

OVERVIEW

SPEAKERS

SPONSORS

VENUE

GALLERY

PRESENTATIONS



Dr. Rajat Ghosh

Founder and CEO
AdeptDC

Dr. Rajat Ghosh is the Chief Executive Officer of AdeptDC, a data center cooling controls and downtime risk management solution provider, founded in 2014. Prior to that in fall 2013, Dr. Ghosh completed his PhD in mechanical engineering from the Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta in the area of dynamic heat transfer modeling for data centers. He earned his B.Tech in mechanical engineering from IIT Kharagpur, India in 2008. He is a corresponding member of ASHRAE TC 9.9.

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Sessions

 Oct 28 2015

10:00 AM  **Using artificial intelligence to better manage IT downtime risk**
Dr. Rajat Ghosh, Founder and CEO, AdeptDC



Using Artificial Intelligence to Better Manage IT Downtime Risk

Rajat Ghosh, Founder/ CEO of AdeptDC

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**Thermal management issues
cause more than 50% of data
center downtime**





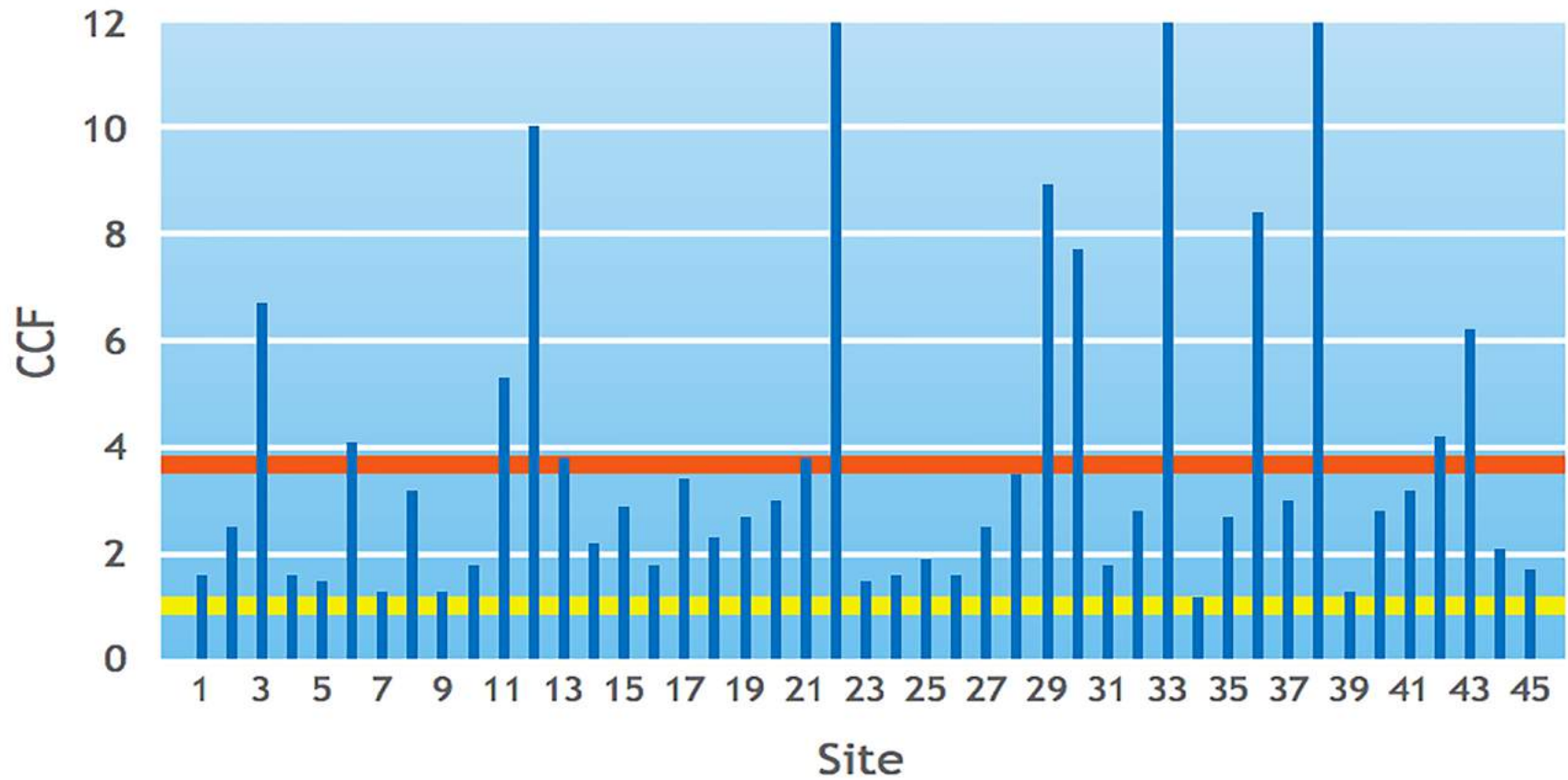
MORE IS BETTER

To some it's simply a phrase, to others it's a way of life



CCF=Cooling Capacity/ Cooling Demand X 1.1

Average and Ideal Cooling Capacity Factor (CCF)



■ Average CCF: 3.9

■ Ideal CCF: 1.2



Server not found

Firefox can't find the server at order.waytekwire.com.

- Check the address for typing errors such as **ww**.example.com instead of **www**.example.com
- If you are unable to load any pages, check your computer's network connection.
- If your computer or network is protected by a firewall or proxy, make sure that Firefox is permitted to access the Web.

