

HW2

$$1. (a) X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] e^{-j\omega k}$$

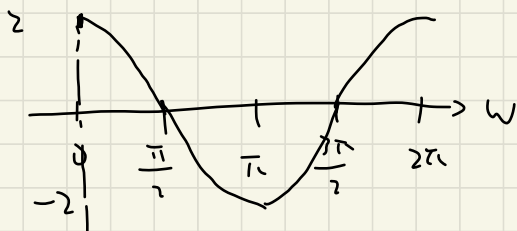
$$= x[1] e^{-j\omega} + x[-1] e^{j\omega} = e^{j\omega} + e^{-j\omega}$$

$$\star \cos \theta = \frac{e^{j\theta} + e^{-j\theta}}{2}$$

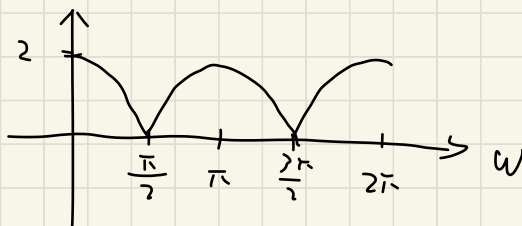
$$\therefore e^{j\omega} + e^{-j\omega} = 2 \cos \omega$$

(b)

$$X(e^{j\omega})$$



$$|X(e^{j\omega})|$$

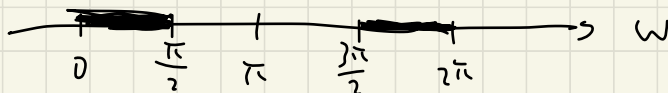


$$e^{j \angle X(e^{j\omega})} = \frac{X(e^{j\omega})}{|X(e^{j\omega})|}$$

$$\angle X(e^{j\omega})$$

$\pi$

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$$3. \quad (a) \quad h[n] = \frac{1}{8} (\delta[n] + \delta[n-1] + \dots + \delta[n-7])$$

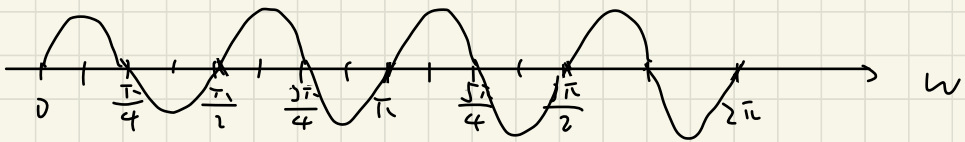
$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] e^{-j\omega k} = \frac{1}{8} (1 + e^{-j\omega} + e^{-j2\omega} + \dots + e^{-j7\omega})$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \frac{1 - e^{-j8\omega}}{1 - e^{-j\omega}}$$

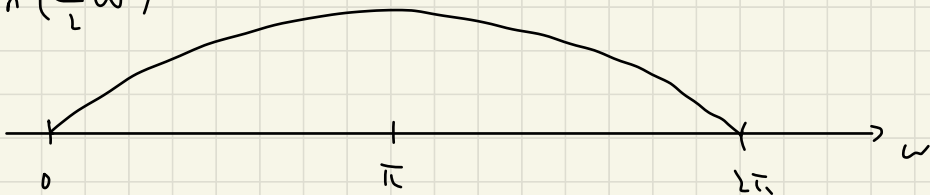
$$= \frac{1}{8} \frac{e^{-j4\omega}}{e^{-j\frac{\omega}{2}}} \frac{e^{j4\omega} + e^{-j4\omega}}{e^{j\frac{\omega}{2}} + e^{-j\frac{\omega}{2}}} = \frac{1}{8} e^{-j\frac{1}{2}\omega} \frac{\sin 4\omega}{\sin \frac{\omega}{2}}$$

$$|H(e^{j\omega})| = \left| \frac{1}{8} \frac{\sin 4\omega}{\sin \frac{\omega}{2}} \right|$$

$$\sin(4\omega)$$

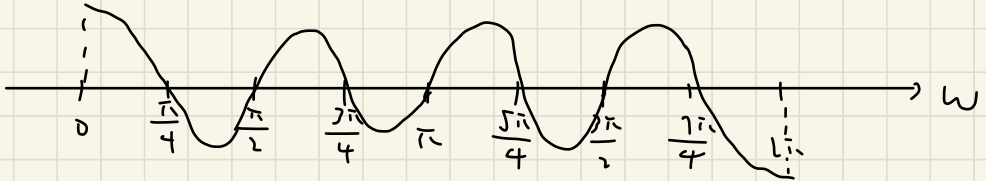


$$\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\omega\right)$$

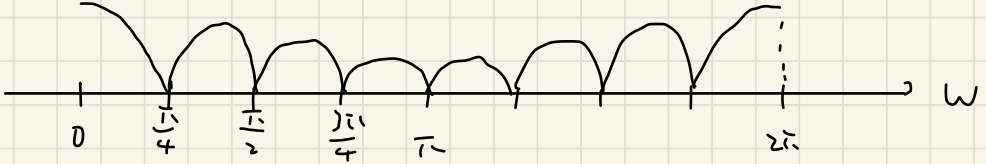


$$\lim_{w \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{8} \frac{\sin 4w}{\sin \frac{w}{2}} = \frac{1}{8} \lim_{w \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 \cos(4w)}{\frac{1}{2} \cos(\frac{w}{2})} = 1$$

