Monash University

FIT3152 - Data Analytics

Assignment 1, Semester 1, 2024

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Project: Analysis of country-level predictors of pro-social behaviours to reduce the spread of COVID-19 during the early stages of the pandemic

AI statement: Generative AI was used in this assignment

Task 1: Descriptive analysis and pre-processing

1(a) A condensed extract of the PsyCorona baseline study is contained in the file PsyCoronaBaselineExtract.csv.

We start by taking a unique sample of the data set based on my student ID, and attaching the data to the R search path for ease of variable use

```
rm(list = ls())
set.seed(31865224)
cvbase = read.csv("PsyCoronaBaselineExtract.csv")
cvbase <- cvbase[sample(nrow(cvbase), 40000), ]</pre>
```

We will take assistance from a few libraries, so let's start by importing those.

```
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
```

It is helpful to learn about a dataset's features and properties before working on it.

```
dim(cvbase)
as.data.frame(sapply(cvbase, class))
summary(cvbase, na.rm = TRUE)
```

In this case, we will run the dimensions method, to find out the data frame has 40,000 rows, given we have sampled it to be so when reading it in, and 52 columns.

The only text attributes in the dataframe appear to be coded_country and the Rank Order of Life columns, while the rest are integer data

According to the codebook extract, every column aside from employstatus, gender, age, edu, and coded_country contains ordinal numbers representing degrees of agreement for things like age group, education level, and level of agreement. Different gender, age, and education categories are coded by the integer values in their respective columns. Each record may only have a maximum of one employstatus column with a value of 1, indicating the employee's employment status.

We may infer that the numerical attributes have different ranges from the summary() output. Survey questions evaluating a two-sided degree of agreement vary from a negative number to its modulus, while those measuring a one-sided degree of agreement go from 1 to a larger positive number, such as 4, 5 or 6.

We are able to use the following, to understand coded_country better

```
sort(unique(cvbase$coded_country))
table(cvbase$coded_country)
max(table(cvbase$coded_country))
which(table(cvbase$coded_country) == max(table(cvbase$coded_country)))
min(table(cvbase$coded_country))
which(table(cvbase$coded_country) == min(table(cvbase$coded_country)))
```

Based on the outputs, there seems to be 110 unique countries inclusive of NA values, with each country having a widely different number of entries, the Croatia being the highest at 6987, and host of other countries having much less.

Missing values are present in all columns, however this is the norm as surveys of this nature do not require participants to answer all questions. The employstatus columns appear to be the biggest culprit, given each participant will only pick one out of the 10 categories. In this dataframe, employstatus_3 seems to have the least missing values, while employstatus_8 has the highest number. Potentially, this could imply that the majority of participants are working 40 hours or more, while a small number of people who are disabled may be out of work.

Another point to note is the mean age group in this dataframe amounts to 2.905, which indicates that the majority of participants are likely to be aged between 35-44 years. This could indicate working-class adults with concise lifestyle, and are studied accordingly to research the outcomes covid had on people.

1(b)

This dataset is relatively tidy and without too many missing values, hence preprocessing should not be required. However, the missing values in the employstatus column should be replaced with 0, as it would be easier to transform and process the data in binary format, which might be required for linear regression involving these attributes down the track.

```
cvbase[is.na(cvbase)] <- 0</pre>
```

Task 2: Focus country vs all other countries as a group

2(a)

I will be analyzing Croatia in this assignment. We will start by creating bar charts for each group of countries, where the y-axis represents the survey questions, and the x-axis represents the mean of each questions' response. Below, we will create data frames for the mean values utilizing ggplot2, excluding non-numerical attributes such as coded_country.

```
croatia <- cvbase[cvbase$coded_country == "Croatia", ]
others <- anti_join(cvbase, croatia)

numeric_cols <- sapply(croatia, is.numeric)
means <- colMeans(croatia[, numeric_cols], na.rm = TRUE)

croatia_means <- data.frame(mean = means)

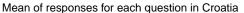
numeric_cols <- sapply(others, is.numeric)
others_means <- colMeans(others[, numeric_cols], na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
```

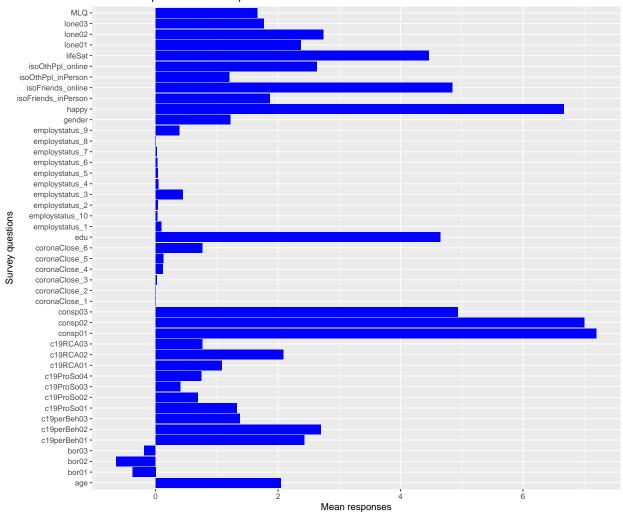
```
others_means <- data.frame(mean = others_means)

croatia_plotted <- ggplot(croatia_means) +
    geom_bar(mapping = aes(x = rownames(croatia_means), y = mean), stat = "identity",
        fill = "blue") +
    coord_flip() +
    labs(x = "Survey questions", y = "Mean responses",
        title = "Mean of responses for each question in Croatia")

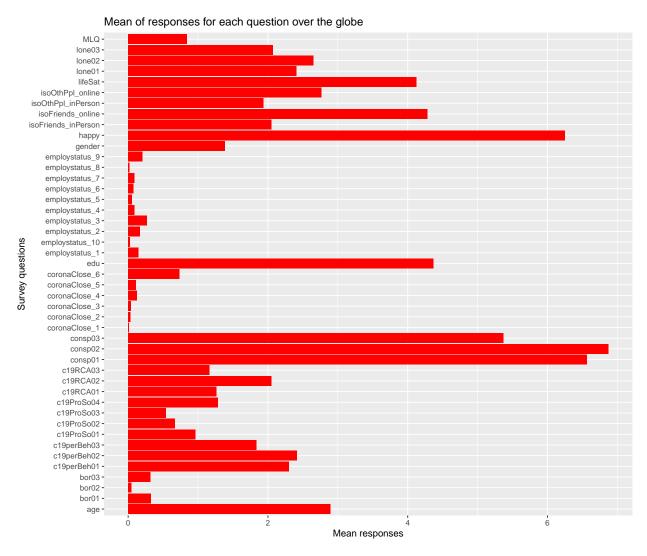
world_plotted <- ggplot(others_means) +
    geom_bar(mapping = aes(x = rownames(others_means), y = mean), stat = "identity",
        fill = "red") +
    coord_flip() +
    labs(x = "Survey questions", y = "Mean responses",
        title = "Mean of responses for each question over the globe")

croatia_plotted</pre>
```





world_plotted



Looking at both graphs of Croatia, and all other countries in comparison, most responses seem to be quite similar, except for Boredom, bor01,bor02 and bor03. While the worldwide mean is between 0 (Neither agree nor disagree) and 1 (Somewhat agree), in Croatia, the mean is negative and closer to 1 (Somewhat disagree). This leads us to believe people in Croatia could be less bored than other countries worldwide, albeit slightly. Additionally, there seems to be no Corona Proximity for participants themselves, as well as members of their family in this dataset.