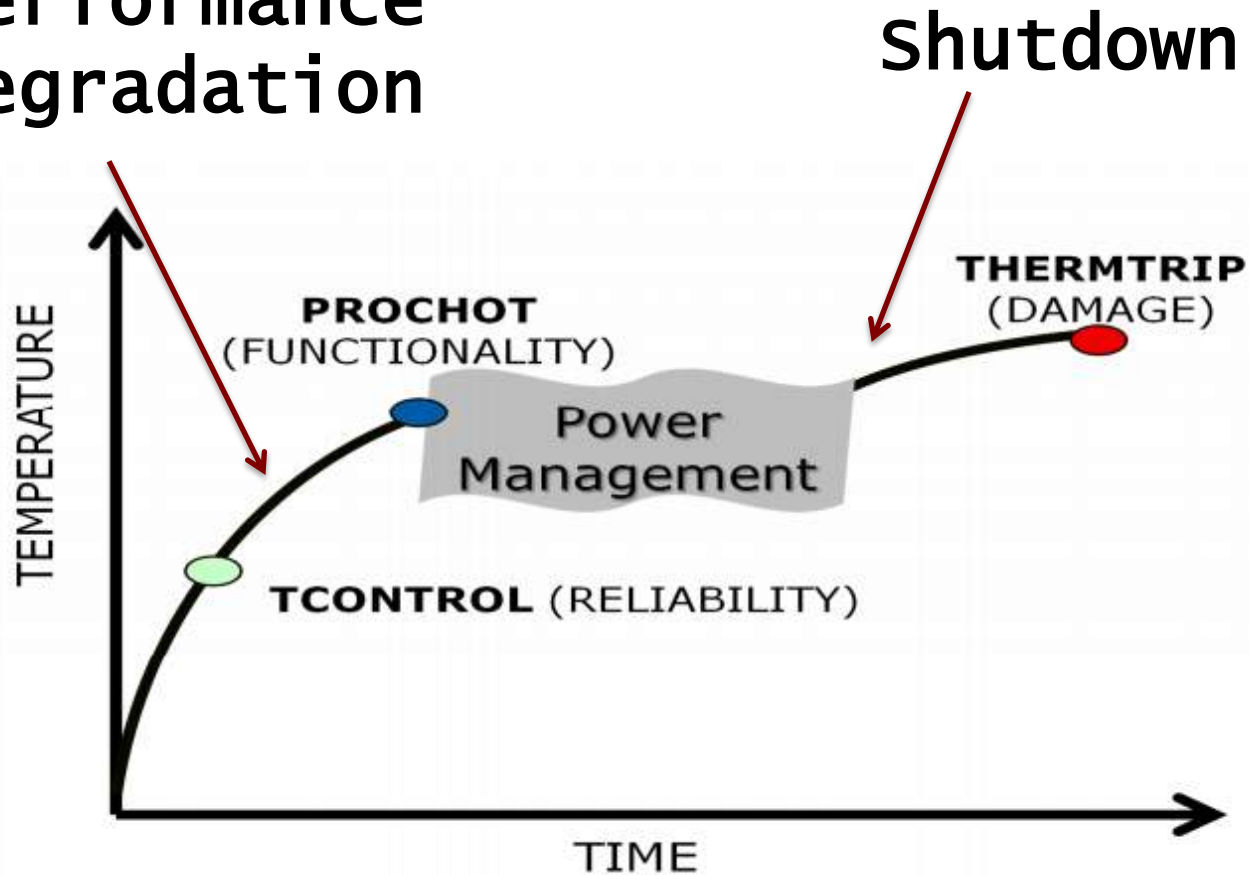


\$10,000/ min



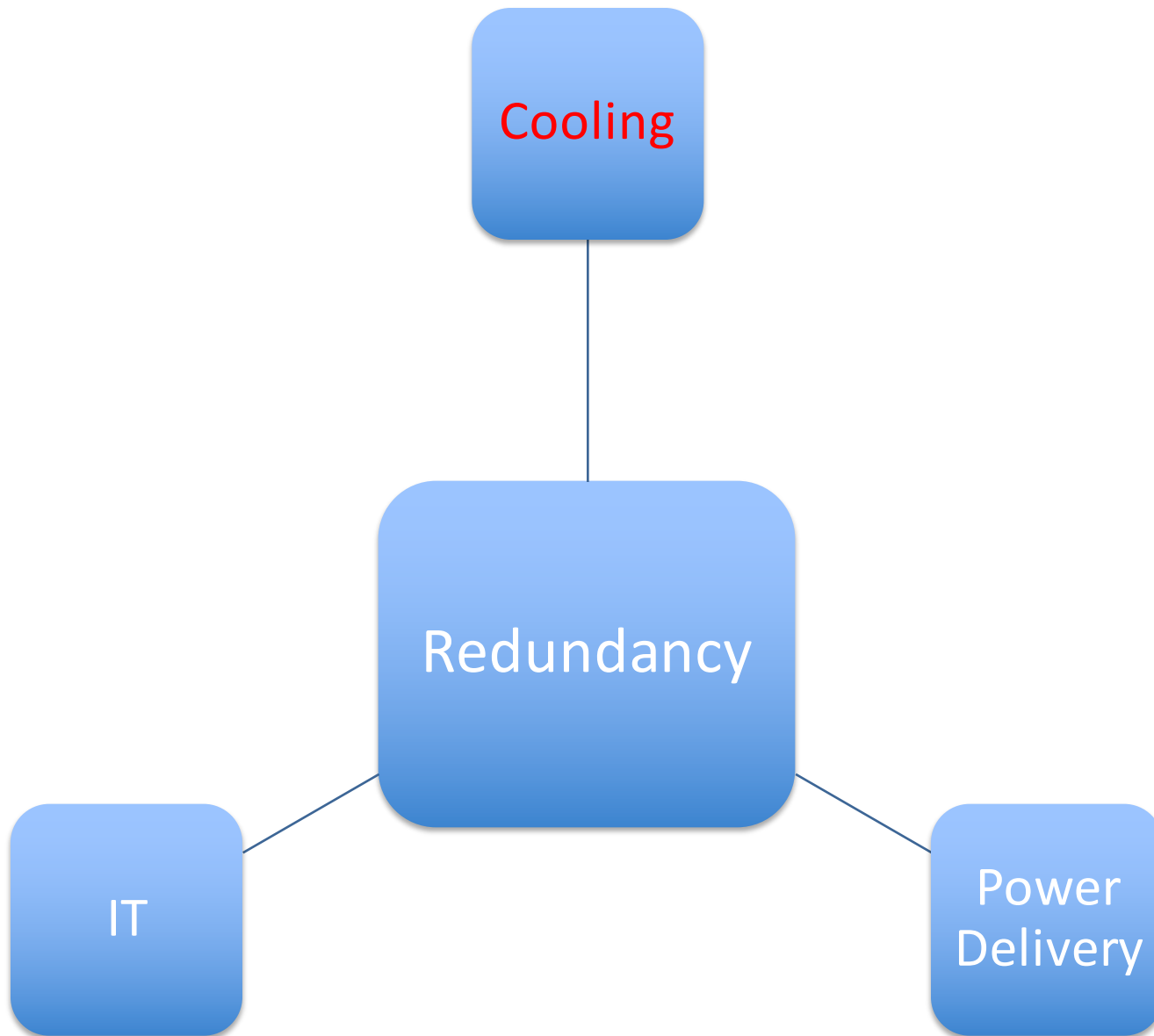
"One downtime,
and I am out of my job!!"

