

Precalculus

$$\{(1, 2), (2, 4), (3, 6), (4, 8), (5, 10)\}$$

$$\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} \cdot \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\} \cdot x \cdot y \cdot f\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} \cdot \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}.$$

$$\{(\text{odd}, 1), (\text{even}, 2), (\text{odd}, 3), (\text{even}, 4), (\text{odd}, 5)\}$$

$$\{\text{even}, \text{odd}\} \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} \cdot \{1, 3, 5\} \{2, 4\} \cdot q \cdot r \cdot n \cdot q \cdot h \cdot a \cdot f, g, h \cdot x, y, z \cdot A, B, C$$

$$h \text{ is } f \text{ of } a \text{ We name the function } f; \text{ height is a function of age. } h=f(a)$$

$$\text{We use parentheses to indicate the function input. } f(a)$$

$$\text{We name the function } f; \text{ the expression is read as "f of a."}$$

$$h(a) \cdot h \cdot a \cdot a \cdot h \cdot f(a+b) \cdot y=f(x) \cdot f. \text{ "y x." } x \cdot y, f(x), f, \text{days}=f(\text{month})d=f(m). f(\text{March})=31, d=f(m) \cdot d$$

$$m \cdot N=f(y) \cdot N, y. f(2005)=300 \cdot f(2005)=300, (N), N=f(y). f(2005)=300 \cdot d.w=f(d) \cdot y=f(x), y=y(x),$$

$$f, y \cdot f \cdot x. y=f(x), P=W(d), f \cdot D=f(m) \cdot m \cdot D \cdot Q=g(n). g \cdot n \cdot Q \cdot n \cdot Q \cdot a \cdot h$$

$$f(2)=1, f(5)=3, \text{and } f(8)=6$$

$$g(-3)=5, g(0)=1, \text{and } g(4)=5$$

$$f(x)=5-3x^2 \quad f(x)=x^2+3x-4 \quad 2a+hf(a+h)-f(a) \cdot h \cdot x$$

$$f(2)=2^2+3(2)-4=4+6-4=6$$

$$f(a)=a^2+3a-4$$

$$a+h,$$

$$f(a+h)=(a+h)^2+3(a+h)-4=a^2+2ah+h^2+3a+3h-4$$

$$f(a+h)=a^2+2ah+h^2+3a+3h-4$$

$$f(a)=a^2+3a-4$$

$$f(a+h)-f(a) \cdot h=(a^2+2ah+h^2+3a+3h-4)-(a^2+3a-4) \cdot h=2ah+h^2+3h \cdot h$$

$$=h(2a+h+3) \cdot h \text{ Factor out } h. =2a+h+3 \text{ Simplify.}$$

$$h(p)=p^2+2p, h(4). h(4), p$$

$$h(p)=p^2+2p \quad h(4)=(4)^2+2(4)=16+8=24$$

$$g(m)=m-4, g(5). g(5)=1 \quad h(p)=p^2+2p, h(p)=3.$$

$$h(p)=3 \quad p^2+2p=3 \text{ Substitute the original function } h(p)=p^2+2p. \quad p^2+2p-3=0$$

$$\text{Subtract 3 from each side. } (p+3)(p-1)=0 \text{ Factor.}$$

$$(p+3)(p-1)=0, (p+3)=0 \quad (p-1)=0 \quad p$$

$$(p+3)=0, p=-3 \quad (p-1)=0, p=1$$

$$h(p)=3 \quad p=1 \quad p=-3. h(1)=h(-3)=3 \quad h(4)=24. g(m)=m-4, g(m)=2. m=8 \quad 2n+6p=12 \quad n \cdot p. p \cdot n.$$

$$2n+6p=12 \quad p=f(n), p \cdot n, p=[\text{expression involving } n].$$

$$2n+6p=12 \quad 6p=12-2n \text{ Subtract } 2n \text{ from both sides. } p=12-2n \quad 6$$

$$\text{Divide both sides by 6 and simplify. } p=12 \cdot 6 - 2n \cdot 6 \quad p=2-1 \cdot 3 \cdot n$$

$$p \cdot n$$

$$p=f(n)=2-1 \cdot 3 \cdot n$$

$$x^2+y^2=1 \quad x \cdot y \quad y=f(x). \quad x^2$$

$$y^2=1-x^2$$

$$y$$

$$y=\pm 1-x^2 \quad =+1-x^2 \quad \text{and} \quad -1-x^2$$

$$y=f(x). x-8 \quad y^3=0, y \cdot x. y=f(x)=x^3 \quad 2x=y+2 \quad y, y \cdot x, x \cdot y. x \cdot y, y \cdot y \cdot x, P. P \cdot P(\text{goldfish})=2160. P$$

$$g(3). g(n)=6. ng(n)g(3)gn=3. n=3g(3)=7. g(n)=6n, 24. ng(n) \cdot g, g, g(1). g(1)=8 \quad f(2). f(x)=4. f(2),$$

$$x=2, (2,1), f(2)=1. f(x)=4, 4 \quad y=4, 4: (-1,4) \quad (3,4). f(x)=4: -1 \quad 3. f(-1)=4 \quad f(3)=4, -1 \quad 3, 4. f(x)=1.$$

$$x=0 \quad x=2 \quad q \cdot r \cdot n. r \cdot A=\pi r^2, r, A. r \cdot A \cdot A=\pi r^2. A \cdot \pi \cdot x \cdot y, y \cdot x, y=f(x) \cdot f. (x,y) \cdot y=f(x). f(0)=2$$

$$f(6)=1. (x,y) \cdot y=f(x) \quad (0,2) \quad (6,1) \cdot y=f(x)? \quad x \cdot y=f(x) \quad f(x)=c, cf(x)=xf(x)=|x| \cdot f(x)=x \quad 2f(x)=x \quad 3$$

$$f(x)=1 \quad xf(x)=1 \quad x \quad 2f(x)=xf(x)=x \quad 3f(x)=c, c \cdot f(x)=xf(x)=|x| \cdot f(x)=x \quad 2f(x)=x \quad 3f(x)=1 \quad x$$

$$f(x)=1 \quad x \quad 2f(x)=xf(x)=x \quad 3 \quad y=f(x). \{(a,b), (c,d), (a,c)\} \{(a,b), (b,c), (c,c)\} \cdot y \cdot x. 5x+2y=10 \quad y=x \quad 2$$

$$x=y \quad 23 \quad x^2+y=14 \quad 2x+y=6 \quad y=-2 \quad x^2+40xy=1 \quad xx=3y+5 \quad 7y-1x=1-y \quad 2y=3x+5 \quad 7x-1x \quad 2+y^2=9$$

$$2xy=1 \quad x=y \quad 3y=x \quad 3y=1-x \quad 2x=\pm 1-y \quad y=\pm 1-xy \quad 2=x \quad 2y^3=x \quad 2 \quad f(-3), f(2), f(-a), -f(a), f(a+h). f(x)=2x-5$$

$$f(-3)=-11; f(2)=-1; f(-a)=-2a-5; -f(a)=-2a+5; f(a+h)=2a+2h-5 f(x)=-5x^2+2x-1 f(x)=2-x+5$$

$$f(-3)=5+5; f(2)=5; f(-a)=2a+5; -f(a)=-2-a-5; f(a+h)=2-a-h+5 f(x)=6x-1 5x+2$$

$$f(x)=|x-1|-|x+1|$$

$$f(-3)=2; f(2)=1-3=-2; f(-a)=|-a-1|-|-a+1|; -f(a)=-|a-1|+|a+1|; f(a+h)=|a+h-1|-|a+h+1|$$

$$g(x)=5-x^2, g(x+h)-g(x)h, h \neq 0. g(x)=x^2+2x, g(x)-g(a)x-a, x \neq a. g(x)-g(a)x-a=x+a+2, x \neq a$$

$$k(t)=2t-1; k(2). k(t)=7. f(x)=8-3x; f(-2). f(x)=-1. f(-2)=14; x=3 p(c)=c^2+c; p(-3). p(c)=2.$$

$$f(x)=x^2-3x; f(5). f(x)=4. f(5)=10; x=-1 x=4 f(x)=x+2; f(7). f(x)=4. 3r+2t=18. r=f(t). f(-3). f(t)=2.$$

$$f(t)=6-23t; f(-3)=8; t=6 f(-1). f(x)=3. f(0). f(x)=-3. f(0)=1; f(x)=-3, x=-2 x=2 f(4). f(x)=1.$$

$$\{(-1,-1), (-2,-2), (-3,-3)\} \{ (3,4), (4,5), (5,6) \} \{ (2,5), (7,11), (15,8), (7,9) \} y \cdot x \cdot xyxyxy f(x)f(x)$$

$$f(3). f(x)=1. f(x)=1, x=2 f(-2), f(-1), f(0), f(1), f(2). f(x)=4-2xf(x)=8-3x$$

$$f(-2)=14; f(-1)=11; f(0)=8; f(1)=5; f(2)=2f(x)=8x^2-7x+3 f(x)=3+x+3$$

$$f(-2)=4; f(-1)=4.414; f(0)=4.732; f(1)=4.5; f(2)=5.236 f(x)=x-2x+3f(x)=3x$$

$$f(-2)=19; f(-1)=13; f(0)=1; f(1)=3; f(2)=9f, g, h: f(x)=3x-2g(x)=5-x 2h(x)=-2x^2+3x-1$$

$$3f(1)-4g(-2)f(73)-h(-2)y=x^2[-0.1, 0.1][-10, 10][0, 100][-100, 100]y=x^3[-0.1, 0.1]$$

$$[-0.001, 0.001][-10, 10][-100, 100][-1,000,000, 1,000,000]y=x[0, 0.01][0, 100][0, 10][0, 10,000]$$

$$y=x^3[-0.001, 0.001][-0.1, 0.1][-1000, 1000][-1,000,000, 1,000,000][-100, 100] G, p G=f(p). G p f.$$

$$f(5)=2. D, a D=g(a). g. g(100)=1. g(5000)=50; f(t) t f(5)=30f(10)=40 h(t) t h(1)=200h(2)=350$$

$$f(x)=3(x-5)^2+7(0, 100]. \{ (2, 10), (3, 10), (4, 20), (5, 30), (6, 40) \}$$

$$\{2,3,4,5,6\}$$

$$\{(-5,4), (0,0), (5,-4), (10,-8), (15,-12)\} \{-5, 0, 5, 10, 15\} f(x)=x^2-1. x f(-\infty, \infty). f(x)=5-x+x^3.$$

$$(-\infty, \infty) x f(x)=x+1 2-x \cdot x.$$

$$2-x=0 \quad -x=-2 \quad x=2$$

$$x<2 \quad x>2. \cup, (-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty). f(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty). f(x)=1+4x 2x-1. (-\infty, 12) \cup (12, \infty) x. f(x)=7-x \cdot x.$$

$$7-x \geq 0 \quad -x \geq -7 \quad x \leq 7$$

$$7, (-\infty, 7]. f(x)=5+2x. [-52, \infty) f(x)=-1x \{x|10 \leq x < 30\} x \{ \} \{x|10 \leq x < 30\} x, x \cup, \{2,3,5\} \{4,6\}$$

$$\{2,3,4,5,6\}.$$

$$\{x| |x| \geq 3\} = (-\infty, -3] \cup [3, \infty)$$

$$\{x| \text{statement about } x\} x \cdot x$$

$$\{x| 4 < x \leq 12\}$$

$$(4, 12]$$

$$\cup x, x 1 \leq x \leq 3 \text{ or } x > 5 \{x| 1 \leq x \leq 3 \text{ or } x > 5\} [1, 3] \cup (5, \infty) \{x| x \leq -2 \text{ or } -1 \leq x < 3\} (-\infty, -2] \cup [-1, 3) -5 [-5, \infty). 5$$

$$(-\infty, 5]. f f(-3, 1]. [-4, 0). f t b 1973 \leq t \leq 2008 180 \leq b \leq 2010. f(x)=c, c, \{c\} [c, c], c. f(x)=x, x.$$

$$f(x)=|x|, x. f(x)=x^2, f(x)=x^3, f(x)=1x, \{x| x \neq 0\}, f(x)=1x^2, 0, 0x f(x)=x, x-x x. f(x)=x^3,$$

$$f(x)=2x^3-x. (-\infty, \infty) (-\infty, \infty). f(x)=2x+1. -1 (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, \infty). (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty). f(x)=2x+4.$$

$$x+4 \geq 0 \text{ when } x \geq -4$$

$$f(x) [-4, \infty). f(-4)=0, x f[0, \infty). f. f(x)=-2x. (-\infty, 2]; (-\infty, 0] f(x)=|x|.$$

$$f(x)=x \text{ if } x \geq 0$$

$$f(x)=-x \text{ if } x < 0$$

$$S 0.1S S \leq \$10,000 \$1000+0.2(S-\$10,000) S > \$10,000.$$

$$f(x)=\{ \text{formula 1 if } x \text{ is in domain 1 formula 2 if } x \text{ is in domain 2 formula 3 if } x \text{ is in domain 3}$$

$$|x|=\{x \text{ if } x \geq 0 -x \text{ if } x < 0$$

$$n, C. C=5n. n C=50.$$

$$C(n)=\{ 5n \text{ if } 0 < n < 10 50 \text{ if } n \geq 10$$

$$n=0 \quad n=10 \quad n=10, C, g$$

$$C(g)=\{ 25 \text{ if } 0 < g < 2 25+10(g-2) \text{ if } g \geq 2$$

$$C(1.5),$$

$$C(1.5)=\$25$$

$$C(4),$$

$$C(4)=25+10(4-2)=\$45$$

$$g=2.$$

$$f(x)=\begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ 3 & \text{if } 1 < x \leq 2 \\ x & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 \text{ if } x \leq 1; f(x) = 3 \text{ if } 1 < x \leq 2; f(x) = x \text{ if } x > 2$$

$$f(x)=\begin{cases} x^3 & \text{if } x < -1 \\ -2 & \text{if } -1 < x < 4 \\ x & \text{if } x > 4 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x)=x^3 \quad f(x)=x \cdot x \quad f(x)=x^3 \quad (-\infty, \infty). \quad x \quad f(x)=x \quad [0, \infty). \quad x \quad y \quad -\infty \quad \infty. \quad f(x)=-2x(x-1)(x-2) \quad f(x)=5-2x \quad 2$$

$$(-\infty, \infty) \quad f(x)=3x-2 \quad f(x)=3-6-2x(-\infty, 3] \quad f(x)=4-3x \quad f(x)=x^2+4(-\infty, \infty) \quad f(x)=1-2x \quad 3 \quad f(x)=x-1 \quad 3(-\infty, \infty)$$

$$f(x)=9x-6 \quad f(x)=3x+1 \quad 4x+2(-\infty, -1/2) \cup (-1/2, \infty) \quad f(x)=x+4 \quad x-4 \quad f(x)=x-3 \quad x^2+9x-22$$

$$(-\infty, -11) \cup (-11, 2) \cup (2, \infty) \quad f(x)=1x^2-x-6 \quad f(x)=2x^3-250x^2-2x-15(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, 5) \cup (5, \infty) \quad 5x-3$$

$$2x+1 \quad 5-x(-\infty, 5) \quad f(x)=x-4 \quad x-6 \quad f(x)=x-6 \quad x-4 \quad [6, \infty) \quad f(x)=x \quad x \quad f(x)=x^2-9x \quad x^2-81$$

$$(-\infty, -9) \cup (-9, 9) \cup (9, \infty) \quad f(x)=2x^3-50x \quad (2, 8], [6, 8] \quad [-4, 4], [0, 2] \quad [-5, 3], [0, 2] \quad (-\infty, 1], [0, \infty)$$

$$[-6, -1/6] \cup [1/6, 6]; [-6, -1/6] \cup [1/6, 6] \quad [-3, \infty); [0, \infty) \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x < -2 \\ -2x-3 & \text{if } x \geq -2 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x)=\begin{cases} 2x-1 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ 1+x & \text{if } x \geq 1 \end{cases} \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x-1 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} 3 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$f(x)=\begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ 1-x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x)=\begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x+2 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ x^3 & \text{if } x \geq 1 \end{cases} \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x < 2 \\ 1 & \text{if } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$(-\infty, \infty) \quad f, f(-3), f(-2), f(-1), f(0). \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x < -2 \\ -2x-3 & \text{if } x \geq -2 \end{cases} \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x \leq -3 \\ 0 & \text{if } x > -3 \end{cases}$$

$$f(-3)=1; f(-2)=0; f(-1)=0; f(0)=0 \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} -2x^2+3 & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ 5x-7 & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases} \quad f, f(-1), f(0), f(2), f(4).$$

$$f(x)=\begin{cases} 7x+3 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ 7x+6 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad f(-1)=-4; f(0)=6; f(2)=20; f(4)=34 \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} x^2-2 & \text{if } x < 2 \\ 4+|x-5| & \text{if } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x)=\begin{cases} 5x & \text{if } x < 0 \\ 3 & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 3 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases} \quad f(-1)=-5; f(0)=3; f(2)=3; f(4)=16$$

$$f(x)=\begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x < -2 \\ -2x-3 & \text{if } x \geq -2 \end{cases} \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} x^2-2 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ -x^2+2 & \text{if } x \geq 1 \end{cases} \quad (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$$

$$f(x)=\begin{cases} 2x-3 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ -3x^2 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad y=1x^2 \quad [-0.5, -0.1] \quad [0.1, 0.5]. \quad [-0.5, -0.1]; [4, 100] \quad [0.1, 0.5];$$

$$[4, 100] \quad y=1x \quad [-0.5, -0.1] \quad [0.1, 0.5]. \quad f \quad [-5, 8]. \quad |f(x)| \leq [0, 8] \quad x > 2. \quad f(x)=1x-2. \quad h \quad t \quad h(t)=-16t^2+96t.$$

$$[0, 6]; \quad x \quad C(x)=10x+500. \quad C(x)? \quad \{x \mid \text{statement about } x\} \quad y \quad C(y)$$

$$\text{Average rate of change} = \frac{\text{Change in output}}{\text{Change in input}}$$

$$= \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$\Delta y \quad x. \quad \Delta f \quad \Delta y,$$

$$\Delta y \quad \Delta x = \$1.37 \quad 7 \text{ years} \approx 0.196 \text{ dollars per year}$$

$$\Delta y \quad \Delta x = \frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$x_1 \quad x_2. \quad y_2 - y_1 = \Delta y. \quad x_2 - x_1 = \Delta x. \quad \Delta y \quad \Delta x.$$

