

# 함수와 함수형 프로그래밍

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# 학습요약

- 학습목표: 함수 선언 및 구현 학습
- 핵심키워드: 함수, 함수형 프로그래밍, Higher-order, Anonymous
- 학습내용: 함수 선언과 인수, 매개변수, 함수형 프로그래밍 기초에 대해서 배웁니다.



```
fun double(x: Int): Int {  
    return 2 * x  
}
```

```
val result = double(2)
```

```
val result = Sample().foo()
```

# 0H7H변수(Parameters)

```
fun powerOf(number: Int, exponent: Int) { ... }
```

```
fun read(b: Array<Byte>, off: Int = 0) { ... }
```

# 이름있는 인수

```
fun reformat(str: String,  
            normalizeCase: Boolean = true,  
            upperCaseFirstLetter: Boolean = true,  
            divideByCamelHumps: Boolean = false,  
            wordSeparator: Char = ' ') {  
    ...  
}
```

```
reformat(str, true, true, false, '_')
```

```
reformat(str,  
        normalizeCase = true,  
        upperCaseFirstLetter = true,  
        divideByCamelHumps = false,  
        wordSeparator = '_'  
)
```

# Unit-returning functions

```
fun printHello(name: String?): Unit {  
    if (name != null)  
        println("Hello ${name}")  
    else  
        println("Hi there!")  
    // `return Unit` or `return` is optional  
}
```

# Single-Expression functions

```
fun double(x: Int): Int {  
    return x * 2  
}  
  
fun double(x: Int): Int = x * 2  
  
fun double(x: Int) = x * 2
```

# vararg (가변 인수)

```
fun <T> asList(vararg ts: T): List<T> {  
    val result = ArrayList<T>()  
    for (t in ts) // ts is an Array  
        result.add(t)  
    return result  
}
```

```
val list = asList(1)
```

```
val list = asList(1, 2, 3)
```

# 함수 범위

## Local Functions

```
fun dfs(graph: Graph) {  
    fun dfs(current: Vertex, visited: Set<Vertex>) {  
        if (!visited.add(current)) return  
        for (v in current.neighbors)  
            dfs(v, visited)  
    }  
  
    dfs(graph.vertices[0], HashSet())  
}
```

## Member Functions

```
class Sample() {  
    fun foo() { print("Foo") }  
}
```

# 제네릭 함수

```
fun <T> singletonList(item: T): List<T> {  
    ...  
}
```

# Extensions

```
fun String.lastChar() = this.get(this.length - 1)  
“abc”.lastChar()
```

# 함수형 프로그래밍

# Higher-order function

```
fun higherOrder(value: String, op: (String) -> String):  
String {  
    println("Executing the operation $op")  
    return op(value)  
}  
  
fun lowerCase(value: String) = value.toLowerCase()
```

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    println(higherOrder("HELLO", ::lowerCase))  
}
```

Executing the operation **fun lowerCase(kotlin.String): kotlin.String**  
hello

# Lambda

```
max(strings, { a, b -> a.length < b.length})
```

```
val sum = { x: Int, y: Int -> x + y }
```

```
val product = items.fold(1) { acc, e -> acc * e }
```

```
run { println("...") }
```

# Anonymous functions

```
fun(x: Int, y: Int): Int = x + y
```

```
fun(x: Int, y: Int): Int {  
    return x + y  
}
```