# Základy LINQu

#### 13. dubna 2019

LINQ neboli Language Integrated Query je sada jazykových funkcí pro psaní strukturovaných typově bezpečných dotazů přes lokální kolekce objektů a vzdálená data. LINQ byl představen v C # 3.0 a frameworku 3.5.

Základní jednotky dat v LINQ jsou sekvence a prvky. Sekvence je libovolný objekt, který implementuje obecné IEnumerable rozhraní a prvek je každá položka v sekvenci. V následujícím příkladu jsou názvy sekvencemi a Tom, Ríša a Jindra jsou prvky:

```
string [] names = {"Tom", "Ríša", "Jindra"};
```

Sekvence, jako je tato, nazýváme lokální sekvencí , protože reprezentuje lokální sbírku objektů v paměti. Operátor dotazu je metoda, která transformuje sekvenci. Typický dotazovací operátor přijme vstupní sekvenci a vydá transformovanou výstupní sekvenci. Ve třídě Enumerable v System.Linq existuje kolem 40 operátorů dotazů, všechny implementovány jako metody statického rozšíření. Ty se nazývají standardní operátory dotazů.

#### Jednoduchý dotaz

Dotaz je výraz, který transformuje sekvence jedním nebo více operátory dotazů. Nejjednodušší dotaz obsahuje jednu vstupní sekvenci a jeden operátor. Například můžeme použít operátor *Where* na jednoduchém poli, abychom mohli extrahovat jména, jejichž délka je nejméně čtyři znaky, takto:

```
string[] names = { "Tom", "Ríša", "Jindra" };

IEnumerable < string > filteredNames =
System.Linq.Enumerable.Where ( names, n => n.Length >= 4);
foreach (string n in filteredNames) Console.Write (n + "|");
// Ríša|Jindra|
```

Protože standardní operátory dotazů jsou implementovány jako metody rozšíření, můžeme volat Where přímo na names jakoby to byla metoda instance:

```
IEnumerable < string > filteredNames =
System.Linq.Enumerable.Where ( names, n => n.Length >= 4);
```

(Chcete-li kompilovat, musíte importovat System.Linq pomocí direktivy using.) Metoda Where v System.Linq.Enumerable má následující deklaraci:

Kde source je vstupní sekvence; predicate je delegát, který je vyvolán na každém vstupním prvku. Metoda Where vybere všechny prvky, pro které delegát vrací hodnotu true. Interně je generován kód pro iterátor:

```
foreach (TSource element in source)
  if (predicate (element))
    yield return element;
```

### Projekce (Select)

Je aplikací funkce na každý prvek vstupní sekvence.

```
string[] names = { "Tom", "Ríša", "Jindra" };

IEnumerable < string > upperNames = names.Select (n => n.ToUpper());
foreach (string n in upperNames)
   Console.Write (n + "|");
// TOM | RÍŠA | JINDRA |
```

S použitím anonymního typu

```
var query = names.Select (n => new { Name = n, Length = n.Length });
foreach (var row in query)
```

```
Console.WriteLine (row);
// { Name = Tom, Length = 3 }
// { Name = Ríša, Length = 4 }
// { Name = Jindra, Length = 5 }
```

### (SelectMany)

```
double[] t = {1, 2, 3};
var coordinates = t.SelectMany(x=>new double[] { x, x*x, Pow(x,3)});
// coordinates { 1, 1, 1, 2, 4, 8, 3, 9, 27}
```

#### Filtry

```
int[] numbers = { 10, 9, 8, 7, 6 };
IEnumerable < int > firstThree = numbers.Take (3);
// firstThree je { 10, 9, 8 }
IEnumerable < int > lastTwo = numbers.Skip (3);
// lastTwo je { 7, 6 }
var whileGreater7 = numbers.TakeWhile(n=>n>7);
// whileGreater7 je { 10, 9, 8 }
var skipGreater7 = numbers.SkipWhile(n=>n>7);
// skipGreater7 je { 7, 6 }
```

```
numbers = { 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 8, 10 };
var distinct = numbers.Distinct();
// distinct je { 10, 9, 8, 7, 6 }
```

#### Elementy

```
int[] numbers = { 10, 9, 8, 7, 6 };
int firstNumber = numbers.First(); // 10
int lastNumber = numbers.Last(); // 6
int secondNumber = numbers.ElementAt (2); // 8
int firstOddNum = numbers.First (n => n%2 == 1); // 9
```