$$\Delta y \quad \Delta x = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{\$2.41 - \$2.84}{2009 - 2007} = \frac{-\$0.43}{2 \text{ years}} = -\$0.22 \text{ per year}$$

$$\frac{\$2.84 - \$2.31}{5 \text{ years}} = \frac{\$0.53}{5 \text{ years}} = \$0.106 \quad g(t) \quad [-1, 2]. \quad t = -1, g(-1) = 4. \quad t = 2, g(2) = 1. \quad \Delta t = 3 \quad \Delta g(t) = -3$$

$$1 - 4 = -3 \quad 2 - (-1) = 3 \quad -3/3 = -1$$

$$y_2 - y_1 \quad x_1 - x_2, \quad (x_1, y_1) \quad (x_2, y_2).$$

$$\frac{292 - 106 - 0}{6 - 0} = \frac{186}{6} = 31$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 1 \quad x \in [2, 4].$$

$$f(2) = 2^2 - 1 = 3 \quad f(4) = 4^2 - 1 = 15 \quad \Delta y = 15 - 3 = 12 \quad \Delta x = 4 - 2 = 2 \quad \text{Average rate of change} = \frac{12}{2} = 6$$

$$\text{Average rate of change} = \frac{f(4) - f(2)}{4 - 2} = \frac{63 - 7}{2} = 28$$

$$\frac{42}{2} = 21$$

$$f(x) = x - 2 \quad x \in [1, 9]. \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad F, d, F(d) = 2d^2. \quad F(d) = 2d^2 \quad [2, 6].$$

$$\text{Average rate of change} = \frac{F(6) - F(2)}{6 - 2} = \frac{2 \cdot 6^2 - 2 \cdot 2^2}{6 - 2} = \frac{72 - 8}{4} = 16$$

$$= \frac{2 \cdot 36 - 2 \cdot 4}{4} = \frac{72 - 8}{4} = 16$$

$$\text{Combine numerator terms.}$$

$$= -19 \text{ Simplify}$$

$$-19 \quad g(t) = t^2 + 3t + 1 \quad [0, a]. \quad a.$$

$$\text{Average rate of change} = \frac{g(a) - g(0)}{a - 0} \quad \text{Evaluate.}$$

$$= \frac{(a^2 + 3a + 1) - (0^2 + 3(0) + 1)}{a - 0}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 + 3a + 1 - 1}{a} \quad \text{Simplify and factor.}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 + 3a}{a} = a + 3$$

$$a \quad \text{Divide by the common factor } a.$$

$$= a + 3$$

$$a \quad t = 0 \quad t = a. \quad [0, 5], \quad 5 + 3 = 8. \quad f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 8 \quad [5, a]. \quad a + 7 \quad f(x) = x^3 - 12x \quad (-\infty, -2) \cup (2, \infty) \quad (-2, 2).$$

$$x = -2. \quad -16 \quad x = 2. \quad f(b) > f(a) \quad ab > a. \quad f(b) < f(a) \quad ab < a. \quad f(b) = f(a) \quad ab = a. \quad f(b) < f(a) \quad ab < a. \quad f(b) > f(a) \quad ab > a. \quad p(t) = 1$$

$$t = 3 \quad t = 4 \quad (4, \infty). \quad t = 1 \quad t = 3 \quad t = 4 \quad f(x) = 2x + x^3. \quad x = 2 \quad x = 3, \quad x = -3 \quad x = -2. \quad (-\infty, -2.449) \quad (2.449, \infty). \quad \pm 6,$$

$f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 - 15x + 20$   $(-1, 28)$ ,  $(5, -80)$ .  $(-\infty, -1) \cup (5, \infty)$   $(-1, 5)$ .  $f$   $f$ .  $x=1$   $x=1$ .  $y$   $x=1$ , 2.  $x=-1$   
 $x=-1$ .  $x=-1$ , -2.  $y$ -  $f(x) = x^3$   $f(x) = c$   $f(c)$   $f(c) \geq f(x)$   $x$   $f$ .  $f(x) = d$   $f(d)$   $f(d) \leq f(x)$   $x$   $f$ .  $f$   $f$ .  $x=-2$   
 $x=2$ ,  $x=-2$   $x=2$ , 16.  $x=3$ ,  $x=3$ , -10.  $\Delta y$   $\Delta x = f(x_2) - f(x_1)$   $x_2 - x_1$   $f(a, b)$   $(b, c)$ ,  $f(a, c)$ ?  $y = x^2$ ,  $b$   $h$ .  
 $f(x) = 4x^2 - 7$   $[1, b]$   $4(b+1)$   $g(x) = 2x^2 - 9$   $[4, b]$   $p(x) = 3x + 4$   $[2, 2+h]$   $k(x) = 4x - 2$   $[3, 3+h]$   
 $f(x) = 2x^2 + 1$   $[x, x+h]$   $4x + 2h$   $g(x) = 3x^2 - 2$   $[x, x+h]$   $a(t) = 1t + 4$   $[9, 9+h]$   $-1$   $13(13+h)$   $b(x) = 1x + 3$   
 $[1, 1+h]$   $j(x) = 3x^3$   $[1, 1+h]$   $3h^2 + 9h + 9$   $r(t) = 4t^3$   $[2, 2+h]$   $f(x+h) - f(x)$   $h$   $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x$   $[x, x+h]$   
 $4x + 2h - 3$   $f(x) = 1$   $x=4$ .  $x=2$   $x=5$   $3(-\infty, -2.5) \cup (1, \infty)$ ,  $(-2.5, 1)$   $(-\infty, 1) \cup (3, 4)$ ,  $(1, 3) \cup (4, \infty)$   $f$   
 $(-3, 60)$ ,  $(3, -60)$   $(7, 150)$ ,  $(-7.5, -220)$   $f(x) = x^2$   $[1, 5]$   $h(x) = 5 - 2x^2$   $[-2, 4]$   $q(x) = x^3$   $[-4, 2]$   
 $g(x) = 3x^3 - 1$   $[-3, 3]$   $y = 1x$   $[1, 3]$   $p(t) = (t^2 - 4)(t + 1)$   $t^2 + 3$   $[-3, 1]$   $k(t) = 6t^2 + 4t^3$   $[-1, 3]$   
 $f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 + 5$   $(3, -22)$ ,  $(-\infty, 3)$ ,  $(3, \infty)$   $h(x) = x^5 + 5x^4 + 10x^3 + 10x^2 - 1$   $g(t) = t^2 + 3$   $(-2, -2)$ ,  
 $(-3, -2)$ ,  $(-2, \infty)$   $k(t) = 3t^2 - 3t$   $m(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 - 12x^2 - 10x + 4$   $(-0.5, 6)$ ,  $(-3.25, -47)$   $(2.1, -32)$ ,  
 $(-\infty, -3.25)$   $(-0.5, 2.1)$ ,  $(-3.25, -0.5)$   $(2.1, \infty)$   $n(x) = x^4 - 8x^3 + 18x^2 - 6x + 2$   $f(1.333, 5.185)$   
 $f(x) = 1x$   $c$   $f(1, c) - 1$   $4$ .  $f(x) = 1x$   $b$   $f(2, b) - 1$   $10$ .  $b = 5$   $d(t) = 2.6667t^2$ ,  $t$   $d(t)$   $t = 1$   $t = 2$ .  $t = 5$   $t = 15$ .  
 $f(b) < f(a)$   $a < b$   $b > a$   $f(b) > f(a)$   $a < b$   $b > a$   $C(T)$   $C(T)$   $T(d)$   $d$   $\text{Cost} = C(T(d))$   $T(d)$ .  $T(5)$   $C(T(5))$ .  
 $w(y)$   $h(y)$   $y$ ,  $T$

$$T(y) = h(y) + w(y)$$

$$T = h + w$$

$$f(x) \quad g(x) \quad f+g, f-g, fg, f \cdot g$$

$$(f+g)(x) = f(x) + g(x) \quad (f-g)(x) = f(x) - g(x) \quad (fg)(x) = f(x)g(x) \quad (f \cdot g)(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x)$$

$$(g-f)(x) = g(x) - f(x) \quad (gf)(x) = g(x)f(x), f(x) = x-1 \quad g(x) = x^2 - 1.$$

$$(g-f)(x) = g(x) - f(x) \quad (g-f)(x) = x^2 - 1 - (x-1) = x^2 - x = x(x-1) \quad (gf)(x) = g(x)f(x)$$

$$(gf)(x) = x^2 - 1 \cdot x - 1 = (x+1)(x-1) \cdot x - 1 \quad \text{where } x \neq 1 \quad = x+1$$

$$(gf)(x), x \neq 1 \quad x=1, (fg)(x) = (f-g)(x).$$

$$f(x) = x-1 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x) = x^2 - 1$$

$$(fg)(x) = f(x)g(x) = (x-1)(x^2 - 1) = x^3 - x^2 - x + 1 \quad (f-g)(x) = f(x) - g(x) = (x-1) - (x^2 - 1) = x - x^2$$

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

$$“f \cdot g \ x,” “f \cdot g \ x.” \circ f(g(x)) \neq f(x)g(x). \quad g \cdot x \quad g(x). \quad f \cdot g(x) \quad f(g(x)). \quad f \cdot g \quad g \cdot f \quad f(g(x)) \neq g(f(x)) \quad x.$$

$$f(x) = x^2 \quad g(x) = x+2,$$

$$f(g(x)) = f(x+2) = (x+2)^2 = x^2 + 4x + 4$$

$$g(f(x)) = g(x^2) = x^2 + 2$$

$$x, x = -1 \quad 2 \cdot x \quad f \cdot g, f \cdot g$$

$$(f \cdot g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

$$f \cdot g \quad x \quad x \quad g \quad g(x) \quad f \cdot fg \quad f(g(x)), f(x)g(x) \neq f(g(x)). \quad f(g(x)) \quad g(f(x)).$$

$$f(x) = 2x+1 \quad g(x) = 3-x$$

$$g(x) \quad f(x).$$

$$f(g(x)) = 2(3-x) + 1 = 6 - 2x + 1 = 7 - 2x$$

$$f(x) \quad g(x).$$

$$g(f(x)) = 3 - (2x+1) = 3 - 2x - 1 = -2x + 2$$

$$g(f(x)) \neq f(g(x)), \quad c(s) \quad s \quad s(t) \quad t \quad c(s(3)). \quad s(3). \quad t=3 \quad s(3) \quad s(3) \quad c(s) \quad f(x) \quad x \quad g(y) \quad y \quad f(g(y)) \quad g(f(x)) \quad y = f(x)$$

$$\text{number of miles} = f(\text{number of hours})$$

$$g(y)$$

$$\text{number of gallons} = g(\text{number of miles})$$

$$g(y) \quad f(x) \quad f(g(y)) \quad f(x) \quad g(y) \quad f(x) \quad g(y), \quad g(f(x)) \quad g, \quad f(x), \quad x \quad f(g(y)) \quad g(f(x)) \quad G(r). \quad Fa(F). \quad a(G(r)) \quad G(a(F))$$

$$f(g(3)) \quad g(f(3)). \quad xf(x)g(x) \quad f(g(3)), \quad g(3) \quad g: \quad g(3) = 2. \quad f, \quad g(3) \quad f(2). \quad f, \quad f(2) = 8.$$

$$g(3) = 2 \quad f(g(3)) = f(2) = 8$$

$$g(f(3)), \quad f(3) \quad f(3) = 3. \quad g,$$

$$g(f(3)) = g(3) = 2$$

$$f \circ g \quad g \circ f \quad xg(x)f(g(x))f(x)g(f(x))f(g(1))g(f(4)).f(g(1))=f(3)=3 \quad g(f(4))=g(1)=3 \quad x-y-x-y-x-y-f(g(1)).f(g(1)), g(1)g(x), x-g(1)=3. f.$$

$$f(g(1))=f(3)$$

$$f(x), x-f(3)=6, f(g(1))=6. g(f(2)), g(f(2))=g(5)=3 f(g(x)). f(t)=t^2-t, f(t)=t^2-t \quad h(x)=3x+2, f(h(1)). h(1), h(x)$$

$$h(1)=3(1)+2 \quad h(1)=5$$

$$f(h(1))=f(5), f(t)$$

$$f(h(1))=f(5) \quad f(h(1))=5^2-5 \quad f(h(1))=20$$

$$t \quad x \quad f(t)=t^2-t \quad h(x)=3x+2, h(f(2))h(f(-2)) \quad f \circ g \quad g \circ f. \quad f \circ g \quad x \quad f(g(x)), x \quad g \quad g(x) \quad f, f(g(x)) \quad f \circ g \quad g \quad g \quad f. \quad f \quad g \quad x \quad x \quad g \quad g(x) \quad f. f(g(x)) \quad x \quad g \quad g(x) \quad f. f(g(x)), g. f. x \quad g \quad g(x) \quad f. x \quad g \quad g(x) \quad f. f \circ g.$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) \quad \text{where} \quad f(x)=5x-1 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x)=4-3x-2$$

$$g(x) \quad x=2 \quad 3, f \quad g(x) \quad x \quad g(x)=1.$$

$$4-3x-2=1 \quad 4=3x-2 \quad 6=3x \quad x=2$$

$$f \circ g \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 2.$$

$$x \neq 2 \quad 3 \quad \text{or} \quad x \neq 2$$

$$(-\infty, 2 \quad 3) \cup (2 \quad 3, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) \quad \text{where} \quad f(x)=x+2 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x)=3-x$$

$$g(-\infty, 3].$$

$$(f \circ g)(x)=3-x+2 \quad \text{or} \quad (f \circ g)(x)=5-x$$

$$(-\infty, 5]. f \circ g, (-\infty, 3] \quad f \circ g. \quad f \circ g \quad g, (-\infty, 3] \quad f \circ g \quad f, g.$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) \quad \text{where} \quad f(x)=1-x-2 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x)=x+4$$

$$[-4, 0) \cup (0, \infty) \quad f(x)=5-x^2 \quad g \quad h, f(x)=g(h(x)). \quad f(x). \quad 5-x^2$$

$$h(x)=5-x^2 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x)=x$$

$$g(h(x))=g(5-x^2)=5-x^2$$

$$f(x)=4-3-4+x^2 \quad g(x)=4+x^2 \quad h(x)=4-3-xf=h \circ g \quad (f \circ g)(x)=f(g(x)) \quad fg? \quad g \quad f \quad g, f \circ g?$$

$$f(x)=x+1 \quad \text{and} \quad g(x)=x-1. \quad f(g(x))=f(x-1)=(x-1)+1=x \quad g(f(x))=g(x+1)=(x+1)-1=x. \quad f \circ g=g \circ f. \quad f \circ g?$$

$$f(x)=x^2+2x \quad g(x)=6-x^2, f+g, f-g, fg, \quad fg. (f+g)(x)=2x+6, (-\infty, \infty) \quad (f-g)(x)=2x^2+2x-6, (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$(fg)(x)=-x^4-2x^3+6x^2+12x, (-\infty, \infty) \quad (fg)(x)=x^2+2x-6-x^2, (-\infty, -6) \cup (-6, 6) \cup (6, \infty)$$

$$f(x)=-3x^2+x \quad g(x)=5, f+g, f-g, fg, \quad fg. f(x)=2x^2+4x \quad g(x)=1-2x, f+g, f-g, fg, \quad fg.$$

$$(f+g)(x)=4x^3+8x^2+1-2x, (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty) \quad (f-g)(x)=4x^3+8x^2-1-2x, (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$$

$$(fg)(x)=x+2, (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty) \quad (fg)(x)=4x^3+8x^2, (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty) \quad f(x)=1-x-4 \quad g(x)=1-6-x,$$

$$f+g, f-g, fg, \quad fg. f(x)=3x^2 \quad g(x)=x-5, f+g, f-g, fg, \quad fg. (f+g)(x)=3x^2+x-5, [5, \infty)$$

$$(f-g)(x)=3x^2-x-5, [5, \infty) \quad (fg)(x)=3x^2x-5, [5, \infty) \quad (fg)(x)=3x^2x-5, (5, \infty) \quad f(x)=x \quad g(x)=|x-3|,$$

$$g \circ f. f(x)=2x^2+1 \quad g(x)=3x-5, f(g(2))f(g(x))g(f(x))(g \circ g)(x)(f \circ f)(-2)f(g(x))=2(3x-5)^2+1;$$

$$f(g(x))=6x^2-2; (g \circ g)(x)=3(3x-5)-5=9x-20; (f \circ f)(-2)=163 \quad f(g(x)) \quad g(f(x)).$$

$$f(x)=x^2+1, g(x)=x+2f(x)=x+2, g(x)=x^2+3f(g(x))=x^2+3+2, g(f(x))=x+4x+7f(x)=|x|, g(x)=5x+1$$

$$f(x)=x^3, g(x)=x+1 \quad x \quad 3f(g(x))=x+1 \quad x \quad 3 \quad 3=x+1 \quad 3 \quad x, g(f(x))=x^3+1 \quad xf(x)=1-x-6, g(x)=7x+6$$

$$f(x)=1-x-4, g(x)=2x+4(f \circ g)(x)=1-2x+4-4=x^2, (g \circ f)(x)=2x-4 \quad f(g(h(x))). f(x)=x^4+6,$$

$$g(x)=x-6, h(x)=xf(x)=x^2+1, g(x)=1-x, h(x)=x+3f(g(h(x)))=(1-x+3)^2+1 \quad f(x)=1-x \quad g(x)=x-3,$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) \quad (f \circ g)(x) \quad (g \circ f)(x) \quad (g \circ f)(x) \quad (fg)x \quad f(x)=2-4x \quad g(x)=-3x, (g \circ f)(x) \quad (g \circ f)(x) \quad (g \circ f)(x)=-3-2-4x;$$

$$(-\infty, 1 \quad 2) \quad f(x)=1-x \quad x \quad \text{and} \quad g(x)=1-1+x^2, (g \circ f)(x) \quad (g \circ f)(2) \quad p(x)=1-x \quad m(x)=x^2-4, p(x) \quad m(x) \quad p(m(x))$$

$$m(p(x)) \quad (0, 2) \cup (2, \infty); (-\infty, -2) \cup (2, \infty); (0, \infty) \quad q(x)=1-x \quad h(x)=x^2-9, q(x) \quad h(x) \quad q(h(x)) \quad h(q(x)) \quad f(x)=1-x$$

$$g(x)=x-1, (f \circ g)(x) \quad (1, \infty) \quad f(x) \quad g(x) \quad h(x)=f(g(x)). h(x)=(x+2)^2 \quad 2h(x)=(x-5)^3 \quad f(x)=x^3 \quad g(x)=x-5$$

