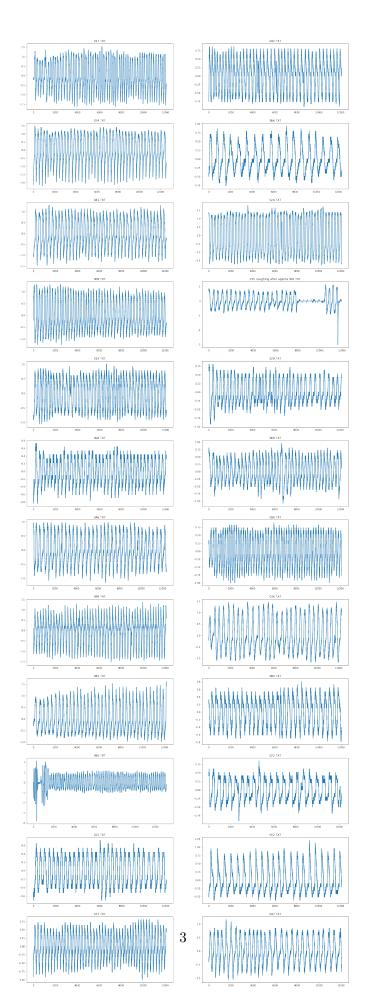
WH002-read-and-separate

November 4, 2019

```
[210]: from os import listdir
       import pandas as pd
       import numpy as np
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       import scipy.cluster.hierarchy as sch
       import pylab
 [3]: files = listdir('data')
       print(files)
      ['017.TXT', '074.TXT', '041.TXT', '009.TXT', '014.TXT', '004.TXT', '046.TXT',
      '099.TXT', '081.TXT', '065.TXT', '025.TXT', '072.TXT', '042.TXT', '066.TXT',
      '024.TXT', '015 coughing after approx 90s.TXT', '028.TXT', '069.TXT', '090.TXT',
      '036.TXT', '084.TXT', '022.TXT', '052.TXT', '047.TXT']
 [4]: with open('data/'+files[0]) as f:
           first_line = f.readline()
           print(first_line)
      -0.210 -0.111 7.010
                              21.260 10.071 23.000 0.000
                                                               0.992
 [5]: data = np.genfromtxt('data/'+files[0], delimiter='\t')
 [6]: data[0]
 [6]: array([-0.21 , -0.111, 7.01 , 21.26 , 10.071, 23.
                                                           , 0.
                                                                       0.992])
 [7]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(len(files)//2,2,figsize=(24, len(files)//2 * 6))
      p=0
       for i in range (2):
           for j in range(len(files)//2):
               if p < len(files):</pre>
                   data = np.genfromtxt('data/'+files[p], delimiter='\t')
                   print(files[p],data.shape)
                   axs[j,i].plot(data[:,0])
                   axs[j,i].set_title(files[p])
```

```
017.TXT (12069, 8)
074.TXT (12549, 8)
041.TXT (12090, 8)
009.TXT (12092, 8)
014.TXT (12079, 8)
004.TXT (12076, 8)
046.TXT (12336, 8)
099.TXT (12114, 8)
081.TXT (12168, 8)
065.TXT (13092, 8)
025.TXT (12049, 8)
072.TXT (12107, 8)
042.TXT (12075, 8)
066.TXT (12301, 8)
024.TXT (12082, 8)
015 coughing after approx 90s.TXT (11971, 8)
028.TXT (12155, 8)
069.TXT (12111, 8)
090.TXT (12143, 8)
036.TXT (12261, 8)
084.TXT (12060, 8)
022.TXT (12219, 8)
052.TXT (12099, 8)
047.TXT (12042, 8)
```



