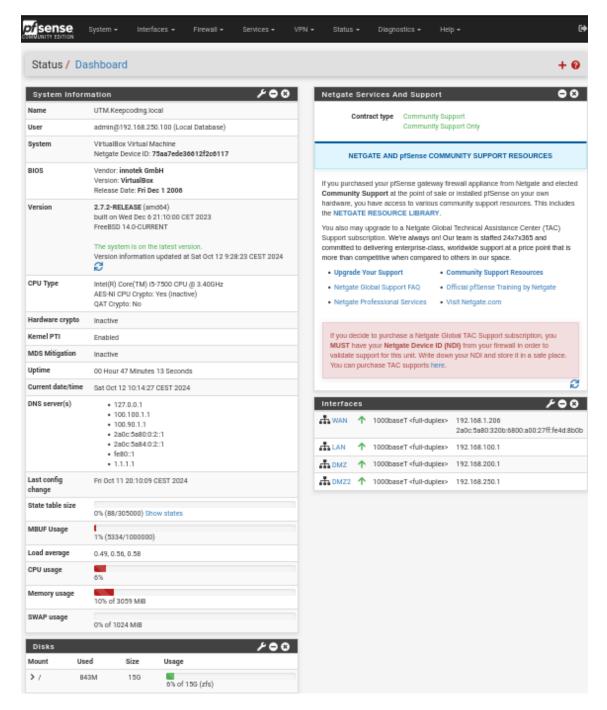
1. Debe tener un Pfsense en que se interconecten las redes LAN, DMZ y DMZ2.

Aquí podemos ver La Wan que se asigna automáticamente, y las direcciones de cada interfaz de red que les asigne.



Aquí de una forma mas detallada, en status – interfaces:

# 192.168.1.206/status\_interfaces.php

ns Kali NetHunter 🔈 Exploit-DB 💄 Google Hacking DB

```
WAN Interface (wan, em0)
                DHCP up Release WAN Relinquish Lease
         MAC Address 08:00:27:4d:8b:0b
IPv4 Address 192.108.1.200
      Subnet mask IPv4
         Gateway IPv4
                        192,168,1,1
        IPv6 Link Local fe80:a00:27ff.fe4d:8b0b%em0
          IPvő Address
                        2a0c:5a80:320b:6800:a00:27ff:fe4d:8b0b
     Subnet mask IPvő
                        128
         Gateway IPv6 fe80:1%em0
           DNS servers
                        100.100.1.1
                         100.90.1.1
                         2a0c:5a80:0:2:1
                         2a0c:5a84:0:2:1
                         feB0:1
                 MTU 1500
                Media
                         1000baseT <full-duplex>
         In/out packets
                        233215/88163 (285.32 MIB/9.83 MIB)
   In/out packets (pass)
                        233215/88163 (285.32 MIB/9.83 MIB)
  In/out packets (block)
                         77/0 (10 KIB/0 B)
           In/out errors
                        0/0
             Collisions
             Interrupts 71097 (24/s)
```

### LAN Interface (lan, em1)

Status MAC Address 08:00:27:63:12:2d IPv4 Address 192.168.100.1 Subnet mask IPv4 255.255.255.0 IPvő Link Local fe80:a00:27ff.fe63:122d%em1 MTU 1500 Media 1000baseT <full-duplex> In/out packets 67913/214731 (6.46 MIB/281.75 MIB) In/out packets (pass) 67913/214731 (6.46 MIB/281.75 MIB) In/out packets (block) 0/0 (0 B/0 B) In/out errors 0/0 Collisions 0 Interrupts 78815 (27/s)

