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100 Feet Ring Road, BSK III Stage, Bengaluru-560 085
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Session: Aug – Dec, 2021
SEMESTER – 5

Database Management System(UE19CS301)

Assignment - 3

Team Details

Team Number-5

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Problem Statement

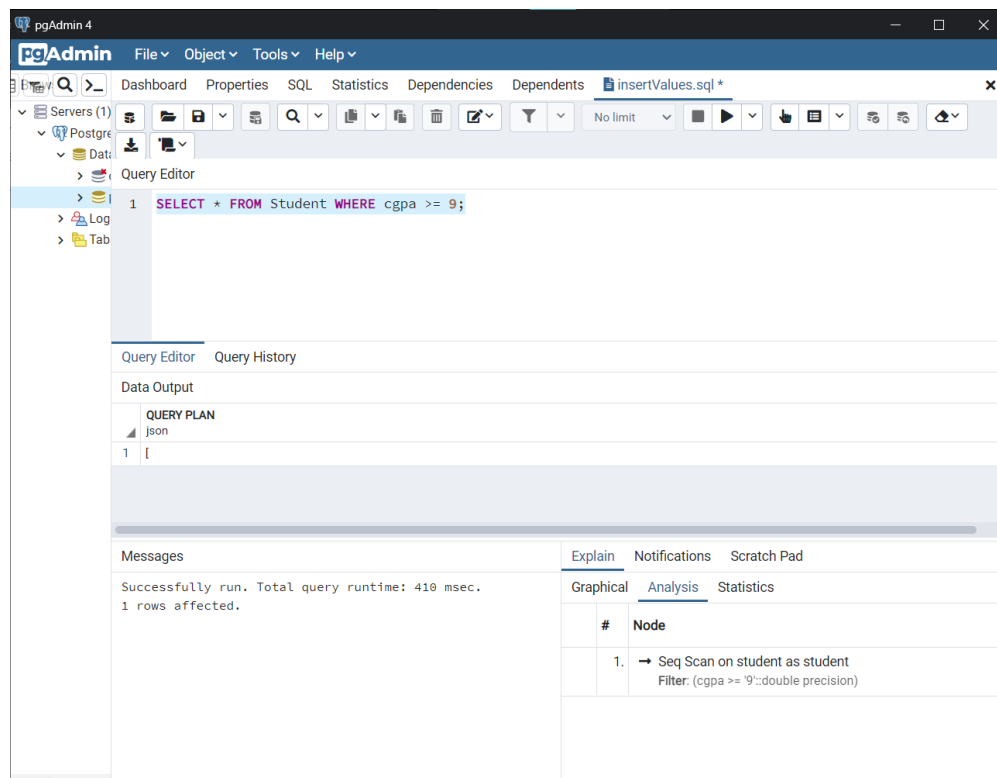
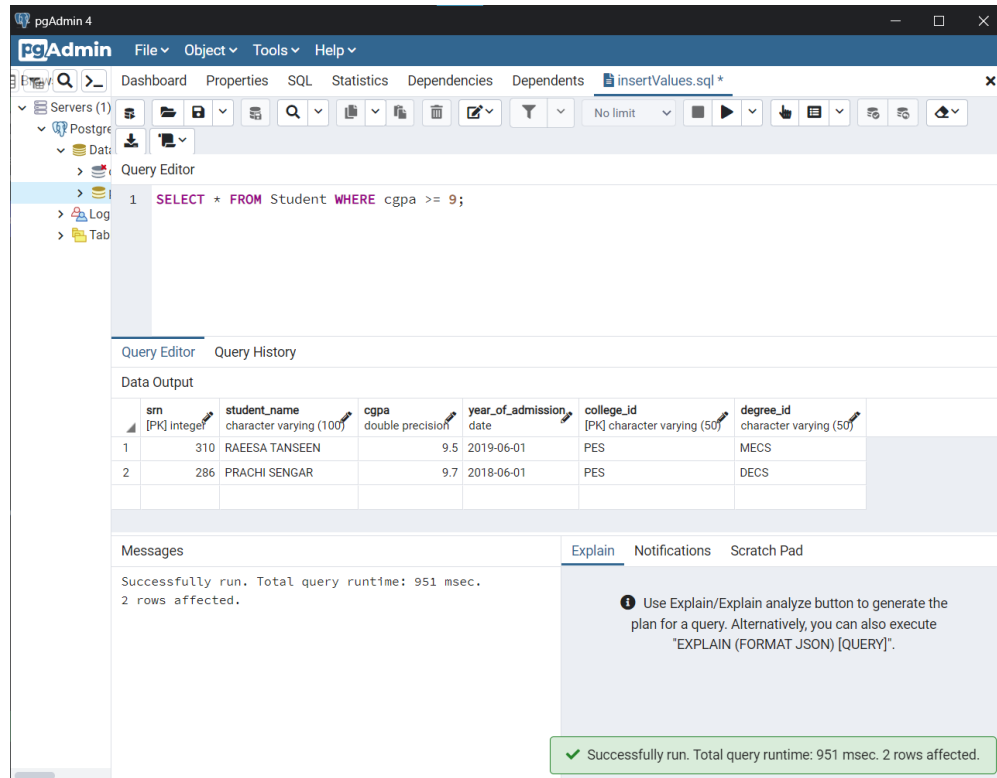
Our aim is to use a database management software and build a relational database for efficiently organizing, storing, managing, and using the data kept by a placement cell with details about students, colleges, and companies in order to make the placement process hassle-free.

Queries

Simple, Complex, Nested Queries And Concurrency Control

Simple Queries:

1. Display all the details of students who have a CGPA greater than or equal to 9.



2. Select the names of all the faculty members in the CSE department.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The Query Editor contains the SQL query: `SELECT faculty_name FROM Faculty WHERE Dept_id='CSE';`. The Data Output tab displays the results of the query, showing three rows of faculty names: Vandana M, Anand BV, and Jeet P. The Messages tab shows a successful execution with a total query runtime of 266 msec and 3 rows affected. A green status bar at the bottom confirms the successful execution.

faculty_name
Vandana M
Anand BV
Jeet P

Messages

Successfully run. Total query runtime: 266 msec.
3 rows affected.

