Module 1 Day 7

Collections, Part 1

Arrays

- A group of similarly typed items
- Elements are accessed by an integer index
- Fixed in size once created

Collection Classes

- Defined in the System.Collections.Generic namespace
 - A namespace is just an organization mechanism with a hierarchical naming structure
- List: an Array on steroids
- Stack: a last-in, first-out collection
- Queue: a first-in, first-out collection
- ... and many more, some of which we will cover tomorrow...
 - and some of which you will investigate on your own

List

- The collection most like an array
- To create, like any other variable:
 - Declare, Allocate (Instantiate), Initialize

```
// Declare
List<string> daysOfWeek;
// Allocate and initialize
daysOfWeek = new List<string>()
{ "Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"};
```

- <xxx> syntax is called a "generic", and ANY type can be placed there
- List<int>, List<double>, List<Car>
- You can even do a list of lists! (but we'll spare you that)

List Methods

- Access elements using listName[index] syntax, just like arrays
- Add elements
 - listName.Add(elementToAdd)
 - elementToAdd must be of the appropriate type
 - listName.Insert(index, elementToAdd)
- Remove elements
 - listName.Remove(elementToRemove)
 - Removes the first occurrence where (listElement == elementToRemove)
 - listName.RemoveAt(index)

Iterating a List

- The number of elements is called **Count**
- Since [index] works, we can iterate as usual

```
for (int i = 0; i < daysOfWeek.Count; i++)
{
    Console.WriteLine(daysOfWeek[i]);
}</pre>
```

But there is another way ... foreach

```
foreach (string day in daysOfWeek)
{
    Console.WriteLine(day);
}
```

So, when to use foreach?

Stack

- Last-in, First-out
- Methods
 - Push
 - Pop
 - Peek
- Foreach
- NO index access!
- NO initializer

```
Stack<int> stack = new Stack<int>();
stack.Push(1);
stack.Push(2);
stack.Push(3);
```

```
while (stack.Count > 0)
{
   int i = stack.Pop();
   Console.WriteLine(i);
}
```

```
foreach (int i in stack)
{
    Console.WriteLine(i);
}
```

Driveway parking, Undo, Browser Back

Queue

- First-in, First-out
- Methods
 - Enqueue
 - Dequeue
 - Peek
- Foreach
- NO index access!
- NO initializer

```
Queue<int> queue = new Queue<int>();
queue.Enqueue(1);
queue.Enqueue(2);
queue.Enqueue(3);
```

```
while (queue.Count > 0)
{
   int i = queue.Dequeue();
   Console.WriteLine(i);
}
```