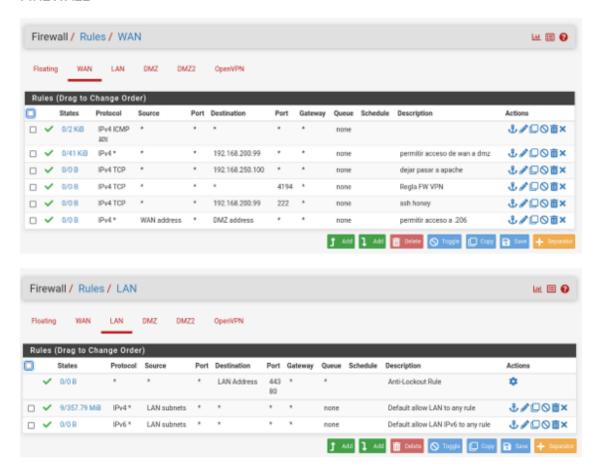
#### DMZ Interface (opt1, em2)

Status up 1 MAC Address 08:00:27:05:48:8e IPv4 Address 192.168.200.1 Subnet mask IPv4 255.255.255.0 IPv6 Link Local | fe80:a00:27ff:fe05:488e%em2 MTU 1500 Media 1000baseT <full-duplex> In/out packets 0/0 (0 B/0 B) In/out packets (pass) In/out packets (block) 0/0 (0 B/0 B) In/out errors 0/0 Collisions Interrupts 3 (0/s)

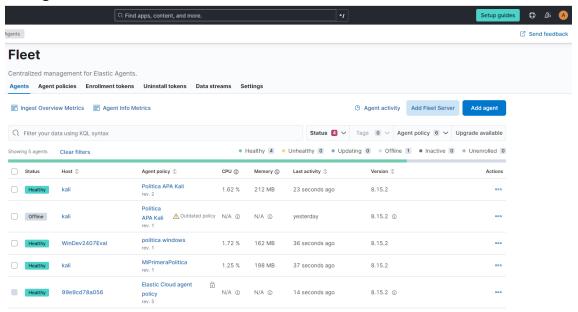
### DMZ2 Interface (opt2, em3)

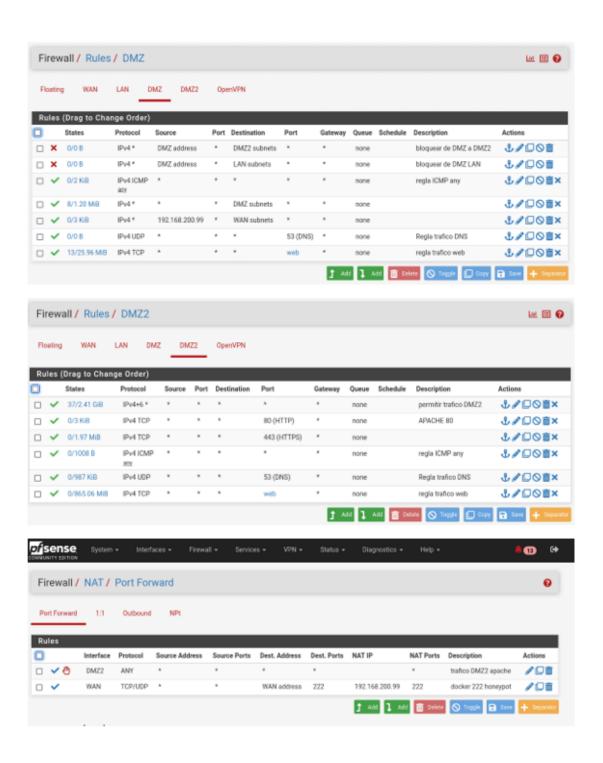
MAC Address 08:00:27:f7:e7:f7 IPv4 Address 192.168.250.1 Subnet mask IPv4 255.255.255.0 IPv6 Link Local fe80:a00:27ff.fef7:e7f7%em3 MTU 1500 Media 1000baseT <full-duplex> In/out packets 16852/15265 (3.74 MIB/5.34 MIB) In/out packets (pass) In/out packets (block) 16852/15265 (3.74 MIB/5.34 MIB) 26/0 (35 KIB/0 B) In/out errors 0/0 Collisions Interrupts 19444 (7/s)

