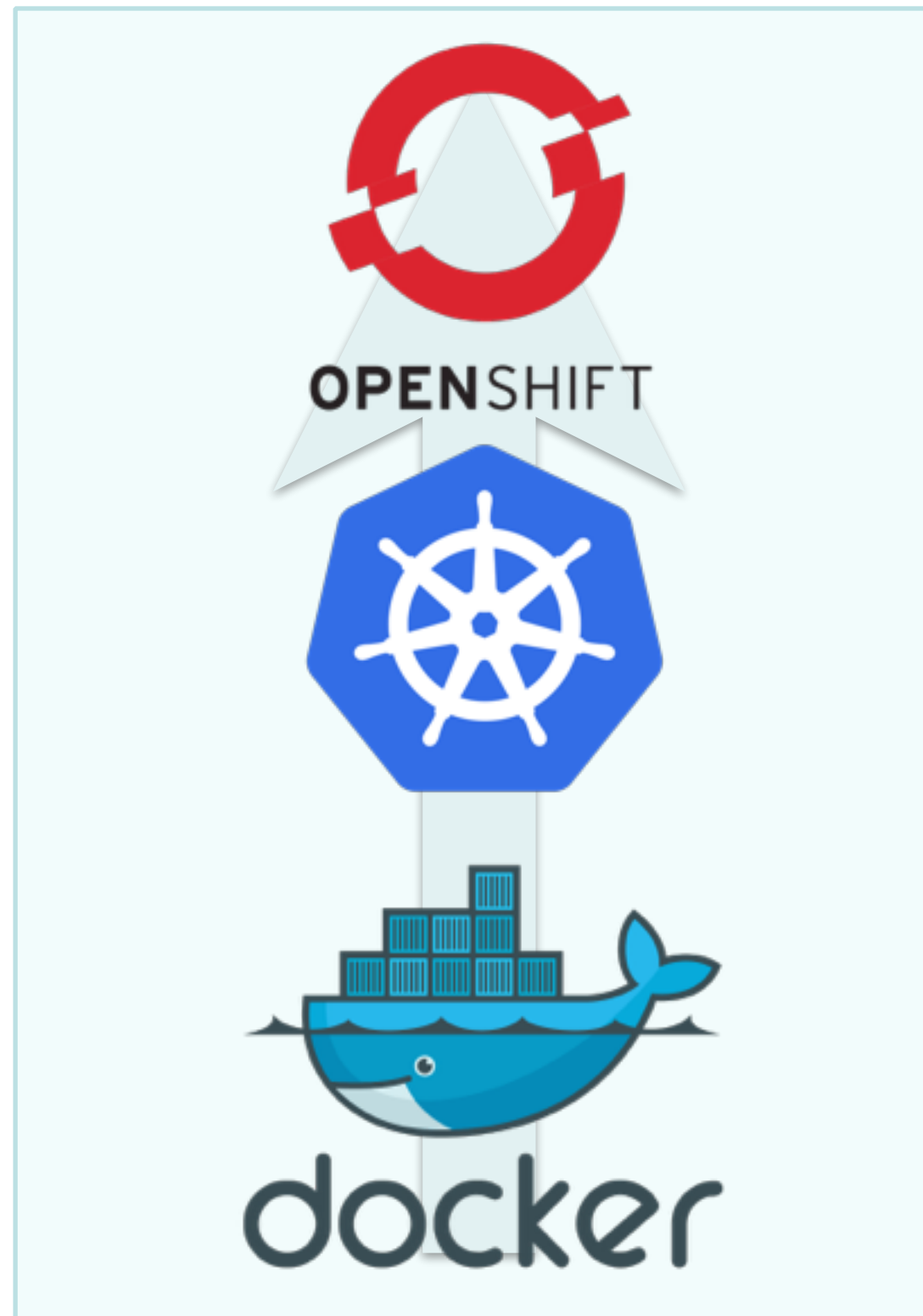

DevOpsCon

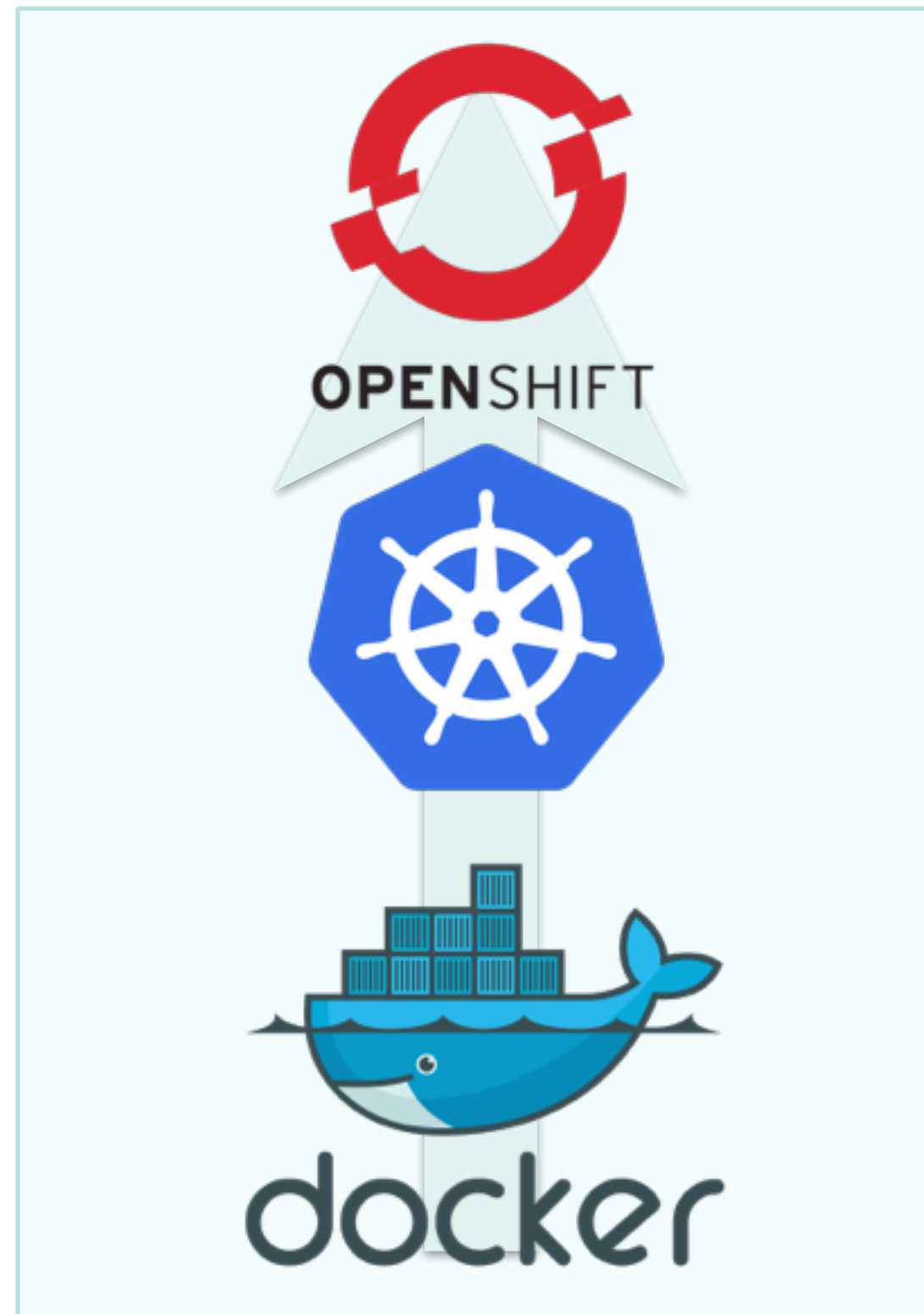
Dr. Roland Huß | Red Hat

fabric8

... and Docker, Kubernetes, OpenShift



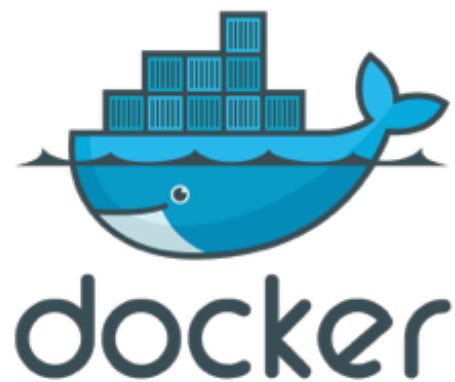




fabrics

Me

- » Developer (mostly Java)
- » Open Source
 - Jolokia: JMX-HTTP Bridge
 - docker-maven-plugin
- » Software Engineer @ Red Hat
 - (since May)
- » Contact:
 - Blog: <https://ro14nd.de>
 - Twitter: @ro14nd



