### PORYGON (Team 11)

SER 502 Instructor: Dr. Ajay Bansal



### Team Members



Anmol Mallikarjun Nemagouda

Git Username: AnmolNemagouda



Chandrakanth Dhanunjai Chintala

Git Username: Cchinta2



Kaumudi Degekar Gulbarga

Git Username: KaumudiDG



Rakshilkumar Modi

Git Usernames: rakshil14 rakshil14-2

### Overview

- About the Language.
- Design.
- Design Components.
- Feature list.
- General Rules of the program
- Grammar
- Snapshots of the Programming Language



# ABOUT THE LANGUAGE

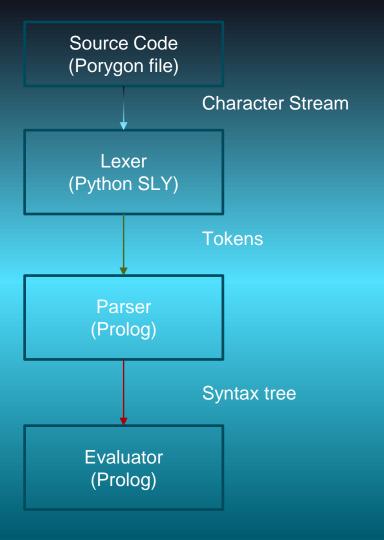


# About the Language

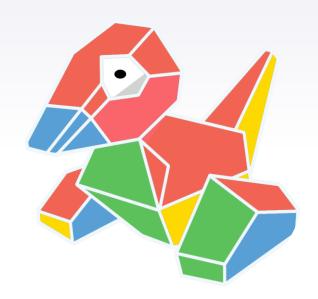
- Name: Porygon
- Extension: pgon
- Paradigm: Imperative
- Programming languages used: Python and Prolog.







# DESIGN COMPONENTS



# Design Components

- Script: A script that helps to run the Porygon program file.
- Source Code: This is the source code for the newly developed language (Porygon) that needs to be executed.
- Lexer: We will be using Python (SLY) as a Lexer for this project. It accepts the source code as an input and breaks down the given code into tokens. The tokens will be generated as a list which will then be passed on to Prolog for parsing.

# Design Components

- Parser: We be using Prolog as a parser for this project. It will take the token list from the lexer and generate a parse tree as per the defined grammar.
- Evaluator: This is used to evaluate the parse tree generated by the parser and execute the instructions.



# 4 FEATURE LIST



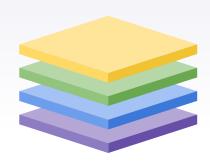
### Features list

#### **Declarations:**

- Constant declaration.
- Plain declaration.
- Variable declaration.

#### Commands:

- If
- If else
- If else ladder
- For value in range



- Traditional for loop
- While loop
- Assignment
- Print Statement
- Print in newline

### Features list

#### **Assignment:**

- Initial assignment.
- Declarative assignment.
- Shorthand Assignment.

#### **Operations:**

- Arithmetic (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division.).
- Modulus.

#### Operations(cont.):..

- Increment.
- Decrement.
- Square of a number.
- Square root.
- Cube of a number.
- Cube root.
- Exponent.
- String length.
- Sting Concatenation.

### Features list

#### Operations(Cont.):

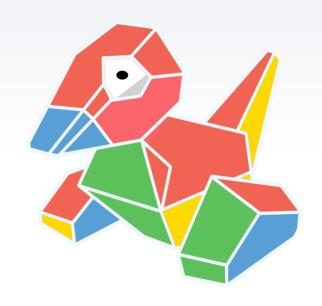
- Ternary
- Boolean operations.

#### Additional features:

- Error Handling.
- Type Checking.



### GENERAL RULES OF THE PROGRAM



#### Data Types:

- Integers
- Strings
- Floating point numbers
- Boolean expressions.

#### Keywords:

- const
- if
- else

#### Keywords(cont.):

- elif
- for
- while
- and
- or
- not
- printnl
- print
- in

#### Keywords (cont.):

- true
- false
- sq
- sqrt
- cb
- cbrt
- mod
- range
- int

#### Keywords(cont.):

- float
- bool
- string
- strlen

#### Basic rules:

- Each program begins and ends with curly braces '{}'.
- Each declaration and command line must end with a semi colon ';'.
- String Values must be enclosed within doublequotes (" ").
- Comments should start with '#'.



