

High Performance Computing in the Cloud, a Sample Annotated Bibliography

Arnie Miles<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Harrisburg University of Science and Technology

Author Note

Add complete departmental affiliations for each author here. Each new line herein must be indented, like this line.

Enter author note here.

<!-- <https://tinyurl.com/ybremelq> -->

Correspondence concerning this article should be addressed to Arnie Miles, Harrisburg University. E-mail: amiles@harrisburgu.edu

## High Performance Computing in the Cloud, a Sample Annotated Bibliography

Your Annotated Bibliography, and your Literature Review (later) will start with an introductory paragraph. This paragraph should tell the reader what to expect from your study. You should not reveal your hypotheses yet, however, that should be saved for the end of the Annotated Bibliography (or Literature Review later). Be sure to remove anything from this document that isn't relevant to this document.

### **Annotated Bibliography**

According to Thain, Tannenbaum, and Livny (2005), write a paragraph of stuff about this article. Each summary should be between a sentence and a couple of paragraphs that helps support your arguments. The first summary should be general in nature, and subsequent summaries should lead your reader through more and more specific points until you lead your reader to your hypotheses.

Foster, Zhao, Raicu, and Lu (2008) wrote a lot about grid computing. This paragraph is an example of using an inline citation at the beginning of a paragraph summary. Once again, each summary should be in order.

### **Sub-headers are allowed**

If it makes sense to do so, feel free to put in sub-headers to help your reader understand sub-sets of your literature. Be sure, however, that inside each sub-header you are working from general to specific, and be sure to tie everything together later.

APA discourages the use of direct quotes, but when you do need to use one, you would write something like Yu and Buyya (2005, p. 25) said "Direct quote goes here." Again, APA

only wants to see direct quotes when the exact wording of the original quote is important to the meaning. You could also write “This is a direct quote.” (Yu & Buyya, 2005, p. 25)

Mix up citation styles. For example, you could write an entire summary and end the summary with a citation. This paragraph is an example of what I’m talking about. This entire paragraph is an example. Imagine that this paragraph is your paraphrased text. (Buyya, Abramson, Giddy, & Stockinger, 2002)

Don’t forget that this summary should contain approximately 30 citations. Hamscher, Schwiegelshohn, Streit, and Yahyapour (2000) said (no, they didn’t, but this is an example) that an annotated bibliography should contain enough material that you can throw articles away later that feel weak and unrelated to you later.

Notices that the References section is not in the same order as they references are listed in this annotated bibliography. Papaja will automatically put your references in alphabetical order for you! (Erwin & Snelling, 2001)

This all ends with a paragraph containing your hypotheses. They do not get their own header. You should put them in paragraph form, try to avoid bullet lists unless you are writing variants of the same hypothesis. Be sure that your literature leads your reader to your hypotheses. Remember that your reader doesn’t need to agree with your hypotheses, but they must know how you arrived at them.

## References

50

- 51 Buyya, R., Abramson, D., Giddy, J., & Stockinger, H. (2002). Economic models for resource  
52 management and scheduling in grid computing. *Concurrency and Computation:  
53 Practice and Experience*, 14(13-15), 1507–1542.
- 54 Erwin, D. W., & Snelling, D. F. (2001). UNICORE: A grid computing environment. In  
55 *European conference on parallel processing* (pp. 825–834). Springer.
- 56 Foster, I., Zhao, Y., Raicu, I., & Lu, S. (2008). Cloud computing and grid computing  
57 360-degree compared. In *2008 grid computing environments workshop* (pp. 1–10).  
58 Ieee.
- 59 Hamscher, V., Schwiegelshohn, U., Streit, A., & Yahyapour, R. (2000). Evaluation of  
60 job-scheduling strategies for grid computing. In *International workshop on grid  
61 computing* (pp. 191–202). Springer.
- 62 Thain, D., Tannenbaum, T., & Livny, M. (2005). Distributed computing in practice: The  
63 condor experience. *Concurrency and Computation: Practice and Experience*, 17(2-4),  
64 323–356.
- 65 Yu, J., & Buyya, R. (2005). A taxonomy of workflow management systems for grid  
66 computing. *Journal of Grid Computing*, 3(3-4), 171–200.