## MATH3823 - Solutions to Chapter 7 Exercises

Exercise 7.1 Let status (i = 1, 2) and age (j = 1, ..., m) be factors, and let y store the entries in the contingency table. Also, let agen be a quantitative or numeric variable containing the same numbers as age. This model can be fitted in R by the command

$$glm(y \sim status + age + status: agen, poisson)$$

with parameters  $\alpha_i$ ,  $\beta_j$  and  $\gamma_i$ ,  $i=1,2;\ j=1,\ldots,m$ . The aliasing constraints are  $\alpha_1=0$ ,  $\beta_1=0$  and  $\gamma_1=0$  (since the effects of  $\gamma_{1j}$  can be absorbed into  $\mu$  and the  $\beta_j$ 's).

Conditioning on  $y_{+j}$ , we see that the probability function of  $y_{1j}$  is given by

$$P(y_{1j} = k | y_{+j} = n) = P(y_{1j} = k \text{ and } y_{2j} = n - k | y_{+j} = n)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\lambda_{ij}} (\lambda_{ij})^k e^{-\lambda_{2j}} (\lambda_{2j})^{n-k} / (k!(n-k)!)}{e^{-\lambda_{+j}} (\lambda_{+j})^n / n!}$$

$$= \binom{n}{k} \pi_j^k (1 - \pi_j)^{n-k}, \quad 0 \le k \le n$$

where  $\pi_j = \lambda_{1j}/\lambda_{+j}$ . That is  $y_{1j} \sim B(y_{+j}, \pi_j)$ , where

$$\operatorname{logit} \pi_j = \log \lambda_{1j} - \log \lambda_{2j} = \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + (\gamma_1 - \gamma_2)j$$
$$= -\alpha_2 - \gamma_2 j.$$

Further, the  $\{y_{ij}, j=1,\ldots,m \text{ given } y_{+j}, j=1,\ldots,m\}$  are independent. Thus the binomial data follow a logistic regression with intercept  $-\alpha_2$  and slope  $-\gamma_2$ , which are the identifiable parameters.

End of Solutions to Chapter 7 Exercises