OS Level Virtualisation



Docker Orchestration



PaaS Platform on top of Kubernetes

OPENSIFT



Services and Tools for Kubernetes and OpenShift

Docker

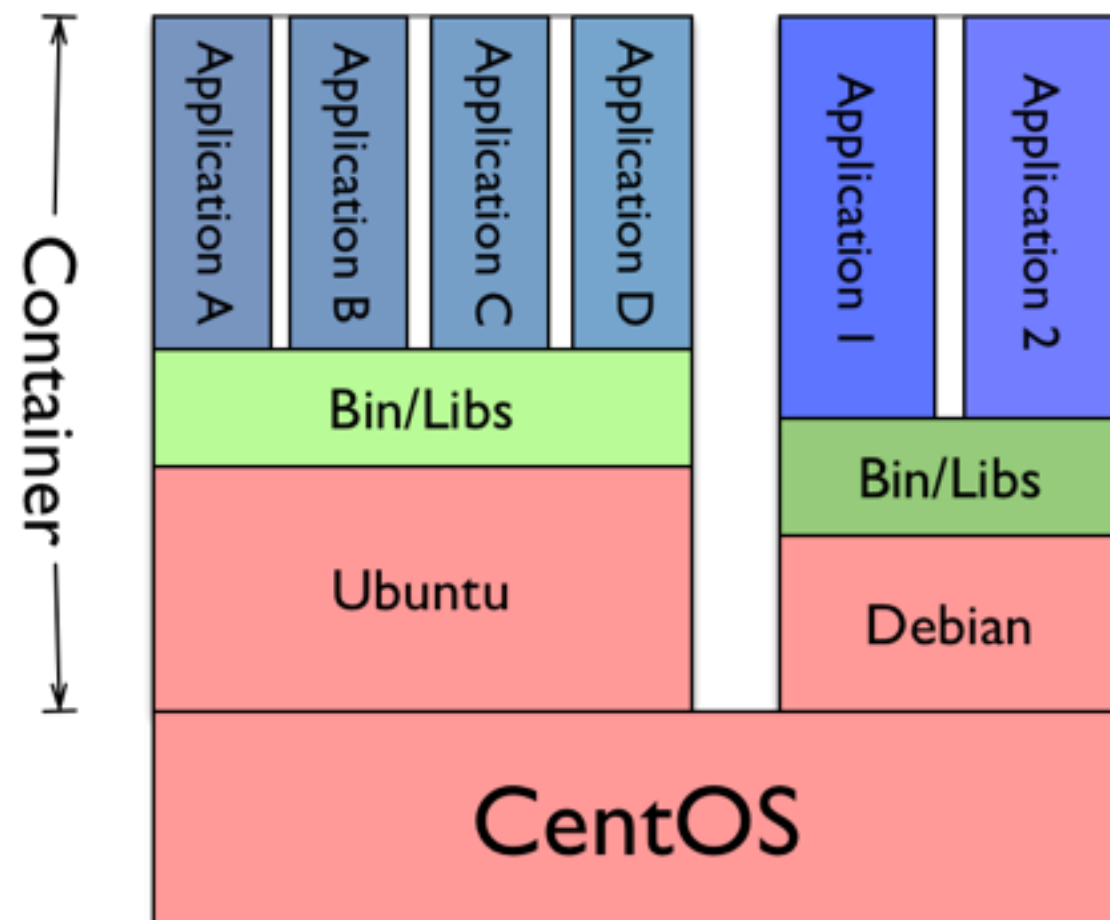
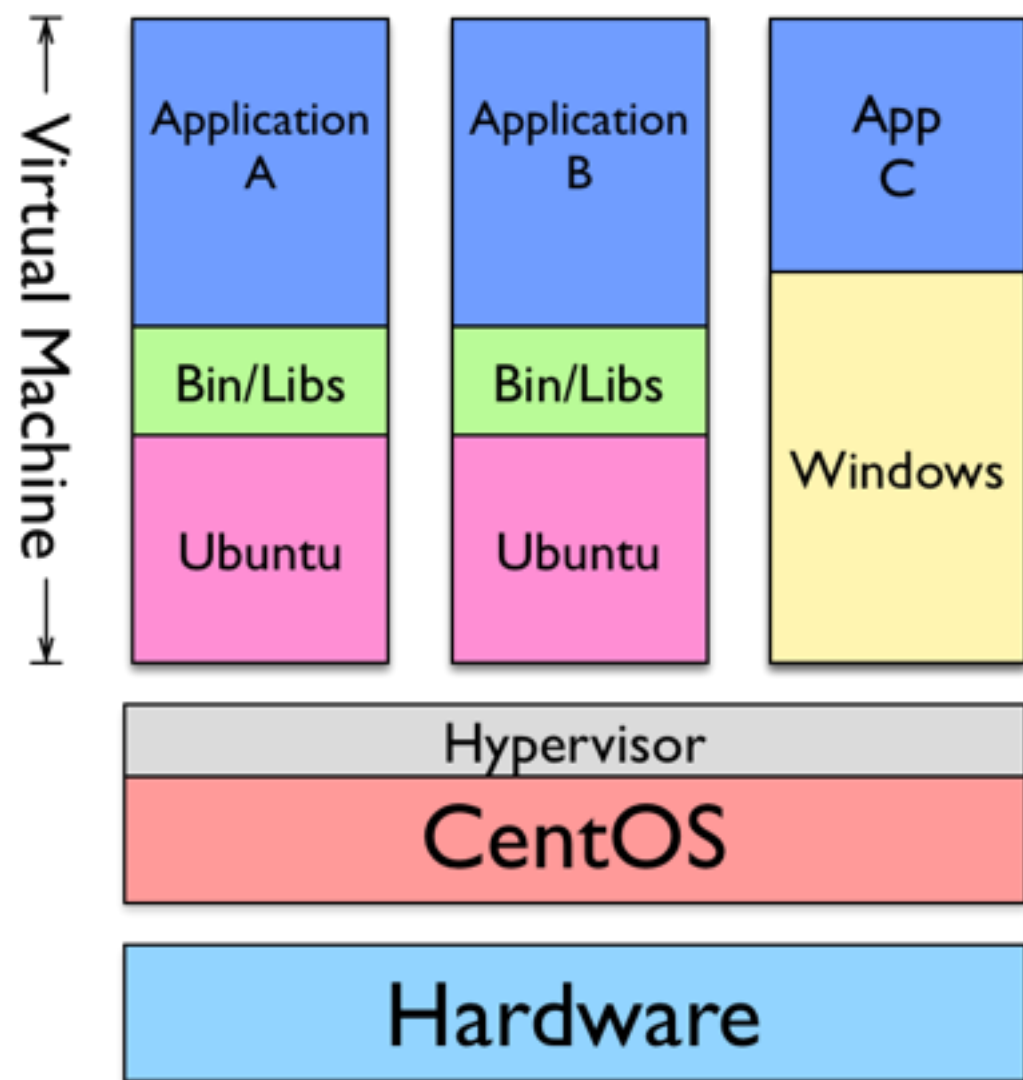


Facts

- » OS level containerization tool suite
- » Client-Server architecture
 - Server communicates via Unix- or INET-Sockets with a REST API
- » Docker commands via CLI
- » Written in Go
- » Current version: 1.6

Lightweight Container vs. VM

Containers are isolated, but sharing the kernel and (some) files
 → faster & lighter



Concepts

» Image

- Read-only filesystem layer
- Deploy & Share
- Blueprint for a container

» Container

- Read-write filesystem layer (copy-on-write)
- Instance of an image
- Has a lifecycle (start & stop)

Concepts

» Repository

- Collection of layered images
- often synonym for “Image”
- Has a name: `registry/user/repository:tag`

» Registry

- Storage for repositories
- Default: **docker.io** (public docker hub)

docker

» CLI for managing Docker

– docker <sub-command> ...