$$h(x)=3x-5 \quad h(x)=4(x+2) \quad 2f(x)=4x \quad g(x)=(x+2)^2 \quad 2h(x)=4+x \quad 3h(x)=1-2x-3 \quad 3f(x)=x^3 \quad g(x)=1-2x-3$$

$$h(x)=1(3x^2-4)-3h(x)=3x-2x+5 \quad 4f(x)=x^4 \quad g(x)=3x-2x+5 \quad h(x)=(8+x^3-8-x^3) \quad 4h(x)=2x+6$$

$$f(x)=xg(x)=2x+6h(x)=(5x-1) \quad 3h(x)=x-1 \quad 3f(x)=x^3 \quad g(x)=(x-1)h(x)=1x^2+7 \quad lh(x)=1(x-2) \quad 3f(x)=x^3$$

$$g(x)=1-x-2h(x)=(1-2x-3) \quad 2h(x)=2x-1 \quad 3x+4f(x)=xg(x)=2x-1 \quad 3x+4 \quad f, g, f(g(3))f(g(1))g(f(1))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&g(f(0))f(f(5))f(f(4))g(g(2))g(g(0))f(x), g(x), h(x), g(f(1))g(f(2))f(g(4))f(g(1))f(h(2)) \\
&h(f(2))f(g(h(4)))f(g(f(-2)))f \text{ and } gxf(x)g(x)f(g(8))f(g(5))g(f(5))g(f(3))f(f(4)) \\
&f(f(1))g(g(2))g(g(6))f \text{ and } gxf(x)g(x)(f \circ g)(1)(f \circ g)(2)(g \circ f)(2)(g \circ f)(3)(g \circ g)(1)(f \circ f)(3)f(g(0)) \\
&g(f(0)), f(x)=4x+8, g(x)=7-x, 2f(x)=5x+7, g(x)=4-2x, 2f(g(0))=27, g(f(0))=-94 \\
&f(x)=x+4, g(x)=12-x, 3f(x)=1x+2, g(x)=4x+3f(g(0))=15, g(f(0))=5, f(x)=2x^2+1, g(x)=3x+5, f(g(2)) \\
&f(g(x))18x^2+60x+51, g(f(-3))(g \circ g)(x)g \circ g(x)=9x+20, f(x)=x^3+1, g(x)=x-1, 3 \cdot (f \circ g)(x) \cdot (g \circ f)(x). \\
&(f \circ g)(2) \cdot (g \circ f)(2) \cdot (g \circ f)(x)? \cdot (f \circ g)(x)? \cdot (-\infty, \infty) f(x)=1x \cdot (f \circ f)(x) \cdot (f \circ f)(x) f, F(x)=(x+1)^5, f(x)=x^5, \\
&g(x)=x+1, (g \circ f)(x)=F(x), (f \circ g)(x)=F(x), f(x)=x^2+2, x \geq 0, g(x)=x-2, (f \circ g)(6); (g \circ f)(6)(f \circ g)(6)=6 \\
&(g \circ f)(6)=6(g \circ f)(a); (f \circ g)(a)(f \circ g)(11); (g \circ f)(11)(f \circ g)(11)=11, (g \circ f)(11)=11, D(p) p, C(x) x, D(C(6)). \\
&C(D(6)), D(C(x))=6, C(D(p))=6, A(d) d, t, m(t), A(m(4)), m(A(4)), A(m(t))=4, m(A(d))=4, x \\
&P(x) x, r(t)=25t+2, t=2, A(t)=\pi(25t+2)^2, A(2)=\pi(25 \cdot 4)^2=2500\pi, r(t)=2t+1, t \\
&A(5)=\pi(2(5)+1)^2=121\pi, r, V, r(V)=3V, 4\pi \cdot 3 \cdot t, V(t)=10+20t, r(V(t)), N(T)=23T^2-56T+1, \\
&3 < T < 33, TT(t)=5t+1.5, t, N(T(t)), N(T(t))=23(5t+1.5)^2-56(5t+1.5)+1; xy, g(x)=f(x)+k, f(x) k, k=1 \\
&f(x)=x^3, y=f(x), f(x)+k, y+k, y-y+k, y-k, f(x), g(x)=f(x)+k, kf(x), kkk, V, t, S(t), \\
&S(t)=V(t)+20 \\
&t, S(t) V, S, V, t, V(t)S(t)f(x), g(x)=f(x)-3, xf(x), g(x)=f(x)-3, g, f. \\
&f(2)=1 \text{ Given } g(x)=f(x)-3 \text{ Given transformation } g(2)=f(2)-3 = 1-3 = -2 \\
&f(x) g(x) xf(x)g(x) h(t)=-4.9t^2+30t, h, t, b(t), h(t), b(t). \\
&b(t)=h(t)+10=-4.9t^2+30t+10 \\
&f(x)=x^3, h=+1, x, f(x)=x^2, g(x)=(x-2)^2, f, f, g(x)=f(x-h), h, f, h, h, V(t), F(t) \\
&V(t)=\text{the original venting plan } F(t)=\text{starting 2 hrs sooner} \\
&V, V, F, V(8)=F(6), 220 \text{ ft}^2, 220 \text{ ft}^2, V(10)=F(8), F(t), h=-2, F(t)=V(t-(-2))=V(t+2), V(t+2) \\
&F(t), V(t), V(t), V, F: F(t)=V(t+2), f(x), g(x)=f(x-3), xf(x), g(x)=f(x-3), g, f, f(2)=1, g, g(x), f. \\
&g(5)=f(5-3)=f(2)=1 \\
&xx-3f(x)g(x)g(x)g(x)f(x), x, f(x)=x^2, g(x)f(x), g(x), f(x)=x^2 \\
&g(x)=f(x-2) \\
&x=2, y=0; f(x)g(x)f(x-2). \\
&f(x)=x^2, g(x)=f(x-2), g(x)=f(x-2)=(x-2)^2 \\
&+2, -2, f(0)=0, g(2)=0, f, g(2)=f(x-2)=f(0)=0, G(m), m, G(m)+10, G(m+10), G(m)+10, m, G(m+10), m \\
&f(x)=x, f(x)g(x)=f(x+2), f(x)g(x)y-x, f(x)=|x|, h(x)=f(x+1)-3, f, h, f, f(x+1), f(x+1)-3, f(x)=|x|, (0,0) \\
&(0,0) \rightarrow (-1,0), (-1,0) \rightarrow (-1,-3), h, f(x)=|x|, h(x)=f(x-2)+4. \\
&h(x)=f(x-1)+2 \\
&h(x)=x-1+2 \\
&[1, \infty), [2, \infty), f(x)=1x, g(x)=1x-1+1, f(x), g(x)=-f(x), f(x), f(x), g(x)=f(-x), f(x), s(t)=t \\
&V(t)=-s(t) \text{ or } V(t)=-t \\
&s(t) \\
&H(t)=s(-t) \text{ or } H(t)=-t \\
&[0, \infty), [0, \infty), V(t) \cdot (-\infty, 0], H(t) \cdot (-\infty, 0], f(x)=|x-1|, f(x), g(x)=-f(x), h(x)=f(-x), xf(x), g(x), x, g(x), h(x), \\
&h(x), f(x), xh(x), f(x), g(x)=-f(x), h(x)=f(-x), xf(x), g(x)=-f(x), xg(x)-5-10-15-20, h(x)=f(-x), xh(x) \\
&k(t)=-2-t+1, kt, f(t)=2t, k(t), f(-t)=2-t, -f(-t)=-2-t, -f(-t)+1=-2-t+1, t \geq 0, [0,1), f(x)=x^2, \\
&g(x)=-f(x), h(x)=f(-x), g(x)=f(-x), f(x)f(x)=x^2, f(x)=|x|, f(x)=x^3, f(x)=1x, f(x)=2x, f(x)=0, x \\
&f(x)=f(-x) \\
&y-x \\
&f(x)=-f(-x) \\
&f(x)=f(-x), f(x)=-f(-x), f(x)=x^3+2x \\
&f(-x)=(-x)^3+2(-x)=-x^3-2x \\
&-f(-x)=-(-x^3-2x)=x^3+2x \\
&-f(-x)=f(x), f(x,y) \cdot (-x,-y) \cdot f, (-1,-3), f(s)=s^4+3s^2+7, f(x), g(x)=af(x), a, f(x), a>1, 0<a<1, a<0,
\end{aligned}$$

$$a. a. a > 1, a. 0 < a < 1, a. a < 0, P(t) Q,$$

$$(0, 1) \rightarrow (0, 2) (3, 3) \rightarrow (3, 6) (6, 2) \rightarrow (6, 4) (7, 0) \rightarrow (7, 0)$$

$$Q(t) = 2P(t)$$

$$t, Q P. t, a. a. f g(x) = 1/2 f(x). x f(x) g(x) = 1/2 f(x) g f f(4) = 3.$$

$$g(4) = 1/2 f(4) = 1/2 (3) = 3/2$$

$$x^{2468} g(x) 1/23 27 211/2 g(x) 1/2 \cdot f g(x) = 3/4 f(x). x f(x) x g(x) f(x) = x^3 \cdot g(x) f(x), g(x) \cdot g(2) = 2.$$

$$f(2) = 2/3 = 8. g 1/4 f g(2) = 1/4 f(2). g(x) = 1/4 f(x). g f.$$

$$g(x) = 1/4 f(x) = 1/4 x^3$$

$$g(x) = 3x - 2 y = f(x), y = f(bx) y = x^2 \cdot y = (0.5x)^2 y = x^2 y = (2x)^2 y = x^2 f(x), g(x) = f(bx), b f(x).$$

$$b > 1, 1/b \cdot 0 < b < 1, 1/b \cdot b < 0, g(x) = f(bx) b > 1 0 < b < 1 R,$$

$$R(1) = P(2), R(2) = P(4), \text{ and in general, } R(t) = P(2t).$$

$$f(x) g(x) = f(1/2 x) \cdot x f(x) g(x) = f(1/2 x) g f g(2) g(2) = f(1/2 \cdot 2) = f(1), f(1) g f g(4).$$

$$g(4) = f(1/2 \cdot 4) = f(2) = 1$$

$$x g(x) g(x) g(x) f(x) g(x) f(x) f(x) (6, 4) g(x) (2, 4), x - 1/3, 6(1/3) = 2. g(2) = f(6) g(1) = f(3).$$

$$g(x) = f(3x). 1/3 \cdot 1/4 f(1/4 x). g(x) = f(1/3 x) g(x) = 1/3 x^2 f(x) + 3, f(x), g(x) = f(2x + 3), g f. f(7) = 12.$$

$$g x g(x) = f(2x + 3) = 12? 2x + 3 = 7. x,$$

$$f(bx + p) = f(b(x + p/b))$$

$$f(x) = (2x + 4)^2$$

$$f(x) = (2(x + 2))^2$$

$$af(x) + k, a k. f(bx + h), h 1/b \cdot f(b(x + h)), 1/b h. f(x), g(x) = 2f(3x) + 1. x f(x) f(3x) 1/3, x - 1/3 \cdot x f(3x) x$$

$$2f(3x) x g(x) = 2f(3x) + 1 f(x) k(x) = f(1/2 x + 1) - 3.$$

$$f(1/2 x + 1) - 3 = f(1/2 (x + 2)) - 3$$

$$1/2 x + 2. -3 g(x) = f(x) + k k > 0 g(x) = f(x - h) h > 0 g(x) = -f(x) g(x) = f(-x) g(x) = af(x) a > 0 g(x) = af(x) (0 < a < 1)$$

$$g(x) = f(bx) (0 < b < 1) g(x) = f(bx) b > 1 x - y - y - f(x) = f(-x). f(x) = -f(-x). f, (-x) (x) f(x). f(-x) = f(x),$$

$$f(-x) = -f(x), f(x) = x f(x) = |x| g(x) = |x - 1| - 3 f(x) = 1/x f(x) = 1/x^2 g(x) = 1/(x + 4)^2 + 2 f. y = f(x - 49)$$

$$y = f(x + 43) f(x + 43) f. y = f(x + 3) y = f(x - 4) f(x - 4) f. y = f(x) + 5 y = f(x) + 8 f(x) + 8 f. y = f(x) - 2 y = f(x) - 7 f(x) - 7 f.$$

$$y = f(x - 2) + 3 y = f(x + 4) - 1 f(x + 4) - 1 f. f(x) = 4(x + 1)^2 - 5 g(x) = 5(x + 3)^2 - 2 (-\infty, -3) (-3, \infty) a(x) = -x + 4$$

$$k(x) = -3x - 1 (0, \infty) f(x) = 2x f(x). g(x) = 2x + 1 h(x) = 2x - 3 w(x) = 2x - 1 f(t) = (t + 1)^2 - 3 h(x) = |x - 1| + 4$$

$$k(x) = (x - 2)^3 - 1 m(t) = 3 + t + 2 f, g, h g(x) h(x) f(x). x f(x) x g(x) x h(x) g(x) = f(x - 1), h(x) = f(x) + 1 f, g, h g(x)$$

$$h(x) f(x). x f(x) x g(x) x h(x) f(x) = |x - 3| - 2 f(x) = x + 3 - 1 f(x) = (x - 2)^2 f(x) = |x + 3| - 2 f(x) = -x f(x) = -(x + 1)^2 + 2$$

$$f(x) = -x + 1 f(x) = 3x/4 g(x) = x h(x) = 1/x + 3 x f(x) = (x - 2)^2 g(x) = 2x/4 h(x) = 2x - 3 f. g(x) = -f(x) g x f.$$

$$g(x) = f(-x) g(x) = 4f(x) g f. g(x) = 6f(x) g(x) = f(5x) g 1/5 f. g(x) = f(2x) g(x) = f(1/3 x) g f. g(x) = f(1/5 x)$$

$$g(x) = 3f(-x) g y f. g(x) = -f(3x) g f(x) = |x| y 1/4 g(x) = -4|x| f(x) = x x f(x) = 1/x^2 1/3,$$

$$g(x) = 1/3 (x + 2)^2 - 3 f(x) = 1/x f(x) = x^2 1/2, g(x) = 1/2 (x - 5)^2 + 1 f(x) = x^2 g(x) = 4(x + 1)^2 - 5$$

$$f(x) = x^2 g(x) = 5(x + 3)^2 - 2 h(x) = -2|x - 4| + 3 f(x) = |x| k(x) = -3x - 1 m(x) = 1/2 x^3 f(x) = x^3 1/2.$$

$$n(x) = 1/3 |x - 2| p(x) = (1/3 x)^3 - 3 q(x) = (1/4 x)^3 + 1 a(x) = -x + 4 f(x) = x x = 4. g(x) = f(x) - 2 g(x) = -f(x)$$

$$g(x) = f(x + 1) g(x) = f(x - 2) f(x) = f(-x), y - b > 1 - 1 0 < b < 1 f(x) = -f(-x), 0 < a < 1 - 1 a > 1 f(x) = |x|,$$

$$f(x) = |x| = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ -x & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x x x |x - 5| \cdot x |x - 5| \leq 4.$$

$$-4 \leq x - 5 x - 5 \leq 4 \quad 1 \leq x \quad x \leq 9$$

$$|x - 5| \leq 4 \quad 1 \leq x \leq 9. x |x - 2| \leq 3 \pm 1\%, \pm 5\%, \pm 10\%. \pm 5\%. R$$

$$|R - 680| \leq 34$$

$$p |p - 80| \leq 20 y = 2|x - 3| + 4. y = |x| (3, 4)$$

$$f(x) = 2|x - 3| - 2, \text{ treating the stretch as a vertical stretch, or } f(x) = |2(x - 3)| - 2,$$

$$\text{treating the stretch as a horizontal compression.}$$

$$x f(x).$$

$$f(x) = a|x - 3| - 2$$

$$2 = a|1 - 3| - 2 \quad 4 = 2a \quad a = 2$$

$$f(x) = -|x + 2| + 3 \quad 8 = |2x - 6|,$$

$$2x-6=8 \text{ or } 2x-6=-8 \quad 2x=14 \quad 2x=-2 \quad x=7 \quad x=-1$$

$$|x|=4, |2x-1|=3 |5x+2|-4=9$$

A B,  $|A|=B$ ,  $B \geq 0$ ,  $A=B$   $A=-B$ .  $B < 0$ ,  $|A|=B$   $|A|=B$   $A=B$   $-A=B$ ,  $B > 0$ . x.  $f(x)=|4x+1|-7$   $f(x)=0$   
 $0=|4x+1|-7$  Substitute 0 for  $f(x)$ .  $7=|4x+1|$  Isolate the absolute value on one side of the equation.  $7=4x+1$   
 or  $-7=4x+1$  Break into two separate equations and solve.  $6=4x$   $-8=4x$   $x=6/4=1.5$   $x=-8/4=-2$   
 $x=1.5$   $x=-2$ .  $f(x)=|2x-1|-3$ , x  $f(x)=0$ .  $x=-1$   $x=2$   $|A|=B$ ?  $2+|3x-5|=1$ .  $|A|=B$   $A=B$   $A=-B$ . x.  
 $1=4|x-2|+2$ .