Use Explain/Explain analyze button to generate the plan for a query. Alternatively, you can also execute "EXPLAIN (FORMAT JSON) [QUERY]".

Successfully run. Total query runtime: 266 msec. 3 rows affected.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same SQL query. The Data Output tab is set to 'QUERY PLAN' and displays the execution plan in JSON format. The Messages tab shows a successful execution with a total query runtime of 203 msec and 1 row affected. A green status bar at the bottom confirms the successful execution.

QUERY PLAN

json

1 |

Messages

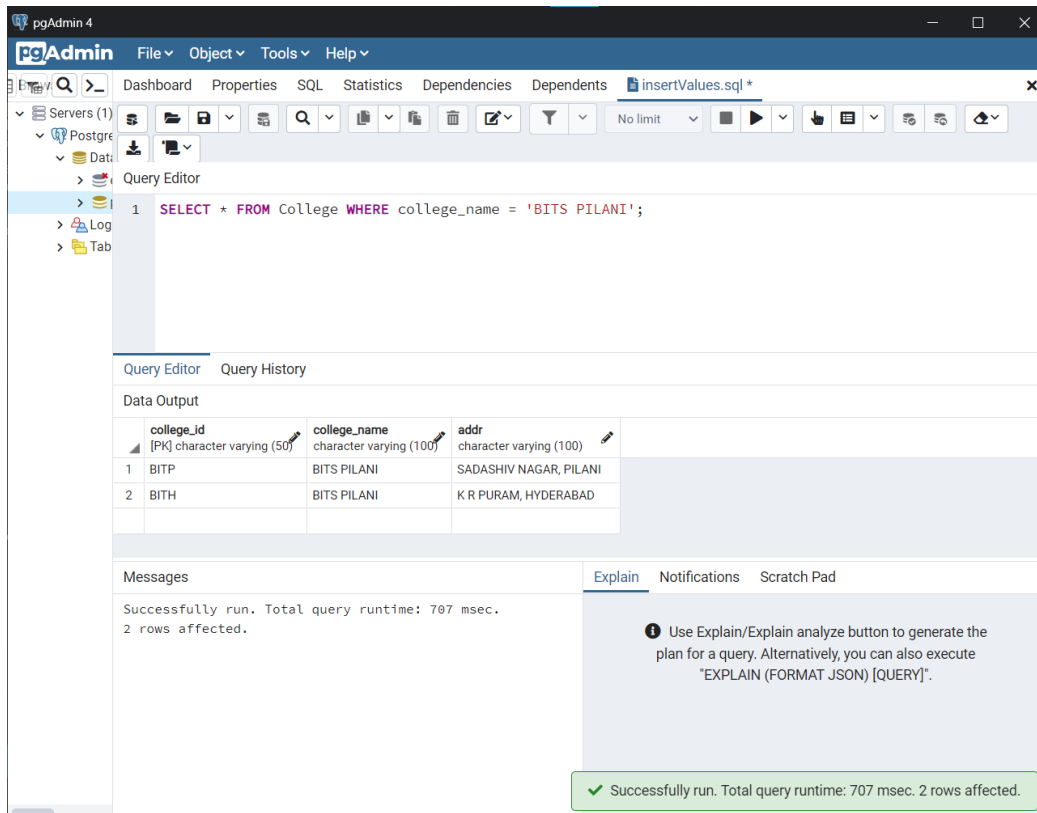
Successfully run. Total query runtime: 203 msec.
1 rows affected.

Graphical Analysis Statistics

#	Node
1.	Seq Scan on faculty as faculty Filter: ((dept_id)::text = 'CSE'::text)

Successfully run. Total query runtime: 203 msec. 1 rows affected.

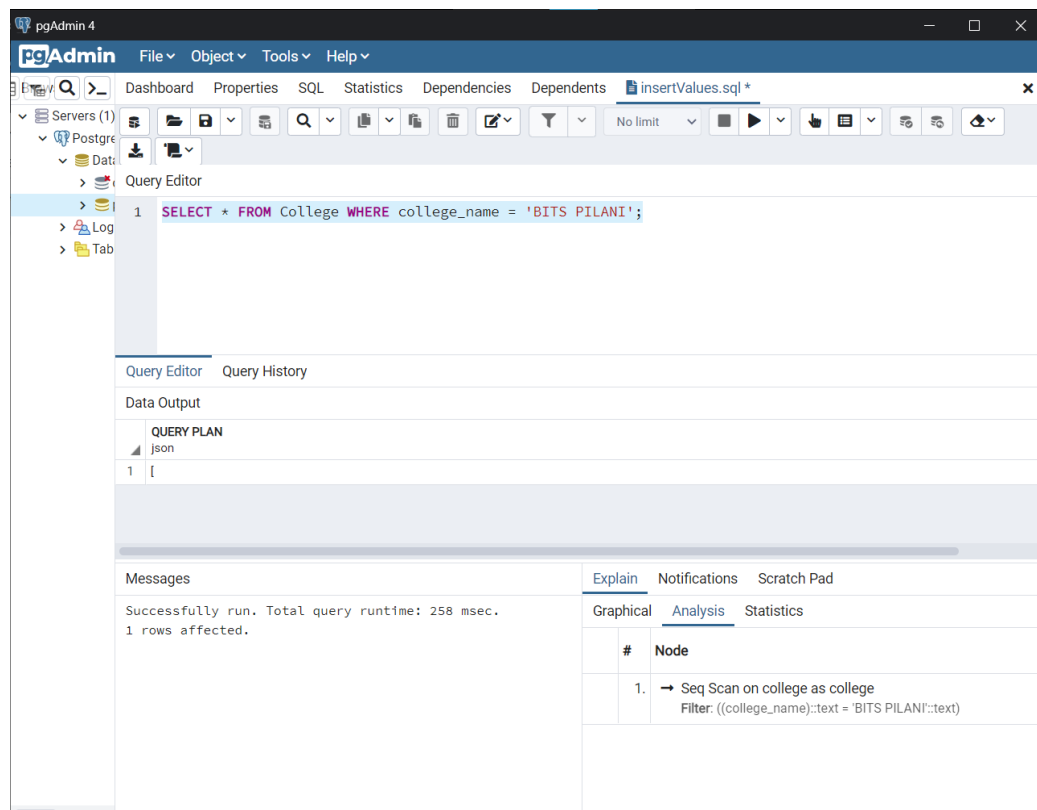
3. Select all details of colleges with the college name as 'BITS PILANI'.