ps	Show all containers
images	Show all images
run	Create and run a container
search	Search for images on a registry
pull	Download of images
rm	Remove container
rmi	Remove image

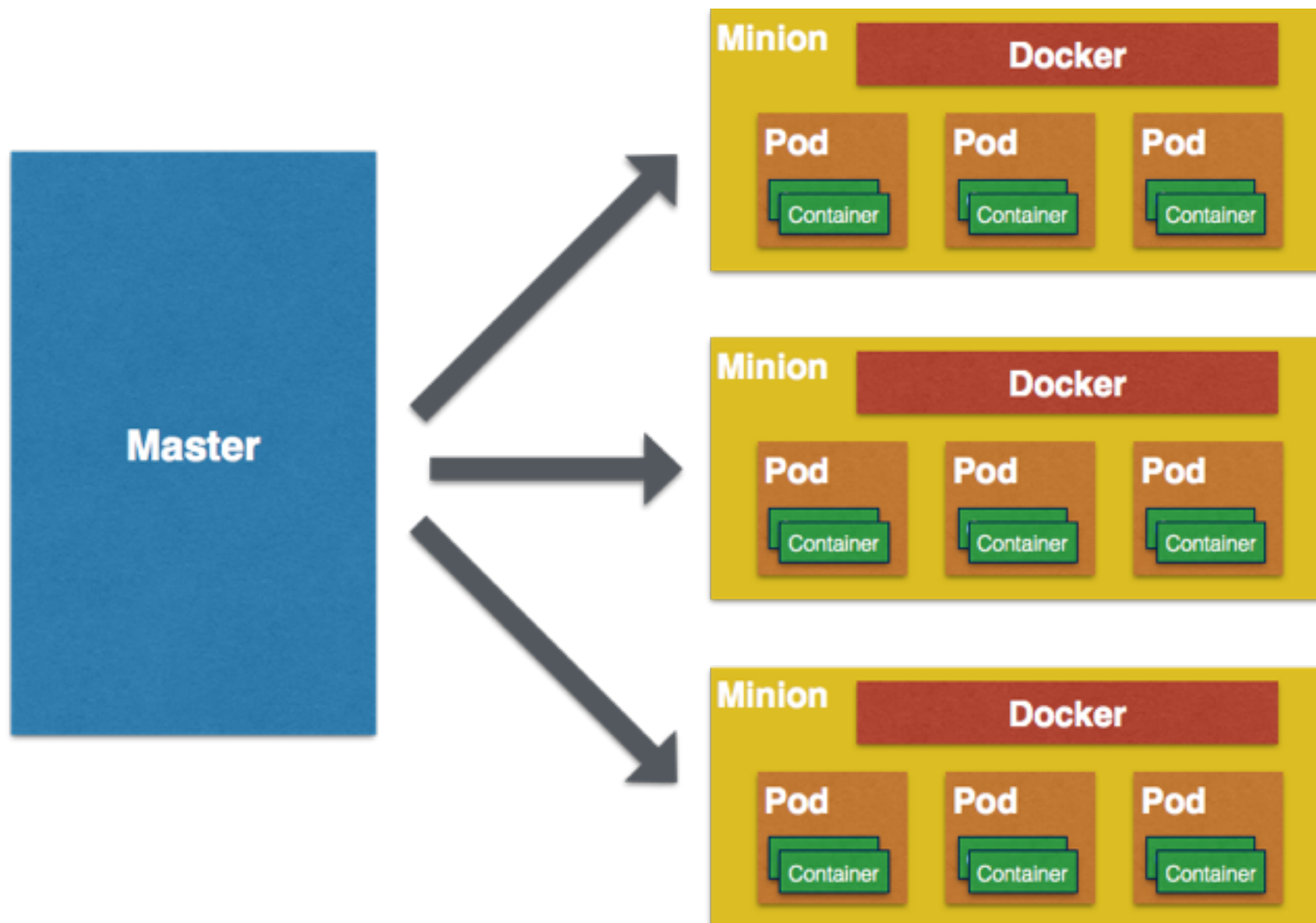
Kubernetes



Facts

- » Open Source orchestration platform for Docker containers
 - Rewrite of Google's internal framework "Borg"
- » Declarative specification of a desired state
- » Self-healing
- » Service discovery
- » Scheduling across hosts
- » Simple replication

Architecture



Concepts

» Pods

- Collection of one or more Docker containers

» Replication Controller

- Creates and takes care of Pods

» Services

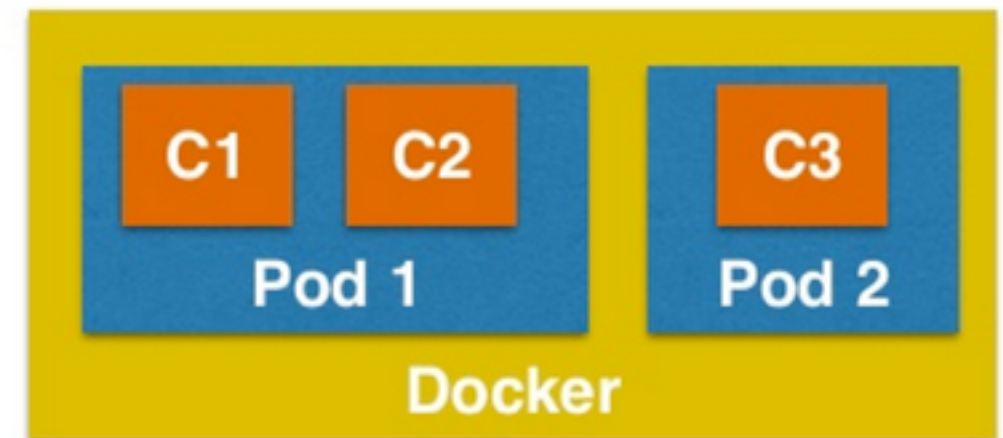
- Proxy for a collection of Pods

» Labels

- Grouping and organisation of Objects

Pod

- » Collection of Docker containers running on the same host.
- » Pods have a unique IP
- » Containers in a Pod
 - share the same IP
 - can reach each other via local ports
 - can share data via volumes
- » Pods can have one or more ***Labels***