2(b)

Let's start by taking a peek through the correlation of each predictor for pro-social attitude in Croatia. We can visualise the correlation matrix through a heatmap using cor().

```
numeric_croatia <- croatia[sapply(croatia, is.numeric)]
croatia_correlation <- cor(numeric_croatia, use = "complete.obs")</pre>
```

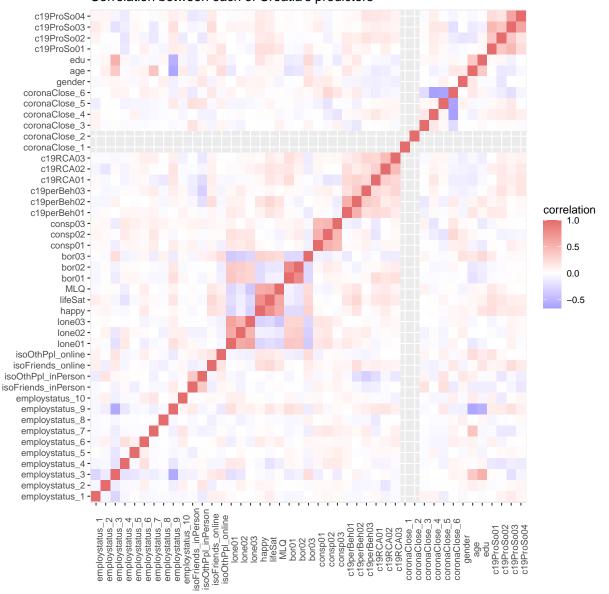
Warning in cor(numeric_croatia, use = "complete.obs"): the standard deviation

is zero

```
#diag(croatia_cor) <- NA
croatia_melted <- reshape2::melt(croatia_correlation, na.rm = TRUE)

croatia_correlation_plot <- ggplot(data = croatia_melted, aes(x = Var1, y = Var2, fill = value)) +
    geom_tile() +
    scale_fill_gradient2(low = "#6b74ff", mid = "white", high = "#e46c6c", midpoint = 0) +
    labs(title = "Correlation between each of Croatia's predictors", x = "", y = "",
        fill = "correlation") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))</pre>
croatia_correlation_plot
```

Correlation between each of Croatia's predictors



Tiles that are red or blue denote positive or negative correlation, respectively, and turn white as correlation gets closer to zero. Numerous examples of substantial association between predictors can be seen in this heatmap; nevertheless, the portion displaying the correlation between pro-social views and all other traits is quite weak. This suggests that the characteristics might not be a very good indicator of pro-social sentiments in Croatia.

It is possible to determine how survey replies predict the pro-social attitude question through a linear regression model, fitted for each pro-social attitude based on the qualities. Once fitted, it is possible to find the most accurate predictions.

A linear model of each pro-social attitude versus the qualities is fitted by the code that follows. Each model's R-squared values, significant predictors with p-values less than 0.001, and corresponding coefficients are summarised using a function and a for loop. The vectors predictors and each_model will be utilised in a subsequent table to compare the strong predictors for every model.

```
predictors <- NULL
each_model <- NULL</pre>
model_evaluated <- function(model) {</pre>
  rsquared <- summary(model)$r.squared
  adjusted_rsquared <- summary(model)$adj.r.squared</pre>
  sig <- which(summary(model)$coefficients[-1, 4] < 0.001) + 1
  predictor <- rownames(summary(model)$coefficients[sig, , drop = FALSE])</pre>
  coefficient <- summary(model)$coefficients[sig, 1]</pre>
 return(list(rsquared, adjusted_rsquared, predictor, coefficient))
}
fitted_croatia1 <- lm(c19ProSo01 ~ .,
  data = subset(croatia, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo02, c19ProSo03, c19ProSo04)))
fitted_croatia2 <- lm(c19ProSo02 ~ .,
  data = subset(croatia, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo01, c19ProSo03, c19ProSo04)))
fitted_croatia3 <- lm(c19ProSo03 ~ .,</pre>
  data = subset(croatia, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo01, c19ProSo02, c19ProSo04)))
fitted croatia4 <- lm(c19ProSo04 ~ .,
  data = subset(croatia, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo01, c19ProSo02, c19ProSo03)))
cat("Pro-social attitudes in Croatia predictors model summary\n\n")
```

Pro-social attitudes in Croatia predictors model summary

```
i <- 1
for (model in list(fitted_croatia1, fitted_croatia2, fitted_croatia3, fitted_croatia4)) {
   cat("C19ProSo0", i, "\n", sep = "")
   collection <- model_evaluated(model)
   cat("R-squared:", collection[[1]], "\n")
   cat("R-squared Adjusted:", collection[[2]], "\n")
   cat("99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:\n")
   cat(collection[[3]], "\n")
   cat("Coefficients of predictors:\n")
   cat(collection[[4]], "\n")
   cat("\n")
   for (each in collection[[3]]) {
     each_model <- c(each_model, paste0("Croatia_C19ProSo0", i))</pre>
```

```
}
predictors <- c(predictors, collection[[3]])
i <- i + 1
}</pre>
```

```
## C19ProSo01
## R-squared: 0.4686053
## R-squared Adjusted: 0.2519858
\#\# 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
##
## Coefficients of predictors:
##
##
## C19ProSo02
## R-squared: 0.3355854
## R-squared Adjusted: 0.06474127
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
##
## Coefficients of predictors:
##
##
## C19ProSo03
## R-squared: 0.4872678
## R-squared Adjusted: 0.278256
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
## isoFriends_online
## Coefficients of predictors:
## 0.1795645
##
## C19ProSo04
## R-squared: 0.3617789
## R-squared Adjusted: 0.1016124
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
## rankOrdLife 4D
## Coefficients of predictors:
## 6.462742
```

C19ProSo04 has the greatest adjusted R-squared at 0.1016124 out of all the models, indicating that the responses best predict it. disc02, MLQ, c19NormShould, and c19IsPunish are its best predictors. The C19ProSo03 model has the least adjusted R-squared value at 0.08190663, and PLRAC19, MLQ, c19NormShould, trustGovState, and edu are its best predictors.

The fact that the majority of the survey items are deemed subjective makes the models' arguably low R-squared values predictable. For instance, different individuals interpret financial hardship differently and perceive various levels of serenity differently. Since Croatia is a large, populated nation with a wide range of living standards, its several regions are like independent nations with their own economies, healthcare systems, and general levels of satisfaction. Because of this, it is challenging to forecast the pro-social attitude reactions with consistency.

Although each model has a unique set of important predictors, some predictors can be regarded as generally more reliable because they are more frequently found in all of the models. The best illustration would be c19NormShould, a highly predictive variable for each of the models. During a pandemic, someone who is willing to assist society would want the best for it and would counsel individuals to isolate themselves and avoid social interactions.. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in Croatia recommend

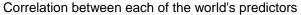
these steps to stop the spread of viruses, and since Croatia is a developed country with a highly educated populace, people who aspire to be pro-social generally abide by these recommendations. Conversely, a person devoid of pro-social attitudes would not care about adhering to new rules or showing any interest in societal behaviors. Those who disagree with social distancing policies and believe that doing so benefits society as a whole may also have an impact on the predictive power of c19NormShould. During the epidemic, lock down protests were prevalent in Croatia, demonstrating the validity of this viewpoint.

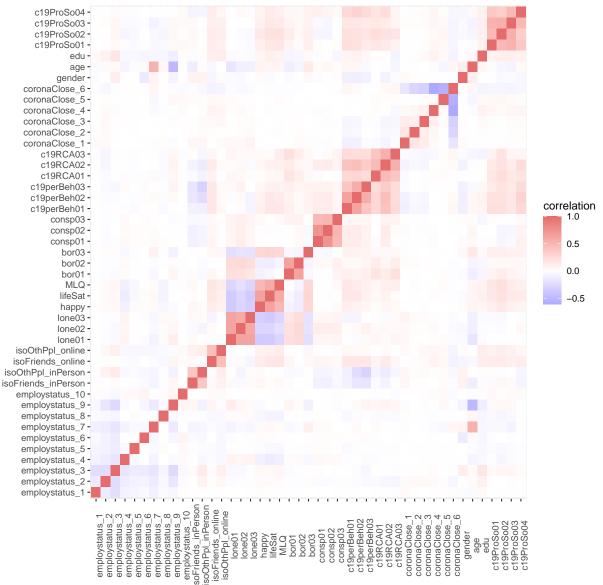
disc02, MLQ, and trustGovState are additional variables that predict three of the models effectively. People are more likely to be pro-social if they care about the future of society, if they have a purpose in life, and if they think society can come to an agreement on how to handle the pandemic.

2(c)

The previous code blocks for 2(b) are modified, but with the rem data set instead of croatia, to produce a similar correlation matrix for the rest of the world. To keep the report concise, variants of code that have been modified further on, can be found in the **Appendix**.

global_correlation_plot





When we compare the two heatmaps we currently have, we see that <code>cro_cor_plot</code> has tiles coloured in a deeper shade of red, which suggests a larger overall correlation between the predictors. Apart from having lighter tiles, <code>rem_cor_plot</code> appears "cleaner" due to a reduced dispersion of coloured tiles. However, since the subsections in both plots appear fairly similar, focusing on the heatmap subsections that illustrate the association between pro-social attitudes and all other features, we can speculate that the characteristics for both sets of data should predict pro-social attitudes with somewhat comparable performance.

