

# Selvalakshmi\_TS

Selvalakshmi

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```
# Install and load the necessary packages
install.packages("forecast")

## Installing package into 'C:/Users/selva/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
## package 'forecast' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked
##
## The downloaded binary packages are in
## C:\Users\selva\AppData\Local\Temp\RtmpmQIzjw\downloaded_packages
install.packages("tidyr")

## Installing package into 'C:/Users/selva/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
## package 'tidyr' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked
##
## The downloaded binary packages are in
## C:\Users\selva\AppData\Local\Temp\RtmpmQIzjw\downloaded_packages
install.packages("readxl")

## Installing package into 'C:/Users/selva/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
## package 'readxl' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked
##
## The downloaded binary packages are in
## C:\Users\selva\AppData\Local\Temp\RtmpmQIzjw\downloaded_packages
install.packages("rmarkdown")

## Installing package into 'C:/Users/selva/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.3'
## (as 'lib' is unspecified)
##
## There is a binary version available but the source version is later:
##      binary source needs_compilation
## rmarkdown  2.27  2.28                FALSE
## installing the source package 'rmarkdown'
install.packages("tinytex")
#tinytex::install_tinytex()
library(fpp2)

## Warning: package 'fpp2' was built under R version 4.3.3
```

```

## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
##   method            from
##   as.zoo.data.frame zoo

## -- Attaching packages ----- fpp2 2.5 --

## v ggplot2  3.5.1      v fma      2.5
## v forecast 8.23.0     v expsmoother 2.3

## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Warning: package 'forecast' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Warning: package 'fma' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Warning: package 'expsmoother' was built under R version 4.3.3
##
library(tidyverse)

## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.3.3

## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.4
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr    1.5.0
## v lubridate  1.9.3      v tibble     3.2.1
## v purrr      1.0.2      v tidyr      1.3.1

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors

library(forecast)
library(ggplot2)
library(xts)

## Warning: package 'xts' was built under R version 4.3.3
## Loading required package: zoo
## Warning: package 'zoo' was built under R version 4.3.3
##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   as.Date, as.Date.numeric
##
## ##### Warning from 'xts' package #####
## #
## # The dplyr lag() function breaks how base R's lag() function is supposed to
## # work, which breaks lag(my_xts). Calls to lag(my_xts) that you type or
## # source() into this session won't work correctly.
## #

```

```

## # Use stats::lag() to make sure you're not using dplyr::lag(), or you can add #
## # conflictRules('dplyr', exclude = 'lag') to your .Rprofile to stop #
## # dplyr from breaking base R's lag() function. #
## # #
## # Code in packages is not affected. It's protected by R's namespace mechanism #
## # Set `options(xts.warn_dplyr_breaks_lag = FALSE)` to suppress this warning. #
## # #
## #####
##
## Attaching package: 'xts'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     first, last
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(openxlsx)

## Warning: package 'openxlsx' was built under R version 4.3.3
library(readxl)

## Warning: package 'readxl' was built under R version 4.3.3
library(stats)

options(repos = c(CRAN = "https://cran.r-project.org"))

install.packages("forecast")

## Warning: package 'forecast' is in use and will not be installed
#loading data set
setwd("C:/Users/selva/Documents/DSTI/TimeSeries/Exam/")
my_data = read_excel("2023-11-Elec-train.xlsx")
View(my_data)

names(my_data)

## [1] "Timestamp" "Power (kW)" "Temp (C°)"

#rename columns
names(my_data) <- c("Timestamp", "power", "temp")
names(my_data)

## [1] "Timestamp" "power" "temp"

#Explore data
str(my_data)

## tibble [4,987 x 3] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ Timestamp: chr [1:4987] "40179.052083333333" "1/1/2010 1:30" "1/1/2010 1:45" "1/1/2010 2:00" ...
## $ power : num [1:4987] 165 152 147 154 154 ...
## $ temp : num [1:4987] 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 ...

summary(my_data)

## Timestamp power temp
## Length:4987 Min. : 0.0 Min. : 3.889

```

```
## Class :character 1st Qu.:162.9 1st Qu.: 9.444
## Mode :character Median :253.0 Median :11.111
## Mean :230.8 Mean :10.946
## 3rd Qu.:277.3 3rd Qu.:12.778
## Max. :355.1 Max. :19.444
## NA's :96
```

```
head(my_data)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##   Timestamp      power temp
##   <chr>      <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 40179.052083333336 165. 10.6
## 2 1/1/2010 1:30      152. 10.6
## 3 1/1/2010 1:45      147. 10.6
## 4 1/1/2010 2:00      154. 10.6
## 5 1/1/2010 2:15      154. 10.6
## 6 1/1/2010 2:30      159 10.6
```

```
dim(my_data)
```

```
## [1] 4987 3
```

```
#Data wrangling
```

```
#Conversion field timeStamp in date format
```

```
# Define start and end dates
```

```
start.date <- as.POSIXct("2010-01-01 01:15", format = "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M")
```

```
end.date <- as.POSIXct("2010-02-21 23:45", format = "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M")
```

```
# Generate the sequence of dates
```

```
my_date <- seq(start.date, end.date, by = "15 min")
```

```
# Assign the sequence to your data frame
```

```
my_data$Timestamp <- my_date
```

```
# Check the structure of your data frame
```

```
str(my_data)
```

```
## tibble [4,987 x 3] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
```

```
## $ Timestamp: POSIXct[1:4987], format: "2010-01-01 01:15:00" "2010-01-01 01:30:00" ...
```

```
## $ power : num [1:4987] 165 152 147 154 154 ...
```

```
## $ temp : num [1:4987] 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 10.6 ...
```

```
#Data splitting between :
```

```
#data1 used to train and test forecasting
```

```
#data2 used for forecasting
```

```
# Remove rows with any NA values
```

```
data1 <- my_data %>% drop_na()
```

```
# Filter rows where 'power' is NA
```

```
data2 <- my_data %>% filter(is.na(power))
```

```
#Time serie creation and visualization. Serie seems to have a period of 24 hours
```

