

✓ Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 80% or higher

Keep Learning

GRADE 87.50%

## Week 4 Quiz

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE

What is the name of the method used to tokenize a list of sentences?	1 / 1 poin
o tokenize(sentences)	
fit_on_texts(sentences)	
fit_to_text(sentences)	
O tokenize_on_text(sentences)	
✓ Correct	
If a sentence has 120 tokens in it, and a Conv1D with 128 filters with a Kernal size of 5 is passed over it, what's the output shape?	1 / 1 poir
(None, 116, 124)	
(None, 120, 128)	
(None, 120, 124)	
(None, 116, 128)	
✓ Correct	
What is the purpose of the embedding dimension?	1/1 poi
It is the number of letters in the word, denoting the size of the encoding	
It is the number of dimensions for the vector representing the word encoding	
It is the number of dimensions required to encode every word in the corpus	
O It is the number of words to encode in the embedding	
✓ Correct	
IMDR Reviews are either positive or positive. What type of loss function should be used in this scenario?	
IMDB Reviews are either positive or negative. What type of loss function should be used in this scenario?	1 / 1 poi
Adam  Rinary crossentropy	
Binary crossentropy      Categorical crossentropy	
Binary Gradient descent	
O binary Gradient descent	

 $5. \quad \text{If you have a number of sequences of different lengths, how do you ensure that they are understood when fed into a length of the contract of the cont$ 

1 / 1 point

	neural network?	
	O Specify the input layer of the Neural Network to expect different sizes with dynamic_length	
	O Process them on the input layer of the Neural Network using the pad_sequences property	
	Use the pad_sequences object from the tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence namespace	
	Make sure that they are all the same length using the pad_sequences method of the tokenizer	
	✓ Correct	
	Correct	
6.	When predicting words to generate poetry, the more words predicted the more likely it will end up gibberish. Why?	1 / 1 point
	Because the probability that each word matches an existing phrase goes down the more words you create	
	It doesn't, the likelihood of gibberish doesn't change	
	O Because the probability of prediction compounds, and thus increases overall	
	Because you are more likely to hit words not in the training set	
	✓ Correct	
7.	What is a major drawback of word-based training for text generation instead of character-based generation?	0 / 1 point
	There is no major drawback, it's always better to do word-based training	
	O Because there are far more words in a typical corpus than characters, it is much more memory intensive	
	O Character based generation is more accurate because there are less characters to predict	
	Word based generation is more accurate because there is a larger body of words to draw from	
	× Incorrect	
	How does an LSTM help understand meaning when words that qualify each other aren't necessarily beside each other in a sentence?	1/1 point
	They don't	
	They load all words into a cell state	
	They shuffle the words randomly	
	Values from earlier words can be carried to later ones via a cell state	
	✓ Correct	