Pro-social attitudes in the world predictors model summary

```
## C19ProSo01
```

- ## R-squared: 0.1280411
- ## Adjusted R-squared: 0.12646
- ## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
- ## employstatus_6 employstatus_7 employstatus_8 employstatus_10 isoFriends_inPerson isoOthPpl_inPerson

```
## Coefficients of predictors:
## -0.09356577 -0.2272962 -0.1897203 0.3730428 0.01719855 0.02667376 0.01609172 0.01721033 0.0606518 -0
##
## C19ProSo02
## R-squared: 0.1766909
## Adjusted R-squared: 0.1751979
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
## employstatus_3 employstatus_4 employstatus_5 employstatus_8 employstatus_10 isoFriends_inPerson isoF
## Coefficients of predictors:
## 0.1072481 -0.1977689 -0.1317748 -0.3161566 0.2091906 0.03416122 0.0152765 0.02820841 0.05811839 -0.0
##
## C19ProSo03
## R-squared: 0.1199772
## Adjusted R-squared: 0.1183814
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
## employstatus_3 employstatus_7 employstatus_10 isoFriends_inPerson isoOthPpl_inPerson isoOthPpl_onlin
## Coefficients of predictors:
## 0.1555728 -0.2152103 0.3369801 0.02274039 0.02160123 0.02621581 0.066345 0.09423445 0.0588311 0.0282
##
## C19ProSo04
## R-squared: 0.17178
## Adjusted R-squared: 0.1702782
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
## employstatus_2 employstatus_3 employstatus_10 isoFriends_online lone02 lone03 lifeSat MLQ bor02 bor0
## Coefficients of predictors:
## 0.09869336 0.1272541 0.2820308 0.01248981 0.03724033 0.03827886 0.07587075 0.02828067 0.02557799 0.0
```

All four models had adjusted R-squared somewhere between 0.12 and 0.17, pointing to a smaller range than the comparable one for the Croatia data set (0.06 - 0.49), according to the summary for the rest of the world. The models' predictors are significantly more important than those of the croatia models. The four models are well predicted by disc02, lifeSat, c19NormShould, c19NormDo, and trustGovState. The majority of the predictors that performed well in all four of the croatia models, c19NormShould, disc02, and trustGovState are included in this set. As was already said, Croatia's sheer vastness and diversity make it seem like a collection of independent nations. It follows that strong predictors for Croatia would also apply to other nations collectively.

The table below displays the results of the strongest predictors for each pro-social behaviour for Croatia and the rest of the globe.

TODO LATER!!!! fix columnds missing

```
tables_combined <- table(predictors = predictors, models = each_model)

tables_combined <- tables_combined[, c("Croatia_C19ProSo03",
    "Croatia_C19ProSo04", "RoW_C19ProSo01", "RoW_C19ProSo02", "RoW_C19ProSo03",
    "RoW_C19ProSo04")]

tables_combined_plotted <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(tables_combined)) +
    geom_tile(mapping = aes(x = models, y = predictors, fill = Freq, colour = "black")) +
    scale_fill_gradientn(colours = c("pink", "green")) +
    theme(legend.position = "none") +
    scale_x_discrete(position = "top") +
    scale_y_discrete(limits = rev) +
    labs(x = "Models", y = "Predictors",
        title = "Significant predictors for individual models")</pre>
```

tables_combined_plotted

Task 3: Focus country vs cluster of similar countries

Significant predictors for individual models

3(a)

Some additional data is collected from external sources to supplement the indicators available in the sources mentioned in the references. Eight indicators make up the final data table I have compiled (in **Appendix**) for use in clustering: HDI, GHS, freedom, political_stability, happiness, total_vax_per_hundred, total_cases_per_mil, and total_deaths_per_mil. The **Appendix** contains information and explanations regarding each indicator as well as its sources.

Using k-means clustering, nations that are comparable to Croatia are found. For the kmeans() function to function, countries with NA values must first be eliminated. This has no bearing on our findings because the majority of these nations—such as Afghanistan and Syria—do not initially appear in the baseline data and differ greatly from Croatia in terms of development and data transparency. After scaling the data, we use a few random beginnings to carry out K-means clustering.

```
collected <- read.csv("task3.csv")
collected_clean <- na.omit(collected)
collected_clean[, 2:9] <- scale(collected_clean[, 2:9])

kfit <- kmeans(collected_clean[, 2:9], round(nrow(collected_clean) / 5), nstart = 15)
clusters <- data.frame(country = collected_clean[[1]], cluster = kfit$cluster)

target <- filter(clusters, country == "Croatia")$cluster
similar <- filter(clusters, cluster == target)
similar</pre>
```

```
## country cluster
## 42 Croatia 24
## 76 Hungary 24
## 137 Poland 24
```

```
## 140 Romania 24
## 155 Slovakia 24
```

TODO: Emit croatia from above

The clustering indicates that Hungary, Poland, Romania and Slovakia are comparable to Croatia.

3(b)

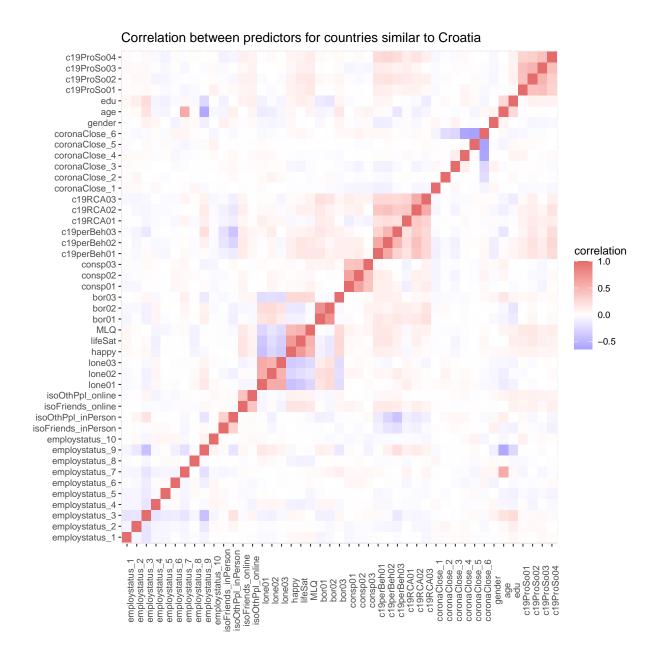
After removing the data from Croatia, the baseline data of the cluster's member nations are initially extracted by inner joining cvbase and similar. Finally, we visualize the given correlation matrix, in line with croatia and the rest of the globe.

```
colnames(similar)[colnames(similar) == "country"] <- "coded_country"
intersect <- merge(cvbase, similar, by = "coded_country", all = FALSE)
intersect <- intersect[, -ncol(intersect)]
clustered <- filter(intersect, coded_country != "Croatia")

non_numeric_columns <- sapply(clustered, function(x) !is.numeric(x))
clustered_numeric <- subset(clustered, select = !non_numeric_columns)

clustered_correlation_matrix <- cor(clustered_numeric, use = "complete.obs")
clustered_melted <- reshape2::melt(clustered_correlation_matrix)</pre>
```

clustered_correlation_plotted



This heat map's scatter of colored tiles is identical to the Croatia heat map's, showing how similar these two nations are. In comparison to the previous plots, the portion of tiles displaying the correlation between predictors and pro-social views is generally darker, suggesting the predictors related to the cluster in question may perform positively in terms of prediction than the data from the previous two groups.

Finally, repeating the code fragments from Task 2, b and c, we can output a structured summary for all models in order to determine how respondent answers can be a significant predictor of pro-social views pertaining to the similar countries cluster in question.