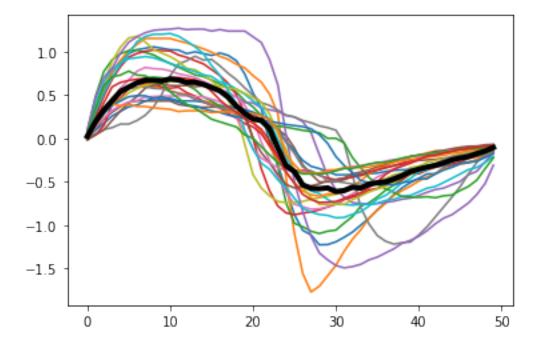
```
[104]: def find_start(signal_data,pos):
                   flag = True
                   for i in range(1, 4):
                        if signal_data[pos - i] > 0:
                            flag = False
                   if flag:
                       for i in range(1, 4):
                            if signal_data[pos + i] < 0:</pre>
                                flag = False
                   return (flag, pos)
[105]: def separate_cycles(signal_data):
           data_min = 0
           min_list=[]
           flag = False
           for i in range(signal_data.shape[0]-5):
               if signal_data[i]<0:</pre>
                   flag,pos = find_start(signal_data,i)
               if flag:
                   min_list.append(i)
                   flag = False
           return min list
[153]: def split_cycles(min_list,raw_data):
           cycles=[]
           for i in range(len(min_list)-1):
               d = np.zeros(50)
               c = np.zeros(50)
               j = 0
               1 = min_list[i+1]-min_list[i]
               for k in range(min_list[i],min_list[i+1]-1):
                   m = int(((k-min_list[i])*50.0)/1)
                   d[m]+=raw_data[k]
                   c[m] += 1
               for k in range(50):
                   d[k] = d[k]/c[k]
               if True in np.isnan(np.array(d)):
                   d = []
               else:
                   cycles.append(d)
           return cycles
[154]: def get_file(file_number):
           data = np.genfromtxt('data/'+files[file_number], delimiter='\t')[:,0]
           #data_average = data.mean()
```

```
#data = data - data_average
mins = separate_cycles(data)
cycles = split_cycles(mins,data)
return cycles
```

```
[155]: cycles = get_file(6)
```

/home/ric/Projects/Python/env/lib/python3.7/sitepackages/ipykernel_launcher.py:13: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in
double_scalars
 del sys.path[0]

```
[224]: for c in cycles:
    plt.plot(c)
plt.plot(np.median(np.array(cycles),axis=0),linewidth=4, color='black')
plt.show()
```



```
axs[j,i].plot(c)
                       m = np.median(np.array(cycles),axis=0)
                       axs[j,i].plot(m,linewidth=4, color='black')
                       axs[j,i].set_title(files[p])
                       median_plots.append(m)
                       p+=1
           return median_plots
[203]: def differance(a,b):
           count = 0
           for i in range(a.shape[0]-1):
               #print(a[i],b[i])
               count += np.absolute(a[i]-b[i])
           return count/a.shape[0]
[214]: def dendogram_heat_map(distance_data,map_data,tags):
           """ Create's heat map with associated dendogram from adistance N*N numpy_{\sqcup}
        \hookrightarrow matrix and a scipy
           scipy.cluster.hierarchy linkage 2d array"""
           # Adapted from http://stackoverflow.com/users/208339/steve-tjoa
           fig = pylab.figure(figsize=(12,12))
           # Plot first dendrogram.
           ax1 = fig.add_axes([0.09,0.1,0.2,0.6])#set position
           den1 = sch.dendrogram(map_data, orientation='right',labels=tags)
           # No axis lables
           ax1.set_xticks([])
           #ax1.set_yticks([])
           # Plot second dendrogram.
           ax2 = fig.add_axes([0.31,0.74,0.61,0.2])#set position
           den2 = sch.dendrogram(map_data,labels=tags)
           # No axis lables
           #ax2.set_xticks([])
           ax2.set_yticks([])
           # Plot distance matrix as heat map.
           heat_map = fig.add_axes([0.32,0.1,0.6,0.6])
           idx1 = den1['leaves']
           idx2 = den2['leaves']
           # Reorder the distance data so that it matches with the dendogram order
           distance_data = distance_data[idx1,:]
           distance_data = distance_data[:,idx2]
           hm = heat_map.matshow(distance_data, aspect='auto', origin='lower', u
        →cmap=pylab.cm.YlGnBu)
           # No Y axis
           heat_map.set_yticks([])
```

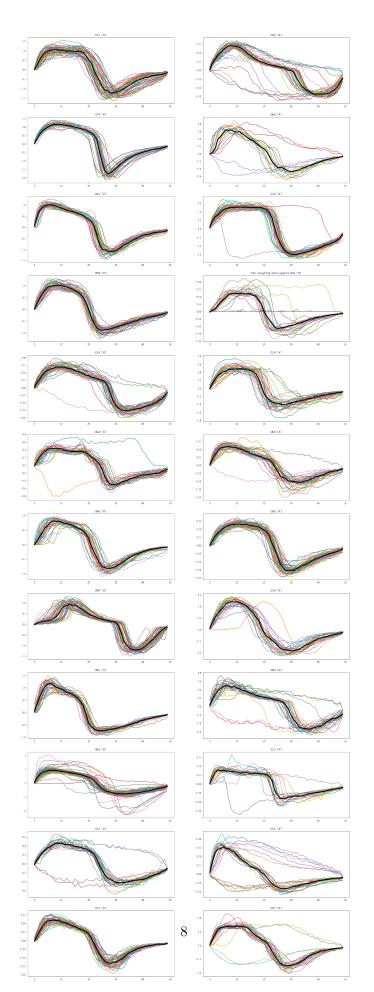
```
heat_map.set_xticks([])

# Plot colorbar.
axcolor = fig.add_axes([0.93,0.1,0.02,0.6])
pylab.colorbar(hm, cax=axcolor)
```

```
[215]: def differance(a,b):
    count = 0
    for i in range(a.shape[0]-1):
        #print(a[i],b[i])
        count += np.absolute(a[i]-b[i])
    return count/a.shape[0]
```

```
[216]: cycles = sig_plot()
```

