

The background of the slide is a grayscale image of a circuit board. It features various traces, pads, and circular components. A solid black horizontal band runs across the middle of the image, serving as a background for the title and authors.

Implement a VIO algorithm for Crazyflie

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Goals

- Reading data from IMU sensors
- Collecting a sequence of frames from the monocular camera
- Temporally synchronizing the two types of data
- Organizing the collected data in a specific path
- Running Kimera_VIO to visualize the trajectory

Main requirements

Hardware

- Crazyflie 2.1
- Crazyradio 2.0
- Ai-deck with monocramera HIMAX HM01Bo
- Jtag-gap8

Software

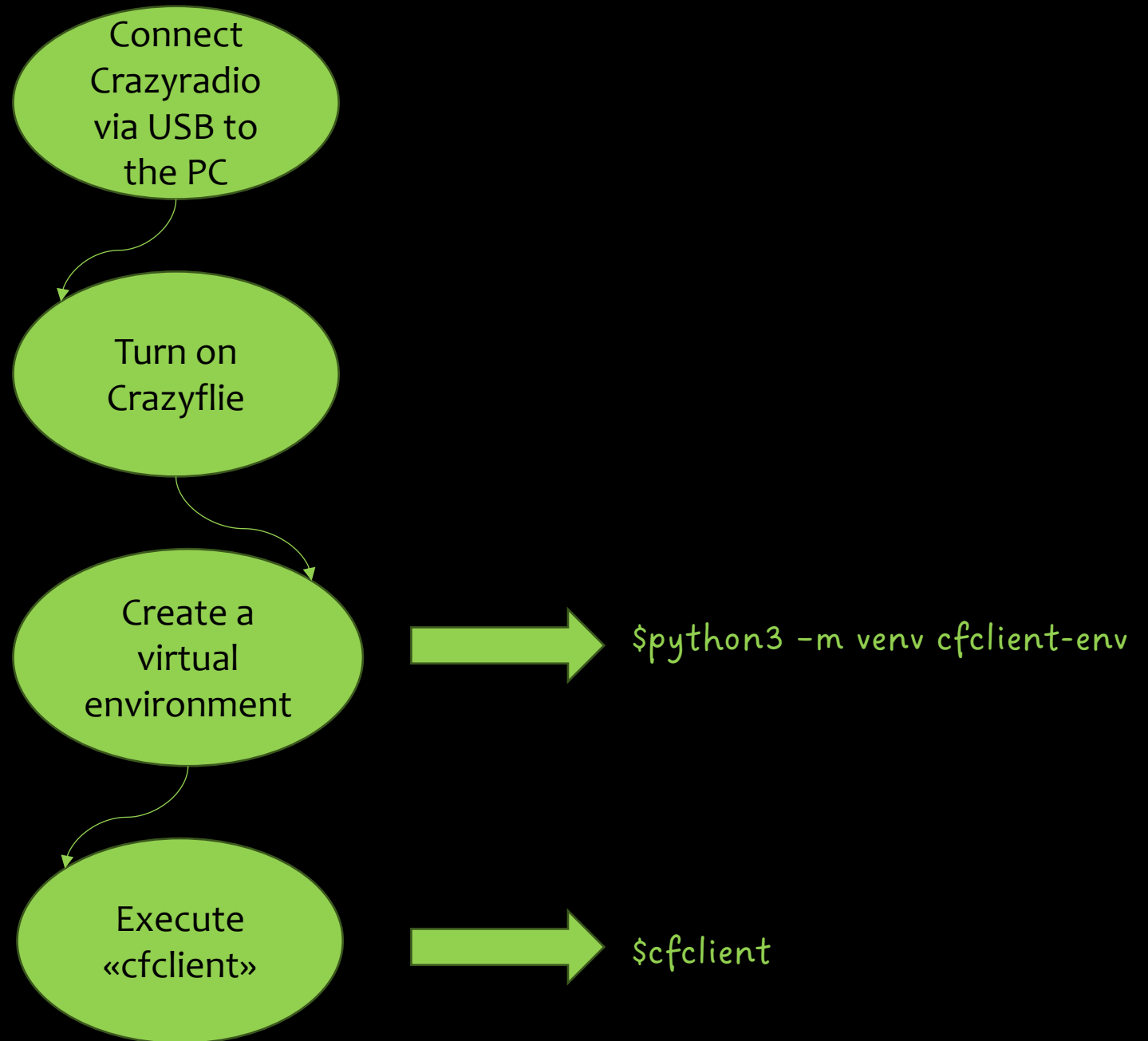
- Ubuntu 24.04
- Cfclient
- Kimera-VIO algorithm



Crazyflie 2.1

Open-source platform with the possibility of additional support decks, such as `flow_deck` and `ai_deck`. Ability to control the device through Python client on the PC.