Summary of models for predicting pro-social attitudes in countries similar to the Croatia

C19ProSo01

R-squared: 0.1019308

Adjusted R-squared: 0.07645638

```
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
## employstatus_10 MLQ rankOrdLife_3B c19RCA01
## Coefficients of predictors:
## 0.6937677 0.1364176 -0.6291484 0.05595581
## C19ProSo02
## R-squared: 0.1275736
## Adjusted R-squared: 0.1028265
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
## MLQ c19RCA01
## Coefficients of predictors:
## 0.1080792 0.07625105
## C19ProSo03
## R-squared: 0.1031383
## Adjusted R-squared: 0.07769807
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
## MLQ rankOrdLife 3C c19RCA01
## Coefficients of predictors:
## 0.09845237 -0.5655349 0.08508227
##
## C19ProSo04
## R-squared: 0.1595349
## Adjusted R-squared: 0.1356944
## 99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:
## MLQ rankOrdLife_1B rankOrdLife_1C rankOrdLife_1D rankOrdLife_1F rankOrdLife_3B c19perBeh01 c19perBeh
## Coefficients of predictors:
## 0.0850501 1.498947 1.385919 1.365358 1.5909 -0.68414 0.1338745 0.1736953 0.1314914
```

Also check last sentence of next paragraph

Based on the results, the models for these comparable nations typically have adjusted R-squared values that are comparable to those of Croatia and all other nations combined. Similar to the Croatia models, C19ProSo04 seems to have the greatest adjusted R-squared value (0.1356944). Except for C19ProSo04, which has significant predictors including disc02, MLQ, c19NormShould and c19IsPunish, none of these models, in contrast to the preceding eight models, had significant predictors with p-values less than 0.001. In the Croatia model, disc02 is also a very good predictor for C19ProSo04, but not for PFS02. However, disc02, MLQ, c19NormShould and c19IsPunish are all significant predictors in the rest-of-the-world model for C19ProSo04.

Consequently, the predictive performance of qualities for this cluster of countries is not significantly better than that of Croatia or the rest of the globe, with comparable R-squared values and predictors with generally greater p-values. The previously reported large correlation may have been due to chance or small sample size rather than representing genuine statistically significant links between attribute and pro-social attitude.

We can define a strong predictor in relation to a model's total p-values for comparative purposes. For these novel cluster models, we characterize a strong predictor as one with a p-value of less than 0.05, which is a widely accepted threshold. A new visualization table is constructed and the model_evaluated function is changed in line with the model.

 $\hbox{\tt\#\# Summary of models for predicting pro-social attitudes in countries similar to Croatia}$

```
## C19ProSo01
## R-squared value: 0.1019308
## Adjusted R-squared value: 0.07645638
```

```
## 95% confidence interval significant predictors:
## employstatus_7 employstatus_10 isoOthPpl_inPerson isoOthPpl_online loneO1 loneO2 loneO3 MLQ rankOrdL
## Coefficients of predictors:
## -0.4443775 0.6937677 0.03384447 0.033907 0.06722975 -0.0930139 0.09173 0.1364176 -0.5174174 -0.62914
## C19ProSo02
## R-squared value: 0.1275736
## Adjusted R-squared value: 0.1028265
## 95% confidence interval significant predictors:
## employstatus_4 employstatus_5 isoOthPpl_online lifeSat MLQ conspO2 rankOrdLife_1A rankOrdLife_1B ran
## Coefficients of predictors:
## -0.2919775 -0.3600833 0.03217282 0.1372649 0.1080792 -0.04087629 1.069375 1.125655 0.8700702 -0.4339
## C19ProSo03
## R-squared value: 0.1031383
## Adjusted R-squared value: 0.07769807
## 95% confidence interval significant predictors:
## employstatus_7 isoOthPpl_online lifeSat MLQ consp01 rankOrdLife_3A rankOrdLife_3C rankOrdLife_3D ran
## Coefficients of predictors:
## -0.5393024 0.03719592 0.09921346 0.09845237 -0.04105437 -0.5538729 -0.5655349 -0.3214164 -0.4687776
##
## C19ProSo04
## R-squared value: 0.1595349
## Adjusted R-squared value: 0.1356944
## 95% confidence interval significant predictors:
```

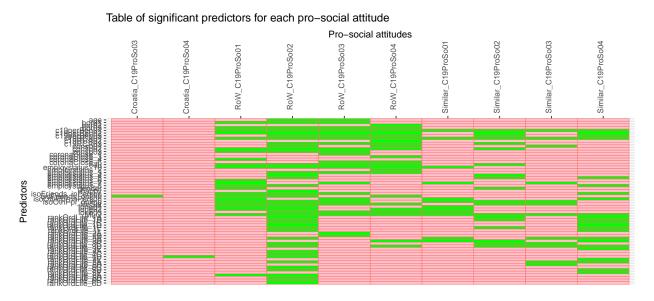
employstatus_5 employstatus_8 isoFriends_inPerson isoOthPpl_inPerson MLQ rankOrdLife_1A rankOrdLife_

-0.4926586 0.5835967 -0.02775915 0.03682043 0.0850501 1.325203 1.498947 1.385919 1.365358 1.238381 1

Omitted "Croatia_C19ProSo01", "Croatia_C19ProSo02" and similar

Coefficients of predictors:

summ_table_vis_2



We see that the distribution of strong predictors between the models of similar countries is more similar to the Croatian models, with a few shared significant predictors (i.e., appearing quite as "sparse" as the Croatia

models). Given more comparable p-values, the models from the group of all other nations have a great deal more significant predictors in common with the Croatian models. These models do, however, also contain a large number of powerful predictors that are absent from the Croatian models. Consequently, the group of comparable nations may provide a better fit to the critical characteristics needed to predict pro-social sentiments. The higher p-values and fewer shared common strong predictors included in their models may become insignificant with additional study or a larger sample size.

One explanation could be that, despite their similarities to Croatia, each country in the cluster varies slightly from the others in terms of socioeconomic factors that are not taken into account by the clustering indicators.. Their collective performance in forecasting pro-social attitudes differs substantially from Croatia alone when these small variations are taken into account. However, because Croatia's politics, culture, and other aspects of society are complicated, much like those of a group of many countries, its models have many strong predictors in common with the models pertaining to the cluster of all countries. The models may report multiple significant predictors that are not important because the cluster of all other countries could be too complicated or big.

Appendix

References

ChatGPT was used to help model some code fragments in this assignment, including 2a, 2b, 2c, 3a and 3b. Grammarly was used to assist with spell checking and grammar use in all parts of this assignment.

Prompts used, include Fix any grammar or spelling mistakes in this paragraph Write R code to use ggplot to plot a correlation matrix for the entire world from a data set

However, the output from generative AI was not the final text that appears in any case in this assignment, as it has been checked, amended and modified by the submitting student.

cvbase head, 1(b)

head(cvbase)