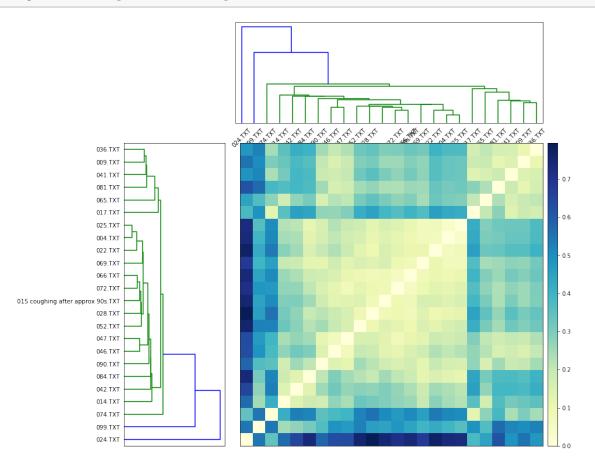
/home/ric/Projects/Python/env/lib/python3.7/sitepackages/ipykernel_launcher.py:13: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in
double_scalars
 del sys.path[0]



```
[217]: distance = np.zeros((len(cycles),len(cycles)))
for i in range(len(cycles)):
    for j in range(len(cycles)):
        distance[i,j]=differance(cycles[i],cycles[j])
kmap = sch.linkage(distance, method='single')
```

/home/ric/Projects/Python/env/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:5: ClusterWarning: scipy.cluster: The symmetric non-negative hollow observation matrix looks suspiciously like an uncondensed distance matrix

[218]: dendogram_heat_map(distance,kmap,files)

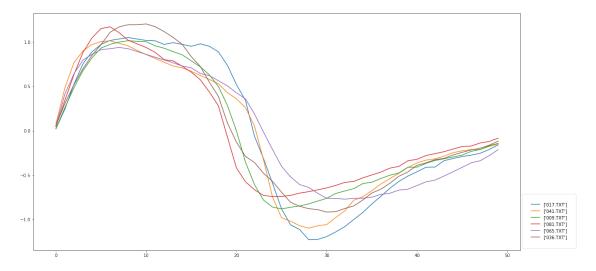


```
[]: '069.TXT','066.TXT','072.TXT','028.TXT','052.TXT','047.TXT','046.TXT','090.

⇔TXT','084.TXT','042.TXT','014.TXT','074.TXT']
```

```
[244]: def plt_group(in_list):
    plt.figure(figsize=[20,10])
    for i in range(len(cycles)):
        if files[i] in in_list:
            plt.plot(cycles[i],label=[files[i]])
    plt.legend(loc=3,borderpad=2,bbox_to_anchor=(1, 0))
    plt.show()
```

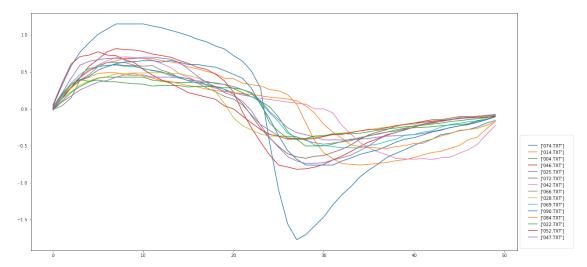
[247]: plt_group(['036.TXT','009.TXT','041.TXT','081.TXT','065.TXT','017.TXT'])



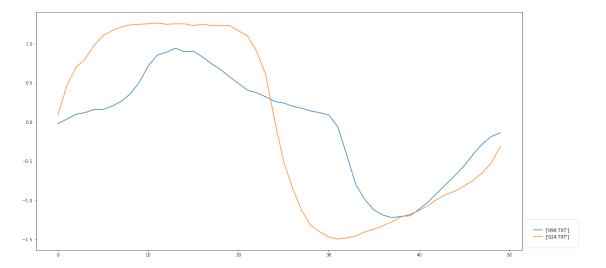
[251]: plt_group(['025.TXT','004.TXT','022.TXT','069.TXT','066.TXT','072.TXT','028.

\[\times TXT','052.TXT','047.TXT','046.TXT','090.TXT','084.TXT','042.TXT','014.

\[\times TXT','074.TXT'])



[253]: plt_group(['099.TXT','024.TXT'])



[]: