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Chapter 1

Package logic.proof.builder.proof

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1.1 Classes

1.1.1 Class Proof

Stores all data necessary to construct a proof. Simple Methods are provided to manipulate the proof such as adding or deleting lines.

DECLARATION

```
public class Proof extends java.lang.Object
```

FIELDS

- public List predicates
 - A list of all the named predicates in the proof. Used to populate the predicate list.

Constructors

- Proof
 public Proof()
 - Usage
 - * Default constructor. Constructs an empty proof

METHODS

- addStepAsEndOfSubproof

 public ProofStep addStepAsEndOfSubproof(
 logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode node, java.lang.String formula)
 - Usage
 - * Adds a new proofstep that is the last line of a subproof
 - Parameters
 - * node Root node of the sentence of the proofstep
 - * formula String representation of the sentence
 - Returns Returns the proofstep that has been added
- addStepAsNewLine
 public ProofStep addStepAsNewLine(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
 node, java.lang.String formula)
 - Usage
 - * The default method to add a new proofstep to the proof

- * node Root node of the sentence of the proofstep
- * formula String representation of the sentence
- Returns Returns the proofstep that has been added
- \bullet addStepAsStartOfSubproof

```
public ProofStep addStepAsStartOfSubproof(
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode node, java.lang.String formula )
```

- Usage
 - * Adds a new proofstep that is the start of a subproof
- Parameters
 - * node Root node of the sentence of the proofstep
 - * formula String representation of the sentence
- Returns Returns the proofstep that has been added
- addVar

```
public ProofStep addVar( java.lang.String var )
```

- Usage
 - * Add a new proofstep which introduces a boxed variable
- Parameters
 - * var The name of the variable being introduced
- Returns Returns the proofstep that has been added
- addVar

```
public ProofStep addVar( java.lang.String introducedVariable,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode rootNode, java.lang.String formula
)
```

- Usage
 - * Add a new proofstep which introduces a boxed variable alongside an assumption
- Parameters
 - * introducedVariable The name of the variable being introduced
 - * node Root node of the sentence
 - * formula String representation of the sentence
- **Returns** Returns the proofstep that has been added
- \bullet getCurrentLevel

```
public int getCurrentLevel( )
```

- Usage
 - * Returns the number of subproofs currently open
- **Returns** the number of subproofs currently open
- $\bullet \ \ getLines$

```
public ArrayList getLines( )
```

- Usage
 - * Returns the ordered list of proofsteps
- Dotumns the endered list of presenting

```
• removeStep
public void removeStep()
```

- Usage
 - * Removes the most recent line from the proof

1.1.2 Class ProofStep

DECLARATION

```
public class ProofStep extends java.lang.Object
```

FIELDS

- public ProofStep parent
- public List subproofs
- public ProofStep next
- public SimpleNode node
- $\bullet\,$ public Integer line Number
- public int level
- $\bullet\,$ public String formula
- public String justification
- public boolean endOfSubproof
- $\bullet\,$ public Hash Map free Variables
- public String introducedVariable

1.1.3 Class RulesOfInference

Contains methods for the rules of inference of first-order logic

DECLARATION

public final class RulesOfInference **extends** java.lang.Object

Constructors

• RulesOfInference
public RulesOfInference()

Methods

- andElimination1
 public static SimpleNode andElimination1(
 logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode premise)
 - Parameters
 - * premise The root node of a conjunctive sentence of FOL
 - Returns leftChild The left child node of the given conjunction
 - Exceptions
 - * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule
- \bullet and Elimination 1

public static void andElimination1(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
premise, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- Parameters
 - * premise The root node of a conjunction
 - * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified
- Exceptions
 - * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments
 - * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule
- and Elimination 2

```
public static SimpleNode andElimination2(
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode premise )
```

- Parameters
 - * premise The root node of a conjunction

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException - If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

• andElimination2

public static void andElimination2(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
premise, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- Parameters

- * premise The root node of a conjunction
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified

- Exceptions

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

• andIntroduction

```
public static SimpleNode andIntroduction(
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode p,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode q)
```

- Parameters

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * q The root node of a sentence of FOL
- Returns conjunction The root node of a conjunction of the given parameters

\bullet and Introduction

```
public static void andIntroduction( logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
p, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode q,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion )
```

- Parameters

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * q The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified

- Exceptions

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException - If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

ullet bottomElimination

 $\label{eq:public_static_void} bottomElimination (\ logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode \\ p, \ logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode \\ \ conclusion)$

- Parameters

- * premise Bottom only
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified

- Exceptions

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException - If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

ullet compare Equals Elim

```
public static boolean compareEqualsElim(
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode a,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode b,
logic.proof.builder.parser.Variable subVariable, java.lang.String
newName )
```

copy

```
public static boolean copy( logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode p, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)
```

- Parameters

- * premise The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified

- Exceptions

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException - If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

$\bullet \ \ double Negation Elimination$

```
public static SimpleNode doubleNegationElimination(
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode p )
```

- Parameters

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL starting with two negations
- Returns The premise without the first two negations
- Exceptions
 - * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