### FIREWALL

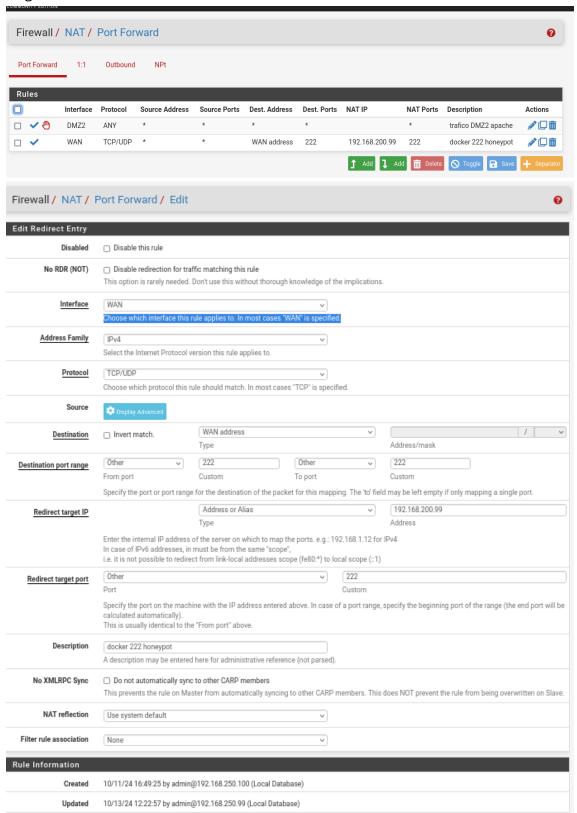


## Los agentes de elastic

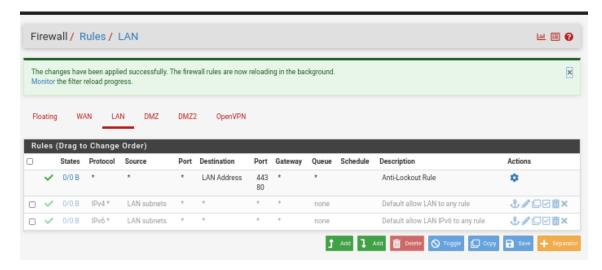




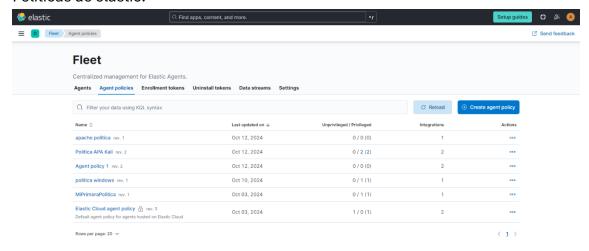
### Reglas NAT



## Reglas firewall



#### Políticas de elastic:



2. En la red LAN debe haber un equipo Windows 11 que envíe logs al servidor de Elastic.

### Este es un ejemplo de log desde elastic:

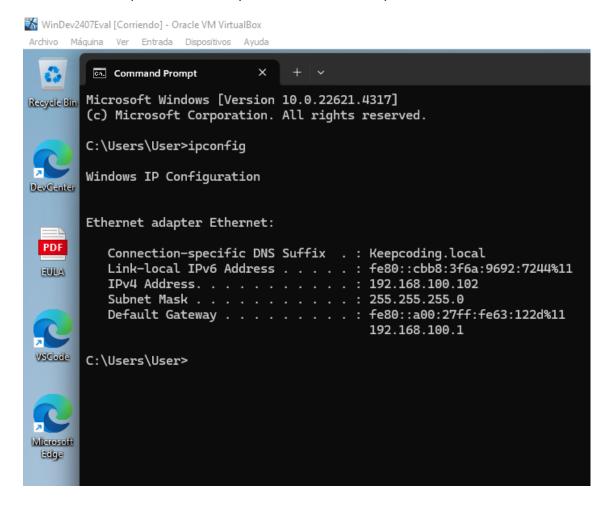
agent.name WinDev2407Eval @timestamp Oct 12, 2024 @ 09:37:26.164 agent.ephemeral\_id c4342c3c-568e-41dd-9e97-15cda4016a39 agent.id ec9f3b4b-48cb-4 161-8986-b420f5f99acd agent.type filebeat agent.version 8.15.2 data\_stream.dataset system.security data\_stream.namespace defaul t data\_stream.type logs ecs.version 8.11.0 e lastic\_agent.id ec9f3b4b-48cb-161-8986-b420f5f99acd elastic\_agent.snapshot fals e elastic\_agent.version 8.15.2 event.action logged-in-special event.agent\_id\_status verified event.category iam event.code 4672 event.created Oc t 12, 2024 @ 09:37:27.542 event.dataset system.security event.ingested Oct 12, 2024 @ 09:37:37.37.000 event.kind event event.module syste m event.outcome success event.provider Microsoft-Windows-Security-Auditing event.type admin host.acchitecture x86.64 host.hostname windev2407eva 1 host.id 64e4a60a-fde0-45ac-84f2-82edb1871856 host.ip [fe80::cbb8:3f6a:9692.7244, 192.168.100.102] host.mac 08-00-27-C3-FF-56 host.name windev24 07eval host.os.build 22621.4317 host.os.family windows host.os.kernel 10.0.22621.4317 (WinBuild.160101.0800) host.os.name Windows 11 Enterprise E valuation host.os.platform windows host.os.type windows host.os.version 10.0 input.type winlog log.level information message Special privileges assigned to new logon. Subject: Security ID: S-1-5-18 Account Name: SYSTEM Account Domain: NT AUTHORITY Logon ID: 0x3E7 Privileges: SeAssignPrimar yTokenPrivilege SeSecurityPrivilege SeTextorePrivilege SeTextorePrivilege SeDebugPrivilege SeAscurity winlog.event.data.SubjectUserName SySTEM winlog.activity\_id {3df6fff0-1ccd-0002-2d00-f73dc41cdb01} winlog.api winneventlo g winlog.channel Security winlog.computer\_name WinDev2407Eval winlog.event\_data.SubjectDomainName NT AUTHORITY V ser.id S-1-5-18 user.name SYSTEM winlog.event\_data.SubjectDomainName NT AUTHORITY Y winlog.event\_data.SubjectDomainName NT AUTHORITY Y winlog.event\_data.SubjectDomainName NT AUTHORITY Y winlog.event\_data.SubjectDomainName NT AUTHORITY Winlog.event\_data.SubjectDomainName NT AUTHORITY Winlog.event\_da

- host.os.name: "Windows 11 Enterprise Evaluation"
- host.os.version: "10.0"

- host.os.build: "22621.4317"
- agent.name: "WinDev2407Eval"
- event.provider: "Microsoft-Windows-Security-Auditing"
- host.ip: ["fe80::cbb8:3f6a:9692:7244", "192.168.100.102"]
- host.mac: ["08-00-27-C3-FF-56"]

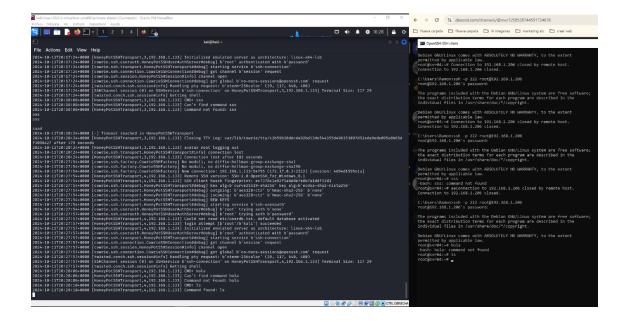
Estos campos indican claramente que el log está generado por una máquina con Windows 11 Enterprise Evaluation, con la dirección de mi maquina.

