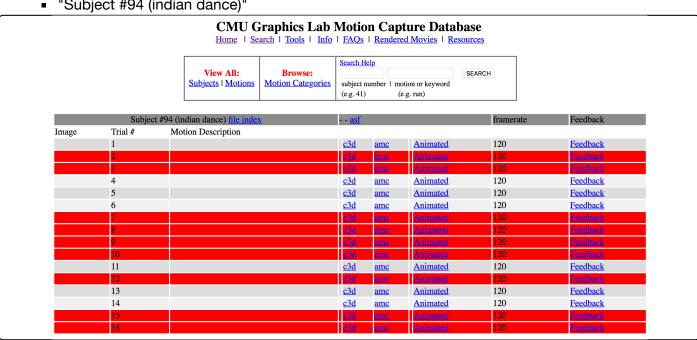
Motion Generation Example using RNN

• "Generative Choreography using Deep Learning", Luka Crnkovic-Friis, Louise Crnkovic-Friis, 2016 (arXiv:1605.06921)

Training	Sample fra	imes from generated	animation	Description
Time	Sample II a	inies from generated	animation	Description
~10 min				Nearly untrained system. Joint positions are almost random. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QnaKyc1Mpmo
~6h	市	R		Understands relative joint positions and very basic movement. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c9h9zc7uPWQ
~48h	À	77		Understands joint relations well, understand syntax and style well, understands basic semantics https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q4_XSMqN8w0 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W1oRgDPxEkc

motion capture data sample

- · CMU motion caption data
 - http://mocap.cs.cmu.edu
 - "Subject #94 (indian dance)"



```
In [1]: %%bash
    rm -fr data/input
    rm -fr data/input2 data/input3
    rm -fr data/input4 data/tmp
    rm -fr save1 save2 save3 save4
In [2]: %matplotlib inline
# coding: utf-8
    from __future__ import print_function
    from __future__ import division
```

모션데이터를 전처리 하여 csv 포맷으로 변환

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

• 모션 캡춰 데이터의 한 프레임에서 주요 관절의 3차원 좌표값 추출하여 차례로 기록

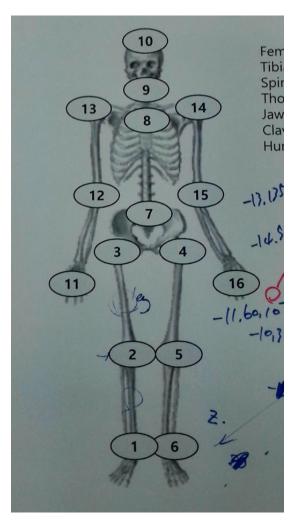
from __future__ import absolute_import

• 모션 캡춰 데이터 모든 프레임에 대해서 위 과정을 반복

import numpy as np

- 주요관절의 아래 그림과 같이 선택
- csv 데이터의 하나의 row 에는 16개 관절 좌표의 x,y,z 값을 차례대로 기록 (전체 48개 column)

$$[x_1, y_1, z_1, x_2, y_2, z_2, \dots, x_{16}, y_{16}, z_{16}]$$



모션 데이터 예시

data/mocap-thkim-3d/94_04_skeleton_3d.csv

Out[4]:

	x_1	v 1	z_1	x 2	y_2	z 2	x_3
	^ _1	y_1	Z_ I	X_Z	y_z		X_3
0	1.882192	756.66960	144.147340	-31.925642	697.06940	107.631160	2.9472
1	1.883342	756.67890	144.150670	-31.815847	697.03030	107.629860	2.9253
2	1.890642	756.70060	144.164610	-31.691278	696.98720	107.639490	2.8684
3	1.888782	756.71560	144.184250	-31.598267	696.93536	107.655106	2.7869
4	1.897167	756.73083	144.202870	-31.539127	696.90410	107.680260	2.6528
5	1.907214	756.74603	144.215380	-31.534208	696.90234	107.715510	2.428
6	1.917874	756.75354	144.212880	-31.573100	696.93710	107.697930	2.1183
7	1.939046	756.76056	144.198700	-31.622274	697.04020	107.598000	1.6798
8	1.955456	756.77966	144.174730	-31.690561	697.20610	107.395930	1.0666
9	1.951021	756.83026	144.160140	-31.695585	697.41925	107.128660	0.3110
10	1.947459	756.90656	144.148560	-31.602858	697.62616	106.830560	-0.538
11	1.938678	756.97420	144.121980	-31.450668	697.77850	106.487724	-1.406
12	1.900310	757.03460	144.102630	-31.214990	697.88257	106.088980	-2.278
13	1.831522	757.10370	144.107040	-30.911634	697.96640	105.642820	-3.108
14	1.747009	757.16330	144.123520	-30.636566	698.02970	105.209900	-3.822
15	1.678542	757.20940	144.133700	-30.414112	698.08966	104.865600	-4.276
16	1.624095	757.26544	144.152500	-30.169820	698.15314	104.586464	-4.361
17	1.584209	757.31714	144.174930	-29.792175	698.18365	104.234184	-4.144
18	1.563949	757.34450	144.175740	-29.256231	698.18866	103.760130	-3.742