Replication Controller

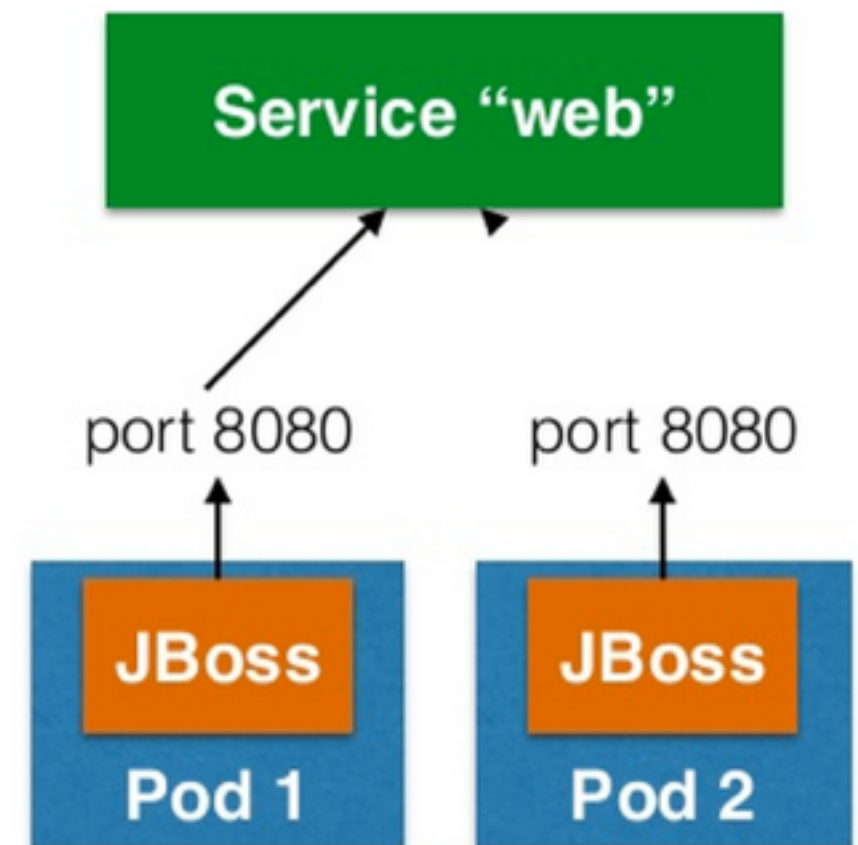
- » Controls Pods selected by **Labels**
- » Ensures that a specified number of Pod replicas is running
- » Holds Pod Templates for creating new Pods
- » Autoscaling
- » Rolling Updates

```
{
  "kind": "ReplicationController",
  "apiVersion": "v1beta3",
  "metadata": {
    "name": "redis-master",
    "labels": {
      "name": "redis-master"
    }
  },
  "spec": {
    "replicas": 1,
    "selector": {
      "name": "redis-master"
    },
    "template": ...
  }
}
```

```
"template": {
  "metadata": {
    "labels": {
      "name": "redis-master"
    }
  },
  "spec": {
    "containers": [{
      "name": "master",
      "image": "redis",
      "ports": [{
        "containerPort": 6379,
        "protocol": "TCP"
      }]
    }]
  }
}
```

Service

- » View on a set of Pods with single IP address and port
- » Pods are selected by **Label**
- » Services are referenced by environment variables
- » Service addresses stay stable
 - Pods come and go (with different IPs)



```
{
  "kind": "Service",
  "apiVersion": "v1beta3",
  "metadata": {
    "name": "redis-master",
    "labels": {
      "name": "redis-master"
    }
  },
  "spec": {
    "ports": [{
      "port": 6379,
      "targetPort": 6379,
      "protocol": "TCP"
    }],
    "selector": {
      "name": "redis-master"
    }
  }
}
```