The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the query editor displaying the SQL statement: `SELECT * FROM College WHERE college_name = 'BITS PILANI';`. The query has been executed successfully, resulting in 2 rows affected. The Data Output tab shows the following results:

college_id	college_name	addr
1	BITP	SADASHIV NAGAR, PILANI
2	BITH	K R PURAM, HYDERABAD

The Messages tab shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 707 msec. 2 rows affected."



The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same query: `SELECT * FROM College WHERE college_name = 'BITS PILANI';`. The query has been executed successfully, resulting in 1 row affected. The Data Output tab shows the query plan:

#	Node
1.	Seq Scan on college as college Filter: ((college_name)::text = 'BITS PILANI':text)

The Messages tab shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 258 msec. 1 rows affected."

4. Display the degree names and specializations available in the ECE department.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The Query Editor contains the following SQL query:

```
1 SELECT degree_name,specialization FROM Degree WHERE dept_id = 'ECE';
```

The Data Output tab displays the results of the query in a table:

degree_name	specialization
BACHELORS	IMAGE PROCESSING
MASTERS	SIGNAL PROCESSING
DOCTORATE	VLSI

The Messages pane shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 218 msec. 3 rows affected."

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same SQL query. The Query Plan tab is selected, showing the query plan in JSON format:

```
1 [
```

The Messages pane shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 213 msec. 1 rows affected."

The Explain pane is open, showing the query plan details:

#	Node
1.	→ Seq Scan on degree as degree Filter: ((dept_id)::text = 'ECE':text)

5. Display details about internships offered to students in college with college id PES.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The Query Editor contains the following SQL query:

```
1 SELECT * FROM Internship WHERE college_id = 'PES';
```

The Data Output tab displays the results of the query in a table format:

sm	faculty_id	company_id	college_id	project_id
[PK] integer	character varying (50)	character varying (50)	[PK] character varying (50)	[PK] integer
1	326	PESCS115	A1	PES
2	286	PESCS115	B3	PES
3	310	PESCS115	B3	PES

The Messages pane shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 248 msec. 3 rows affected."

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same SQL query. The Query Editor contains:

```
1 SELECT * FROM Internship WHERE college_id = 'PES';
```

The Data Output tab displays the query plan:

```
1 | QUERY PLAN | json |  
1 | |
```

The Messages pane shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 222 msec. 1 rows affected."

The Explain pane shows the query plan details:

#	Node
1.	→ Seq Scan on internship as internship Filter: ((college_id)::text = 'PES'::text)

A green status bar at the bottom indicates: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 222 msec. 1 rows affected."

6. Display all the internships given, sorted according to project ID.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The left sidebar displays the database structure: Servers (3) > PostgreSQL 14 > Databases (2) > company > postgres. The main pane shows the Query Editor with the following SQL query:

```
1 select * from internship ORDER BY project_id;
```

Below the query editor, the 'Data Output' tab is active, displaying the results of the query in a table format:

sm	faculty_id	company_id	college_id	project_id
354	XIEME111	D7	XIE	1001
109	MITEC123	C6	MIT	1002
286	PESCS115	B3	PES	1003
286	MITME023	A2	MIT	1004
310	PESCS115	B3	PES	1005
354	XIEME111	D8	XIE	1006
145	BITHCS105	C6	BITH	1007
326	PESCS115	A1	PES	1008

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same SQL query as above. The 'Data Output' tab is active, displaying the query plan for the query:

```
1 select * from internship ORDER BY project_id;
```

The query plan is shown in a table format:

#	Node
1.	→ Sort
2.	→ Seq Scan on internship as internship

At the bottom right, a green status bar indicates: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 56 msec. 1 rows affected."

Complex Queries:

7. Display all the details of students who have internships.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the following components:

- Query Editor:** Contains the SQL query:

```
1 select *
2 from student
3 where student.SRN in (
4     select internship.SRN
5     from internship);
```
- Data Output:** A table with 7 columns: `srn` (integer), `student_name` (character varying), `cgpa` (double precision), `year_of_admission` (date), `college_id` (character varying), and `degree_id` (character varying). It displays 4 rows of data:

srn	student_name	cgpa	year_of_admission	college_id	degree_id
286	BHUMI PADREKAR	7.6	2019-05-01	MIT	UEME
286	PRACHI SENGAR	9.7	2018-06-01	PES	DECS
310	RAEESA TANSEEN	9.5	2019-06-01	PES	MECS
109	RAJ MALHOTRA	8.7	2018-08-01	MIT	UEEC
- Messages:** Displays the message: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 70 msec. 7 rows affected."
- Buttons:** Includes "Explain", "Notifications", and "Scratch Pad".

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the following components:

- Query Editor:** Contains the same SQL query as the first screenshot.
- Query Plan:** Displays the query plan in JSON format. The plan shows a Hash Inner Join between the `student` and `internship` tables.
- Messages:** Displays the message: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 62 msec. 1 rows affected."
- Buttons:** Includes "Explain", "Notifications", and "Scratch Pad".
- Query Plan Details:** A table showing the execution plan steps:

#	Node
1.	→ Hash Inner Join Hash Cond: (internship.srn = student.srn)
2.	→ Aggregate
3.	→ Seq Scan on internship as internship
4.	→ Hash
5.	→ Seq Scan on student as student

8. Display names of companies which have not provided any internship or placement.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the SQL query editor. The query is: `select company_name from company where company_id not in (select company_id from placement union select company_id from internship);`. The query has been executed successfully, and the results are displayed in the Data Output pane. The results show two rows: IGATE and MICROSOFT. The Messages pane shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 80 msec. 2 rows affected."

company_name
IGATE
MICROSOFT

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same SQL query. The query has been executed, and the results are displayed in the Data Output pane. The results show one row: IGATE. The Messages pane shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 64 msec. 1 rows affected." The Query Plan pane is also visible, showing the execution plan for the query.