19	1.561036	757.33887	144.151430	-28.647322	698.15420	103.267140	-3.12
20	1.578463	757.29010	144.114550	-27.984106	698.06024	102.815880	-2.11
21	1.603456	757.17633	144.057170	-27.196768	697.86960	102.292830	-0.71
22	1.711625	757.04980	143.954640	-26.159270	697.53064	101.820490	0.803
23	1.830794	756.87150	143.934130	-24.984285	696.89820	101.690500	2.403
24	1.723435	756.22520	143.869340	-23.844180	695.75610	101.555810	4.253
25	1.499542	754.62980	143.472550	-22.809896	694.18330	100.606636	6.20
26	1.337029	752.14417	142.335740	-22.206560	692.32690	98.185200	7.917
27	1.265661	749.50340	140.172490	-21.823687	690.36945	94.723820	9.19
28	1.366566	747.38696	136.877320	-21.139654	688.50165	90.791540	10.0
29	1.719596	746.15936	132.191200	-19.965536	686.71860	86.430275	10.60
686	-2.531506	753.10020	-57.438564	-26.558670	687.00610	-89.963440	-0.44
687	-3.804404	750.34160	-58.423798	-29.106009	685.63214	-93.178790	-0.81
688	-6.878615	744.68100	-61.351900	-34.576366	682.40560	-99.473340	-0.75
689	-12.088651	737.63190	-66.647080	-41.752422	677.45325	-107.078896	-0.51
690	-19.129330	732.52590	-74.027054	-48.510345	671.79090	-113.641106	-0.54
691	-28.785208	732.38710	-84.101470	-54.068897	666.73760	-117.944820	-1.17
692	-41.993830	737.06350	-97.422080	-57.927338	663.93560	-119.946670	-2.05
693	-57.686380	743.29016	-113.234940	-59.667873	665.05396	-120.329810	-3.48
694	-72.226555	747.91010	-128.932540	-59.542133	670.47420	-119.649230	-5.98
695	-80.439670	750.79320	-139.513460	-58.328766	677.88556	-118.601890	-9.66
696	-80.685425	754.60300	-142.215590	-56.419647	684.10376	-117.996150	-14.4
697	-80.060790	756.99896	-142.093700	-55.020363	687.61420	-116.862686	-19.4
698	-81.515100	757.58210	-141.709270	-56.411854	688.08276	-116.190020	-23.2
699	-82.678360	757.92520	-141.409030	-59.363533	687.25195	-116.942080	-25.0
700	-83.172844	757.79016	-141.864290	-61.196210	686.55426	-117.820310	-25.6
701	-83.001910	757.49840	-142.166170	-62.252880	685.72840	-118.972560	-25.7
702	-82.220085	757.17487	-142.034130	-64.465385	684.07180	-120.494100	-25.3
703	-80.345310	756.49603	-141.142720	-68.430830	681.03510	-122.637690	-24.7
704	-76.388920	755.01373	-137.853800	-72.429860	677.17554	-125.607925	-24.4
705	-68.397280	752.79550	-130.502910	-74.868576	674.10660	-128.878020	-24.9
706	-57.514492	749.99180	-120.290530	-74.909386	673.48010	-131.119840	-26.0

707	-47.540966	747.37620	-109.833390	-72.263390	675.66470	-132.186690	-27.63
708	-40.426094	747.27680	-101.572260	-67.227165	679.96210	-132.474000	-29.29
709	-36.221110	751.35950	-97.827810	-60.754690	684.89710	-131.145570	-31.15
710	-33.827175	755.21124	-96.917410	-55.527416	687.78740	-129.189500	-32.89
711	-33.839127	755.76086	-97.059310	-53.661446	687.41223	-129.745060	-34.06
712	-34.591507	755.82430	-97.278010	-53.734493	686.72626	-130.451550	-34.88
713	-34.687830	756.16090	-97.028250	-54.017150	687.08520	-129.065670	-36.09
714	-34.806538	756.39764	-96.819695	-54.563060	687.28910	-127.727580	-37.77
715	-34.987312	756.55720	-96.684940	-55.357400	687.19183	-127.087610	-39.34

716 rows × 48 columns

In [5]:

df.describe()

Out[5]:

			-	-		-
	x_1	y_1	z_1	x_2	y_2	z_2
count	716.000000	716.000000	716.000000	716.000000	716.000000	716.000000
mean	-3.518349	741.012391	60.978439	-19.462976	679.968872	32.958518
std	165.634351	26.224731	89.881845	156.700390	22.239540	82.227495
min	-247.948400	597.344400	-142.215590	-250.783620	573.122800	-132.474000
25%	-112.370794	738.313720	-4.724420	-122.785225	675.907575	-31.781075
50%	-2.874052	751.471200	81.822103	-27.833915	685.672270	44.818014
75%	10.579322	756.158225	118.554532	-8.219873	692.030925	100.865803
max	436.693760	759.918150	214.190540	420.481050	711.845030	176.197020

