

Overview	1
Hub and edge cluster architecture	3
Prerequisites	5
Base	5
Networking	5
Storage	5
General	7
The Edge-clusters YAML file	7
Preparing the factory install environment	. 12
About the factory install pipeline	. 14
Factory install workflow	. 15
Hub factory pipeline	. 15
The edge factory pipeline.	. 17
Verifying the hub cluster is ready to run the factory install pipeline	. 19
Installing the OpenShift Pipelines Operator	. 23
Running the hub cluster factory install pipeline	. 25
Monitoring the progress of the hub cluster factory install pipeline	. 26
Post hub factory pipeline verification checks.	. 26
Running the edge cluster factory install pipeline.	. 30
Monitoring the progress of the edge cluster factory install pipeline	. 34
Post edge cluster factory pipeline verification checks	. 34
Troubleshooting a pipeline run	. 36
Common and expected errors	. 41
Configuring the edge cluster at the remote location	. 43
ZTP factory install pipelines flags and arguments	. 46
Troubleshooting	. 47
Troubleshooting a PipelineRun	. 47
Debugging a task execution from the container in the cluster.	. 48
Development	. 50
Deploying the environment in Virtual	. 50
Build Images	. 51
Executing a Pipeline Step	. 52

Overview

Zero touch provisioning for factory workflows (ZTPFW) accelerates the deployment of OpenShift Container Platform with pre-certified hardware and software for rapid edge deployments.

ZTP for factory workflows enables original equipment manufacturer (OEM) partners to pre-install OpenShift Container Platform at their factory and build turnkey solutions on their hardware. This approach is well suited to a range of different industries including:

- healthcare
- manufacturing
- aerospace
- media
- entertainment
- retail
- telecommunications

ZTP for factory workflows installs the components that enable you to use OpenShift Container Platform as a disconnected hub cluster. This hub cluster is then able to deploy edge clusters that can be shipped off site for final configuration.

At the factory, the OEM partner first deploys a hub OpenShift Container Platform cluster and then uses the hub cluster to deploy one or more edge clusters at scale.

The hub cluster can be a single-node OpenShift (aka SNO) cluster or a compact cluster and it can deploy multiple SNO and/or 3 control plane + 1 worker node edge clusters at scale.

NOTE The hub cluster is also known as the factory cluster.

The following are the possible combinations of hub and edgecluster cluster topologies:

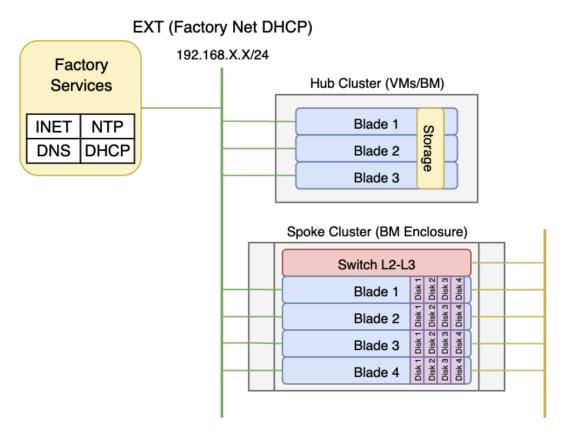
Table 1. Cluster topologies

Hub	Edge
Compact (3 control plane nodes also able to act	3 + 1 (Compact and 1 worker node)
as worker nodes)	Compact
	SNO
SNO (Control plane and worker node on a single	3 + 1
node)	Compact
	Single-node OpenShift

Whatever the topology, the hub cluster uses Multcluster Engine (MCE) and the Assisted Installer (AI) to install edge clusters at scale by using zero touch provisioning (ZTP).

After successful completion of the selected edgecluster pipelinerun, the deployed edge cluster can be shipped to the customer onsite locations. There, the end customer unboxes it and configures the edge cluster, making it fully operational.

The actual workflow and its details can be checked at the files inside the pipelines folder.



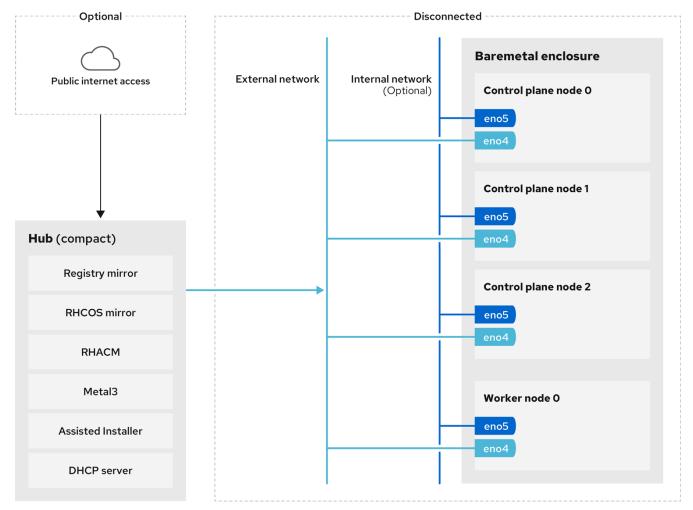
192.168.7.0/24 INT (Defined Static Network)

Hub and edge cluster architecture

After running all workflows in the hub and edge cluster pipelines, the architecture for a compact hub and 3 plus 1 edge cluster may resemble the following:

NOTE

In the documentation and particularly with reference to the various scripts invoked you might see the term edgecluster cluster or edgecluster clusters used. The preferred term to use in relation to ZTPFWs is edge cluster or edge clusters and they effectively mean the same thing.



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Figure 1. Compact hub and 3 + 1 edge cluster architecture

Every blade in the chassis has access to multiple NICs, which are connected to internal switches. Switches and NICs are referred to as networks using the name of the interface. The eno4 and eno5 networks are 10gbs networks with enough bandwidth to support the internal and external traffic of the cluster. The eno4 network is used as the external network. It will be configured by DHCP to make it easier for the factory to configure and interact with it. This also simplifies the on site customer configuration. The eno5 network is the internal network. It is only to be accessible from within the blades (isolated). This network is configured with static IPs and is expected to be used for the internal traffic of the cluster. The client also connects to this network and uses it to reconfigure the external connection. The use of the internal interface (eno5) is optional. A vlan on eno4 will be

created if no internal NIC is specified in the edgeclusters.yaml file passed to the pipeline/task. In this case the switch ports should be configured for passing vlan tagged traffic using trunking.

NOTE

The public internet access is initially required when working on the hub and can be disconnected later after everything is synced. The network interface names eno4 and eno5 are configurable in the edgeclusters.yaml file.

Prerequisites

Installer-provisioned installation of OpenShift Container Platform requires:

Base

- · OpenShift Cluster with 3 masters
 - 1. All Cluster Operators in good health status
 - 2. Cluster reachable via a KUBECONFIG file
 - 3. The API/API-INT/Ingress should be deployed on the DHCP Ext Network (Factory network)

Networking

- Only one physical nic is required (the NIC used for the DHCP Ext Network). In this case, the internal network will be a sub-interface from the external network using a vlan tag in the edge cluster configuration. However, you could define 2 nics in the config yaml file (internal and external), and the internal network will be another physical interface instead of using vlan tag.
- DNS entries configured and resolvable from both internal and external network, with DNS on the DHCP Factory network
- HUB
 - 1. api.<hub-domain>.<domain> and api-int.<hub-domain>.<domain> entries should resolve to the same IP address
 - 2. ingress (*.apps.<hub-domain>.<net-domain>)
- EDGE
 - 1. api.<edgecluster-domain>.<net-domain> and api-int.<edgecluster-domain>.<net-domain> entries should resolve to the same IP address
 - 2. ingress (*.apps.<edgecluster-domain>.<net-domain>)
- External DHCP with some free IPs on the factory to provide access to the Edge-cluster using the external network interface
- Every Edge-cluster will need at least ~6 IPs from this External Network (without the broadcast and network IP)
 - 1. 1 per node
 - 2. 1 API and same for API-INT
 - 3. 1 for the Ingress entry (*.apps.<edgecluster-domain>.<net-domain>)

Storage

• We need some existing PVs on the HUB

NOTE

We cannot use emptyDir directive for running the pipeline, because between each step in the pipeline the contents will be removed and we require them to further progress.

