Documentation for data\_models.py

A comprehensive guide to the data models used in the project.

#### Overview

This file, data\_models.py, defines several data models using Pydantic's BaseModel and Python's TypedDict. These models are crucial for structuring and validating data within the application, especially for the Resume Analysis Agent (RAR), Cross-Job Comparison Agent (CJC), and the overall multi-agent system. They also define the structure for API requests and responses. Let's dive in!

## ResumeFeedback (RAR Agent)

This model represents the feedback generated by the Resume Analysis Agent (RAR) for a candidate's resume. It includes an analysis of the resume, scores in different categories, overall score, key strengths, and areas for improvement.

# Fields:

```
candidate_name ( AnyStr ): The name of the candidate.
analysis ( AnyStr ): A textual analysis of the resume.
scores ( Dict[AnyStr, int] ): A dictionary containing scores for different aspects of the resume. For example:
{"formatting": 8, "skills": 9}.
total_score ( int ): The overall score of the resume.
key_strengths ( List[AnyStr] ): A list of key strengths identified in the resume.
areas_for_improvement ( List[AnyStr] ): A list of areas where the resume can be improved.
```

# Example:

Imagine the RAR agent analyzes John Doe's resume. The ResumeFeedback model might look like this (in Python dictionary form for illustration):

```
{
    "candidate_name": "John Doe",
        "analysis": "The resume is well-structured and highlights relevant skills.",
        "scores": {"formatting": 9, "skills": 8, "experience": 7},
        "total_score": 80,
        "key_strengths": ["Strong technical skills", "Clear and concise formatting"],
        "areas_for_improvement": ["Quantify achievements", "Add more detail to project descriptions"]
}
```

# JobResumeMatch (CJC Agent)

This model is used by the Cross-Job Comparison (CJC) agent to represent the matching score and explanation between a job description and a candidate's resume.

#### Fields:

```
job_description_name (str): The name of the job description.
candidate_name (str): The name of the candidate.
match_score (float): The matching score between the job description and resume (e.g., 0.85 for 85%).
match_explanation (str): An explanation of why the resume and job description were matched.
```

### Example:

Consider matching John Doe's resume to a "Software Engineer" job. A possible JobResumeMatch could be:

```
{
    "job_description_name": "Software Engineer",
    "candidate_name": "John Doe",
    "match_score": 0.85,
    "match_explanation": "The candidate's skills and experience align well with the requirements
of the Software Engineer role."
}
```

### CrossJobMatchResult

This model aggregates the results of matching multiple jobs and resumes, providing the best matches and an overall recommendation.

#### Fields:

job\_resume\_matches (List[JobResumeMatch]): A list of JobResumeMatch objects, representing all job-resume pairings.

best\_matches\_per\_job ( Dict[str, str] ): A dictionary mapping each job name to the name of the best-matching resume. best\_matches\_per\_resume ( Dict[str, str] ): A dictionary mapping each resume name to the name of the best-matching job.

overall recommendation (str): An overall recommendation based on the job-resume matches.

### Example:

An example of CrossJobMatchResult could look like this:

# MultiJobComparisonState

This TypedDict represents the overall state of the multi-agent system. It includes the job openings, resumes, all candidate rankings per job opening, final recommendations, and processed job descriptions.

#### Fields:

job\_openings ( Annotated[List[Dict[str, Any]], "List of Job Openings"] ): A list of dictionaries, each representing a job opening.

resumes (Annotated[List[Dict[str, Any]], "List of Candidate's Resumes"]): A list of dictionaries, each representing a candidate's resume.

all\_rankings (Annotated[Dict[str, List[ResumeFeedback]], "Ranking of all Candidates per Job Opening"]): A dictionary where keys are job opening names and values are lists of ResumeFeedback objects, representing the ranking of candidates for that job.

final\_recommendations ( CrossJobMatchResult ): The final recommendations generated by the system, using the CrossJobMatchResult model.

processed job description (Annotated[List[AnyStr], operator.add]): A list of processed job descriptions.

# Example:

A simplified example of MultiJobComparisonState:

```
best_matches_per_job : {},
    "best_matches_per_resume": {},
    "overall_recommendation": "Recommend John and Jane."
},
    "processed_job_description": ["software engineer description", "data scientist description"]
}
```

# AnalysisRequest

This model defines the structure for the API request to start the analysis process. It contains lists of job openings and resumes.

### Fields:

job\_openings (List[Dict[AnyStr, Any]]): A list of dictionaries, each representing a job opening. Each dictionary contains the job details.

resumes (List[Dict[AnyStr, Any]]): A list of dictionaries, each representing a resume. Each dictionary contains the resume details.

## Example:

An example of AnalysisRequest structure:

```
{
    "job_openings": [{"name": "Software Engineer", "description": "Looking for a skilled software
engineer."}, {"name": "Data Scientist", "description": "Seeking a data scientist with experience in
machine learning."}],
    "resumes": [{"name": "Alice", "content": "Experienced in software development."}, {"name":
"Bob", "content": "Proficient in data analysis and machine learning."}]
}
```

## StatusResponse

This model defines the structure for the API response when requesting the status of an analysis. It includes a trace ID, status, progress (optional), and results (optional).

#### Fields:

```
trace_id ( str ): A unique identifier for the analysis request.
status ( str ): The current status of the analysis (e.g., "running", "completed", "error").
progress ( Optional[Dict[str, str]] ): An optional dictionary containing progress information (e.g., {"step": "Analyzing resumes", "percentage": "50%"}).
results ( Optional[Dict[str, Any]] ): An optional dictionary containing the results of the analysis.
```

### Example:

An example of a StatusResponse when the analysis is running:

```
{
    "trace_id": "123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-426614174000",
    "status": "running",
    "progress": {"step": "Analyzing resumes", "percentage": "75%"},
    "results": None
}
```

An example of a StatusResponse when the analysis is completed:

```
progress: { step: Analysis complete, percentage: 100% },
"results": {"recommendations": "Alice is recommended for Software Engineer."}
}
```

# StartResponse

This model defines the structure for the API response when starting an analysis. It includes a trace ID and a message.

# Fields:

```
trace_id (str): A unique identifier for the analysis request.
message (str): A message indicating the status of the start request (e.g., "Analysis started successfully").
```

# Example:

An example of a StartResponse:

```
{
    "trace_id": "123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-426614174000",
    "message": "Analysis started successfully"
}
```