8 rows × 48 columns

모션데이터 시각화 - 주요 좌표들의 변화 plot

- 신체중심 (골반) x,y,z 좌표의 변화
- 기타 주요 단말 (손,발,정수리) x,y,z 좌표의 변화
- 200 스텝까지의 변화와, 그 이후 데이터 전체의 변화를 관찰

```
In [6]:
        def plot motion(data, vlim=5.5):
             if type(data) is str or type(data) is unicode:
                 data = np.loadtxt(data,delimiter=',')
            cols0 = [18,19,20] # 골반 = (7)
            cols = np.concatenate([
                                # 오른쪽 발 = (0)
                 [0,1,2],
                                # 왼쪽 발
                 [15,16,17],
                                           = (6)
                 [27,28,29],
                                # 정수리
                                           = (10)
                                # 오른손
                 [30,31,32],
                                           = (11)
                                 # 왼손
                 [45,46,47],
                                            = (16)
             ])
            plt.figure(figsize=(13.5, 3.5))
            # 앞에서부터 500 스텝만 plot
            plt.subplot(2,2,1)
            plt.ylim(-vlim, vlim)
            plt.plot(range(200),data[:200,cols0])
            plt.subplot(2,2,3)
            plt.ylim(-vlim, vlim)
            plt.plot(range(200),data[:200,cols])
            # 나머지 스텝 plot
            plt.subplot(2,2,2)
            plt.ylim(-vlim, vlim)
            plt.plot(range(200,len(data)),data[200:,cols0])
            plt.subplot(2,2,4)
            plt.ylim(-vlim, vlim)
            plt.plot(range(200,len(data)),data[200:,cols])
In [7]:
        plot_motion('data/mocap-thkim-3d/94_04_skeleton_3d.csv',
                     vlim=900)
          500
                                             500
           0
         -500
                                             -500
                                                                500
                          100
          500
                                             500
           0
                                              0
```

-500

200

400

300

500

600

700

모션 데이터 시각화 - 애니메이션

-500

• Javascript + Processing is 기반의 간단한 3D 애니메이션 뷰어

125

150

100

175

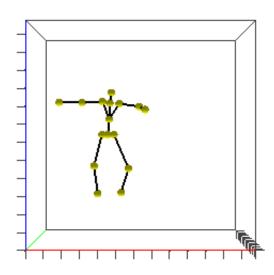
200

• Jupyter Notebook 의 HTML 렌더링 기능을 이용

```
In [8]: def show_motion(filename):
    from IPython.core.display import HTML, display
    html="""

<iframe
    style="width:440px;height:440px;border:0"
    src="BodyViewerJs/index.html#../{filename:s}">
    </iframe>
    """
    display(HTML(html.format(filename=filename)))
```

In [9]: show_motion('data/mocap-thkim-3d/94_04_skeleton_3d.csv')



```
In [10]: !ls data/mocap-thkim-3d/

94_01_skeleton_3d.csv 94_05_skeleton_3d.csv 94_09_skeleton_3d.cs
v
94_02_skeleton_3d.csv 94_06_skeleton_3d.csv 94_10_skeleton_3d.cs
v
94_03_skeleton_3d.csv 94_07_skeleton_3d.csv 94_11_skeleton_3d.cs
v
94_04_skeleton_3d.csv 94_08_skeleton_3d.csv 94_12_skeleton_3d.cs
```

click me!

학습을 위해서 학습 데이터를 정규화 하고, data/input 에 저 장

- step #1: get means & standard deviations for (multiple) input files
 - 입력파일(들) 에 포함된 좌표값들의 평균, 표준편차 계산 (관절별로 따로)
- step #2:
 - 위에서 구한 평균 분산을 이용해서 입력파일의 좌표를 변환
 - (좌표값 평균값) / 표준편차

```
In [12]:
         # %pycat csv_stats.py
In [13]:
         %%bash -e
         # step #1: get means & standard deviations
         python csv stats.py \
             data/mocap-thkim-3d/94 04 skeleton 3d.csv \
             --mean file data/input/mean.txt \
             --std file data/input/std.txt
         {'var_file': None, 'verbose': False, 'std_file': 'data/input/std.t
         xt', 'mean_file': 'data/input/mean.txt', 'input_files': ['data/moc
         ap-thkim-3d/94 04 skeleton 3d.csv']}
         input: data/mocap-thkim-3d/94 04 skeleton 3d.csv
         wrote: data/input/mean.txt
         wrote: data/input/std.txt
In [14]: # %pycat csv normalize.py
In [15]: | %%bash -e
         # step #2: normalize
         # (1) subtract with mean value
         # (2) divide by std value
         python csv normalize.py \
             --mean file data/input/mean.txt \
             --std file data/input/std.txt \
             data/mocap-thkim-3d/94 04 skeleton 3d.csv \
             data/input/04.csv
         {'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input/std.txt', 'reverse': False,
         'input_file': 'data/mocap-thkim-3d/94_04_skeleton_3d.csv', 'output
         _file': 'data/input/04.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input/mean.txt', '
         verbose': False}
         normalize: data/mocap-thkim-3d/94 04 skeleton 3d.csv data/input/04
         .csv
```