$$1=4|x-2|+2 \quad -1=4|x-2| \quad -1/4=|x-2|$$

$$f(x)=1 \quad g(x)=4|x-2|+2 \quad f \circ g \quad 1=4|x-2|+2 \quad f(x)=-|x+2|+3 \quad f(0)=1, (0,1). \quad f(x)=0 \quad x=-5 \quad x=1 \quad (-5,0) \quad (1,0).$$

$$|A|<B, |A|\leq B, |A|>B, \text{ or } |A|\geq B,$$

$$A \ B \ x. \ x$$

$$|x|<200 \text{ or } -200<x<200$$

$$x \ x \ x \ |x-600|.$$

$$|x-600|<200 \quad \text{or} \quad -200<x-600<200 \quad -200+600<x-600+600<200+600 \quad 400<x<800$$

$$|x-A|\leq B \quad a \ b \ b \ |x-A|=B. \quad |x-A|\leq B. \quad |x-5|\leq 4. \quad |x-5|=4. \quad |x-5|=4.$$

$$x-5=4 \quad x=9 \quad \text{or} \quad x-5=-4 \quad x=1$$

$$x=1 \quad x=9,$$

$$x<1, 1<x<9, \text{ and } x>9.$$

$$xf(x)<4 \quad >4? \quad x<1 \quad 0-5 \leq 5 \quad 1<x<9 \quad 6-5 \leq 1 \quad x>9 \quad 11-5 \leq 6 \quad 1 \leq x \leq 9 \quad |x-5| \leq 4 \quad 1 \leq x \leq 9, [1,9]. \quad f(x)=|x-5|.$$

$$g(x)=4 \quad x=1 \quad x=9. \quad f \circ g \quad 1<x<9. \quad f(x) \quad g(x). \quad 1 \leq x \leq 9. \quad [1,9].$$

$$|x-A|<C, |x-A|>C, \quad -C<x-A<C, \quad x-A<-C \text{ or } x-A>C.$$

$$< \ > \leq \text{ or } \geq.$$

$$|x-5|\leq 4 \quad -4 \leq x-5 \leq 4 \quad \text{Rewrite by removing the absolute value bars.} \quad -4+5 \leq x-5+5 \leq 4+5 \quad \text{Isolate the } x.$$

$$1 \leq x \leq 9$$

$$|x+2| \leq 6.4 \leq x \leq 8 \quad f(x)=-1/2 \quad |4x-5|+3, \quad x- \quad f(x)<0, \quad -1/2 \quad |4x-5|+3<0.$$

$$-1/2 \quad |4x-5|<-3 \quad \text{Multiply both sides by } -2, \text{ and reverse the inequality.} \quad |4x-5|>6$$

$$|4x-5|=6.$$

$$4x-5=6 \quad 4x-5=-6 \quad 4x-5=6 \quad \text{or} \quad 4x=-1 \quad x=11/4 \quad x=-1/4$$

$$f \ x=-1/4 \quad x=11/4 \quad x=-1/4 \quad x=11/4. \quad x=-1/4, \quad x=11/4.$$

$$x<-1/4 \quad \text{or} \quad x>11/4$$

$$(-\infty, -0.25) \cup (2.75, \infty). \quad -2|k-4| \leq -6. \quad k \leq 1 \quad k \geq 7; \quad (-\infty, 1] \cup [7, \infty) \quad |A|<B, \quad |A|\leq B, \quad |A|>B, \text{ or } |A|\geq B.$$

$$|A|=B. \quad A, \quad B. \quad A \ -B. \quad x \ x \ x \ x \quad 1/2 \quad |x+4|=1/2 \quad x \quad f(x) \quad f(x) \quad |f(x)-8|<0.03 \quad |x+3|=9 \quad |6-x|=5 \quad \{1, 11\}$$

$$|5x-2|=11 \quad |4x-2|=11 \quad \{9/4, \quad 13/4\} \quad 2|4-x|=73 \quad |5-x|=5 \quad \{10/3, \quad 20/3\} \quad 3|x+1|-4=55 \quad |x-4|-7=2$$

$$\{11/5, \quad 29/5\} \quad 0=-|x-3|+22 \quad |x-3|+1=2 \quad \{5/2, \quad 7/2\} \quad 3x-2 \leq 7 \quad 3x-2 \leq -7 \quad 1/2 \quad x-5 \leq 11 \quad 1/3 \quad x+5 \leq 14$$

$$\{-57, 27\} \quad -1/3 \quad x+5 \leq 14=0 \quad f(x)=2|x+1|-10 \quad (0, -8); \quad (-6, 0), \quad (4, 0) \quad f(x)=4|x-3|+4 \quad f(x)=-3|x-2|-1$$

$$(0, -7); \quad xf(x)=-2|x+1|+6 \quad |x-2|>10 \quad (-\infty, -8) \cup (12, \infty) \quad 2|v-7|-4 \geq 42 \quad 3x-4 \leq 8 \quad -4 \leq x \leq 4 \quad |x-4| \geq 8$$

$$|3x-5| \geq 13 \quad (-\infty, -8/3] \cup [6, \infty) \quad |3x-5| \geq -13 \quad 3/4 \quad x-5 \geq 7 \quad (-\infty, -8/3] \cup [16, \infty) \quad |3/4 \quad x-5|+1 \leq 16 \quad y=|x-1|$$

$$y=|x+1| \quad y=|x|+1 \quad y=|x|-2 \quad y=-|x| \quad y=-|x|-2 \quad y=-|x-3|-2 \quad f(x)=-|x-1|-2 \quad f(x)=-|x+3|+4 \quad f(x)=2|x+3|+1$$

$$f(x)=3|x-2|+3 \quad f(x)=|2x-4|-3 \quad f(x)=|3x+9|+2 \quad f(x)=-|x-1|-3 \quad f(x)=-|x+4|-3 \quad f(x)=1/2 \quad |x+4|-3$$

$$f(x)=10|x-2| \quad [0, 4]. \quad [0, 20] \quad f(x)=-100|x|+100 \quad [-5, 5]. \quad f(x)=-0.1|0.1(0.2-x)|+0.3x-$$

$$f(x)=4 \times 10^9 \quad |x-(5 \times 10^9)|+2 \times 10^9 \quad |2x-2/3 \quad (x+1)|+3 > -1 \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad ax-f(x)=2|x+1|+a. \quad a \quad y$$

$$f(x)=2|x+1|+a. \quad a \quad y \quad y \quad x=0. \quad x \quad p \quad |p-0.08| \leq 0.015 \quad x \quad x \quad |x-5.0| \leq 0.01 \quad x \quad |A|=B, \quad B \geq 0; \quad A=B \quad A=-B$$

$$|A|<B, \quad |A|\leq B, \quad |A|>B, \text{ or } |A|\geq B$$

$$C=5/9(F-32)$$

$$F$$

$$5/9(75-32) \approx 24^\circ\text{C}.$$

$$F \ C.$$

$$26=5/9(F-32) \quad 26 \cdot 9/5 = F-32 \quad F=26 \cdot 9/5 + 32 \approx 79$$



$$f(x), f^{-1}(x), "f x." \quad f^{-1}(f(x)) = f^{-1}(f(x)) = f^{-1}(y) = x$$

$$x \text{ f. } f(x), g(x) \quad f(g(x))=x \quad f(g(x))=x \quad y=4x \quad y=1/4x \\ (f^{-1} \circ f)(x) = f^{-1}(4x) = 1/4(4x) = x \\ (f \circ f^{-1})(x) = f(1/4x) = 4(1/4x) = x$$

$$y=4x \quad y=1/4x \quad f(x)=y, \quad f^{-1}(x) \text{ f } f^{-1}(y)=x. \quad f^{-1}(f(x))=x \quad x \text{ f. } f(f^{-1}(x))=x \quad x \text{ f}^{-1} \quad f^{-1} \text{ f. } f^{-1} "f \\ f^{-1}, f^{-1}(x), "fx."$$

$$f^{-1}(x) \neq 1/f(x)$$

$$f(2)=4 \quad f(5)=12,$$

$$f(2)=4, \text{ then } f^{-1}(4)=2; \quad f(5)=12, \text{ then } f^{-1}(12)=5.$$

$$g, g(4)=2 \quad g(12)=5. \quad (x, f(x)) \quad (2, 4) \quad (4, 2) \quad (5, 12) \quad (12, 5) \quad h^{-1}(6)=2, \text{ h? } h(2)=6 \quad f(x) \quad g(x), \\ f(g(x))=x \quad g(f(x))=x. \quad g = f^{-1} \text{ f } = g^{-1}. \quad g \neq f^{-1} \quad f \neq g^{-1}. \quad f(x) = 1/x + 2 \quad g(x) = 1/x - 2, \quad g = f^{-1} ?$$

$$g(f(x)) = 1/(1/x + 2) - 2 = x + 2 - 2 = x \\ g = f^{-1} \text{ and } f = g^{-1}$$

$$f(g(x)) = 1/(1/x - 2) = 1/(1/x) = x$$

$$f(x) = x^3 - 4 \quad g(x) = x + 4 \quad 3, \quad g = f^{-1} ? \quad f(x) = x^3 \quad g(x) = 1/3x, \quad g = f^{-1} ?$$

$$f(g(x)) = x^3/27 \neq x$$

$$x^3 = x \cdot 1/3, \quad f(x) = (x-1)^3 \text{ and } g(x) = x^3 + 1, \quad g = f^{-1} ? \quad f \circ f^{-1}, f \circ f^{-1} \cdot f \circ f^{-1}, f \circ f^{-1} \cdot f(x) = x \\ f^{-1}(x) = x^2, [0, \infty), f(x) = x \cdot f(x) = x^2 \cdot f(x) = x^2 [0, \infty), f(x) = (x-1)^2 [1, \infty), f^{-1}(x) = x + 1. \quad f \\ f^{-1} [1, \infty). \quad f^{-1} \text{ f } [0, \infty). \quad g \text{ h, f, g=h. } f(x) \quad f^{-1}(x). \quad f(x) \quad f^{-1}(x). \quad f(x) = cf(x) = xf(x) = x^2 f(x) = x^3 \\ f(x) = 1/x f(x) = 1/x^2 f(x) = x^3 f(x) = xf(x) = |x| [0, \infty), (0, \infty). \quad f(1, \infty) \quad f(-\infty, -2). \quad f^{-1}(-\infty, -2) \quad f^{-1} \\ (1, \infty). \quad f(t) \quad t \quad f^{-1}(70). \quad t \text{ (minutes)} \quad f(t) \text{ (miles)} \quad f \text{ f. } f^{-1}(70), \text{ f, } f^{-1}(70) = 90. \quad f(a) = b, \quad f^{-1}(b) = a.$$

$$f^{-1}(70) = a, \quad a \quad f(a) = 70. \quad t \quad f(t) = 70, \quad t = 90. \quad f(60), \quad f^{-1}(60). \quad t \text{ (minutes)} \quad f(t) \text{ (miles)} \quad f(60) = 50. \quad f^{-1}(60) = 70.$$

$$g(x) \quad g(3) \quad g^{-1}(3). \quad g(3), \quad (3, 1) \quad g(3) = 1. \quad g^{-1}(3), \quad g^{-1}(3) \quad g(x) = 3. \quad (5, 3) \quad g(5) = 3, \quad g^{-1}(3) = 5.$$

$$g^{-1}(1), \quad g^{-1}(4). \quad y \text{ x} \text{---} x \text{ y. } f \text{ x. } x \text{ y.}$$

$$C = 5/9(F - 32)$$

$$C = 5/9(F - 32) \quad C \cdot 9/5 = F - 32 \quad F = 9/5 C + 32$$

$$C = h(F) = 5/9(F - 32),$$

$$F = h^{-1}(C) = 9/5 C + 32.$$

$$h \quad C^{-1} \quad x \text{ y } y = 1/3(x-5) \quad x = 3y + 5 \quad f(x) = 2x - 3 + 4.$$

$$y = 2x - 3 + 4 \text{ Set up an equation. } y - 4 = 2x - 3 \text{ Subtract 4 from both sides. } x - 3 = 2y - 4$$

$$\text{Multiply both sides by } x - 3 \text{ and divide by } y - 4. \quad x = 2y - 4 + 3 \text{ Add 3 to both sides.}$$

$$f^{-1}(y) = 2y - 4 + 3 \quad f^{-1}(x) = 2x - 4 + 3. \quad f \text{ f } f^{-1} \quad xf^{-1}(y) \quad f(x) \quad y \quad f(x) = 2 + x - 4.$$

$$y = 2 + x - 4 \quad (y - 2) \cdot 2 = x - 4 \quad x = (y - 2) \cdot 2 + 4$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = (x - 2) \cdot 2 + 4. \quad f [4, \infty). \quad f [2, \infty), \quad f^{-1} [2, \infty). \quad f^{-1}(x) \quad x. \quad f^{-1} \text{ f } f^{-1} [2, \infty) \quad f^{-1} \text{ f}^{-1} \text{ f.} \\ f(x) = 2 - x ? \quad f^{-1}(x) = (2 - x) \cdot 2; \text{ domain of } f: [0, \infty); \text{ domain of } f^{-1}: (-\infty, 2] \quad f(x) = x^2 [0, \infty), [0, \infty) \\ f^{-1}(x) = x. \quad f \text{ f}^{-1} x - f \text{ and } f^{-1} ? \quad f^{-1}(x) \quad f(x) \quad y = x, \quad f(x) \quad f^{-1}(x). \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad (0, \infty).$$

$$y = x, \quad (1, 0) \quad (0, 1) \quad (4, 2) \quad (2, 4). \quad f \text{ f}^{-1} \text{ f } = f^{-1}, \quad f(f(x)) = x,$$

$$1/1x = x$$

$$f(x) = c - x, \quad c \quad g(x) \quad f(x), \quad g(f(x)) = f(g(x)) = x. \quad y = f(x) \quad x \text{ y. } x \text{ y. } y = x. \quad y \text{ y } f(x) = x^2 \quad f(x) = 1/x \quad y = f(x), \quad x \text{ y.} \\ x \text{ y. } y. \quad y \text{ y } = f^{-1}(x). \quad f(x) = a - x \quad a. \quad f^{-1}(x) \quad f(x) = x + 3 \quad f^{-1}(x) = x - 3 \quad f(x) = x + 5 \quad f(x) = 2 - x \quad f^{-1}(x) = 2 - x$$

$$f(x) = 3 - x \quad f(x) = x + 2 \quad f^{-1}(x) = -2x \quad x - 1 \quad f(x) = 2x + 3 \quad 5x + 4 \quad f \text{ f } f(x) = (x + 7) \quad 2f(x): [-7, \infty); \quad f^{-1}(x) = x - 7$$

$$f(x) = (x - 6) \quad 2f(x) = x^2 - 5 \quad f(x): [0, \infty); \quad f^{-1}(x) = x + 5 \quad f(x) = x^2 + x \quad g(x) = 2x \quad 1 - x : f(g(x)) \quad g(f(x)). \quad f(x)$$

$$g(x)? \quad f(g(x)) = x \quad g(f(x)) = x. \quad f \text{ g } f(x) \quad g(x) \quad f(x) = x - 1 \quad 3 \quad g(x) = x^3 + 1 \quad f(g(x)) = x, \quad g(f(x)) = xf(x) = -3x + 5$$

$$g(x) = x - 5 \quad -3f(x) = xf(x) = 3x + 1 \quad 3f(x) = -5x + 1 \quad f(x) = x^3 - 27 \quad f \text{ f } f(0). \quad 3 \quad f(x) = 0. \quad f^{-1}(0). \quad 2 \quad f^{-1}(x) = 0.$$

$$f^{-1} \text{ f } f(6) \text{ and } f^{-1}(2). \quad f \text{ f. } [2, 10] \quad f \text{ f. } f \text{ f } f(6) = 7, \quad f^{-1}(7). \quad 6 \quad f(3) = 2, \quad f^{-1}(2). \quad f^{-1}(-4) = -8, \quad f(-8). \quad -4$$

$$f^{-1}(-2) = -1, \quad f(-1). \quad xf(x) \quad f(1). \quad 0 \quad f(x) = 3. \quad f^{-1}(0). \quad 1 \quad f^{-1}(x) = 7. \quad f \text{ f}^{-1}(x). \quad xf(x) \quad xf^{-1}(x)$$

$$f(x) = 3x - 2 \quad f(x) = x^3 - 1 \quad f^{-1}(x) = (1 + x) \quad 1/3 \quad f(x) = 1/x - 1. \quad x \text{ y } f(x) = 9/5x + 32. \quad f^{-1}(x) = 5/9(x - 32). \quad x, \quad C$$

