

LAB

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#### Agenda

let's spend some time together





- Check if system is running
- Test project in place
- Concepts presentation
- A few exercices
- A little Kata to finish ;-)









#### What do I Need?

\*\* not the usual .Net boiler plate \*\*





```
1.Install .Net engine version manager
```

```
_____<del>-</del>
```

```
curl -sSL https://dist.asp.net/dnvm/
dnvminstall.sh | sh && source ~/.dnx/dnvm/
dnvm.sh
```







2.Install latest .Net engine

dnvm install latest

dnvm install 1.0.0-rc1-update1







```
3. Verify
```

\_\_\_\_\_

dnu --version

dru --help





2.Install latest .Net engine

\_\_\_\_\_

sh && source ~/.dnx/dnvm/dnvm.sh

dnvm install latest

3. Verify

dnu --version





#### Setup workspace

\*\* we should always start with a test project ;-) \*\*





```
#tooling
dnu --help

#execution
#(just like `node myapp` or `java myapp`
dnx {myapp}

#default
dnx run
```





```
project.json
 "frameworks": {
    "dnx451": {}
app.cs
public class Program
    public void Main(params string[] args)
    {
        System.Console.WriteLine("hello Mix-IT");
```





### Testing



```
project.json
 "dependencies": {
    "xunit": "2.1.0",
    "xunit.runner.dnx": "2.1.0-rc1-build204"
  "commands": {
      "test": "xunit.runner.dnx"
  "frameworks": {
    "dnx451": {}
```





```
test.cs
using Xunit;
public class IceBreaker
    [Fact] public void
    my_first_test()
        Assert.True(false);
```





### Better Testing?



```
project.json
"dependencies": {
    "xunit": "2.1.0",
    "xunit.runner.dnx": "2.1.0-rc1-build204",
    "nfluent": "1.3.1",
    "watchbird": "1.0.0-rc1-3"
  "commands": {
    "test": "xunit.runner.dnx",
    "watch": "watchbird --dnx test"
test.cs
using Xunit;using NFluent;
public class IceBreaker
    [Fact] public void my_first_test()
        Assert.True(false);
       Check.That(MyList).Contains(1,2,3);
```

dnx watch





## C#6, What's New?







#### Philosophy design

Clean up your code!

No New Big features
... but many small ones to
to improve your code







#### Put C#6 In context

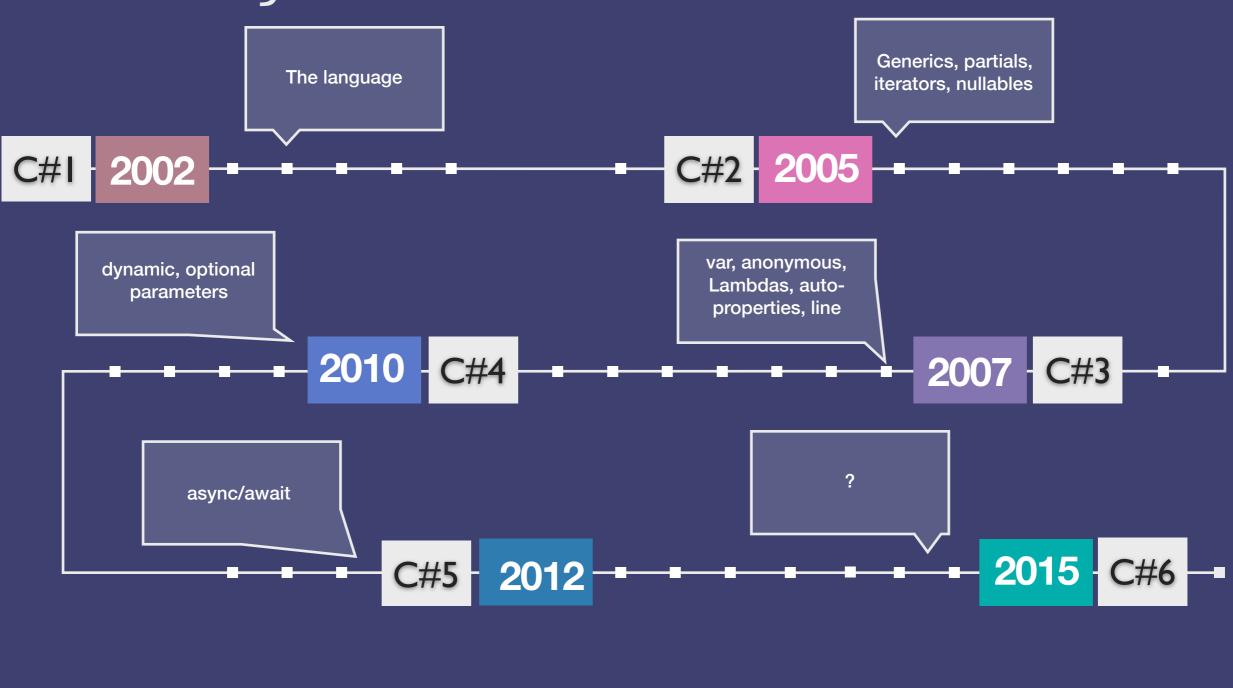
Clean up your code!

Let's see how to **improve** our code with **less boiler plate** and **more meanings** 





# History







# Developers should write their code to fit in a slide









**Using Static classes** 

why bother with static class names?



03

Getter only properties

because un-meaningful boiler plate



auto-properties initializers

because creating a backing field for properties only don't make sense





#### 01

# Using Static

```
using System;
public class Code
  public void LogTime(string message)
    Console.Write(DateTime.Now);
    Console.WriteLine(message);
```





#### 01

# Using Static

```
using static System.Console;
using static System.DateTime;
public class Code
  public void Print(string message)
    Write(Now);
    WriteLine(message);
```





# Using Static

Console.Write(DateTime.Now);

1

From a very technical line

Write(Now);

You moved to a natural language reading friendly sentence

using static allows removal of technical boilerplate







```
public void UserMessagesLog(
 string message, User user)
    var messageToLog =
     string.Format("[{0}] {1} - {2}",
       DateTime.Now,
       user.Name,
       message);
    Console.WriteLine(messageToLog);
```







```
public void UserMessagesLog(
   string message, User user)
   {
     var messageToLog =
        $"[{DateTime.Now}] {User.Name} - {message}"
        Console.WriteLine(messageToLog);
   }
}
```







```
string.Format("[{0}] {1} - {2}",
   DateTime.Now,
   user.Name,
   message);

    string.Format("[{0}] {1} - {2}",
    sounds good enough
    for small strings, But...
```

\$"[{DateTime.Now}] {User.Name} - {message}"

we're **stupid**, when you *read the code*, there will be a **context switch** to interpret the result of your string *if the value is not in the place* you wrote it!







```
public void UserMessagesLog(
   string message, User user)
   {
     var messageToLog =
        $"[{DateTime.Now}] {User.Name} - {message}"
        Console.WriteLine(messageToLog);
   }
}
```

Why waiting 15 years for that?





## Getter only properties



```
public class Post
 private string title;
 public string Title
  get{return title;}
 public Post(string title)
  this.title=title
```







# Getter only properties



```
public class Post
{
  public string Title { get;private set;}

  public Post(string title)
  {
    Title=title
  }
}
```







# Getter only properties



```
public class Post
 public string Title { get;}
 public Post(string title)
  Title=title
```







```
public class Post
 private string id="new-post";
 public string Id
  get{return id;}
 public Post()
```







# AutoProperties initializers 04

```
public class Post
 public string Id {get;private set;}
 public Post()
  Id="new-post";
```







```
public class Post
{
  public string Id {get;} = "new-post";
}
```











#### **Expression bodied properties**

because one expression is enough



#### **Index** initializers

because initializer shortcuts are great



#### **Expression bodied methods**

too much braces for a one expression function



#### Null conditional operators

if null then null else arg...



# Expression bodied props 05

```
public class Post
 private DateTime created = DateTime.Now;
 public DateTime Created
   get{return created;}
 public TimeSpan Elapsed
   get {
     return (DateTime.Now-Created);
                                                 C#3
```





# Expression bodied props 05

```
public class Post
 public DateTime Created {get;}
  = DateTime.Now;
 public TimeSpan Elapsed
    => (DateTime.Now-Created);
```







# Expression bodied props 05



```
public class Post
 public DateTime Created {get;}
   = DateTime.Now;
 public DateTime Updated
                                       Spot the
                                       difference
   => DateTime;
          value is affected once for all, stored in an
 {get;} =
                   hidden backing field
```

represents an expression, newly evaluated on each call







### Expression Bodied Methods 06

```
public class Post
 public string Title {get;set;}
 public string BuildSlug()
  return Title.ToLower().Replace(" ", "-");
```







## Expression Bodied Methods 06

```
public class Post
 public string Title {get;set;}
 public string BuildSlug()
  return Title.ToLower().Replace(" ", "-");
```

never been frustrated to have to write this {return} boilerplate since you use the => construct with lambdas?