역정규화 un-normalize

- normalize step
 - (좌표값 평균값)/표준편차
- un-normalize step (reverse normalize)
 - 변환좌표값 * 표준편차 + 평균값

un-normalize: data/input/04.csv data/tmp/rev-04.csv

변환 + 역변환 결과가 원본과 같은지 검사

훈련데이터의 구성

```
In [18]: # %pycat dataloader.py
```

prepare training data - DataLoader (dataloader.py)

```
for dirname, _, filelist in os.walk(data_dir):
    for filename in filelist:
        filepath = join(dirname,filename)
    if filename.endswith('.csv'):
        logger.info(('loadtxt',filepath))

        data = np.loadtxt(filepath, delimiter=',')

        if augment_data > 1:
            # mirror augment * xN augment
            data = np.vstack([data, data[::-1]] * augment_data)
            logger.info(('augment > 1','shape',data.shape))

        self.data_append(data)

self.data_len = [len(d) for d in self.data]
self.data_prob = np.array(self.data_len, dtype=np.float32) / \
            np.sum(self.data_len, dtype=np.float32)
```

prepare training data batch - DataLoader (dataloader.py)

```
for _ in range(batch_size):
    data_choice = np.random.choice(range(len(self.data)),p=self.dat
a_prob)

data = self.data[data_choice]
  index = np.random.randint(0,len(data)-(seq_length+1))

x = data[index:index+seq_length,:]

y = data[index+1:index+1+seq_length,:]

x_batch.append(x)

y_batch.append(y)

data_id = self.data_id[data_choice]
  id batch.append(data id)
```

생성모형 정의

```
In [19]: # %pycat model.py
```

placeholders

```
input data = tf.placeholder(
    dtype=tf.float32,
    shape=[None, seq length, NUM OUTPUTS],
    name='input data')
target data = tf.placeholder(
    dtype=tf.float32,
    shape=[None, seq length, NUM OUTPUTS],
    name='target_data')
seq length = tf.placeholder(
    dtype=tf.int64,
    shape=[None],
    name='seq_length')
motion id = tf.placeholder(
        dtype=tf.float32,
        shape=[None, ID SIZE],
        name='mot id')
batch_size = tf.shape(seq_length)[0]
```

RNN

```
cell list = \
    [new_cell(args, NUM_OUTPUTS, infer)] + \
    [new cell(args, rnn_size, infer)] * (num_layers-1)
cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(cell list)
motion_state = tf.layers.dense(motion_id,
                    rnn_size * 2 * num_layers)
initial state = tuple([
    tf.contrib.rnn.LSTMStateTuple(*tf.split(x, 2, axis=1))
    for x in tf.split(motion_state, num_layers, axis=1)])
outputs, last state = tf.nn.dynamic rnn(
    cell,
    input data,
    sequence length=seq length,
    initial_state = initial_state,
    dtype=tf.float32
output = tf.layers.dense(outputs, NUM OUTPUTS)
```

Loss & Optimize

Sampling

```
def sample(model, sess, num):
   prev_state = sess.run(model.initial_state, {model.motion_id:[motio
n id]})
   prev_vec = np.zeros((1, 1, NUM_OUTPUTS), dtype=np.float32)
   strokes
               = np.zeros((num, NUM OUTPUTS), dtype=np.float32)
                = np.zeros(NUM OUTPUTS, dtype=np.float32)
   output
    for i in tqdm(range(num)):
        feed
           model.input_data:
                               prev_vec,
           model.initial_state: prev_state,
           model.seq length:
                                [1],
       }
       o rest, next state = sess.run(
            [model.output, model.last_state],
            feed)
       strokes[i, :] = o rest[0]
       prev_vec[0, 0, :] = o_rest[0, 0, :]
       prev_state
                          = next_state
   return strokes
```

</code>

학습 시작

```
INFO:dataloader:('checking:', 'data/input')
INFO:dataloader:('loadtxt', 'data/input/04.csv')
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 10
epoch 1, step 200, loss = 0.21686, elapsed = 0.119
epoch 1, step 400, loss = 0.07980, elapsed = 0.107
model saved to save1/model.ckpt-500
epoch 1, step 600, loss = 0.03650, elapsed = 0.109
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 10
epoch 2, step 800, loss = 0.02491, elapsed = 0.200
epoch 2, step 1000, loss = 0.01285, elapsed = 0.102
model saved to save1/model.ckpt-1000
epoch 2, step 1200, loss = 0.01183, elapsed = 0.205
INFO:dataloader:('num batches:', 616, 'batch size:', 50, 'seq length:', 10
0)
epoch 3, step 1400, loss = 0.00697, elapsed = 0.099
model saved to save1/model.ckpt-1500
epoch 3, step 1600, loss = 0.00684, elapsed = 0.102
epoch 3, step 1800, loss = 0.00568, elapsed = 0.111
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 10
epoch 4, step 2000, loss = 0.00395, elapsed = 0.103
model saved to save1/model.ckpt-2000
epoch 4, step 2200, loss = 0.00320, elapsed = 0.100
epoch 4, step 2400, loss = 0.00270, elapsed = 0.102
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 10
model saved to save1/model.ckpt-2500
epoch 5, step 2600, loss = 0.00237, elapsed = 0.098
epoch 5, step 2800, loss = 0.00278, elapsed = 0.106
epoch 5, step 3000, loss = 0.00190, elapsed = 0.098
model saved to save1/model.ckpt-3000
model saved to save1/model.ckpt-3080
```

```
In [21]:
```