- 1. 3 PVs for MCE: 2 for Assisted Installer + 1 for MCE (the PV size depends on how many edgeclusters you plan to deploy)
- 2. 1 for the Hub Internal Registry, the base installation (which includes MCE, MetalLB, OCP version 4.X, NMState and some more images) we will need at least 900Gb on the Hub side (Maybe more if you have OCS/ODF deployed).
- 3. 1 for the HTTPD server, which will host the RHCOS images.
- 4. We need to meet the OpenShift Storage requirements for the Hub like (SSD/NVME).
- 5. LSO should be enough but we recommend to use a more reliable storage backend like ODF or NFS in order to avoid issues with the PVs and node scheduling pods.
- Create a PVC called ztp-pvc that will be used by the hub pipeline itself. You can use the following yaml to create the PVC.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
   annotations:
   name: ztp-pvc
   namespace: edgecluster-deployer
spec:
   accessModes:
   - ReadWriteOnce
   resources:
     requests:
     storage: 10Gi
   volumeMode: Filesystem
```

• In case you want to use dynamic PV and PVC creation using LVMO - we've prepared a Tekton task to do that:

```
run-hub-lvmo-task:
    tkn task start -n edgecluster-deployer \
        -p ztp-container-image="$(PIPE_IMAGE):$(BRANCH)" \
            -p edgeclusters-config="$$(cat $(EDGECLUSTERS_FILE))" \
            -p kubeconfig=${KUBECONFIG} \
            -w name=ztp,emptyDir="" \
            --timeout 5h \
            --use-param-defaults hub-deploy-lvmo \
            --showlog
```

NOTE

You'll need to make sure that the HUB's master nodes have one available block device to form

the required volume group. The total size of these block devices should be no less than 900GB.

General

- edgeclusters.yaml file with the configuration for the edgeclusters (In this initial version you will need to bake this file by hand)
- The enclosure is suppose to be just one Edge-cluster which contains 3 masters, 1 worker and 1 Switch L2-L3
- The disks will be encrypted with TPMv2 so if you are using virtual environment using libvirt instead of physical servers, you will need to do this:
 - 1. Install swtpm package
 - 2. Configure libvirt device section to add: ` <tpm model='tpm-tis'> <backend type='emulator'
 version='2.0'/> </tpm> `

Of course, the requirements for the installation of OpenShift Container Platform are also to be satisfied on the hardware involved in the installation.

The Edge-clusters YAML file

The edgeclusters.yaml file contains all the configuration information required about the setup.

There's an example in the repo at https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rh-ecosystem-edge/ztp-pipeline-relocatable/main/examples/config.yaml

As you can check, it has two major sections config and edgeclusters that will be explained in the next section.

Just keep in mind that the edgeclusters section, can contain several edgecluster-name entries, one per edgecluster to be deployed by the workflow.

Edge-clusters.yaml walktrough

Check next table for a commented configuration file with links to the explanation to each relevant file section and configuration value.

```
config:
    clusterimageset: openshift-v4.10.38
    OC_OCP_VERSION: "4.10.38"
    OC_OCP_TAG: "4.10.38-x86_64"
    OC_RHCOS_RELEASE: "410.84.202210130022-0"
    OC_ACM_VERSION: "2.5"
    OC_ODF_VERSION: "4.10"

edgeclusters:
    - edgecluster1-name:
        master0:
        ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
```

```
nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
      mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:10"
      bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
      bmc_user: "user-bmc"
      bmc_pass: "user-pass"
      root disk: /dev/sda
      storage_disk:
        - /dev/sdb
        - /dev/sdc
        - /dev/sde
        - /dev/sdd
    master1:
      ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
      nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
      mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:11"
      bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
      bmc_user: "user-bmc"
      bmc_pass: "user-pass"
      root_disk: /dev/sda
      storage_disk:
        - /dev/sdb
        - /dev/sdc
        - /dev/sde
        - /dev/sdd
   master2:
      ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
      nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
      mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:12"
      bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
      bmc_user: "user-bmc"
      bmc_pass: "user-pass"
      root_disk: /dev/sda
      storage_disk:
        - /dev/sdb
        - /dev/sdc
        - /dev/sde
        - /dev/sdd
   worker0:
      nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
      mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:19"
      bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
      bmc_user: "user-bmc"
      bmc_pass: "user-pass"
      root_disk: /dev/sda
      storage_disk:
        - /dev/sdb
        - /dev/sdc
        - /dev/sde
        - /dev/sdd
- edgecluster2-name:
    master0:
```