### Agregace

```
int[] numbers = { 10, 9, 8, 7, 6 };
int count = numbers.Count(); // 5
int min = numbers.Min(); // 6
int max = numbers.Max(); // 10
double avg = numbers.Average(); // 8
int evenNums = numbers.Count (n => n % 2 == 0); // 3
int maxRemainderAfterDivBy5 = numbers.Max (n => n % 5); // 4
```

#### Kvantifikátory

```
int[] numbers = { 10, 9, 8, 7, 6 };
bool hasTheNumberNine = numbers.Contains (9); // true
bool hasMoreThanZeroElements = numbers.Any(); // true
bool hasOddNum = numbers.Any (n => n % 2 == 1); // true
bool allOddNums = numbers.All (n => n % 2 == 1); // false
```

#### Množinové operace

```
int[] seq1 = { 1, 2, 3 }, seq2 = { 3, 4, 5 };
IEnumerable < int > concat = seq1.Concat (seq2), // { 1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5 }
union = seq1.Union (seq2); // { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 }
IEnumerable < int > common = seq1.Intersect (seq2), // { 3 }
difference1 = seq1.Except (seq2), // { 1, 2 }
difference2 = seq2.Except (seq1); // { 4, 5 }
```

#### Odložená aplikace dotazu

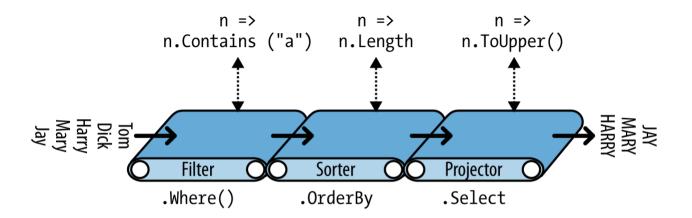
```
var numbers = new List <int > { 1 };
IEnumerable <int > query = numbers.Select (n => n * 10); numbers.Add (2); // Přidáme
    další prvek
foreach (int n in query)
```

```
Console.Write (n + "|"); // 10|20|

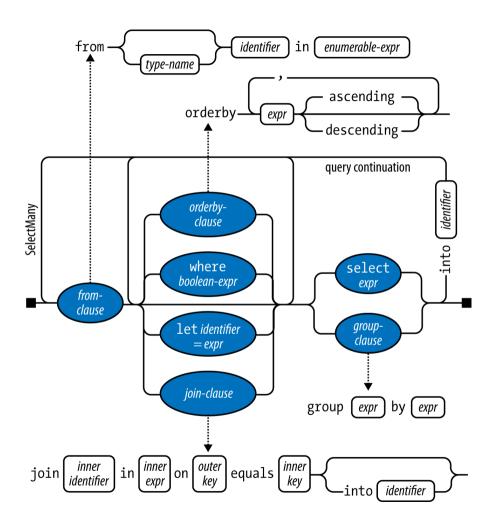
var numbers = new List<int>() { 1, 2 };
List<int> timesTen = numbers .Select (n => n * 10) .ToList(); // Aplikace dotazu do typu List<int>
numbers.Clear();
Console.WriteLine (timesTen.Count); // Stále 2, kešování
```

#### Kompozice dotazovacích operátorů

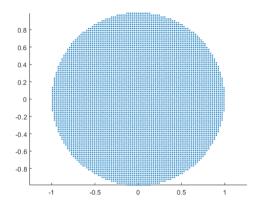
```
string[] names = { "Tom", "Ríša", "Jindra", "Marie", "Jan" };
IEnumerable < string > query = names
   .Where (n => n.Contains ("a"))
   .OrderBy (n => n.Length)
   .Select (n => n.ToUpper());
foreach (string name in query)
   Console.Write (name + "|"); // JAN|RÍŠA|MARIE|JINDRA|
```



## Dotazovací jazyk LINQu



#### Příklad



#### Příklad

```
namespace ME
{
    public struct Coordinate
    {
        public int id;
        public double value;
        public bool boundary;
        public override string ToString()
        {
            return string.Format($"{nameof(Coordinate)}( id={id}, boundary={ boundary}, value={value})");
        }
}
```

```
}
public struct Point
    public int id, idx, idy;
    public bool boundary;
    public override string ToString()
        return string.Format($"{nameof(Point)}( id={id} idx={idx} idy={idy}
           boundary = { boundary } ) ");
public struct Point3
    public int id, idx, idy, idz;
    public bool boundary;
    public override string ToString()
        return string.Format($"{nameof(Point)}( id={id} idx={idx} idy={idy} idz
           ={idz} boundary={boundary})");
    }
}
```

```
using System;
```