Performance Degradation



(Courtesy: ASHRAE TC 9.9 2012 Whitepaper)





Risk

Over
provisioning



Cooling Over-provisioning



Inelastic Cooling Supply



Lack of High Precision Analytics

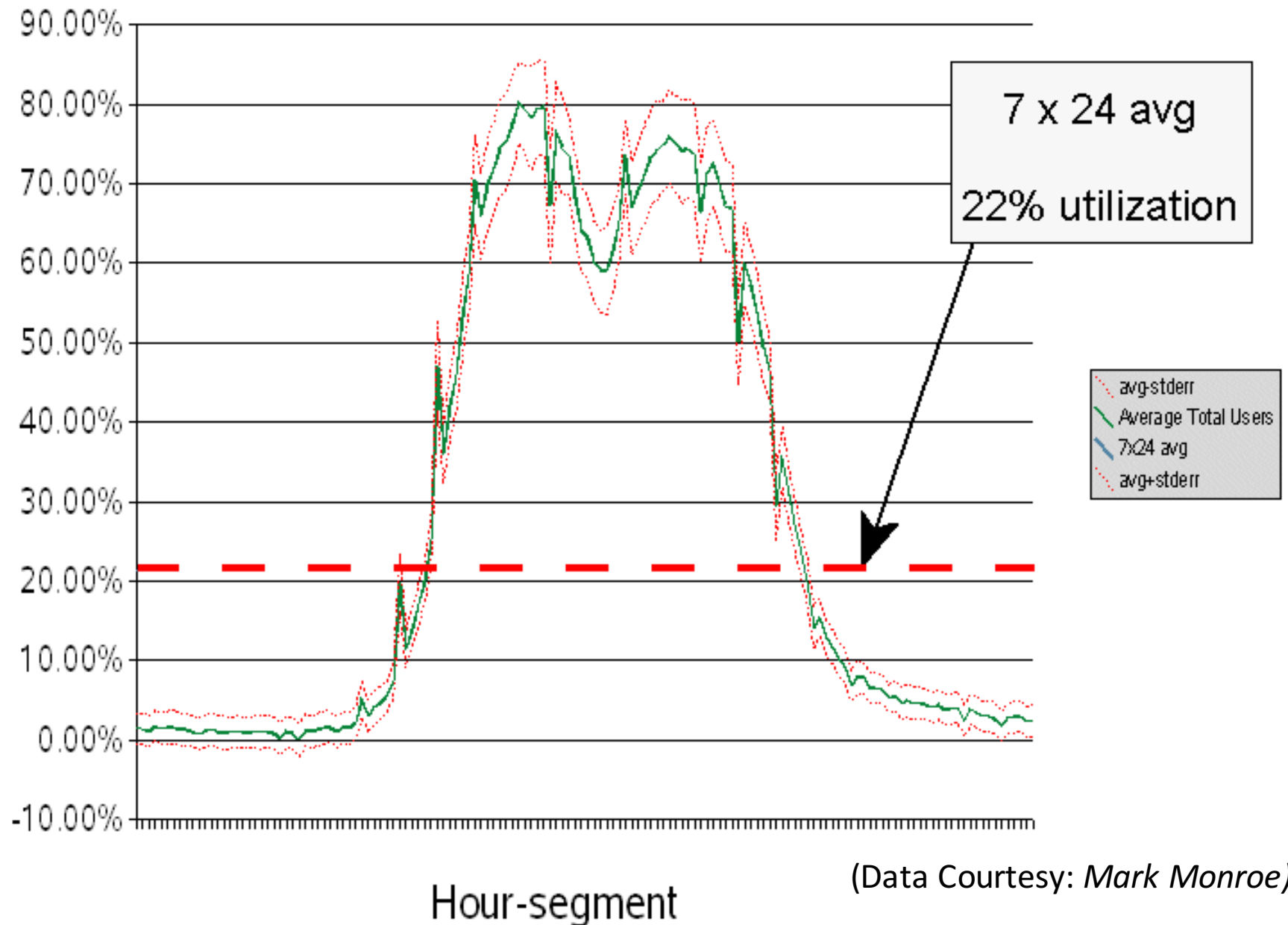


Sources of waste heat and cooling
are far-off

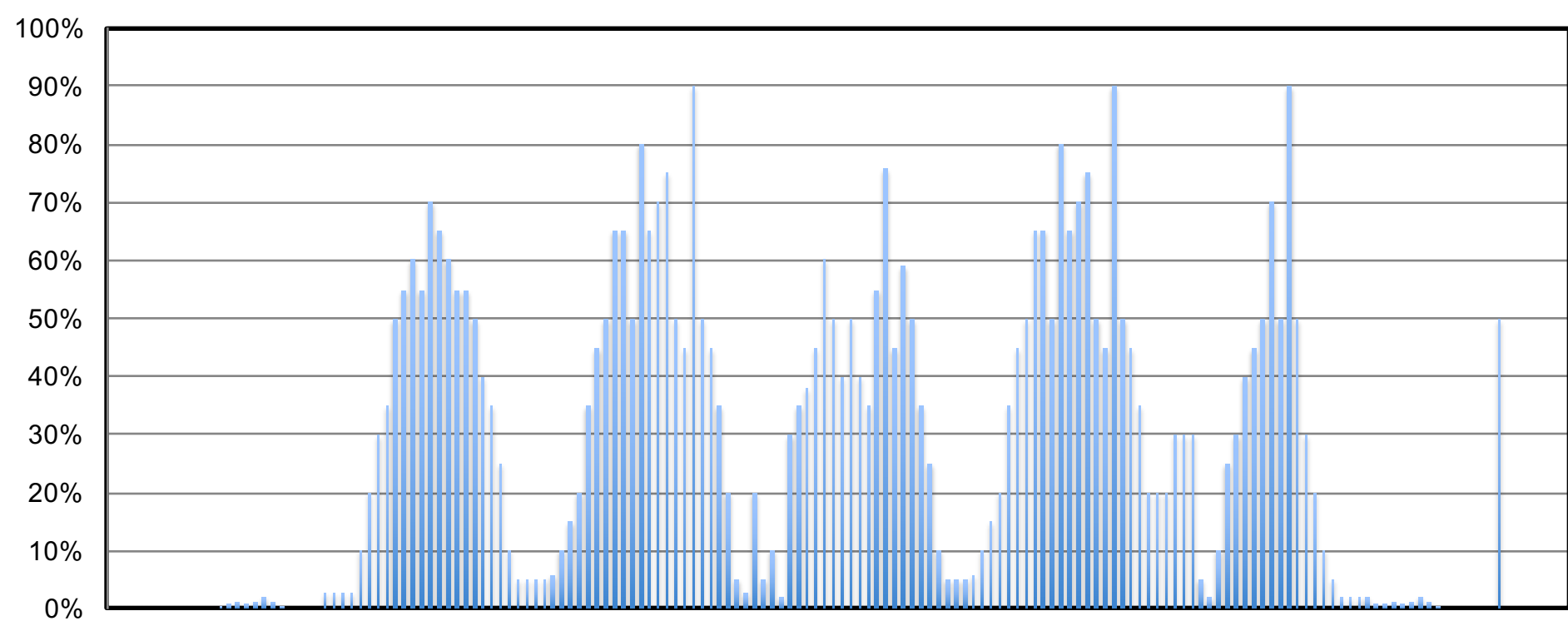