#### Variable rules:

- Variable names should always begin with a lowercase letter.
- Variable names can be alphanumeric and can contain '\_', however they cannot end with '\_'.
- Variable names can also contain uppercase letters.
- Initial declaration should always be done before commands.

#### Data types(cont.):

- Default values for integer and float are '0' and '0.0' respectively.
- Only integer operations will be performed with 'int' keyword and float operations with 'float' keyword.
- Float values will always be returned for square root and cube root operations.

### GRAMMAR



```
%:-use rendering(svgtree).
:-table expr/3, factor/3, term/3, boolcondition/3, and condition/3.
%Programming block begins here
block(t blk(D,C))--> ['{'],decl(D),commandlist(C),['}'].
% Declaration statments here for constants, variables etc.
decl(t decl(D,DL))--> decls(D),[';'],decl(DL).
decl(t decl(D)) --> decls(D),[';'].
decls(D)--> constassign(D).
decls(D)--> declassign(D).
decls(D)--> plainassign(D).
constassign(t const flt(C,F)) --> ['const'], ['float'], variablename(C),['='],floatvalue(F).
constassign(t const int e(C,Expr)) --> ['const'], ['int'], variablename(C),['='],expr(Expr).
constassign(t_const_str_e(C,Expr)) --> ['const'], ['string'], variablename(C),['='],expr(Expr).
constassign(t const bool e(C,Expr)) --> ['const'], ['bool'], variablename(C), ['='], expr(Expr).
constassign(t const flt e(C,Expr)) --> ['const'], ['float'], variablename(C),['='],expr(Expr).
declassign(t int(Var,Value)) --> ['int'], variablename(Var),['='],expr(Value).
declassign(t str(Var,Value)) --> ['string'], variablename(Var),['='],expr(Value).
declassign(t bool(Var,Value)) --> ['bool'], variablename(Var),['='],expr(Value).
declassign(t flt(Var,Value)) --> ['float'], variablename(Var),['='],expr(Value).
```

```
plainassign(t int decl(Var)) --> ['int'], variablename(Var).
plainassign(t str decl(Var)) --> ['string'], variablename(Var).
plainassign(t bool decl(Var)) --> ['bool'], variablename(Var).
plainassign(t flt decl(Var)) --> ['float'], variablename(Var).
% Commands List start here
commandlist(t cmd(PlainCmnd,CmndList)) --> plaincommand(PlainCmnd),[;],commandlist(CmndList).
commandlist(t cmd(PlainCmnd,CmndList)) --> blockcommand(PlainCmnd),commandlist(CmndList).
commandlist(t cmd(PlainCmnd)) --> plaincommand(PlainCmnd), [;].
commandlist(t cmd(BlkCmnd)) --> blockcommand(BlkCmnd).
% Declaration of plain commands
plaincommand(plain assign(Assign)) --> assignment(Assign).
plaincommand(plain ternary(Ternary)) --> ternary(Ternary).
plaincommand(plain print(Print)) --> printStmt(Print).
plaincommand(plain strlen(StrLen)) --> strlen(StrLen).
plaincommand(plain increment(Value)) -->increment operation(Value).
plaincommand(plain decrement(Value)) -->decrement operation(Value).
%Separeted syntax structures which need {} so that they do not need; too.
blockcommand(blkcmd(If)) --> ifcommand(If).
blockcommand(blkcmd(IfElse)) --> ifelsecommand(IfElse).
blockcommand(blkcmd(IfELseLadder)) --> ifELseLaddercommand(IfELseLadder).
blockcommand(blkcmd(While)) --> whilecommand(While).
blockcommand(blkcmd(For)) --> forcommand(For).
blockcommand(blkcmd(ForInRange)) --> forinrangecommand(ForInRange).
```

```
% Declaration of types of assignment
assignment(assign(A))--> initialassignment(A).
assignment(assign(A))--> shorthandAssign(A).
shorthandAssign(shassignadd(Var,Expr))--> variablename(Var),['+='],expr(Expr).
shorthandAssign(shassignsub(Var,Expr))--> variablename(Var),['-='],expr(Expr).
shorthandAssign(shassignmul(Var,Expr))--> variablename(Var),['*='],expr(Expr).
shorthandAssign(shassigndiv(Var,Expr))--> variablename(Var),['/='],expr(Expr).
shorthandAssign(shassignexpo(Var,Expr))--> variablename(Var),['^='],expr(Expr).
initialassignment(iassign(Var,Expr))--> variablename(Var),['='],expr(Expr).
% EXPRESSIONS STARTS HERE
expr(addition(X,Y))--> expr(X),['+'],term(Y).
expr(subtraction(X,Y))--> expr(X),['-'],term(Y).
expr(X) --> term(X).
term(multiplication(X,Y))--> term(X),['*'],factor(Y).
term(division(X,Y))--> term(X),['/'],factor(Y).
term(modulus(X,Y))--> term(X),['mod'],factor(Y).
term(X)--> factor(X).
```

```
factor(exponent(X,Y))--> factor(X),['^'],exponent(Y).
factor(X)--> exponent(X).
