## Extend PNLSS

Extend PNLSS with output-based nonlinearity.

Data generated from discrete system

$$\mathbf{y} = [y, \dot{y}], \quad \dot{y}_{nl} = y_2$$
$$f_{nl} = \tanh(\dot{y}_{nl}/\varepsilon)$$

- for high and low level: (stick or slip) Identified as linear system
- Intermediate level:
  Identified for some levels
- Maybe due to "bad" initial guess(BLA)
   Same behavior seen for unilateral spring
- Solution?
   Improve guess by FNSI[1](nonlinear subspace methods by J.P.)
- Drawbacks:
  - Specify  $\varepsilon$  a priori
  - Does output(vel) correspond to slider vel?

Validation: different  $f_{nl}$  coeff. Upper:  $0.1*f_{nl}$ , lower:  $f_{nl}$ 