#!python -mtensorboard.main --port 5000 --logdir save1:save1,save2:save2,
save3:save3

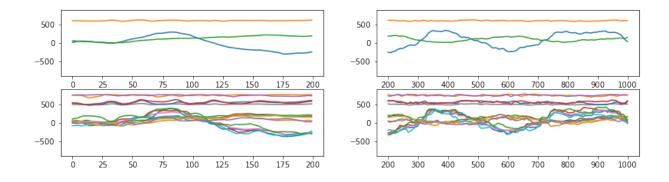
학습된 네트웍을 이용해서 동작 생성

```
loading model: save1/model.ckpt-3080
100%| | 1000/1000 [00:01<00:00, 906.9
4it/s]</pre>
```

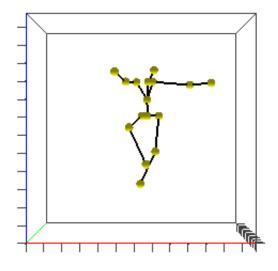
정규화된 입력을 학습했기 때문에, 사용하기 전에는 다시 역-정규화

```
!python csv_normalize.py -r \\
--mean_file data/input/mean.txt \
--std_file data/input/std.txt \
data/tmp/sample_04.csv \
save1/sample_04.csv
```

```
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input/std.txt', 'reverse': True, 'input_f ile': 'data/tmp/sample_04.csv', 'output_file': 'save1/sample_04.csv', 'mea n_file': 'data/input/mean.txt', 'verbose': False} un-normalize: data/tmp/sample_04.csv save1/sample_04.csv
```

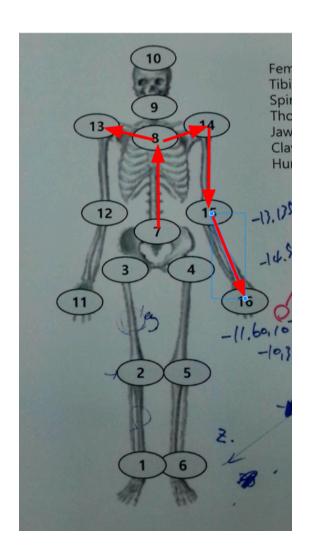


In [25]:
 show_motion('save1/sample_04.csv')



데이터 포맷의 변경

- 인체 중심을 골반 (7번) 관절 기준으로
- 연결된 두 개 관절에서 중심 방향에 있는 관절을 기준으로
- 바깥 방향에 있는 관절은 중심방향에 있는 관절에 대한 상대좌표
- 중심좌표는 절대값을 그대로 사용



In [26]:

%pycat csv_motion_to_jrel2.py

```
LINKS = (
    (7, 3), (3, 2), (2, 1), # 골반에서 우측 발까지
    (7, 4), (4, 5), (5, 6), # 골반에서 좌측 발까지
    (7, 8), (8, 9), (9, 10), # 골반에서 정수리까지
    (8, 13), (13, 12), (12, 11), # 명치에서 우측 손 끝 까지
    (8, 14), (14, 15), (15, 16), # 명치에서 좌측 손 끝 까지
)
def motion_to_jrel2_row(row):
   row = row[:3*N_JOINTS].reshape([-1,3])
   row_rel = np.zeros_like(row)
   j1, j2 = LINKS[0]
   row rel[j1-1] = row[j1-1]
   for j1, j2 in LINKS:
       row rel[j2-1] = row[j2-1] - row[j1-1]
   row = row_rel.reshape([-1])
   return row
def jrel2_to_motion_row(row):
   row = row[:3*N_JOINTS].reshape([-1,3])
   for j1, j2 in LINKS:
       row[j2-1] = row[j2-1] + row[j1-1]
   row = row.reshape([-1])
   return row
```

</code>

상대좌표로 변환하고, 정규화

```
{'output_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv', 'reverse': False, 'input_file': 'data/mocap-thkim
-3d/94_04_skeleton_3d.csv'}
{'var_file': None, 'verbose': False, 'std_file': '/data/input2/std.txt', 'mean_file': '/d
ata/input2/mean.txt', 'input_files': ['data/tmp/__rel__.csv']}
input: data/tmp/__rel__.csv
wrote: /data/input2/mean.txt
wrote: /data/input2/std.txt
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': '/data/input2/std.txt', 'reverse': False, 'input_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv', 'output_file': 'data/input2/04.csv', 'mean_file': '/data/input2/mean.tx
t', 'verbose': False}
normalize: data/tmp/__rel__.csv data/input2/04.csv
```