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
namespace ME
{
    public static class Ex
        public static void Dump<T>(this IEnumerable<T> collection, string name, int
             max = 5
        ₹
             int n = collection.Count();
             IEnumerable < string > s;
             if (n > 2 * max)
                 s = collection
                     . Take (max). Select ((a, i) \Rightarrow string. Format (\$"\{name\}[\{i\}] = \{a\}")
                         )
                     . Append ("...")
                     .Concat(collection.Skip(n - max).Select((a, i) => string.Format
                         (\$"{name}[{n - max + i}] = {a}"));
             else
                 s = collection. Select((a, i) => string. Format($"{name}[{i}] = {a}")
             foreach (var item in s)
                 Console.WriteLine(item);
             }
        }
        public static IEnumerable < Coordinate > LinSpace(double a, double b, int n)
```

```
{
    n - - :
    return
    Enumerable.Range(0, n).Select((r, i) => new Coordinate { id = i,
       boundary = i == 0, value = a + r * (b - a) / n }).
        Append(new Coordinate { id = n, boundary = true, value = b });
}
public static IEnumerable < Point > Grid (IEnumerable < Coordinate > x,
   IEnumerable < Coordinate > v)
{
    var xy = from px in x
             from py in v
             select new { idx = px.id, idy = py.id, bdry = px.boundary ||
                py.boundary };
    return xy.Select((a, i) => new Point { id = i, idx = a.idx, idy = a.idy
       , boundary = a.bdry });
}
public static IEnumerable < Point 3 > Grid (IEnumerable < Coordinate > x,
   IEnumerable < Coordinate > y, IEnumerable < Coordinate > z)
{
    var xyz = from px in x
              from py in y
              from pz in z
              select new { idx = px.id, idy = py.id, idz = pz.id, bdry = px
                  .boundary || py.boundary || pz.boundary };
    return xyz.Select((a, i) => new Point3 { id = i, idx = a.idx, idy = a.
       idy, idz = a.idz, boundary = a.bdry });
```

```
}
    public static IEnumerable < double [] > Grid (IEnumerable < Coordinate > x,
       IEnumerable < Coordinate > y, Func < double, double > f)
    {
        return
        from px in x
        from py in y
        select new double[] { px.value, py.value, f(px.value, py.value) };
    }
    public static IEnumerable <double[] > Grid(IEnumerable <Coordinate > x,
       IEnumerable < Coordinate > y, IEnumerable < Coordinate > z, Func < double,
       double, double, double > f)
    {
        return
        from px in x
        from py in y
        from pz in z
        select new double[] { px.value, py.value, pz.value, f(px.value, py.
           value, pz.value) };
    }
}
```

using System;

```
using System.Ling;
using MathNet.Numerics.LinearAlgebra;
namespace ME
{
    class Program
        static void Main(string[] args)
            int n = 6, m = 11;
            var x = Ex.LinSpace(0, 2, n);
            var y = Ex.LinSpace(0, 1, m);
            x.Dump(nameof(x));
            y.Dump(nameof(y));
            var grid = Ex.Grid(x, y);
            grid.Dump(nameof(grid));
            var B = Matrix < double > . Build . Dense(n, m);
            foreach (var p in grid)
            {
                B[p.idx, p.idy] = p.boundary ? 1 : 0;
            Console.WriteLine(B):
            var xa = x.ToArray();
            var ya = y.ToArray();
            var xyz = Ex.Grid(x,y,(a,b)=>a+b);
            var XYZ=Matrix<double>.Build.DenseOfRows(xyz);
            Console.WriteLine(XYZ);
    }
```

```
}
x[0] = Coordinate(id=0, boundary=True, value=0)
x[1] = Coordinate(id=1, boundary=False, value=0.4)
x[2] = Coordinate(id=2, boundary=False, value=0.8)
x[3] = Coordinate(id=3, boundary=False, value=1.2)
x[4] = Coordinate(id=4, boundary=False, value=1.6)
x[5] = Coordinate(id=5, boundary=True, value=2)
v[0] = Coordinate(id=0, boundary=True, value=0)
v[1] = Coordinate( id=1, boundary=False, value=0.1)
v[2] = Coordinate( id=2, boundary=False, value=0.2)
y[3] = Coordinate( id=3, boundary=False, value=0.3)
v[4] = Coordinate( id=4, boundary=False, value=0.4)
. . .
y[6] = Coordinate(id=6, boundary=False, value=0.6)
v[7] = Coordinate( id=7, boundary=False, value=0.7)
y[8] = Coordinate( id=8, boundary=False, value=0.8)
y[9] = Coordinate( id=9, boundary=False, value=0.9)
y[10] = Coordinate(id=10, boundary=True, value=1)
grid[0] = Point( id=0 idx=0 idy=0 boundary=True)
grid[1] = Point( id=1 idx=0 idy=1 boundary=True)
grid[2] = Point( id=2 idx=0 idy=2 boundary=True)
grid[3] = Point( id=3 idx=0 idy=3 boundary=True)
grid[4] = Point( id=4 idx=0 idy=4 boundary=True)
. . .
grid[61] = Point( id=61 idx=5 idy=6 boundary=True)
grid[62] = Point( id=62 idx=5 idy=7 boundary=True)
grid[63] = Point( id=63 idx=5 idy=8 boundary=True)
grid[64] = Point(id=64 idx=5 idy=9 boundary=True)
```

```
grid[65] = Point( id=65 idx=5 idy=10 boundary=True)
DenseMatrix 6x11-Double
DenseMatrix 66x3-Double
     0
       0
  0.1 0.1
  0.2 0.2
  0.3
       0.3
  0.4
       0.4
   0.5
       0.5
  0.6 0.6
   0.7 0.7
   0.7 2.7
  0.8 2.8
2 0.9 2.9
   1
```

# Join (příklad z MSDN dokumentace)

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace ME
{
    public class JoinDemonstration
        #region Data
        class Product
            public string Name { get; set; }
            public int CategoryID { get; set; }
        }
        class Category
        {
            public string Name { get; set; }
            public int ID { get; set; }
        }
        // Specify the first data source.
        List < Category > categories = new List < Category > ()
       {
           new Category(){Name="nápoje", ID=001},
           new Category(){Name="koření", ID=002},
```

```
new Category(){Name="zelenina", ID=003},
    new Category(){Name="obiloviny", ID=004},
    new Category(){Name="ovoce", ID=005}
};
// Specify the second data source.
List < Product > products = new List < Product > ()
 new Product{Name="káva", CategorvID=001}.
 new Product{Name="čaj", CategoryID=001},
 new Product{Name="pepr", CategoryID=002},
 new Product{Name="kmin", CategoryID=002},
 new Product{Name="mrkev", CategoryID=003},
 new Product{Name="zeli", CategoryID=003},
 new Product{Name="jablka", CategoryID=005},
 new Product{Name="hrušky", CategoryID=005},
};
#endregion
public static void Example()
     JoinDemonstration app = new JoinDemonstration();
     app. InnerJoin();
     app.GroupJoin();
     app.GroupInnerJoin();
     app.GroupJoin3();
     app.LeftOuterJoin();
```

```
app.LeftOuterJoin2();
}
void InnerJoin()
    var innerJoinQuery =
       from category in categories
       join prod in products on category.ID equals prod.CategoryID
       select new { Category = category.ID, Product = prod.Name };
    Console.WriteLine("InnerJoin:");
    foreach (var item in innerJoinQuery)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("{0,-10}{1}", item.Product, item.Category);
    }
    Console.WriteLine("InnerJoin: {0} items in 1 group.", innerJoinQuery.
       Count());
    Console.WriteLine(System.Environment.NewLine);
}
void GroupJoin()
{
    var groupJoinQuery =
       from category in categories
       join prod in products on category. ID equals prod. Category ID into
          prodGroup
       select prodGroup;
```

```
int totalItems = 0;
    Console.WriteLine("Simple GroupJoin:");
    foreach (var prodGrouping in groupJoinQuery)
        Console.WriteLine("Group:");
        foreach (var item in prodGrouping)
            totalItems++;
            Console.WriteLine(" {0,-10}{1}", item.Name, item.CategoryID);
        }
    Console.WriteLine("Unshaped GroupJoin: {0} items in {1} unnamed groups"
       , totalItems, groupJoinQuery.Count());
    Console.WriteLine(System.Environment.NewLine);
}
void GroupInnerJoin()
{
    var groupJoinQuery2 =
        from category in categories
        orderby category.ID
        join prod in products on category. ID equals prod. Category ID into
           prodGroup
        select new
        {
            Category = category.Name,
            Products = from prod2 in prodGroup
```

```
orderby prod2.Name
                       select prod2
        };
    int totalItems = 0;
    Console.WriteLine("GroupInnerJoin:");
    foreach (var productGroup in groupJoinQuery2)
        Console.WriteLine(productGroup.Category);
        foreach (var prodItem in productGroup.Products)
        {
            totalItems++;
            Console.WriteLine(" {0,-10} {1}", prodItem.Name, prodItem.
               CategoryID);
        }
    Console.WriteLine("GroupInnerJoin: {0} items in {1} named groups",
       totalItems, groupJoinQuery2.Count());
    Console.WriteLine(System.Environment.NewLine);
void GroupJoin3()
    var groupJoinQuery3 =
        from category in categories
```