Air Cooling and time-scale mismatch
between IT and cooling

Average Terminal Server Utilization



Hourly Cooling Demand Profile Over a Week



Mean

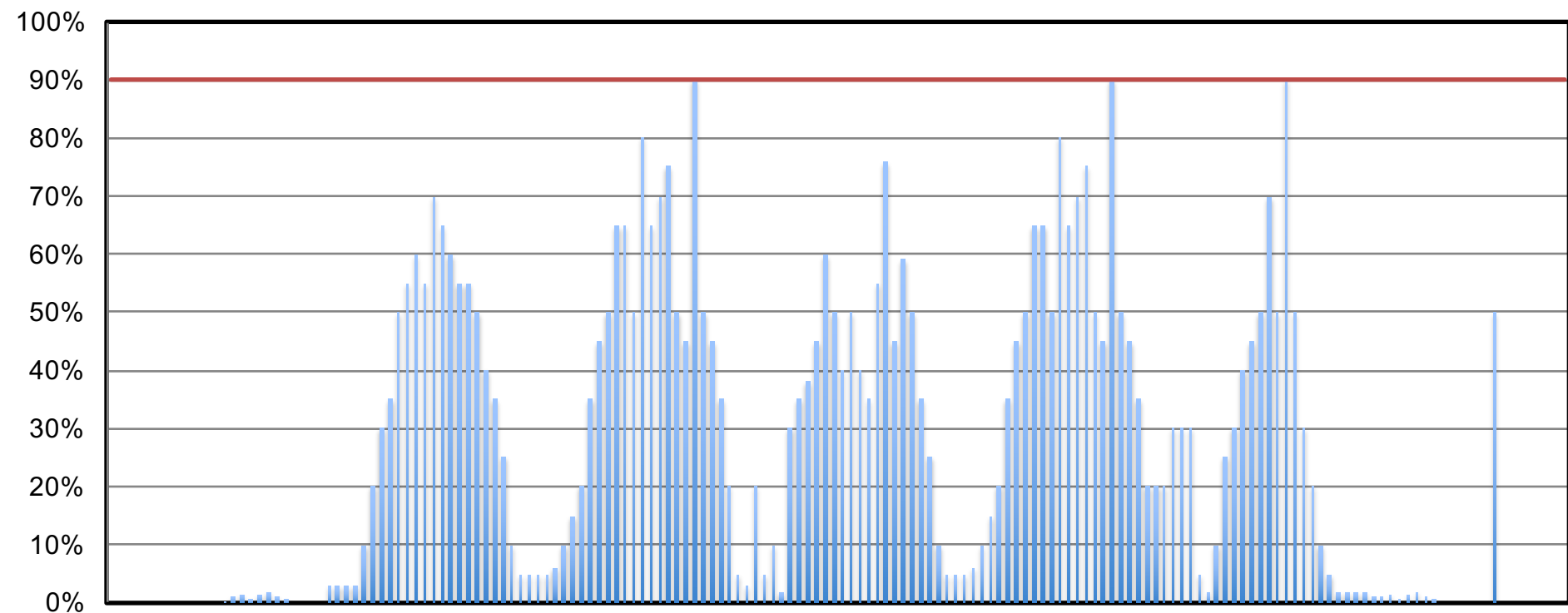
Diurnal Pattern, Lower in Weekends

Variable

Signification Deviations, Unexpected Surges in Demand (Flash Crowd)