exponent(S)--> square(S).
exponent(Sr)--> squareRoot(Sr).
exponent(C)--> cube(C).
exponent(Cr)--> cubeRoot(Cr).
exponent(X)--> ['('],expr(X),[')'].
exponent(A)--> initialassignment(A).
exponent(Var)--> variablename(Var).
exponent(N)--> num(N).
exponent(T) --> ternary(T).
exponent(B) --> boolvalue(B).
exponent(S) -->stringvalue(S).
exponent(I)--> increment operation(I).
exponent(Dec)--> decrement operation(Dec).
exponent(B) --> boolcondition(B).
exponent(S) --> strlen(S).
square(square(S))--> ['sq'],['('],expr(S),[')'].
squareRoot(squareroot(Sr))--> ['sqrt'],['('],expr(Sr),[')'].
cube(cube(C))--> ['cube'],['('],expr(C),[')'].
cubeRoot(cuberoot(S))--> ['cbrt'],['('],expr(S),[')'].
```

```
"Boolean Expressions start here including logical operators 'and', 'or', 'not'.
boolcondition(or(X,Y))--> boolcondition(X), ['or'], and condition(Y).
boolcondition(X) \longrightarrow and condition(X).
and condition(and(X,Y))--> and condition(X),['and'],condition(Y).
and condition(X) --> condition(X).
condition(not(X))--> ['not'],condition(X).
condition(X)--> ['('],boolcondition(X),[')'].
condition(InitAssign) --> initialassignment(InitAssign).
condition(equivalance(Expr1,Expr2))--> expr(Expr1),['=='],expr(Expr2).
condition(notequalsto(Expr1,Expr2))--> expr(Expr1),['!='],expr(Expr2).
condition(lessthan(Expr1,Expr2))--> expr(Expr1),['<'],expr(Expr2).</pre>
condition(lessthan orequalto(Expr1,Expr2))--> expr(Expr1),['<='],expr(Expr2).</pre>
condition(greaterthan(Expr1,Expr2))--> expr(Expr1),['>'],expr(Expr2).
condition(greaterthan orequalto(Expr1,Expr2))--> expr(Expr1),['>='],expr(Expr2).
condition(Bool)--> boolvalue(Bool).
```

```
ifcommand((If))--> ifpart(If).
ifelsecommand(ifelse(If,Else))--> ifpart(If),elsepart(Else).
ifELseLaddercommand(ifelseladder(If ,Elif ,Else))--> ifpart(If),elseifpart(Elif),elsepart(Else).
ifpart(if(B,X)) \longrightarrow ['if'],['('],boolcondition(B),[')'],['\{'],commandlist(X),['\}'].
elseifpart(elseif(B,E1,E2))--> ['elif'],['('],boolcondition(B), [')'],['{'],commandlist(E1),['}'],elseifpart(E2).
elseifpart(elseif(B,E))--> ['elif'],['('],boolcondition(B), [')'],['{'],commandlist(E),['}'].
elsepart(else(C))--> ['else'],['{'},commandlist(C),['}'].
whilecommand(while(Condition,C))--> ['while'],['('],boolcondition(Condition), [')'],['{'],commandlist(C),['}'].
forcommand(for(Assign,BoolCondition,Valupdation,C))--> ['for'],['('],assignment(Assign),[';'],boolcondition(BoolCondition),[';'],variableupdation(Valupdation),[')'],[''('],commandlist(C),[')'].
variableupdation((Ops))--> increment operation(Ops).
variableupdation((Ops))--> decrement_operation(Ops).
variableupdation((Assign))--> assignment(Assign).
increment operation(increment(Var)) --> variablename(Var),['++'].
increment_operation(increment(Var)) --> ['++'], variablename(Var).
decrement operation(decrement(Var)) --> variablename(Var),['--'].
decrement operation(decrement(Var)) --> ['--'], variablename(Var).
forinrangecommand(forinrange(Var,SR,ER,C))--> ['for'],variablename(Var),['in'],['range'],['('], range(SR),[','],range(ER),[')'],['('],commandlist(C),[')'].
range(Range)--> variablename(Range).
range(Range)--> num(Range).
```

```
ternary(ternary(Bool,Expr1,Expr2))-->['('], boolcondition(Bool),[')'],['?'],expr(Expr1),[':'],expr(Expr2).
printStmt(print(Print))--> ['print'],['('],expr(Print),[')'].
printStmt(printnl(Print))--> ['printnl'],['('],expr(Print),[')'].
strlen(stringlength(Strlen)) --> ['strlen'],['('],stringvalue(Strlen),[')'].
stringvalue(str(Str))--> ['\"'],[Str],['\"'].
stringvalue((Str))--> variablename(Str).
% LEXER is handling it
floatvalue(N) --> num(N).
boolvalue(bool(true))--> ['true'].
boolvalue(bool(false))--> ['false'].
```

```
variablename(var(Atom)) -->
  [Atom],
  {\+ member(Atom, ['const','int','string','float','bool','mod','and','or','not','print','printnl','strlen',
    'sqrt','cbrt','sq','cube','true','false','if','elif','else', 'for', 'in','range','while'])},
  {\+number(Atom)},
   atom chars(Atom, [First|RestChars]) },
   code type(First, lower) },
  {restOfVariableName(RestChars)}.

  restOfVariableName([Char|Rest]):-
  code type(Char, alnum); Char == ' ',
  restOfVariableName(Rest).
restOfVariableName([]).
num(num(Num)) --> [Num],{number(Num)}.
```