}

{

```
join product in products on category. ID equals product. Category ID
           into prodGroup
        from prod in prodGroup
        orderby prod.CategoryID
        select new { Category = prod.CategoryID, ProductName = prod.Name };
    int totalItems = 0:
    Console.WriteLine("GroupJoin3:");
    foreach (var item in groupJoinQuery3)
    {
        totalItems++;
        Console.WriteLine(" {0}:{1}", item.ProductName, item.Category);
    }
    Console.WriteLine("GroupJoin3: {0} items in 1 group", totalItems,
       groupJoinQuery3.Count());
    Console.WriteLine(System.Environment.NewLine);
void LeftOuterJoin()
    var leftOuterQuery =
       from category in categories
       join prod in products on category. ID equals prod. Category ID into
          prodGroup
       select prodGroup.DefaultIfEmpty(new Product() { Name = "Nic!",
          CategoryID = category.ID });
```

}

```
int totalItems = 0;
    Console.WriteLine("Left Outer Join:");
    foreach (var prodGrouping in leftOuterQuery)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Group:", prodGrouping.Count());
        foreach (var item in prodGrouping)
            totalItems++;
            Console.WriteLine(" {0,-10}{1}", item.Name, item.CategoryID);
        }
    Console.WriteLine("LeftOuterJoin: {0} items in {1} groups", totalItems,
        leftOuterQuery.Count());
    Console.WriteLine(System.Environment.NewLine);
void LeftOuterJoin2()
    var leftOuterQuery2 =
       from category in categories
       join prod in products on category. ID equals prod. Category ID into
          prodGroup
       from item in prodGroup.DefaultIfEmpty()
       select new { Name = item == null ? "Nic!" : item.Name, CategoryID =
          category.ID };
```

}

{

```
Console.WriteLine("LeftOuterJoin2: {0} items in 1 group",
               leftOuterQuery2.Count());
            int totalItems = 0;
            Console.WriteLine("Left Outer Join 2:");
            foreach (var item in leftOuterQuery2)
                totalItems++;
                Console.WriteLine("{0,-10}{1}", item.Name, item.CategoryID);
            Console.WriteLine("LeftOuterJoin2: {0} items in 1 group", totalItems);
        }
    }
    /*
    InnerJoin:
káva
čaj
pepř
kmín
mrkev
zelí
jablka
          5
hrušky
InnerJoin: 8 items in 1 group.
```

```
Simple GroupJoin:
Group:
  káva
  čaj
Group:
  pepř
  kmín
Group:
  mrkev
             3
  zelí
Group:
Group:
  jablka
             5
  hrušky
             5
Unshaped GroupJoin: 8 items in 5 unnamed groups
GroupInnerJoin:
nápoje
  čaj
  káva
koření
 kmín
             2
 pepř
zelenina
  mrkev
             3
 zelí
             3
obiloviny
```

```
ovoce
 hrušky
             5
             5
  jablka
GroupInnerJoin: 8 items in 5 named groups
GroupJoin3:
   káva:1
  čaj:1
  pepř:2
  kmin:2
   mrkev:3
   zelí:3
  jablka:5
  hrušky:5
GroupJoin3: 8 items in 1 group
Left Outer Join:
Group:
 káva
 čaj
            1
Group:
 pepř
 kmín
Group:
  mrkev
            3
 zelí
            3
Group:
```

```
Nic!
       4
Group:
 jablka
           5
 hrušky
LeftOuterJoin: 9 items in 5 groups
LeftOuterJoin2: 9 items in 1 group
Left Outer Join 2:
káva
čaj
pepř
kmín
mrkev
zelí
Nic!
jablka
hrušky
LeftOuterJoin2: 9 items in 1 group
 */
```