```
# Create the time series object
```

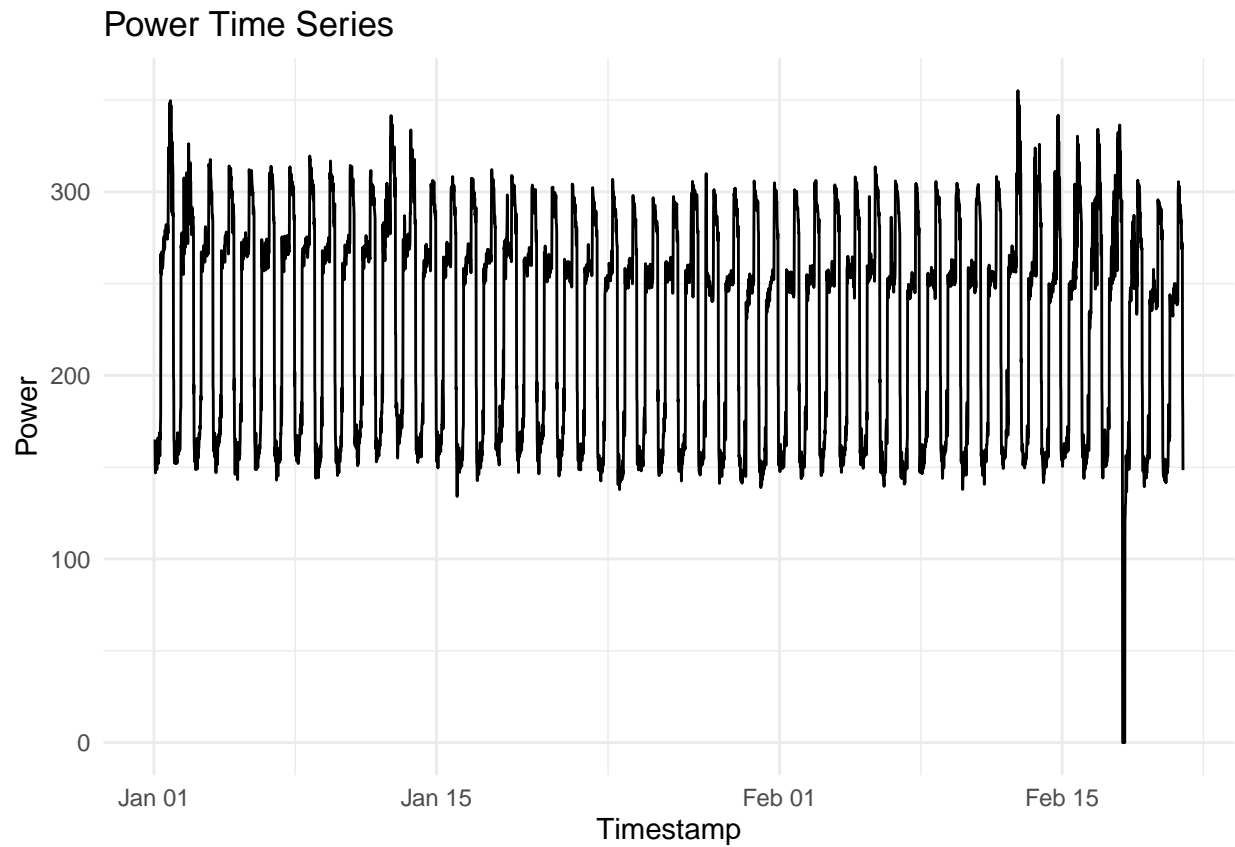
```
my_serie <- ts(data1$power, start = min(data1$Timestamp), frequency = 24 * 60 / 15)
```