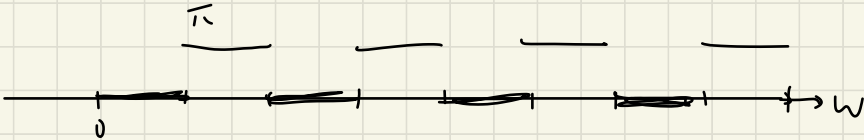
$$\frac{1}{8} \frac{\sin 4w}{\sin \frac{w}{2}}$$



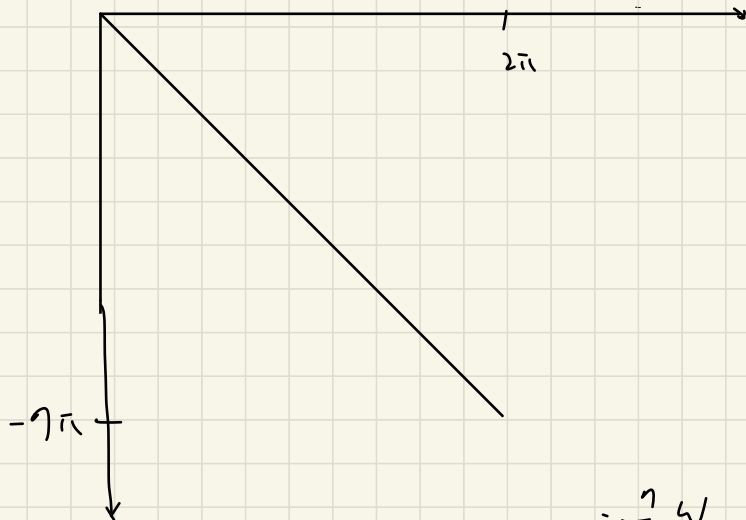
$$\left| \frac{1}{8} \frac{\sin 4w}{\sin \frac{w}{2}} \right|$$



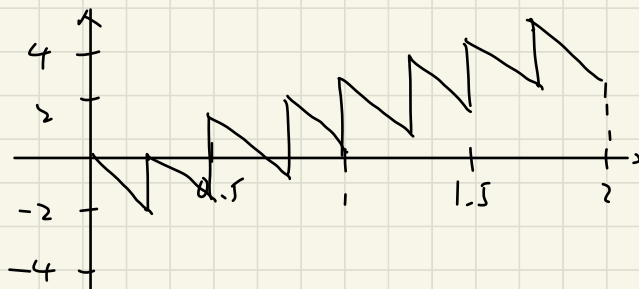
$$\angle \frac{1}{8} \frac{\sin 4w}{\sin \frac{w}{2}}$$



$$\angle e^{-j\frac{1}{2}w} = -\frac{1}{2}w$$



$$\angle H e^{j\omega} = \angle \frac{1}{8} \frac{\sin 4\omega}{\sin \frac{\omega}{2}} + \angle e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}\omega}$$



$$(b) \quad x[n] = e^{-j\frac{\pi}{5}n} \quad h[n] = \frac{1}{8} (\delta[n] + \delta[n-1] + \dots + \delta[n-7])$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] x[n-k] = \frac{1}{8} (e^{-j\frac{\pi}{5}n} + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{5}(n-1)} + \dots + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{5}(n-7)})$$

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = 2\pi \delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{5})$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y(e^{j\omega}) &= X(e^{j\omega}) H(e^{j\omega}) = 2\pi \delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{5}) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{8} \frac{1 - e^{-j8\omega}}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} \right) \\ &= \frac{\pi}{4} \frac{1 - e^{-j8\omega}}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} \cdot \delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{5}) \end{aligned}$$

$$x[n] = \cos(\frac{\pi n}{5}), \quad h[n] = \frac{1}{8} (\delta[n] + \delta[n-1] + \dots + \delta[n-7])$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k] x[n-k] = \frac{1}{8} (\cos(\frac{\pi}{5}n) + \cos(\frac{\pi}{5}(n-1)) + \dots + \cos(\frac{\pi}{5}(n-7)))$$

$$\cos(\frac{\pi n}{5}) = \frac{e^{j\frac{\pi n}{5}} + e^{-j\frac{\pi n}{5}}}{2}, \quad X(e^{j\omega}) = \pi (\delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{5}) + \delta(\omega + \frac{\pi}{5}))$$

$$Y(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{\pi}{8} \frac{1 - e^{-j8\omega}}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} \delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{5}) + \frac{\pi}{8} \frac{1 - e^{j8\omega}}{1 - e^{j\omega}} \delta(\omega + \frac{\pi}{5})$$

$$(d) \quad Y(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{\pi}{4} \delta(\omega - \omega_0) \left( \frac{1 - e^{-j\delta\omega_0}}{1 - e^{-j\omega_0}} \right)$$

$\omega_0 = 2k\pi$  時，因羅必達法則， $Y(e^{j\omega}) \neq 0$

當  $\omega_0 = \frac{k\pi}{4}$ ，且  $\omega_0 \neq 2k\pi$ ， $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$  時， $Y[n] = 0$

ex:  $\omega_0 = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \pi, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{4}, \frac{9\pi}{4}, \dots$

4.(a) 利用 matlab 計算， $H(e^{j\omega}) = 2.5$

與 3.(a) 的差異：matlab 是將 0 到  $2\pi$  的圖形取 20 個點做圖，而 3.(a) 則是連續型做圖