#	Node
1.	Seq Scan on company as company Filter: (NOT (hashed SubPlan 1))
2.	Aggregate
3.	Append
4.	Seq Scan on placement as placement

9. Display names of companies who have offered placements to students with a CTC > 100000.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The Query Editor contains the following SQL query:

```
1 select company_name from company where company.company_id in
2 (select placement.company_id
3 from placement
4 join (select *
5 from placement
6 where (placement.CTC > 100000)
7 ) student on student.SRN = placement.SRN);
```

The Data Output tab shows the results of the query:

company_name
1 XORIANT
2 AMAZON
3 IGATE
4 MICROSOFT
5 MAQ SOFTWARE

The Messages tab shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 125 msec. 5 rows affected."

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same SQL query as above. The Query Editor tab is active, and the query is highlighted in blue.

The Data Output tab shows the results of the query:

company_name
1 XORIANT
2 AMAZON
3 IGATE
4 MICROSOFT
5 MAQ SOFTWARE

The Messages tab shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 54 msec. 1 rows affected."

The Explain tab is active, showing the query plan:

#	Node
1.	→ Hash Semi Join Hash Cond: ((company.company_id)::text = (placement.company_id)::text)
2.	→ Seq Scan on company as company
3.	→ Hash
4.	→ Hash Inner Join Hash Cond: (placement.srn = placement_1.srn)
5.	→ Seq Scan on placement as placement

10. Display names of faculty who are not incharge of any placements.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The Query Editor contains the following SQL query:

```
1 select faculty_name from faculty where faculty.faculty_id in (select faculty_id from faculty
2 except select faculty_id from placement);
3
4
5
6
```

The Data Output tab shows the results of the query:

faculty_name
1 Aishwarya S
2 Archana S
3 Sriram K
4 Satish HM
5 Vandana M

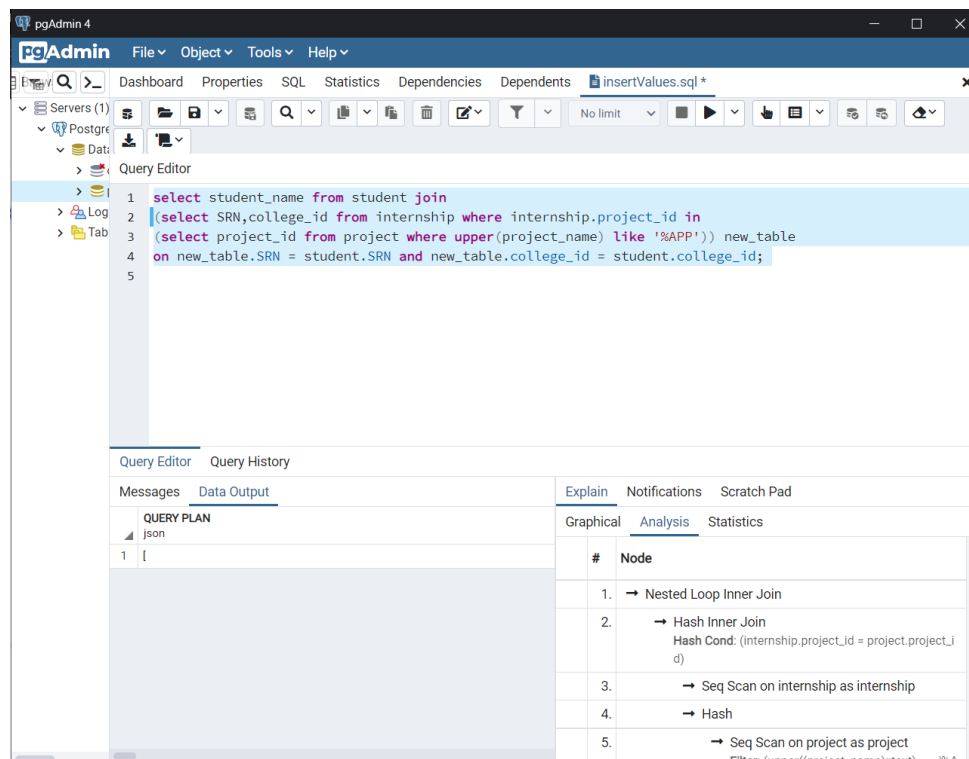
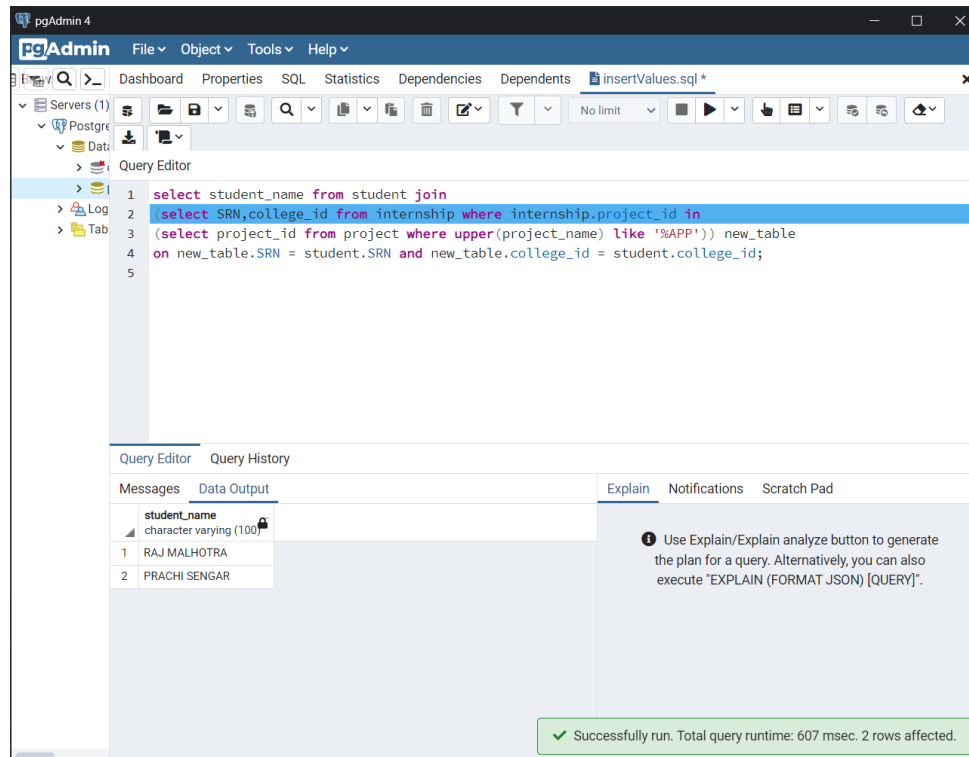
The Messages tab shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 106 msec. 5 rows affected."

