# Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

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# **OVERVIEW**

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

## **Directions**

- 1. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 2. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 3. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 4. When you have completed the assignment, Knit the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 5. After Knitting, submit the completed exercise (PDF file) to the dropbox in Sakai. Add your last name into the file name (e.g., "Fay\_A04\_DataWrangling.Rmd") prior to submission.

The completed exercise is due on Monday, Feb 7 @ 7:00pm.

# Set up your session

- 1. Check your working directory, load the tidyverse and lubridate packages, and upload all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).
- 2. Explore the dimensions, column names, and structure of the datasets.

```
# load packages
getwd()
```

## [1] "/Users/reinohyyppa/Desktop/Duke MEM/Spring 22 /ENV872/Environmental\_Data\_Analytics\_2022/Assignm

```
library(plyr)
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)

#1 upload data

EPA_ozone_2018 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2018_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPA_ozone_2019 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPA_PM25_2018 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPA_PM25_2019 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
#2 explore datasets</pre>
```

```
# EPA 2018 ozone data
colnames (EPA_ozone_2018)
   [1] "Date"
##
##
   [2] "Source"
   [3] "Site.ID"
   [4] "POC"
##
## [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
## [6] "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPA_ozone_2018)
                   9737 obs. of 20 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Date
                                         : Factor w/ 364 levels "01/01/2018", "01/02/2018", ...: 60 61 62
## $ Source
                                          : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                          : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700
## $ Site.ID
## $ POC
                                         : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.043 0.046 0.047 0.049 0.047 0.03 0.036 0.044 0.049 0
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ UNITS
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                         : int 40 43 44 45 44 28 33 41 45 40 ...
                                         : Factor w/ 40 levels "", "Beaufort", ...: 35 35 35 35 35 35 35
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                         : int 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                         : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
                                         : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                         : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 :
                                         : Factor w/ 17 levels "", "Asheville, NC", ...: 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                         : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE_CODE
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ STATE
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                         : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                         : Factor w/ 32 levels "Alexander", "Avery", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                         : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...
```

## [1] 9737

dim(EPA\_ozone\_2018)

## \$ SITE\_LONGITUDE

: num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...

```
# EPA 2019 ozone data
colnames (EPA ozone 2019)
   [1] "Date"
##
##
   [2] "Source"
## [3] "Site.ID"
## [4] "POC"
## [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
## [6] "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPA_ozone_2019)
                   10592 obs. of 20 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Date
                                          : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019", "01/02/2019", ...: 1 2 3 4
                                          : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Source
## $ Site.ID
                                          : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700
                                          : int 111111111...
## $ POC
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.029 0.018 0.016 0.022 0.037 0.037 0.029 0.038 0.038
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ UNITS
                                         : int \  \, 27\ 17\ 15\ 20\ 34\ 34\ 27\ 35\ 35\ 28\ \dots
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
## $ Site.Name
                                         : Factor w/ 38 levels "", "Beaufort", ...: 33 33 33 33 33 33 33
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                         : int 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 ...
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                                         : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
                                         : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                         : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 2
## $ CBSA_CODE
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                         : Factor w/ 15 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
## $ STATE CODE
                                         : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ STATE
                                         : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
## $ COUNTY
                                         : Factor w/ 30 levels "Alexander", "Avery", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
##
   $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                         : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...
                                          : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...
   $ SITE_LONGITUDE
dim(EPA_ozone_2019)
```

**##** [1] 10592 20

```
# EPA 2018 PM25 data
colnames (EPA_PM25_2018)
  [1] "Date"
                                        "Source"
##
                                        "POC"
##
   [3] "Site.ID"
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                        "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                        "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
                                        "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                        "CBSA NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                        "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
                                        "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                        "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPA_PM25_2018)
                   8983 obs. of 20 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Date
                                   : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2018", "01/02/2018", ...: 2 5 8 11 14 17
                                   : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Source
## $ Site.ID
                                   : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
## $ POC
                                   : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 2.9 3.7 5.3 0.8 2.5 4.5 1.8 2.5 4.2 1.7 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
## $ Cita
                                  : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                  : int 12 15 22 3 10 19 8 10 18 7 ...
                                  : Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Blackstone", ..: 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                  : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                   : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                  : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                  : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",..: 1
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                  : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                   : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ STATE_CODE
                                  : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE
                                  : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                  : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
                                  : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                  : num 36 36 36 36 36 ...
  $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                  : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
dim(EPA_PM25_2018)
## [1] 8983
             20
# EPA 2019 PM25 data
colnames (EPA_PM25_2019)
##
   [1] "Date"
                                        "Source"
## [3] "Site.ID"
                                        "POC"
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                        "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                        "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
```

"AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC"

## [11] "AQS\_PARAMETER\_CODE"

```
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                        "CBSA NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                        "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY CODE"
                                        "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                        "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPA_PM25_2019)
                   8581 obs. of 20 variables:
## 'data.frame':
                                   : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019","01/02/2019",...: 3 6 9 12 15 18
##
   $ Date
## $ Source
                                    : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Site.ID
                                   : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
## $ POC
                                   : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 1.6 1 1.3 6.3 2.6 1.2 1.5 1.5 3.7 1.6 ...
## $ UNITS
                                   : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                   : int 7 4 5 26 11 5 6 6 15 7 ...
                                   : Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Board Of Ed. Bldg.",..: 14 14 14 14 14 14
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                   : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                   : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
                                   : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                   : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",..: 1
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                   : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                   : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ STATE_CODE
                                   : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
   $ STATE
                                   : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
                                   : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                   : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                   : num
                                          36 36 36 36 ...
                                   : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
dim(EPA_PM25_2019)
```

### ## [1] 8581 20

## Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

- 3. Change date to a date object
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY\_AQI\_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC, COUNTY, SITE\_LATITUDE, SITE\_LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
#3

# change Date to a date object

EPA_ozone_2018$Date <- as.Date(EPA_ozone_2018$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

EPA_ozone_2019$Date <- as.Date(EPA_ozone_2019$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

EPA_PM25_2018$Date <- as.Date(EPA_PM25_2018$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

EPA_PM25_2019$Date <- as.Date(EPA_PM25_2019$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
```

```
#4
# select columns
EPA_ozone_2018_select <- EPA_ozone_2018 %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE,
         SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPA_ozone_2019_select <- EPA_ozone_2019 %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE,
         SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPA_PM25_2018_select <- EPA_PM25_2018 %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE,
         SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPA_PM25_2019_select <- EPA_PM25_2019 %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE,
         SITE_LONGITUDE)
#5
# fill in AQS PARAMETER DESC with "PM2.5"
EPA_PM25_2018_select$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC = "PM2.5"
EPA_PM25_2019_select$AQS_PARAMETER_DESC = "PM2.5"
#6
# save process files in processed folder
write.csv(EPA_ozone_2018_select, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2018_processed.csv")
write.csv(EPA_ozone_2019_select, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2019_processed.csv")
write.csv(EPA_PM25_2018_select, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="../Data/Processed/EPAair PM25 NC2018 processed.csv.csv")
write.csv(EPA_PM25_2019_select, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="../Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_processed.csv.csv")
```

# Combine datasets

- 7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.
- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Filter records to include just the sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School". (The intersect function can figure out common factor levels if we didn't give you this list...)

- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily means: group by date, site, aqs parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be  $14,752 \times 9$ .
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.
- 11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair\_O3\_PM25\_NC2122\_Processed.csv"

```
#combine datasets
EPA Data Total <- rbind(EPA ozone 2018 select, EPA ozone 2019 select, EPA PM25 2018 select, EPA PM25 20
# 8
# wrangle new dataset
EPA_Data_Combined <- EPA_Data_Total %>% filter(Site.Name %in% c("Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leg
  group_by(Date, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY) %>%
  summarise(AQI_Mean = mean(DAILY_AQI_VALUE),
           Lat_Mean = mean(SITE_LATITUDE),
           Lon_Mean = mean(SITE_LONGITUDE), .groups = "drop") %>%
  mutate(Month = month(Date),
         Year = year(Date))
#9
# spread data into separate columns
EPA_Data_spread <- pivot_wider(EPA_Data_Combined, names_from = AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, values_from = AQI_Me
#10
# calculate dimensions of new dataset.
dim(EPA_Data_spread)
## [1] 8976
               9
#11
# save new dataset in processed folder
write.csv(EPA_Data_spread, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_PM25_NC2122_Processed.csv")
```

# Generate summary tables

12a. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame from your results from Step 9 above. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group.

12b. BONUS: Add a piped statement to 12a that removes rows where both mean ozone and mean PM2.5 have missing values.

13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Site.Name', 'Month'. You can override using the '.groups' argum

```
# remove NAs

EPA_Air_Omit_NA <- EPA_Air_Combined_Processed %>%
    drop_na(Mean_AQI_Ozone, Mean_AQI_PM2.5)

#13

# dimension of summary dataset

dim(EPA_Air_Combined_Processed)
```

## [1] 308 5

14. Why did we use the function drop\_na rather than na.omit?

Answer: na.omit() operates on your full dataset. We only want to remove rows where NAs exist in either the mean AQI Ozone and mean AQI PM2.5 columns, which is why we would use drop\_na().