Cfclient implementation





AI-DECK

- Support deck attached on top of Crazyflie.
- **GAP8** processor programmed with JTAG, enabling AI algorithm execution and signal processing with low energy consumption.
- **ESP32** microcontroller provides WiFi connectivity to ensure image streaming.

AI-DECK implementation

ESP32 → Flashing the firmware for the microcontroller →

ESP32: I (910) SYS:
Initialized

Crazyfile connection

Connect Crazyfile

Cold boot (recovery)

radio://0/40/2M/E7E7E7E703

Disconnect

Scan

Address:

0xE7E7E7E703

Status: **Flashing**

Firmware source

From release

From file

Available downloads:

2022.05 - firmware-cf2-2022.05.zip

Downloaded

GAP8 →

Flashing the bootloader on GAP8 via JTAG :

```
$docker run -rm -it -v $PWD:/module/ --device  
/dev/ttyUSB0 -privileged -P bitcraze/aideck  
/bin/bash -c 'export  
GAPY_OPENOCD_CABLE=interface/ftdi/olimex-arm-  
usb-ocd-h.cfg; source /gap_sdk/configs/ai_deck.sh;  
cd /module/; make all image flash'
```

flasher is done!

Reset CONFREG to 0

GAP8 examine target

RESET: jtag boot mode=3

DEPRECATED! use 'adapter [de]assert' not 'jtag_re
set'

Flash wifi-example

- Connect the PC to the WiFi of the ESP32 on the Ai-deck to enable image streaming

```
$cfloder flash aideck_gap8_wifi_img_streamer_with_ap.bin deck-bcAI:gap8-  
fw -w radio://0/84/2M/E7E7E7E7EB
```



```
Reset to bootloader mode ...  
Could not save cache, no writable directory  
Could not save cache, no writable directory  
Skipping bcAI:esp, not in the target list  
Deck bcAI:gap8, reset to bootloader  
| 0% Writing to bcAI:gap8 deck memory  
/ 1% Writing to bcAI:gap8 deck memory  
...  
\ 99% Writing to bcAI:gap8 deck memory  
| 100% Writing to bcAI:gap8 deck memory
```