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same SQL query in the Query Editor. The Data Output tab is set to "QUERY PLAN" and shows the following plan:

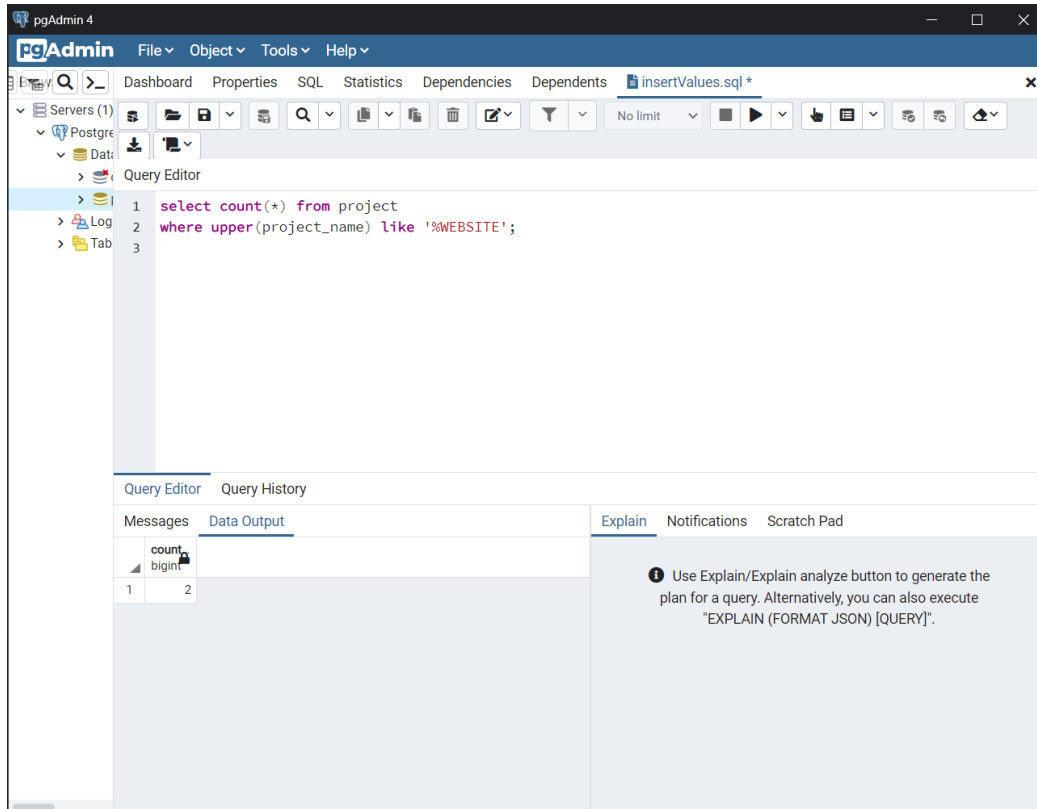
#	Node
1	→ Hash Inner Join Hash Cond: ((ANY_subquery.faculty_id)::text = (faculty.faculty_id)::text)
2	→ Subquery Scan
3	→ Hash Except
4	→ Append
5	→ Subquery Scan
6	→ Seq Scan on faculty as faculty_1
7	→ Subquery Scan

The Messages tab shows: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 55 msec. 1 rows affected."

11. Display names of the students who are working on an app as their project for their internship.



12. Display the number of students who are working on an internship project which involves making a website.



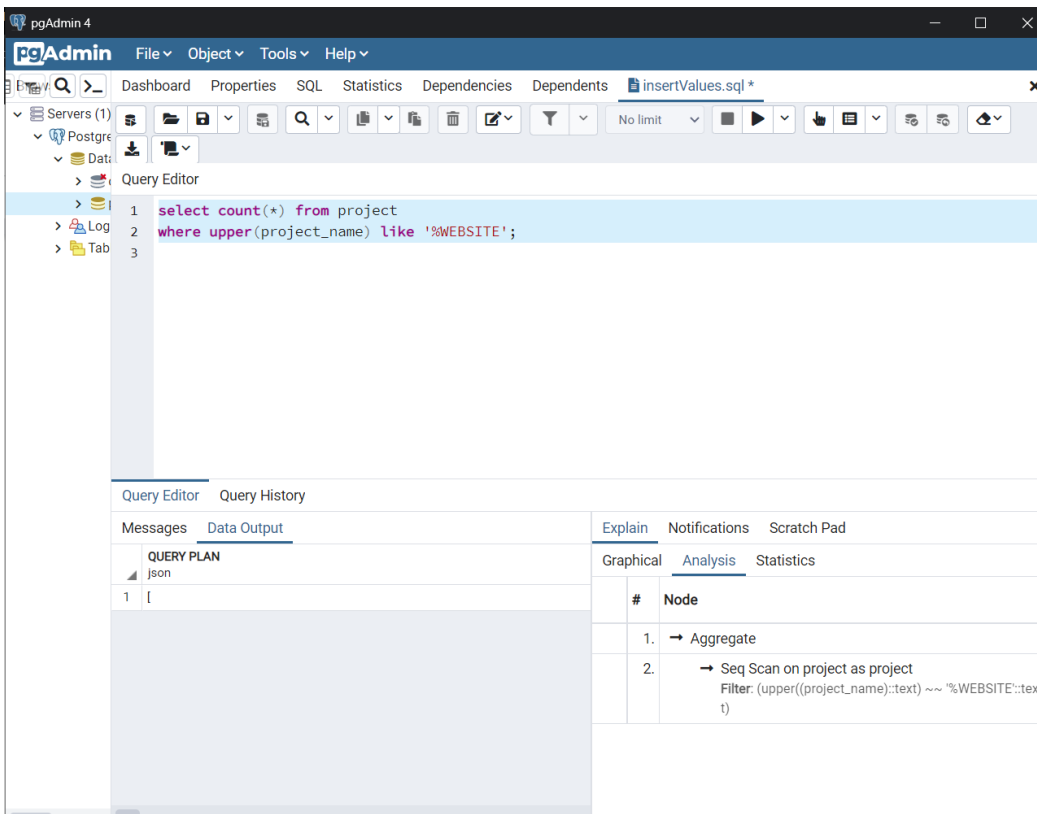
The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The Query Editor is active, displaying the following SQL query:

```
1 select count(*) from project
2 where upper(project_name) like '%WEBSITE';
3
```

