ZZCOLLAB Mini Workflow Guide

Developer 1: Team Lead Project Initialization

Commands for initiating a new analysis project without building a local workspace

```
# 1. Navigate to projects directory
cd ~/projects # or your preferred projects directory
# 2. Initialize team project with selective base image building
# Choose one approach based on team needs:
# Option A: Build only shell variant (fastest - recommended for command-line teams)
zzcollab -i -t rgt47 -p png1 -B r-ver -S
# Option B: Build only RStudio variant (for GUI-focused teams)
zzcollab -i -t rgt47 -p png1 -B rstudio -S
# Option C: Build only verse variant (for publishing-focused teams)
zzcollab -i -t rgt47 -p png1 -B verse -S
# Option D: Build all variants (traditional approach - takes longer)
zzcollab -i -t rgt47 -p png1 -B all -S
# Note: Omitting -d ~/dotfiles means no local workspace is built
```

What This Does:

- 1. Creates project directory: png1/
- 2. Sets up team Docker images:
 - Builds and pushes to Docker Hub as rgt47/pnglcoreshell:latest (and/or other variants)
- 3. **Initializes zzcollab project structure**: Complete R package with analysis framework
- 4. Creates private GitHub repository: https://github.com/rgt47/png1
- 5. **Sets up automated CI/CD**: GitHub Actions for team image management
- 6. **Enables team collaboration**: Dev 2 and Dev 3 can join immediately

For Dev 2 and Dev 3 to Join:

```
# 1. Clone the project
git clone https://github.com/rgt47/pngl.git
cd pngl
```

```
# 2. Join with available interface (they'll get helpful errors if variant unavailable
zzcollab -t rgt47 -p png1 -I shell -d ~/dotfiles  # If shell variant available
zzcollab -t rgt47 -p png1 -I rstudio -d ~/dotfiles  # If RStudio variant available
zzcollab -t rgt47 -p png1 -I verse -d ~/dotfiles  # If verse variant available
# 3. Start development
make docker-zsh  # or make docker-rstudio, make docker-verse
```

Key Benefits of This Approach:

- No local workspace for Dev 1: Team infrastructure created without personal development setup
- [] Faster initialization: Only builds needed variants, not all three
- [] Immediate team access: Dev 2 & 3 can join as soon as GitHub repo is created
- [] Flexible team scaling: Can add more variants later with zzcollab -V rstudio
- [] **Error guidance**: Team members get helpful messages if requesting unavailable variants

If Team Needs Multiple Interfaces Later:

Developer 1 can add variants incrementally:

```
cd png1
zzcollab -V rstudio # Add RStudio variant
zzcollab -V verse # Add verse variant for publishing
This approach optimizes for team coordination while minimizing
```

This approach optimizes for **team coordination** while minimizing **setup overhead** for the team lead! \square

Developer 2: Development Completion Workflow

When **Developer 2** finishes their development work, here's the complete workflow:

1. Final Testing & Validation (Inside Container)

```
# Still in development container (make docker-zsh)
R
# Run final tests
devtools::load_all()  # Load all package functions
devtools::test()  # Run unit tests
```

```
testthat::test_dir("tests/integration") # Run integration tests
source("scripts/my_analysis.R") # Test your analysis script
quit()
```

2. Exit Container & Validate Dependencies

```
# Exit the development container
exit

# Validate all dependencies are properly tracked
make docker-check-renv-fix  # Auto-fix any dependency issues
make docker-test  # Run all tests in clean environment
make docker-render  # Ensure reports render correctly
```

3. Git Workflow - Commit Changes

```
# Check what you've changed
git status
git diff

# Stage and commit your work
git add .
git commit -m "Add [feature description] with comprehensive tests

- [Describe what you implemented]
- [List any new packages added]
- [Mention test coverage]
- All tests passing and dependencies validated"

# Push to your feature branch (if using feature branches - recommended)
git push origin feature/my-analysis

# OR push directly to main (if using simple workflow)
git push origin main
```

4. Create Pull Request (Recommended Team Workflow)

- [x] All unit tests pass
- [x] Integration tests pass
- [x] Analysis scripts run without errors
- [x] Report renders successfully
- [x] Dependencies validated

Impact

- [Describe how this affects the project]
- [Any breaking changes or requirements for other devs]"

5. What Happens Next (Automated)

When Dev 2 pushes changes:

1. GitHub Actions automatically:

- 🛘 Runs R package validation
- \square Executes all tests
- 🛘 Renders analysis reports
- □ Detects if new packages were added

2. If new packages detected:

- Rebuilds team Docker image with new packages
- Pushes updated image to Docker Hub (rgt47/png1core-*:latest)
- \square Notifies team via commit comment with update instructions

3. Team gets notification:

```
☐ Team Docker Image Updated

New packages detected: tidymodels, plotly

Team members: Update your environment with: git pull docker pull rgt47/png1core-shell:latest make docker-zsh
```

6. Team Synchronization (Dev 1 & Dev 3)

Other team members sync automatically:

```
# Dev 1 and Dev 3 run when they see the notification:
git pull  # Get latest code changes
docker pull rgt47/pnglcore-shell:latest # Get updated team environment
make docker-zsh  # Continue development with new packages
```

Alternative: Simple Direct Push Workflow

If not using pull requests:

```
# After validation (steps 1-2 above)
git add .
git commit -m "Add my analysis with tests - all dependencies validated"
git push origin main  # Direct push triggers team image rebuild
```

Key Benefits of This Workflow:

- 🛘 **Zero manual image management**: GitHub Actions handles Docker rebuilds
- Automatic team notification: Everyone knows when environment updates
- Dependency validation: Prevents environment drift before commit
- [] **Professional quality**: Tests, validation, and documentation required
- Team coordination: Clear communication about changes and impacts

Dev 2's Work is Done! [

Once Dev 2 pushes their changes: - **Code is integrated** into the main project - **Team environment is updated** automatically

- Other developers are notified and can sync - Dev 2 can start next feature or analysis

This workflow ensures **zero-friction collaboration** while maintaining **enterprise-grade quality standards**!