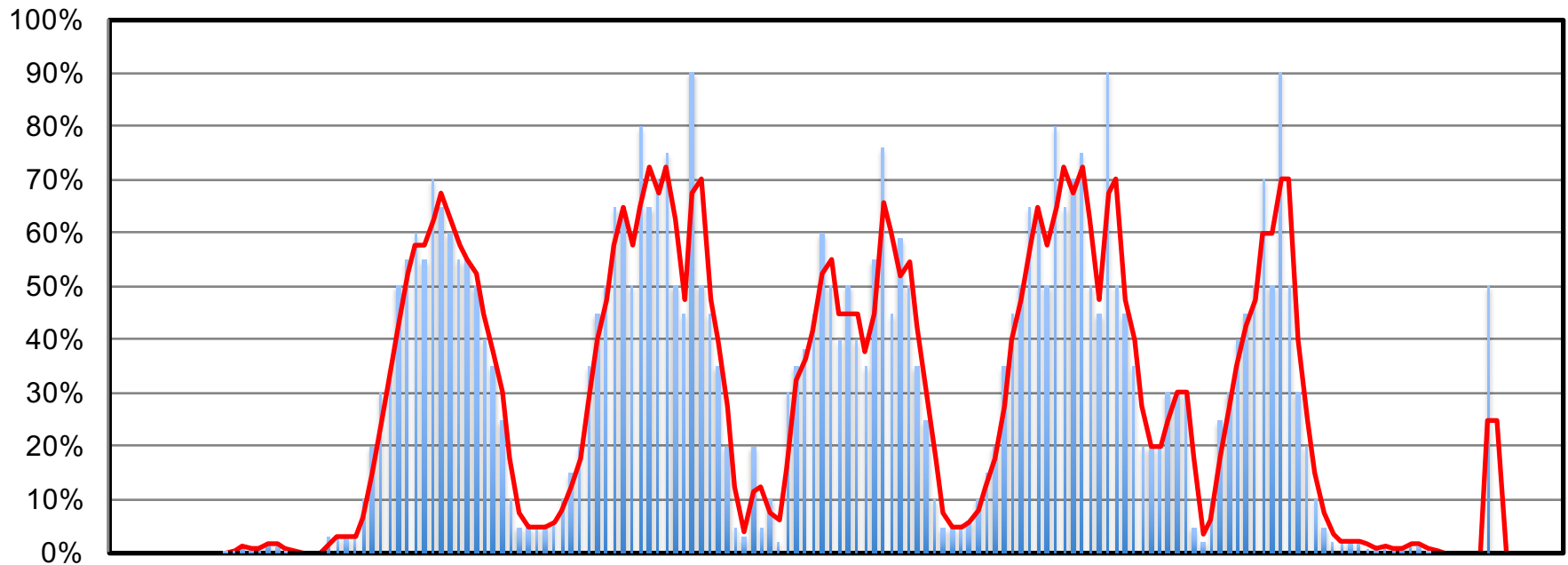
Peak Provisioning



- Waste in operating electricity
- Higher HVAC failure risk

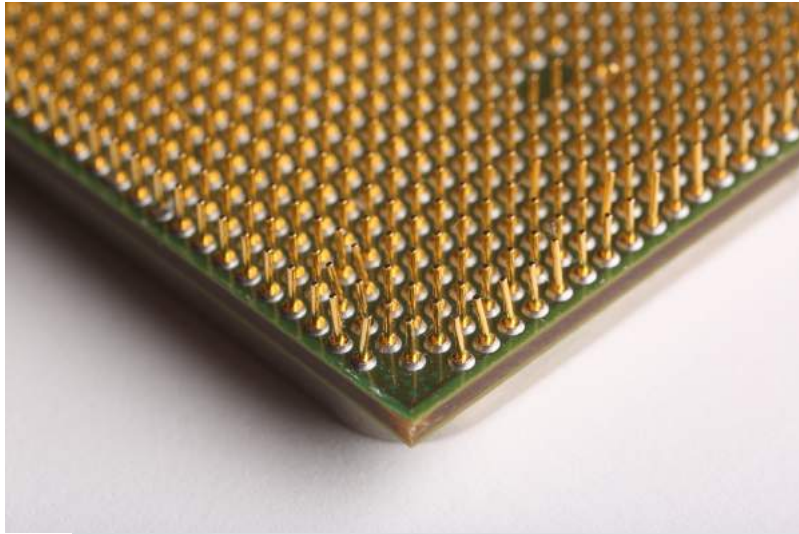


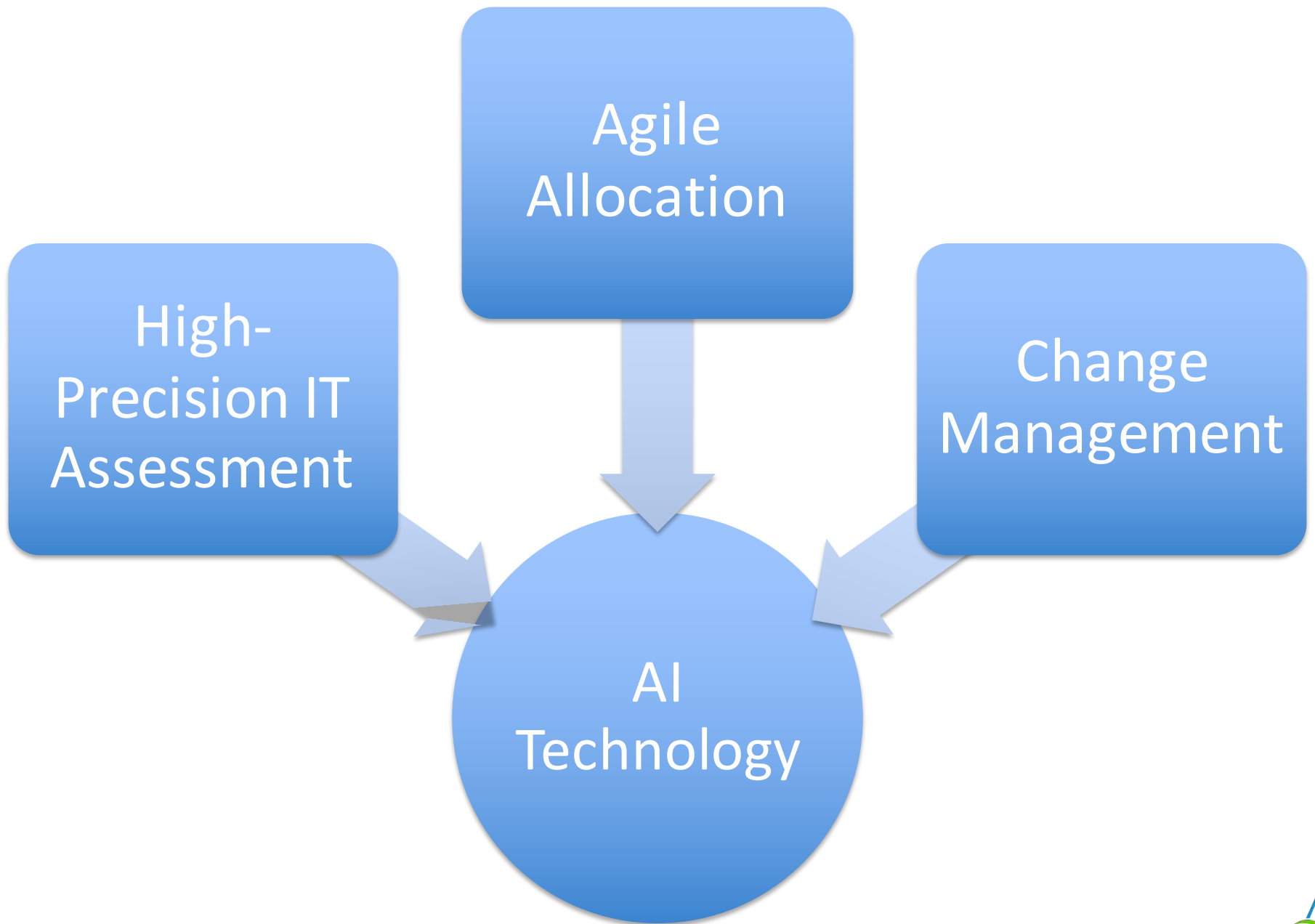
Smart HVAC Scheduling + Response to Surges