```
ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
  nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
  nic_int_static: eno5
  mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:20"
 mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:20"
 bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
  bmc_user: "user-bmc"
  bmc_pass: "user-pass"
  root disk: /dev/sda
  storage_disk:
    - /dev/sdb
    - /dev/sdc
    - /dev/sde
    - /dev/sdd
master1:
  ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
  nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
 nic_int_static: eno5
  mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:21"
 mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:21"
 bmc url: "<url bmc>"
 bmc_user: "user-bmc"
  bmc_pass: "user-pass"
  root disk: /dev/sda
  storage_disk:
   - /dev/sdb
    - /dev/sdc
    - /dev/sde
    - /dev/sdd
master2:
  ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
 nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
 nic_int_static: eno5
 mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:22"
 mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:22"
 bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
  bmc user: "user-bmc"
  bmc_pass: "user-pass"
  root_disk: /dev/sda
  storage_disk:
    - /dev/sdb
    - /dev/sdc
    - /dev/sde
    - /dev/sdd
worker0:
  nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
 nic_int_static: eno5
 mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:29"
 mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:29"
 bmc url: "<url bmc>"
  bmc_user: "user-bmc"
```

bmc_pass: "user-pass"
root_disk: /dev/sda
storage_disk:

- /dev/sdb
- /dev/sdc
- /dev/sde
- /dev/sdd

Table 2. Required parameters

Parameter/Section	Description
config	This section marks the cluster configuration values that will be used for installation or configuration in both Hub and Edge-clusters.
clusterimageset	This setting defines the Cluster Image Set used for the HUB and the Edge-clusters
OC_OCP_VERSION	Defines the OpenShift version to be used for the installation.
OC_OCP_TAG	This setting defines version tag to use
OC_RHCOS_RELEASE	This is the release to be used
OC_ACM_VERSION	Specifies which ACM version should be used for the deployment
OC_ODF_VERSION	This defines the ODF version to be used
edgeclusters	This section is the one containing the configuration for each one of the Edge-cluster Clusters
edgeclustername	This option is configurable and will be the name to be used for the edgecluster cluster
mastername	This value must match master0, master1 or master2.
ignore_ifaces	(Optional) Interfaces to ignore in the host
nic_ext_dhcp	NIC connected to the external DHCP
nic_int_static	NIC interface name connected to the internal network
mac_ext_dhcp	MAC Address for the NIC connected to the external DHCP network
mac_int_static	MAC Address for the NIC connected to the internal static network
bmc_url	URL for the Baseboard Management Controller
bmc_user	Username for the BMC
bmc_pass	Password for the BMC

Parameter/Section	Description
root_disk	Mandatory: Disk device to be used for OS installation
storage_disk	List of disk available in the node to be used for storage
workername	Hardcoded name as worker0 for the worker node

Preparing the factory install environment

Base prerequisites

- Deploy the OpenShift Container Platform cluster with three control plane nodes following the guidance in the section Deploying installer-provisioned clusters on bare metal or deploy singlenode OpenShift follow the guidance in Installing on a single node in the OpenShift Container Platform documentation.
 - Alternatively you can use the technology preview Assisted Installer from cloud.redhat.com to create the cluster.
- All cluster Operators are available.
- Cluster is reachable using a KUBECONFIG file.
- The dns names for api.https://www.clusternames.com/baseDomain, api-int.https://www.clusternames.com/baseDomain should be resolvable and reachable from edge clusters via the external DHCP network.
- Metal³ has to be available in the hub cluster.

Storage prerequisites

• Storage can be provided by installing the Local Storage Operator and by using local volumes or by using OpenShift Data Foundation (ODF).

NOTE

If the cluster is greater than 3 nodes, the recommendation is to use OpenShift Data Foundation. If it is a single-node OpenShift cluster, use the Local Storage Operator.

- Create the following persistent volumes with at least 200GB of storage (NVMe or SSD) for:
 - 2 for Assisted Installer.
 - 1 for the hub internal registry that is for the mirror of the images. At least 200GB is required on the hub, more may be required if ODF is installed.
 - 1 for HTTPD that hosts the Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS (RHCOS) images.
 - 1 for zero touch provisioning factory workflows (ZTPFW).
 - 1 for Multicluster Engine (MCE)

Networking prerequisites

The hub cluster requires internet connectivity and should be installed on a private network with customer configured DNS and DHCP services. Configure DNS for the API on the ingress of the hub to reach some routes on the hub cluster. Configure enough DNS entries for the number of edge clusters you intend to deploy in parallel.

You need enough DHCP addresses to host the number of edge clusters you intend to deploy. Each OpenShift Container Platform node in the cluster must have access to an NTP server. OpenShift Container Platform nodes use NTP to synchronize their clocks. For example, cluster nodes use SSL

certificates that require validation, which might fail if the date and time between the nodes are not in sync.

Specific requirements are:

- DNS entries need to be configured and resolvable from the external network, with DNS on the DHCP external network.
- Hub
 - api.<hub-clustername>.<baseDomain> and api-int.<hub-clustername>.<baseDomain> entries should resolve to the same IP address.
 - ingress (*.apps.<hub-clustername>.<baseDomain>).
- Edge
 - api.<edge-cluster-name>.<baseDomain> and api-int.<edge-cluster-name>.<baseDomain> entries should resolve to the same IP address.
 - ingress (*.apps.<edge-cluster-name>.<baseDomain>).

NOTE

When deploying a single-node OpenShift cluster, the api.<edge-cluster-name>.<baseDomain> and *.apps.<edge-cluster-name>.<baseDomain> must be configured with different IP addresses.

- External DHCP with enough free IPs on the factory network to provide access to the edge cluster by using the external network interface.
- Every edge cluster needs at least 5 IPs (in case of SNO at least 3 IPs) on this external network (excluding the broadcast and network IP).
 - 1 per node.
 - 1 for API. Same IP is used for API-INT.
 - 1 for the Ingress entry (*.apps.<edge-cluster-name>.<baseDomain>).

About the factory install pipeline

The factory install pipelines build out your factory environment (hub and edge clusters) for the edge cluster to reach a state of readiness to be shipped off site. Red Hat has created a set of community scripts to help you get started with this task.

A GitHub repository contains all the relevant scripts and YAML files you need to provision the hub cluster and edge clusters.

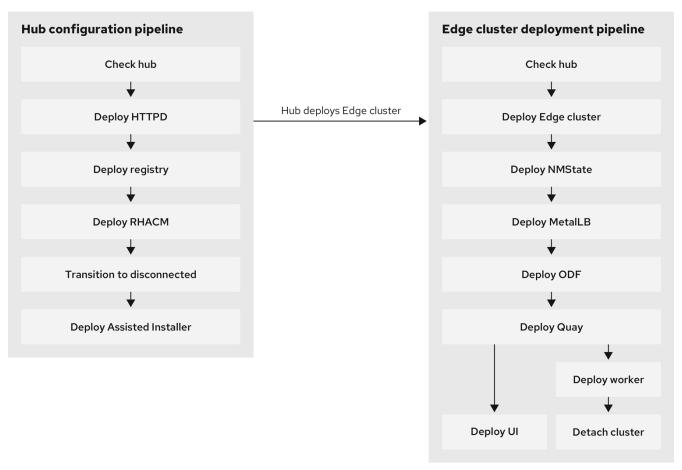
The edge cluster installation uses a zero touch provisioning (ZTP) approach facilitated by Multcluster Engine (MCE) using the Assisted Installer (AI) installed as part of running the factory install pipeline.

With ZTP and AI, you can provision many OpenShift Container Platform edge clusters in a factory-type setting. MCE manages clusters in a hub and edge architecture, where a single hub cluster manages many edge clusters. A hub cluster running MCE provisions and deploys the edge clusters using ZTP and AI. AI provisions OpenShift Container Platform on the bare-metal edge clusters.

Factory install workflow

The factory install pipelines build out your factory environment for the edge cluster to reach a state of readiness to be shipped off site.

The following diagram provides a high level overview of the pipelines used to prepare the edge clusters:



225 OpenShift 0422

Figure 2. Hub and edge pipelines

NOTE Some tasks run in parallel.

- **Hub deployment**: This first part deploys the hub cluster configuration. The assumption being OpenShift Container Platform and optionally OpenShift Data Foundation is installed with persistent volumes created with supporting DHCP and DNS configuration.
- Edge deployment: This second part deploys relocatable edge clusters on the preferred hardware in parallel. When the deployment completes, the hardware where the edge cluster is installed is shipped to the end customer. The end customer runs some on site configuration steps and then has a fully operational OpenShift Container Platform cluster.

Hub factory pipeline

The hub configuration pipeline stage prepares the hub cluster to deploy multiple edge clusters for

the end customer.

The flow associated with deploying the hub cluster is:

Check hub

The initial stages in the hub pipeline downloads the various tools needed. It downloads jq, oc, opm and kubectl. It also proceeds to verify that various hub install prerequisites exist before proceeding, for example it checks the:

- OpenShift Container Platform version.
- · Nodes are ready.
- Cluster Operators are ready.
- Metal3 pods are ready.
- Persistent volumes are created.
- DNS requirements are satisfied.

Deploy HTTPD

This step deploys and configures an HTTP server on the hub cluster. It obtains the Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS (RHCOS) ISO and RootFS images from mirror.openshift.com and ensures these are hosted on the deployed HTTPD server. These are then available to install on the edge cluster.

Deploy registry

This step deploys a registry on the hub cluster. The substeps involved in this process are as follows:

- Deploy the registry on the hub.
- Sync the OpenShift Container Platform and Operator Lifecycle Manager (OLM) images from Quay and Red Hat registries to the internal registry.
- Update the pull secret globally.

In case you have your own registry already deployed, you should add the next info to the config yaml file: REGISTRY: <url-registry:port> and update the pull secret with the registry entry (url, username and password) in order to make easy the authentication in your own registry without credentials. In this scenario, your own registry will be used as the hub registry in the pipeline.

Deploy MCE

This step installs the Multicluster Engine (MCE) and Assisted Installer on the OpenShift Container Platform hub cluster.

Transition to disconnected

This step deploys the ImageContentSourcePolicy (ISCP) and the Catalog sources for the hub to point to itself as a source of the images and operator. From this step forward, the hub cluster is no longer connected to the Internet.

Deploy Assisted Installer

This step ensures the Assisted Installer service supports installing the edge clusters. This step configures the way the edge cluster is deployed, the certificates, the image sources, the cluster details, and so on.

At this stage, the hub cluster is ready to install the edge cluster.

The edge factory pipeline

This stage deploys and configures the edge clusters. After this pipeline run is completed, the edge clusters are ready to be shipped to the end customer's remote site.

The flow associated with deploying the edge cluster is:

Check hub

This step installs the various tools on the edge cluster that are needed. It downloads jq, oc, opm and kubectl. It proceeds to verify that various hub install prerequisites exist before proceeding, for example it checks the:

- OpenShift Container Platform version.
- Nodes are ready.
- Cluster Operators are ready.
- Metal3 pods are ready.
- Persistent volumes are created.
- DNS requirements are satisfied.

Deploy edge

This step starts with the edge cluster provisioning. This process ends with pushing a notification from the edge cluster to the hub and answering with an ACK.

Deploy NMState and MetalLB

This step deploys the NMState and the MetalLB Operators. NMState creates one profile per node to obtain an IP from the external network's DHCP. Then the MetalLB creates a resource called an AddressPool to build the relationship between the internal and external interface using a LoadBalancer interface. Finally it creates a service for the API and the ingress. Without this step you will not be able to access the API or ingress by using the external address.

Deploy OpenShift Data Foundation

This step deploys the Local Storage Operator and also OpenShift Data Foundation (ODF). ODF and the Local Storage Operator uses disks defined in the storage_disk section of the edgeclusters.yaml configuration file to create persistent volumes. ODF generates the storage classes and dynamically provisions the persistent volumes. This provides the storage necessary to host the disconnected registry images (Quay).

Deploy Quay

This step deploys the Quay Operator and components of Quay, because the end customer needs a fully supported solution in the edge and the factory is expected to have their own internal

registry. This Quay deployment has a small footprint enabling only the features needed to host an internal registry with basic functions.

Deploy worker

This step deploys the worker node and adds it to the edge cluster.

Deploy UI

The deploy UI stage helps to simplify the configuration of the edge cluster after it is relocated to the customer's site.

Detach cluster

This step ensures that everything is correctly configured, it sets the NodeNetworkConfigurationPolicy (NNCP), and ensures the detached edge cluster will work on site. During the edge deployment phase the <code>kubeconfig</code> and <code>kubeadmin</code> password are saved in the hub. The SSH-RSA gets saved in the hub and edge cluster and the newly created edge gets deleted in MCE. This information is communicated to the end customer and used to complete the edge cluster configuration on site.

Verifying the hub cluster is ready to run the factory install pipeline

Run the following steps to ensure the hub cluster is ready to run the factory install pipeline.

Prerequisites

- An installed OpenShift Container Platform hub cluster.
- Access to the cluster as a user with the cluster-admin role.

Procedure

1. Verify the status of the nodes:

```
$ oc get nodes
```

Example output

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION
test-master-0	READY	master,worker	154m	
v1.23.5+9ce5071 test-master-1		master,worker	154m	
v1.23.5+9ce5071		·		
test-master-2 v1.23.5+9ce5071		master,worker	154m	
V1.23.313CE3071				

2. Verify the status of the Cluster Operators:

```
$ oc get co
```

Example output

NAME	VERSION	AVAILABLE	PROGRESSING
DEGRADED SINCE MESS	GE		
authentication	4.10.38	True	False
False 110m			
baremetal	4.10.38	True	False
False 178m			
cloud-controller-manage	4.10.38	True	False
False 3h			
cloud-credential	4.10.38	True	False
False 179m			
cluster-autoscaler	4.10.38	True	False
False 178m			
config-operator	4.10.38	True	False
False 3h			
console	4.10.38	True	False

False	168m			
	ot-controller	4.10.38	True	False
False	178m			
dns		4.10.38	True	False
False	178m			
etcd		4.10.38	True	False
False	177m			
image-regi	stry	4.10.38	True	False
False	172m			
ingress		4.10.38	True	False
False	173m			
insights		4.10.38	True	False
False	172m		_	
kube-apise		4.10.38	True	False
False	175m	4 10 20	T	F-1
	oller-manager	4.10.38	True	False
False kube-sched	176m	1 10 20	Teus	Ealco
False	uter 175m	4.10.38	True	False
		4.10.38	True	False
False	ge-version-migrator 179m	4.10.30	rrue	raise
machine-ap		4.10.38	True	False
False	175m	4110130	11 00	14130
machine-ap		4.10.38	True	False
False	179m			1 0 1 3 0
machine-co		4.10.38	True	False
False	102m			
marketplac	e	4.10.38	True	False
False	178m			
monitoring		4.10.38	True	False
False	93m			
network		4.10.38	True	False
False	3h			
node-tunin		4.10.38	True	False
False	178m		_	
openshift-		4.10.38	True	False
False	173m	4 40 20	-	F 3
	controller-manager	4.10.38	True	False
False	174m	1 10 20	True	False
openshift- False	172m	4.10.38	rrue	raise
	ifecycle-manager	4.10.38	True	False
False	179m	4.10.30	ווטכ	1 0136
	ifecycle-manager-catalog	4.10.38	True	False
False	178m	1110150	1100	. 0150
	ifecycle-manager-packageserver	4.10.38	True	False
False	173m			
service-ca		4.10.38	True	False
False	179m			
storage		4.10.38	True	Flase

False 179m

3. Verify that enough persistent volumes exist and are available:

\$ oc get pv

Example output

NAME	CAPACITY	ACCESS-MODES	RECLAIM POLICY	STATUS	CLAIM
STORAGE	ECLASS REA	SON AGE			
pv001	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m			•		
pv002	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv003	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m	20001	TINO	necycle	AVGILODIC	
pv004	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m	20001	NWO	Recycle	Available	
	2006:	DMO	Da	A	
pv005	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m	20051	Dido			
pv006	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv007	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv008	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv009	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv010	200Gi	RWO	Recycle	Available	
137m			,		
pv011	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv012	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
137m	20001	IIIIA	necycle	AVGILODIC	
pv013	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
137m	20001	IVWA	Necycle	Available	
	2000:	DMV	Daguala	Availabla	
pv014	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
137m	20061	DUV	0 1		
pv015	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv016	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv017	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv018	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
137m					
pv019	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
137m			,		
pv020	200Gi	RWX	Recycle	Available	
1					

137m

Installing the OpenShift Pipelines Operator

Follow this guidance to install the OpenShift Pipelines Operator that is used to run the pipeline.

Prerequisites

- An installed OpenShift Container Platform hub cluster.
- Install the OpenShift CLI (oc).
- Access to the cluster as a user with the cluster-admin role.
- Install git. For guidance on installing git, see Install Git.

Procedure

1. Export the KUBECONFIG environment variable:

```
$ export KUBECONFIG=<path_to_kubeconfig>/kubeconfig
```

2. Run the following bash script bootstrap.sh with the KUBECONFIG as a parameter to install the OpenShift Pipelines Operator:

```
$ curl -sLK https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rh-ecosystem-edge/ztp-pipeline-
relocatable/main/pipelines/bootstrap.sh | bash -s -- ${KUBECONFIG}
```

This script:

- Installs the tkn CLI. This tool manages OpenShift Container Platform pipelines from a terminal.
- Clones the ztp-pipeline-relocatable pipeline repository.
- Checks that the correct permissions are set on the hub cluster.
- Deploys the OpenShift Pipelines Operator from the Operator Lifecycle Manager (OLM) catalog.
- Creates ZTP pipelines and the associated tasks.
- 3. Optional: Monitor the progress in the terminal window(a) and/or in the web console(b).
 - a. In the terminal window you are expected to see an output similar to the following:

```
Cloning into 'ztp-pipeline-relocatable'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 3824, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (1581/1581), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (963/963), done.
remote: Total 3824 (delta 963), reused 1163 (delta 589), pack-reused 2243
Receiving objects: 100% (3824/3824), 702.12 KiB | 8.46 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (2182/2182), done.
>>>> Deploying Openshift Pipelines
subscription.operators.coreos.com/openshift-pipelines-operator-rh unchanged
>>>> Waiting for: Openshift Pipelines
>>>>>>>>>>>>>>
>>>> Deploying ZTPFW Pipelines and tasks
pipeline.tekton.dev/deploy-ztp-hub configured
pipeline.tekton.dev/deploy-ztp-edgeclusters configured
task.tekton.dev/common-pre-flight configured
task.tekton.dev/hub-deploy-mce configured
task.tekton.dev/hub-deploy-disconnected-registry configured
task.tekton.dev/hub-deploy-httpd-server configured
task.tekton.dev/hub-deploy-hub-config configured
task.tekton.dev/hub-deploy-icsp-hub configured
task.tekton.dev/hub-save-config configured
task.tekton.dev/edgecluster-deploy-disconnected-registry-edgeclusters configured
task.tekton.dev/edgecluster-deploy-icsp-edgeclusters-post configured
task.tekton.dev/edgecluster-deploy-icsp-edgeclusters-pre configured
task.tekton.dev/edgecluster-deploy-metallb configured
task.tekton.dev/edgecluster-deploy-ocs configured
task.tekton.dev/edgecluster-deploy-edgecluster configured
task.tekton.dev/edgecluster-deploy-workers configured
task.tekton.dev/edgecluster-detach-cluster configured
task.tekton.dev/edgecluster-restore-hub-config configured
```

- b. Log in to the OpenShift Container Platform web console.
 - i. Navigate to **Pipelines** → **Pipelines**.
 - ii. Select the project edgecluster-deployer.

NOTE

Stored in the edgecluster-deployer namespace are all the artifacts for the successful execution of the pipelines. Monitor the progress of the pipelines in this window.

Running the hub cluster factory install pipeline

Follow the steps in this section to run the hub factory install pipeline.

Prerequisites

- An installed OpenShift Container Platform hub cluster.
- Access to the cluster as a user with the cluster-admin role.

Procedure

1. Create a file edgeclusters.yaml with sample details as shown. A sample configuration file is present in examples/config.yaml.

NOTE

At this stage you only need to build out the config section. The config section specifies the cluster configuration values used to install and configure the hub and edge cluster.

```
config:

OC_OCP_VERSION: "4.10.38" ①

OC_ACM_VERSION: "2.5" ②

OC_ODF_VERSION: "4.10" ③

REGISTRY: my-own-registry.local:5000 ④
```

- ① OpenShift Container Platform version of the edge cluster.
- 2 Multicluster Engine (MCE) version.
- 3 The OpenShift Data Foundation (ODF) version.
- 4 This is an optional parameter to set up your own registry already deployed in the hub.
- 2. Start the hub cluster pipeline from the command line:

```
$ tkn pipeline start \
-n edgecluster-deployer \
-p edgeclusters-config="$(cat /path-to-edgecluster.yaml/edgeclusters.yaml)" \
-p kubeconfig=${KUBECONFIG} \
-w name=ztp,claimName=ztp-pvc \
--timeout 5h \
--use-param-defaults \
deploy-ztp-hub
```

NOTE

This command starts the pipeline in the namespace edgecluster-deployer with the defined edge cluster configuration and the kubeconfig configuration in the workspace ztp with the previously configured persistent storage claim ztp-pvc. A timeout of 5 hours is set for the execution of the deploy-ztp-hub pipeline with all other parameters set to default.

```
PipelineRun started: deploy-ztp-hub-run-2h44k

In order to track the PipelineRun progress run:
tkn pipelinerun logs deploy-ztp-hub-run-2h44k -f -n edgecluster-deployer
```

Monitoring the progress of the hub cluster factory install pipeline

You can watch the progress of the pipeline by using the OpenShift Container Platform web console and using the deployment log file.

Procedure

1. Examine the logs to watch the progress of the deploy-ztp-hub:

```
$ tkn pipeline logs deploy-ztp-hub-run-2h44k -f -n edgecluster-deployer
```

- 2. Log in to the OpenShift Container Platform web console.
- 3. Navigate to **Pipelines** → **Pipelines** and select the Project **edgecluster-deployer**.

NOTE The edgecluster-deployer project stores all the artifacts for OpenShift Container Platform Pipelines.

- 4. Select **PipelineRuns** to drill down into detail on the pipeline runs.
- 5. The stages of the pipeline are clearly shown and you can select each in turn to view the logs associated with that stage of the deployment.

Post hub factory pipeline verification checks

Perform the following steps after completion of the hub factory pipeline run.

Prerequisites

- An OpenShift Container Platform hub cluster.
- Log in as a user with cluster-admin privileges.

Procedure

1. Verify MCE is successfully installed:

```
$ oc get pod -n multicluster-engine
```

Example output

NAME READY STATUS

RESTART AGE				
application-chart-ee7d2-applicastionui-7d99756554-jrs24	1/1	RUNNING	0	
6m31s application-chart-ee7d2-applicastionui-7d99756554-jrs24	1/1	RUNNING	0	
6m31s				
application-chart-ee7d2-applicastionui-7d99756554-jrs24 6m31s	1/1	RUNNING	0	
application-chart-ee7d2-applicastionui-7d99756554-jrs24 6m31s	1/1	RUNNING	0	
assisted-image-service-67489b657b-68qtg 2m30s	1/1	RUNNING	0	
assisted-service-5b8874ffd9-rjrg (2m19s ago) 2m30s	2/2	RUNNING	1	

2. Verify the HTTPD server is successfully running:

```
$ oc get pod -n default
```

Example output

AGE	RESTART	STATUS	NAME
150m	0	RUNNING	httpd-5479bfd6cb-2p1d4

3. Verify the internal registry is running:

```
$ oc get pod -n ztpfw-registry
```

Example output

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTART	AGE
ztpfw-registry-77ff664d47	1/1	RUNNING	0	151m
, ,				

4. Review the pipeline run and verify the steps that were executed:

NOTE This shows the duration of every step and the parameters supplied to the pipeline. It also highlights any issues during the execution of the pipeline.

