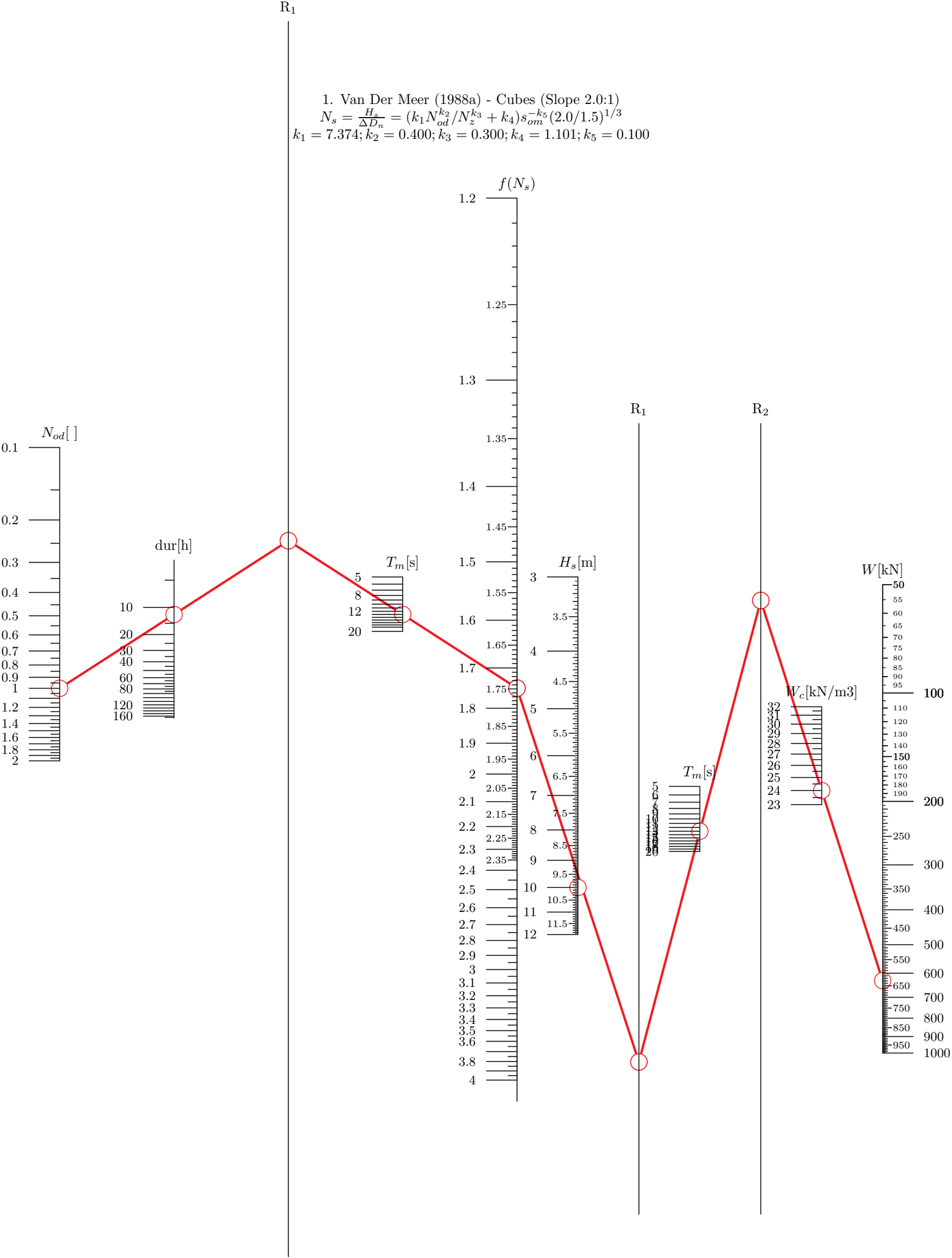
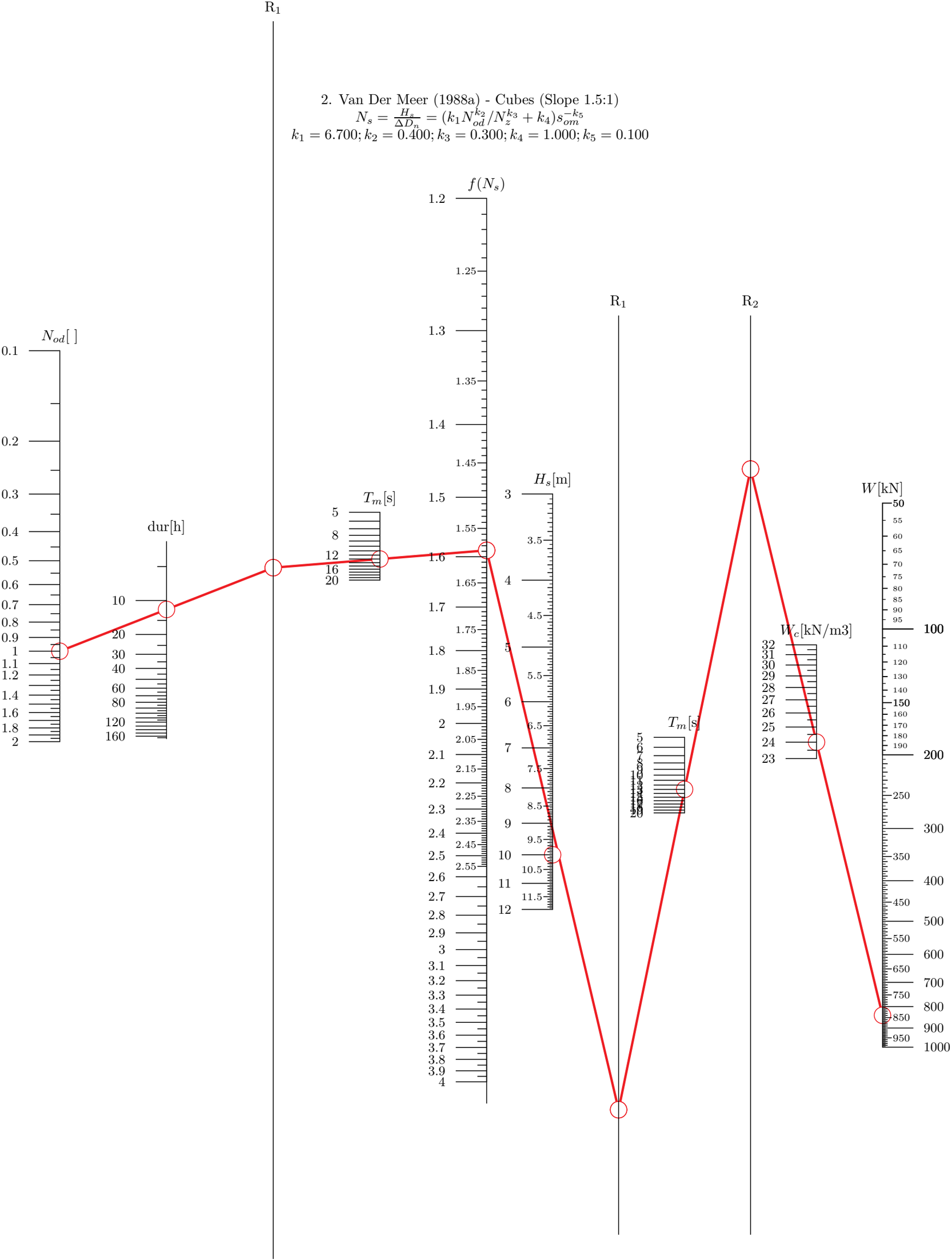
1. Van Der Meer (1988a) - Cubes (Slope 2.0:1)