### EVALUATOR

```
boolean(true).
boolean(false).
hard look up(X,Env,Val):-
  flatten(Env, FEnv), %to include constant variables in search
  hlu(X, FEnv, Val).
hlu(X,[], Val):-
  concat('Uninitialized variable: ',X,Str),
  print message(Str),
  halt.
hlu(HVar,[(HVar,HVal,_HType)|_T],HVal).
hlu(X,[(HVar,_HVal,_HType)|T],Val):-
  X = HVar
  hlu(X,T,Val).
soft_look_up(X,Env,Val):-
  flatten(Env, FEnv), %to include constant variables in search
  slu(X, FEnv, Val).
slu(_X,[],_Val):-
slu(HVar,[(HVar,HVal,_HType)|_T],HVal).
```

### SNAPSHOTS OF THE PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE



### PROGRAM RUNNING

PS C:\Users\Rakshil Modi\Downloads\502Project\SER502-porygon-Team11\src> python lexer.py test arithmetic.pgon Reading your program: SUCCESS! You wrote a Porygon program! Lexical analysis: SUCCESS! Parse tree generation: SUCCESS!

### PROGRAM EXAMPLE

```
-{
    int c;
    int b = 25;
    int e = 35;
    int d = c+b+e;
   int f = 100-e;
    int mul = f*25;
    int div = mu1/5;
    float a;
    float mult = a*2.0;
    int all arthmetic1 = (b*e)/5+100-25 \mod 5;
    mult+= 15.0;
    c = b \mod 2;
    printnl(d);
   printnl(f);
    printnl(mul);
   printnl(div);
   printnl(a);
   printnl(mult);
   printnl(c);
   print(all_arthmetic1);
```

# OUTPUT

```
Output:
60
65
1625
325
0.0
15.0
1
Execution: SUCCESS!
```

# THANKSI

