# Runtime Verification Based on Register Automata

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# Register Automata

### regular languages [K1951, RS1959]

- specified with finite automata, or regexp
- have finite alphabets

### quasi-regular languages [KF1990]

- specified with register automata
- may have infinite alphabets

### Runtime Verification for Java

Java executions mention values

```
..., call hasNext(231), return hasNext(1), ...
```

slicing by values [RC2012]

```
HasNext(i)

event hN = call(*hasNext()) && target(i)

event n = call(*next()) && target(i)

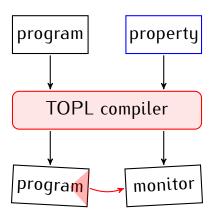
fsm: start[hN \rightarrow safe \quad n \rightarrow error]

safe[hN \rightarrow safe \quad n \rightarrow start]
```

# **DEMO**

of http://rgrig.github.com/topl

## **Tool Architecture**



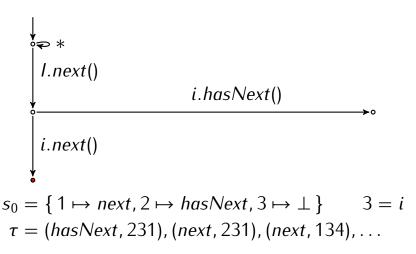
# **TOPL Properties and Automata**

#### user-friendly

Given a path  $start \xrightarrow{l_1} \circ \cdots \circ \xrightarrow{l_k} error$ , the sequence  $l_1; \ldots; l_k$  of labels looks very much like a small bad Java program.

#### expressive

- equivalent to register automata
- inherits closure and decidability results



```
(s[1] = \ell[1], s[3] := \ell[2])
(s[2] = \ell[1] \text{ and } s[3] = \ell[2], \text{ nop})
     (s[1] = \ell[1] \text{ and } s[3] = \ell[2], \text{ nop})
s_0 = \{1 \mapsto next, 2 \mapsto hasNext, 3 \mapsto \bot\}
 \tau = (hasNext, 231), (next, 231), (next, 134), ...
```

```
(true, nop)
(eq 11, set 3 := 2)
(eq 21 and eq 32, nop)
     (eq 11 and eq 32, nop)
 s_0 = \{ 1 \mapsto next, 2 \mapsto hasNext, 3 \mapsto \bot \}  3 = i

\tau = (hasNext, 231), (next, 231), (next, 134), ...
s_0 = \{1 \mapsto next, 2 \mapsto hasNext, 3 \mapsto \bot\}
```

```
(true, nop)
(eq 11, set 3 := 2)
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        (eq 11 and eq 32, nop)
s_0 \stackrel{\bullet}{=} \{1 \mapsto next, 2 \mapsto hasNext, 3 \mapsto \bot\}
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\tau = (hasNext, 231), (next, 231), (next, 134), ...
```

### **Notations**

$$u,v\in V=\{0,1,2,\ldots\}$$
 values  $(s_1,\ldots,s_m)=s\in S=V^m$  stores  $(\ell_1,\ldots,\ell_n)=\ell\in \Sigma=V^n$  letters  $g\in G$  guards  $a\in A\subseteq \Sigma\to S\to S$  actions  $\lambda\in \Lambda=G\times A$  labels  $q\in Q$  states  $(q\stackrel{\lambda}{\to} q')\in \delta\subseteq Q\times \Lambda\times Q$  transitions

### **Guards and Actions**

#### guards

$$(s, \ell) \models g$$
 satisfaction relation

#### actions

$$((\mathbf{set}\,i := j)\,\ell\,s)_k = (\mathrm{if}\,k = i\,\,\mathrm{then}\,\,\ell_j\,\,\mathrm{else}\,\,s_k)$$
$$(a_1;a_2)(\ell) = a_1(\ell)\circ a_2(\ell)$$

## **Automata Definition and Semantics**

#### automaton

$$(Q, q_0, s_0, F, \delta)$$
  $\delta \subseteq Q \times \bigwedge \times Q$ 

#### configuration graph

$$q \stackrel{(g,a)}{\rightarrow} q'$$
 gives  $(q,s) \stackrel{\ell}{\rightarrow} (q',s')$   
when  $(s,\ell) \models g$  and  $s' = a \ \ell \ s$ 

# Register Automata Definition

- $\blacksquare$  alphabet:  $\Sigma = V^1$
- guards:

$$(s, v) \models \text{fresh} \iff s_i \neq v \text{ for all } i$$
  
 $(s, v) \models \text{eq } i \iff s_i = v$ 

labels:

(fresh, set 
$$i := 1$$
) record a (locally) fresh value  
(eq  $i$ , nop) test for equality with a register

### **TOPL** Automata Definition

#### guards:

$$(s,\ell) \models \operatorname{eq} i j \iff s_i = \ell_j$$
  
 $(s,\ell) \models \operatorname{neq} i j \iff s_i \neq \ell_j$   
 $\sigma \models \operatorname{true} \iff \operatorname{always}$   
 $\sigma \models g_1 \operatorname{and} g_2 \iff \sigma \models g_1 \operatorname{and} \sigma \models g_2$   
where  $\sigma$  is a pair  $(s,\ell)$ 

### Results

#### Proposition: TOPL to RA, and back

A TOPL automaton of size N can be transformed into an equivalent RA of size  $N^{O(N^2)}$ . A RA of size N with < k conjuncts in each guard can be transformed into an equivalent TOPL automaton of size  $O(Nk^N)$ .

#### Theorem

TOPL automata inherit all expressivity, closure and decidability results from register automata.

### Done

- we noticed: automata over infinite alphabets are useful for runtime verification
- we designed: TOPL automata taylored for Java, but equivalent to register automata
- we implemented: a tool for runtime verification

# ToDo

- static analysis
- implementation of histories (sets) [TG2013]

# References

K1951	Kleene, Representation of Events in Nerve Nets and Finite Automata
RS1959	Rabin, Scott, Finite Automata and Their Decision Problems
<f1990< td=""><td>Kaminski, Francez, Finite Memory Automata</td></f1990<>	Kaminski, Francez, Finite Memory Automata
+2005	Allan et al., Adding Trace Matching with Free Variables to AspectJ
RC2012	Rosu, Chen, Semantics and Algorithms for Parametric Monitoring
3+2012	Barringer et al., Quantified Event Automata: Towards Expressive and Efficient Runtime Monitors
TG2013	Tzevelekos, Grigore, Historu-Register Automata