# Module 2 Day 8

**Data Security** 

# **Database Security**

#### Permissions

- Database users are granted access to resources (e.g., tables)
- Access can be fairly granular
  - Select, Insert, Update, Delete, Alter
- Set using DCL (Data Control Language)
  GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON employees TO smithj

#### Stored Procedures

- Like the scripts we have been writing
- Compiled
- Can be Executed using SqlCommand

### Database Security Best Practices

- Avoid creating DB logins for individual users if possible
  - Create logins for an application instead
  - User logs on to the application (if needed)
  - Application logs on to the database
- Avoid storing DB credentials in plain text
  - Use encryption or a password vault
- Use stored procedures to access / update data
  - Grant users EXECUTE permission on the procedures
  - Grant NO permission directly on the tables

### SQL Injection

- A very common type of cyber-attack
- Allows a malicious user to read, update or delete data they should not have access to
- Caused by string concatenation in your program
- Prevented by using parameters
  - The bottom line: Use Parameterized Queries!

# DAO Integration Testing Techniques

- Getting a count of items helper method
  - AddCity, AddLanguage tests need it
- Last inserted identity value @@Identity
- Passing new ids from the script to your tests
  - GetCityById test
- Getting identity from the Insert
  - AddCity method
- SQL Debugging from Visual Studio