```

# Create the xts object for better visualization
my_series_xts <- xts(data1$power, order.by = data1$Timestamp)

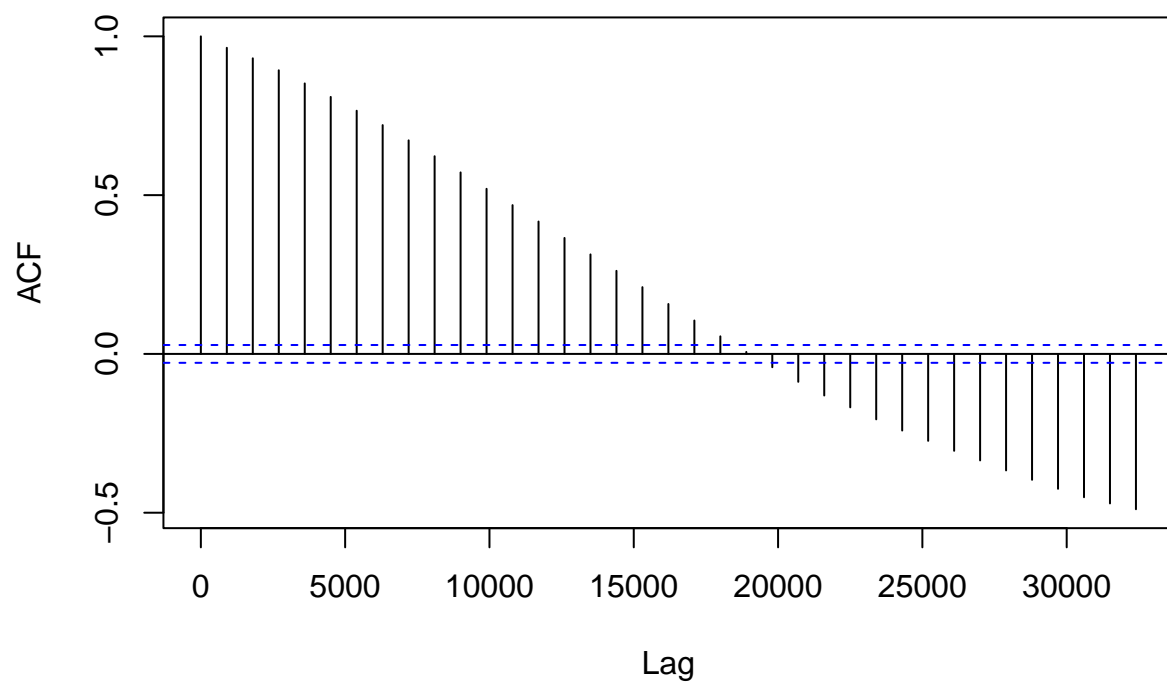
# Plot the xts object using ggplot2 for enhanced visualization
autoplot(my_series_xts) +
  labs(title = "Power Time Series",
       x = "Timestamp",
       y = "Power") +
  theme_minimal()

```



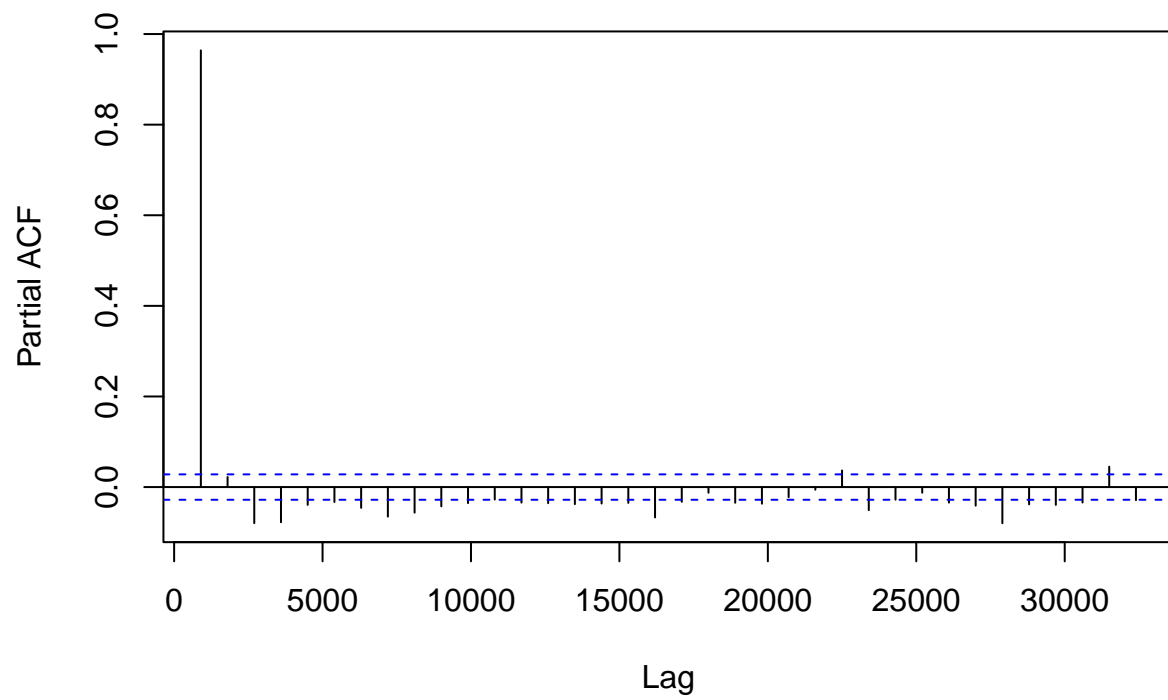
```
acf(my_series_xts)
```

### Series my\_serie\_xts

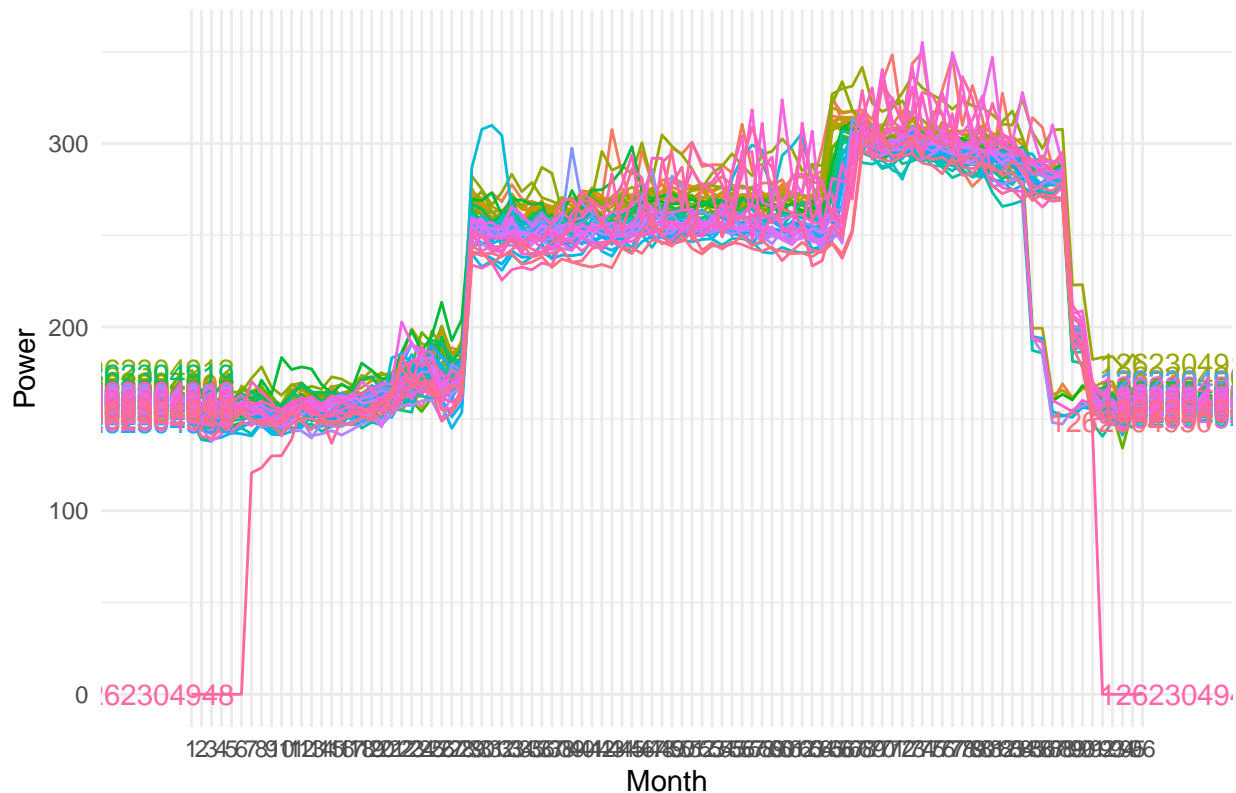


