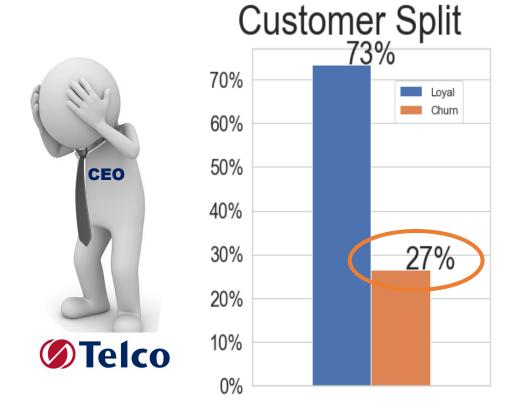
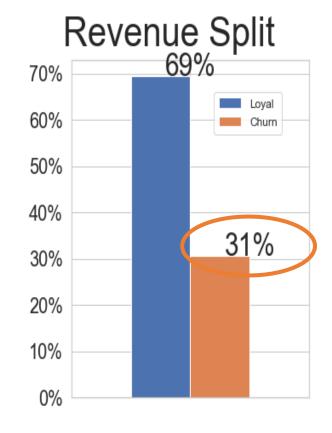






# Telco CEO Frustrated By Customer Churn!





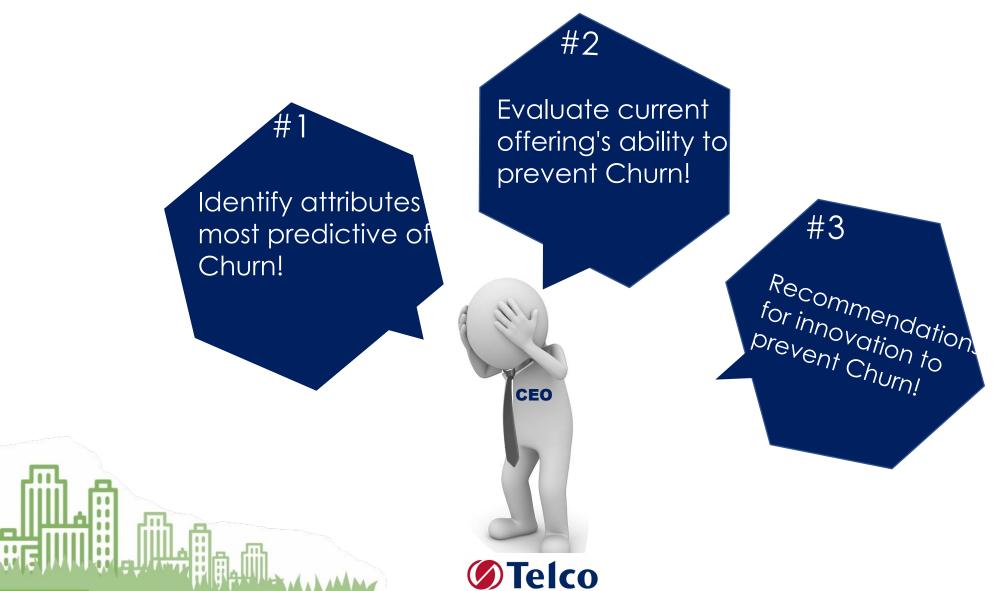
1% Churn

1.15% in Lost Revenue

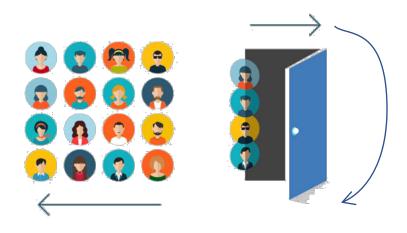


#### Areas of Interest/ Business Questions

Goal: Prediction → Prevention



#### **Business Value**

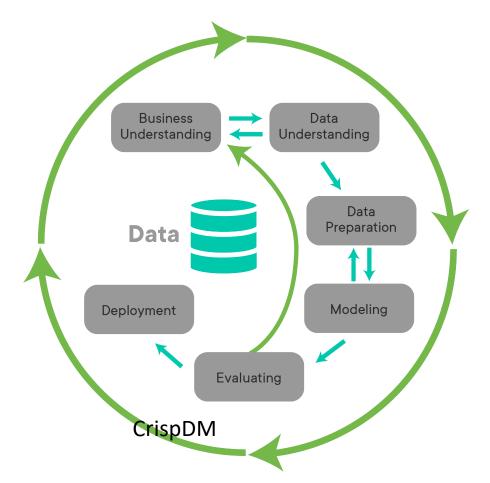


