



UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL AUTÓNOMA DE MÉXICO

FACULTAD DE INGENIERÍA

DIVISIÓN DE INGENIERÍA ELÉCTRICA

INGENIERÍA EN COMPUTACIÓN

LABORATORIO DE COMPUTACIÓN GRÁFICA e
INTERACCIÓN HUMANO COMPUTADORA



REPORTE DE PRÁCTICA N° 02

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GRUPO DE TEORÍA: 04

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CALIFICACIÓN: _____

REPORTE DE PRÁCTICA:

1.- Ejecución de los ejercicios que se dejaron, comentar cada uno y capturas de pantalla de bloques de código generados y de ejecución del programa.

a. Dibujar las iniciales de sus nombres, cada una con un color diferente.

Se agregan los vértices de las letras previamente creadas en la practica anterior, ahora agregando también los valores de color a cada triangulo que se va a generar.

Vértices de la letra *R* con su respectivo color:

```
GLfloat vertices_R[] = {
    //X          Y          Z          R          G          B
    -0.9f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.9f,-0.4f,0.0f,   0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.9f,-0.4f,0.0f,   0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,-0.4f,0.0f,   0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,0.3f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,0.3f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,0.3f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,0.2f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,0.2f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,0.2f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.4f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.4f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.4f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.8f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.7f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.7f,-0.05f,0.0f,   0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.7f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.7f,-0.05f,0.0f,   0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.6f,-0.05f,0.0f,   0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.7f,-0.05f,0.0f,   0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.6f,-0.05f,0.0f,   0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.6f,-0.2f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.6f,-0.05f,0.0f,   0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.6f,-0.2f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
    -0.5f,-0.2f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
```

```

-0.6f,-0.2f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.5f,-0.2f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.5f,-0.35f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.5f,-0.2f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.5f,-0.35f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.4f,-0.35f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.5f,-0.35f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.4f,-0.35f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.4f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.5f,-0.35f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.4f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
-0.5f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.5f,1.0f,0.0f,
/*1.0f, 1.0f,    0.5f,    1.0f,    0.0f,    0.0f,
-1.0f, 1.0f,    0.5f,    1.0f,    0.0f,    0.0f,
-1.0f, -1.0f,    0.5f,    1.0f,    0.0f,    0.0f,*/
};
MeshColor *letras_R = new MeshColor();
letras_R->CreateMeshColor(vertices_R,288);
meshColorList.push_back(letras_R);

```

Vértices de la letra O:

```

GLfloat vertices_O[] = {
    -0.2f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.2f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.1f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.2f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.1f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.1f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.1f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.1f,0.3f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.1f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.1f,0.3f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.1f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.1f,0.3f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.1f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.1f,-0.3f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.1f,-0.3f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    -0.1f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.1f,-0.3f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.1f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.1f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.1f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.2f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.1f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.2f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
    0.2f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.0f,0.8f,0.6f,
};
MeshColor* letras_O = new MeshColor();
letras_O->CreateMeshColor(vertices_O, 144);
meshColorList.push_back(letras_O);

```

Vértices de la letra A:

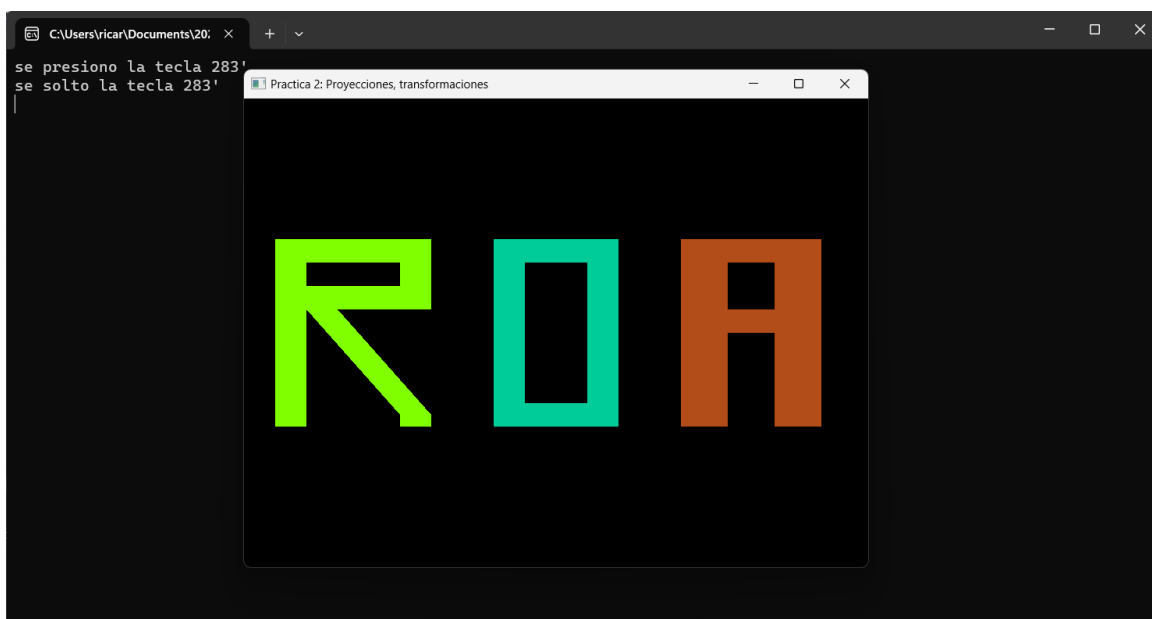
```
GLfloat vertices_A[] = {
    0.4f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.4f,-0.4f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.55f,0.4f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.4f,-0.4f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.55f,0.4f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.55f,-0.4f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.55f,0.4f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.55f,0.3f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.7f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.55f,0.3f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.7f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.7f,0.3f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.55f,0.1f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.55f,0.0f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.7f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.55f,0.0f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.7f,0.1f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.7f,0.0f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.7f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.85f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.7f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.85f,0.4f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.7f,-0.4f,0.0f,    0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
    0.85f,-0.4f,0.0f,   0.7f,0.3f,0.1f,
};
MeshColor* letras_A = new MeshColor();
letras_A->CreateMeshColor(vertices_A, 144);
meshColorList.push_back(letras_A);
```