```
pacf(my_serie_xts)
```

**Series my\_serie\_xts**



## Seasonal Plot of Power Time Series



```
#Some statistic for time serie
```

```
mean(my_serie)
```

```
## [1] 230.7694
```

```
var(my_serie)
```

```
## [1] 3422.982
```

```
# Calculate the ACF without plotting
```

```
my_acf <- acf(my_serie, type = "cor", plot = FALSE)
```

```
# Extract the first 10 ACF values
```

```
acf_values <- my_acf$acf[1:10, 1, 1]
```

```
# Print the ACF values
```

```
print(acf_values)
```

```
## [1] 1.0000000 0.9640109 0.9308839 0.8932234 0.8518503 0.8093465 0.7658229
```

```
## [8] 0.7205684 0.6725523 0.6226128
```

It appears that there is no significant long-term (linear) trend in the data. However, a clear seasonal pattern is evident, as shown by the seasonal plot and the autocorrelation table. We estimate a 24-hour periodicity for the series. Notably, there are periods of peak consumption between 16:00 and 23:00, and periods of lower consumption from 23:00 to 06:00. Additionally, we observed some cyclical patterns that can be further analyzed using spectral analysis with Fast Fourier Transform (FFT).

For model evaluation, we will split the data into training and test sets. Approximately 80% of the data will be used for training to estimate model parameters, while the most recent 20% will be reserved for testing to



assess forecast accuracy.

```
# Define the number of observations for the test set
test_size <- 901

# Split the time series
my_series_test <- tail(my_series, test_size)
my_series_train <- head(my_series, length(my_series) - test_size)

# Print the lengths of the training and test sets to verify
cat("Training set length:", length(my_series_train), "\n")
```

```
## Training set length: 3990
```

```
cat("Test set length:", length(my_series_test), "\n")
```

```
## Test set length: 901
```

Building and evaluating models We will use several models and compare them to select the best one

```
# Holt's linear trend method without damping
fit_holt <- holt(my_series_train, h = 901, damped = FALSE)

# Holt's linear trend method with damping
fit_holt_damped <- holt(my_series_train, h = 901, damped = TRUE)

# Auto ARIMA model
fit_arima <- auto.arima(my_series_train)
forecast_arima <- forecast(fit_arima, h = 901)

# Holt-Winters method with additive seasonality
fit_hw <- HoltWinters(my_series_train, seasonal = "additive")
forecast_hw <- predict(fit_hw, n.ahead = 901)

# Print summaries of the fitted models
summary(fit_holt)
```

```
##
## Forecast method: Holt's method
##
## Model Information:
## Holt's method
##
## Call:
## holt(y = my_series_train, h = 901, damped = FALSE)
##
## Smoothing parameters:
##   alpha = 0.9805
##   beta  = 1e-04
##
## Initial states:
##   l = 156.3712
##   b = 0.02
##
## sigma: 14.8793
##
##      AIC      AICc      BIC
```

