Variational Methods for Latent Variable Problems

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Outline

Outline for today:

- Some examples of latent variable models
- A template: The Neyman-Scott "paradox" and marginalization
- Bayesian versus frequentist approaches to marginalization
- The classical EM algorithm (in brief)

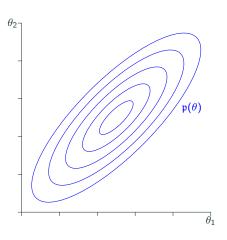
Next week, we will build on these ideas to present more general variational inference.

1



 $Q = \{All \text{ bivariate normals}\}$

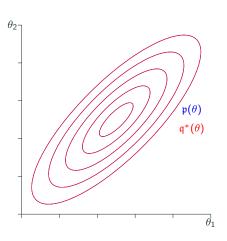
What is
$$q^*(\theta) = \underset{q \in \mathcal{Q}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \operatorname{KL}(q(\theta)||p(\theta))$$
?





 $\mathcal{Q} = \{ \text{All bivariate normals} \}$

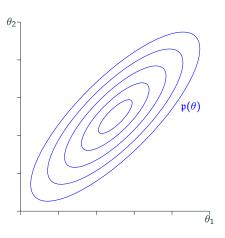
What is
$$\mathfrak{q}^*(\theta) = \operatorname*{argmin}_{\mathfrak{q} \in \mathcal{Q}} \mathrm{KL}\left(\mathfrak{q}(\theta)||\mathfrak{p}(\theta)\right)$$
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 $\mathcal{Q} = \{ \text{Independent bivariate normals} \}$

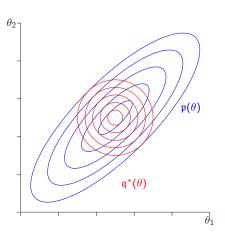
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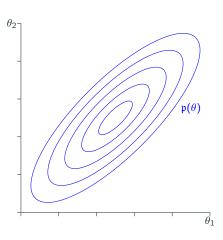


3



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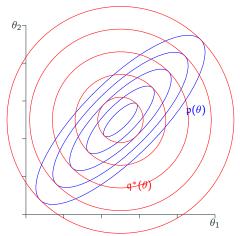


4



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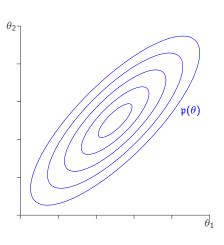
Recall that

$$\begin{split} \operatorname{KL}\left(\mathfrak{q}(\theta)||\mathfrak{p}(\theta)\right) &= \\ &- \underset{\mathfrak{q}(\theta)}{\mathbb{E}}\left[\log\mathfrak{p}(\theta)\right] + \underset{\mathfrak{q}(\theta)}{\mathbb{E}}\left[\log\mathfrak{q}(\theta)\right] \end{split}$$

 $\mathfrak{p}(\theta) = \text{Correlated bivariate normal}$

$$Q = \{Bivariate normals\}$$

What is
$$q^*(\theta) = \underset{q \in \mathcal{Q}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \left(- \underset{q(\theta)}{\mathbb{E}} [\log \mathfrak{p}(\theta)] + \underset{q(\theta)}{\overline{\mathbb{E}}} [\log q(\theta)] \right)?$$



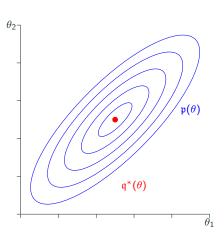
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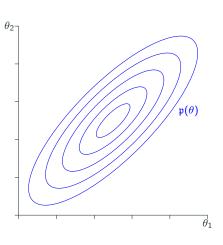
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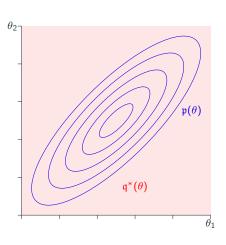
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Conclusions