The Data Output tab is selected, showing the following results:

count
2

The Explain tab is also visible, showing a message: "Use Explain/Explain analyze button to generate the plan for a query. Alternatively, you can also execute 'EXPLAIN (FORMAT JSON) [QUERY]'."



The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The Query Editor is active, displaying the following SQL query:

```
1 select count(*) from project
2 where upper(project_name) like '%WEBSITE';
3
```

The Data Output tab is selected, showing the following results:

count
2

The Explain tab is also visible, showing the query plan:

#	Node
1.	→ Aggregate
2.	→ Seq Scan on project as project Filter: (upper((project_name)::text) ~~ '%WEBSITE':text)

13. Display the number of degrees offered by each department.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The left sidebar displays the database structure: Servers (3) > PostgreSQL 14 > Databases (2) > company > postgres. The main window is titled 'postgres/postgres@PostgreSQL 14'. The 'Query Editor' tab is active, showing the following SQL query:

```
1 select dept_name,count from department
2 join (select dept_id,count(*) from degree group by dept_id) new_table on new_table.dept_id=department.dept_id;
```

Below the query editor, the 'Messages' tab is selected, displaying the query results in a table:

dept_name	count
1 COMPUTER SCIENCE	3
2 ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION	3
3 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	3

The 'Explain' tab is also visible, showing a message: "Use Explain/Explain analyze button to generate the plan for a query. Alternatively, you can also execute 'EXPLAIN (FORMAT JSON) [QUERY]'."

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same SQL query as above. The 'Query Editor' tab is active. Below the query editor, the 'Messages' tab is selected, displaying the query results in a table:

dept_name	count
1 COMPUTER SCIENCE	3
2 ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION	3
3 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	3

The 'Explain' tab is also visible, showing a message: "Use Explain/Explain analyze button to generate the plan for a query. Alternatively, you can also execute 'EXPLAIN (FORMAT JSON) [QUERY]'."

The 'Query Plan' tab is selected, showing the query plan for the query. The plan is displayed in a table:

#	Node
1.	→ Hash Inner Join Hash Cond: ((department.dept_id)::text = (new_table.dept_id)::text)
2.	→ Seq Scan on department as department
3.	→ Hash
4.	→ Subquery Scan
5.	→ Aggregate
6.	✓ Successfully run. Total query runtime: 93 msec. 1 rows affected.

14. Find the name of the student with the highest CGPA.

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The left sidebar displays the database structure: Servers (3) > PostgreSQL 14 > Databases (2) > company > postgres. The main pane shows the Query Editor with the following SQL query:

```
1 select student_name,max from student join (select max(cgpa) from student) new_table on new_table.max=student.cgpa;
```

Below the query editor, the Messages tab is active, showing the following data output:

student_name	max
PRACHI SENGAR	9.7

A status message at the bottom right indicates: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 85 msec. 1 rows affected."

The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the same SQL query as above. The Query Plan tab is active, displaying the following query plan:

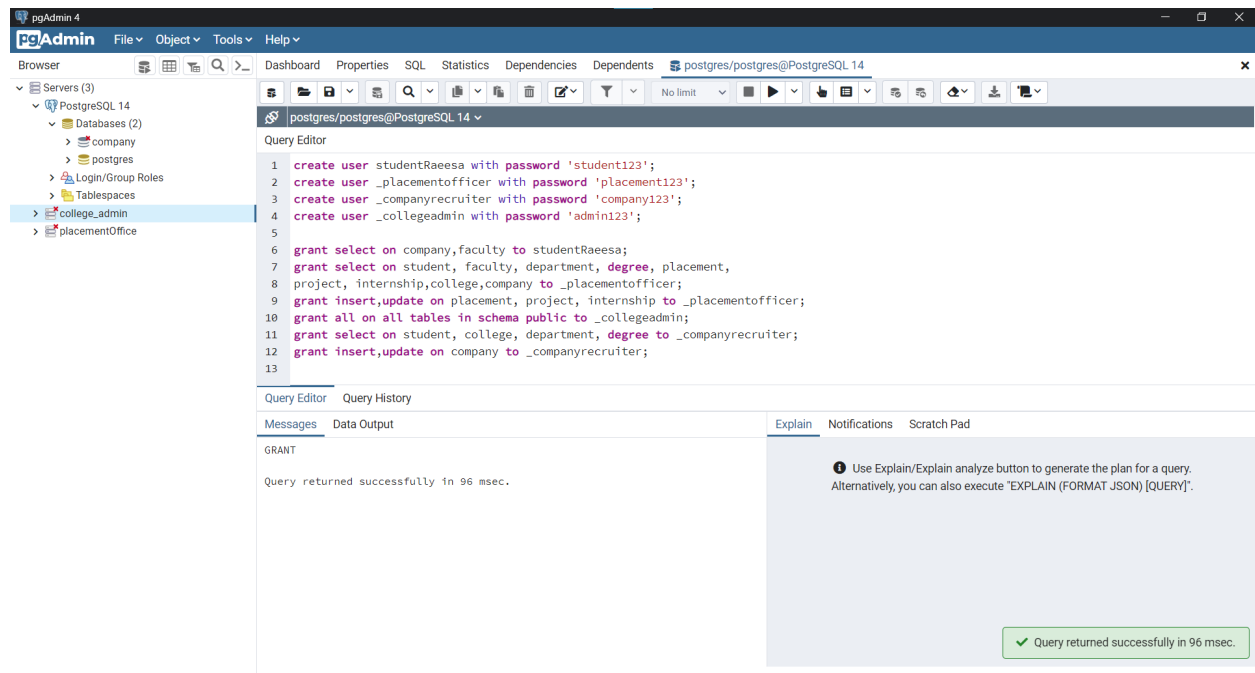
```
1 [
```

The plan is visualized in the Analysis tab, showing the following nodes:

