linked List Empty!" << endl;</pre>
      return;
    }
    else
    {
      //Traverse LL element by element and output node data for each node
      node *temp = head;
      while(temp!=NULL)
      {
        cout << "(First Name: " << temp->fname << ", Last Name: " << temp->lname << ", Age: " <<
temp->age << ", Year: " << temp->year << ") ---> " << endl;
        temp = temp->next;
      }
    }
  }
};
int main()
{
  Queue q1, q2, q3;
  Stack s1;
  LinkedList I1;
  Tree t1;
  node *node1 = new node("Rahul", "Goel", 19, 2001);
  node *node2 = new node(Devansh ", "Agarwal", 20, 2000);
  node *node3 = new node("Yajat", "Raisinghani", 18, 2002);
  node *node4 = new node("Ishvak", "Taneja", 34, 2004);
  node *node5 = new node("Aryan", "Jain", 12, 1999);
  node *node6 = new node("Eshaan", "kapoor", 10, 1989);
```

```
node *node7 = new node("Taru", "Gupta", 64, 1987);
node *node8 = new node("Anand", "Modi", 8, 1996);
q1.enqueue(node1);
q1.enqueue(node2);
q1.enqueue(node3);
q1.enqueue(node4);
q1.enqueue(node5);
q1.enqueue(node6);
q1.enqueue(node7);
q1.enqueue(node8);
q1.displayQueue();
cout << endl;
int cnt = ct;
while(cnt--)
{
  node *temp = q1.dequeue();
  q1.displayQueueNode(temp);
  q2.enqueue(temp);
}
cout << endl;
q2.displayQueue();
while(!q2.isQueueEmpty())
{
 s1.push(q2.dequeue());
}
```

```
cout << endl;</pre>
s1.displayStack();
while(!s1.isStackEmpty())
  q1.enqueue(s1.pop());
}
cout << endl;</pre>
q1.displayQueue();
cout << endl;</pre>
while(!q1.isQueueEmpty())
{
  node *temp = q1.dequeue();
  q1.displayQueueNode(temp);
  q3.enqueue(temp);
}
cout << endl;</pre>
q3.displayQueue();
cout << endl;
int count = 0;
while(q3.isQueueEmpty())
{
  node *temp = q3.dequeue();
  l1.insertNode(temp);
  Tnode *temp1 = new Tnode(temp->fname, temp->lname, temp->age, temp->year);
```

```
t1.insertNode(temp1);
  cnt++;
  if(cnt==8)
  {
    t1.printPreOrder(temp1);
    cout << endl;</pre>
    t1.printPostOrder(temp1);
    cout << endl;</pre>
    t1.printlnOrder(temp1);
    cout << endl;
 }
}
l1.displayLinkedList();
cout << endl;</pre>
l1.quickSort(&node8);
l1.displayLinkedList();
cout << endl;
int option, age, year;
string fname, Iname;
do
{
  cout << "Enter Option: 0 to exit: " << endl;</pre>
  cout << "1. To insert a node" << endl;</pre>
  cin >> option;
  switch(option)
```

```
{
    case 0:
      cout << "Quitting" << endl;</pre>
      break;
    case 1:
      cout << "Enter First and Last name and age and year of birth: " << endl;</pre>
      cin >> fname >> lname >> age >> year;
      node *new_node = new node(fname, lname, age, year);
      l1.insertNode(new_node);
      l1.quickSort(&node8);
      l1.displayLinkedList();
      break;
    }
  }while(option!=0);
  return 0;
}
```