kubectl

» CLI for managing Kubernetes

– `kubectl <sub-command> ...`

`get pods`

`get services`

`get rc`

Show pods/service/replication controllers

`create`

Create objects

`update`

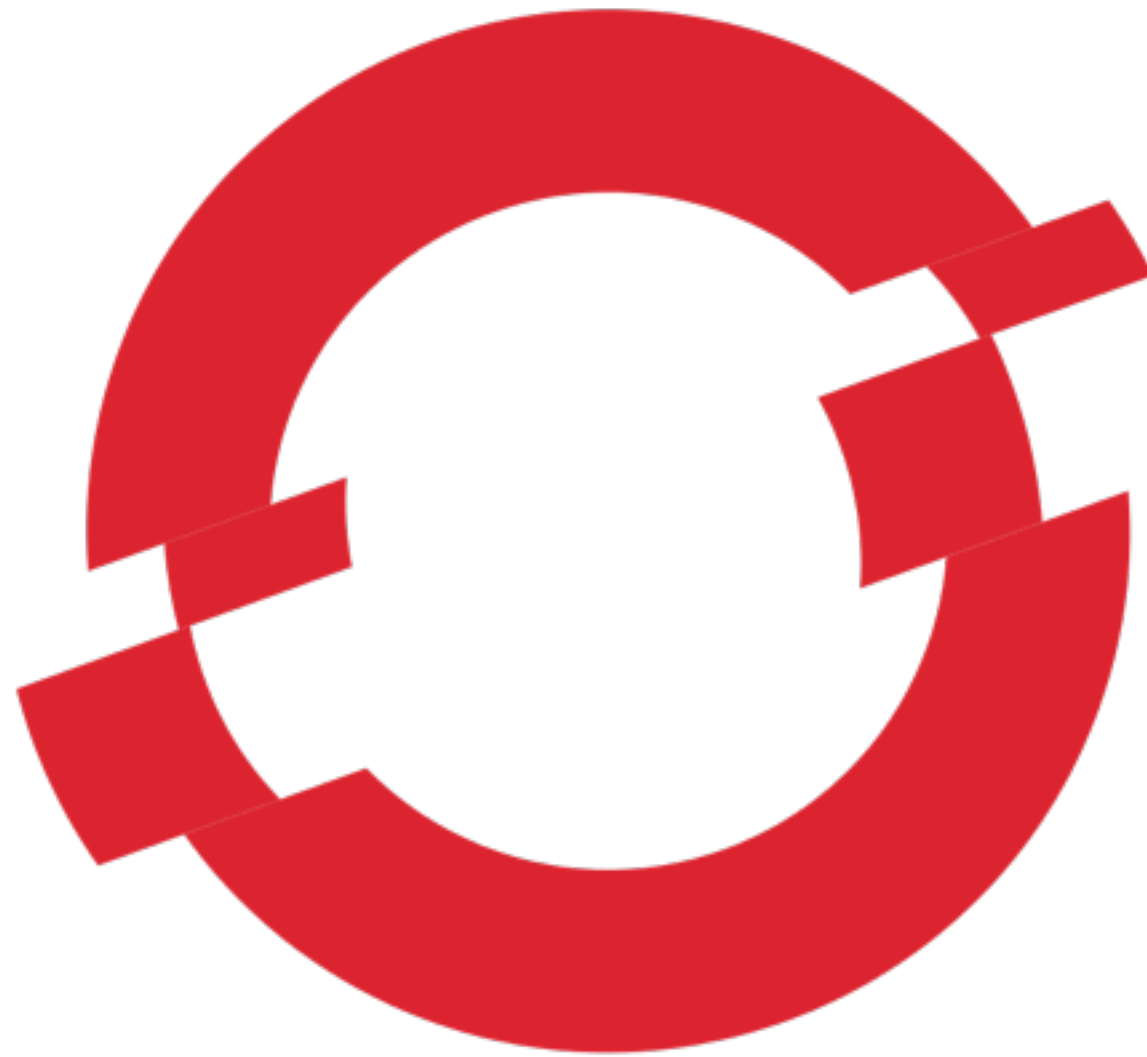
Update objects

`delete`

Delete objects

`resize`

New size for a RC



OPENSIFT

History

- » 2011: Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) from Red Hat
- » Three variants:
 - Online - Public PaaS
 - Enterprise - Private PaaS
 - Origin - Community PaaS
- » OpenShift V3: Complete rewrite on basis of Kubernetes

Features

- » Adds the “Build” aspect to Kubernetes
- » Developer and Operation Tools
- » Application Component Libraries
- » Infrastructure Services
 - Registry, Router, OAuth2 Security
- » Team and user isolation (multi-tenancy)
- » Management UI

Builds

- » Extension for **building** images
- » Docker Builds
 - Build images get access to enclosing Docker daemon.
- » Source-To-Image
 - Assembly of new image from a *builder image* and *source code*
 - Often combined with a Webhook for automatic builds

Templates

- » Templates allow the specifications of replication controller, services, ...
- » Parameter slots can be filled in ...
 - from the CLI with `osc process`
 - from the User Interface
- » might become a Kubernetes feature in the future

Templates

```
{
  "apiVersion": "v1beta1",
  "kind": "Template",
  "metadata": {
    "name": "Template_Name",
    "annotations": {
      "description": "Description"
    }
  },
  "parameters": [{
    "name": "username"
    "value": "admin"
    "description": "administrative user"
  }],
  "labels": {
    "custom_label": "Label_Name"
  },
  "items": [{
    ...
  }]
}
```

Deployments

- » Update of a replication controller's pod template
 - based on triggers
 - ▶ image change
 - ▶ configuration change
 - custom deployment strategies
 - rollback support
 - replication scaling