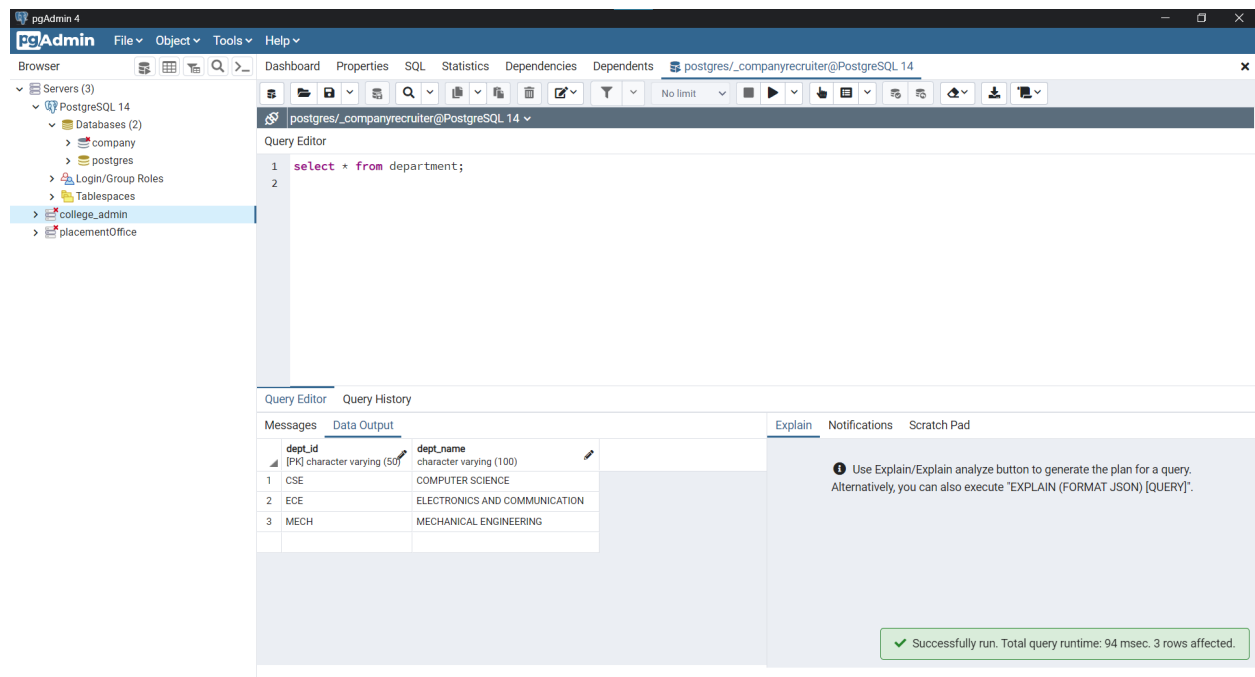
#	Node
1.	→ Hash Inner Join Hash Cond: (student.cgpa = (max(student_1.cgpa)))
2.	→ Seq Scan on student as student
3.	→ Hash
4.	→ Aggregate
5.	→ Seq Scan on student as student_1

A status message at the bottom right indicates: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 64 msec. 1 rows affected."

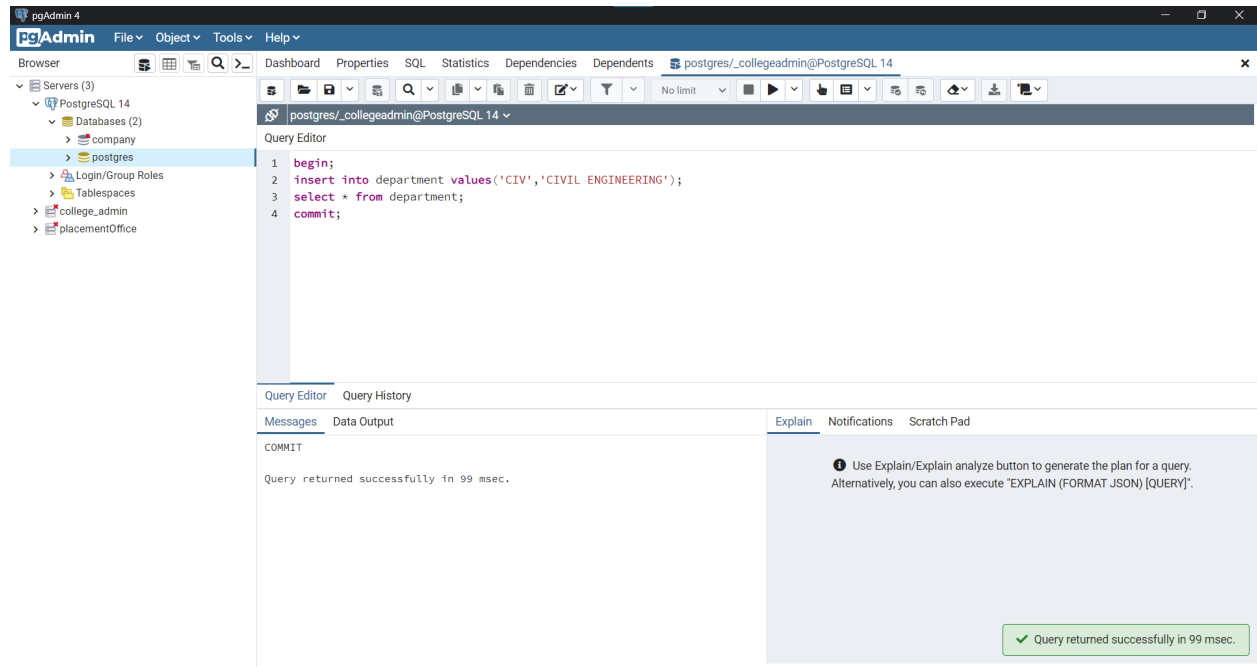
Creating multiple users with different access privilege levels for different parts of the database.