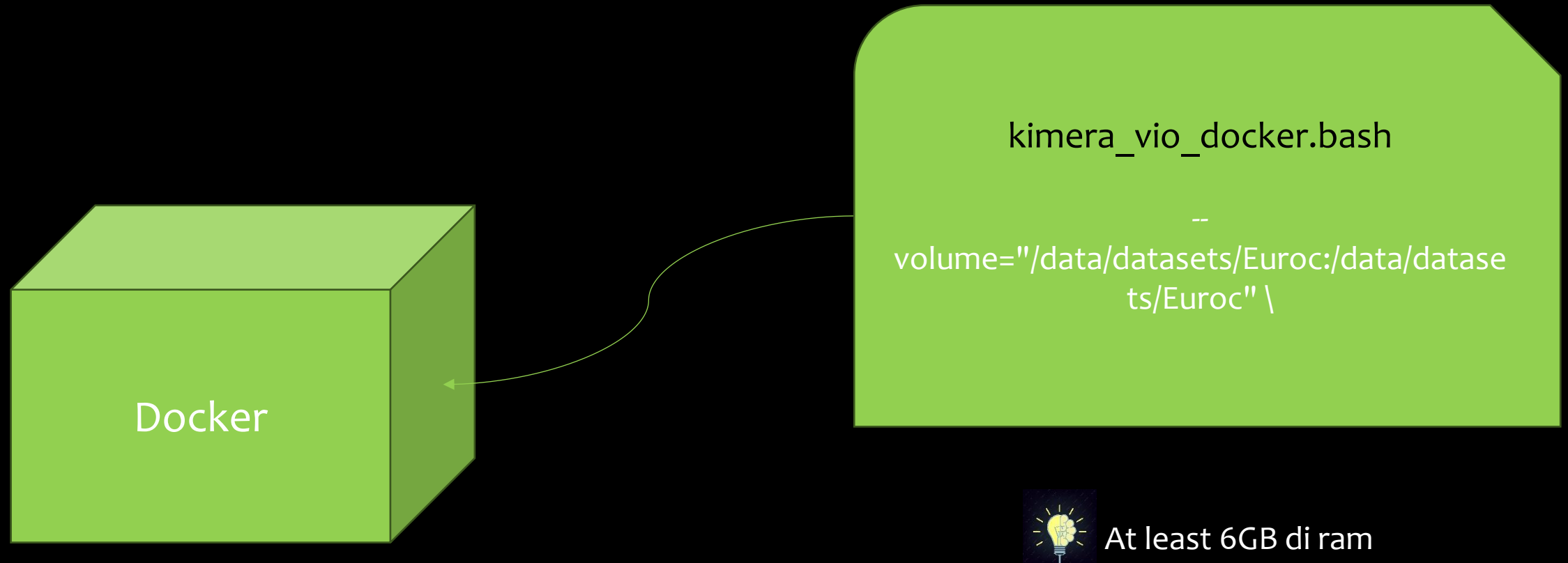
Flash wifi-example

- Now it is possible to find the WiFi network 'Wifi streaming example' and connect the PC.
- Then, execute from within the previously described virtual environment.

```
$python3 opencv-viewer.py
```



