A Short and Incomplete Introduction to Python

Part 6: Exception handling

Exceptions

"Exceptions" is the name given in Python to error conditions.

You can write code that intercepts some error conditions and reacts appropriately.

See also: http://docs.python.org/library/exceptions.html

What does an exception look like?

```
>>> stream.write('foo')
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
IOError: File not open for writing
```

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Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
IOError: File not open for writing
```

This is the exception *message*: it is supposed to be read by the (human) user.

What does an exception look like?

```
>>> stream.write('foo')
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
IOError: File not open for writing
```

This is the exception *class name*; it is used for catching exceptions (syntax in the next slide).

```
try:
    # code that might raise an exception
except SomeException:
    # handle some exception
except AnotherException as ex:
    # the actual Exception instance
    # is available as variable 'ex'
finally:
    # performed on exit in any case
```

The optional **finally** clause is executed on exit from the **try** or **except** block in *any* case.

Reference: http://docs.python.org/reference/compound_stmts.html#try

Common Exception types

ArithmeticError Catch-all class for all class of number manipulation errors.

IOError I/O error on open file.

IndexError Position i out of bounds in a sequence access like L[i]

KeyError Key k does not exist in a dictionary/mapping access like D[k].

OSError A system call failed.

TypeError Argument of wrong type passed to function. For example: a datetime object passed to int() or float().

ValueError Argument has the right type but an invalid value. For example: convert a string to integer but string does not contain a number.

For more, see:

https://docs.python.org/3/library/exceptions.html

Raising exceptions in your code

Use the raise statement with an Exception instance:

```
if an_error_occurred:
    raise RuntimeError("Spider sense is tingling.")
```

Exercise 6.A: Try loading file values2.txt with the load_data() function from Exercise 4.A – what exception does Python raise?

Edit the <code>load_data()</code> function into a <code>load_data2()</code> that *ignores* any line that does not contain an integer number.

Bonus points if you can write <code>load_data2()</code> so that it has exactly the same output of <code>load_data()</code>, i.e. minimize the number of rejected input lines.

Exercise 6.B: Write a function read_csv(p) which reads a CSV (*Comma-Separated Values*) file and returns a list of all rows in it. A *row* will be represented as a Python list of (string) items.