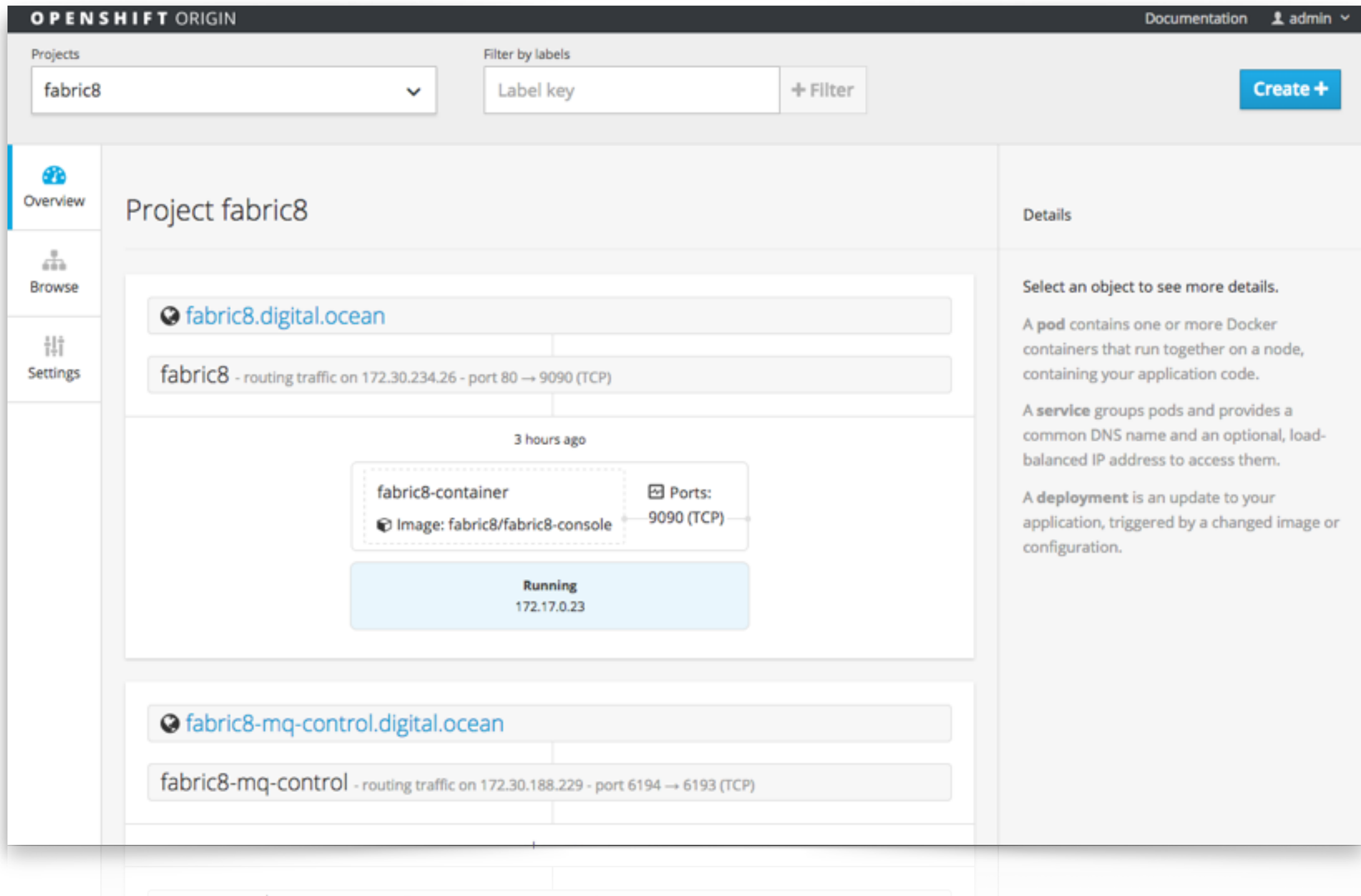
Registry

- » OpenShift provides an own Docker registry as service
- » OpenShift projects are mapped to registry user
 - e.g. for an image “fabric8/console” to be pushed there must exist a OpenShift project “fabric8”

Router

- » External DNS mapping to services
 - based on HAProxy
- » Different types of TLS termination
 - **edge** : TLS terminates at the router
 - **passthrough**: TLS stream is handle through to the service
 - **re-encryption**: TLS terminates at the router and is re-encrypted for the service

Web-Console



The screenshot displays the OpenShift Origin Web Console interface. At the top, the header shows "OPENSIFT ORIGIN" (note the typo in the image) and a user profile "admin". Below the header, there's a navigation bar with "Projects" and a dropdown menu currently showing "fabric8". To the right of the dropdown is a "Filter by labels" section with a "Label key" input field and a "+ Filter" button. A "Create +" button is also present in the top right corner.

The main content area is titled "Project fabric8" and is divided into two columns. The left column contains a sidebar with "Overview" (selected), "Browse", and "Settings". The right column is titled "Details" and contains explanatory text about pods, services, and deployments.

The "Overview" section shows a list of resources. The first resource is "fabric8.digital.ocean", which is a service routing traffic on 172.30.234.26 - port 80 → 9090 (TCP). Below this, a pod is shown with the name "fabric8-container", image "fabric8/fabric8-console", and ports "9090 (TCP)". The pod is in a "Running" state and has the IP address "172.17.0.23".

The second resource is "fabric8-mq-control.digital.ocean", which is a service routing traffic on 172.30.188.229 - port 6194 → 6193 (TCP).

The "Details" section on the right provides definitions for key Kubernetes concepts:

- Select an object to see more details.**
- A pod** contains one or more Docker containers that run together on a node, containing your application code.
- A service** groups pods and provides a common DNS name and an optional, load-balanced IP address to access them.
- A deployment** is an update to your application, triggered by a changed image or configuration.

OSC

- » OpenShift CLI
- » Extension to `kubectl`

<code>process</code>	Process Templates
<code>project</code>	Change namespace/project
<code>get routes</code>	Show created routes
<code>port-forward</code>	Port forwarding into pod
<code>exec</code>	Execute process in running pod



fabric8

fabric8

- » Tools and Services for value add to Kubernetes and OpenShift
 - **Management:** console, logging, metrics, ...
 - **Continuous Delivery** Workflow
 - **iPaaS:** Camel route visualisation, API registry, Messaging as a Service, ...
 - **Tools:** Kubernetes/OpenShift build integration, Kubernetes component test support, CDI extensions

