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void compute_external_forces()
{
    int i, j, k, row, col;
    // double ri[2], rj[2];
    double dr[2], mag, theta, dij, fx, fy, tz;
    IObj obji, objj;

    void copy_object(), update_objects(), SIMfwd_kinematics(), SIMarm_Jacobian();

// copy the pos/vel info from device (mobile_base, arms, toy) structures
update_objects();          // into inertial "IObj objects[NBODY]" array

// initialize net_extForce sums
objects[BASE].net_extForce[X] = objects[BASE].net_extForce[Y] =
    objects[BASE].net_extForce[THETA] = 0.0;

objects[ARM1].net_extForce[X] = objects[ARM1].net_extForce[Y] =
    objects[ARM1].net_extForce[THETA] = 0.0;

objects[ARM2].net_extForce[X] = objects[ARM2].net_extForce[Y] =
    objects[ARM2].net_extForce[THETA] = 0.0;

objects[TOY].net_extForce[X] = objects[TOY].net_extForce[Y] =
    objects[TOY].net_extForce[THETA] = 0.0;

for (i=0; i<(NBODY-1); ++i) { // compute force on body i by body j
    for (j=(i+1); j<NBODY; ++j) {

        copy_object(i, &obji); copy_object(j, &objj);

        //      if ((i==3) && (objects[i].id == TRIANGLE)) { // triangle object
        // dr[X] = dr[Y] = 0.0;
        // // sum compressive forces/moments over three vertices of
        //      // rigid triangle
        //
        // for (k = -1; k <= 1; k++) {
        //     // position of the first vertex
        //     theta = (double)k*(2.0*M_PI/3.0);
        //     // xt = RT*cos(theta);
        //     // yt = RT*sin(theta);
        //     r[3][X] = objects[i].position[X]
        //         + (objects[i].spoke_length * cos(theta))
        //         * cos(objects[i].position[THETA])
        //         - (objects[i].spoke_length * sin(theta))
        //         * sin(objects[i].position[THETA]);
        //     r[3][Y] = objects[i].position[Y]
        //         + (objects[i].spoke_length * cos(theta))
        //         * sin(objects[i].position[THETA])
        //         + (objects[i].spoke_length * sin(theta))
        //         * cos(objects[i].position[THETA]);

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// // the relative position vector
// dr[X] = r[3][X] - r[j][X];
// dr[Y] = r[3][Y] - r[j][Y];
// mag = sqrt(SQR(dr[X]) + SQR(dr[Y]));
// dij = MAX(0.0,
//     (objects[i].circle_radius+objects[j].circle_radius-mag));
// fx = K_COLLIDE*dij*(dr[X]/mag);
// fy = K_COLLIDE*dij*(dr[Y]/mag);
// tz = (objects[i].spoke_length *
//     cos(objects[i].position[THETA])) * fy -
//     (objects[i].spoke_length *
//     sin(objects[i].position[THETA])) * fx;
//
// objects[i].net_extForce[X] += fx;
// objects[i].net_extForce[Y] += fy;
// objects[i].net_extForce[THETA] += tz;
// // (i=3, j=4) is only combination, j=4 is the occupancy grid,
// objects[j].net_extForce[X] -= fx;
// objects[j].net_extForce[Y] -= fy;
// objects[j].net_extForce[THETA] -= tz;
// }
//
//
//     else if ((j==3)&&(objects[j].id == TRIANGLE)) {
// dr[X] = dr[Y] = 0.0;
//     // sum compressive forces/moments over three vertices of
//     // rigid triangle
// for (k = -1; k <= 1; k++) {
//     // position of the first vertex
//     theta = (double)k*(2.0*M_PI/3.0);
//     // xt = RT*cos((double)k*one_twenty);
//     // yt = RT*sin((double)k*one_twenty);
//     r[3][X] = objects[j].position[X]
//     + (objects[j].spoke_length * cos(theta))
//     * cos(objects[j].position[THETA])
//     - (objects[j].spoke_length * sin(theta))
//     * sin(objects[j].position[THETA]);
//     r[3][Y] = objects[j].position[Y]
//     + (objects[i].spoke_length * cos(theta))
//     * sin(objects[j].position[THETA])
//     + (objects[i].spoke_length * sin(theta))
//     * cos(objects[j].position[THETA]);
//     // the relative position vector
//     dr[X] = r[i][X] - r[3][X];
//     dr[Y] = r[i][Y] - r[3][Y];
//     mag = sqrt(SQR(dr[X]) + SQR(dr[Y]));
//     dij=MAX(0.0, (objects[i].circle_radius
//     + objects[j].circle_radius-mag));
//     fx = K_COLLIDE*dij*(dr[X]/mag);
//     fy = K_COLLIDE*dij*(dr[Y]/mag);
//     tz = (objects[j].spoke_length *