A continuación presento la maquina de Windows 11 presentando su dirección.

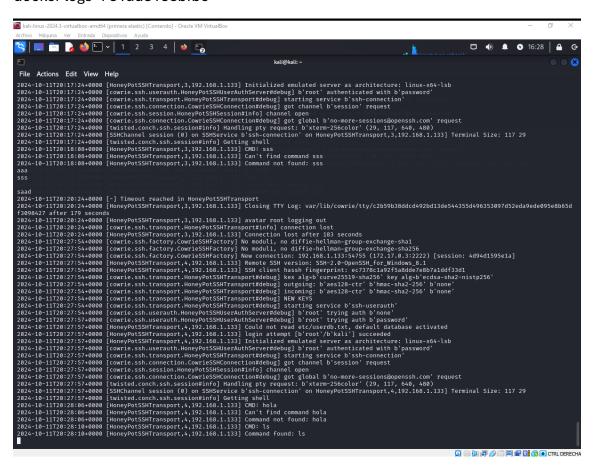


3. En la red DMZ debe haber un honeypot que envíe los logs al servidor de Elastic.

He de decir que al principio le di la dirección 192.168.200.102 despues lo cambie a la 192.168.200.99 cuando estuve haciendo la parte del apache.



# docker logs -f 81ad3158bfbe



#### El ssh desde la terminal de windws

```
C:\Users\Ramon>ssh -p 222 root@192.168.1.206
root@192.168.1.206's password:

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.
root@svr04:~# hola
-bash: hola: command not found
root@svr04:~# ls
root@svr04:~# __
```

### ¿Cómo enviar los logs a elastic?

```
-(kali®kali)-[~]
   -$ docker run -p 222:2222 cowrie/cowrie
/cowrie/cowrie-env/lib/python3.11/site-packages/twisted/conch/ssh/transport.py:106: CryptographyDepr
h has been deprecated and will be removed in a future release b"blowfish-cbc": (algorithms.Blowfish, 16, modes.CBC),
 cowrie/cowrie-env/lib/python3.11/site-packages/twisted/conch/ssh/transport.py:110: CryptographyDepr/
 as been deprecated and will be removed in a future release
 b"cast128-cbc": (algorithms.CAST5, 16, modes.CBC),
/cowrie/cowrie-env/lib/python3.11/site-packages/twisted/conch/ssh/transport.py:115: CryptographyDepr
h has been deprecated and will be removed in a future release
 b"blowfish-ctr": (algorithms.Blowfish, 16, modes.CTR),
/cowrie/cowrie-env/lib/python3.11/site-packages/twisted/conch/ssh/transport.py:116: CryptographyDepr
 as been deprecated and will be removed in a future release
b"cast128-ctr": (algorithms.CAST5, 16, modes.CTR),
2024-10-11717:54:51+0000 [-] Python Version 3.11.2 (main, Aug 26 2024, 07:20:54) [GCC 12.2.0]
2024-10-1177:54:51+0000 [-] Twisted Version 24.7.0
2024-10-11717:54:51+0000 [-] Cowrie Version 2.5.0
2024-10-11717:54:51+0000 [-] Loaded output engine: jsonlog
2024-10-11T17:54:51+0000 [twisted.scripts._twistd_unix.UnixAppLogger#info] twistd 24.7.0 (/cowrie/co
11.2) starting up.
2024-10-11T17:54:51+0000 [twisted.scripts._twistd_unix.UnixAppLogger#info] reactor class: twisted.in
llReactor.
2024-10-11T17:54:51+0000 [-] CowrieSSHFactory starting on 2222
2024-10-11T17:54:51+0000 [cowrie.ssh.factory.CowrieSSHFactory#info] Starting factory <cowrie.ssh.fac
bject at 0×7ff035ecc110>
bject at 0*/ff035ecc110*
2024-10-11T17:54:51+0000 [-] Generating new RSA keypair...
2024-10-11T17:54:52+0000 [-] Generating new ECDSA keypair...
2024-10-11T17:54:52+0000 [-] Generating new ed25519 keypair...
2024-10-11T17:54:52+0000 [-] Ready to accept SSH connections
2024-10-11T18:08:54+0000 [cowrie.ssh.factory.CowrieSSHFactory] No moduli, no diffie-hellman-group-ex
2024-10-11T18:08:54+0000 [cowrie.ssh.factory.CowrieSSHFactory] No moduli, no diffie-hellman-group-ex
2024-10-11T18:08:54+0000 [cowrie.ssh.factory.CowrieSSHFactory] New connection: 192.168.1.133:54127 (
on: a2970ea29f981
2024-10-11T18:08:54+0000 [HoneyPotSSHTransport,0,192.168.1.133] Remote SSH version: SSH-2.0-OpenSSH
2024-10-11T18:08:54+0000 [HoneyPotSSHTransport,0,192.168.1.133] SSH client hassh fingerprint: ec7378
3d1/
2024-10-11T18:08:54+0000 [cowrie.ssh.transport.HoneyPotSSHTransport#debug] kex alg=b'curve25519-sha2
 2-nistp256
2024-10-11T18:08:54+0000 [cowrie.ssh.transport.HoneyPotSSHTransport#debug] outgoing: b'aes128-ctr'
```