### Linq to XML

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
```

```
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
using System. Xml. Ling;
using static System. Console;
namespace ME
    public class XML
        public static void Example()
            var points = new XElement("Points",
                            new XElement("Point", new XAttribute("id", 1), new
                                XAttribute("x", 0.0), new XAttribute("y", 0.0)),
                            new XElement("Point", new XAttribute("id", 2), new
                                XAttribute("x", 1.0), new XAttribute("y", 0.0)),
                            new XElement("Point", new XAttribute("id", 3), new
                                XAttribute("x", 1.0), new XAttribute("y", 1.0)),
                            new XElement("Point", new XAttribute("id", 4), new
                                XAttribute("x", 0.0), new XAttribute("y", 1.0)));
            var triangles = new XElement("Triangles",
                            new XElement ("Triangle", new XAttribute ("id1", 1), new
                                XAttribute("id2", 2), new XAttribute("id3", 3)),
                            new XElement("Triangle", new XAttribute("id1", 1), new
                                XAttribute("id2", 3), new XAttribute("id3", 4)));
```

```
var xdoc =
        new XDocument( new XElement("Triangulation", points, triangles));
    WriteLine(xdoc):
    xdoc.Save("tri.xml");
    var q1 = xdoc.Descendants("Point").Where(p=>(double)p.Attribute("x")
       ==0):
    foreach (var item in q1) WriteLine(item);
    var q2 = from p in xdoc.Descendants("Point") where (double)p.Attribute(
       "x") == 0 select p.Attribute("id");
    foreach (var item in q2) WriteLine(item);
}
/*
<Triangulation >
  <Points>
    <Point id="1" x="0" y="0" />
    <Point id="2" x="1" y="0" />
    <Point id="3" x="1" y="1" />
    <Point id="4" x="0" v="1" />
  </Points>
  <Triangles>
    <Triangle id1="1" id2="2" id3="3" />
    <Triangle id1="1" id2="3" id3="4" />
  </Triangles>
</Triangulation>
<Point id="1" x="0" v="0" />
<Point id="4" x="0" y="1" />
id="1"
```

```
id="4"
*/
}
```

# Kvalitní triangulace kruhu a Linq a XML data format pro ParaView

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using static System.Math;
using MathNet.Numerics.LinearAlgebra;

namespace ME
{
    public class Triangulation
    {
        public static double tol = 1E-7;
        public double[] x, y;
        public int[][] tri;

        public struct Edge
        {
            public int i1, i2;
        }
}
```

```
public Edge(int i1, int i2)
        if (i1 < i2)
        {
            this.i1 = i1;
            this.i2 = i2;
        else
            this.i2 = i1;
            this.i1 = i2;
        }
    }
public class Triangle
    public int[] i;
    public IEnumerable < Edge > Edges
        get
        {
            yield return new Edge(i[0], i[1]);
            yield return new Edge(i[1], i[2]);
            yield return new Edge(i[2], i[0]);
        }
    }
}
public static Triangulation Circle(int n)
```

```
{
    double b = Sqrt(3) / 2, a = 0.5;
    double[] x0 = \{ 0, 1, a, -a, -1, -a, a \};
    double[] v0 = { 0, 0, b, b, 0, -b, -b };
    double[] r0 = \{ 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 \};
    var lx = new List < double > (x0);
    var lv = new List < double > (v0);
    var lr = new List < double > (r0):
    var lt = new List<int[]>():
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        lt.Add(new int[] { 0, i + 1, i + 2 });
    lt.Add(new int[] { 0, 6, 1 });
    var ie = new List<int>(3);
    var edges = new Dictionary < Edge, int > ();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    ₹
        var lt2 = new List<int[]>();
        edges.Clear();
        foreach (var it in lt)
        {
            var T = new Triangle { i = it };
            ie.Clear():
            foreach (var e in T.Edges) Mid(e);
            lt2.Add(new int[] { ie[0], ie[1], ie[2] });
            lt2.Add(new int[] { it[0], ie[0], ie[2] });
            lt2.Add(new int[] { it[1], ie[1], ie[0] });
            lt2.Add(new int[] { it[2], ie[2], ie[1] });
        1t = 1t2;
```