```
$ tkn pr describe -n edgecluster-deployer
```

Example output

Name: deploy-ztp-hub-run-tjqp5 Namespace: edgecluster-deployer Pipeline Ref: deploy-ztp-hub

Service Account: pipeline

```
5h0m0s
Timeout:
Labels:
 tekton.dev/pipeline=deploy-ztp-hub
Status
STARTED
            DURATION
                         STATUS
1 week ago
            21 minutes
                         Succeeded
Resources
 No resources
Params
 NAME
                  VALUE
 L kubeconfig
                  /root/.kcli/clusters/test-ci/auth/kubeconfig
 □ edgeclusters-config config:
  OC_OCP_VERSION: '4.10.38'
  OC_ACM_VERSION: '2.5'
  OC ODF VERSION: '4.10'
edgeclusters:
 I ztp-container-image quay.io/ztpfw/pipeline:latest
Results
 No results
Workspaces
 NAME
        SUB PATH WORKSPACE BINDING
                   PersistentVolumeClaim (claimName=ztp-pvc)
 g ztp
Taskruns
 NAME
                                                              TASK NAME
STARTED
            DURATION
                        STATUS
deploy-ztp-hub-run-tjqp5-deploy-hub-config-26pp5
                                                              deploy-hub-config
1 week ago 42 seconds Succeeded
deploy-ztp-hub-run-tjqp5-deploy-icsp-hub-5ctsr
                                                              deploy-icsp-hub
1 week ago 16 seconds Succeeded
☐ deploy-ztp-hub-run-tjqp5-deploy-mce-76b6c
                                                              deploy-mce
1 week ago 9 minutes Succeeded
deploy-ztp-hub-run-tjqp5-deploy-disconnected-registry-7b9rw
                                                              deploy-
disconnected-registry 1 week ago 11 minutes Succeeded
 deploy-ztp-hub-run-tjqp5-deploy-httpd-server-9mfcn
                                                              deploy-httpd-
                                          Succeeded
server
                 1 week ago 8 seconds
deploy-ztp-hub-run-tjqp5-pre-flight-pk5bp
                                                              pre-flight
1 week ago 9 seconds Succeeded
Skipped Tasks
```

No Skipped Tasks

Running the edge cluster factory install pipeline

Follow the steps in this section to run the edge factory install pipeline.

Prerequisites

- Enough DHCP IPs in the external network to hold the edge cluster.
- The following API, API-INT and ingress entries are available:

```
api.<edge-cluster-name>.<network-domain>api-int.<edge-cluster-name>.<network-domain>*.apps.<edge-cluster-name>.<network-domain>
```

NOTE

When deploying a single-node OpenShift cluster, the api.<edge-cluster-name>.<baseDomain> and *.apps.<edge-cluster-name>.<baseDomain> must be configured with different IP addresses.

- Clean disks for the OpenShift Data Foundation Storage cluster.
- DNS Resolution between the edge and the hub API and ingress entries.
- An OpenShift Container Platform hub cluster.
- Log in as a user with cluster-admin privileges.

Procedure

1. Edit the edgeclusters.yaml with sample details as shown. A sample configuration file is present in examples/config.yaml.

NOTE

At this stage you are populating the edgeclusters section.

```
config:
 OC_OCP_VERSION: "4.10.38"
 OC ACM VERSION: "2.5"
 OC_ODF_VERSION: "4.10"
 REGISTRY: myregistry.local:5000 ①
edgeclusters:
 - edgecluster1-name: 2
     config:
       tpm: false
     master0: ③
       ignore ifaces: eno1,eno2 4
       nic_ext_dhcp: eno4 5
       nic_int_static: eno5 6
       mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:10" 8
       bmc_url: "<url bmc>" 9
```

```
bmc_user: "user-bmc" 100
    bmc_pass: "user-pass" ⑪
    root_disk: /dev/sda 10
    storage_disk: 13
      - /dev/sdb
      - /dev/sdc
      - /dev/sde
      - /dev/sdd
 master1:
    ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
    nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
    nic_int_static: eno5
    mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:11"
    mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:11"
    bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
    bmc_user: "user-bmc"
    bmc_pass: "user-pass"
    root_disk: /dev/sda
    storage_disk:
      - /dev/sdb
      - /dev/sdc
      - /dev/sde
      - /dev/sdd
 master2:
    ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
    nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
    nic_int_static: eno5
    mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:12"
    mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:12"
    bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
    bmc_user: "user-bmc"
    bmc_pass: "user-pass"
    root_disk: /dev/sda
    storage_disk:
      - /dev/sdb
      - /dev/sdc
      - /dev/sde
      - /dev/sdd
worker0: 4
    nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
    nic_int_static: eno5
    mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:19"
    mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:19"
    bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
    bmc_user: "user-bmc"
    bmc_pass: "user-pass"
    root_disk: /dev/sda
    storage_disk:
      - /dev/sdb
      - /dev/sdc
      - /dev/sde
```

```
- /dev/sdd
- edgecluster2-name:
   master0:
      ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
      nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
      nic_int_static: eno5
      mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:20"
      mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:20"
      bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
      bmc_user: "user-bmc"
      bmc_pass: "user-pass"
      root_disk: /dev/sda
      storage_disk:
        - /dev/sdb
        - /dev/sdc
        - /dev/sde
        - /dev/sdd
   master1:
      ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
      nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
      nic_int_static: eno5
      mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:21"
      mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:21"
      bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
      bmc_user: "user-bmc"
      bmc_pass: "user-pass"
      root_disk: /dev/sda
      storage_disk:
       - /dev/sdb
        /dev/sdc
        - /dev/sde
        - /dev/sdd
   master2:
      ignore_ifaces: eno1 eno2
      nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
      nic_int_static: eno5
      mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:22"
      mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:22"
     bmc_url: "<url bmc>"
      bmc_user: "user-bmc"
      bmc_pass: "user-pass"
      root_disk: /dev/sda
      storage_disk:
        - /dev/sdb
       - /dev/sdc
        - /dev/sde
        - /dev/sdd
   worker0:
      nic_ext_dhcp: eno4
      nic_int_static: eno5
      mac_ext_dhcp: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b0:29"
```

```
mac_int_static: "aa:ss:dd:ee:b1:29"

bmc_url: "<url bmc>"

bmc_user: "user-bmc"

bmc_pass: "user-pass"

root_disk: /dev/sda

storage_disk:

- /dev/sdb

- /dev/sdc

- /dev/sde

- /dev/sdd
```

- ① This parameter is optional just in case you want to use your own registry already deployed. Remember, if you are using your own registry, the pull secret must contains the information related to the entry (url, username and password)
- 2 This option is configurable and sets the name of the edge cluster.
- 3 This value must match master0, master1 or master2.
- 4 Optional: Interfaces to ignore in the host.
- ⑤ NIC connected to the external DHCP.
- 6 NIC connected to the internal network (This interface is optional).
- 7 MAC address for the NIC connected to the external DHCP network.
- (8) MAC address for the NIC connected to the internal network (This MAC address is optional if we're using only 1 interface nic in <5>).
- 9 URL for the Baseboard Management Controller (BMC).
- 10 The BMC username.
- 1 The BMC password.
- 1 Mandatory: Disk device to be used for operating system installation.
- ① List of disk available in the node to be used for storage.
- 4 Hardcoded name set as worker of for the worker node.
- 2. Set the following environment variable:

```
$ export KUBECONFIG=<path_to_kubeconfig>/kubeconfig-file
```

3. Start the edge cluster pipeline from the command line:

```
$ tkn pipeline start \
-n edgecluster-deployer \
-p edgeclusters-config="$(cat /path-to-edgecluster-yaml/edgeclusters.yaml)" \
-p kubeconfig=${KUBECONFIG} \
-w name=ztp,claimName=ztp-pvc \
--timeout 5h \
--use-param-defaults \
```

deploy-ztp-edgeclusters

NOTE

This command starts the pipeline in the namespace edgecluster-deployer with the defined configuration and the kubeconfig configuration in the workspace ztp with the previously configured persistent storage claim ztp-pvc. A timeout of 5 hours is set for the execution of the deploy-ztp-edgecluster pipeline with all other parameters set to default.

Example output

```
PipelineRun started: deploy-ztp-edgecluster-run-2rklt

In order to track the PipelineRun progress run:
tkn pipeline logs deploy-ztp-edgecluster-run-2rklt -f -n edgecluster-deployer
```

Monitoring the progress of the edge cluster factory install pipeline

You can watch the progress of the pipelines by using the OpenShift Container Platform web console and by using the deployment log file.

Procedure

1. Examine the logs to watch the progress of the deploy-ztp-edgeclusters.

```
$ tkn pipeline logs deploy-ztp-edgecluster-run-2rklt -f -n edgecluster-deployer
```

- 2. Log in to the OpenShift Container Platform web console.
- 3. Navigate to **Pipelines** → **Pipelines** and select the Project **edgecluster-deployer**.

NOTE

The edgecluster-deployer pipeline stores all the artefacts for OpenShift Container Platform Pipelines.

- 4. Select **PipelineRuns** to drill down into the details of the pipeline runs.
- 5. The stages of the pipeline are clearly shown and you can select each in turn to view the logs associated with that stage of the deployment.

Post edge cluster factory pipeline verification checks

Perform the following steps after completion of the edge cluster factory pipeline run.

Prerequisites

- A successfully deployed edge cluster.
- Log in as a user with cluster-admin privileges.

Procedure

1. Verify MetalLB is successfully installed:

```
$ oc get addresspool -A
```

Example output

|--|

2. Confirm that the NodeNetworkConfigurationPolicy has been applied to the cluster:

```
$ oc get nncp -A
```

Example output

NAME	STATUS
<pre>kubeframe-edgecluster-0-master-0-nccp</pre>	Available
kubeframe-edgecluster-0-master-1-nccp	Available
kubeframe-edgecluster-0-master-2-nccp	Available

3. Verify the internal registry is running:

```
$ oc get pod -n ztpfw-registry
```

Expected output

4. Run the following command to review the pipeline run and verify the steps that were executed:

NOTE This shows the duration of every step, the parameters supplied to the pipeline. It also highlights any issues during the execution of the pipeline.

\$ tkn pr describe deploy-ztp-edgecluster-run-2rklt -n edgecluster-deployer

Troubleshooting a pipeline run

Perform the following steps to debug a pipeline run.

Procedure

1. Export the KUBECONFIG as follows:

```
$ export KUBECONFIG=<path_to_kubeconfig>/kubeconfig
```

2. List the executed pipeline runs:

```
$ tkn pr ls -A
```

Example output

```
NAMESPACE
                NAME
                                              STARTED
                                                           DURATION
                                                                        STATUS
edgecluster-deployer
                      deploy-ztp-edgeclusters-run-sp8hm 1 hour ago
                                                                       1 hour
Cancelled(PipelineRunCancelled)
edgecluster-deployer
                      deploy-ztp-hub-run-rwh4j
                                                   2 hours ago
                                                                 35 minutes
Succeeded
edgecluster-deployer
                      deploy-ztp-hub-run-vgwz6
                                                   3 hours ago
                                                                 2 minutes
Failed
```

3. Run the following command against the failed pipeline run name and identify the failed task:

```
$ tkn pr describe deploy-ztp-hub-run-vgwz6 -n edgecluster-deployer
```

Example output

```
Name:
                   deploy-ztp-hub-run-vgwz6
Namespace:
                   edgecluster-deployer
Pipeline Ref:
                   deploy-ztp-hub
Service Account:
                   pipeline
Timeout:
                   5h0m0s
Labels:
 tekton.dev/pipeline=deploy-ztp-hub
□ Status
STARTED
              DURATION
                          STATUS
             2 minutes
                          Failed
3 hours ago
Message
Tasks Completed: 3 (Failed: 1, Cancelled 0), Skipped: 3 ("step-mirror-olm" exited
with code 255 (image:
```

```
"quay.io/ztpfw/pipeline@sha256:d86d567f0ee76efdd5ea168fac3cbd5e8e7e479ddcea0be6aaf9
e890de9566b3"); for logs run: kubectl -n edgecluster-deployer logs deploy-ztp-hub-
run-vgwz6-deploy-disconnected-registry-xqz-kltxr -c step-mirror-olm
Resources
No resources
Params
NAME
                  VALUE
             /root/.kcli/clusters/test-ci/auth/kubeconfig
L kubeconfig
□ edgeclusters-config config:
 OC_OCP_VERSION: '4.10.38'
 OC_ACM_VERSION: '2.5'
 OC_ODF_VERSION: '4.10'
edgeclusters:
□ ztp-container-image quay.io/ztpfw/pipeline:latest
Results
No results
Workspaces
 NAME
        SUB PATH WORKSPACE BINDING
ztp ---
                  PersistentVolumeClaim (claimName=ztp-pvc)
Taskruns
NAME
                                                              TASK NAME
STARTED
                         STATUS
             DURATION
deploy-ztp-hub-run-vgwz6-deploy-disconnected-registry-xqzz5
                                                              deploy-
disconnected-registry 3 hours ago 4 minutes
                                                 Failed
deploy-ztp-hub-run-vgwz6-deploy-httpd-server-6n47b
                                                              deploy-httpd-
                 3 hours ago 56 seconds
deploy-ztp-hub-run-vgwz6-pre-flight-slvkv
                                                              pre-flight
3 hours ago 36 seconds Succeeded
Skipped Tasks
NAME
deploy-mce
deploy-icsp-hub
deploy-hub-config
```

4. Run the following command against the failed taskrun name to find the reason for the failure:

\$ tkn tr describe deploy-ztp-hub-run-vgwz6-deploy-disconnected-registry-xqzz5 -n

Example output

```
Name:
                   deploy-ztp-hub-run-vgwz6-deploy-disconnected-registry-xqzz5
                   edgecluster-deployer
Namespace:
Task Ref:
                   hub-deploy-disconnected-registry
Service Account:
                   pipeline
                   5h0m0s
Timeout:
Labels:
 app.kubernetes.io/managed-by=tekton-pipelines
tekton.dev/memberOf=tasks
 tekton.dev/pipeline=deploy-ztp-hub
 tekton.dev/pipelineRun=deploy-ztp-hub-run-vgwz6
 tekton.dev/pipelineTask=deploy-disconnected-registry
 tekton.dev/task=hub-deploy-disconnected-registry
□ Status
STARTED
             DURATION
                         STATUS
3 hours ago 4 minutes
                         Failed
Message
"step-mirror-olm" exited with code 255 (image:
"quay.io/ztpfw/pipeline@sha256:d86d567f0ee76efdd5ea168fac3cbd5e8e7e479ddcea0be6aaf9
e890de9566b3"); for logs run: kubectl -n edgecluster-deployer logs deploy-ztp-hub-
run-vgwz6-deploy-disconnected-registry-xqz-kltxr -c step-mirror-olm
Input Resources
 No input resources
Output Resources
 No output resources
Params
 NAMF
                  VALUF
dedusters-config
                       config:
  OC_OCP_VERSION: '4.10.38'
  OC ACM VERSION: '2.5'
  OC_ODF_VERSION: '4.10'
edgeclusters:
                        /root/.kcli/clusters/test-ci/auth/kubeconfig
L kubeconfig
ztp-container-image
                        quay.io/ztpfw/pipeline:latest
mock
                        false
```

```
Results
 No results
Workspaces
        SUB PATH WORKSPACE BINDING
 NAME
 ztp
                  PersistentVolumeClaim (claimName=ztp-pvc)
Steps
 NAME
                                STATUS
update-global-pullsecret
                                Error
 deploy-disconnected-registry
                                Completed
 mirror-ocp
                                Completed
     mirror-olm
                                Error
Sidecars
No sidecars
```

- 5. Debug a task execution from the container in the cluster as follows:
 - a. Get all pods in the edgecluster-deployer namespace:

```
$ oc get pod -n edgecluster-deployer
```

Example output

NAME				READY	' STATU
	AGE				
deploy-ztp-	hub-run-rv	vh4j-dep	loy-mce-k92kf-pod-85n7t	0/1	
	0	159m	,		
deploy-ztp-	hub-run-rv	vh4j-dep	loy-disconnected-registry-8j9-	rk469 0/4	
Completed	0	3h2m			
deploy-ztp-	hub-run-rv	vh4j-dep	loy-httpd-server-fw49r-pod-lhk	xf 0/1	
Completed	0	3h2m			
deploy-ztp-	hub-run-rv	vh4j-dep	loy-hub-config-vmgf2-pod-cjg72	0/1	
Completed	0	149m			
deploy-ztp-	hub-run-rv	vh4j-dep	loy-icsp-hub-c7tg7-pod-ntmqp	0/1	
Completed	0	149m			
deploy-ztp-	hub-run-rv	wh4j-pre	-flight-865p2-pod-6wmj4	0/1	
Completed	0	3h3m			
deploy-ztp-	edgecluste	ers-run-	sp8hm-deploy-icsp-edgeclusters	s-pre-76thd2	pg7t
0/1 Com	pleted 0	9	97m		
deploy-ztp-	edgecluste	ers-run-	sp8hm-deploy-metallb-d7cnj-pod	d-rmbcg	0/1
Completed	0	94m			
deploy-ztp-	edgecluste	ers-run-	sp8hm-deploy-ocs-k7hf9-pod-7rv	pwv	0/1
Completed	0	92m			
deploy-ztp-	edgecluste	ers-run-	sp8hm-deploy-edgeclusters-pmbr	nz-pod-kp5fc	

```
0/2 Completed 0 123m
deploy-ztp-edgeclusters-run-sp8hm-pre-flight-zwdsn-pod-l2v7h 0/1
Completed 0 123m
edgecluster-deploy-disconnected-registry-edgeclusters-run-t6k2d-pod-cnm5t
4/4 NotReady 0 34s
```

b. Log in to the pod in NotReady state:

\$ oc debug pod/edgecluster-deploy-disconnected-registry-edgeclusters-run-t6k2dpod-cnm5t -n edgecluster-deployer

Example output

Defaulting container name to step-deploy-disconnected-registry. Use 'oc describe pod/edgecluster-deploy-disconnected-registry-edgeclusters-run-t6k2d-pod-cnm5t-debug -n edgecluster-deployer' to see all of the containers in this pod.

Starting pod/edgecluster-deploy-disconnected-registry-edgeclusters-run-t6k2d-pod-cnm5t-debug, command was: /tekton/tools/entrypoint -wait_file /tekton/downward/ready -wait_file_content -post_file /tekton/tools/0 -termination_path /tekton/termination -step_metadata_dir /tekton/steps/step-deploy-disconnected-registry -step_metadata_dir_link /tekton/steps/0 -docker -cfg=pipeline-dockercfg-t6ccl -entrypoint /tekton/scripts/script-0-mm64m -- Pod IP: 10.134.0.53
If you don't see a command prompt, try pressing enter. sh-4.4#

Common and expected errors

A common issue that may occur during the ZTP pipelines run is a failure during the check hub stage.

During the run of **deploy registry** stage of the hub cluster pipeline **kubelet** is restarted and access to the Kubernetes API is temporarily interrupted. This is expected and an error message similar to the following is printed.

