Data governance in **Databricks** ensures that data is secure, compliant, discoverable, and usable across the organization. Below are the key techniques and features used to implement data **governance** effectively in Databricks:

1. Access Control (Unity Catalog + ACLs)

- Unity Catalog is the cornerstone of modern governance in Databricks.
 - Enables centralized data access control across workspaces.
 - Supports fine-grained permissions at catalog, schema, table, view, function, and column level.
- Role-Based Access Control (RBAC): Assign roles (e.g., data_reader, data_engineer) with predefined permissions.
- Table Access Control (TAC): For older workspaces without Unity Catalog, TAC can still be used to control SQL-based data access.

2. Data Lineage

- Unity Catalog automatically tracks lineage across:
 - Notebooks
 - o Jobs
 - Pipelines (Delta Live Tables)
- You can view end-to-end lineage of datasets where the data came from and how it's being transformed.
- Helps in impact analysis, compliance audits, and debugging.

🥟 3. Data Quality & Validation

- Delta Live Tables (DLT):
 - Built-in expectations allow you to enforce data quality rules.
 - Example: expect(col("age") > 0, "non_negative_age")
- Great Expectations:
 - Can be integrated for more complex and customizable data validation logic.

4. Schema Enforcement & Evolution

- Delta Lake ensures:
 - Schema enforcement: Prevents bad data from corrupting your tables.
 - **Schema evolution**: Allows automatic column addition (controlled when needed).
- Enables governance on schema changes and avoids unexpected data corruption.

\$\iffsize 5. Data Cataloging & Discovery

- Unity Catalog acts as a centralized metastore:
 - o Supports tags, descriptions, and column-level documentation.
 - o Integrated with **Databricks Search** for data discovery.
- Integration with tools like **Collibra** or **Alation** for enterprise cataloging.

III 6. Audit Logging & Monitoring

- Audit Logs: Track user activity, such as who accessed or modified data.
 - o Integrated with Azure Monitor, AWS CloudTrail, or SIEMs.
- Unity Catalog logs changes to access controls and schema changes.

👫 7. Data Ownership & Stewardship

- Define data owners and stewards for each dataset or domain.
- Assign responsibility for:
 - o Metadata management
 - Data quality monitoring
 - o Access approval workflows

2 8. Versioning & Time Travel

- **Delta Lake time travel** allows querying previous versions of data.
- Useful for:
 - Audits
 - Data recovery
 - Reproducibility of ML/BI workflows

9. Row-Level & Column-Level Security

- Unity Catalog supports:
 - o **Column-level access control**: Mask or restrict access to specific columns.

- Row-level filters (Public Preview): Enforce access policies dynamically at query time.
- Common use case: Hide sensitive PII based on user roles.

10. Compliance & Sensitive Data Tagging

- Use tags or custom attributes to label columns (e.g., PII, Financial, HIPAA).
- Enables **policy enforcement** and simplifies data compliance (e.g., GDPR, CCPA).
- Combine with **Data Loss Prevention (DLP)** tools or **Azure Purview** integration.

11. Governance Across Workspaces (Multi-Tenant Architecture)

- Unity Catalog supports multiple workspaces sharing the same governance model.
- Helps enforce consistent governance in multi-tenant or multi-team setups.