학습시작

```
!python -u train.py !
--save_dir save2 \
--rnn_type lstm \
--data_dir data/input2
```

```
INFO:dataloader:('checking:', 'data/input2')
INFO:dataloader:('loadtxt', 'data/input2/04.csv')
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 100)
epoch 1, step 200, loss = 0.32935, elapsed = 0.136
epoch 1, step 400, loss = 0.17336, elapsed = 0.117
model saved to save2/model.ckpt-500
epoch 1, step 600, loss = 0.08954, elapsed = 0.133
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 100)
epoch 2, step 800, loss = 0.05468, elapsed = 0.167
epoch 2, step 1000, loss = 0.03993, elapsed = 0.111
model saved to save2/model.ckpt-1000
epoch 2, step 1200, loss = 0.02360, elapsed = 0.107
INFO:dataloader:('num batches:', 616, 'batch size:', 50, 'seq length:', 100)
epoch 3, step 1400, loss = 0.01700, elapsed = 0.113
model saved to save2/model.ckpt-1500
epoch 3, step 1600, loss = 0.01324, elapsed = 0.111
epoch 3, step 1800, loss = 0.01074, elapsed = 0.110
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 100)
epoch 4, step 2000, loss = 0.00888, elapsed = 0.115
model saved to save2/model.ckpt-2000
epoch 4, step 2200, loss = 0.00966, elapsed = 0.109
epoch 4, step 2400, loss = 0.00636, elapsed = 0.113
INFO:dataloader:('num batches:', 616, 'batch size:', 50, 'seq length:', 100)
model saved to save2/model.ckpt-2500
epoch 5, step 2600, loss = 0.00664, elapsed = 0.106
epoch 5, step 2800, loss = 0.00697, elapsed = 0.110
epoch 5, step 3000, loss = 0.00829, elapsed = 0.117
model saved to save2/model.ckpt-3000
model saved to save2/model.ckpt-3080
```

```
In [29]:
```

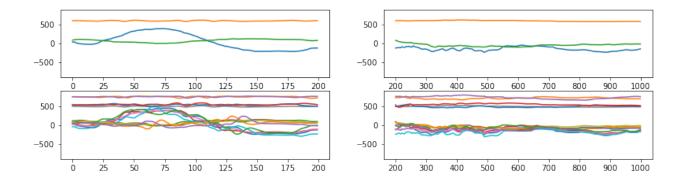
#!python -mtensorboard.main --port 5000 --logdir save1:save1,save2:save2,save3:save3,save
4:save4

학습된 모델을 이용하여 동작 생성

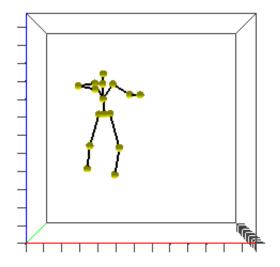
loading model: save2/model.ckpt-3080
100%|################################| 1000/1000 [00:01<00:00, 691.42it/s]</pre>

역 정규화 (un-normalization)

```
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': '/data/input2/std.txt', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/t mp/sample_04-2.csv', 'output_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv', 'mean_file': '/data/input2/me an.txt', 'verbose': False} un-normalize: data/tmp/sample_04-2.csv data/tmp/__rel__.csv {'output_file': 'save2/sample_04-2.csv', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv'}
```



In [33]:
show_motion('save2/sample_04-2.csv')



```
In [34]:
```

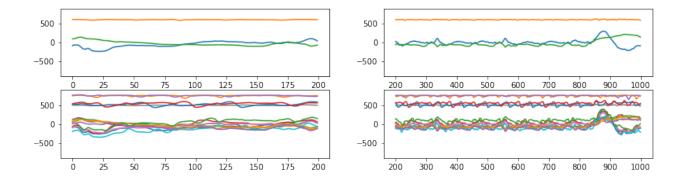
```
!python -u train.py \\
--save_dir save3 \\
--data_dir data/input2 \\
--rnn_type lnlstm
```

```
INFO:dataloader:('checking:', 'data/input2')
INFO:dataloader:('loadtxt', 'data/input2/04.csv')
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 100)
epoch 1, step 200, loss = 0.00843, elapsed = 0.682
epoch 1, step 400, loss = 0.00246, elapsed = 0.720
model saved to save3/model.ckpt-500
epoch 1, step 600, loss = 0.00154, elapsed = 0.686
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 100)
epoch 2, step 800, loss = 0.00099, elapsed = 0.697
epoch 2, step 1000, loss = 0.00107, elapsed = 0.676
model saved to save3/model.ckpt-1000
epoch 2, step 1200, loss = 0.00076, elapsed = 0.674
INFO:dataloader:('num_batches:', 616, 'batch_size:', 50, 'seq_length:', 100)
epoch 3, step 1400, loss = 0.00162, elapsed = 0.690
model saved to save3/model.ckpt-1500
epoch 3, step 1600, loss = 0.00037, elapsed = 0.700
epoch 3, step 1800, loss = 0.00037, elapsed = 0.682
^C
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "train.py", line 154, in <module>
    train(args)
  File "train.py", line 110, in train
  File "/opt/conda/envs/airi400/lib/python2.7/site-packages/tensorflow/python/client/sess
ion.py", line 895, in run
    run metadata ptr)
  File "/opt/conda/envs/airi400/lib/python2.7/site-packages/tensorflow/python/client/sess
ion.py", line 1124, in _run
    feed_dict_tensor, options, run_metadata)
  File "/opt/conda/envs/airi400/lib/python2.7/site-packages/tensorflow/python/client/sess
ion.py", line 1321, in _do_run
    options, run_metadata)
  File "/opt/conda/envs/airi400/lib/python2.7/site-packages/tensorflow/python/client/sess
ion.py", line 1327, in do call
    return fn(*args)
  File "/opt/conda/envs/airi400/lib/python2.7/site-packages/tensorflow/python/client/sess
ion.py", line 1306, in _run_fn
    status, run_metadata)
KeyboardInterrupt
```