```
[deploy-disconnected-registry : deploy-disconnected-registry]
>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>
[deploy-disconnected-registry: deploy-disconnected-registry] Creating
/workspace/ztp/build/edgeclusters.yaml from SPOKES_CONFIG
[deploy-disconnected-registry: deploy-disconnected-registry] Waiting for deployment
of ztpfw-registry in namespace ztpfw-registry with a timeout 1000 seconds
[deploy-disconnected-registry: deploy-disconnected-registry] Expected generation for
deployment ztpfw-registry: 1
[deploy-disconnected-registry: deploy-disconnected-registry] Observed expected
generation: 1
[deploy-disconnected-registry: deploy-disconnected-registry] Specified replicas: 1
[deploy-disconnected-registry : deploy-disconnected-registry]
current/updated/available replicas: 1/1/, waiting
[deploy-disconnected-registry: deploy-disconnected-registry]
current/updated/available replicas: 1/1/, waiting
[deploy-disconnected-registry : deploy-disconnected-registry] Deployment ztpfw-
registry successful. All 1 replicas are ready.
[deploy-disconnected-registry : deploy-disconnected-registry]
machineconfig.machineconfiguration.openshift.io/update-localregistry-ca-certs created
```

[deploy-disconnected-registry : deploy-disconnected-registry] Mode: hub
[deploy-disconnected-registry : deploy-disconnected-registry] >> Waiting for the MCO
to grab the new MachineConfig for the certificate...

failed to get logs for task deploy-disconnected-registry : error in getting logs for
step mirror-ocp: error getting logs for pod deploy-ztp-hub-run-wt5kr-deploydisconnected-registry-kxm-585tz(step-mirror-ocp) : Get

"https://192.168.150.190:10250/containerLogs/edgecluster-deployer/deploy-ztp-hub-runwt5kr-deploy-disconnected-registry-kxm-585tz/step-mirror-ocp?follow=true": dial tcp
192.168.150.190:10250: connect: connection refused
failed to get logs for task deploy-disconnected-registry : error in getting logs for
step mirror-olm: error getting logs for pod deploy-ztp-hub-run-wt5kr-deploydisconnected-registry-kxm-585tz(step-mirror-olm) : Get

"https://192.168.150.190:10250/containerLogs/edgecluster-deployer/deploy-ztp-hub-runwt5kr-deploy-disconnected-registry-kxm-585tz/step-mirror-olm?follow=true": dial tcp
192.168.150.190:10250: connect: connection refused

Configuring the edge cluster at the remote location

Configure the edge cluster by using the custom user interface.

NOTE

Some of the commands need root access to run. You can either log in as the root user and proceed with the step or add sudo before every command.

Prerequisites

- kubeadmin password as supplied by vendor.
- URL of the custom user interface.

Procedure

- 1. Unbox and turn on the cluster.
- 2. Log in at the command line to master-0 of the cluster:
- 3. Configure DNS on master-0 of the hub cluster:
 - a. Edit resolv.conf on master-0 and add the IP address of master-0.

```
$ vi /etc/resolv.conf
```

b. Add the line.

```
nameserver 192.168.7.10
```

- 4. Configure a static IP on the connected laptop:
 - a. Determine the name of the laptop's network interface card (NIC) as follows.

```
$ ip addr
```

NOTE

Look for the NIC name starting with the letter e.

b. Edit the NIC's network configuration.

\$ vi /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0

NOTE

Here eth0 is the network card name, and it can be different for different computers.

c. Add or modify the configuration below:

```
BOOTPROTO=static
IPADDR=192.168.7.21
NETMASK=255.255.255.0
GATEWAY=192.168.7.1
DNS1=192.168.7.10
```

NOTE

Use any IP in the range 192.168.7.20 - 192.168.7.150.

5. Restart the network services:

```
$ systemctl restart NetworkManager
```

6. Open a browser and log in to the edge cluster configuration user interface at the following URL with the supplied kubeadmin username and password:

```
https://edge-cluster-setup.example-edge-cluster.domain.com
```

NOTE

This kubeadmin username and password was created at the factory and should have been supplied to you. Only one user is initially created.

- 7. Click **Continue**.
- 8. Step through the screens to complete the initial setup.
 - a. In the first two screens create a new user account by entering a username and password when prompted.

NOTE

This new user account is granted cluster-admin privileges and should be used rather than the factory created kubeadmin account.

- b. In the **API** screen assign the IP address that will be used for API traffic. The default value should be replaced with an IP from the respective subnet.
- c. In the **Ingress** screen assign the IP address that will be used for new routes and traffic managed by the ingress controller. The default value should be replaced with an IP from the respective subnet.
- d. Optional: Enter the name of base domain for your edge cluster (e.g. yourdomain.com)

NOTE

The new and the old domain names should be both properly configured in DNS. Aditional screen will be displayed for chosing how to create certificates for the new domain. When **Automatic** method is selected (default), then all the certificates will be automatically generated and assigned. If **Manual** method is selected, then we can chose between uploading or automatically generating specific certificates.

e. Click Download in the Download your private SSH key screen and download the edge

cluster private SSH key.

NOTE

You need this to access the nodes of the edge cluster.

f. Click Finish setup.

NOTE

This will initiate the process of applying changes to the edge cluster. It might take several minutes for the cluster to reconcile. If the domain name was not changed, then upon success you should get to a page with "Setup complete!" at the top. In case the domain name was changed, you will be redirected to the edge-cluster-setup page of the new domain, where you will have to login agan.

g. Under **Settings** you have the option to delete the kubeadmin user and to change the values of the **API address**, **Ingress address** and the **Domain name**.

NOTE

Deleting the kubeadmin user is recommended. This action is irreversible. At this stage you will not be prompted for a username and password as you are already logged in as kubeadmin.

- h. Click **Log out** in the top right hand corner. This concludes working with the edge cluster configuration user interface.
- 9. Log in to the web console of your edge cluster.
- 10. Select the newly created identity provider ztpfw-htpasswd-idp.
- 11. In the cluster log in screen enter the username and password created in step 8a.
- 12. After you access the cluster, register your cluster subscription with the following steps:
 - a. Log in to the console to register the disconnected OpenShift cluster. See How to register disconnected OpenShift Container Platform 4 cluster on cloud.redhat.com for details.
 - b. Obtain the pull secret from Pull secret, which can be found under Tokens.
 - c. Change the global pull secret. Follow the guidance in How to change the global pull secret in OCP 4 to do that.

Your cluster is now registered to Red Hat OpenShift Cluster Manager and entitled to Red Hat subscription management.

ZTP factory install pipelines flags and arguments

The pipeline arguments and flags are described in the following tables.

Table 3. Pipeline flags

Flag	Description
-n edgecluster-deployer	OpenShift Container Platform namespace where the resources are located. It is mandatory to use the edgecluster-deployer namespace.
-p	Pipeline parameter.
timeout	Pipeline general timeout.
use-param-defaults	Sets default values for not specified params. You can get the list of params by running oc get pipeline <pipeline name=""> -o jsonpath='{range .spec.params[*]}{.name}{"\n"}{end}'.</pipeline>
-w	The workspace parameter sets where OpenShift Container Platform pipelines hold the files during every step. Do not use EmptyDir. The best choice is name=ztp,claimName=ztp-pvc. The persistent volume claim is created during the bootstrap.sh execution. It does not need more than 5Gb.

Table 4. Pipeline arguments

Flag	Description	Required
Namespace	This is a namespace where all the Tasks and Pipelines will be deployed.	Yes
edgeclusters-config	This edgeclusters.yaml file has the configuration for all the clusters you want to deploy at the same time. Run it with the cat command.	Yes
kubeconfig	This is the hub kubeconfig that is used during the pipeline execution. You can point to the file or just use the KUBECONFIG variable.	Yes
<pre>-w name=ztp,claimName=ztp- pvc</pre>	It is mandatory to use this argument exactly as it's shown here to have a successful run. This declaration instructs Tekton to use the workspace ztp and that the content should be placed in the ztp-pvc persistent volume.	Yes
Pipeline Name	In the command examples, this is the last argument. This flag instructs Tekton to run the pipeline with the particular name. You can examine the executed pipelines and tasks with tkn pr ls and tkn tr ls respectively.	Yes

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting a PipelineRun

To debug the Hub Pipeline you just need to

• List the executed PipelineRuns

```
export KUBECONFIG=<PATH TO KUBECONFIG>
tkn pr ls
```

```
NAME
                              STARTED
                                           DURATION
                                                         STATUS
deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j
                              3 days ago
                                           2 hours
                                                        Succeeded
deploy-ztp-spokes-run-f9k4l
                                                        Cancelled(PipelineRunCancelled)
                                           5 minutes
                              3 days ago
deploy-ztp-spokes-run-f4q2h
                              3 days ago
                                           3 minutes
                                                        Cancelled(PipelineRunCancelled)
deploy-ztp-hub-run-6n4vr
                                                        Succeeded
                              3 days ago
                                          2 minutes
deploy-ztp-spokes-run-2kr75
                              3 days ago
                                           2 hours
                                                        Succeeded
                              3 days ago
deploy-ztp-spokes-run-8wkh4
                                                        Cancelled(PipelineRunCancelled)
                                           13 minutes
deploy-ztp-spokes-run-5b9xp
                              4 days ago
                                           2 hours
                                                         Succeeded
deploy-ztp-spokes-run-vjwpd
                              4 days ago
                                           18 minutes
                                                        Cancelled(PipelineRunCancelled)
deploy-ztp-hub-run-qp6vf
                                                         Succeeded
                              4 days ago
                                           29 minutes
                                                         Failed
deploy-ztp-hub-run-s5tjs
                              4 days ago
                                           3 minutes
```

• Grab the failed PipelineRun Name and identify the failed Task

tkn pr describe deploy-ztp-edgeclusters-run-wll7j