$N_s = \frac{H_s}{\Delta D_n} = (k_1 N_{od}^{k_2} / N_z^{k_3} + k_4) s_{om}^{-k_5} (2.0/1.5)^{1/3}$

$k_1 = 7.374; k_2 = 0.400; k_3 = 0.300; k_4 = 1.101; k_5 = 0.100$

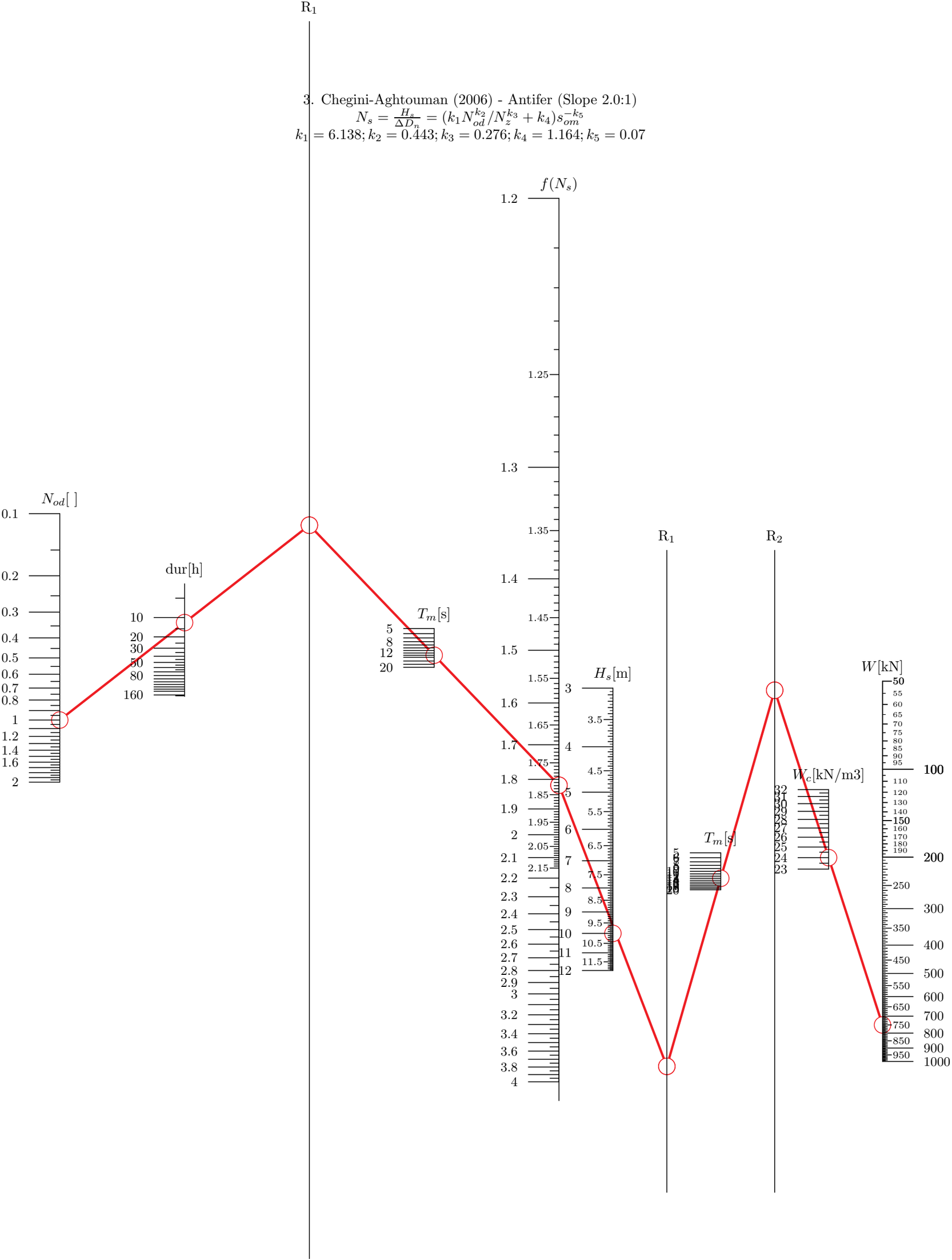



2. Van Der Meer (1988a) - Cubes (Slope 1.5:1)
$N_s = \frac{H_s}{\Delta D_n} = (k_1 N_{od}^{k_2} / N_z^{k_3} + k_4) s_{om}^{-k_5}$
$k_1 = 6.700; k_2 = 0.400; k_3 = 0.300; k_4 = 1.000; k_5 = 0.100$
R1
R1
R2
N_{od}[ ]
dur[h]
T_m[s]
$f(N_s)$
H_s[m]
T_m[s]
W_c[kN/m3]
W[kN]

3. Chegini-Aghtouman (2006) - Antifer (Slope 2.0:1)

$$N_s = \frac{H_s}{\Delta D_n} = (k_1 N_{od}^{k_2} / N_z^{k_3} + k_4) s_{om}^{-k_5}$$

$$k_1 = 6.138; k_2 = 0.443; k_3 = 0.276; k_4 = 1.164; k_5 = 0.07$$



4. Chegini-Aghtouman (2006) - Antifer (Slope 1.5:1)

$N_s = \frac{H_s}{\Delta D_n} = (k_1 N_{od}^{k_2} / N_z^{k_3} + k_4) s_{om}^{-k_5}$

$k_1 = 6.951; k_2 = 0.443; k_3 = 0.291; k_4 = 1.082; k_5 = 0.082$