

	Subgame Perfect Equilibrium	Perfect Prediction Equilibrium
Form of the Game	Extensive	Extensive
Perfect Information	Yes	Yes
Number of players	Any	Any
Newcomb Choice	Two boxes	One box
Prediction Model accounting for counterfactuals	Ad-Hoc Prediction (“could have been wrong”)	Perfect Prediction (“would also have been right”)
Relationship with the Past	Cournot-like	Stackelberg-like
Reasoning	Backward Induction	Forward Induction
Indifference between payoffs	Allowed	Not allowed in principle
Existence	Always	Always
Uniqueness	Always	Always
Optimality	-	Pareto
Corresponding Normal Form	Nash (subsuming)	Superrationality (not established/ conceptually similar)