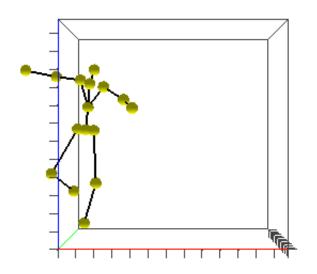
```
In [38]:
!python sample.py !
    --save_dir save3 \
    --motion_id 0,0,0,0,1 \
    --output_file data/tmp/sample_04-3.csv
```

```
loading model: save3/model.ckpt-1500
100%| | 1000/1000 [00:01<00:00, 520.94it/s]</pre>
```

```
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': '/data/input2/std.txt', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/t mp/sample_04-3.csv', 'output_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv', 'mean_file': '/data/input2/me an.txt', 'verbose': False} un-normalize: data/tmp/sample_04-3.csv data/tmp/__rel__.csv {'output_file': 'save3/sample_04-3.csv', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv'}
```



In [41]:
 show_motion('save3/sample_04-3.csv')



여러개 안무 동시 학습

```
In [42]:
```

!ls data/mocap-thkim-3d/

```
94_01_skeleton_3d.csv 94_05_skeleton_3d.csv 94_09_skeleton_3d.csv 94_02_skeleton_3d.csv 94_06_skeleton_3d.csv 94_10_skeleton_3d.csv 94_03_skeleton_3d.csv 94_07_skeleton_3d.csv 94_11_skeleton_3d.csv 94_04_skeleton_3d.csv 94_08_skeleton_3d.csv 94_12_skeleton_3d.csv
```

```
In [43]:
        %%bash
        for n in 01 02 03 04
                                 # 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12
        do
            python csv_motion_to_jrel2.py \
               data/tmp/${n}-4.csv
        done
        python csv_stats.py \
            --mean file data/input4/mean.txt \
            --std_file data/input4/std.txt \
            data/tmp/*-4.csv
                                 # 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12
        for n in 01 02 03 04
        do
            python csv_normalize.py \
               --mean_file data/input4/mean.txt \
                --std_file data/input4/std.txt \
               data/tmp/{n}-4.csv \
                data/input4/${n}.csv
        done
```

```
{'output_file': 'data/tmp/01-4.csv', 'reverse': False, 'input_file': 'data/mocap-thkim-3d
/94 01 skeleton 3d.csv'}
{'output_file': 'data/tmp/02-4.csv', 'reverse': False, 'input_file': 'data/mocap-thkim-3d
/94_02_skeleton_3d.csv'}
{'output file': 'data/tmp/03-4.csv', 'reverse': False, 'input file': 'data/mocap-thkim-3d
/94_03_skeleton_3d.csv'}
{'output file': 'data/tmp/04-4.csv', 'reverse': False, 'input file': 'data/mocap-thkim-3d
/94 04 skeleton_3d.csv'}
{'var_file': None, 'verbose': False, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean.txt', 'input_files': ['data/tmp/01-4.csv', 'data/tmp/02-4.csv', 'data/tmp/0
3-4.csv', 'data/tmp/04-4.csv']}
input: data/tmp/01-4.csv
input: data/tmp/02-4.csv
input: data/tmp/03-4.csv
input: data/tmp/04-4.csv
wrote: data/input4/mean.txt
wrote: data/input4/std.txt
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'reverse': False, 'input_file': 'data/t
mp/01-4.csv', 'output_file': 'data/input4/01.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean.txt',
verbose': False}
normalize: data/tmp/01-4.csv data/input4/01.csv
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'reverse': False, 'input_file': 'data/t mp/02-4.csv', 'output_file': 'data/input4/02.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean.txt', '
verbose': False}
normalize: data/tmp/02-4.csv data/input4/02.csv
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'reverse': False, 'input_file': 'data/t
mp/03-4.csv', 'output_file': 'data/input4/03.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean.txt',
verbose': False}
normalize: data/tmp/03-4.csv data/input4/03.csv
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'reverse': False, 'input_file': 'data/t mp/04-4.csv', 'output_file': 'data/input4/04.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean.txt', '
verbose': False}
normalize: data/tmp/04-4.csv data/input4/04.csv
```

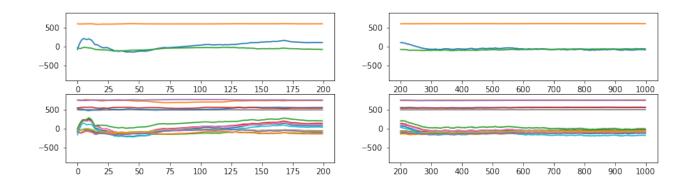
```
In [44]:
!python -u train.py \_
--save_dir save4 \
--data_dir data/input4 \
--rnn_type lnlstm \
--keep_prob 0.2 \
--num_epochs 20
```