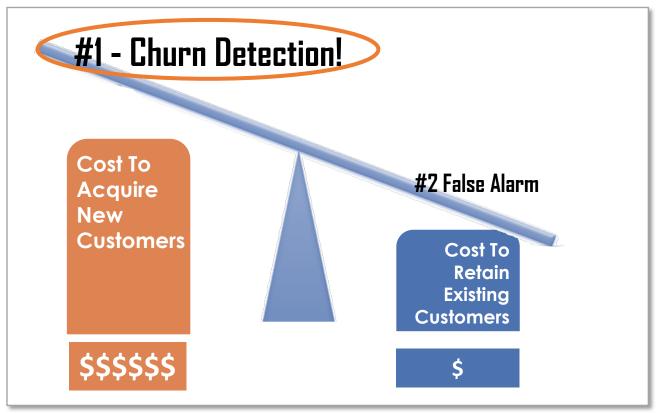
Increase Retention



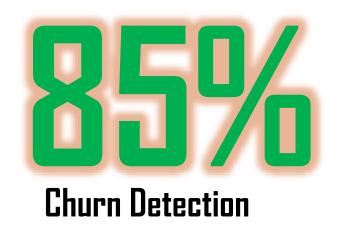
- Increase Revenue

# Methodology

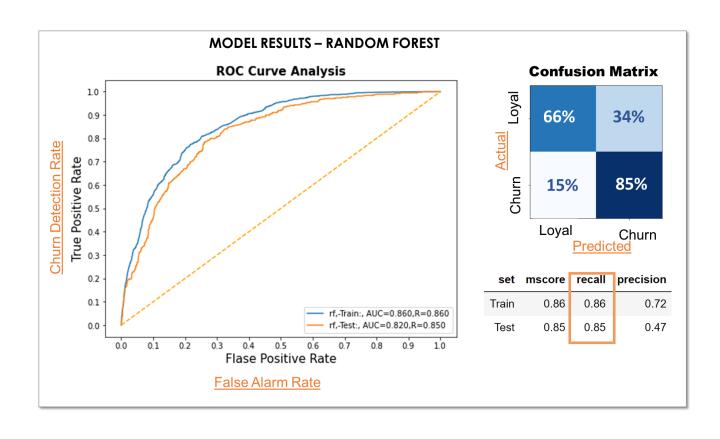




#### Model Results



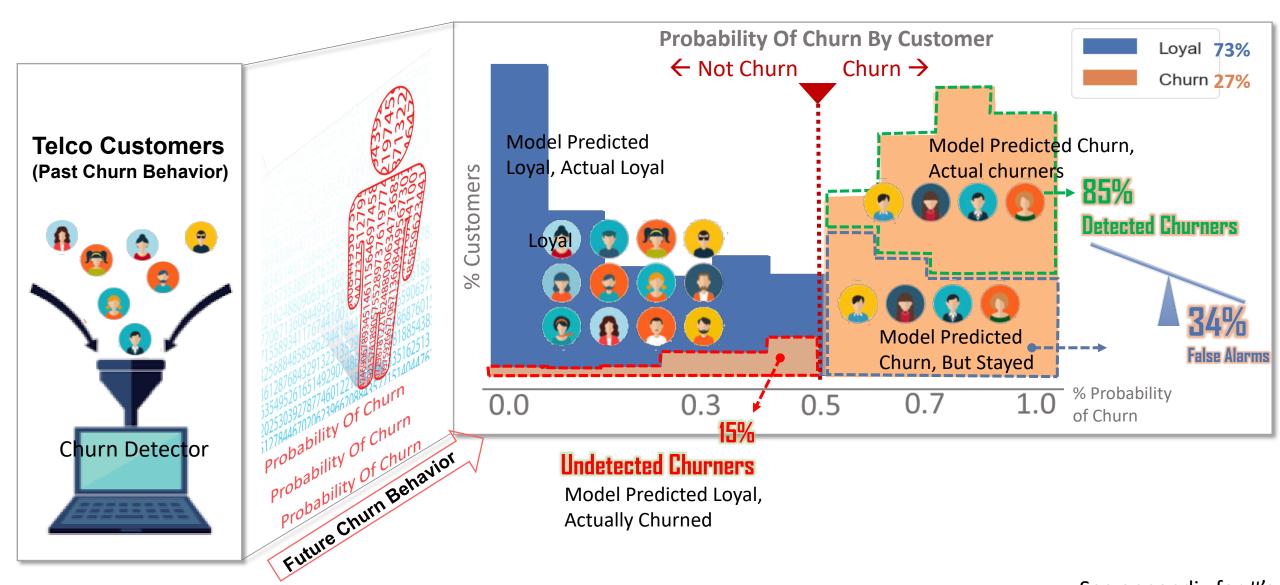




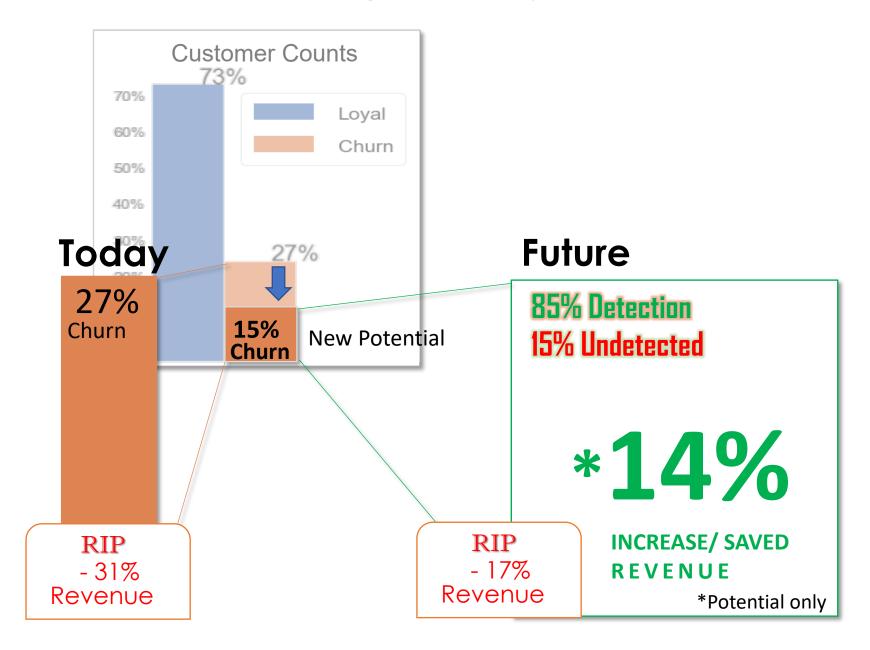
So...What Does This Mean?

Example....

