

Q1. Consider code:

```
....
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException,
IOException {
    java.io.PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    out.println(request.getParameter("name"));
}
```

What will happen if this servlet is requested using its URL?

- A NullPointerException is thrown and page displays with server error with Status 500
  - B Page prints "null"**
  - C Servlet code does not compile because of error in line 5
  - D Page displays error with status 404 because servlets cannot be requested using a URL.
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Q2. HttpServletRequest and HttpServletResponse interface is implemented by

- 1. **Servlet container**
  - 2. Server
  - 3. Programmer
  - 4. By both programmer and Servlet Container
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Q3.How to set some application scoped value in a servlet:-

- 1. **getServletContext().setAttribute("foo",barObj);**
  - 2. application.setAttribute("foo",barObj);
  - 3. Both are good approach
  - 4. None of these
- 

Q4. Which method of HttpServletResponse is used to redirect an HTTP request to another URL?

- 1. redirectURL()
  - 2. redirectHttp()
  - 3. **sendRedirect()**
  - 4. getRequestDispatcher()
- 

Q5. Which deployment descriptor element is used to specify a ServletContext-Listener? (Select one)

- a <context-listener>
  - b <listener>**
  - c <servlet-context-listener>
  - d <servletcontextlistener>
- 

Q6. How should servlet developers handle the HttpServlet's service() method when extending HttpServlet?

- A. They should override the service() method in most cases.
  - B. They should call the service() method from doGet() or doPost()
  - C. They should call the service() method from the init() method.
  - D. They should override at least one doXXX() method (such as doPost()).**
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Q7. A RequestDispatcher can be obtained from which objects?

- A ServletConfig
  - B ServletContext**
  - C HttpServletRequest**
  - D HttpServletResponse
- 

Q8. Which statements about session attributes is **not** true?

- 1. The return type of HttpSession.getAttribute(String) is Object.
- 2. The return type of HttpSession.getAttribute(String) is String.**
- 3. Attributes bound into a session are available to any other servlet that belongs to the same ServletContext and handles a request identified as being part of the same session.

4. Calling `setAttribute("keyA", "valueB")` on an `HttpSession` which already holds a value for the key `keyA` will cause the previous value for this attribute to be replaced with the `String` value `B`.

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Q9. `<context-param>`

`<param-name>email</param-name>`

`<param-value>raj@123</param-value>`

`</context-param>`

1. Can be assessed in any servlet/jsp
  2. Can be assessed in any servlet but not in jsp
  3. Can be assessed in an servlet in which it is defined
  4. None of these
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Q10.

//assume imports

public class Test extends `HttpServlet` {

protected void `doGet`(`HttpServletRequest` request, `HttpServletResponse` response) throws `Exception`{

`PrintWriter` out = response.getWriter();

out.println("hello"); out.flush();

request.getRequestDispatcher("/More").forward(request, response);}}

Assuming that Servlet in the path `/More` gets the `PrintStream` object and prints "hello there", what will happen when the Test servlet is requested?

- A Page displays hello and no error
  - B Page throws `IllegalStateException`
  - C Page prints hello and hello there in 2 lines
  - D None of these
- 

Q11. Which interfaces declare a `getSession()` method?

1. `ServletRequest`
  2. `ServletResponse`
  3. `HttpServletRequest`
  4. `HttpServletResponse`
- 

Q12. If a client will NOT accept a cookie, which session management mechanism could the web container employ? (Choose one.)

- A. Cookies, but NOT URL rewriting.
  - B. URL rewriting, but NOT cookies.
  - C. Either cookies or URL rewriting can be used.
  - D. Neither cookies nor URL rewriting can be used.
- 

Q13. Which is most logically stored as an attribute in session scope?

- A. A copy of a query parameter entered by a user.
  - B. The result of a database query to be returned immediately to a user.
  - C. A database connection object used by all web components of the system.
  - D. An object representing a user who has just logged into the system.
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Q15. What is the recommended way to deal with servlets and thread safety?

- A. Write the servlet code to extend `ThreadSafeServlet`.
  - B. Have the servlet implement `SingleThreadModel`.
  - C. Use local variables exclusively, and if you have to use instance variables, synchronize access to them.
  - C. Log all servlet method calls.
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Q15.

public class Test extends `HttpServlet` {

protected void `doGet`(`HttpServletRequest` request, `HttpServletResponse` response) throws `ServletException`, `IOException`

{ response.setContentType("text/html");

`HttpSession` session = request.getSession();

```
session.setAttribute("name", "Test");
session.invalidate();
}}
```

```
public class SessList implements HttpSessionListener {
    public void sessionCreated(HttpSessionEvent arg0) {
        System.out.print("Session Created") ;
    }
    public void sessionDestroyed(HttpSessionEvent arg0) {
        System.out.print("Session Destroyed") ;
    }
}
```

Test servlet will cause following to be printed in server console

- A Session Created
- B Session Destroyed
- C Session Created Session Destroyed
- D Nothing

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Q 16. The statement `a==b` refers to \_\_\_\_\_

- a) Both a and b are equal in value, type and reference address
- b) Both a and b are equal in value
- c) Both a and b are equal in value and type
- d) There is no such statement

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Q 17. Choose the correct JavaScript syntax to change the content of the following HTML code.

```
<p id="foof">hello foof</p>
```

- A) `document.getElement("foof").innerHTML="i am a student";`
- B) `document.getElementById("foof").innerHTML="I am a student";`
- C) `document.getId("foof")="I am a student";`
- D) `document.getElementByld("foof").innerHTML=I am a student;`

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Q18. Consider following code, what is the correct way to create javascript class?

```
function createEmp(name, address, city, salary){
    this.name=name;
    this.address=name;
    this.city=name;
    this.salary=name;
}
```

- 
- A) `var emp3=new createEmp("raja","kn","delhi",5000);`
  - B) `let emp3=new createEmp("raja","kn","delhi",5000);`
  - C) `var emp3= createEmp("raja","kn","delhi",5000);`
  - D) `createEmp emp3=new createEmp("raja","kn","delhi",5000);`

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Q19. What is the output of flowing code:

```
console.log(x);
```

```
var x=33;
```

- A. 33
- B. NaN
- C. undefined
- D. Depend on javascript version

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Q20. What will be the output of the following code?

```
<script>
```

```
    document.write(typeof(24.49));
```

```
</script>
```

- A) float
- B) number
- C) integer
- D) double