##		employstatus_1	employstatus_2	employstatus_3	employstatu	s_4		
##	21475	0	1	0		0		
##	3823	0	0	0		1		
##	57606	0	1	0		0		
##	49874	0	0	0		0		
##	16726	1	1	1		0		
##	23113	0	0	0		0		
##		employstatus_5	employstatus_6	employstatus_7	employstatu	s_8		
##	21475	0	0	0		0		
##	3823	0	0	0		0		
##	57606	0	0	0		0		
##	49874	0	0	1		0		
##	16726	0	0	0		0		
##	23113	0	0	1		0		
##		employstatus_9	employstatus_10) isoFriends_inl	Person isoOt	hPpl_i	nPerson	
##	21475	0	C)	0		2	
##	3823	0	C)	1		0	
##	57606	0	C)	1		2	
##	49874	0	C)	1		1	
##	16726	0	C)	3		2	
##	23113	0	C)	0		0	
##		isoFriends_onli	ne isoOthPpl_or	line lone01 lo	ne02 lone03	happy	lifeSat	MLQ

```
## 21475
                                                      1
                                                                     1
## 3823
                           6
                                              0
                                                      3
                                                              3
                                                                     2
                                                                            6
                                                                                     2
## 57606
                           4
                                              4
                                                      2
                                                             2
                                                                            7
## 49874
                           7
                                              3
                                                             3
                                                                                         0
                                                      2
                                                                     2
                                                                            8
                                                                                     5
                           7
## 16726
                                              4
                                                      3
                                                              3
                                                                     4
                                                                            9
                                                                                     5
                                                                                         3
## 23113
                           7
                                              0
                                                      4
                                                                     5
                                                                                     2
                                                             5
          bor01 bor02 bor03 consp01 consp02 consp03 rankOrdLife_1 rankOrdLife_2
## 21475
                          -2
              1
                     1
                                    7
                                             8
                                                      0
                                                                     F
                                                                                     D
## 3823
             -2
                    -1
                           1
                                    6
                                             1
                                                      2
                                                                     C
                                                                                     Ε
## 57606
              0
                    0
                           0
                                    8
                                                      2
                                                                     D
                                                                                     Ε
                                             8
## 49874
             -2
                    -2
                           3
                                   10
                                             8
                                                                     F
                                                                                     D
                                                                                     0
## 16726
              2
                           3
                                    6
                                             8
                                                      6
                                                                     0
                     1
                                                      7
## 23113
              0
                    0
                          -3
                                   10
                                            10
                                                                     Ε
          rankOrdLife_3 rankOrdLife_4 rankOrdLife_5 rankOrdLife_6 c19perBeh01
##
## 21475
                       Ε
                                      С
                                                                     В
                                                      Α
## 3823
                       F
                                      D
                                                      Α
                                                                     В
                                                                                   3
## 57606
                       F
                                      С
                                                                     В
                                                                                   3
                                                      Α
                       Ε
                                                                                   3
## 49874
                                      C
                                                                     В
## 16726
                       0
                                      0
                                                                     0
                                                                                  3
                                                      0
                       F
## 23113
                                      В
                                                      Α
##
          c19perBeh02 c19perBeh03 c19RCA01 c19RCA02 c19RCA03 coronaClose_1
## 21475
                    3
                                  3
                                            0
                                                      0
## 3823
                     2
                                  2
                                            0
                                                      3
                                                                2
                                                                               0
## 57606
                     3
                                  1
                                            1
                                                      2
                                                               -1
                                                                               0
## 49874
                     3
                                  3
                                            0
                                                      3
                                                                               0
                                                                1
## 16726
                     3
                                  3
                                            3
                                                      3
                                                                3
## 23113
                    3
                                  3
                                           -3
                                                     -3
                                                               -3
                                                                               0
          coronaClose_2 coronaClose_3 coronaClose_4 coronaClose_5 coronaClose_6
## 21475
                                                      1
                       1
                                      0
                                                                     1
## 3823
                       0
                                      0
                                                      0
                                                                     0
                                                                                     1
## 57606
                       0
                                      0
                                                      0
                                                                     0
                                                                                     1
## 49874
                       0
                                      0
                                                      0
                                                                     0
                                                                                     1
                                      0
## 16726
## 23113
                       0
                                      0
                                                      0
                                                                     0
                                                                                     1
          gender age edu coded_country c19ProSo01 c19ProSo02 c19ProSo03 c19ProSo04
## 21475
                        5
                                                   2
                                                               2
                                                                                        3
               1
                   3
                                   Spain
                                                                           -1
## 3823
               1
                   3
                        6
                                  Greece
                                                   1
                                                               -1
                                                                            2
                                                                                        2
## 57606
               2
                   4
                        4
                                 Germany
                                                   2
                                                               2
                                                                                        1
                                                                            1
## 49874
               1
                   5
                        4
                                                  -2
                                                               1
                                                                                        3
                                  Canada
                        6
                                                   3
                                                               3
                                                                                        3
## 16726
                   2
                                                                            3
               1
                              Indonesia
## 23113
               2
                                  France
                                                               -3
                                                                           -3
rem Correlation matrix, 2(c)
others <- anti_join(cvbase, croatia)</pre>
numeric_others <- others[sapply(others, is.numeric)]</pre>
global_correlation <- cor(numeric_others, use = "complete.obs")</pre>
global_melted <- reshape2::melt(global_correlation)</pre>
global_correlation_plot <- ggplot(data = global_melted) +</pre>
  geom_tile(mapping = aes(x = Var1, y = Var2, fill = value)) +
```

```
scale_fill_gradient2(low = "#6b74ff", mid = "white", high = "#e46c6c", midpoint = 0) +
labs(title = "Correlation between each of the world's predictors", x = "", y = "",
    fill = "correlation") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```

rem models, 2(c)

```
fitted_rest1 <- lm(c19ProSo01 ~ .,
  data = subset(others, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo02, c19ProSo03, c19ProSo04)))
fitted_rest2 <- lm(c19ProSo02 ~ .,</pre>
  data = subset(others, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo01, c19ProSo03, c19ProSo04)))
fitted_rest3 <- lm(c19ProSo03 ~ .,</pre>
  data = subset(others, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo01, c19ProSo02, c19ProSo04)))
fitted_rest4 <- lm(c19ProSo04 ~ .,</pre>
 data = subset(others, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo01, c19ProSo02, c19ProSo03)))
cat("Pro-social attitudes in the world predictors model summary\n\n")
res counter <- 1
for (model in list(fitted_rest1, fitted_rest2, fitted_rest3, fitted_rest4)) {
  cat("C19ProSo0", res_counter, "\n", sep = "")
  res <- model_evaluated(model)</pre>
  cat("R-squared:", res[[1]], "\n")
  cat("Adjusted R-squared:", res[[2]], "\n")
  cat("99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:\n")
  cat(res[[3]], "\n")
  cat("Coefficients of predictors:\n")
  cat(res[[4]], "\n")
  cat("\n")
  for (pred in res[[3]]) {
    each_model <- c(each_model, paste0("RoW_C19ProSo0", res_counter))</pre>
  predictors <- c(predictors, res[[3]])</pre>
 res_counter <- res_counter + 1
}
```

Clustering data, 3(a)

collected

