Set Names to Lowercase for Multiple Dataframes in R

Ronald (Ryy) Glenn Thomas

2025-05-13

Table of contents

0.1	Introduction	1
0.2	Prerequisites	1
0.3	Step-by-Step Implementation	2
	0.3.1 Setting up the Environment	2
	0.3.2 Creating Test Data	
	0.3.3 Finding and Converting Dataframes	2
	0.3.4 Alternative Approach	2
0.4	Key Takeaways	2
0.5	Additional Implementation Notes	3
0.6	Further Reading	3
0.7	Step-by-Step Implementation	3
0.8	Key Takeaways	3
0.9	Further Reading	3

0.1 Introduction

Frequent task in R is to set names of dataframes to lowercase.

Assume a data space with many objects. Several of which are data frames We want to idenify all the dataframes by surveying their classes and conver the column names to lowercase no matter what case format they currently have.

0.2 Prerequisites

To follow along with this tutorial, you'll need:

- Basic knowledge of R programming
- R installed on your system
- The purr package for functional programming

Thomas Lab 2

0.3 Step-by-Step Implementation

0.3.1 Setting up the Environment

First, let's load required packages and clean our environment:

```
library(purrr)
rm(list = ls())
```

0.3.2 Creating Test Data

Construct a few objects. Two of them dataframes:

```
aa = data.frame(COL_1 = letters[6:4], COL_2 = 1:3)
bb = data.frame(COL_1 = letters[6:8], COL_2 = 1:3)
bb = as_tibble(bb)
cc = 1:10
dd = letters[1:4]
```

0.3.3 Finding and Converting Dataframes

Start by creating a list of all the dataframes in the workspace:

```
# test each object in environment to see if it is a dataframe.
# keep a list of the data frames in df1
df0 = eapply(.GlobalEnv, \(x) if (is.data.frame(x)) return(x))
df1 <- l1[!sapply(l1,is.null)]
# process dataframes in df1 and lower the case of the names
df2 = lapply(df1, \(x) {names(x) = tolower(names(x))}
  return(x) })
# move the processed dataframes in df3 out to global env
list2env(df2, .GlobalEnv)</pre>
```

0.3.4 Alternative Approach

An alternative method from How to get the list of available data frames in R environment?:

```
df1 = names(which(unlist(eapply(.GlobalEnv,is.data.frame))))
```

0.4 Key Takeaways

- Using eapply() allows us to check all objects in the environment efficiently
- We can filter for dataframes and process them in batch operations
- The list2env() function is useful for updating global environment objects
- This approach works even for objects with multiple classes (like tibbles)

Thomas Lab

0.5 Additional Implementation Notes

0.6 Further Reading

- Advanced R: Environments
- purr documentation
- In development

0.7 Step-by-Step Implementation

In development

0.8 Key Takeaways

In development

0.9 Further Reading

In development