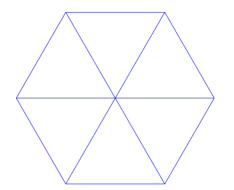
```
}
return new Triangulation { x = lx.ToArray(), y = ly.ToArray(), tri = lt
   .ToArray() };
void Mid(Edge e)
{
   int i;
   if (edges.ContainsKey(e))
        i = edges[e];
    else
    {
        var x = (lx[e.i1] + lx[e.i2]) / 2;
        var y = (ly[e.i1] + ly[e.i2]) / 2;
        var r = Sqrt(x * x + y * y);
        var r1 = lr[e.i1];
        if (Abs(r1 - lr[e.i2]) < tol)
        {
            var d = r1 / r;
            x *= d:
            y *= d;
            r = r1;
        i = lx.Count;
        lx.Add(x); ly.Add(y); lr.Add(r);
        edges.Add(e, i);
   ie.Add(i);
}
```

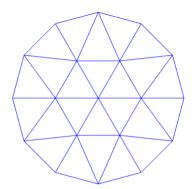
```
public static bool inCircle(double[] x, double[] y)
{
    var A = Matrix < double > . Build . Dense (4, 4);
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
        A . SetRow(i, new double[] { 1, x[i], y[i], x[i] * x[i] + y[i] * y[i] });
    return A . Determinant() < 0;
}
}
</pre>
```

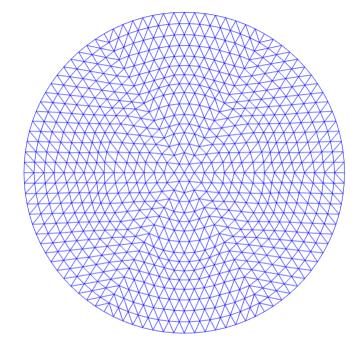
#### Matlab

```
clear; clc; close;
asm=NET.addAssembly([pwd '\Mesh.dll']);
tic
msh=ME.Triangulation.Circle(1);
toc
x=double(msh.x);
y=double(msh.y);
tri=double(msh.tri)+1;

triplot(tri,x,y); hold on
axis equal; axis off
```







#### Linq2XML

```
using System.Ling:
using System.Xml.Ling;
using static System.Console;
using static System. Math;
namespace ME
    public class XML
        static double f(double x, double y) => \sin(5 * x)/3 + \cos(3 * y)/5;
        public static void Example()
            var T = Triangulation.Circle(4);
            var p = T.x.Zip(T.y, (x, y) \Rightarrow string.Format(\$"\{x\} \{y\} \{f(x,y)\} "));
            var tri = T.tri.Select(t => string.Format($"{t[0]} {t[1]} {t[2]} "));
            var off = Enumerable.Range(0, T.tri.Length).Select(t => string.Format($)
               "{3 * (t+1)} ");
            var tp = Enumerable.Range(0, T.tri.Length).Select(t => "5 ");
            var points = new XElement("Points", new XElement("DataArray", new
               XAttribute("type", "Float64"), new XAttribute("NumberOfComponents",
                 "3"), new XAttribute("format", "ascii"), p));
            var triangles = new XElement("Cells", new XElement("DataArray", new
               XAttribute("type", "UInt32"), new XAttribute("Name", "connectivity"
               ), new XAttribute("format", "ascii"), tri),
```

```
new XElement("DataArray", new
                                          XAttribute("type", "UInt32"),
                                           new XAttribute("Name", "
                                          offsets"), new XAttribute("
                                          format", "ascii"), off),
                                       new XElement("DataArray", new
                                          XAttribute("type", "UInt8"),
                                          new XAttribute("Name", "types
                                          "), new XAttribute("format",
                                          "ascii"),tp));
var xdoc = new XDocument(new XElement("VTKFile", new XAttribute("type",
    "UnstructuredGrid"), new XAttribute("version", "0.1"),
                         new XElement("UnstructuredGrid",
                            new XElement("Piece", new XAttribute("
                                NumberOfPoints", T.x. Length), new
                                XAttribute("NumberOfCells", T.tri.
                                Length),
                            points,
                             triangles))));
WriteLine(xdoc):
xdoc.Save("tri.vtu"):
```