$C(r)=2\pi r$ .  $r(C)$ .  $r(36\pi)$   $t$ ,  $d(t)=50t$ .  $t(d)$ .  $t(180)$   $t(d)=d/50$ ,  $t(180)=180/50$ .  $\{(a,b),(c,d),(e,d)\}$   
 $\{(5,2),(6,1),(6,2),(4,8)\}$   $y^2+4=x$ ,  $x=y$   $f(-3)$ ;  $f(2)$ ;  $f(-a)$ ;  $-f(a)$ ;  $f(a+h)$ .  $f(x)=-2x^2+3xf(-3)=-27$ ;  
 $f(2)=-2$ ;  $f(-a)=-2a^2-3a$ ;  $-f(a)=2a^2-3a$ ;  $f(a+h)=-2a^2+3a-4ah+3h-2h$   $2f(x)=2|3x-1|$   $lf(x)=-3x+5$   
 $f(x)=|x-3|$   $lf(x)=|x+1|$   $lf(x)=x^2-2f(2)$   $f(-2)^2$   $f(x)=-2$ ,  $x$ .  $f(x)=1$ ,  $x$ .  $x=-1.8$  or  $x=1.8$   $h(t)=-16t^2+80t$   
 $h(2)-h(1)$   $2-1h(a)-h(1)$   $a-1-64+80a-16$   $a^2-1+a=-16a+64$   $f(x)=2$   $3x+2f(x)=x-3$   $x^2-4x-12$   
 $(-\infty,-2)\cup(-2,6)\cup(6,\infty)$   $f(x)=x-6$   $x-4f(x)=\{x+1 \quad x<-2 \quad -2x-3 \quad x\geq-2$   $x=1$  to  $x=2$ .  $f(x)=4x-3$   
 $f(x)=10x^2+x$   $31f(x)=-2x^2(2,\infty)$ ;  $(-\infty,2)(-3,1)$ ;  $(-\infty,-3)\cup(1,\infty)(-2,-3)$ ;  $(1,3)[-3,3]$ .  
 $[-10,10]$ .  $(-1.8,10)$   $(f\circ g)(x)$   $(g\circ f)(x)$   $f(x)=4-x$ ,  $g(x)=-4x$   $f(x)=3x+2$ ,  $g(x)=5-6x$   
 $(f\circ g)(x)=17-18x$ ;  $(g\circ f)(x)=-7-18x$   $f(x)=x^2+2x$ ,  $g(x)=5x+1$   $f(x)=x+2$ ,  $g(x)=1x$   
 $(f\circ g)(x)=1x+2$ ;  $(g\circ f)(x)=1x+2$   $f(x)=x+3$   $2$ ,  $g(x)=1-x$   $(f\circ g)(f\circ g)(x)f(x)=x+1$   $x+4$ ,  $g(x)=1x$   
 $(f\circ g)(x)=1+x$   $1+4x$ ,  $x\neq 0$ ,  $x\neq -1$   $4f(x)=1x+3$ ,  $g(x)=1x-9$   $f(x)=1x$ ,  $g(x)=x$   $(f\circ g)(x)=1x$ ,  $x>0$   
 $f(x)=1x^2-1$ ,  $g(x)=x+1$   $H$   $f$   $g$   $H(x)=(f\circ g)(x)$ .  $H(x)=2x-1$   $3x+4$   $g(x)=2x-1$   $3x+4$ ;  $f(x)=x$   
 $H(x)=1$   $(3x^2-4)-3f(x)=(x-3)$   $2f(x)=(x+4)$   $3f(x)=x+5$   $f(x)=-x$   $3f(x)=-x$   $3f(x)=5-x-4$   
 $f(x)=4[|x-2|-6]$   $f(x)=- (x+2)^2-1$   $g$   $f$   $g(x)=f(x-1)$   $g(x)=3f(x)$   $f(x)=|x-3|$   $lf(x)=3x$   $4g(x)=x$   $h(x)=1x+3x$   
 $f(x)=|x|$   $f(x)=1/2|x+2|+1$   $f(x)=-3|x-3|+3$   $f(x)=|x-5|$   $lf(x)=-|x-3|$   $lf(x)=|2x-4|$   $|x+4|=18x=-22$ ,  $x=14$   
 $|1/3x+5|=|1/3x-2|$   $|3x-2|<7$   $(-5/3,3)$   $|1/3x-2|\leq 7$   $f-1(x)f(x)=9+10x$   $f(x)=x$   $x+2f-1(x)=-2x$   $x-1$   
 $f$   $f$   $f(x)=x^2+1$   $f(x)=x^3-5$   $g(x)=x+5$   $3:f(g(x))g(f(x))$ .  $f(x)g(x)?$   $f(g(x))=xg(f(x))=x$ .  $fgf(x)=1x$   
 $f(x)=-3x^2+xf(5)=2$ ,  $f-1(2)$ .  $5f(1)=4$ ,  $f-1(4)$ .  $y=2x+8$   $\{(2,1),(3,2),(-1,1),(0,-2)\}$   $f(x)=-3x^2+2x$   
 $f(-2)f(a)$   $f(x)=-2(x-1)^2+3$   $f(x)=3-x$   $f(x)=2x^2-5x$ ,  $f(a+1)-f(1)$ .  $2a^2-a$   
 $f(x)=\{x+1 \text{ if } -2<x<3 \quad -x \text{ if } x\geq 3$   $f(x)=3-2x^2+x$   $f(b)-f(a)$   $b-a$ .  $-2(a+b)+1$   
 $f(x)=3-2x^2+x$  and  $g(x)=x$   $(g\circ f)(x)(g\circ f)(1)$   $2H(x)=5x^2-3x^3$   $f$   $g$ ,  $(f\circ g)(x)=H(x)$ .  $f(x)=x+6-1$   
 $f(x)=1x+2-1$   $f(x)=-5x^2+9x$   $6$  even  $f(x)=-5x^3+9x$   $5f(x)=1$  odd  $f(x)=-2|x-1|+3$ .  $|2x-3|=17$ .  $x=-7$   
 $x=10$   $-|1/3x-3|\geq 17$ .  $f(x)=3x-5$   $f-1(x)=x+5$   $3f(x)=4x+7$   $g(-\infty,-1.1)$  and  $(1.1,\infty)(1.1,-0.9)$   $f(2)$ .  
 $f(2)=2$   $f(-2)$ .  $f(x)=\{ |x| \text{ if } x\leq 3 \quad \text{if } x>2$   $x$   $F(x)$   $F(6)$ .  $F(x)=5$ .  $x=2$   $F-1(15)$ .  $f(x)=-2x+11$ ,  $f-1(x)$ .  
 $f-1(x)=-x-11$   $2f(x)$ ,  $f-1(x)$   $f-1(f(x))=x$   $x$   $f$ ;  $f(f-1(x))=x$   $x$   $f-1$   $x$   $m$   $b$

Equation form  $y=mx+b$  Equation notation  $f(x)=mx+b$

$D(t)$   $Dt$ .  $m$ ,  $b$

$$D(t)=83t+250$$

$$D(t)=83t+250, (0,250) D(t)=83t+250. f(x)=2x+1.$$

$$f(x)=mx+b$$

$bx=0$   $m(0,b)$ .  $P$ ,  $d$ ,  $P(d)=0.434d+14.696$ .  $f(x)=mx+b$  is an increasing function if  $m>0$ .

$f(x)=mx+b$  is an decreasing function if  $m<0$ .  $f(x)=mx+b$  is a constant function if  $m=0$ .  $f(x)=60xx$

$$f(x)=500-60xxx \quad f(x)=50x \quad 1x^2, y \quad 1y^2 \quad (x_1, y_1)(x_2, y_2) m,$$

$$m = \text{change in output (rise) change in input (run)} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$\Delta y \Delta x y_1 y_2 f, y_1 = f(x_1) y_2 = f(x_2),$$

$$m = \frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$(x_1, y_1)(x_2, y_2)$ ,  $y$ .  $(x_2, y_2)(x_1, y_1)$ , units for the output units for the input  $m$

$$m = \text{change in output (rise) change in input (run)} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$x_1 x_2 y_1 y_2 f(x) (3,-2)(8,1)(3,-2)(8,1).$$

$$m = \text{change in output change in input} = \frac{1 - (-2)}{8 - 3} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$m=0.6. m>0. f(x) (2,3)(0,4) m=4-3 \quad 0-2 = 1 \quad -2 = -1 \quad 2m<0.27, 800-23,400=4400$$

$$4,400 \text{ people } 4 \text{ years} = 1,100 \text{ people year}$$

$$m = \frac{1,868 - 1,442}{2,012 - 2,009} = \frac{426}{3} = 142 \text{ people per year}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$m = \frac{y - y_1}{x - x_1}$  assuming  $x \neq x_1$   $m(x - x_1) = y - y_1$   $x - x_1 (x - x_1)$  Multiply both sides by  $(x - x_1)$ .

$$m(x - x_1) = y - y_1 \text{ Simplify. } y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \text{ Rearrange.}$$

$$y - 4 = -1/2(x - 6)$$

$$y - 4 = -1/2(x - 6) \quad y - 4 = -1/2x + 3 \text{ Distribute the } -1/2. \quad y = -1/2x + 7 \text{ Add 4 to each side.}$$

$$y = -1/2x + 7.$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$mx_1 \text{ and } y_1x \text{ and } y(4,1). m=2x_1=4y_1=1.$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad y - 1 = 2(x - 4)$$

$$y - 1 = 2(x - 4) \quad y - 1 = 2x - 8 \text{ Distribute the 2.} \quad y = 2x - 7 \text{ Add 1 to each side.}$$

$$y - 1 = 2(x - 4) \quad y = 2x - 7, (6, -1). m = 3. x_1 = 6, y_1 = -1.$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad y - (-1) = 3(x - 6) \text{ Substitute known values.} \quad y + 1 = 3(x - 6)$$

$$\text{Distribute } -1 \text{ to find point-slope form.}$$

$$y + 1 = 3(x - 6) \quad y + 1 = 3x - 18 \text{ Distribute 3.} \quad y = 3x - 19 \text{ Simplify to slope-intercept form.}$$

$$-2(-2, 2). y - 2 = -2(x + 2) \quad y = -2x - 2(0, 1)(3, 2).$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 1}{3 - 0} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad y - 1 = \frac{1}{3}(x - 0)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{1}{3}(x - 0) \quad y - 1 = \frac{1}{3}x \text{ Distribute the } \frac{1}{3}. \quad y = \frac{1}{3}x + 1 \text{ Add 1 to each side.}$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{7 - 1}{8 - 5} = \frac{6}{3} = 2$$

$$m = 2. (5, 1).$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad y - 1 = 2(x - 5)$$

$$y - 1 = 2(x - 5).$$

$$y - 1 = 2(x - 5) \quad y - 1 = 2x - 10 \quad y = 2x - 9$$

$$y = 2x - 9. (-1, 3) (0, 0). y - 0 = -3(x - 0) \quad y = -3x \quad f(0, 7)(4, 4).$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{4 - 7}{4 - 0} = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad y - 4 = -\frac{3}{4}(x - 4)$$

$$y - 4 = -\frac{3}{4}(x - 4) \quad y - 4 = -\frac{3}{4}x + 3 \quad y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 7$$

$$b = 7. b.m.m.b.f(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x + 7, y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 7. f(0, 2)(-2, -4).$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-4 - 2}{-2 - 0} = \frac{-6}{-2} = 3$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad y - (-4) = 3(x - (-2)) \quad y + 4 = 3(x + 2)$$

$$y + 4 = 3(x + 2) \quad y + 4 = 3x + 6 \quad y = 3x + 2$$

$$(0, 2) b = 2. CC(x) = 37.5. C(x) = 1250 + 37.5x.$$

$$C(100) = 1250 + 37.5(100) = 5000$$

$$ff(3) = -2f(8) = 1$$

$$f(3) = -2 \rightarrow (3, -2) \quad f(8) = 1 \rightarrow (8, 1)$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{1 - (-2)}{8 - 3} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad y - (-2) = \frac{3}{5}(x - 3)$$

$$y + 2 = \frac{3}{5}(x - 3) \quad y + 2 = \frac{3}{5}x - \frac{9}{5} \quad y = \frac{3}{5}x - \frac{19}{5}$$

$$f(x)f(2) = -11, f(4) = -25, y = -7x + 3ff(c). f(x) = mx + b. x = c. N, t, N(0) = 200, b = 200. m = 15. N(t) = 15t + 200. t = 12.$$

$$N(12) = 15(12) + 200 = 180 + 200 = 380$$

$$I_n, I(n), (3, 760)(5, 920).$$

$$m = \frac{920 - 760}{5 - 3} = \$160 \text{ 2 policies} = \$80 \text{ per policy}$$

$$I(n) = 80n + b \quad 760 = 80(3) + b \text{ when } n = 3, I(3) = 760 \quad 760 - 80(3) = b \quad 520 = b$$

$$bn = 0,$$

$$I(n) = 80n + 520$$

$$b = 1000. m,$$

$$P(w) = 40w + 1000$$

$$(2, 1080)(6, 1240)$$

$$m = \frac{1240 - 1080}{6 - 2} = \frac{160}{4} = 40$$

$$f(x) = mx + b, b.xH(x), x.xH(x)H(x) = 0.5x + 12.5f(x) = mx + b$$

$$m = \frac{\text{change in output (rise)}}{\text{change in input (run)}} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \quad y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad mbE(t),$$

$$tE(t) = 3000 - 70t. E(t), tE(t) = 1200 + 40t. d(t) = 100 - 10t \quad ny = \frac{1}{4}x + 6y = 3x - 5y = 3x^2 - 23x + 5y = 15$$

$$3x^2 + 5y = 15 \quad 3x^2 = 15 - 5y \quad x^2 = \frac{15 - 5y}{3} \quad x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{15 - 5y}{3}} \quad y = 3x^2 - 5y = 3x^2 - 23x + 5y = 15$$

$$h(x) = -2x + 4k(x) = -4x + 1j(x) = 12x - 3p(x) = 14x - 5n(x) = -13x - 2m(x) = -38x + 3(2, 4)(4, 10)(1, 5)(4, 11)(-1, 4)$$

$$(5, 2) - 13(8, -2)(4, 6)(6, 11)(-4, 3) \quad 45f(-5) = -4, f(5) = 2f(-1) = 4f(5) = 1f(x) = -12x + 72(2, 4)(4, 10)(1, 5)(4, 11)$$

$$y = 2x + 3(-1, 4)(5, 2)(-2, 8)(4, 6)y = -13x + 223(-2, 0)(0, -3)(-5, 0)(0, 4)y = 45x + 4 - 54y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1y = -2x + 3$$

$$y = 3$$

$$\begin{matrix} x \\ g(x) \end{matrix}$$

$$g(x) = -3x + 5xh(x)xf(x)f(x) = 5x - 5$$

$$\begin{matrix} x \\ k(x) \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} x \\ g(x) \end{matrix}$$

$$g(x) = -252x + 6$$

$$\begin{matrix} x \\ f(x) \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} x \\ f(x) \end{matrix}$$

$$f(x) = 10x - 24$$

$$\begin{matrix} x \\ k(x) \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} ff(0.1) &= 11.5, \text{ and } f(0.4) = -5.9, f(x) = -58x + 17.3f[-10, 10]: f(x) = 0.02x - 0.01.x - 10x10.f \\ [-10, 10]: f(x) &= 2,500x + 4,000w, k, k.k, wkp, q, q.k.pqa = 11,900b = 1001.1q(p) = 1000p - 100f[-10, 10]183116 \\ -1010.f[-0.1, 0.1] &= -22.5 - 0.10.1.ff(x) = ax + b[-4, 4]ab.a = 2; b = 3a = 2; b = 4a = 2; b = -4a = 2; b = -5x \\ (x, 2), (-4, 6), m &= 3x = -163(10, y), (25, 100), m = -5(a, b)(a, b+1)x = a(2a, b)(a, b+1)(a, 0)(c, d) \\ y &= dc - ax - adc - ann, p, \$30p(n) = mn + bpnC(n) = 24 + 0.1n, nC(n)n, y, y = mn + bn - 400.P(t), tI(x) = 1054x + 23,286, x \\ C, F(C).F(28).F(-40).f(x) &= mx + b, \text{ then } m < 0.f(x) = mx + b, \text{ then } m > 0.y - y1 = m(x - x1)f(x) = mx + bf(x) = x. \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = 2x, (1, 2), (2, 4).f(x) = -23x + 5$$

$$x=0 \quad f(0) = -2 \cdot 3(0) + 5 = 5 \Rightarrow (0, 5) \quad x=3 \quad f(3) = -2 \cdot 3(3) + 5 = 3 \Rightarrow (3, 3) \quad x=6 \quad f(6) = -2 \cdot 3(6) + 5 = 1 \Rightarrow (6, 1)$$

$$f(x) = -23x + 5.f(x) = -23x + 5.f(x) = -34x + 6x = 0m,$$

$$f(x) = 12x + 1$$

$$12.x = 0.(0, 1).(0, 1)m = \text{riserun}.m = 12.(0, 1), f(x) = mx + bb(0, b)m$$

$$m = \text{change in output (rise) change in input (run)} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{riserun}f(x) &= -23x + 5x = 0x = 0(0, 5).-23.-2(0, 5)(-3, 7), (-6, 9), (-9, 11).f(x) = xf(x) = mx, mmf(x) = xmfmm > 1fm \\ 0 < m < 1.m, f(x) &= x.f(x) = mx + b, bb f(x) = xfbblblbf(x) = x.f(x) = mx + b.f(x) = x.m.b f(x) = 12x - 3m = 1212.b = -3y = x, \\ 12.y &= 12x, f(x) = 4 + 2x, \end{aligned}$$

$$f(2) = 1^2(2) - 3 = 1 - 3 = -2$$

$$(0, 4)(-2, 0).$$

$$m = \text{rise run} = \frac{4 - 2}{2 - 0} = 1$$

$$y = 2x + 4$$

$$f(x) = 2x + 3g(x) = 2x - 3h(x) = -2x + 3j(x) = 12x + 3g(0, 3)f(-3).(0, -3)12(0, 3), jfj f(x)x.$$

$$f(x) = 3x - 6$$

$$x.$$

$$0 = 3x - 6 \quad 6 = 3x \quad 2 = x \quad x = 2$$

$$(2, 0).y = c, cy = 5xf(x) = 0.0 = mx + b.f(x) = 12x - 3.x.$$

$$0 = 1^2x - 3 \quad 3 = 1^2x \quad 6 = x \quad x = 6$$

$$(6, 0).(6, 0)f(x) = 12x - 3.f(x) = 14x - 4.(16, 0)m = 0f(x) = mx + b, f(x) = b.f(x) = 2.f(x) = 2.x = 0.x = 2.x = 2, f(x) = b.x = a. -4, y = -4.7, x = 7.1.m1 \text{ and } m2 = -1.$$

$$m1m2 = -1$$

$$18, 18$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x + 2 \text{ negative reciprocal of } \frac{1}{4} \text{ is } -4 \quad f(x) = -4x + 3 \text{ negative reciprocal of } -4 \text{ is } \frac{1}{4} \quad -4(14) = -1$$

$$f(x) = m1x + b1 \text{ and } g(x) = m2x + b2 \text{ are parallel if } m1 = m2.$$

$$b1 = b2, m1 = m2,$$

$$f(x) = m1x + b1 \text{ and } g(x) = m2x + b2 \text{ are perpendicular if } m1m2 = -1, \text{ and so } m2 = -\frac{1}{m1}.$$

$$f(x) = 2x + 3 \quad h(x) = -2x + 2 \quad g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 4 \quad j(x) = 2x - 6$$

$$f(x)=2x+3j(x)=2x-612g(x)=12x-4h(x)=-2x+2f(x)=2x+3j(x)=2x-6g(x)=12x-4h(x)=-2x+2$$

$$f(x)=3x+1$$

$$(0,1).f(x).f(x).$$

$$g(x)=3x+6 \quad h(x)=3x+1 \quad p(x)=3x+2 \quad 3$$

$$f(1,7).b$$

$$y-y_1=m(x-x_1) \quad y-7=3(x-1) \quad y-7=3x-3 \quad y=3x+4$$

$$g(x)=3x+4f(x)=3x+1(1,7).f(x)=3x+6(3,0).m=3,x=3,f(x)=0$$

$$g(x)=3x+b \quad 0=3(3)+b \quad b=-9$$

$$f(x)(3,0)g(x)=3x-9.$$

$$f(x)=2x+4$$

$$-12.-12f(x).f(x).$$

$$g(x)=-12x+4 \quad h(x)=-12x+2 \quad p(x)=-12x-12$$

$$f(x)(4,0).-12.b.$$

$$g(x)=mx+b \quad 0=-12(4)+b \quad 0=-2+b \quad 2=b \quad b=2$$

$$-12$$

$$g(x)=-12x+2.$$

$$g(x)=-12x+2f(x)=2x+4(4,0).xyg(x)=mx+b.b.f(x)=3x+3(3,0).m=3,-13.$$

$$g(x)=-13x+b \quad 0=-13(3)+b \quad 1=b \quad b=1$$

$$f(x)(3,0)g(x)=-13x+1.h(x)=2x-4,(0,0)h(x)h(x)f(x)=2xg(x)=-12x(-2,6)(4,5).(4,5).$$