History

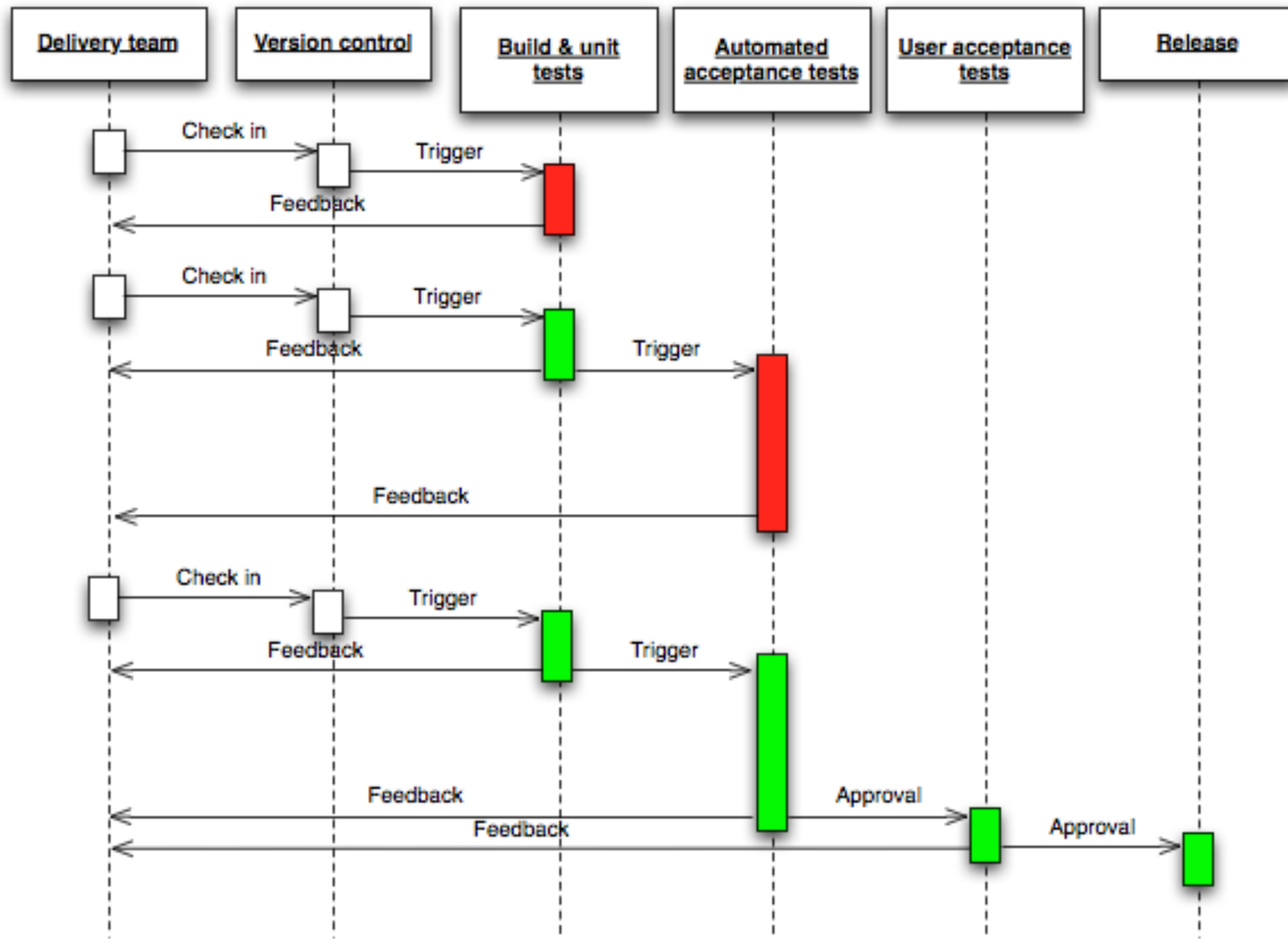
- » **Fuse ESB**: Open Source integration platform by FuseSource
- » **Fabric**: Extension for managing many ESBs
- » Red Hat acquired FuseSource in 2012
 - Fuse ESB \Rightarrow JBoss Fuse
 - Fabric (closed) \Rightarrow fabric8 (open source)

- » **fabric8 1.x** is based on **Zookeeper** as central view of the system
 - JBoss Fuse 6.1: fabric8 1.0
 - JBoss Fuse 6.2: fabric8 1.2.x
- » **fabric8 2.x** sits on top of **Kubernetes**
 - fabric8 1.x functionality became *Jube*, a pure Java implementation of the Kubernetes API

Management

- » Web console for Kubernetes
 - Starting/Stopping of pods
 - Changing Replicas
 - Individual management of pods
 - based on hawt.io

Continuous Delivery



iPaas

- » **Console** for visualising and working with integration services
 - e.g. showing the Camel routes
- » **API registry** for a global view of all RESTful and WebServices
- » **MQ** provides *Messaging as a Service*
 - based on ActiveMQ
 - allows autoscaling

Tools

» **fabric8-maven-plugin**

- Creates and apply Kubernetes descriptors out of build informations
- Creates OpenShift routes
- Deploys `kubernetes.json` as Maven artefacts

Tools

» Arquillian extension for testing

- Provision containers to Kubernetes
- Separate namespace per test (isolation)
- Annotations for injecting Kubernetes objects
- Assertions on Kubernetes objects

» Java Libraries

- Access to Kubernetes API
- CDI injections of Kubernetes Services
-

Summary

- » **Docker** is the perfect foundation for a container based infrastructure
- » **Kubernetes** is a powerful Docker orchestration platform backed with great momentum
- » **OpenShift** as a PaaS adds the “Build” dimension to Kubernetes
- » **Fabric8** adds services and Java tooling to Docker, Kubernetes and OpenShift

Questions ?