Kimera-VIO installation



How to collect data

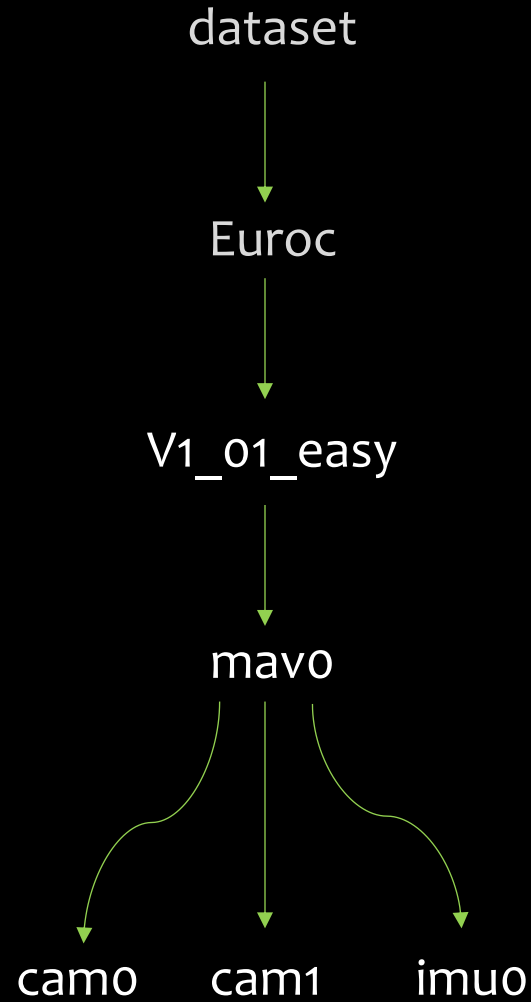


- data.csv
- sensor.yaml

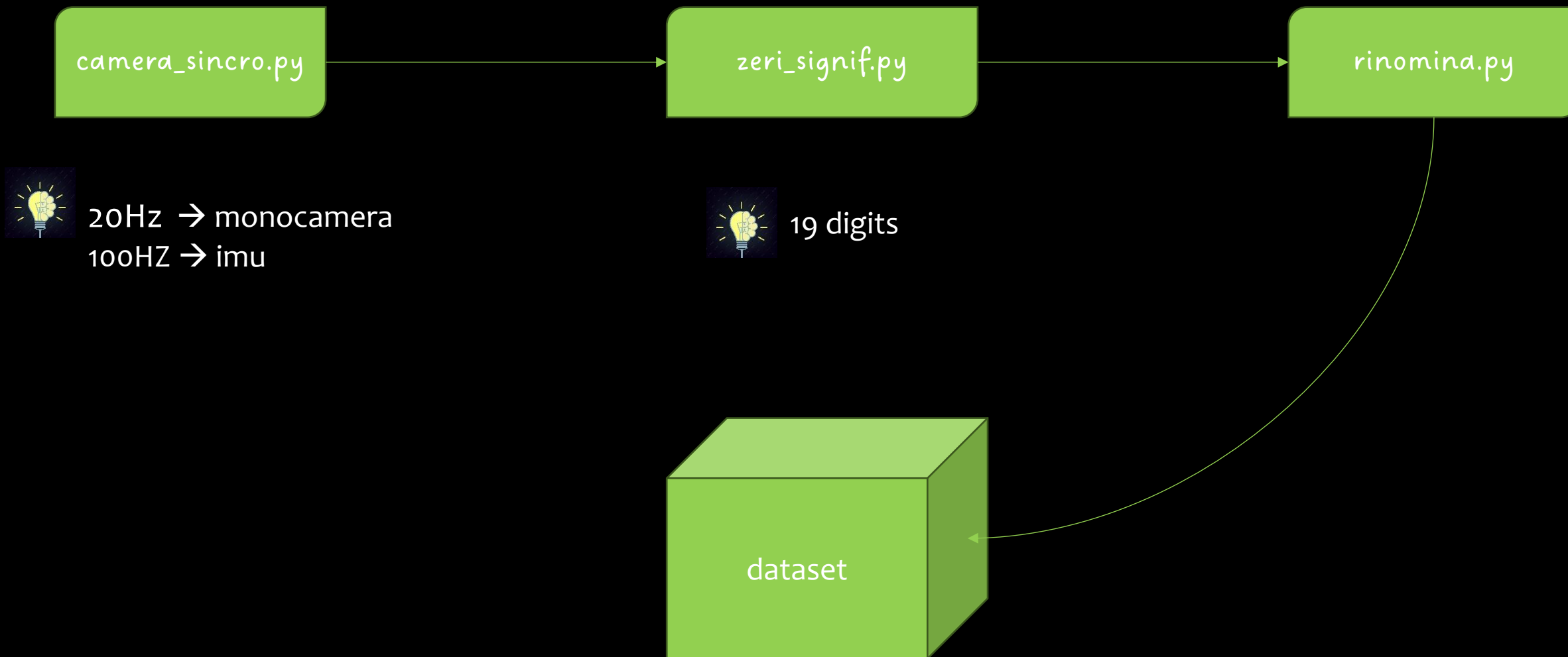
synchronization

- data
- data.csv
- sensor.yaml

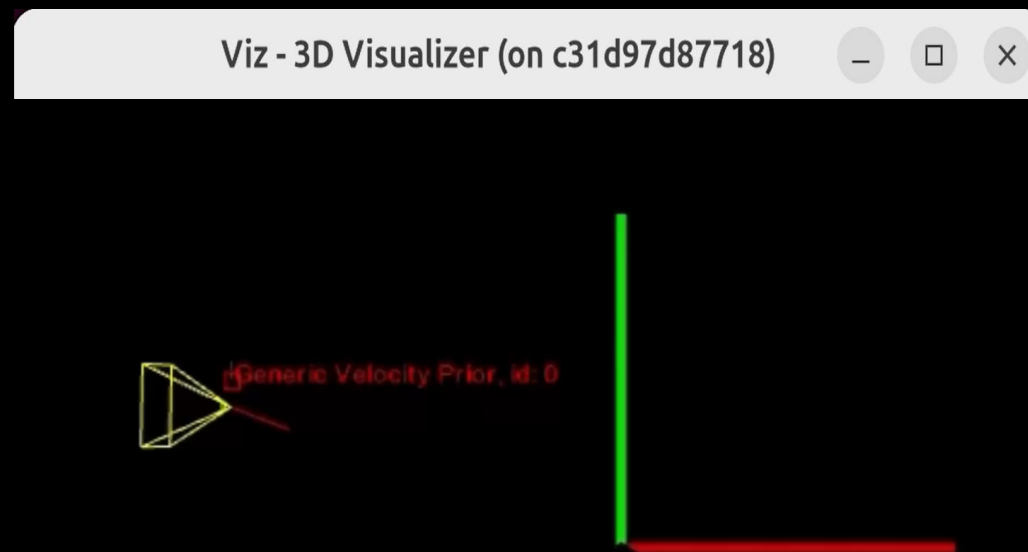
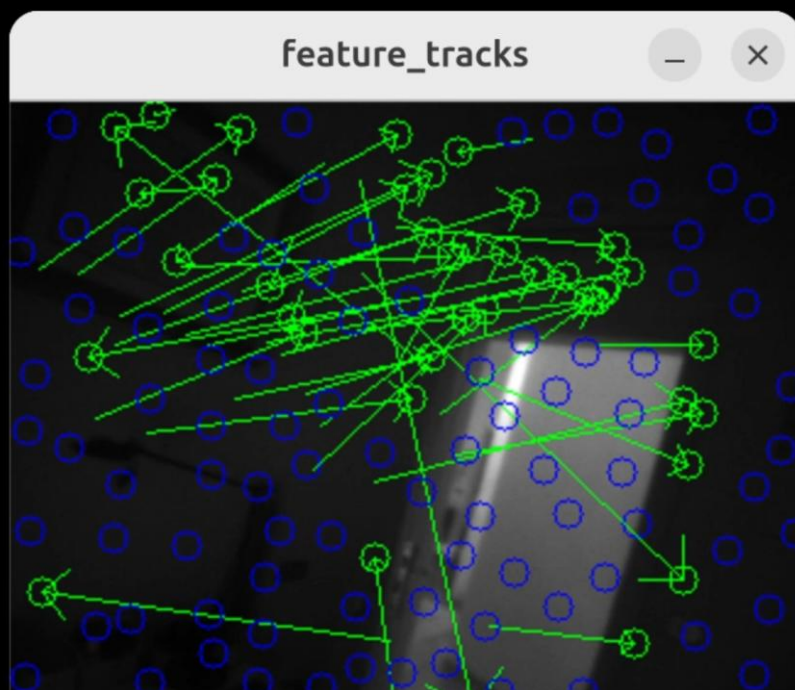
Dataset organization scheme for Kimera-VIO



