

PS#7 – Chain rule - Answer key

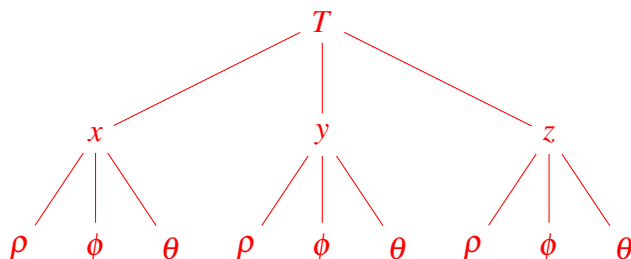
1. (AC Multi 10.5 Exercise 13) Suppose that $T = x^2 + y^2 - 2z$ where

$$x = \rho \sin(\phi) \cos(\theta)$$

$$y = \rho \sin(\phi) \sin(\theta)$$

$$z = \rho \cos(\phi)$$

- a. Construct a tree diagram representing the dependencies among the variables.



(In case you're curious, I generated this tree diagram using the very good TikZ library "trees". I can share the LaTeX source if you're interested.)

- b. Apply the chain rule to find the partial derivatives $\frac{\partial T}{\partial \rho}$, $\frac{\partial T}{\partial \phi}$, and $\frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta}$.

We'll just read the chain rule off the tree:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial T}{\partial \rho} &= \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial \rho} \\
 &= 2x \cdot (\sin \phi \cos \theta) + 2y \cdot (\sin \phi \sin \theta) - 2 \cdot (\cos \phi) \\
 &= 2(\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta) \cdot (\sin \phi \cos \theta) + 2(\rho \sin \phi \sin \theta) \cdot (\sin \phi \sin \theta) - 2 \cdot (\cos \phi) \\
 &= 2\rho \sin^2 \phi \cos^2 \theta + 2\rho \sin^2 \phi \sin^2 \theta - 2 \cos \phi \\
 &= 2\rho \sin^2 \phi (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta) - 2 \cos \phi \\
 &= 2\rho \sin^2 \phi - 2 \cos \phi
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial T}{\partial \phi} &= \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial \phi} \\
 &= 2x \cdot (\rho \cos \phi \cos \theta) + 2y \cdot (\rho \cos \phi \sin \theta) - 2 \cdot (-\rho \sin \phi) \\
 &= 2(\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta) \cdot (\rho \cos \phi \cos \theta) + 2(\rho \sin \phi \sin \theta) \cdot (\rho \cos \phi \sin \theta) + 2\rho \sin \phi \\
 &= 2\rho^2 \sin \phi \cos \phi \cdot (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta) + 2\rho \sin \phi \\
 &= 2\rho^2 \sin \phi \cos \phi + 2\rho \sin \phi
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} &= \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial \theta} \\
 &= 2x \cdot (\rho \sin \phi (-\sin \theta)) + 2y \cdot (\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta) - 2 \cdot (0) \\
 &= -2(\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta) \cdot (\rho \sin \phi \sin \theta) + 2(\rho \sin \phi \sin \theta) \cdot (\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta) \\
 &= -2\rho^2 \sin^2 \phi \cos \theta \sin \theta + 2\rho^2 \sin^2 \phi \sin \theta \cos \theta = 0
 \end{aligned}$$