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//          cos(objects[j].position[THETA])) * fy -
//          (objects[j].spoke_length *
//          sin(objects[j].position[THETA])) * fx;
//
//  objects[i].net_extForce[X] += fx;
//  objects[i].net_extForce[Y] += fy;
//  objects[i].net_extForce[THETA] = 0.0;
//
//  objects[j].net_extForce[X] -= fx;
//  objects[j].net_extForce[Y] -= fy;
//  objects[j].net_extForce[THETA] -= tz;
// }
//   }

// body #4 is the occupancy grid - sum compression
if (j==4){
printf("checking body i=%d bouncing on OBSTACLE j=%d\n", i,j);
  for (row=0; row<NBINS; ++row) {
    for (col=0; col<NBINS; ++col) {
      if (Roger.world_map.occupancy_map[row][col] == OBSTACLE) {
        dr[X] = objects[i].position[X] - (MIN_X + (col+0.5)*XDELTA);
        dr[Y] = objects[i].position[Y] - (MAX_Y - (row+0.5)*YDELTA);
        mag = sqrt(SQR(dr[X]) + SQR(dr[Y]));
        dij = MAX(0.0, (objects[i].circle_radius + R_OBSTACLE - mag));
        fx = K_COLLIDE*dij*(dr[X]/mag);
        fy = K_COLLIDE*dij*(dr[Y]/mag);
        tz = 0.0;

        objects[i].net_extForce[X] += fx;
        objects[i].net_extForce[Y] += fy;
        objects[i].net_extForce[THETA] += tz;

//      objects[j].net_extForce[X] -= fx;
//      objects[j].net_extForce[Y] -= fy;
//      objects[j].net_extForce[THETA] += 0.0;
      }
    }
  }
printf("\tforce on body i=%d  f = [%6.4lf %6.4lf %6.4lf]\n",
      i, fx, fy, tz);
}
else { // j not equal to 4: BASE || ARM#1 || ARM#2 || circle object

// for (k = -1; k <= 1; k++) {
//   // position of the first vertex
//   theta = (double)k*(2.0*M_PI/3.0);
//   //   xt = RT*cos(theta);
//   //   yt = RT*sin(theta);
//   r[3][X] = objects[i].position[X]
//   + (objects[i].spoke_length * cos(theta))

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        //      * cos(objects[i].position[THETA])
        //      - (objects[i].spoke_length * sin(theta))
        //      * sin(objects[i].position[THETA]);
        //      r[3][Y] = objects[i].position[Y]
        //      + (objects[i].spoke_length * cos(theta))
        //      * sin(objects[i].position[THETA])
        //      + (objects[i].spoke_length * sin(theta))
        //      * cos(objects[i].position[THETA]);
        //      // the relative position vector
dr[X] = obji.position[X] - objj.position[X];
dr[Y] = obji.position[Y] - objj.position[Y];
mag = sqrt(SQR(dr[X]) + SQR(dr[Y]));
dij = MAX(0.0, (obji.circle_radius + objj.circle_radius - mag));
fx = K_COLLIDE*dij*(dr[X]/mag);
fy = K_COLLIDE*dij*(dr[Y]/mag);
tz = (obji.spoke_length * cos(obji.position[THETA])) * fy -
      (obji.spoke_length * sin(obji.position[THETA])) * fx;

objects[i].net_extForce[X] += fx;
objects[i].net_extForce[Y] += fy;
objects[i].net_extForce[THETA] += tz;

objects[j].net_extForce[X] -= fx;
objects[j].net_extForce[Y] -= fy;
objects[j].net_extForce[THETA] -= tz;
    }
}

// BASE
mobile_base.extForce[X] = objects[BASE].net_extForce[X];
mobile_base.extForce[Y] = objects[BASE].net_extForce[Y];

// ARM #1
// reality check: why do you need the negative of fb?
arms[LEFT][NARM_FRAMES - 1].extForce[X] = -objects[ARM1].net_extForce[X];
arms[LEFT][NARM_FRAMES - 1].extForce[Y] = -objects[ARM1].net_extForce[Y];

// ARM #2
// reality check: why do you need the negative of fb?
arms[RIGHT][NARM_FRAMES - 1].extForce[X] = -objects[ARM2].net_extForce[X];
arms[RIGHT][NARM_FRAMES - 1].extForce[Y] = -objects[ARM2].net_extForce[Y];

// TOY OBJECT
toy.net_extForce[X] = objects[TOY].net_extForce[X];
toy.net_extForce[Y] = objects[TOY].net_extForce[Y];
toy.net_extForce[THETA] = 0.0;

// printf("exiting compute_external_forces()\n"); fflush(stdout);
}

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