Para mostrar las letras debemos indicar que elementos se van a renderizar, agregamos sus índices para que se muestren las tres a la vez.

Código para mostrar las letras:

```
//Inicializar matriz de dimensión 4x4 que servirá como matriz de modelo para almacenar las transformaciones geométricas
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, -4.0f));
//
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES PARA QUE NO SEA TRANSPUESTA y se envían al shader
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshColorList[0]->RenderMeshColor();
meshColorList[1]->RenderMeshColor();
meshColorList[2]->RenderMeshColor();
```

Resultado:



b. Generar el dibujo de la casa de clase, pero en lugar de instanciar triángulos y cuadrados será instanciando pirámides y cubos, para esto se requiere crear shaders diferentes de los colores: rojo, verde, azul, café y verde oscuro en lugar de usar el color clamp.

Primero creamos los shaders para los diferentes colores que vamos a utilizar. Los creamos de la siguiente forma, cambiando los primeros tres valores del vector de color para obtener cada uno de los colores.

```
#version 330
layout (location =0) in vec3 pos;
layout (location =1) in vec3 color;
out vec4 vColor;
uniform mat4 model;
uniform mat4 projection;
void main()
{
    gl_Position=projection*model*vec4(pos.x,pos.y,pos.z,1.0f);
    vColor=vec4(0.0f,0.0f,1.0f,1.0f);
}
```

```
#version 330
layout (location =0) in vec3 pos;
layout (location =1) in vec3 color;
out vec4 vColor;
uniform mat4 model;
uniform mat4 projection;
void main()
{
    gl_Position=projection*model*vec4(pos.x,pos.y,pos.z,1.0f);
    vColor=vec4(0.478f,0.255f,0.067f,1.0f);
}
```

```
#version 330
layout (location =0) in vec3 pos;
layout (location =1) in vec3 color;
out vec4 vColor;
uniform mat4 model;
uniform mat4 projection;
void main()
{
    gl_Position=projection*model*vec4(pos.x,pos.y,pos.z,1.0f);
    vColor=vec4(0.0f,0.5f,0.0f,1.0f);
}
```

```
#version 330
layout (location =0) in vec3 pos;
layout (location =1) in vec3 color;
out vec4 vColor;
uniform mat4 model;
uniform mat4 projection;
void main()
{
    gl_Position=projection*model*vec4(pos.x,pos.y,pos.z,1.0f);
    vColor=vec4(0.0f,1.0f,0.0f,1.0f);
}
```

```
#version 330
layout (location =0) in vec3 pos;
layout (location =1) in vec3 color;
out vec4 vColor;
uniform mat4 model;
uniform mat4 projection;
void main()
{
    gl_Position=projection*model*vec4(pos.x,pos.y,pos.z,1.0f);
    vColor=vec4(1.0f,0.0f,0.0f,1.0f);
}
```

Después agregamos los shaders a nuestro programa para poder usarlos:

```
//shaders nuevos se crearían acá
static const char* vShaderRojo = "shaders/shaderRojo.vert";
static const char* vShaderVerde = "shaders/shaderVerde.vert";
static const char* vShaderAzul = "shaders/shaderAzul.vert";
static const char* vShaderCafe = "shaders/shaderCafe.vert";
static const char* vShaderVerdeOsc = "shaders/shaderVerdeOsc.vert";
```

```

void CreateShaders()
{
    Shader *shader1 = new Shader(); //shader para usar índices: objetos: cubo y pirámide
    shader1->CreateFromFiles(vShader, fShader);
    shaderList.push_back(*shader1);

    Shader *shader2 = new Shader(); //shader para usar color como parte del VAO: letras
    shader2->CreateFromFiles(vShaderColor, fShaderColor);
    shaderList.push_back(*shader2);
    // Colores
    Shader* shader3 = new Shader(); //shader para usar color como parte del VAO: letras
    shader3->CreateFromFiles(vShaderRojo, fShader);
    shaderList.push_back(*shader3);

    Shader* shader4 = new Shader(); //shader para usar color como parte del VAO: letras
    shader4->CreateFromFiles(vShaderVerde, fShader);
    shaderList.push_back(*shader4);

    Shader* shader5 = new Shader(); //shader para usar color como parte del VAO: letras
    shader5->CreateFromFiles(vShaderAzul, fShader);
    shaderList.push_back(*shader5);

    Shader* shader6 = new Shader(); //shader para usar color como parte del VAO: letras
    shader6->CreateFromFiles(vShaderCafe, fShader);
    shaderList.push_back(*shader6);

    Shader* shader7 = new Shader(); //shader para usar color como parte del VAO: letras
    shader7->CreateFromFiles(vShaderVerdeOsc, fShader);
    shaderList.push_back(*shader7);
}