$$m_1=5-64-(-2)=-16=-16$$

$$m_2=-1-16=-1(-61)=6$$

$$(4,5).$$

$$g(x)=6x+b \quad 5=6(4)+b \quad 5=24+b-19=b \quad b=-19$$

$$(4,5)$$

$$y=6x-19$$

$$(-2,-15)(2,-3).(6,4).y=-13x+6f(x)=g(x).h(t)=3t-4j(t)=5-t.h(t)=j(t).$$

$$3t-4=5-t \quad 4t=9 \quad t=9/4$$

$$94.$$

$$j(9/4)=5-9/4=11/4$$

$$(94,114).j(t):j(t)h(t)j(t)j(t)f(x)=x.(0,5)(5,0)C,xR,xC \text{ and } R.$$

$$C(x)=120x+250,000$$

$$xR(x)=140x.x.$$

$$C(x)=R(x) \quad 250,000+120x=140x \quad 250,000=20x \quad 12,500=x$$

$$x=12,500$$

$$y,$$

$$R(20)=140(12,500) = \$1,750,000$$

$$(12,500,1,750,000). f(x)=b.x=b.f(x)=mx+b,bx.f(x)=ax=a,(a,a).yaxa.y=mx+bb.y=mx+bmb.$$

$$4x-7y=10 \quad 7x+4y=13y+x=12 \quad -y=8x+13y+4x=12 \quad -6y=8x+16x-9y=10 \quad 3x+2y=1y=2/3x+1 \quad 3x+2y=1$$

$$y=3/4x+1 \quad -3x+4y=1f(x)=-x+2g(x)=2x+4(-2,0)(0,4)h(x)=3x-5k(x)=-5x+1(15,0)(0,1)-2x+5y=20$$

$$7x+2y=56(8,0)(0,28)(0,6)(3,-24)(-1,19)(8,-71)(-8,-55)(10,89)(9,-44)(4,-14)$$

$$\text{Line 1: } m=8 \quad \text{Line 2: } m=-6 \quad \text{Neither}(2,3)(4,-1)(6,3)(8,5)(1,7)(5,5)(-1,-3)(1,1)$$

$$\text{Line 1: } m=-1/2 \quad \text{Line 2: } m=2 \quad \text{Perpendicular}(0,5)(3,3)(1,-5)(3,-2)(2,5)(5,-1)(-3,7)(3,-5)$$

$$\text{Line 1: } m=-2 \quad \text{Line 2: } m=-2 \quad \text{Parallel}f(x)=-5x-3(2,-12).g(x)=3x-1(4,9).g(x)=3x-3h(t)=-2t+4(-4,-1).$$

$$p(t)=3t+4(3,1).p(t)=-13t+2f(x)=-2x-1g(x)=-x.f(x)=2x+5g(x)=-3x-5.(-2,1)f(x)=-45x+27425$$

$$h(x)=94x+7310.f(x)=74x+45760g(x)=43x+315.(-175,53)f(x)=-x-1f(x)=-2x-1f(x)=-12x-1$$

$$f(x)=2f(x)=2+xf(x)=3x+2(-4,0)(0,-2)(-2,0)(0,4)(0,7)-32(0,3)25(-6,-2)(6,-6)(-3,-4)(3,0)$$

$$f(x)=-2x-1g(x)=-3x+2h(x)=13x+2k(x)=23x-3f(t)=3+2tp(t)=-2+3tx=3x=-2r(x)=4q(x)=34x=-9y+36$$

$$x^3-y^4=13x-5y=153x=153y=12g(x)f(x)=x^3/4,g(x).g(x)=0.75x-5.5(0,-5.5)g(x)f(x)=x^3/4,g(x).y=3x=-3$$

$$y=3/4x+1 \quad -3x+4y=122x-3y=12 \quad 5y+x=302x=y-3y+4x=15(2,7)x-2y+2=3 \quad x-y=35x+3y=-65 \quad x-y=-5$$

$$(-10,-5)g(x)=-0.01x+2.01(1,2).g(x)=-0.01x+2.01(1,2).y=100x-98f(x)=-0.1x+200 \text{ and } g(x)=20x+0.1.$$

$$f(x) = g(x) \cdot g(x) \cdot f(x) \cdot x < 1999 \quad 201 \quad x > 1999 \quad 201 \quad f(x) = b, bx = a, a \quad M, t, M(t) \quad M(t) = mt + b. \quad x -$$

$$0 = -400t + 3500 \quad t = 3500 / 400 = 8.75$$

$$x - x - 0 \leq t \leq 8.75. \quad y - y - x - y -$$

$$f(x) = mx + b \quad = -250x + 1000$$

$$xx -$$

$$0 = -250x + 1000 \quad 1000 = 250x \quad 4 = x \quad x = 4$$

$$x - x - x - x - y - y - t, P(t), (t=9),$$

$$m = \frac{\text{change in output}}{\text{change in input}}$$

$$t=0, (0, 6200) \quad t=5, (5, 8100) \quad (0, 6200) \quad (5, 8100).$$

$$m = \frac{8100 - 6200}{5 - 0} = \frac{1900}{5} = 380 \text{ people per year}$$

$$P(t) = 380t + 6200$$

$$t=9.$$

$$P(9) = 380(9) + 6,200 = 9,620$$

$$P(t) = 15000 \quad t.$$

$$15000 = 380t + 6200 \quad 8800 = 380t \quad t \approx 23.158$$

$$C(x), C(x) = 0.25x + 25,000 \quad (0, 25,000) \quad t, A(t), E(t), t=0, AE$$

$$A(t) = 4t \quad E(t) = 3t$$

$$A, E, D, D, t, A(t), E(t), D(t)$$

$$D(t)^2 = A(t)^2 + E(t)^2 = (4t)^2 + (3t)^2 = 16t^2 + 9t^2 = 25t^2 \quad D(t) = \pm 5t$$

$$\text{Solve for } D(t) \text{ using the square root} \quad = \pm 5|t|$$

$$t, D(t) \quad D(t) = 5t. \quad DD(t) = 2t.$$

$$D(t) = 2 \quad 5t = 2 \quad t = \frac{2}{5} = 0.4$$

$$(30, 10), (20, 0).$$

$$m = \frac{10 - 0}{30 - 0} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$W(x) = \frac{1}{3}x$$

$$m = -3.$$

$$E(x) = -3x + b \quad 0 = -3(20) + b \quad \text{Substitute in } (20, 0) \quad b = 60 \quad E(x) = -3x + 60$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x = -3x + 60 \quad \frac{10}{3}x = 60 \quad 10x = 180 \quad x = 18 \quad \text{Substituting this back into } W(x) \quad y = W(18) = \frac{1}{3}(18) = 6$$

$$\text{distance} = (\sqrt{x^2 - x_1^2})^2 + (\sqrt{y^2 - y_1^2})^2 = (18 - 0)^2 + (6 - 0)^2 \approx 18.974 \text{ miles}$$

$$x, d, K(d): M(d) \quad K(0) = 20 \quad M(0) = 16 \quad K(d) = \$0.59 \quad P(d) = \$0.63 \quad f(x) = mx + b.$$

$$K(d) = 0.59d + 20 \quad M(d) = 0.63d + 16$$

$$K(d) < M(d). \quad K(d) \quad K(d)$$

$$K(d) = M(d) \quad 0.59d + 20 = 0.63d + 16$$

$$4 = 0.04d$$

$$100 = d$$

$$d = 100$$

$$K(d) > 100. \quad y = 0, \quad mx + b \quad x = 3, \quad f(x) = 1 + 2x, \quad f(x) \quad (2, 7). \quad f(x) = 12 - \frac{1}{3}x, \quad f(x) \quad f(x) = 9 - \frac{6}{7}x, \quad f(x) \quad g(x) = 2,$$

$$f(x) = 3x, \quad f(x) \quad (6, 1). \quad P(t), \quad t \quad P(t) = 75,000 + 2500t \quad P. \quad P \quad W(t). \quad W(t) = 7.5t + 0.5 \quad W \quad (-15, 0) \quad (0, 7.5) \quad C(t).$$

$$C(t) = 12,025 - 205t \quad C. \quad C(58.7, 0) \quad (0, 12,025) \quad C \quad y, \quad t, \quad t \quad y, \quad y \quad t, \quad y = -2t + 180 \quad y, \quad t, \quad t \quad y, \quad y \quad t, \quad y = 30t - 300 \quad P,$$

$$P(t) = 305 + 174t \quad P \quad t \quad C(x) = 0.15x + 10 \quad P(t) = 190t + 4360 \quad P. \quad t, \quad R(t) = 16 - 2.1t \quad R, \quad t, \quad \text{riserun.}$$

$$m = \frac{6050}{50} = 1.2$$

$$T(c) = 1.2c + 30$$

$$c \quad T(c) \quad x = 50,$$

$$T(30) = 30 + 1.2(30) = 66 \text{ degrees}$$

$$40 = 30 + 1.2c \quad 10 = 1.2c \quad c \approx 8.33$$

$$54^\circ \text{F}$$

$$T(c) = 30.281 + 1.143c$$

$$T(30) = 30.281 + 1.143(30) = 64.571 \approx 64.6 \text{ degrees}$$

$$r. \quad r. \quad r = 0.9509 \quad t,$$

$$C(t) = 113.318 + 2.209t$$

$$(t=14),$$

$$C(14)=113.318+2.209(14) =144.244$$

$$r,(x)(y).$$

$$y=ax+b \quad a=-1.341 \quad b=32.234 \quad r=-0.896$$

$$x,y,$$

$$y=ax+b \quad a=6.301 \quad b=-1.044 \quad r=-0.970$$

$$60^\circ \text{ F. } r=0.95r=-0.89r=0.26r=-0.39r=0.985xyy=1.640x+13.800r=0.987xyxyxy$$

$$y=-0.962x+26.86, \quad r=-0.965$$

$$xyxyy=-1.981x+60.197r=-0.998xyxyy=0.121x-38.841, r=0.998f(x)=0.5x+10x=-2, 1, 5, 6, 9$$

$$f(x)=-2x-10x=-2, 1, 5, 6, 9(-2,-6),(1,-12),(5,-20),(6,-22),(9,-28)y=-2x-10$$

$$(46, 1,600), (48, 1,550), (50, 1,505), (52, 1,540), (54, 1,495)P(189.8,0)$$

$$(2500, 2000), (2650, 2001), (3000, 2003), (3500, 2006), (4200, 2010)y,y=0.00587x+1985.41$$

$$(46, 250), (48, 305), (50, 350), (52, 390), (54, 410)y=20.25x-671.5$$

$$(46, 250), (48, 225), (50, 205), (52, 180), (54, 165).y=-10.75x+742.502x+3y=76x^2-y=5f(x)=7x-2$$

$$g(x)=-x+2(7,5)(3,17)y=-3x+26(6,0)(0,10)y=2x-2xg(x)xg(x)^2x-6y=12 \quad -x+3y=1y=1 \quad 3 \quad x-2 \quad 3x+y=-9$$

$$7x+9y=-63(-9,0);(0,-7)f(x)=2x-1(5,11)(10,1)(-1,3)(-5,11)m=-2;m=-2;(8,-10)(0,-26)(2,5)(4,4)$$

$$f(x)=5x-1y=-0.2x+21(0, 2)-12f(t)=2t-5x=y+62x-y=13f(x)=10-2xft.y,x,xx,y=-300x + 11,500$$

$$P(t)=100t + 1700P.xyxyy=-1.294x+49.412; \quad r=-0.974$$

$$(3,600, 2000); (4,000, 2001); (4,700, 2003); (6,000, 2006)y,2x + 3y=7f(x)=-2x + 5f(x)=7x + 9y=-1.5x -6$$

$$y=-2x - 1xg(x)xg(x)ny=3 \quad 4 \quad x-9 \quad -4x-3y=8-2x+y=3 \quad 3x+3 \quad 2 \quad y=52x + 7y=-14.(-7,0)(0,-2)(-2,-6)(3,14)$$

$$(2,6)(4,14)f(x)=4x+3(8,10).y=-0.25x+12(0,5)-52f(x)=-x+6x=y+22x-3y=-1f(x)=12-4xfCt.yxyxyx$$

$$y=875x + 10,675y=-46.875t+1250xy(4,500, 2000); (4,700, 2001); (5,200, 2003); (5,800, 2006)$$

$$y=0.00455x + 1979.5r=0.999r,$$

$$x^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$i$$

$$-1 = i$$

$$i^2 = (-1)^2 = -1$$

$$i.$$

$$-25 = 25 \cdot (-1) = 25 \cdot -1 = 5i$$

$$5i \quad -5i \quad 25 \quad a+bi \quad a-bi \quad 5+2i \quad 3+4 \quad 3 \quad i \quad . \quad a+bi \quad a-bi \quad b=0, \quad a+bi \quad a=0 \quad b \quad -a \quad a-1 \quad . \quad -1 \quad i. \quad a \cdot i \quad -9$$

$$-9 = 9 \cdot -1 = 3i$$

$$0+3i. \quad -24 \quad -24 = 0+2i \quad 6(a,b), \quad a \quad b \quad -2+3i. \quad -2 \quad 3i. \quad (-2,3) \quad -2+3i \quad 3-4i \quad 3, \quad -4i. \quad (3,-4) \quad -4-i$$

$$(a+bi) + (c+di) = (a+c) + (b+d)i$$

$$(a+bi) - (c+di) = (a-c) + (b-d)i$$

$$3-4i \quad 2+5i.$$

$$(a+bi) + (c+di) = (a+c) + (b+d)i \quad (3-4i) + (2+5i) = (3+2) + (-4+5)i = 5+i$$

$$2+5i \quad 3-4i. \quad (3-4i) - (2+5i) = 1-9i \quad 4(2+5i).$$

$$4(2+5i) = (4 \cdot 2) + (4 \cdot 5i) = 8+20i$$

$$-4(2+6i). \quad -8-24i$$

$$(a+bi)(c+di) = ac+adi+bci+bd \quad i^2$$

$$i^2 = -1,$$

$$(a+bi)(c+di) = ac+adi+bci-bd$$

$$(a+bi)(c+di) = (ac-bd) + (ad+bc)i$$

$$(4+3i)(2-5i). \quad (a+bi)(c+di) = (ac-bd) + (ad+bc)i$$

$$(4+3i)(2-5i) = (4 \cdot 2 - 3 \cdot (-5)) + (4 \cdot (-5) + 3 \cdot 2)i = (8+15) + (-20+6)i = 23-14i$$

$$(3-4i)(2+3i). \quad 18+i \quad a+bi \quad a-bi. \quad a+bi \quad a-bi, \quad a-bi \quad a+bi. \quad c+di \quad a+bi, \quad a \quad b$$

$$c+di \quad a+bi \quad \text{where } a \neq 0 \text{ and } b \neq 0$$

$$(c+di)(a+bi) \cdot (a-bi)(a-bi) = (c+di)(a-bi)(a+bi)(a-bi)$$

$$= ca-cbi+adi-bd \quad i^2 \quad a^2 \quad -abi+abi \quad -b^2 \quad i^2$$

$$i^2 = -1.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= ca - cbi + adi - bd(-1) a^2 - abi + abi - b^2(-1) = (ca + bd) + (ad - cb)i a^2 + b^2 \\
 &a + bi \quad a - bi. \quad 2 + i \quad 5 - i \quad 2 + i \quad a + bi. \quad a - bi, \quad 2 - i \quad 5. \quad a + bi \quad 0 - i \quad 2 + i. \quad a - bi, \quad 0 + i \quad 2 + i. \quad 1 + i. \quad i. \quad (2 + 5i) \quad (4 - i). \\
 &\quad (2 + 5i) \quad (4 - i) \\
 &\quad (2 + 5i) \quad (4 - i) \cdot (4 + i) \quad (4 + i) \\
 &(2 + 5i) \quad (4 - i) \cdot (4 + i) \quad (4 + i) = 8 + 2i + 20i + 5i^2 \quad 16 + 4i - 4i - i^2 = 8 + 2i + 20i + 5(-1) \quad 16 + 4i - 4i \\
 &\quad -(-1) \quad \text{Because } i^2 = -1 \quad = 3 + 22i \quad 17 = 3 \quad 17 + 22 \quad 17i
 \end{aligned}$$

Separate real and imaginary parts.

$$f(x) = x^2 - 5x + 2. \quad f(3 + i). \quad x = 3 + i \quad f(x) = x^2 - 5x + 2 \quad f(3 + i) = -5 + i. \quad 3 + i \quad -5 + i. \quad f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x. \quad f(8 - i).$$

$$102 - 29i \quad f(x) = 2 + x \quad x + 3. \quad f(10i). \quad x = 10i$$

$$2 + 10i \quad 10i + 3 \quad \text{Substitute } 10i \text{ for } x. \quad 2 + 10i \quad 3 + 10i \quad \text{Rewrite the denominator in standard form. } 2 + 10i \quad 3 + 10i \cdot$$

$$3 - 10i \quad 3 - 10i \quad \text{Prepare to multiply the numerator and denominator by the complex conjugate}$$

$$\text{of the denominator. } 6 - 20i + 30i - 100 \quad i^2 \quad 9 - 30i + 30i - 100 \quad i^2$$

$$\text{Multiply using the distributive property or the FOIL method. } 6 - 20i + 30i - 100(-1) \quad 9 - 30i + 30i - 100(-1)$$

$$\text{Substitute } -1 \text{ for } i^2. \quad 106 + 10i \quad 109 \quad \text{Simplify. } 106 \quad 109 + 10 \quad 109i \quad \text{Separate the real and imaginary parts.}$$

$$f(x) = x + 1 \quad x - 4. \quad f(-i). \quad -3 \quad 17 + 5i \quad 17i \quad i$$

$$i \quad 1 = i \quad i^2 = -1 \quad i \quad 3 = i \quad 2 \cdot i = -1 \cdot i = -i \quad i \quad 4 = i \quad 3 \cdot i = -i \cdot i = -i^2 = -(-1) = 1 \quad i \quad 5 = i \quad 4 \cdot i = 1 \cdot i = i$$

$$i, \quad i \quad i.$$

$$i \quad 6 = i \quad 5 \cdot i = i \cdot i = i^2 = -1 \quad i \quad 7 = i \quad 6 \cdot i = i \quad 2 \cdot i = i \quad 3 = -i \quad i \quad 8 = i \quad 7 \cdot i = i \quad 3 \cdot i = i \quad 4 = 1 \quad i \quad 9 = i \quad 8 \cdot i = i \quad 4 \cdot i = i \quad 5 = i$$

$$i \quad i \quad 35. \quad i \quad 4 = 1, \quad i \quad 4 \quad 35 = 4 \cdot 8 + 3. \quad i \quad 35 = i \quad 4 \cdot 8 + 3 = i \quad 4 \cdot 8 \cdot i \quad 3 = (i \quad 4) \quad 8 \cdot i \quad 3 = 1 \quad 8 \cdot i \quad 3 = i \quad 3 = -i$$

$$i \quad 35 \quad i \quad 35 \quad i \quad 3 \quad i \quad 35 \quad i \quad 35i \quad 34 \cdot ii \quad 33 \cdot i \quad 2i \quad 31 \cdot i \quad 4i \quad 19 \cdot i \quad 16(i \quad 2) \quad 17 \cdot ii \quad 33 \cdot (-1) \quad i \quad 31 \cdot li \quad 19 \cdot (i \quad 4) \quad 4$$

$$(-1) \quad 17 \cdot i = i \quad 33i \quad 31i \quad 19i. \quad ii \quad i \quad \text{If } f(x) = x^2 + x - 4, \quad f(2i). \quad -8 + 2i \quad \text{If } f(x) = x^3 - 2, \quad f(i). \quad \text{If } f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 5,$$

$$f(2 + i). \quad 14 + 7i \quad \text{If } f(x) = 2x^2 + x - 3, \quad f(2 - 3i). \quad \text{If } f(x) = x + 1 \quad 2 - x, \quad f(5i). \quad -23 \quad 29 + 15 \quad 29 \quad \text{If } f(x) = 1 + 2x \quad x + 3,$$

$$f(4i). \quad 1 - 2i - 2 + 3ii - 3 - 4i \quad (3 + 2i) + (5 - 3i) \quad 8 - i \quad (-2 - 4i) + (1 + 6i) \quad (-5 + 3i) - (6 - i) - 11 + 4i \quad (2 - 3i) - (3 + 2i)$$

$$(-4 + 4i) - (-6 + 9i) \quad 2 - 5i \quad (2 + 3i) \quad (4i) \quad (5 - 2i) \quad (3i) \quad 6 + 15i \quad (6 - 2i) \quad (5) \quad (-2 + 4i) \quad (8) - 16 + 32i \quad (2 + 3i) \quad (4 - i)$$

$$(-1 + 2i) \quad (-2 + 3i) - 4 - 7i \quad (4 - 2i) \quad (4 + 2i) \quad (3 + 4i) \quad (3 - 4i) \quad 3 + 4i \quad 26 - 2i \quad 32 - 2 \quad 3i - 5 + 3i \quad 2i \quad 6 + 4i \quad i \quad 4 - 6i \quad 2 - 3i \quad 4 + 3i$$

$$3 + 4i \quad 2 - i \quad 2 \quad 5 + 11 \quad 5i \quad 2 + 3i \quad 2 - 3i - 9 + 3 - 16 \quad 15i - 4 - 4 - 25 \quad 2 + -12 \quad 21 + i \quad 34 + -20 \quad 2i \quad 81i \quad 15i \quad 22 - 1 \quad (1 + i) \quad k$$

$$k = 4, 8, \text{ and } 12. \quad k = 16. \quad (1 - i) \quad k \quad k = 2, 6, \text{ and } 10. \quad k = 14. \quad (1 + i) \quad k - (1 - i) \quad k \quad k = 4, 8, \text{ and } 12 \quad k = 16. \quad x^6 + 1 = 0$$

$$3 \quad 2 + 1 \quad 2i. \quad (3 \quad 2 + 1 \quad 2i) \quad 6 = -1 \quad x \quad 8 - 1 = 0 \quad 2 \quad 2 + 2 \quad 2i. \quad 1 \quad i + 4 \quad i \quad 33i \quad 1 \quad 11 - 1 \quad i \quad 21i \quad 7 \quad (1 + i \quad 2) \quad i - 3 + 5 \quad i \quad 7$$

$$(2 + i) \quad (4 - 2i) \quad (1 + i) \quad (1 + 3i) \quad (2 - 4i) \quad (1 + 2i) \quad (3 + i) \quad 2 \quad (1 + 2i) \quad 2 - 2i \quad 3 + 2i \quad 2 + i + (4 + 3i) \quad 4 + i \quad i + 3 - 4i \quad 1 - i$$

$$9 \quad 2 - 9 \quad 2i \quad 3 + 2i \quad 1 + 2i - 2 - 3i \quad 3 + i$$

$$a + bi,$$

$$a \quad bi \quad bi \quad i = -1 \quad x \quad y = 0. \quad y - (3, 1). \quad x = 3. \quad x - y - (0, 7)$$

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$a, b, c \neq 0. \quad a > 0, \quad a < 0, \quad x = -b \quad 2a. \quad x = -b \pm b \quad 2 - 4ac \quad 2a, \quad ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \quad x - x \quad x = -b \quad 2a, \quad y = x^2 + 4x + 3.$$

$$a = 1, b = 4, c = 3. \quad a > 0, \quad x = -4 \quad 2(1) = -2. \quad x = -2 \quad (-2, -1). \quad x - x - (-3, 0) \quad (-1, 0).$$

$$f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$(h, k) \quad a > 0, \quad a < 0, \quad y = -3 \quad (x + 2)^2 + 4. \quad x - h = x + 2 \quad h = -2. \quad a = -3, h = -2, k = 4. \quad a < 0, \quad (-2, 4). \quad y = x^2. \quad k > 0,$$

$$k < 0, \quad k > 0, \quad h > 0, \quad h < 0, \quad h < 0, \quad a \mid a \mid > 1, \quad x - \mid a \mid < 1, \quad x - \mid a \mid > 1,$$

$$a(x - h)^2 + k = ax^2 + bx + c \quad ax^2 - 2ahx + (ah^2 + k) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$-2ah = b, \text{ so } h = -b \quad 2a.$$

$$ah^2 + k = c \quad k = c - ah^2 \quad = c - a \quad (b \quad 2a)^2 \quad = c - b^2 \quad 4a$$

$$h, \quad f(h) = k. \quad f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c \quad a, b, c \neq 0. \quad f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k. \quad (h, k)$$

$$h = -b \quad 2a, \quad k = f(h) = f(-b \quad 2a).$$

$$h. \quad k. \quad h \quad k. \quad f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k. \quad x \quad f(x). \quad \mid a \mid. \quad a > 0. \quad a < 0 \quad x - g \quad f(x) = x^2, \quad f(x) = x^2 \quad g(x) = a(x + 2)^2 - 3. \quad (0, -1),$$

$$-1 = a \quad (0 + 2)^2 - 3 \quad 2 = 4a \quad a = 1 \quad 2$$

$$(g)x = 1 \quad 2 \quad (x + 2)^2 - 3.$$

$$g(x) = 1 \quad 2 \quad (x + 2)^2 - 3 \quad = 1 \quad 2 \quad (x + 2)(x + 2) - 3 \quad = 1 \quad 2 \quad (x^2 + 4x + 4) - 3 \quad = 1 \quad 2 \quad x^2 + 2x + 2 - 3 \quad = 1 \quad 2 \quad x^2 + 2x - 1$$



$Y1 = 1.2(x+2)^2 - 3$ . TBLSET, TblStart=-6  $\Delta$ Tbl = 2, TABLE. xy ( -4, 7 ), (h)x=-7  $1.6(x+4)^2 + 7$ .  
 $h(-7.5)$   $h(-7.5) \approx 1.64$ ; a, b, and c.  $h = -b/2a$ . k,  $k=f(h)=f(-b/2a)$ .  $f(x)=2x^2 - 6x + 7$ .

$$h = -b/2a = -6/2(2) = -6/4 = -3/2$$

$$k=f(h) = f(-3/2) = 2(-3/2)^2 - 6(-3/2) + 7 = 5.25$$

a

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c \quad f(x) = 2x^2 - 6x + 7$$

$$f(x) = 2(x - 3/2)^2 + 5.25$$

(k), (x).  $g(x) = 13 + x^2 - 6x$ ,  $g(x) = x^2 - 6x + 13$   $g(x) = (x-3)^2 + 4$   $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$  a  $f(x) \geq f(-b/2a)$ ,  
 $[f(-b/2a), \infty)$ ; a  $f(x) \leq f(-b/2a)$ ,  $(-\infty, f(-b/2a)]$ .  $f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$  a  $f(x) \geq k$ ; a  $f(x) \leq k$ . a a a k.

$f(x) \geq k$ ,  $[k, \infty)$ .  $f(x) \leq k$ ,  $(-\infty, k]$ .  $f(x) = -5x^2 + 9x - 1$ . a x-

$$h = -b/2a = -9/2(-5) = 9/10$$

f(h).

$$f(9/10) = 5(9/10)^2 + 9(9/10) - 1 = 61/20$$

$f(x) \leq 61/20$ ,  $(-\infty, 61/20]$ .  $f(x) = 2(x - 4/7)^2 + 8/11$ .  $f(x) \geq 8/11$ ,  $[8/11, \infty)$ . L. W,  $L+W+L=80$ ,  
 $2L+W=80$ . W, L.

$$W = 80 - 2L$$

$$A = LW = L(80 - 2L) \quad A(L) = 80L - 2L^2$$

L.

$$A(L) = -2L^2 + 80L.$$

a  $a=-2$ ,  $b=80$ ,  $c=0$ .

$$h = -80/2(-2) \quad k = A(20) = 20 \quad \text{and} \quad = 80(20) - 2(20)^2 = 800$$

$L=20$  p Q Revenue = pQ.  $p=30$   $Q=84,000$ .  $p=32$   $Q=79,000$ .

$$m = 79,000 - 84,000 \quad 32 - 30 = -5,000 \quad 2 = -2,500$$

$Q = -2500p + b$  Substitute in the point  $Q=84,000$  and  $p=30$   $84,000 = -2500(30) + b$  Solve for b  
 $b = 159,000$

$$Q = -2,500p + 159,000$$

$$\text{Revenue} = pQ \quad \text{Revenue} = p(-2,500p + 159,000) \quad \text{Revenue} = -2,500p^2 + 159,000p$$

$$h = -159,000/2(-2,500) = 31.8$$

$$\text{maximum revenue} = -2,500(31.8)^2 + 159,000(31.8) = 2,528,100$$

y- x- x-  $f(x)$ , y-  $f(0)$  y-  $f(x)=0$   $f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x - 2$ .  $f(0)$ .

$$f(0) = 3(0)^2 + 5(0) - 2 = -2$$

(0, -2).  $f(x) = 0$ .

$$0 = 3x^2 + 5x - 2$$

$$0 = (3x-1)(x+2)$$

$$0 = 3x-1 \quad 0 = x+2 \quad x = 1/3 \quad \text{or} \quad x = -2$$

(1/3, 0) (-2, 0). (0, -2). (1/3, 0) (-2, 0). x- a b  $h = -b/2a$ .  $x=h$  k.  $h$  k. x- x- x-  $f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x - 4$ .

$$0 = 2x^2 + 4x - 4$$

$$f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

a=2. h k.

$$h = -b/2a \quad k = f(-1) = -4/2(2) = 2(-1)^2 + 4(-1) - 4 = -1 = -6$$

$$f(x) = 2(x+1)^2 - 6$$

$$0 = 2(x+1)^2 - 6 \quad 6 = 2(x+1)^2 \quad 3 = (x+1)^2 \quad x+1 = \pm\sqrt{3} \quad x = -1 \pm\sqrt{3}$$

x- (-1- $\sqrt{3}$ , 0) (-1+ $\sqrt{3}$ , 0). x-  $g(x) = 13 + x^2 - 6x$ . x- x-  $x^2 + x + 2 = 0$ .  $x = -b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}/2a$ . a, b and c.

$x^2 + x + 2 = 0$ ,  $a=1$ ,  $b=1$ , and  $c=2$ .

$$x = -b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}/2a = -1 \pm \sqrt{1^2 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 2}/2 \cdot 1 = -1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 8}/2 = -1 \pm \sqrt{-7}/2 = -1 \pm i\sqrt{7}/2$$

$x = -1 + i\sqrt{7}/2$   $x = -1 - i\sqrt{7}/2$   $x = -1 \pm i\sqrt{7}/2$   $H(t) = -16t^2 + 80t + 40$ .

$$h = -80/2(-16) = 80/32 = 5/2 = 2.5$$

y-

$$k = H(-b/2a) = H(2.5) = -16(2.5)^2 + 80(2.5) + 40 = 140$$

$$H(t)=0.$$

$$t = -80 \pm \sqrt{80^2 - 4(-16)(40)} = -80 \pm \sqrt{8960} = -80 \pm 94.58$$

$$t = -80 - 94.58 = -174.58 \text{ or } t = -80 + 94.58 = 14.58$$

$$H(t) = -16t^2 + 96t + 112.$$

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

$$x - x - y - y - y - a \neq 0 \quad a = 0 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 12x + 32 \quad g(x) = x^2 + 2x - 3 \quad f(x) = (x+1)^2 - 2, \quad (-1, -4) \quad f(x) = x^2 - x$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 5x - 2 \quad f(x) = (x+5)^2 - 33 \quad 4, \quad (-5, -33) \quad h(x) = 2x^2 + 8x - 10 \quad k(x) = 3x^2 - 6x - 9$$

$$f(x) = 3(x-1)^2 - 12, \quad (1, -12) \quad f(x) = 2x^2 - 6x \quad f(x) = 3x^2 - 5x - 1 \quad f(x) = 3(x-5)^2 - 37 \quad 12, \quad (5, -37) \quad 12)$$

$$y(x) = 2x^2 + 10x + 12 \quad f(x) = 2x^2 - 10x + 4 - 17 \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad 2 \quad x = 5 \quad 2 \quad f(x) = -x^2 + 4x + 3 \quad f(x) = 4x^2 + x - 1$$

$$-17 \quad 16 \quad -1 \quad 8 \quad x = -1 \quad 8 \quad h(t) = -4t^2 + 6t - 1 \quad f(x) = 1 \quad 2 \quad x^2 + 3x + 1 - 7 \quad 2 \quad -3 \quad x = -3 \quad f(x) = -1 \quad 3 \quad x^2 - 2x + 3$$

$$f(x) = (x-3)^2 + 2 \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad [2, \infty) \quad f(x) = -2(x+3)^2 - 6 \quad f(x) = x^2 + 6x + 4 \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad [-5, \infty) \quad f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x + 2$$

$$k(x) = 3x^2 - 6x - 9 \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad [-12, \infty) \quad x^2 = -25 \quad x^2 = -8 \quad \{2i^2, -2i^2\} \quad x^2 + 36 = 0 \quad x^2 + 27 = 0 \quad \{3i^3, -3i^3\}$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 5 = 0 \quad x^2 - 4x + 5 = 0 \quad \{2+i, 2-i\} \quad x^2 + 8x + 25 = 0 \quad x^2 - 4x + 13 = 0 \quad \{2+3i, 2-3i\} \quad x^2 + 6x + 25 = 0 \quad x^2 - 10x + 26 = 0$$

$$\{5+i, 5-i\} \quad x^2 - 6x + 10 = 0 \quad x(x-4) = 20 \quad \{2+2\sqrt{6}, 2-2\sqrt{6}\} \quad x(x-2) = 10 \quad x^2 + 2x + 5 = 0 \quad \{-1+3\sqrt{2}i, -1-3\sqrt{2}i\}$$

$$5x^2 - 8x + 5 = 0 \quad 5x^2 + 6x + 2 = 0 \quad \{-3\sqrt{5} + 1\sqrt{5}i, -3\sqrt{5} - 1\sqrt{5}i\} \quad 2x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0 \quad x^2 + x + 2 = 0$$

$$\{-1+2\sqrt{2}i, -1-2\sqrt{2}i\} \quad x^2 - 2x + 4 = 0 \quad (h, k) \quad (x, y) \quad (h, k) = (2, 0), (x, y) = (4, 4) \quad f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 4$$

$$(h, k) = (-2, -1), (x, y) = (-4, 3) \quad (h, k) = (0, 1), (x, y) = (2, 5) \quad f(x) = x^2 + 1 \quad (h, k) = (2, 3), (x, y) = (5, 12)$$

$$(h, k) = (-5, 3), (x, y) = (2, 9) \quad f(x) = 6 \quad 49 \quad x^2 + 60 \quad 49 \quad x + 297 \quad 49 \quad (h, k) = (3, 2), (x, y) = (10, 1) \quad (h, k) = (0, 1), (x, y) = (1, 0)$$

$$f(x) = -x^2 + 1 \quad (h, k) = (1, 0), (x, y) = (0, 1) \quad f(x) = x^2 - 2x \quad (1, -1), \quad x = 1 \quad (0, 0), (2, 0) \quad f(x) = x^2 - 6x - 1$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 5x - 6 \quad (5, -49), (0, -6), (-1, 0), (6, 0) \quad f(x) = x^2 - 7x + 3 \quad f(x) = -2x^2 + 5x - 8 \quad (5, -39),$$

$$x = 5 \quad 4 \quad (0, -8) \quad f(x) = 4x^2 - 12x - 3 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 1 \quad f(x) = -2x^2 + 8x - 1 \quad f(x) = 1 \quad 2 \quad x^2 - 3x + 7 \quad 2 \quad xy$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 1 \quad xy \quad xy \quad f(x) = 2 - x \quad 2 \quad xy \quad xy \quad f(x) = 2 \quad x \quad 2 \quad f(x) = x^2 \quad f(x) = 2 \quad x \quad 2, \text{ and } f(x) = 1 \quad 3 \quad x \quad 2.$$

$$f(x) = x^2, f(x) = x^2 + 2, f(x) = x^2, f(x) = x^2 + 5, f(x) = x^2 - 3.$$

$$f(x) = x^2, f(x) = (x-2)^2, f(x) = (x-3)^2, \text{ and } f(x) = (x+4)^2 \quad h(x) = -32 \quad (80)^2 \quad x \quad x \quad h(x) \quad h(x) = .0001 \quad x \quad 2$$

$$-2000 \leq x \leq 2000 \quad |x| \quad h(x) \quad (1, -2), (-\infty, \infty) \quad [-2, \infty) \quad (-1, 2) \quad (-5, 11), (-\infty, \infty) \quad (-\infty, 11] \quad (-100, 100), (1, 1)$$

$$f(x) = 2 \quad x \quad 2 \quad y - f(x) = 2 \quad x \quad 2 - 1 \quad (-1, 4) \quad f(x) = 2 \quad x \quad 2 \quad y - (2, 3) \quad f(x) = 3 \quad x \quad 2 \quad y - f(x) = 3 \quad x \quad 2 - 9 \quad (1, -3) \quad f(x) = -x^2$$

$$y - (4, 3) \quad f(x) = 5 \quad x \quad 2 \quad y - f(x) = 5 \quad x \quad 2 - 77 \quad (1, -6) \quad f(x) = 3 \quad x \quad 2 \quad -1 \quad f(x) = -x^2 + 100x \quad f(x) = -2 \quad x \quad 2 + 250x \quad 6 \quad -6;$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 12x \quad p = \$45 - 0.0125x, \quad x \quad R = x \cdot p \quad h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 229t + 234 \quad h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 24t + 8 \quad x = -b \quad 2a$$

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c, \quad a, b, c \neq 0 \quad f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k, \quad (h, k) \quad x \quad y = 0,$$

2009

2010

2011

2012

2013

800

897

992

1,083

1,169

$$P(t) = -0.3t^3 + 97t + 800, \quad P(t) \quad t \quad r$$

$$A(r) = \pi r^2$$

r

$$V(r) = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\pi \quad 4 \quad 3 \quad \pi, \quad r$$

$$f(x) = k \cdot x \cdot p$$

$$k \cdot p \cdot k \quad f(x) = 2 \cdot x$$

$f(x)=1$  Constant function  $f(x)=x$  Identify function  $f(x)=x^2$  Quadratic function  $f(x)=x^3$  Cubic function  
 $f(x)=\frac{1}{x}$  Reciprocal function  $f(x)=\frac{1}{x^2}$  Reciprocal squared function  $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$  Square root function  $f(x)=\sqrt[3]{x}$  Cube root function

$f(x)=x^0$   $f(x)=x^1$   $f(x)=x^2$   $f(x)=x^3$  .  $f(x)=x^{-1}$   $f(x)=x^{-2}$  .  $f(x)=x^{1/2}$   $f(x)=x^{1/3}$  .