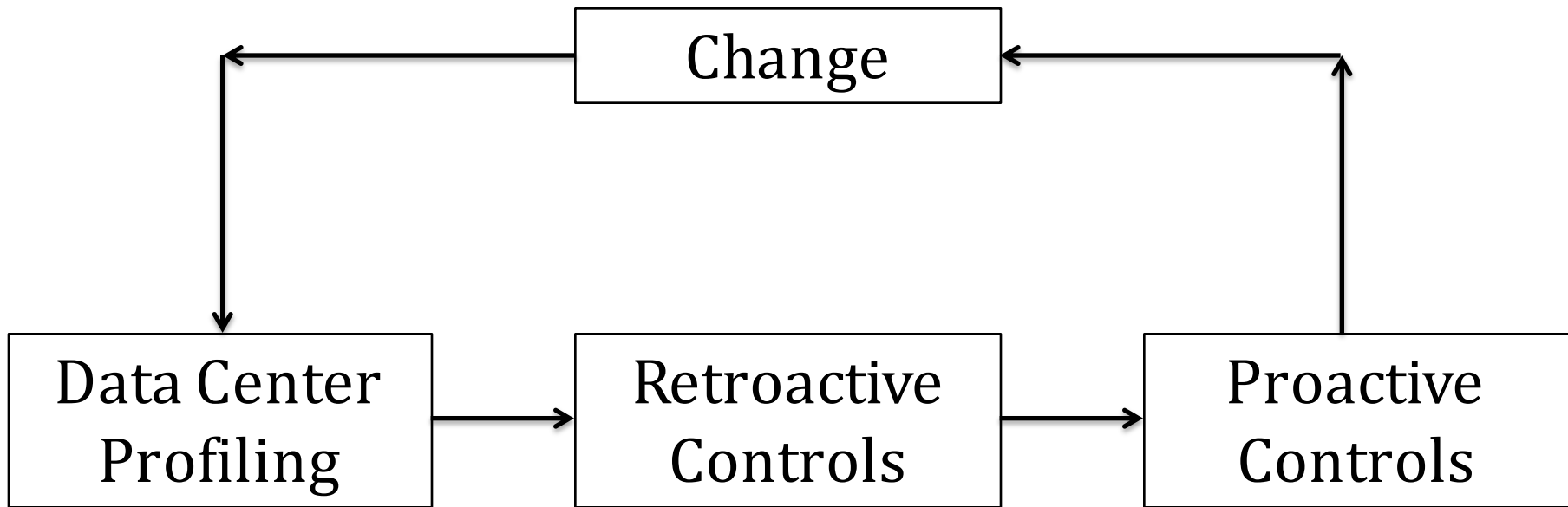
- High-precision demand assessment







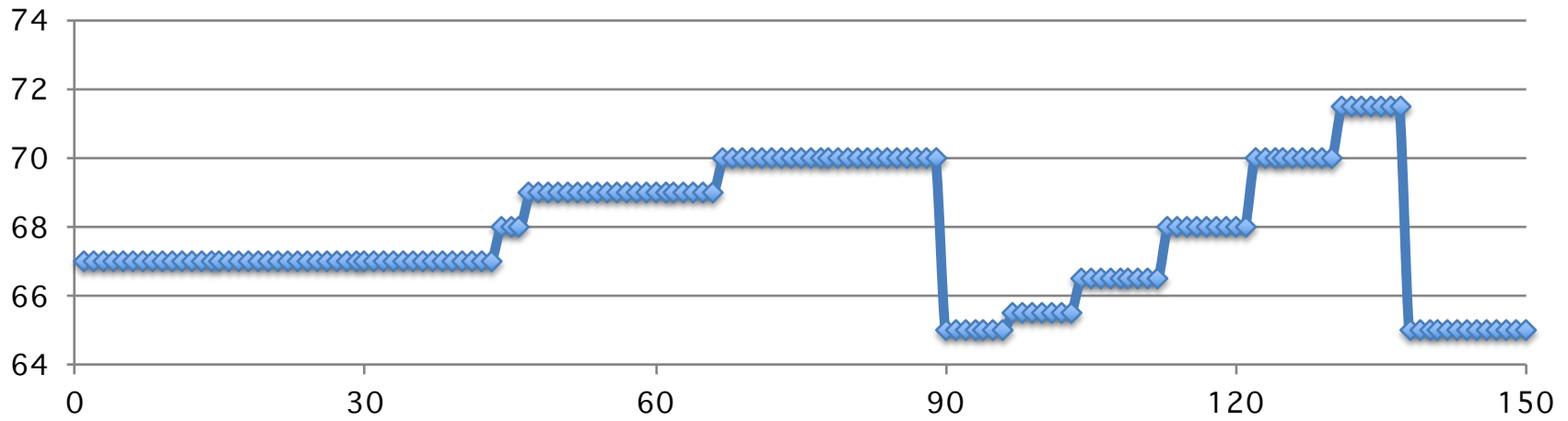
Cost  Risk