docker run -p 222:2222 cowrie/cowrie

docker ps

para ver los contenedores copié el número del contenedor ID y luego lance otro comando con docker logs -f y el número del contenedor y después cd /var/log

Para pasar esos logs a otro archivo hice el sudo docker logs -f número del contenedor >>logs\_cowrie cd /var/log cat logs\_cowrie

cd /opt
Sudo su
Cd Elastic/Agente
nano /home/kali/elastic-agent-8.15.2-linux-x86\_64/elastic-agent.yml

en la ultima fila pongo:

imputs:

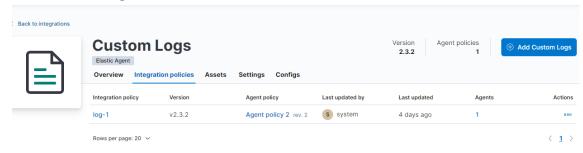
id: logfile-logs type: logfile streams:

id: logfile-log.logs data\_stream: dataset: null paths: null

ignore\_older: 72h

Después voy a elastic y creo la integración. en la integración tengo que poner la dirección del logs\_cowrie.

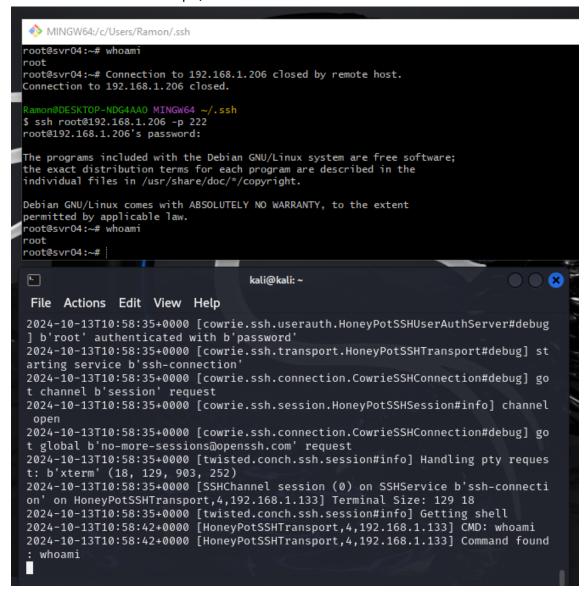
## **Uso Custom Logs**



# A continuación puedo generar logs como este:

3.1. Este honeypot no debe tener acceso a ninguna red interna (LAN, DMZ2...) y debe ser

accesible desde el exterior (red WAN) en ambos sentidos. vuelvo a entrar desde mi pc, desde fuera:



```
File Actions Edit View Help

—
$ ifconfig
docker0: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 172.17.0.1 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 172.17.255.255
        inet6 fe80::42:40ff:fe5d:1b38 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0×20<link>
       ether 02:42:40:5d:1b:38 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 149 bytes 19423 (18.9 KiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 204 bytes 26973 (26.3 KiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
eth0: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 192.168.200.99 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.200.255
       inet6 fe80::b2e2:c470:1807:28c6 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether 08:00:27:ad:25:87 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 110458 bytes 52091043 (49.6 MiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 177803 bytes 58489614 (55.7 MiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
       inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
       inet6 :: 1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0×10<host>
       loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
       RX packets 108179 bytes 15756285 (15.0 MiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 108179 bytes 15756285 (15.0 MiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
veth8bf15d9: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet6 fe80::502d:8ff:fe66:38bf prefixlen 64 scopeid 0×20<link>
       ether 52:2d:08:66:38:bf txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 149 bytes 21509 (21.0 KiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 219 bytes 28119 (27.4 KiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
  —(kali⊕kali)-[~]
$ ping 192.168.1.206
PING 192.168.1.206 (192.168.1.206) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.1.206: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.437 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.206: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.571 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.206: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.548 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.206: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.239 ms
```

la DMZ no puede hacer ping a las demás maquinas:

```
File Actions Edit View Help

(kali® kali)-[~]
$ ping 192.168.250.99

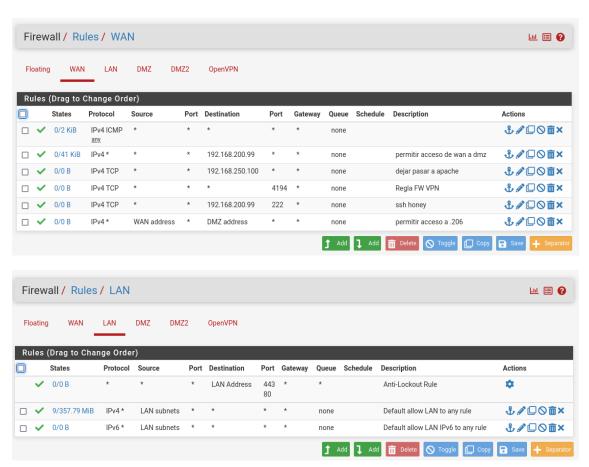
PING 192.168.250.99 (192.168.250.99) 56(84) bytes of data.
^C
— 192.168.250.99 ping statistics —
21 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 20476ms

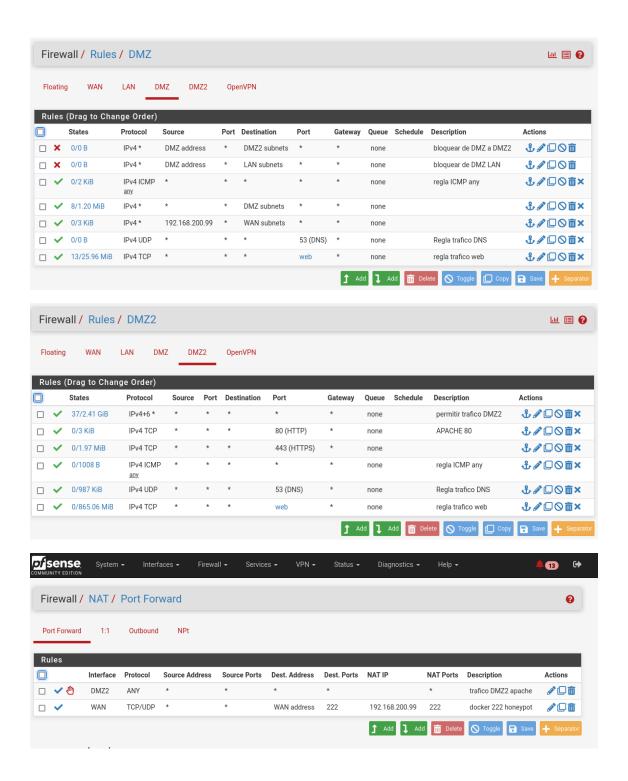
(kali® kali)-[~]
$ ping 192.168.100.102

PING 192.168.100.102 (192.168.100.102) 56(84) bytes of data.

■
```