```

## 54635.06 54635.08 54666.52
##
## Error measures:
##           ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE
## Training set 0.002106401 14.87188 6.843205 -0.2285353 3.165913 0.8651569
##           ACF1
## Training set -0.001962508
##
## Forecasts:
##           Point Forecast      Lo 80      Hi 80      Lo 95      Hi 95
## 1262304941.562      255.1777 236.1090783 274.2464 226.01474642 284.3407
## 1262304941.573      255.1986 228.4921781 281.9051 214.35464484 296.0426
## 1262304941.583      255.2195 222.6169654 287.8220 205.35822427 305.0808
## 1262304941.594      255.2404 217.6546430 292.8261 197.75794914 312.7228
## 1262304941.604      255.2613 213.2788690 297.2437 191.05472217 319.4678
## 1262304941.615      255.2822 209.3210054 301.2433 184.99063416 325.5737
## 1262304941.625      255.3031 205.6804258 304.9257 179.41179007 331.1943
## 1262304941.635      255.3239 202.2913717 308.3565 174.21762102 336.4303
## 1262304941.646      255.3448 199.1080702 311.5816 169.33812353 341.3516
## 1262304941.656      255.3657 196.0971416 314.6343 164.72224763 346.0092
## 1262304941.667      255.3866 193.2333559 317.5399 160.33140724 350.4418
## 1262304941.677      255.4075 190.4970925 320.3179 156.13559543 354.6794
## 1262304941.688      255.4284 187.8727358 322.9841 152.11093021 358.7459
## 1262304941.698      255.4493 185.3476165 325.5510 148.23803542 362.6605
## 1262304941.708      255.4702 182.9112873 328.0291 144.50093345 366.4394
## 1262304941.719      255.4911 180.5550132 330.4271 140.88626518 370.0959
## 1262304941.729      255.5120 178.2714025 332.7525 137.38272588 373.6412
## 1262304941.740      255.5328 176.0541341 335.0115 133.98064849 377.0850
## 1262304941.750      255.5537 173.8977526 337.2097 130.67168958 380.4358
## 1262304941.760      255.5746 171.7975107 339.3517 127.44858873 383.7006
## 1262304941.771      255.5955 169.7492469 341.4418 124.30498147 386.8860
## 1262304941.781      255.6164 167.7492889 343.4835 121.23525171 389.9975
## 1262304941.792      255.6373 165.7943771 345.4802 118.23441410 393.0402
## 1262304941.802      255.6582 163.8816021 347.4347 115.29801909 396.0183
## 1262304941.812      255.6791 162.0083542 349.3498 112.42207566 398.9361
## 1262304941.823      255.7000 160.1722822 351.2276 109.60298778 401.7969
## 1262304941.833      255.7208 158.3712586 353.0704 106.83750177 404.6042
## 1262304941.844      255.7417 156.6033509 354.8801 104.12266234 407.3608
## 1262304941.854      255.7626 154.8667979 356.6584 101.45577566 410.0695
## 1262304941.865      255.7835 153.1599886 358.4070 98.83437804 412.7326
## 1262304941.875      255.8044 151.4814452 360.1274 96.25620940 415.3526
## 1262304941.885      255.8253 149.8298081 361.8208 93.71919037 417.9314
## 1262304941.896      255.8462 148.2038230 363.4885 91.22140278 420.4710
## 1262304941.906      255.8671 146.6023301 365.1318 88.76107263 422.9731
## 1262304941.917      255.8880 145.0242540 366.7517 86.33655542 425.4394
## 1262304941.927      255.9088 143.4685956 368.3491 83.94632323 427.8714
## 1262304941.938      255.9297 141.9344249 369.9250 81.58895353 430.2705
## 1262304941.948      255.9506 140.4208740 371.4804 79.26311927 432.6381
## 1262304941.958      255.9715 138.9271321 373.0159 76.96758011 434.9754
## 1262304941.969      255.9924 137.4524398 374.5324 74.70117472 437.2836
## 1262304941.979      256.0133 135.9960848 376.0305 72.46281391 439.5638
## 1262304941.990      256.0342 134.5573981 377.5110 70.25147451 441.8169
## 1262304942.000      256.0551 133.1357504 378.9744 68.06619389 444.0439
## 1262304942.010      256.0760 131.7305485 380.4214 65.90606507 446.2459

```

|                   |          |              |          |               |           |
|-------------------|----------|--------------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| ## 1262304950.458 | 273.0170 | -297.6558188 | 843.6899 | -599.75178297 | 1145.7859 |
| ## 1262304950.469 | 273.0379 | -297.9968208 | 844.0727 | -600.28435857 | 1146.3602 |
| ## 1262304950.479 | 273.0588 | -298.3376614 | 844.4553 | -600.81668738 | 1146.9343 |
| ## 1262304950.490 | 273.0797 | -298.6783410 | 844.8378 | -601.34876989 | 1147.5082 |
| ## 1262304950.500 | 273.1006 | -299.0188598 | 845.2201 | -601.88060657 | 1148.0818 |
| ## 1262304950.510 | 273.1215 | -299.3592183 | 845.6022 | -602.41219790 | 1148.6552 |
| ## 1262304950.521 | 273.1424 | -299.6994166 | 845.9842 | -602.94354436 | 1149.2283 |
| ## 1262304950.531 | 273.1633 | -300.0394551 | 846.3660 | -603.47464641 | 1149.8012 |
| ## 1262304950.542 | 273.1842 | -300.3793341 | 846.7476 | -604.00550452 | 1150.3738 |
| ## 1262304950.552 | 273.2050 | -300.7190539 | 847.1291 | -604.53611918 | 1150.9462 |
| ## 1262304950.562 | 273.2259 | -301.0586148 | 847.5105 | -605.06649083 | 1151.5184 |
| ## 1262304950.573 | 273.2468 | -301.3980172 | 847.8917 | -605.59661996 | 1152.0903 |
| ## 1262304950.583 | 273.2677 | -301.7372612 | 848.2727 | -606.12650703 | 1152.6619 |
| ## 1262304950.594 | 273.2886 | -302.0763473 | 848.6535 | -606.65615250 | 1153.2334 |
| ## 1262304950.604 | 273.3095 | -302.4152758 | 849.0343 | -607.18555683 | 1153.8045 |
| ## 1262304950.615 | 273.3304 | -302.7540468 | 849.4148 | -607.71472049 | 1154.3755 |
| ## 1262304950.625 | 273.3513 | -303.0926608 | 849.7952 | -608.24364393 | 1154.9462 |
| ## 1262304950.635 | 273.3722 | -303.4311180 | 850.1754 | -608.77232762 | 1155.5166 |
| ## 1262304950.646 | 273.3930 | -303.7694188 | 850.5555 | -609.30077201 | 1156.0869 |
| ## 1262304950.656 | 273.4139 | -304.1075634 | 850.9354 | -609.82897756 | 1156.6568 |
| ## 1262304950.667 | 273.4348 | -304.4455521 | 851.3152 | -610.35694472 | 1157.2266 |
| ## 1262304950.677 | 273.4557 | -304.7833852 | 851.6948 | -610.88467395 | 1157.7961 |
| ## 1262304950.688 | 273.4766 | -305.1210630 | 852.0743 | -611.41216570 | 1158.3654 |
| ## 1262304950.698 | 273.4975 | -305.4585859 | 852.4536 | -611.93942041 | 1158.9344 |
| ## 1262304950.708 | 273.5184 | -305.7959541 | 852.8327 | -612.46643855 | 1159.5032 |
| ## 1262304950.719 | 273.5393 | -306.1331679 | 853.2117 | -612.99322055 | 1160.0718 |
| ## 1262304950.729 | 273.5602 | -306.4702275 | 853.5905 | -613.51976687 | 1160.6401 |
| ## 1262304950.740 | 273.5810 | -306.8071334 | 853.9692 | -614.04607795 | 1161.2082 |
| ## 1262304950.750 | 273.6019 | -307.1438857 | 854.3478 | -614.57215423 | 1161.7760 |
| ## 1262304950.760 | 273.6228 | -307.4804848 | 854.7261 | -615.09799615 | 1162.3436 |
| ## 1262304950.771 | 273.6437 | -307.8169310 | 855.1044 | -615.62360417 | 1162.9110 |
| ## 1262304950.781 | 273.6646 | -308.1532244 | 855.4824 | -616.14897872 | 1163.4782 |
| ## 1262304950.792 | 273.6855 | -308.4893656 | 855.8604 | -616.67412023 | 1164.0451 |
| ## 1262304950.802 | 273.7064 | -308.8253546 | 856.2381 | -617.19902916 | 1164.6118 |
| ## 1262304950.812 | 273.7273 | -309.1611918 | 856.6157 | -617.72370592 | 1165.1783 |
| ## 1262304950.823 | 273.7482 | -309.4968776 | 856.9932 | -618.24815097 | 1165.7445 |
| ## 1262304950.833 | 273.7691 | -309.8324120 | 857.3705 | -618.77236473 | 1166.3105 |
| ## 1262304950.844 | 273.7899 | -310.1677956 | 857.7477 | -619.29634763 | 1166.8762 |
| ## 1262304950.854 | 273.8108 | -310.5030285 | 858.1247 | -619.82010012 | 1167.4418 |
| ## 1262304950.865 | 273.8317 | -310.8381110 | 858.5015 | -620.34362261 | 1168.0071 |
| ## 1262304950.875 | 273.8526 | -311.1730434 | 858.8783 | -620.86691554 | 1168.5721 |
| ## 1262304950.885 | 273.8735 | -311.5078259 | 859.2548 | -621.38997934 | 1169.1370 |
| ## 1262304950.896 | 273.8944 | -311.8424590 | 859.6312 | -621.91281443 | 1169.7016 |
| ## 1262304950.906 | 273.9153 | -312.1769427 | 860.0075 | -622.43542124 | 1170.2660 |
| ## 1262304950.917 | 273.9362 | -312.5112775 | 860.3836 | -622.95780019 | 1170.8301 |
| ## 1262304950.927 | 273.9571 | -312.8454636 | 860.7596 | -623.47995171 | 1171.3941 |
| ## 1262304950.938 | 273.9779 | -313.1795012 | 861.1354 | -624.00187622 | 1171.9578 |