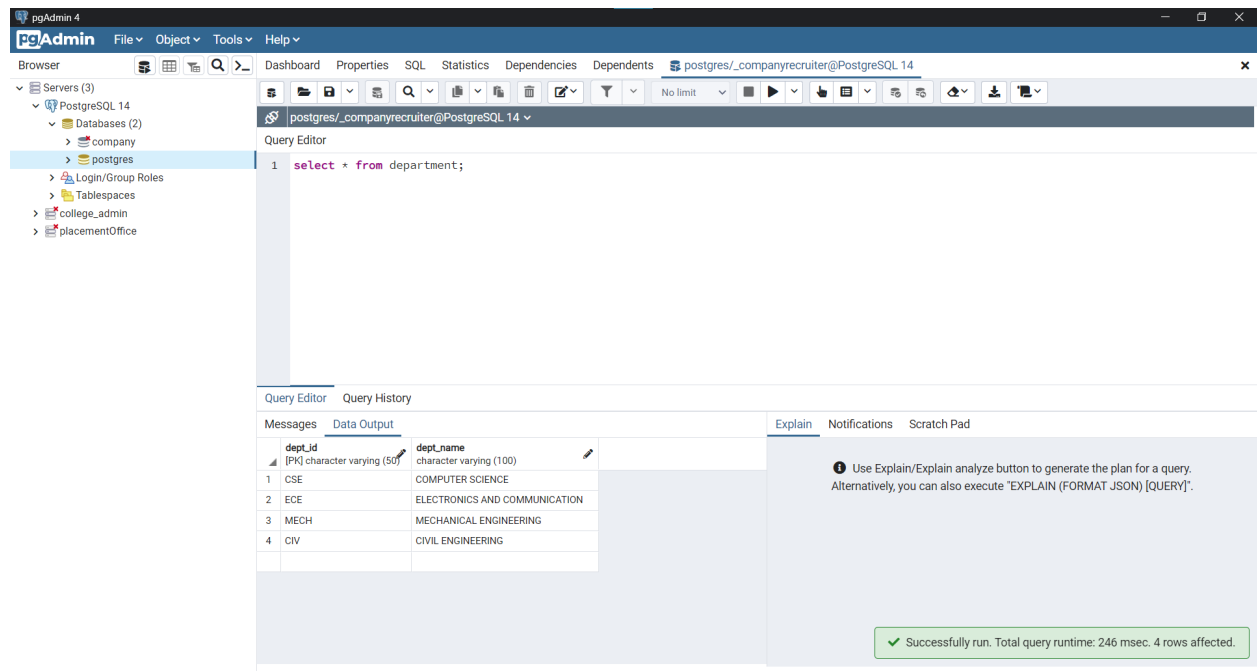
Initiating concurrent Transactions and demonstrating the concurrency control for the conflicting actions.



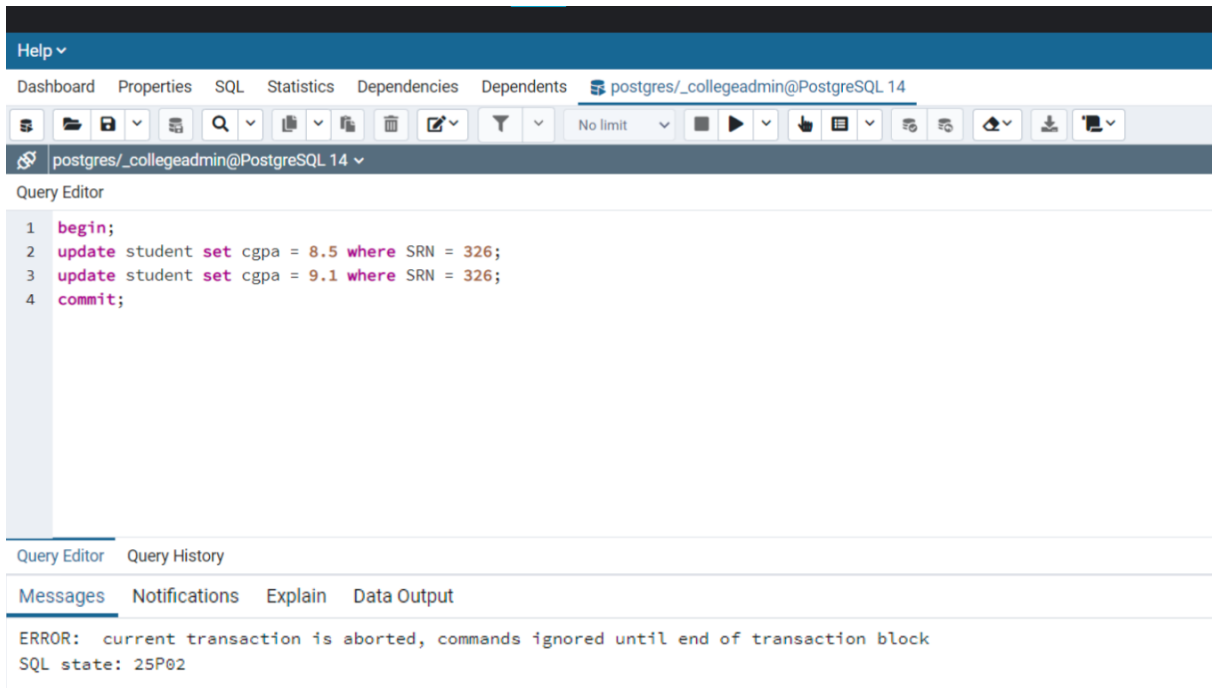
Viewing Department table by user_ companyrecruiter.



Inserting a record into Department table by user _collegeadmin.



Viewing Department table by user _companyrecruiter after updation. Change is only reflected after the second select query.



*Not allowed – Because each update command is affecting the same record during the same transaction.
Leads to inconsistency.*

Contributions

Prachi Sengar - Simple queries and complex queries

Raeesa Tanseen - Transaction control and complex queries

Ria Singh - Transaction control and simple queries

Time Spent- 6 hrs