## **ASSIGNMENT 4**

1. Write a C program to print *Hello Students* on the screen.

```
Ans- #include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    printf("Hello Students"); }
```

2. Write a C Program to print <u>Hello</u> on the first line and <u>Students</u> in the second line.

```
Ans- #include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    printf("Hello\nStudents"); }
```

3. Write a C program to print "MySirG" on the screen

```
Ans- #include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    printf("MySirG"); }
```

4. Write a C program to print "Teacher's Day" on the screen

```
Ans- #include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    printf("Teacher's Day"); }
```

5. Write a C program to print  $\underline{n}$  on the screen

```
Ans- #include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    printf("\\n"); }
```

6. Write a C program to print  $\frac{\%d}{}$  on the screen

```
Ans- #include<stdio.h>
int main() {
   printf("%%d"); }
```

# 7. Write a C program containing declaration of three variables (of type int, char and float), also assign some values to them and print values of all three variables using single printf().

Ans- #include<stdio.h>

int main(){

int x; char y; float z;

x=3; y= "R"; z=0.78;

printf("integer value = %d\ncharacter value = %c\nfloat value = %f" x,y,z); }

### 8. Explore following format specifiers on internet - <u>%i, %g, %lf</u>

Ans- The format specifier %i the type of variable as an integer value.

The format specifier %g the type of variable as decimal floating-point value.

The format specifier %lf the type of variable as double value.

## 9. Write a C program to print character stored in a char variable, also print its ASCII code.

Ans- #include<stdio.h>
 int main() {
 char word='k';
 printf("character stored in word variable is %c \nASCII code =%i",word,word); }

#### 10. How to convert a Decimal number into a Binary number and vice versa.

**Ans- Decimal to Binary:** Taking a decimal 555, dividing it by 2 we get remainder as 1 and quotient as 277. Repeat the process till q = 1.

```
r = 1, q = 138; r = 0, q = 69; r = 1, q = 34; r = 0, q = 17; r = 1, q = 8; r = 0, q = 4; r = 0, q = 2; r = 0, q = 1
```

The binary is bottom to top all remainders (first include last quotient 1) - 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1

**Binary to decimal:** Taking a binary 11101001, Start from 1 and double that and keep on writing 1-by-1 digit in front of those nos.

$$1 = 1, 2 = 0, 4 = 0, 8 = 1, 16 = 0, 32 = 1, 64 = 1, 128 = 1$$

Add nos. who has 1 in front 128 + 64 + 32 + 8 + 1 = 233