- character unigram: c_i , $-2 \le i \le 2$ character bigram: $c_{i-1}c_i$, $-1 \le i \le 2$; $c_{-1}c_1$ and c_0c_2 whether two characters are equal or not: $c_0 == c_{-2}$ and $c_0 == c_1$ 3
- character trigram: $c_{-1}c_0c_1$
- 5 character type unigram: $type(c_0)$
- 6 character types: $type(c_{-1})type(c_0)type(c_1)$
- character types: $type(c_{-2})type(c_{-1})type(c_0)type(c_1)type(c_2)$