### Expression Bodied Methods 06

```
public class Post
 public string Title {get;set;}
 public string BuildSlug()
 => Title
    .ToLower()
    .Replace(" ", "-");
```







#### Index initializers



```
public class Author
 public Dictionary<string,string> Contacts
   {get;private set;};
 public Author()
    Contacts = new Dictionary<string,string>();
    Contacts.Add("mail", "demo@rui.fr");
    Contacts.Add("twitter", "@rhwy");
    Contacts.Add("github", "@rhwy");
                                               C#2
```





### Index initializers



```
public class Author
 public Dictionary<string, string> Contacts
   {get;}
  = new Dictionary<string,string>() {
      ["mail"]="demo@rui.fr",
      ["twitter"]="@rhwy",
      ["github"]="@rhwy"
   };
```







#### Index initializers



```
public class Author
 public Dictionary<string, string> Contacts
   {get;}
  = new Dictionary<string,string>() {
      {"mail", "demo@rui.fr"},
      {"twitter", "@rhwy"},
      {"github", "@rhwy"}
   };
```







```
public class Post
  public string Author {get;private set;};
   //=>"Rui Carvalho"
   public string GetPrettyName()
        if(Author!=null)
           if(Author.Contains(" "))
              string result;
              var items=Author.Split(" ");
              forEach(var word in items)
                 result+=word.SubString(0,1).ToUpper()
                   +word.SubString(1).ToLower()
              return result.Trim();
        return Author;
```







```
public class Post
 //"rui carvalho"
 public string Author {get;private set;};
 //=>"Rui Carvalho"
public string GetPrettyName()
     => (string.Join("",
          Author?.Split(' ')
           .ToList()
           .Select( word=>
             word.Substring(0,1).ToUpper()
             +word.Substring(1).ToLower()
                                                 C#6
             + " ")
       )).Trim();
```





```
public class Post
 //"rui carvalho"
 public string Author {get;private set;};
 //=>"Rui Carvalho"
                                  We have now one
public string GetPrettyName()
                                 expression only but
     => (string.Join("",
                               maybe not that clear or
           Author?.Split(' ')
                                      testable?
           .ToList()
           .Select( word=>
             word.Substring(0,1).ToUpper()
             +word.Substring(1).ToLower()
                                                  C#6
              + " ")
        )).Trim();
```





```
public string PrettifyWord (string word)
=>
  word.Substring(0,1).ToUpper()
  +word.Substring(1).ToLower()
public IEnumerable<string>
PrettifyTextIfExists(string phrase)
=> phrase?
  .Split(' ')
   .Select( PrettifyWord);
public string GetPrettyName()
=> string
   .Join("",PrettifyTextIfExists(Author))
  .Trim();
```

#### Refactoring!

We have now 3 small independent functions with Names and meanings











#### **Exception filters**

not new in .Net



#### nameof Operator

consistent refactorings



#### await in catch

who never complained about that?



#### and in finally

the last step







#### News

09

Exception

not new in .

namec

consistent

these ones are just good improvements but not that important for our code readability

catch

omplained about that?

finally





## Exception Filters



```
try {
 //production code
catch (HttpException ex)
 if(ex.StatusCode==500)
   //do some specific crash scenario
 if(ex.StatusCode==400)
   //tell client that he's stupid
catch (Exception otherErrors)
```







## Exception Filters



```
try {
 //production code
catch (HttpException ex) when (ex.StatusCode == 500)
  //do some specific crash scenario
catch (HttpException ex) when (ex.StatusCode == 400)
  //tell the client he's stupid
}
catch (Exception otherException)
                                                     C#6
```





## nameof Operator



```
public string SomeMethod (string word)
{
  if(word == null)
   throw new Exception("word is null");
  return word;
}
```







# nameof Operator



```
public string SomeMethod (string text)
 if(word == null)
   throw new Exception("word is null");
 return word;
                                        Refactoring
                     arg, information
                         lost!
                                                C#3
```





# nameof Operator



```
public string SomeMethod (string word)
{
   if(word == null)
    throw new Exception(
       $"{nameof(word)} is null");
   return word;
}
```

parameter name is now pure code & support refactoring







### await in catch



```
try {
  return await something();
}
catch (HttpException ex)
{
  error = ex;
}
return await CrashLogger.ServerError(error);
```



C#5



```
try {
  await something();
}
catch (HttpException ex)
{
  await CrashLogger.ServerError(ex);
}
```







# await in finally

```
try {
 return await Persistence.Query(query);
catch (PersistenceException ex)
  await CrashLogger.ServerError(ex);
finally
 await Persistence.Close();
                                            C#6
```





### To Finish

C#6 helps to be more functional & write cleaner code by removing lots of boilerplate!

refactoring to small functions, add new words to your app vocabulary







# Exercices





### Exercices



#### Constraint:

Refactor existing code to a more fluent version with C#6



#### Subject:

For each sample you have a simple class and an existing test to verify the behavior, refactoring should be safe;-)







Kata





### Kata



#### Constraint:

Write all with single lige methods



#### Subject:

Give a text representation of the elapsed time for a date within the predefined ranges:

more than 3 months, 2 months ago, 1 month ago, x days ago, x hours ago, x minutes ago





### Thanks

### @rhwy&@\_\_MaxS\_\_



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