# 1 General Notes to Myself

### 1.1 Problem

I need to convince my state legislator to propose or support a resolution to call for an article V consitutional convention.

### 1.2 What do I need to show for State Rep Staffers

- precident (think they mean legal authority, and obligations)
- studies of its effects
- possible downfalls or pitfalls
- support from public.
- what has to be put into motion

# 1.3 What do I need to do after I address all the points from the staffers.

- make a simple summary of argument
- send it to many other elected officials.

## 1.4 What will be the general outline of the paper?

- 1. What is the goal of this paper?
  - I want to prove the statement: if my rep calls for an article V convention for campaign finance then it will significantly benifit american society.
- 2. what is a constitutional convention? It is a way to propose amendments to the constitution without needing congress.
- 3. Why should my rep call a convention? It will help fix our broken democrasy
- 4. Why is our democrasy broken? our campaign finace system, lobbying, (anything else) produces inadiquite or detrimental legislation for most of the people in our society
- 5. How will a constitutional convention fix it?

# 2 What am I trying to prove?

I should give the legal justification followed by an historical example.

## 2.1 Main Statement I am trying to prove

I want to prove the statement: if my rep calls for an article V convention for campaign finance reform, lobbying reform, and to end corperate personhood, then it will significantly benifit american society?

I want to prove the statement: if my rep calls for an article V convention for electorial reform, then it will significantly benifit american society?

Or.

My rep is obligated to ensure elections of representatives of all level of government are fair in PA.

Elections are not fair in PA.

Campaign finance refore would make elections fair in PA.

Campaign finance refore is only possible now through a constitutional convention ammendment.

my state rep can call for such a convention.... or something like that..

# 3 How am I going to prove it?

I need to continue to break up the statement: "if my rep calls for an article V convention for campaign finance reform, lobbying reform, and to end corperate personhood, then it will significantly benifit american society?" Into smaller and simplier propositions until entire thing is proved.

(maybe instead of 'campaign finance reform, lobbying reform, and to end corperate personhood' more generally say 'fair elections' then define fair election).

## 4 Proof

First I have to prove that the first proposition can be true.

Proposition 1: my state representative calls for an article V convention for campaign finance, lobbying reform, and to end corperate personhood.

Breaking up proposition 1:

if Anthony williams is my state rep then he can call for an article v consititional convention to propose ammendments to the constitution.

if a constitutional convention is called to propose ammendments to the constitution then that convention can be held specifically for campaign finance reform.

if a constitutional convention is called to propose ammendments to the constitution then that convention can be held specifically for lobbying reform. if a constitutional convention is called to propose ammendments to the constitution then that convention can be held specifically for ending corperate personhood.

#### 4.1 US consitution

Axiom of Legislator Oath (US con): A state legislater must support the US consitution: (The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial Officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious Test shall ever be required as a Qualification to any Office or public Trust under the United States. (Article VI. of the United States Constitution))

Axiom of State Legislators Regulating Elections: State legislatures can regulate national elections for their state. (The Times, Places and Manner of holding Elections for Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law make or alter such Regulations, except as to the Places of chusing Senators. (Article I, Section 4 of us consitution.))

Axiom of Superseeding State Legislator Election Regulations: Congress can override the regulations of state legislators. (The Times, Places and Manner of holding Elections for Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law make or alter such Regulations, except as to the Places of chusing Senators. (Article I, Section 4 of us consitution.))

Axiom of Article V Constitutional Convetion: State legislators can call for constitutional conventions to propose ammendments to the united states constitution when they think it is nessisary. (The Congress, whenever two thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, as Part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress; Provided that no Amendment which may be made prior to the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any Manner affect the first and fourth Clauses in the Ninth Section of the first Article; and that no State, without its Consent, shall be deprived of its equal Suffrage in the Senate. (Article V. of the US consitution))

### 4.2 state house representative

Definition of State house rep: If someone is a members of the state House of Representatives then they are members of PA General Assembly. (The legislative power of this Commonwealth shall be vested in a General Assembly, which shall consist of a Senate and a House of Representatives. (Article II section 1))

Axiom of PA legislative power: If someone is a member of PA's general assembly then the have legislative power in PA. (Note PA Legislative Power: The legislative power of this Commonwealth shall be vested in a General Assembly, which shall consist of a Senate and a House of Representatives. (Article II section 1)).

Theorem of State house legistlative athority: If someone is a members of the state House of Representatives then they how the power to create legislation in PA:

Proof of theorem: If someone is a members of the state House of Representatives then they are members of PA General Assembly. by definition of Definition of State house rep. Since the GA has the legislative power of the commonwealth by the Axiom of PA legislative power then a house rep can create legislation.

Axiom of fair elections in PA: Elections in PA need to be fair. (Note PA Constitution on Elections: Elections shall be free and equal; and no power, civil or military, shall at any time interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage. (Article 1 Section 5.))

Axiom of State house oath: A state house representative is obligated to support, obey, and defend the Constitution of the United States and PA. (PA Constition Oath of Office: Oath of Office Senators, Representatives and all judicial, State and county officers shall, before entering on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation before a person authorized to administer oaths. "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support, obey and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of this Commonwealth and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity." The oath or affirmation shall be administered to a member of the Senate or to a member of the House of Representatives in the hall of the House to which he shall have been elected. Any person refusing to take the oath or affirmation shall forfeit his office. (Article VI section 3))

Theorem of state house obligations toward fair elections: A PA state house is obligated take actions that ensure fair elections. (note this theorem only says what their obligations are, it says nothing about that PA representatives athority. More about that later).

Proof of state house obligations (Note done yet):

We need to show to show that a state house representative is obligated to support fair elections on both the state and house level.

So a house representative is obligated to support the Constitution of PA by the axiom of state house oath. The constitution of pa requires that elections in PA be

fair. Therefore and house representative is obligated to ensure that elections are fair in PA on the state level. Also, since PA state rep is obligated regulate elections on that national level by the Axiom of State Legislators Regulating Elections, then State house reps are obligated to sure that PA elections on the national level are fair . Therefore a state house rep is obigated to take actions that ensure that elections are fair on both the state and national level (note, the Axiom of Superseeding State Legislator Election Regulations seems to contradict this but it doesnt. This theorem talks about what the motiviations of what the state legislator should be, not what thier athority is. This I will explain later. ).

#### 4.3 Constitutional Convention

Theorem of PA state senators need to call constitutional convention for electorial reform. : PA state senators have the athority to call for a constitutional convention when it is to ensure fair elections.

Proof: A PA state house is obligated take actions that ensure fair elections by the Theorem of state house obligations toward fair elections. PA state house reps can also call for amendments to the constitution when they deam it nessisary by the Axiom of a Article V Constitutional Convetion. Then PS state senantors have an obligation to call for a constitutional convention when it is nessisart to ensure fair elections.

Empircal Evididence of the validity of this theorem: The PA legislator has in already passed resolutions for article V constitutional conventions for electorial reform. (See Source Jpg on this). Need to explain historical context behind this.

Notes: What is left to do. What type of reforms are nessisary?

### 4.4 Fair Elections

I know there are studies on public financing of elections that suggests that more diverse canidates are elected.

representatives of congress are to be "dependent on the people alone." (James Madison, Federalist 52); and,