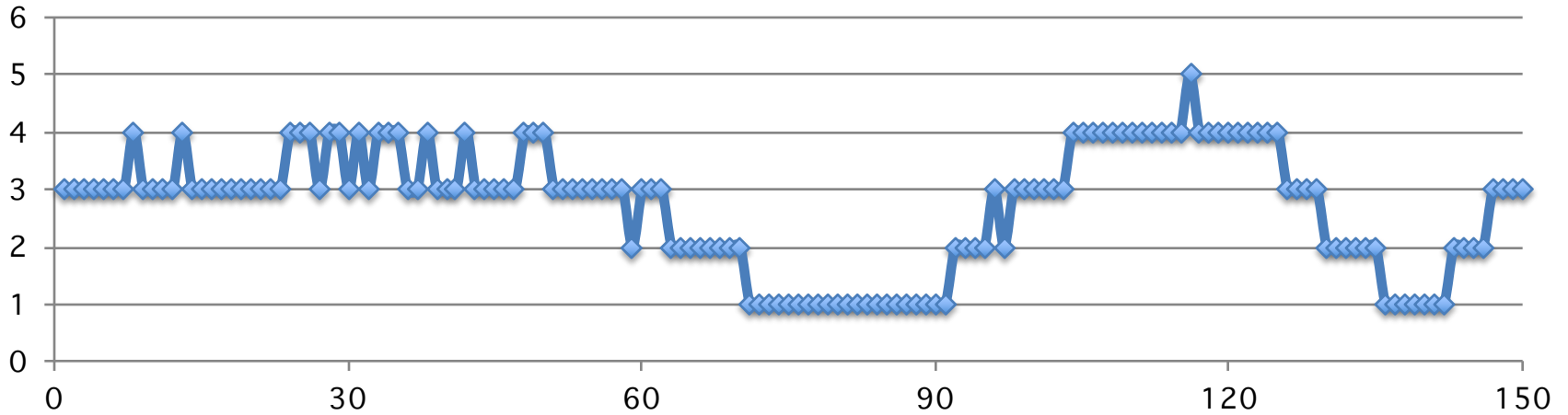
Demo



CRAC Supply Temperature (°F)



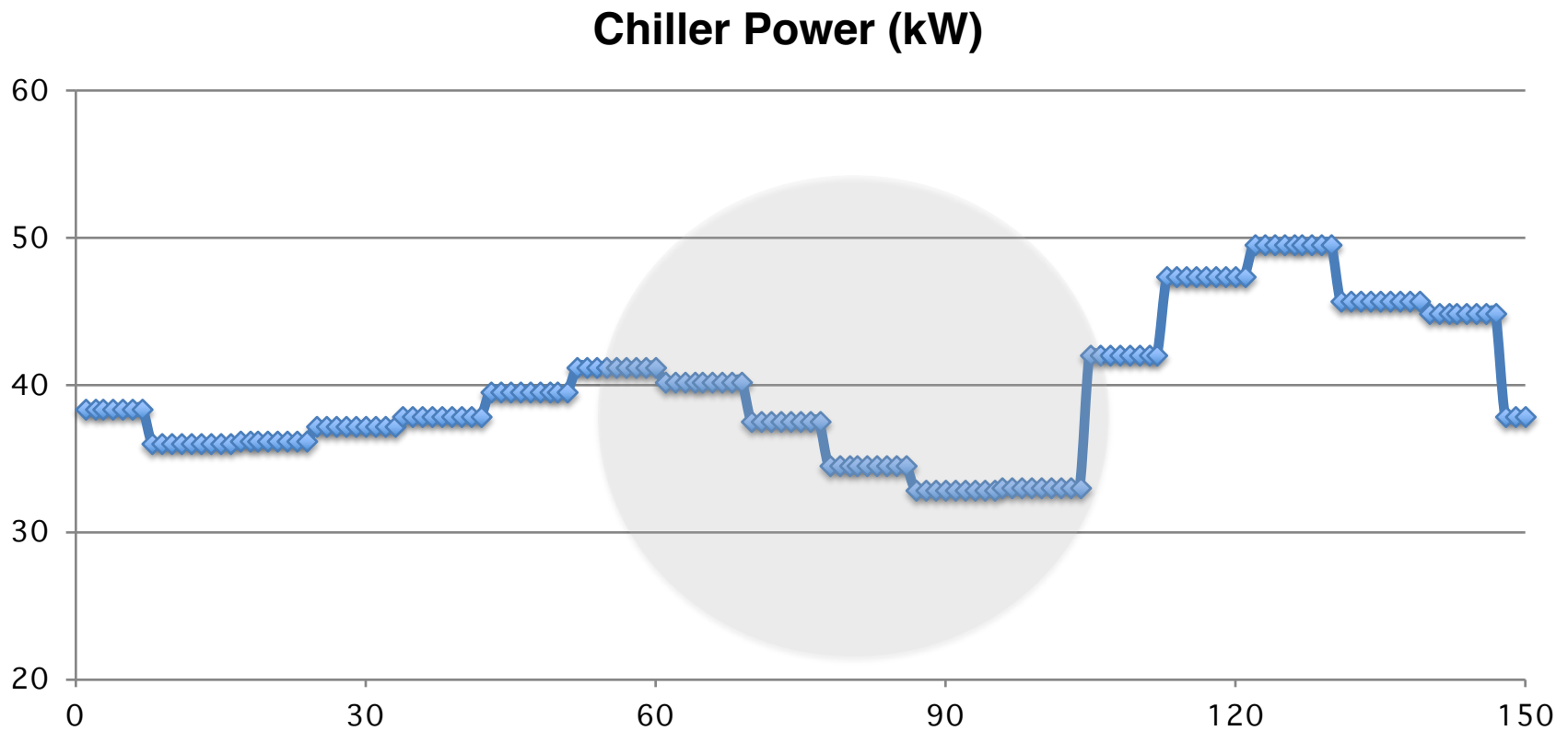
Critical Delta (°C)