```
##
                                          HDI GHS freedom political_stability
## 1
                            Afghanistan 0.478 28.8
                                                                         -2.53
                                                        NΑ
## 2
                                Albania 0.796 45.0
                                                      8.14
                                                                          0.11
                                Algeria 0.745 26.2
## 3
                                                      5.26
                                                                         -0.88
## 4
                                Andorra 0.858 34.7
                                                        NA
                                                                          1.63
## 5
                                                      6.09
                                                                         -0.71
                                 Angola 0.586 29.1
## 6
                    Antigua and Barbuda 0.788 30.0
                                                        NA
                                                                          0.96
## 7
                                                      7.38
                                                                         -0.11
                              Argentina 0.842 54.4
## 8
                                Armenia 0.759 61.8
                                                    8.20
                                                                         -0.84
## 9
                              Australia 0.951 71.1
                                                      8.84
                                                                          0.85
## 10
                                Austria 0.916 56.9
                                                      8.67
                                                                          0.91
## 11
                             Azerbaijan 0.745 34.7
                                                      6.16
                                                                         -0.85
## 12
                                Bahamas 0.812 30.1
                                                      8.22
                                                                          0.88
## 13
                                Bahrain 0.875 36.3
                                                      5.73
                                                                         -0.51
```

##	14	Bangladesh	0.661	35.5	5.75	-0.97
##		Barbados			7.92	1.12
##		Belarus			6.73	-0.74
##	17	Belgium			8.61	0.61
##		Belize			7.64	0.46
##			0.525		7.32	-0.30
##		Bhutan	0.666	39.8	6.86	0.97
##		Bolivia			6.94	-0.32
##	22	Bosnia and Herzegovina			7.54	-0.38
##	23	Botswana			7.90	0.98
##	24	Brazil	0.754	51.2	7.22	-0.49
##	25	Brunei	0.829	43.5	6.46	1.17
##	26	Bulgaria	0.795	59.9	8.08	0.46
##	27	Burkina Faso	0.449	29.8	6.85	-1.64
##	28	Burundi	0.426	22.1	5.02	-1.36
##	29	Cape Verde	0.662	34.1	NA	0.90
##	30	Cambodia	0.593	31.1	6.47	-0.13
##	31	Cameroon	0.576	28.6	5.63	-1.41
##	32	Canada	0.936	69.8	8.85	0.94
##	33	Central African Republic	0.404	18.6	5.62	-2.10
##	34	Chad	0.394	23.9	5.57	-1.34
##	35	Chile	0.855	56.2	8.44	0.06
##	36	China	0.768	47.5	5.57	-0.48
##		Colombia			7.01	-0.91
##		Comoros			6.07	-0.23
##			0.571		5.55	-0.61
##		Costa Rica			8.25	0.87
##		Côte d'Ivoire			6.90	-0.95
##		Croatia			8.16	0.71
##			0.764		NA	0.43
	44	Cyprus			8.42	0.44
##		Czech Republic			8.61	0.96
##		D.R. Congo			5.62	-1.61
##		Denmark			8.98	0.95
## ##		Djibouti			5.84	-0.71
##		Dominica			NA 7.88	1.39 0.14
##		Dominican Republic Ecuador			7.43	-0.27
	52		0.740		4.49	-1.02
	53	El Salvador			7.39	-0.21
	54	Equatorial Guinea			NA	-0.29
	55	Eritrea			NA	-1.01
	56	Estonia			8.91	0.76
##		Eswatini			5.79	-0.03
	58	Ethiopia			5.95	-2.07
##		-	0.730		7.36	0.67
##		Finland			8.85	0.98
##	61	France	0.903	61.9	8.34	0.37
##	62	Gabon	0.706	21.8	6.80	-0.09
##		Gambia			6.88	0.18
##	64	Georgia	0.802	52.6	8.20	-0.42
##	65	Germany	0.942	65.5	8.73	0.76
##	66	Ghana	0.632	34.3	7.49	0.07
##	67	Greece	0.887	51.5	7.86	0.15

	68	Grenada 0.795		NA	1.04
	69	Guatemala 0.627		7.63	-0.39
	70	Guinea 0.465		5.82	-0.97
	71	Guinea-Bissau 0.483		NA	-0.28
	72	Guyana 0.714		7.49	-0.14
	73	Haiti 0.535		7.21	-1.10
	74	Honduras 0.621		7.09	-0.61
	75	Hong Kong S.A.R. 0.952	NA	8.41	0.26
	76	Hungary 0.846		7.73	0.86
	77	Iceland 0.959		8.77	1.37
	78 70	India 0.633		6.39	-0.62
	79	Indonesia 0.705		7.10	-0.51
	80	Iran 0.774		4.53	-1.62
	81	Iraq 0.686		5.02	-2.40
	82	Ireland 0.945		8.90	0.86
	83	Israel 0.919		7.66	-1.06
	84	Italy 0.895		8.49	0.58
	85	Jamaica 0.709		7.91	0.22
	86	Japan 0.925		8.73	1.03
	87	Jordan 0.720		6.91	-0.28
	88	Kazakhstan 0.811		6.77	-0.25
	89	Kenya 0.575		6.73	-1.09
	90 91	Kiribati 0.624 Kuwait 0.831		NA 6.34	1.19
	92				0.30
	93	Kyrgyzstan 0.692 Laos 0.607		7.18 5.85	-0.43 0.73
	93 94	Laus 0.867 Latvia 0.863		8.67	0.73
	9 5	Lebanon 0.706		6.76	-1.49
	96	Lesotho 0.514		7.01	-0.22
	97	Liberia 0.481		6.81	-0.24
	98	Libya 0.718		5.05	-2.37
	99	Liechtenstein 0.935		NA	1.64
	100	Lithuania 0.875		8.68	0.82
	101	Luxembourg 0.930		8.80	1.21
	102	Madagascar 0.501		7.02	-0.64
	103	Malawi 0.512		6.99	-0.11
	104	Malaysia 0.803		7.17	0.14
##	105	Maldives 0.747		NA	0.50
	106	Mali 0.428		6.25	-2.35
	107	Malta 0.918		8.45	0.97
	108	Marshall Islands 0.639		NA	0.61
	109	Mauritania 0.556	26.2	5.73	-0.67
	110	Mauritius 0.802	39.7	8.07	0.86
##	111	Mexico 0.758	57.0	6.92	-0.64
##	112	Micronesia 0.628	28.5	NA	1.11
##	113	Moldova 0.767	41.0	7.68	-0.21
##	114	Mongolia 0.739	41.0	8.00	0.65
##	115	Montenegro 0.832	44.1	7.88	-0.15
##	116	Morocco 0.683	33.6	5.90	-0.40
##	117	Mozambique 0.446	30.4	6.80	-1.23
##	118	Myanmar 0.585	38.3	5.78	-2.07
##	119	Namibia 0.615		7.56	0.55
##	120	Nepal 0.602	34.0	7.12	-0.24
##	121	Netherlands 0.941	64.7	8.78	0.92

##	122	New Zealand	0.937	62.5	9.01	1.44
##	123	Nicaragua	0.667	36.3	6.24	-0.47
##	124	Niger	0.400	28.7	6.41	-1.62
##	125	Nigeria	0.535	38.0	6.28	-1.78
##	126	North Macedonia	0.770	42.2	7.75	0.12
##	127	Norway	0.961	60.2	8.76	1.10
##	128	Oman	0.816	39.1	5.92	0.51
##	129	Pakistan	0.544	30.4	5.63	-1.67
##	130	Palau	0.767	25.5	NA	0.95
	131	Palestine		NA	NA	NA
	132	Panama			8.12	0.29
	133	Papua New Guinea			7.17	-0.58
	134	Paraguay			7.54	0.00
	135		0.762		7.93	-0.41
	136	Philippines			6.83	-0.93
	137	Poland			7.96	0.51
	138	Portugal			8.69	0.95
	139	•	0.855		6.15	0.96
	140	Romania			8.33	0.53
	141	Russia			6.23	-0.65
	142	Rwanda			6.36	0.17
	143	Saint Kitts and Nevis			NA	0.96
	144	Saint Lucia			NA	0.85
		Saint Vincent and the Grenadines			NA	1.04
	146		0.707		NA NA	1.11
	147 148	San Marino			NA NA	0.91 0.60
	149	Sao Tome and Principe Saudi Arabia			5.12	-0.58
	150				7.07	-0.38
	151	Senegal Serbia			7.54	-0.17
	152	Serbia Seychelles			7.84	0.76
	153	Sierra Leone			6.70	-0.16
	154	Singapore			7.98	1.49
	155	Slovakia			8.21	0.56
	156	Slovenia			8.37	0.76
	157	Solomon Islands			NA	0.49
	158	South Africa			7.30	-0.71
	159	South Korea			8.39	0.66
	160	South Sudan			NA	-2.30
	161		0.905		8.56	0.58
	162	Sri Lanka			6.58	-0.32
	163		0.508		4.48	-1.94
	164	Suriname			7.64	0.37
	165	Sweden			8.83	1.03
##	166	Switzerland			9.11	1.13
##	167		0.577		3.66	-2.66
##	168	Tajikistan	0.685	29.3	5.52	-0.61
##	169	Tanzania	0.549	31.3	6.48	-0.44
##	170	Thailand	0.800	68.2	6.89	-0.55
##	171	Timor-Leste	0.607	27.8	7.22	0.17
##	172	Togo	0.539	27.8	6.50	-0.80
##	173	Tonga	0.745	26.4	NA	1.07
##	174	Trinidad and Tobago	0.810	36.8	7.70	0.15
##	175	Tunisia			6.46	-0.70

	176		Turkey			5.79	-1.10
	177		Turkmenistan			NA	-0.32
	178		Tuvalu			NA	1.28
	179		Uganda			6.32	-0.86
	180		Ukraine			6.86	-1.10