1 ~ 4 번 동작 생성

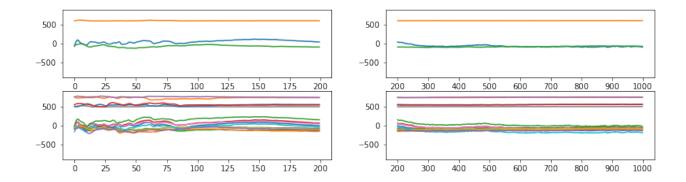
```
In [45]:
         %%bash
         set -e
         for n in 1 2 3 4
             python sample.py \
                 --save_dir save4 \
                 --motion_id n \
                 --output_file data/tmp/samples-$n.csv
             python csv_normalize.py -r \
                 --mean_file data/input4/mean.txt \
                 --std_file data/input4/std.txt \
                 data/tmp/samples-$n.csv \
                 data/tmp/__rel__.csv
             python csv_motion_to_jrel2.py -r \
                 data/tmp/__rel__.csv \
                 save4/samples-$n.csv
         done
```

```
loading model: save4/model.ckpt-1000
100% | ######## | 1000/1000 [00:02<00:00, 402.35it/s]
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/tmp/samples-1.csv', 'output_file': 'data/tmp/_rel__.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean.t
xt', 'verbose': False}
un-normalize: data/tmp/samples-1.csv data/tmp/ rel .csv
{'output file': 'save4/samples-1.csv', 'reverse': True, 'input file': 'data/tmp/ rel .c
sv'}
loading model: save4/model.ckpt-1000
100% | ######## | 1000/1000 [00:02<00:00, 415.02it/s]
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/tm
p/samples-2.csv', 'output_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean.t
xt', 'verbose': False}
un-normalize: data/tmp/samples-2.csv data/tmp/__rel__.csv
{'output file': 'save4/samples-2.csv', 'reverse': True, 'input file': 'data/tmp/ rel .c
loading model: save4/model.ckpt-1000
100% | ######## | 1000/1000 [00:02<00:00, 408.66it/s]
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/tm
p/samples-3.csv', 'output_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean.t
xt', 'verbose': False}
un-normalize: data/tmp/samples-3.csv data/tmp/__rel__.csv
{'output file': 'save4/samples-3.csv', 'reverse': True, 'input file': 'data/tmp/ rel .c
sv'}
loading model: save4/model.ckpt-1000
100% | ######## | 1000/1000 [00:02<00:00, 392.94it/s]
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/tm
p/samples-4.csv', 'output_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean.t
xt', 'verbose': False}
un-normalize: data/tmp/samples-4.csv data/tmp/ rel .csv
{'output file': 'save4/samples-4.csv', 'reverse': True, 'input file': 'data/tmp/ rel .c
sv'}
```

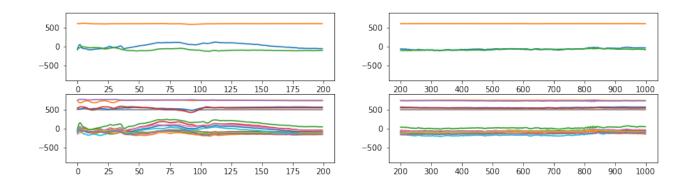
plot_motion('save4/samples-1.csv', vlim=900.0)



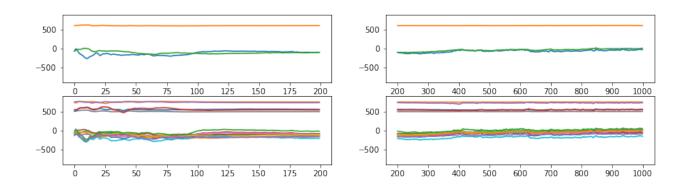
plot_motion('save4/samples-2.csv', vlim=900.0)



plot_motion('save4/samples-3.csv', vlim=900.0)

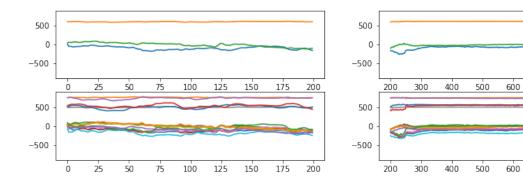


```
In [49]:
    plot_motion('save4/samples-4.csv', vlim=900.0)
```



새로운 동작 테스트

```
loading model: save4/model.ckpt-1000
100%|#########| 1000/1000 [00:02<00:00, 401.47it/s]
{'scale': 1.0, 'std_file': 'data/input4/std.txt', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/tm
p/samples-3_4.csv', 'output_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv', 'mean_file': 'data/input4/mean
.txt', 'verbose': False}
un-normalize: data/tmp/samples-3_4.csv data/tmp/__rel__.csv
{'output_file': 'save4/samples-3_4.csv', 'reverse': True, 'input_file': 'data/tmp/__rel__.csv'}</pre>
```



click me!

참고문헌

- "Generating Sequences With Recurrent Neural Networks", Alex Graves, 2013 (arXiv: 1308.0850)
- "Generative Choreography using Deep Learning", Luka Crnkovic-Friis, Louise Crnkovic-Friis, 2016 (arXiv:1605.06921)
- $\underline{\text{https://github.com/hardmaru/write-rnn-tensorflow}}$ ($\underline{\text{blog.otoro.net}}$)