```
summary(fit_holt_damped)
```

```
##
## Forecast method: Damped Holt's method
##
## Model Information:
## Damped Holt's method
```

```

##
## Call:
## holt(y = my_serie_train, h = 901, damped = TRUE)
##
## Smoothing parameters:
##   alpha = 0.9077
##   beta  = 0.0862
##   phi   = 0.8018
##
## Initial states:
##   l = 167.3992
##   b = -8.351
##
## sigma: 14.8135
##
##      AIC      AICc      BIC
## 54600.67 54600.69 54638.41
##
## Error measures:
##
##           ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE
## Training set 0.02432144 14.80421 6.927864 -0.1445804 3.190256 0.8758601
##
##           ACF1
## Training set -0.00288654
##
## Forecasts:
##
##           Point Forecast      Lo 80      Hi 80      Lo 95      Hi 95
## 1262304941.562      255.0893 236.1050396 274.0736 226.055380 284.1232
## 1262304941.573      255.1781 228.6399279 281.7164 214.591443 295.7649
## 1262304941.583      255.2494 222.2604928 288.2383 204.797229 305.7015
## 1262304941.594      255.3065 216.4990652 294.1139 195.955652 314.6573
## 1262304941.604      255.3523 211.1724172 299.5322 187.785007 322.9196
## 1262304941.615      255.3890 206.1864588 304.5915 180.140207 330.6378
## 1262304941.625      255.4184 201.4839167 309.3530 172.932708 337.9042
## 1262304941.635      255.4420 197.0255047 313.8586 166.101663 344.7824
## 1262304941.646      255.4610 192.7818888 318.1400 159.601596 351.3203
## 1262304941.656      255.4761 188.7298353 322.2224 153.396485 357.5558
## 1262304941.667      255.4883 184.8501865 326.1264 147.456636 363.5199
## 1262304941.677      255.4980 181.1267115 329.8694 141.756911 369.2392
## 1262304941.688      255.5059 177.5454049 333.4663 136.275636 374.7361
## 1262304941.698      255.5121 174.0940294 336.9302 130.993895 380.0303
## 1262304941.708      255.5171 170.7617989 340.2725 125.895028 385.1393
## 1262304941.719      255.5212 167.5391455 343.5032 120.964272 390.0781
## 1262304941.729      255.5244 164.4175423 346.6313 116.188482 394.8603
## 1262304941.740      255.5270 161.3893611 349.6646 111.555907 399.4981
## 1262304941.750      255.5291 158.4477571 352.6104 107.056013 404.0021
## 1262304941.760      255.5307 155.5865716 355.4749 102.679326 408.3821
## 1262304941.771      255.5321 152.8002503 358.2639  98.417309 412.6468
## 1262304941.781      255.5331 150.0837726 360.9825  94.262248 416.8040
## 1262304941.792      255.5340 147.4325910 363.6354  90.207162 420.8608
## 1262304941.802      255.5347 144.8425776 366.2268  86.245714 424.8237
## 1262304941.812      255.5352 142.3099784 368.7605  82.372146 428.6983
## 1262304941.823      255.5357 139.8313722 371.2400  78.581210 432.4902
## 1262304941.833      255.5360 137.4036354 373.6684  74.868120 436.2040
## 1262304941.844      255.5363 135.0239101 376.0487  71.228494 439.8441

```

```
## 1262304950.854      255.5375 -456.1647110 967.2397 -832.917088 1343.9920
## 1262304950.865      255.5375 -456.5641945 967.6391 -833.528045 1344.6030
## 1262304950.875      255.5375 -456.9634540 968.0384 -834.138660 1345.2136
## 1262304950.885      255.5375 -457.3624899 968.4374 -834.748933 1345.8239
## 1262304950.896      255.5375 -457.7613026 968.8362 -835.358864 1346.4338
## 1262304950.906      255.5375 -458.1598925 969.2348 -835.968455 1347.0434
## 1262304950.917      255.5375 -458.5582598 969.6332 -836.577705 1347.6526
## 1262304950.927      255.5375 -458.9564051 970.0313 -837.186615 1348.2616
## 1262304950.938      255.5375 -459.3543286 970.4293 -837.795187 1348.8701
```