##	181		United Arab Emirates			6.06	0.65
##	182		United Kingdom	0.929	67.2	8.75	0.54
##	183	Ur	nited States of America	0.921	75.9	8.73	0.00
##	184		Uruguay	0.809	40.3	8.36	1.05
##	185		Uzbekistan	0.727	39.0	NA	-0.24
##	186		Vanuatu	0.607	25.9	NA	0.79
##	187		Venezuela	0.691	20.9	4.03	-1.53
##	188		Vietnam	0.703	42.9	5.90	-0.11
##	189		Yemen	0.455	16.1	4.08	-2.59
##	190		Zambia	0.565	26.5	6.82	0.06
##	191		Zimbabwe	0.593	32.4	5.60	-1.03
##		happiness	total_vax_per_hundred t	total_d	cases_	per_mil	total_deaths_per_mil
##	1	2.523	11.37		3	843.027	178.853
##	2	5.117	81.50		73	495.999	1130.064
##	3	4.887	27.94		4	855.709	139.656
##	4	NA	146.85		289	593.327	1753.441
##	5	NA	32.64		2	2157.605	49.369
##	6	NA	129.19		45	802.585	1269.036
##	7	5.929	172.04		127	015.620	2596.686
##	8	5.283	58.51		124	054.477	2867.139
##	9	7.183	162.66		13	850.033	92.790
##	10	7.268	186.55		141	452.592	1866.187
##	11	5.171	109.54		59	504.476	805.748
##	12	NA	73.22		59	699.163	1748.827
##	13	6.647	219.14		191	141.779	946.858
##	14	5.025	62.26		S	262.063	163.985
##	15	NA	106.38		100	516.251	923.145
##	16	5.534	80.84		73	3162.372	583.222
##	17	6.834	186.45		179	883.824	2432.755
##	18	NA	104.77		79	122.099	1473.037
##	19	5.045	13.28		1	.875.553	12.057
##	20	NA	147.59		3	399.548	3.834
##	21	5.716	80.11		48	8410.298	1607.478
##	22	5.813	48.06		89	830.928	4152.737
##	23	3.467	42.89		84	421.169	932.213
##	24	6.330	153.86		103	3401.940	2874.028
##	25	NA	200.09		34	454.190	135.857
##	26	5.266	54.57		109	746.821	4554.734
##	27	4.834	4.65			777.639	14.025
##	28	3.775	0.06		2	2370.131	1.086
##	29	NA	96.29		68	8679.383	593.430
##	30	4.830	181.64			185.596	179.629
##		5.142	3.65			928.633	66.381
##		7.103	179.01			674.470	779.054
##		NA	7.83			232.240	18.103
##		4.355	1.61			321.667	10.213
##		6.172	226.05			2058.065	1994.314
##		5.339	198.85			92.420	3.997
	37	6.012	124.71		99	059.263	2503.488

	00	4 000	60 50	7705 770	407 600
##		4.289	69.50	7785.770	187.623
##		5.342	12.71	3563.730	61.805
##		7.069	149.71	110206.152	1419.462
##		5.306	25.26	2419.910	25.284
##		5.882	117.35	176082.986	3099.722
##		NA	275.36	86117.905	742.227
##		6.223	172.00	180555.509	720.977
##		6.965	147.62	239885.878	3462.077
##		NA	0.34	800.655	12.372
##		7.620	203.62	133231.468	553.529
##		NA	5.77	12162.187	168.622
##		NA	78.40	93652.932	645.977
##		5.545	125.45	37160.446	378.134
##		5.764	153.14	30320.534	1870.396
##		4.283	47.59	3466.327	195.756
##		6.061	151.83	19212.981	603.340
##		NA	27.03	8185.485	104.483
##		NA	NA	2166.643	20.358
##		6.189	136.41	182347.157	1456.943
##	57	4.308	33.25	54783.303	1080.987
##		4.275	8.85	3367.185	56.136
##	59	NA	136.28	57360.484	750.724
##	60	7.842	173.57	47621.033	307.720
##	61	6.690	183.22	146728.723	1871.705
##	62	4.852	16.45	17496.045	120.553
##	63	5.051	10.89	3758.322	126.756
##	64	4.891	67.11	249638.058	3685.518
##	65	7.155	184.68	85942.734	1420.562
##	66	5.088	23.17	4364.905	39.013
##	67	5.723	168.22	112691.012	1994.035
##	68	NA	62.55	48406.252	1594.146
##	69	6.435	63.39	35119.817	902.380
##	70	4.984	21.30	2341.236	28.212
##	71	NA	19.66	3079.437	70.764
##	72	NA	88.50	48518.227	1299.573
##	73	3.615	1.70	2258.869	66.724
##	74	5.919	91.91	36379.485	1000.109
##	75	5.477	132.54	NA	NA
##	76	5.992	151.24	126053.645	3931.454
##	77	7.554	192.26	75853.506	96.540
##	78	3.819	102.24	24583.308	339.465
##	79	5.345	99.73	15472.592	523.025
##	80	4.721	131.24	69934.029	1485.840
##	81	4.854	31.78	47047.604	542.834
##	82	7.085	196.18	149793.912	1211.999
##	83	7.157	177.65	146252.196	874.061
##	84	6.483	188.66	101315.788	2324.744
##	85	6.309	42.75	33101.647	873.600
##	86	5.940	162.94	13983.875	148.388
##		4.395	73.24	94060.939	1118.212
##		6.152	90.22	55265.342	939.633
##		4.607	18.51	5409.043	99.505
##		NA	62.61	NA	NA
##		6.106	162.63	97597.125	578.137
		0.200	102.00	0.001.120	0.0.101

	00	5 544	04.04	07050 050	400 505
##		5.744	34.01	27853.952	422.585
##		5.030	77.43	14616.420	47.812
##		6.032	138.09	149500.663	2469.397
##		4.584	79.78	131816.711	1658.001
##		3.512	37.21	12859.600	291.002
##		4.625	16.60	1241.634	54.123
##		5.410	39.34	56982.296	836.129
##		NA	160.12	159827.214	1753.272
	100	6.255	150.25	190696.342	2689.761
	101	7.324	166.23	158256.396	1412.907
	102	4.208	2.51	1697.943	34.682
	103	3.600	8.83	3636.356	115.411
	104	5.384	170.46	81162.575	927.038
	105	5.198	150.85	182704.019	500.193
	106	4.723	4.68	914.861	29.123
	107	6.602	201.07	98388.691	894.443
	108	NA	NA	96.170	NA
	109	4.227	40.90	8689.344	182.216
	110	6.049	156.75	70100.456	604.858
	111	6.317	116.71	31644.640	2382.841
	112	NA	NA	NA	NA
	113	5.766	54.28	114812.345	3137.495
	114	5.677	157.15	203809.588	584.397
	115	5.581	101.19	268446.551	3828.845
	116	4.918	134.19	25656.966	396.284
	117	4.794	44.64	5587.555	60.541
	118	4.426	58.80	9797.725	355.634
	119	4.574	24.55	57981.149	1419.932
	120	5.269	71.98	27119.361	379.539
	121	7.464	162.32	177345.164	1189.079
	122	7.277	157.86	2650.961	9.836
	123	5.972	112.04	1951.962	31.230
	124	5.074	3.71	281.021	10.455
	125	4.759	6.79	1105.114	13.865
	126	5.101	83.83	107493.483	3803.963
	127	7.392	180.14	72669.388	256.518
	128	NA	133.69	66754.583	979.612
	129	4.934	66.41	5490.774	122.638
	130	NA	NA	552.975	NA
	131	4.517	64.44	89580.227	939.224
	132	6.180	140.49	111383.433	1684.215
	133	NA 5. 3.5.3	4.97	3564.955	58.170
	134	5.653	100.78	68738.907	2451.648
	135	5.840	150.06	67181.253	5949.676
	136	5.880	93.92	24584.998	444.561
	137	6.166	117.89	103098.230	2435.147
	138	5.929	194.34	132070.771	1843.760
	139	NA	193.15	92680.838	228.931
	140	6.140	80.50	91927.269	2986.581
	141	5.477	101.14	72557.126	2134.289
	142	3.415	91.38	8024.998	97.919
	143	NA	115.07	61198.381	587.236
	144	NA	58.37	74903.265	1640.055
##	145	NA	58.87	57253.340	798.392

##	146	NA	118.35	8.993	NA
	147	NA NA	160.11	244909.469	2938.557
	148	NA	60.52	17049.777	250.667
	149	6.494	139.79	15255.011	243.760
	150	5.132	10.99	4323.634	109.145
	151	6.078	119.91	188770.738	1846.455
	152	NA	171.25	231371.634	1176.086
	153	3.849	10.09	811.437	14.293
	154	6.377	209.25	49505.040	146.709
	155	6.331	88.61	149152.071	2947.662
	156	6.461	130.29	218941.214	2891.252
	157	NA	32.57	33.137	NA
##	158	4.956	46.59	57543.972	1520.372
	159	5.845	200.63	12174.566	107.361
##	160	NA	2.46	1431.848	12.462
	161	6.491	175.64	136797.480	1927.894
##	162	4.325	155.01	26898.175	686.098
##	163	NA	6.99	998.950	71.191
##	164	NA	79.25	84186.290	1923.805
##	165	7.363	167.00	124623.804	1453.644
##	166	7.571	158.42	152718.543	1363.885
##	167	NA	7.93	2270.845	130.756
##	168	5.466	66.37	1757.598	12.559
##	169	3.623	3.71	447.435	11.252
	170	5.985	146.67	31011.538	302.635
##	171	NA	NA	14789.405	90.957
##	172	4.107	27.28	3408.749	28.027
##	173	NA	121.87	9.357	NA
##	174	NA	91.99	59324.918	1845.147
##	175	4.596	98.39	58743.540	2068.935
##	176	4.948	154.26	110635.410	962.067
##	177	5.066	0.80	NA	NA
##	178	NA	106.87	NA	NA
##	179	4.636	20.66	3019.518	69.778
##	180	4.875	71.68	92380.048	2415.486
##	181	6.561	237.33	80446.976	228.998
##	182	7.064	197.47	199109.448	2220.847
##	183	6.951	157.08	158249.753	2421.163
##	184	6.431	203.91	119875.973	1802.036
##	185	6.179	112.73	5744.052	42.885
##	186	NA	46.74	21.423	NA
##	187	4.892	106.18	15694.676	188.010
##	188	5.411	153.72	17464.069	327.620
##	189	3.658	1.62	300.505	58.878
##	190	4.073	8.64	12448.652	186.335
##	191	3.145	44.51	12973.101	306.179

Clustering indicators, 3(a) ##### TODO: WARNING!!!!!!########## - HDI: Human Development Index (2021); a value between 0 and 1 that measures average achievement in human development based on three dimensions - life expectancy, education and standard of living. (Source: Human Development Reports) - GHS: Global Health Security Index (2021); a value between 0 and 100 that benchmarks a country's health security and preparedness in preventing, detecting and responding to health emergencies. (Source: Global Health Security Index: Reports and Data) - freedom: Human Freedom Index (2021); a value between 0 and 10 that assesses the level of human freedom in a country. Human freedom is a combination of two distinct

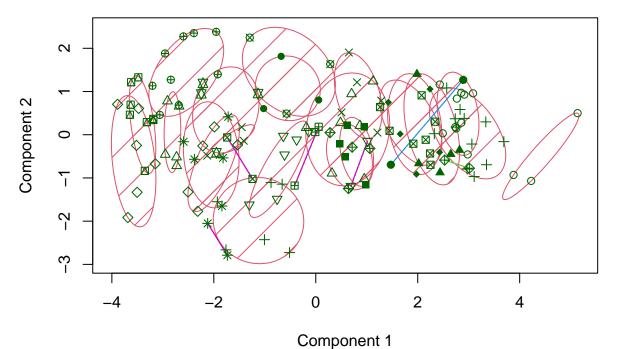
dimensions - personal freedom (freedom of religion, speech, sexual orientation, etc.) and economic freedom (size of government, judicial impartiality, freedom to trade, etc.) (Source: World Population Review) - political_stability: a value approximately between -2.5 and 2.5 that evaluates political stability and absence of violence/terrorism of each country in 2021. (Source: The World Bank Data Collections (and Governance Indicators)) - happiness: World Happiness Report score (2021); a value between 0 and 10 that represents happiness of a country's citizens based on several socioeconomic factors. (Source: World Happiness Report) - total_vax_per_hundred: latest updated total number of COVID-19 vaccinations administered per 100 people before 2022. - total_cases_per_mil: latest updated total number of COVID-19 cases per 1,000,000 people before 2022. - total_deaths_per_mil: latest updated total number of COVID-19 cases per 1,000,000 people before 2022.

The last three indicators were sourced from Our World in Data's COVID-19 Github repository.

K-means clustering, 3(a)