$\bullet \ double Negation Elimination$

```
public static void doubleNegationElimination(
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode p,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion )
```

- Parameters

- * premise The root node of a sentence of FOL starting with two negations
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified

- Exceptions

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

$\bullet \ double Negation Introduction$

```
\label{eq:public_static_simpleNode} \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{public static SimpleNode doubleNegationIntroduction(} \\ \textbf{logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode} & \mathbf{p} \end{array})
```

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL
- **Returns** the premise with two negations appended to the start

$\bullet \ \ double Negation Introduction$

```
public static void doubleNegationIntroduction(
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode p,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion )
```

- Parameters

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified, should start with double negation

- Exceptions

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException - If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

\bullet equals Elimination

```
public static void equalsElimination( logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
equals, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode statement,
logic.proof.builder.parser.Variable variable,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion )
```

- Parameters

- * equals A sentence of the form t1 = t2
- * statement A sentence of FOL, should contain t1
- * variable The free variable t1
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified

- Exceptions

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

$\bullet \ \ equals Introduction$

public static void equalsIntroduction(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
conclusion)

- Parameters

* conclusion - The root node of the sentence being justified, must have the form t = t

- Exceptions

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException - If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

• existsElimination

public static void existsElimination(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
p, java.util.ArrayList subproof, java.lang.String variableName,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL, should be existentially quantified
- * subproof a Subproof starting with a sentence in which the existentially quantified variable of the premise is named and ends in any sentence of FOL
- * variableName The name of the variable that is introduced

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

\bullet existsIntroduction

public static void existsIntroduction(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
p, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- Parameters

- * premise The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified, should begin with an existential quantifer

- Exceptions

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException - If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

ullet for All Elimination

public static void forAllElimination(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
forAll, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- Parameters

- * forAll The root node of universally quantified sentence of FOL
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified, should be the unquantified version of the premise

- Exceptions

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

$\bullet \ \ for All Introduction$

public static void forAllIntroduction(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
p, logic.proof.builder.parser.Variable variable,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- Parameters

- * p The final line of the subproof, should contain the introduced variable
- * variable The introduced variable
- * conclusion The universally quantified version of the premise

- Exceptions

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException - If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

\bullet impliesIntroduction

public static SimpleNode impliesIntroduction(java.util.List subproof)

- * subproof Any subproof
- Returns an implication where the LHS is the first line of the given subproof and the

\bullet implies Introduction

public static void impliesIntroduction(java.util.List subproof, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- Parameters

- * premise The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified

- Exceptions

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException - If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

• modusPonens

```
public static SimpleNode modusPonens(
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode p,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode implication )
```

- Parameters

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * implication The root node of a material implication sentence. The LHS should be the previous argument.
- **Returns** the RHS of the implication
- Exceptions
 - * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

$\bullet \ \ modus Ponens$

```
public static void modusPonens( logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode  p,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode  implication,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode  conclusion )
```

- Parameters

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * implication The root node of a material implication sentence. The LHS should be the previous argument.
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified

- Exceptions

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

• negationElimination

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} public static SimpleNode & negationElimination ( \\ logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode & p, \\ logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode & notP ) \end{tabular}
```

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * notP The negation of the previous argument

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException - If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

\bullet negationElimination

```
public static void negationElimination(
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode p,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode notP,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion )
```

- Parameters

- * p The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * notP The negation of the previous argument
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified, should only be bottom

- Exceptions

- \ast logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

• negationIntroduction

public static SimpleNode negationIntroduction(java.util.List subproof)

- Parameters

- * subproof A list of proofsteps ending with bottom
- **Returns** the negation of the first line of the subproof
- Exceptions
 - * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

• negationIntroduction

```
public static void negationIntroduction( java.util.List subproof,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion )
```

- Parameters

- * premise The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified, should start with a negation

- Exceptions

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments

• orElimination

```
public static SimpleNode orElimination( java.util.List subproof1,
java.util.List subproof2, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
disjunction )
```

- * subproof2 A subproof starting with the RHS of the disjunction and ending with the same sentence as the previous subproof
- * disjunction The root node of a disjunction of sentences
- Returns chi The root node of the sentence that both subprrofs end with

* logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException - If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

• orElimination

public static void orElimination(java.util.List subproof1, java.util.List
subproof2, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode disjunction,
logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- Parameters

- * subproof1 A list of
- * subproof2 The root node of the sentence being justified
- * disjunction The root node of a disjunction of sentences
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified

- Exceptions

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

• orIntroduction1

public static void orIntroduction1(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
premise, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- Parameters

- * premise The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified, must be a disjunctive sentence

- Exceptions

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of the correct form for this rule

\bullet or Introduction 2

public static void orIntroduction2(logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode
premise, logic.proof.builder.parser.SimpleNode conclusion)

- Parameters

- * premise The root node of a sentence of FOL
- * conclusion The root node of the sentence being justified, must be a disjunctive sentence

- Exceptions

- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.ConclusionException If conclusion does not follow from using rule on given arguments
- * logic.proof.builder.exceptions.PremiseException If premises are not of