

```
1 {-# HLINT ignore "Use camelCase" -#}
2 {-# HLINT ignore "Redundant if" -#}
3 {-# HLINT ignore "Use guards" -#}
4
5 -- >>> largest "asdf" "rocksss"
6 -- "rocksss"
7
8 -- 1.
9 largest :: String -> String -> String
10 largest a b = if length a >= length b then a else b
11
12 -- >>> reflect 1
13 -- 1
14
15 -- 2.
16 -- The problem was that the code first tried to run `reflect num` and then
17 -- it tried to subtract or add one to that value. We need to add parenthesis
18 -- so the value is added or subtracted to first and then the infinite recursion
19 -- is avoided
20 reflect :: Integer -> Integer
21 reflect 0 = 0
22 reflect num
23   | num < 0 = (-1) + reflect (num + 1)
24   | num > 0 = 1 + reflect (num - 1)
25
26 -- 3a.
27 all_factors :: Integer -> [Integer]
28 all_factors a = [x | x <- [1 .. a], mod a x == 0]
29
30 -- >>> all_factors 42
31 -- [1,2,3,6,7,14,21,42]
32
33 -- 3b.
34 perfect_numbers :: [Integer]
35 perfect_numbers = [x | x <- [1 ..], x == sum (init (all_factors x))]
36
37 -- >>> take 4 perfect_numbers
38 -- [6,28,496,8128]
39
40 -- 4.
41 -- IF STATEMENT VERSIONS
42 is_even :: Integer -> Bool
43 is_even a = if a == 0 then True else if a == 1 then False else is_even (a - 2)
44
45 is_odd :: Integer -> Bool
46 is_odd a = if a == 0 then False else if a == 1 then True else is_even (a - 2)
47
48 -- GUARDS VERSIONS
49 is_even :: Integer -> Bool
50 is_even a
51   | a == 0 = True
52   | a == 1 = False
53   | otherwise = is_even (a - 2)
54
55 is_odd :: Integer -> Bool
56 is_odd a
57   | a == 0 = False
58   | a == 1 = True
59   | otherwise = is_even (a - 2)
60
61 -- PATTERN MATCHING VERSIONS
62 is_odd :: Integer -> Bool
63 is_odd 0 = False
64 is_odd 1 = True
65 is_odd a = is_odd (a - 2)
66
67 is_even :: Integer -> Bool
68 is_even 0 = True
69 is_even 1 = False
70 is_even a = is_even (a - 2)
71
72 -- 5.
73 count_occurrences :: [Integer] -> [Integer] -> Integer
74 -- >>>count_occurrences [50, 40, 30] [10, 50, 40, 20, 50, 40, 30]
75 -- 3
76 -- >>>count_occurrences [10, 20, 40] [10, 50, 40, 20, 50, 40, 30]
77 -- 1
78 -- >>> count_occurrences [1, 2, 3] [1, 2, 3]
79 -- 1
80 -- >>> count_occurrences [20, 10, 40] [10, 50, 40, 20, 50, 40, 30]
81 -- 0
82 -- >>> count_occurrences [] []
83 -- 1
84 count_occurrences [] b = 1
85 count_occurrences a [] = 0
86 count_occurrences a b
87   | last a == last b =
88     count_occurrences (init a) (init b)
89     + count_occurrences a (init b)
90   | otherwise = count_occurrences a (init b)
```