```
summary(fit_arima)
```

```
## Series: my_serie_train
## ARIMA(1,0,0)(0,1,0)[96]
##
## Coefficients:
##      ar1
##      0.7745
## s.e.  0.0101
##
## sigma^2 = 97.33: log likelihood = -14438.8
## AIC=28881.6   AICc=28881.6   BIC=28894.13
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE
## Training set -0.07270899 9.744813 5.712995 -0.1197716 2.641239 0.7222694
##              ACF1
## Training set -0.01386996
```

```
summary(fit_hw)
```

```
##              Length Class  Mode
## fitted      15576  mts    numeric
## x           3990   ts     numeric
## alpha        1  -none-  numeric
## beta         1  -none-  numeric
## gamma        1  -none-  numeric
## coefficients  98  -none-  numeric
## seasonal     1  -none-  character
## SSE          1  -none-  numeric
## call         3  -none-  call
```

We encounter issue with `freq > 24` for seasonal hw damped We use seasonal `HolWinters` as workaround

RMSE

```
# Calculate the RMSE for the Holt model
rmse_holt <- sqrt(mean((fit_holt$mean - my_serie_test)^2))

# Print the RMSE with a descriptive message
cat('Holt RMSE:', rmse_holt, '\n')
```

```
## Holt RMSE: 73.25496
```

```
# Calculate the RMSE for the Damped Holt model
rmse_damped_holt <- sqrt(mean((fit_holt_damped$mean - my_serie_test)^2))

# Print the RMSE with a descriptive message
```

```
cat('Damped Holt RMSE:', rmse_damped_holt, '\n')
```

```
## Damped Holt RMSE: 68.8236
```

```
# Calculate the RMSE for the auto.arima model
```

```
rmse_arima <- sqrt(mean((forecast_arima$mean - my_serie_test)^2))
```

```
# Print the RMSE with a descriptive message
```

```
cat('auto.arima RMSE:', rmse_arima, '\n')
```

```
## auto.arima RMSE: 23.47388
```

```
# Calculate the RMSE for the seasonal Holt-Winters model
```

```
rmse_hw <- sqrt(mean((forecast_hw - my_serie_test)^2))
```

```
# Print the RMSE with a descriptive message
```

```
cat('Seasonal Holt-Winters RMSE:', rmse_hw, '\n')
```

```
## Seasonal Holt-Winters RMSE: 25.97643
```

We notice that the better model is auto.arima with perform a RMSE=23.47388. It could better to use cross validation for better model selection

```
# Create the plot with customizations
```

```
autoplot(my_serie_test, series = "Actual") +  
  autolayer(fit_holt$mean, series = "Holt", PI = FALSE) +  
  autolayer(fit_holt_damped$mean, series = "Damped Holt", PI = FALSE) +  
  autolayer(forecast_arima$mean, series = "auto.arima", PI = FALSE) +  
  autolayer(forecast_hw, series = "Seasonal Holt-Winters", PI = FALSE) +  
  labs(title = "Forecast Comparison",  
        x = "Time",  
        y = "Power",  
        color = "Legend") +  
  theme_minimal() +  
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

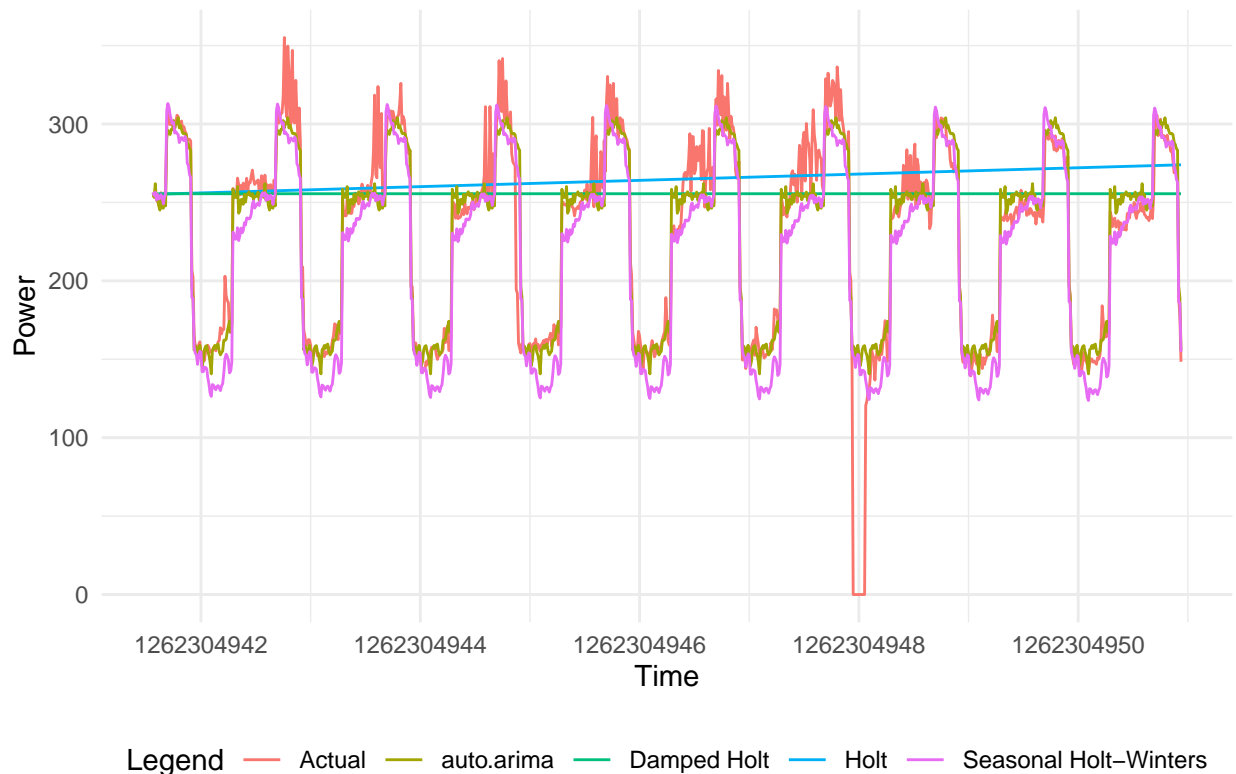
```
## Warning in ggplot2::geom_line(ggplot2::aes(x = .data[["timeVal"]], y = .data[["seriesVal"]], : Ignor
```

```
## Ignoring unknown parameters: `PI`
```

```
## Ignoring unknown parameters: `PI`
```

```
## Ignoring unknown parameters: `PI`
```