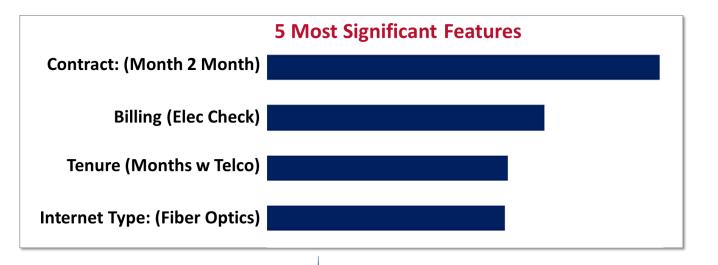
# Example: Detected: False Alarms: Undetected

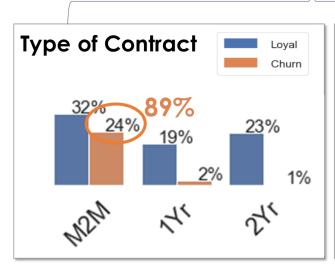


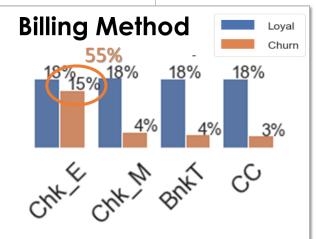
### \*Revenue Ramifications (Reducing Churn by 81%)

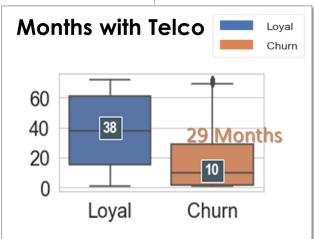


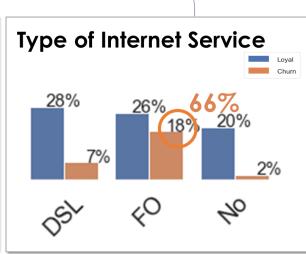
#### Area of Interest #1: Most Significant Attributes Associated with Churn