#### **FIREWALL**





4. En la red DMZ2 debe haber otra fuente diferente de logs a las dos mencionadas anteriormente.

Se propone Suricata o Apache Server como posibles fuentes pero se deja a elección del alumno.

Lo hago con el apache.





# It works!

This is the default welcome page used to test the correct operation of the Apache2 ser installation on Debian systems. If you can read this page, it means that the Apache HT at this site is working properly. You should **replace this file** (located at /var/www/htm before continuing to operate your HTTP server.

If you are a normal user of this web site and don't know what this page is about, this p that the site is currently unavailable due to maintenance. If the problem persists, pleas site's administrator.

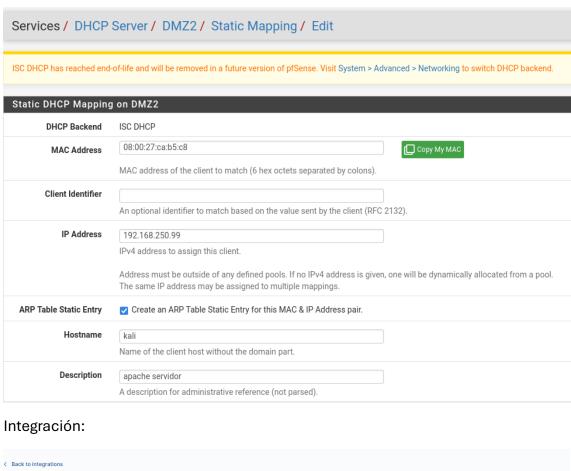
## **Configuration Overview**

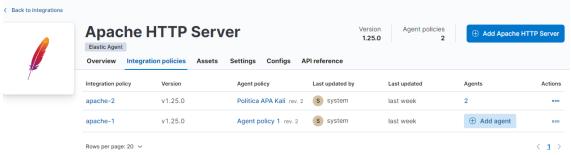
Debian's Apache2 default configuration is different from the upstream default configur into several files optimized for interaction with Debian tools. The configuration system **documented in /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz**. Refer to this for the documentation. Documentation for the web server itself can be found by accessing the apache2-doc package was installed on this server.

The configuration layout for an Apache2 web server installation on Debian systems is a

/etc/apache2/

Con esta regla asigno una dirección IP a un dispositivo dentro de mi red DMZ2, así recibirá la misma dirección ip, asegurando una gestión mas predecible y controlada de mi red.





Este es un log que proviene del apache, se ve que pone apache, y la dirección: 192.168.250.99.

@timestamp Oct 12, 2024 @ 22:58:22.000 agent.ephemeral\_id 70b17598-8d8c-43df-9706-96797988b71 agent.id aefabfc6-721b-42b9-b8b0-1150c27d7e89 agent.name kall agent.type filebes t agent.version 8.15.2 apache.access.renote.addresses 127.0.8.1 data\_stream.dataset apache.access data\_stream.namespace default data\_stream.type logs ecs.version 8.11 elastic.access.renote.addresses 127.0.8.1 data\_stream.adataset apache.access data\_stream.namespace default data\_stream.type logs ecs.version 8.11 elastic.access.renote.addresses.access.renote.addresses.access.renote.addresses.access.renote.addresses.access.renote.addresses.access.ac

5. El servidor de Elastic debe recibir, almacenar y poder visualizar los logs del honeypot, el

Windows 11 y la fuente elegida ubicada en la DMZ2.

Este ejercicio se responde con los anteriores.