Delta = Threshold - Current



~20% Savings in Chiller Power



Predictive Maintenance



Failure Analysis

for last

12 hours



Server	CPU1 Temperature	CPU2 Temperature	Memory1 Temperature	Memory2 Temperature
KID001	0.00%	0.00%	0.94%	1.52%
KID002	0.81%	0.00%	1.43%	1.89%
KID003	0.83%	0.00%	1.28%	2.01%
KID004	0.00%	0.00%	1.71%	2.34%
KID005	1.11%	0.00%	1.64%	2.81%
KID006	0.77%	0.00%	1.62%	2.68%
KID007	1.65%	0.00%	1.03%	2.71%
KID008	1.40%	0.79%	0.81%	2.91%
KID009	0.00%	0.00%	2.69%	2.42%
KID010	0.73%	0.00%	1.25%	1.94%
KID011	0.75%	0.00%	1.12%	2.46%
KID012	0.76%	0.00%	1.05%	2.72%
KID013	0.00%	2.51%	3.13%	3.33%
KID015	0.00%	0.00%	2.05%	2.86%



Scenario Analysis



- IT Components
 - Rack 1
 - Blade Center 1
 - Blade 1
 - CPU 1**
 - CPU 2
 - Blade 2
 - Blade 3
 - Blade 4
 - Blade 5
 - Blade 6
 - Blade 7
 - Blade 8
 - Blade 9
 - Blade 10
 - Blade 11

Scenario 1

Workload

Cloud

Cooling Setpoints

CRAC

°C

RDHx

psi

Scenario 2

Workload

HPC

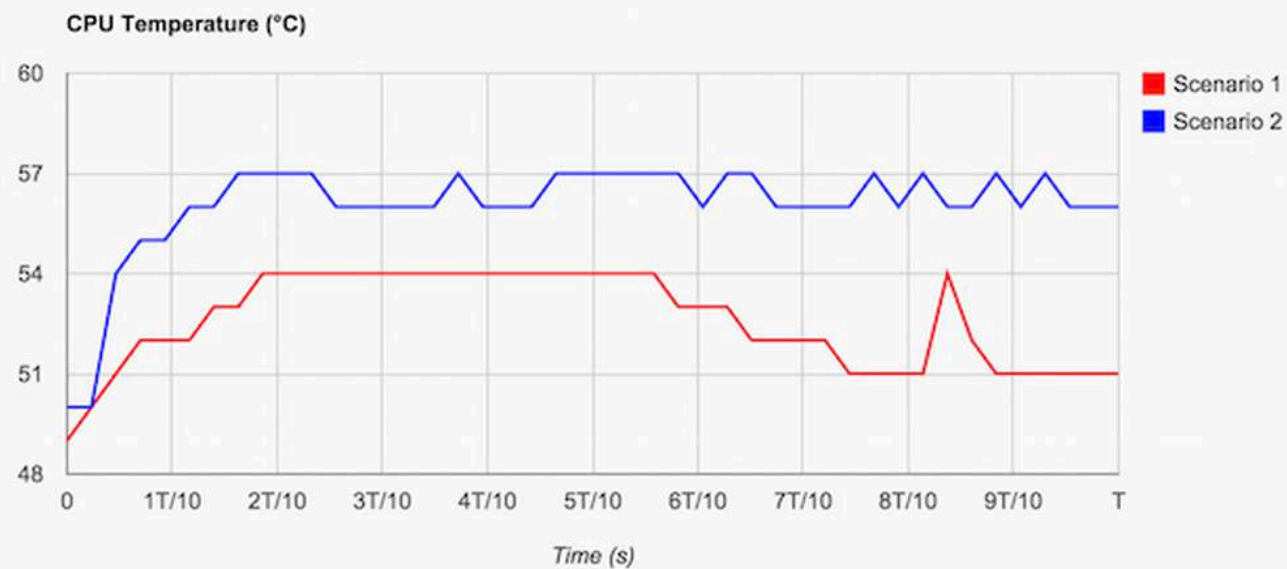
Cooling Setpoints

CRAC

°C

RDHx

psi



Thank You!