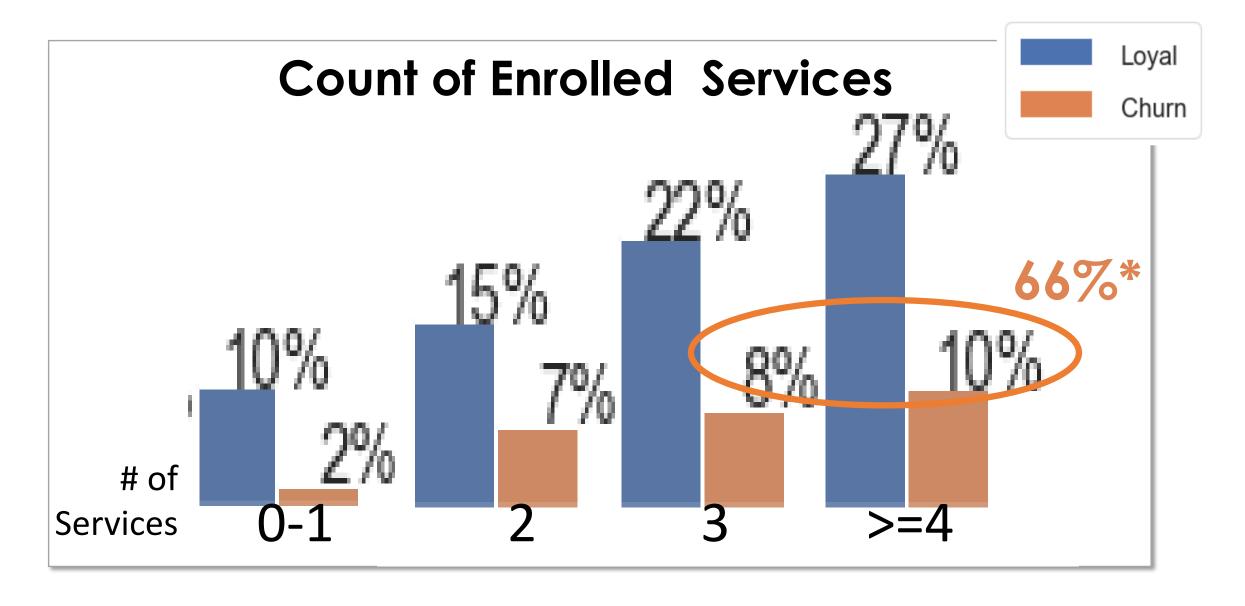






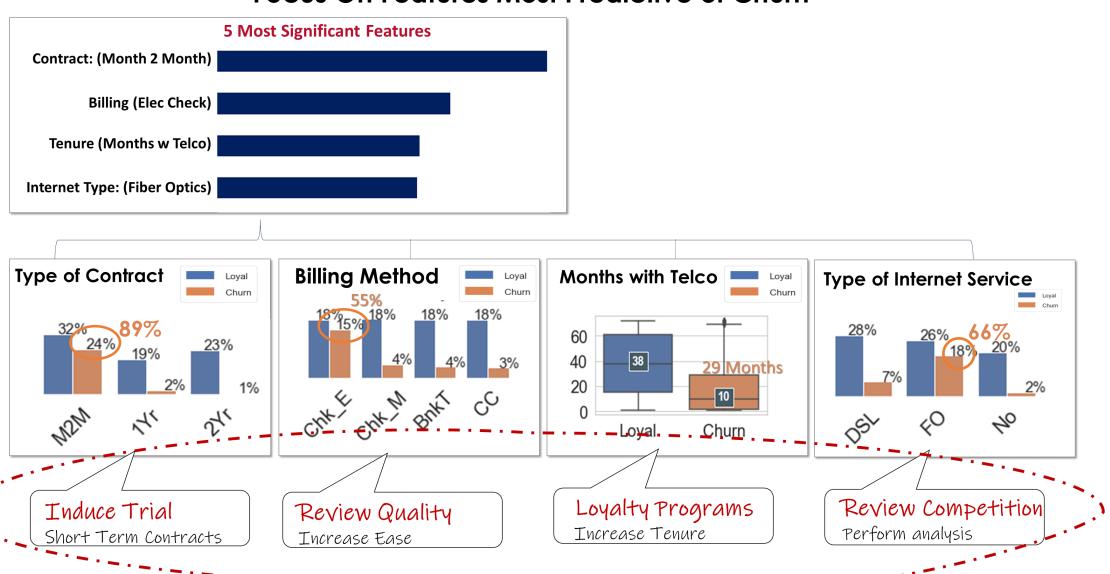


#### Area of Interest #2: Effectiveness of Current Services



### Area of Interest #3: Opportunities For Innovation

#### Focus On Features Most Predictive of Churn



# Future Work/ Next Steps

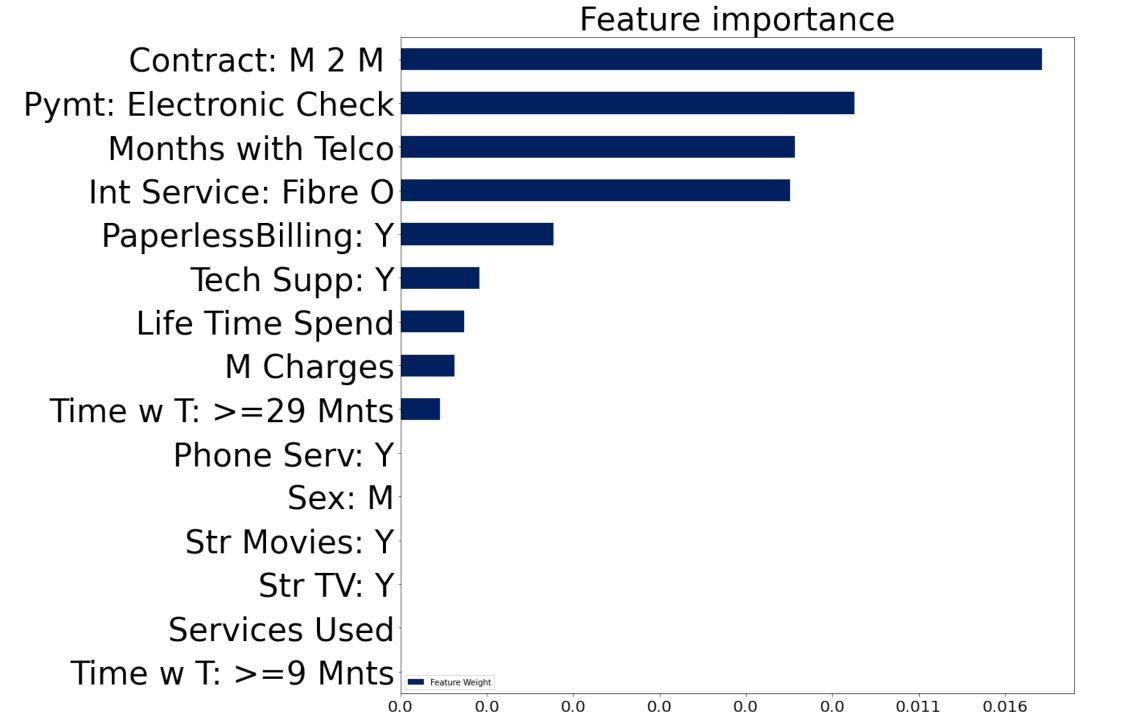
- a) Optimize Current Model(s)
  - 1. Further Examine/Look To Reduce Any Overfitting
- b) Establish Hard Numbers for the Cost of False Alarms
- c) Develop Threshold Evaluation Formula
- d) Reexamine Detection vs. False Alarm Tradeoffs/ Thresholds
- e) Examine Additional Classifiers
- f) Put Model(s) Into Productions



Thanks For Your Time and Consideration!



# Appendix



#### **MODEL RESULTS – RANDOM FOREST ROC Curve Analysis Confusion Matrix** 1.0 Loyal 66% 34% 0.9 Actual 0.8 Churn Detection Rate True Positive Rate 0.7 Churn 85% **15%** 0.6 0.5 Loyal 0.4 Churn **Predicted** 0.3 set mscore recall precision 0.2 0.1 Train 0.86 0.86 0.72 rf,-Train:, AUC=0.860,R=0.860 rf,-Test:, AUC=0.820,R=0.850 0.0 0.85 0.85 0.47 Test 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.8 0.0 0.1 0.7 0.9 1.0 Flase Positive Rate False Alarm Rate