```


Ahora colocamos las figuras en sus posiciones adecuadas para obtener el dibujo. Esto lo haremos mediante el escalado de las figuras para que tengan el tamaño adecuado y trasladándolas a sus posiciones correspondientes.

```
//Cubo Casa
shaderList[2].useShader();
uniformModel = shaderList[0].getModelLocation();
uniformProjection = shaderList[0].getProjectLocation();
//Inicializar matriz de dimensión 4x4 que servirá como matriz de modelo para alma
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(0.0f, -0.25f, -3.0f));
model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(1.0f, 1.2f, 1.0f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES F
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshList[1]->RenderMesh();

// Cubo Puerta
shaderList[3].useShader();
uniformModel = shaderList[0].getModelLocation();
uniformProjection = shaderList[0].getProjectLocation();
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(0.0f, -0.65f, -2.0f));
model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(0.3f, 0.4f, 0.35f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES F
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshList[1]->RenderMesh();

// Cubo Ventana Der
shaderList[3].useShader();
uniformModel = shaderList[0].getModelLocation();
uniformProjection = shaderList[0].getProjectLocation();
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(0.3f, 0.1f, -2.0f));
model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(0.3f, 0.4f, 0.35f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES F
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshList[1]->RenderMesh();
```

```

// Cubo Ventana Izq
shaderList[3].useShader();
uniformModel = shaderList[0].getModelLocation();
uniformProjection = shaderList[0].getProjectLocation();
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(-0.3f, 0.1f, -2.0f));
model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(0.3f, 0.4f, 0.35f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshList[1]->RenderMesh();

// Piramide Techo
shaderList[4].useShader();
uniformModel = shaderList[0].getModelLocation();
uniformProjection = shaderList[0].getProjectLocation();
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.65f, -3.0f));
model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(1.35f, 0.6f, 1.0f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshList[0]->RenderMesh();

// Cubo Tronco Izq
shaderList[5].useShader();
uniformModel = shaderList[0].getModelLocation();
uniformProjection = shaderList[0].getProjectLocation();
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(-0.75f, -0.75f, -3.0f));
model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(0.1f, 0.2f, 1.0f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshList[1]->RenderMesh();

```

```

// Cubo Tronco Der
shaderList[5].useShader();
uniformModel = shaderList[0].getModelLocation();
uniformProjection = shaderList[0].getProjectLocation();
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(0.75f, -0.75f, -3.0f));
model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(0.1f, 0.2f, 1.0f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshList[1]->RenderMesh();

// Piramide Arbol Izq
shaderList[6].useShader();
uniformModel = shaderList[0].getModelLocation();
uniformProjection = shaderList[0].getProjectLocation();
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(-0.75f, -0.3f, -3.0f));
model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(0.3f, 0.7f, 1.0f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshList[0]->RenderMesh();

// Piramide Arbol Der
shaderList[6].useShader();
uniformModel = shaderList[0].getModelLocation();
uniformProjection = shaderList[0].getProjectLocation();
model = glm::mat4(1.0);
model = glm::translate(model, glm::vec3(0.75f, -0.3f, -3.0f));
model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(0.3f, 0.7f, 1.0f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformModel, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(model)); //FALSE ES
glUniformMatrix4fv(uniformProjection, 1, GL_FALSE, glm::value_ptr(projection));
meshList[0]->RenderMesh();

glUseProgram(0);
mainWindow.swapBuffers();

```

Resultado:



2.- Liste los problemas que tuvo a la hora de hacer estos ejercicios y si los resolvió explicar cómo fue, en caso de error adjuntar captura de pantalla

No hubo problemas al crear las figuras, y gracias a las explicaciones de la clase fue sencillo crear los shaders necesarios para cada color de la actividad dos.

3.- Conclusión:

a. Los ejercicios del reporte:

Los ejercicios tienen buen nivel, gracias a las explicaciones de la clase es sencillo realizarlos correctamente, con esto pongo en práctica y aprendo más conceptos que serán útiles para otras prácticas y el proyecto final.

b. Comentarios generales:

La explicación fue entendible y sirvió para resolver todo lo solicitado.

c. Conclusión:

Gracias a esta práctica pude poner en práctica más conceptos, como la perspectiva, los shaders para el color, así como ver por primera vez como generar objetos en tres dimensiones.