```
library(cluster)
clusplot(collected_clean, kfit$cluster, color = TRUE, shade = TRUE, labels = 0, lines = 0)
```

CLUSPLOT(collected_clean)



These two components explain 69.99 % of the point variability.

rem correlation matrix, 3(b)

```
clustered_correlation_plotted <- ggplot(data = clustered_melted) +
  geom_tile(mapping = aes(x = Var1, y = Var2, fill = value)) +
  scale_fill_gradient2(low = "#6b74ff", mid = "white", high = "#e46c6c", midpoint = 0) +
  labs(title = "Correlation between predictors for countries similar to Croatia",
        x = "", y = "", fill = "correlation") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))</pre>
```

```
clus model, 3(b)

fitted_clus1 <- lm(c19ProSo01 ~ .,
    data = subset(clustered, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo02, c19ProSo03, c19ProSo04)))

fitted_clus2 <- lm(c19ProSo02 ~ .,
    data = subset(clustered, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo01, c19ProSo03, c19ProSo04)))

fitted_clus3 <- lm(c19ProSo03 ~ .,
    data = subset(clustered, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo01, c19ProSo02, c19ProSo04)))

fitted_clus4 <- lm(c19ProSo04 ~ .,
    data = subset(clustered, select = -c(coded_country, c19ProSo01, c19ProSo02, c19ProSo03)))

cat("Summary of models for predicting pro-social attitudes in countries similar to the Croatia\n\n")

j <- 1

for (model in list(fitted_clus1, fitted_clus2, fitted_clus3, fitted_clus4)) {
    cat("C19ProSo0", j, "\n", sep = "")</pre>
```

clus models, updated model_eval function with p-value less than 0.05, 3(b)

cat("99.9% confidence interval significant predictors:\n")

res <- model_evaluated(model)
cat("R-squared:", res[[1]], "\n")</pre>

cat(res[[3]], "\n")

cat(res[[4]], "\n")

cat("\n")
j <- j + 1

}

cat("Adjusted R-squared:", res[[2]], "\n")

cat("Coefficients of predictors:\n")

```
# model_eval_2 <- function(model) {</pre>
  rsqr <- summary(model)$r.squared
  a_rsqr <- summary(model)$adj.r.squared</pre>
   sig <- which(summary(model)$coefficients[-1, 4] < 0.05) + 1
  preds <- rownames(summary(model)$coefficients[sig, , drop = FALSE])</pre>
   coefs <- summary(model)$coefficients[sig, 1]</pre>
#
   return(list(rsqr, a_rsqr, preds, coefs))
#
# }
# cat("Summary of models for predicting pro-social attitudes in countries similar to the US \setminus n \setminus n")
# counter <- 1
# for (model in list(fitted_clus1, fitted_clus2, fitted_clus3, fitted_clus4)) {
   cat("C19ProSoO", counter, "\n", sep = "")
#
   res <- model_eval_2(model)
#
   cat("R-squared value:", res[[1]], "\n")
#
   cat("Adjusted R-squared value:", res[[2]], "\n")
#
   cat("99.99\% \ confidence \ interval \ significant \ predictors: \n")
#
   cat(res[[3]], "\n")
#
   cat("Coefficients of predictors: \n")
   cat(res[[4]], "\n")
#
   cat("\n")
#
#
   for (pred in res[[3]]) {
#
      each_model <- c(each_model, pasteO("Similar C19ProSo0", counter))</pre>
#
  predictors <- c(predictors, res[[3]])</pre>
```

```
# counter <- counter + 1
# }</pre>
```

${\tt croatia}, {\tt rem} \ {\tt and} \ {\tt clus} \ {\tt models} \ {\tt strongest} \ {\tt predictors}, \ 3(b)$

```
# summ_table_2 <- table(predictors = predictors, models = each_model)</pre>
\# \ summ\_table\_2 <- \ summ\_table\_2[, \ c("Croatia\_C19ProSo01", \ "Croatia\_C19ProSo02", \ "Croatia\_C19ProSo03", \ "Croatia\_C1
              "Croatia_C19ProSo04", "RoW_C19ProSo01", "RoW_C19ProSo02", "RoW_C19ProSo03", "RoW_C19ProSo04",
              "Similar C19ProSo01", "Similar C19ProSo02", "Similar C19ProSo03", "Similar C19ProSo04")]
#
\# summ_table_vis_2 <- ggplot(data = as.data.frame(summ_table_2)) +
         geom\_tile(mapping = aes(x = models, y = predictors, fill = Freq, colour = "black")) +
# scale_fill_gradientn(colours = c("pink", "green")) +
# theme(legend.position = "none") +
# scale_x_discrete(position = "top") +
# scale_y_discrete(limits = rev) +
        labs(x = "Pro-social attitudes", y = "Predictors",
#
#
                    title = "Table of significant predictors for each pro-social attitude") +
# theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```