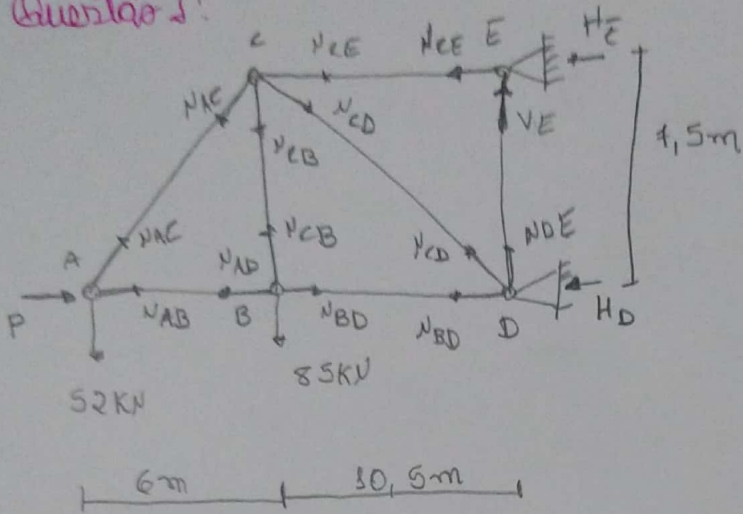


Aluna: Rayanne Dora Barros

Questões:



① Pelo método dos nós, tem-se:

$$\textcircled{2} \sum F_{HD} = -H_D - V_{BD} - V_{CD} \cdot \cos(35,54^\circ) = 0$$

$$\textcircled{ii} \sum F_{VD} = N_{DE} + N_{CD} \cdot \cos(54.46^\circ) = 0 \rightarrow N_{DE} = 137,005 \text{ kN}$$

$$\textcircled{\text{ii}} \quad \sum F_H = N_{BD} - N_{AB} = 0 \rightarrow N_{BD} = -41623,75 - P$$

$$\textcircled{\text{ii}} \sum F_{VB} = P_{EB} - 85 \cdot 10^3 = 0 \rightarrow P_{EB} = 85 \text{ kN}$$

$$\rightarrow Y_{AE} = -1,6 \cdot Y_{AB} - 1,6 P$$

$$\rightarrow N_{GA} = -41623,75 - P$$

$$\textcircled{17.1} \quad F_{UA} + Y_{AE} - 5000(33,34^\circ) - 92 \cdot 10^3 = 0 \rightarrow Y_{AE} = 66,598 \text{ kN}$$

$$\textcircled{vii} FHE = V_{CE} - V_{AC} \cdot \cos(35.66^\circ) + V_{CD} \cdot \cos(35.54^\circ) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow N_{CE} = 233,395 \text{ KN}$$

Ans: $F_{VE} = -V_{AC} \cdot \cos(38.66^\circ) - V_{CB} - V_{CD} \cdot \cos(54.46^\circ) = 0$

$$\rightarrow N_{CD} = -235,7 \text{ kN}$$

$$\textcircled{ix} \sum F_{HE} = -H_E - V_{CE} = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{H_E = -233,395 \text{ KN}}$$

$$\textcircled{x} \sum F_{VE} = V_E - N_{DE} = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{V_E = N_{DE} = 137,005 \text{ KN}}$$

$$\textcircled{ii} \text{ Para barras: } \Delta = \sum_{i=1}^N \int_0^{L_i} \frac{N_i}{E_i A_i} \cdot \frac{d \cdot V_i}{dP} \cdot dx$$

$$\textcircled{i} \Delta_{AC} = \int_0^{9,6} \frac{66598}{EA} \cdot 0 \cdot dx \rightarrow \boxed{\Delta_{AC} = 0}$$

$$\textcircled{ii} \Delta_{BC} = \int_0^{4,5} \frac{55000}{EA} \cdot 0 \cdot dx \rightarrow \boxed{\Delta_{BC} = 0}$$

$$\textcircled{iii} \Delta_{BD} = \int_0^{10,5} \frac{(-43623,75 - P)}{E \cdot A} \cdot (-1) \cdot dx \rightarrow \boxed{\Delta_{BD} = 0,0054 \text{ m}}$$

$$\textcircled{iv} \Delta_{CD} = \int_0^{10,5} \frac{-235100}{EA} \cdot 0 \cdot dx \rightarrow \boxed{\Delta_{CD} = 0}$$

$$\textcircled{v} \Delta_{CE} = \int_0^{10,5} \frac{233395}{EA} \cdot 0 \cdot dx \rightarrow \boxed{\Delta_{CE} = 0}$$

$$\textcircled{vi} \Delta_{DE} = \int_0^{4,5} \frac{137005}{EA} \cdot 0 \cdot dx \rightarrow \boxed{\Delta_{DE} = 0}$$

$$\textcircled{vii} \Delta_{AB} = \int_0^6 \frac{(-43623,75 - P)}{E \cdot A} \cdot (-1) \cdot dx \rightarrow \boxed{\Delta_{AB} = 0,0008 \text{ m}}$$

$$\text{Logo, } \Delta_A = 0,0005 + 0,0054 = \boxed{0,0022 \text{ m}} \text{ ou } \boxed{\Delta_A = 2,2 \text{ mm}}$$

Para a direita, pois

$$\Delta_A > 0.$$

Questão 2

I Para o plano xz , tem-se:

$$P_{cx} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot E \cdot I_x}{(K \cdot L)_3^2} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot 200 \cdot 10^9 \cdot 128 \cdot 10^{-8}}{(2 \cdot 9)^2} = \boxed{779,82 \text{ kN}}$$

II Para o plano yz , tem-se:

$$P_{cy} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot E \cdot I_y}{(K \cdot L)_4^2} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot 200 \cdot 10^9 \cdot 18,4 \cdot 10^{-8}}{(2 \cdot 9,7)^2} = \boxed{915,09 \text{ kN}}$$

Logo, o P_{cx} é de $\boxed{779,82 \text{ kN}}$.

III Tensão crítica:

$$\sigma_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot E}{(KL/\lambda)^2} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot 200 \cdot 10^9}{(2 \cdot 9 / 130 \cdot 10^{-3})^2} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot 200 \cdot 10^9}{138,5^2} = \boxed{102,9 \text{ MPa}}$$

Como $\sigma_{adm} < \sigma_{cr}$, logo o P_{cx} é válido.

IV Para verificação de estabilidade:

$$\sigma \leq \frac{\sigma_{cr}}{\eta_p} \rightarrow \frac{P}{A} \leq \frac{P_{cx}}{A \cdot \eta_p} \rightarrow P \leq \frac{779,821}{2}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{P \leq 389,91 \text{ kN}}$$

Logo, o carga admissível para o sistema é de $\boxed{389,91 \text{ kN}}$.