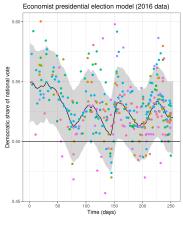
## **Economist 2016 Election Model [Gelman and Heidemanns, 2020]**



Model each poll as

$$\begin{aligned} y_i | \pi_i \sim \text{Binomial}(\pi_i) \\ \text{Logit } \pi_i = \mu^b_{s[i],t[i]} + \alpha_i + \zeta^{state}_i + \xi_{s[i]} \end{aligned}$$

Pack everything we don't know into

$$\theta \in \mathbb{R}^{15098}$$
.

If we knew  $\theta$ , we'd know the outcome of the election up to Binomial randomness.

The questions is: which values of  $\theta$  are consistent with the data we saw?

## Forward and inverse problems

(link)

## References

A. Gelman and M. Heidemanns. The Economist: Forecasting the US elections., 2020. URL https://projects.economist.com/us-2020-forecast/president. Data and model accessed Oct., 2020.