```
Taskruns 🛗
                                                                         TASK NAME
                                                                                                           STARTED
                                                                                                                         DURATION
                                                                                                                                       STATUS
· deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-detach-cluster-ptswr
                                                                         detach-cluster
                                                                                                                         19 seconds
                                                                                                           2 days ago
                                                                                                                                       Succeeded
• deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-deploy-ui-2gnnm
                                                                         deploy-ui
                                                                                                           2 days ago
                                                                                                                         35 seconds
                                                                                                                                       Succeeded

    deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-deploy-workers-9rbf9

                                                                         deploy-workers
                                                                                                           2 days ago
                                                                                                                         6 minutes
                                                                                                                                       Succeeded
\bullet \ \ deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-deploy-icsp-spokes-post-jbnc2
                                                                         deploy-icsp-spokes-post
                                                                                                           2 days ago
                                                                                                                         8 minutes
                                                                                                                                       Succeeded

    deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-deploy-disconnected-registry-8x8p7

                                                                         deploy-disconnected-registry
                                                                                                           3 days ago
                                                                                                                                        Succeeded
                                                                                                                         1 hour
· deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-deploy-ocs-pbvpb
                                                                         deploy-ocs
                                                                                                           3 days ago
                                                                                                                         5 minutes
                                                                                                                                        Succeeded
· deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-deploy-metallb-hstkl
                                                                         deploy-metallb
                                                                                                                                       Succeeded
                                                                                                           3 days ago
                                                                                                                         2 minutes

    deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-deploy-icsp-spokes-pre-jvsbv
    deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-deploy-spokes-pm7qv

                                                                         deploy-icsp-spokes-pre
                                                                                                           3 days ago
                                                                                                                         42 seconds
                                                                                                                                       Succeeded
                                                                         deploy-spokes
                                                                                                           3 days ago
                                                                                                                         32 minutes
                                                                                                                                       Succeeded

    deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-pre-flight-cp9p5

                                                                         pre-flight
                                                                                                           3 days ago
                                                                                                                         8 seconds
                                                                                                                                       Succeeded

    deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-fetch-from-git-ngfpf

                                                                         fetch-from-git
                                                                                                                         9 seconds
                                                                                                           3 days ago
```

· Grab the failed Taskrun Name and examine it

tkn tr describe deploy-ztp-edgeclusters-run-wll7j-detach-cluster-ptswr

deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j-detach-cluster-ptswr lame: amespace: spoke-deployer Task Ref: spoke-detach-cluster Service Account: pipeline Timeout: 5h0m0s Labels: app.kubernetes.io/managed-by=tekton-pipelines tekton.dev/memberOf=tasks tekton.dev/pipeline=deploy-ztp-spokes tekton.dev/pipelineRun=deploy-ztp-spokes-run-wll7j tekton.dev/pipelineTask=detach-cluster tekton.dev/task=spoke-detach-cluster Status STARTED STATUS DURATION 19 seconds Succeeded 2 days ago Input Resources No input resources 🕻 Output Resources No output resources 1 Params NAME VALUE · spokes-config config: clusterimageset: openshift-v4.9.13 OC_OCP_VERSION: '4.9' OC_OCP_TAG: '4.9.13-x86_64' OC_RHCOS_RELEASE: '49.84.202110081407-0' # TODO automate it to get it automated using binary OC_ACM_VERSION: '2.4' OC_OCS_VERSION: '4.8' spokes: = spoke0-cluster:

Debugging a task execution from the container in the cluster

[root@flaper87-baremetal02 ~]# oc get pod -n edgecluster-deployer
NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE
deploy-ztp-hub-run-96tnl-deploy-disconnected-registry-4m2-5ts85 2/4 NotReady 0 6m32s
deploy-ztp-hub-run-96tnl-deploy-httpd-server-rlrwq-pod-wsh5k 0/1 Completed 0 6m41s
deploy-ztp-hub-run-96tnl-fetch-from-git-zl7m5-pod-fck69 0/1 Completed 0 6m59s
deploy-ztp-hub-run-96tnl-pre-flight-rgdtr-pod-2gmh6 0/1 Completed 0 6m50s

[root@flaper87-baremetal02 ~]# oc debug pod/deploy-ztp-hub-run-96tnl-deploy-disconnected-registry-4m2-5ts85 -n edgecluster-deployer

Defaulting container name to step-deploy-disconnected-registry.

Use 'oc describe pod/deploy-ztp-hub-run-96tnl-deploy-disconnected-registry-4m2-5ts85-debug -n edgecluster-deployer' to see all of the containers in this pod.

Starting pod/deploy-ztp-hub-run-96tnl-deploy-disconnected-registry-4m2-5ts85-debug, command was: /tekton/tools/entrypoint -wait_file /tekton/downward/ready -wait_file_content -post_file /tekton/tools/0 -termination_path /tekton/termination -step_metadata_dir /tekton/steps/step-deploy-disconnected-registry -step_metadata_dir_link /tekton/steps/0 -docker-cfg=pipeline-dockercfg-w6xlw -entrypoint /tekton/scripts/script-0-x6mfw --

Pod IP: 10.134.0.60

If you don't see a command prompt, try pressing enter.

sh-4.4# cd /workspace/ztp/

Development

NOTE

This documentation it's mostly for the developers/ges etc... working in the project.

Deploying the environment in Virtual

This is a very expensive option to work with all nodes in virtual, which means, you will need a big boy to make this work:

Hardware requirements

Hardware Regs for the Hub (3 Nodes):

• CPUs: 48 (16 each)

• RAM: 54 Gbs (18 each)

• Storage: 300 Gbs (each)

Hardware Regs for the Edge Cluster (3 Master + 1 Worker Nodes):

Master Nodes:

• CPUs: 72 (24 each)

• RAM: 192 (64 each)

• Storage: 4 extra disks with 200Gb each one

Worker Node: - CPUs: 12 - RAM: 16 - Storage: 4 extra disks with 200Gb each one

Software requirements

- Libvirtd/Qemu/KVM
- Kcli for the scripts.
- Some binaries oc, kubectl, tkn, yq, jq and ketall (for debugging)

Deploying the Base Hub

Deploys the Hub cluster with an NFS as a Base Storage for the requirements

```
git clone git@github.com:rh-ecosystem-edge/ztp-pipeline-relocatable.git
cd ztp-pipeline-relocatable/hack/deploy-hub-local
./build-hub.sh ${HOME}/openshift_pull.json 1
```

Bootstraping OpenShift Pipelines

Installs the necessary things to start executing the Pipelines

```
export KUBECONFIG=/root/.kcli/clusters/test-ci/auth/kubeconfig
curl -sLk https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rh-ecosystem-edge/ztp-pipeline-
relocatable/main/pipelines/bootstrap.sh | bash -s
```

Executing the Hub Pipeline

You can customize the parameter git-revision=<BRANCH> to point to your own branch

```
export KUBECONFIG=/root/.kcli/clusters/test-ci/auth/kubeconfig
tkn pipeline start -n edgecluster-deployer -p ztp-container-
image="quay.io/ztpfw/pipeline:main" -p edgeclusters-config="$(cat /root/amorgant/ztp-
pipeline-relocatable/hack/deploy-hub-local/edgeclusters.yaml)" -p
kubeconfig=${KUBECONFIG} -w name=ztp,claimName=ztp-pvc --timeout 5h --use-param
-defaults deploy-ztp-hub
```

Creating the Edge Cluster VMs

Creates 4 VMs and the proper DNS entries for the involved network

```
./build-edgecluster.sh ${HOME}/openshift_pull.json 1
```

Executing the Edge Cluster Pipeline

You can customize the parameter git-revision=<BRANCH> to point to your own branch

```
export KUBECONFIG=/root/.kcli/clusters/test-ci/auth/kubeconfig
tkn pipeline start -n edgecluster-deployer -p ztp-container-
image="quay.io/ztpfw/pipeline:main" -p edgeclusters-config="$(cat /root/amorgant/ztp-
pipeline-relocatable/hack/deploy-hub-local/edgeclusters.yaml)" -p
kubeconfig=${KUBECONFIG} -w name=ztp,claimName=ztp-pvc --timeout 5h --use-param
-defaults deploy-ztp-edgeclusters
```

Build Images

You will need first access to the Quay Organization called **ZTPFW**, just ask whoever people involved in the project.

You have some targets already in the Makefile, and today you just need to execute:

```
make
```

this will change in the future to add functionality to the Image building

Executing a Pipeline Step

Imagine you have an environment already deployed and you need to test the step you are working on, think on for example the UI. For that you just need to:

• First step you updates the code in the PVC (This can change in the futurte when we embed the code in the Container Image)

tkn task start -n edgecluster-deployer -p git-revision=<YOUR BRANCH> -p edgeclusters-config="\$(cat /root/jparrill/ztp-pipeline-relocatable/hack/deploy-hub-local/edgeclusters.yaml)" -p kubeconfig=\${KUBECONFIG} -w name=ztp,claimName=ztp-pvc --timeout 5h --use-param-defaults fetch-from-git

• This second one executes the Pipeline Step

tkn task start -n edgecluster-deployer -p git-revision=<YOUR BRANCH> -p edgeclusters-config="\$(cat /root/jparrill/ztp-pipeline-relocatable/hack/deploy-hub-local/edgeclusters.yaml)" -p kubeconfig=\${KUBECONFIG} -w name=ztp,claimName=ztp-pvc --timeout 5h --use-param-defaults edgecluster-deploy-ui