## Forecast Comparison



## Forecasting

Let's forecast 96 data using auto.arima Now we will use all data1 set as training ()

```
# Fit the auto.arima model
fit_arima_full <- auto.arima(my_serier)

# Forecast using the fitted model
forecast_arima_full <- forecast(fit_arima_full, h = 96)

# Check the model summary
summary(fit_arima_full)
```

```
## Series: my_serier
## ARIMA(5,0,1)(0,1,0)[96]
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1      ar2      ar3      ar4      ar5      ma1
##          0.3966  0.2911  0.1917 -0.2141  0.0633  0.3312
## s.e.      0.1173  0.0830  0.0186   0.0283  0.0303  0.1174
##
## sigma^2 = 137.4: log likelihood = -18604.56
## AIC=37223.11  AICc=37223.14  BIC=37268.44
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE      ACF1
## Training set -0.08744663 11.6002  6.643672 -Inf    Inf  0.712952 -0.0003429888
```

```

# Extract the forecasted mean values
forecasted_means <- forecast_arima_full$mean
print(forecasted_means)

## Time Series:
## Start = c(1262304950, 92)
## End = c(1262304951, 91)
## Frequency = 96
## [1] 145.2011 140.3435 140.9941 148.9116 151.1115 152.0155 141.9249 144.5476
## [9] 141.4772 147.6041 153.6907 148.9995 148.2129 146.3382 141.1884 146.8614
## [17] 150.1116 149.9427 148.0809 148.7022 147.7216 146.7394 151.0499 150.0609
## [25] 152.3689 161.6747 184.0803 173.5841 169.6873 164.1900 164.4919 167.9936
## [33] 166.2949 243.9959 241.0968 234.5974 238.9979 239.9984 234.1987 235.3990
## [41] 238.2992 232.4993 237.0995 235.3996 233.7997 232.6997 234.0998 232.2998
## [49] 242.8999 243.1999 240.0999 247.5999 246.3999 244.1000 250.0000 242.8000
## [57] 239.8000 244.3000 243.9000 245.2000 249.9000 244.4000 247.2000 242.4000
## [65] 241.5000 240.0000 240.4000 238.4000 241.8000 246.1000 239.7000 252.8000
## [73] 299.2000 302.9000 305.5000 292.6000 294.5000 303.1000 293.4000 291.3000
## [81] 292.6000 288.9000 291.9000 292.9000 287.9000 287.4000 282.6000 284.5000
## [89] 276.2000 268.9000 272.5000 271.2000 269.8000 189.6000 177.9000 148.4000

```

Forecasting with covariates

Here we will use dynamic regression by using variable temperature

```

# Fit the auto.arima model with external regressors
fit_arima_xreg <- auto.arima(my_serie, xreg = data1$temp)

# Forecast using the fitted model with external regressors
forecast_arima_xreg <- forecast(fit_arima_xreg, h = 96, xreg = data2$temp)

# Check the model summary
summary(fit_arima_xreg)

```

```

## Series: my_serie
## Regression with ARIMA(5,0,1)(0,1,0)[96] errors
##
## Coefficients:
##          ar1      ar2      ar3      ar4      ar5      ma1      xreg
##          0.4105  0.2812  0.1895 -0.2176  0.0660  0.3161  0.3952
## s.e.    0.1204  0.0851  0.0188  0.0285  0.0306  0.1207  0.2653
##
## sigma^2 = 137.4: log likelihood = -18603.45
## AIC=37222.89 AICc=37222.92 BIC=37274.69
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME      RMSE      MAE  MPE  MAPE      MASE      ACF1
## Training set -0.08676412 11.59752 6.641026 -Inf  Inf  0.712668 -0.0004231387

```

```

# Extract the forecasted mean values
forecasted_means_xreg <- forecast_arima_xreg$mean

# Print the forecasted mean values with a descriptive message
print(forecasted_means_xreg)

```

```
## Time Series:
```



```

## Start = c(1262304950, 92)
## End = c(1262304951, 91)
## Frequency = 96
## [1] 145.2814 140.6166 141.3251 149.3395 151.5958 151.6516 141.6059 144.2444
## [9] 141.1959 147.3390 153.4333 148.7539 147.9724 146.1027 140.9577 146.6325
## [17] 149.8856 149.7183 147.8575 148.4801 147.5000 147.6160 151.9271 150.9382
## [25] 153.2465 161.8939 184.2995 173.8034 169.9067 164.4095 164.7114 168.2131
## [33] 166.5144 243.7764 240.8772 234.3779 238.7784 239.3398 233.5401 234.7404
## [41] 237.6406 231.6212 236.2213 234.5214 232.9215 232.2607 233.6607 231.8608
## [49] 242.4608 242.5413 239.4413 246.9413 245.7413 243.6609 249.5609 242.3609
## [57] 239.3609 244.0804 243.6805 244.9805 249.6805 244.6195 247.4195 242.6195
## [65] 241.7195 240.4391 240.8391 238.8391 242.2391 246.5391 240.1391 253.2391
## [73] 299.6391 303.1195 305.7195 292.8195 294.7195 303.1000 293.4000 291.3000
## [81] 292.6000 288.9000 291.9000 292.9000 287.9000 287.1805 282.3805 284.2805
## [89] 275.9805 268.4609 272.0609 270.7609 269.3609 188.9414 177.2414 147.7414

combined_forecasts <- data.frame(
  "Without Outdoor Temperature" = forecasted_means,
  "With Outdoor Temperature" = forecasted_means_xreg
)

write.xlsx(combined_forecasts, file = "selvalakshmi.xlsx")

```