Data synchronization



Simulation



Issues

- Frame size incompatibility (244 x 324)



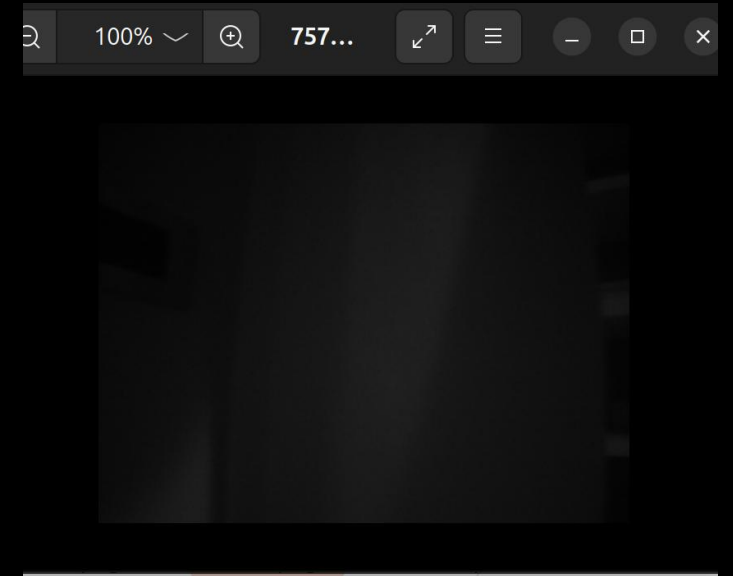
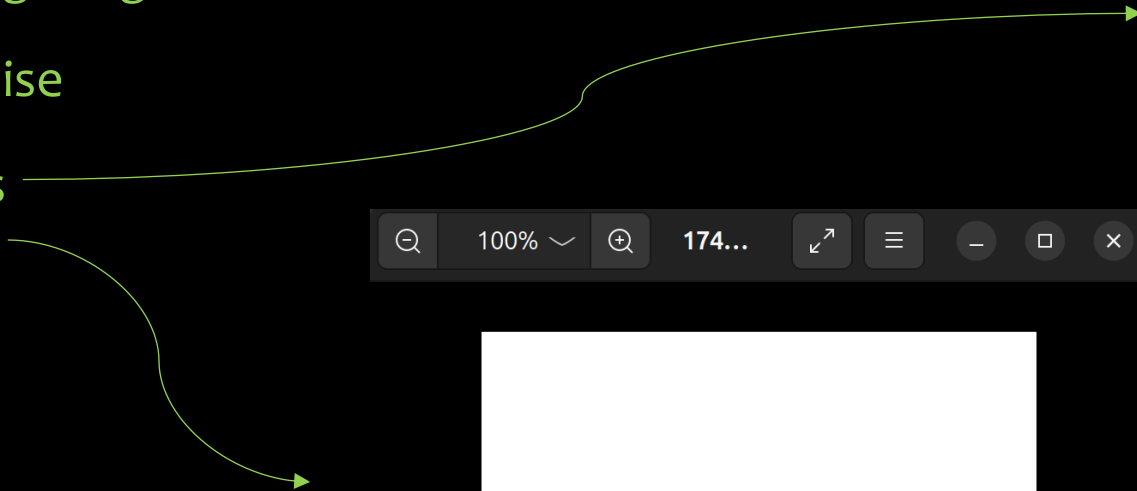
sensor.yaml

- Multiple simulations

- good lighting

- low noise

- frames



- Study of synchronization and research on the frame rate of the monocalera.

Future implementations

- Creating a video with even better quality
- Research on more detailed synchronization



All documentation can be found at the following link:

[rgattoni/VIO-project-with-Kimera_VIO: Implement a VIO algorithm for Crazyflie](https://github.com/rgattoni/VIO-project-with-Kimera)

Thank you for your attention