$f(x)=2x^2 \cdot 4x^3$   $g(x)=-x^5+5x^3-4x$   $h(x)=2x^5-13x^2+4f(x)$   $f(x)=8x^5$  .  $f(x)=x^2$  ,  $g(x)=x^4$   
 and  $h(x)=x^6$  ,  $\infty -\infty$   $x \rightarrow \infty$  ,  $x \rightarrow -\infty$   $f(x)$

as  $x \rightarrow \pm\infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

$f(x)=x^3$  ,  $g(x)=x^5$  , and  $h(x)=x^7$  ,  $f(x)=x^n$   $f(x)=x^n$  ,  $n$  even,  $y=f(x)=x^n$  ,  $n$  odd,  $x \rightarrow \infty$   $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

$x \rightarrow -\infty$   $x \rightarrow \infty$   $f(x)=kx^n$   $n$   $f(x)=kx^n$   $n$   $f(x)=x^8$  .  $x \rightarrow \infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$  .  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$  .

$f(x)=-x^9$  .  $-1$   $x \rightarrow -\infty$   $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$  .  $x \rightarrow \infty$   $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  .

as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$

$xf(x)$   $x$  ,  $x$  ,  $f(x)=-5x^4$  .  $x \rightarrow \pm\infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$   $r$   $w$

$$r(w)=24+8w$$

A

$$\begin{aligned} A(r) &= \pi r^2 \\ A(w) &= A(r(w)) = A(24+8w) = \pi (24+8w)^2 \\ A(w) &= 576\pi + 384\pi w + 64\pi w^2 \end{aligned}$$

n

$$f(x) = a_n x^n + \dots + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$$

$a_i$   $a_i x^i$

$$f(x)=2x^3 \cdot 3x+4$$
  $g(x)=-x(x^2-4)$   $h(x)=5x+2$

$f(x)=a_n x^n + \dots + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$  ,  $f(x)$   $f(x)=6x^4+4$  .  $g(x)$   $g(x)=-x^3+4x$  .  $h(x)$   $x$   $x$

$$f(x)=3+2x^2-4x^3$$
  $g(t)=5t^5-2t^3+7t$   $h(p)=6p-p^3-2$

$f(x)$  ,  $x$   $-4x^3$  .  $-4$  .  $g(t)$  ,  $t$   $5$  ,  $5$  .  $5t^5$  .  $5$  .  $h(p)$  ,  $p$   $3$  ,  $3$  .  $-p^3$  ;  $-1$  .  $f(x)=4x^2-x^6+2x-6$  .  $-x^6$  .  $-1$  .

$x$   $f(x)=5x^4+2x^3-x-45$   $x$   $4f(x)=-2x^6-x^5+3x^4+x^3-2x$   $6f(x)=3x^5-4x^4+2x^2+13x^5$

$f(x)=-6x^3+7x^2+3x+1-6x^3$   $x$   $f(x)$

as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

$x \rightarrow \infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  ; as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  .  $f(x)=-3x^2(x-1)(x+4)$  ,  $f(x)$  .

$$f(x)=-3x^2(x-1)(x+4) = -3x^2(x^2+3x-4) = -3x^4-9x^3+12x^2$$

$f(x)=-3x^4-9x^3+12x^2$  .  $-3x^4$  ;

as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$  ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$

$f(x)=0.2(x-2)(x+1)(x-5)$  ,  $0.2x^3$  ,  $x$   $f(x)$   $x$   $f(x)$   $(0, a_0)$  .  $x-x=0$   $x-f(x)=(x-2)(x+1)(x-4)$  ,  $y-x-x$  .

$$f(0)=(0-2)(0+1)(0-4) = (-2)(1)(-4) = 8$$

$$0=(x-2)(x+1)(x-4) \quad x-2=0 \text{ or } x+1=0 \text{ or } x-4=0 \quad x=2 \text{ or } x=-1 \text{ or } x=4$$

$x-(2,0), (-1,0), (4,0)$  .  $f(x)=x^4-4x^2-45$  ,  $y-x-$

$$f(0)=(0)^4-4(0)^2-45 = -45$$

$(0, -45)$  .

$$f(x)=x^4-4x^2-45 = (x^2-9)(x^2+5) = (x-3)(x+3)(x^2+5)$$

$$0=(x-3)(x+3)(x^2+5)$$

$$x-3=0 \text{ or } x+3=0 \text{ or } x^2+5=0 \quad x=3 \text{ or } x=-3 \text{ or (no real solution)}$$

$(3,0)$   $(-3,0)$  .  $f(x)=f(-x)$  .  $f(x)=2x^3-6x^2-20x$  ,  $y-x-(0,0)$  ;  $(0,0), (-2,0), (5,0)$   $x-n$   $n$   $x-n$   $n-1$   $n$

$n-n-1$   $x-f(x)=-3x^{10}+4x^7-x^4+2x^3$  .  $10$  ,  $n-n-1$   $x-f(x)=108-13x^9-8x^4+14x^{12}+2x^3$   $x-x-$

$x-f(x)=-4x(x+3)(x-4)$  ,  $y-f(0)$  .

$$f(0)=-4(0)(0+3)(0-4) = 0$$

$y-(0,0)$  .  $x-$

$$0=-4x(x+3)(x-4) \quad x=0 \text{ or } x+3=0 \text{ or } x-4=0 \quad x=0 \text{ or } x=-3 \text{ or } x=4$$

$$x - (0,0), (-3,0), (4,0). f(x) = 0.2(x-2)(x+1)(x-5), x - (2,0), (-1,0), (5,0), (0,2), x -$$

$$f(x) = a_n x^n + \dots + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$$

$$n \quad n \quad n-1 \quad x \quad f(x). \quad x \quad f(x). \quad x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty \quad x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty. \quad f(x) = x^5 f(x) = (x^2)^3 f(x) = x - x^4$$

$$f(x) = x^2 x^2 - 1 f(x) = 2x(x+2)(x-1)^2 f(x) = 3x+1-3x^4 7-2x^2-2x^2-3x^5+x-6x(4-x^2)(2x+1)$$

$$x^2(2x-3)^2 f(x) = x^4 \text{ As } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty f(x) = x^3 f(x) = -x^4$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty f(x) = -x^9 f(x) = -2x^4 - 3x^2 + x - 1$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty f(x) = 3x^2 + x - 2 f(x) = x^2(2x^3 - x + 1)$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty f(x) = (2-x)^7 f(t) = 2(t-1)(t+2)(t-3)(0,12),$$

$$(1,0); (-2,0); \text{ and } (3,0). g(n) = -2(3n-1)(2n+1) f(x) = x^4 - 16(0, -16). (2,0) (-2,0). f(x) = x^3 + 27$$

$$f(x) = x(x^2 - 2x - 8)(0,0). (0,0), (4,0), (-2,0). f(x) = (x+3)(4x^2 - 1) f(x) = -x^3 f(x) = x^4 - 5x^2 x f(x)$$

$$\text{as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty f(x) = x^2(1-x)^2 f(x) = (x-1)(x-2)(3-x) x f(x)$$

$$\text{as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty f(x) = x^5 10 - x^4 f(x) = x^3(x-2)y - (0,0). x - (0,0), (2,0).$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty f(x) = x(x-3)(x+3) f(x) = x(14-2x)(10-2x)y - (0,0)x -$$

$$(0,0), (5,0), (7,0). \text{ As } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty f(x) = x(14-2x)(10-2x)^2 f(x) = x^3 - 16xy -$$

$$(0,0). x - (-4,0), (0,0), (4,0). \text{ As } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty f(x) = x^3 - 27 f(x) = x^4 - 81y -$$

$$(0, -81). x - (3,0), (-3,0). \text{ As } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty f(x) = -x^3 + x^2 + 2x$$

$$f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 15xy - (0,0). x - (-3,0), (0,0), (5,0). \text{ As } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$f(x) = x^3 - 0.01xy - (0, -4). x - (-2,0), (2,0). \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty. f(x) = x^2 - 4y - (0,9). x -$$

$$(-3,0), (3,0). \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty. y - (0,0). x - (0,0), (2,0).$$

$$\text{as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty. f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 4xy - (0,1). x - (1,0).$$

$$\text{as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty. y - (0,1). x - \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty. f(x) = x^4 + 1d,$$

$$m, V(m) = 8m^3 + 36m^2 + 54m + 27x. x - x. V(x) = 4x^3 - 32x^2 + 64x x f(x) = kx^p k^p, a i x i$$

$$f(x) = a_n x^n + \dots + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$$

$$R(t) = -0.037t^4 + 1.414t^3 - 19.777t^2 + 118.696t - 205.332$$

$$R \quad t \quad t=6 \quad f \quad h \quad g \quad k \quad g \quad k \quad f \quad x \quad f(x)=0 \quad f. \quad x - x - f, f(x)=0. \quad x - f(x) = x^6 - 3x^4 + 2x^2. f(x)=0.$$

$$x^6 - 3x^4 + 2x^2 = 0 \text{ Factor out the greatest common factor. } x^2(x^4 - 3x^2 + 2) = 0$$

$$\text{Factor the trinomial. } x^2(x^2 - 1)(x^2 - 2) = 0 \text{ Set each factor equal to zero.}$$

$$(x^2 - 1) = 0 \quad (x^2 - 2) = 0 \quad x^2 = 0 \text{ or } \quad x^2 = 1 \text{ or } \quad x^2 = 2 \quad x = 0 \quad x = \pm 1 \quad x = \pm 2$$

$$x - (0,0), (1,0), (-1,0), (2,0), (-2,0). x - f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 - x + 5. f(x) = 0$$

$$x^3 - 5x^2 - x + 5 = 0 \text{ Factor by grouping. } x^2(x-5) - (x-5) = 0 \text{ Factor out the common factor. } (x^2$$

$$-1)(x-5) = 0 \text{ Factor the difference of squares. } (x+1)(x-1)(x-5) = 0 \text{ Set each factor equal to zero.}$$

$$x+1=0 \text{ or } x-1=0 \text{ or } x-5=0 \quad x=-1 \quad x=1 \quad x=5$$

$$x - (-1,0), (1,0), (5,0). y - g(x) = (x-2)^2(2x+3). g(0) =$$

$$g(0) = (0-2)^2(2(0)+3) = 12$$

$$(0,12). g(x) = 0.$$

$$(x-2)^2(2x+3) = 0$$

$$(x-2)^2 = 0 \quad (2x+3) = 0 \quad x-2=0 \text{ or } \quad x = -\frac{3}{2} \quad x = 2$$

$$x - (2,0) \quad (-\frac{3}{2}, 0). x - h(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 + x - 6. x = -3, -2, 1. x$$

$$h(-3) = h(-2) = h(1) = 0.$$

$$h(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 + x - 6,$$

$$h(-3) = (-3)^3 + 4(-3)^2 + (-3) - 6 = -27 + 36 - 3 - 6 = 0 \quad h(-2) = (-2)^3 + 4(-2)^2 + (-2) - 6 = -8 + 16 - 2 - 6 = 0$$

$$h(1) = (1)^3 + 4(1)^2 + (1) - 6 = 1 + 4 + 1 - 6 = 0$$

x -

$$h(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 + x - 6 = (x+3)(x+2)(x-1)$$

$$y - f(x) = x^4 - 19x^2 + 30x. (0,0); (0,0), (-5,0), (2,0), (3,0) x -$$

$$f(x) = (x+3)(x-2)^2(x+1)^3.$$

$$x - x - 3(x+3) = 0. x - x = -3. x - 2 \quad (x-2)^2 = 0.$$

$$(x-2)^2 = (x-2)(x-2)$$

$(x-2)x=2$ ,  $(x-2)x-1$   $(x+1)^3=0$ .  $f(x)=x^3$ .  $x-x-x-x-x-(x-h)p$ ,  $x-hp$ .  $x=hp$ .  $x=n$ ,  $n$ .  $n$ .  $x=-3$ .  $-3$ .  $2$ .  $x=-1$ .  $x=4$ .

$$f(x)=a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$$

$x x a_n x^n$ ,  $x f(x) x f(x) x f(x) f(x)=x^4 - x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x f_n n-1 f(x)=-x^3 + 4x^5 - 3x^2 + +1$

$f(x)=-(x-1)^2(1+2x^2)$   $f(x)=-x+3$   $4x^5-3x^2++1$   $f(x)=4x^5-x^3-3x^2++1$   $5-1=4$ .

$f(x)=-(x-1)^2(1+2x^2)$   $4-1=3$ .  $y-f(-x)=f(x)$ .  $f(-x)=-f(x)$ .  $x-f(x)=-2(x+3)^2(x-5)$ .  $x-x=-3$ ,  $x-x=5$ ,  $f(0)$ .

$$f(0)=-2(0+3)^2(0-5)=-2\cdot 9\cdot(-5)=90$$

$y-(0,90)$ .  $-2x^3$ ,  $x\rightarrow-\infty f(x)\rightarrow\infty$ ,  $x-f(-x)=-2(-x+3)^2(-x-5)f(x)$ ,  $(-3,0)$ ,  $x-(0,90)$ ,  $y-y-(5,0)$ .  $x\rightarrow\infty f(x)\rightarrow-\infty$ ,  $f(x)=-2(x+3)^2(x-5)f(x)=14x(x-1)^4(x+3)^3$ .  $f(a)bf(a)\neq f(b)$ ,  $f(f(a))f(b)$ .  $f(x)=a$   $x-x=b$   $x-x=a$   $x=b$   $x-(c,f(c))$ .  $cf(c)=0$ .  $x-a$   $b$ .  $f(f(a))f(b)ca$   $b$   $f(c)=0$ .

$f(x)=x^3-5x^2+3x+6$   $x=1$   $x=4$ .  $f(x)$   $x=1,2,3$ , and  $4$ .  $xf(x)$   $x=2$ .  $f(3)$   $f(4)$   $x=1$   $x=4$ .  $x=1$   $x=4$ .

$f(x)=7x^5-9x^4-x^2$   $x=1$   $x=2$ .  $f(1)$   $f(2)$   $x=1$   $x=2$ .  $x-x-p$   $x=x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$ ,

$f(x)=a(x-x_1)^{p_1}(x-x_2)^{p_2}\cdots(x-x_n)^{p_n}$   $p_i$   $a$   $x-x=-3,2,5$ .  $y-(0,2)$ .  $x=-3$   $x=5$ ,  $x=2$ ,

$$f(x)=a(x+3)(x-2)^2(x-5)$$

$y-(0,-2)$ ,  $a$ .

$$f(0)=a(0+3)(0-2)^2(0-5)=-2=a(0+3)(0-2)^2(0-5)=-2=-60a \quad a=1/30$$

$f(x)=1/30(x+3)(x-2)^2(x-5)$ .  $f(x)=-1/8(x-2)^3(x+1)^2(x-4)$   $x=a$   $x=a$ .  $a$ ,  $f(a)\geq f(x)$   $x=x=a$ .  $a$ ,

$f(a)\leq f(x)$   $x=x=a$ .  $a$ ,  $f(a)\geq f(x)$   $x$ .  $a$ ,  $f(a)\leq f(x)$   $x$ .  $f(x)=x$   $w$ .  $(14-2w)(20-2w)w$

$$V(w)=(20-2w)(14-2w)w=280w-68w^2+4w^3$$

$w$ ,  $20-2w$   $14-2w$ ,  $w$   $0<w<7$ .  $V(w)$   $w$   $[0,7]$ .  $[-1,4]$   $f(x)=-0.2(x-2)^3(x+1)^2(x-4)$ .  $(0,-6.5)$ ,

$(3.5,7)$ .  $x-x-x-n$   $n-1$   $n-1$   $f(a)$  and  $f(b)$   $ca$   $b$   $f(c)=0$ .  $x-f?$   $x-x-f(x)=0$ .  $n$   $n$   $a$   $b$   $a$   $b$ .  $x-x-$

$C(t)=2(t-4)(t+1)(t-6)$   $C(t)=3(t+2)(t-3)(t+5)$   $(-2,0)$ ,  $(3,0)$ ,  $(-5,0)$   $C(t)=4t(t-2)^2(t+1)$

$C(t)=2t(t-3)(t+1)^2$   $(3,0)$ ,  $(-1,0)$ ,  $(0,0)$   $C(t)=2t^4-8t^3+6t^2$   $C(t)=4t^4+12t^3-40t^2$

$(0,0)$ ,  $(-5,0)$ ,  $(2,0)$   $f(x)=x^4-x^2$   $f(x)=x^3+x^2-20x$   $(0,0)$ ,  $(-5,0)$ ,  $(4,0)$   $f(x)=x^3+6x^2-7x$

$f(x)=x^3+x^2-4x-4$   $(2,0)$ ,  $(-2,0)$ ,  $(-1,0)$   $f(x)=x^3+2x^2-9x-18$   $f(x)=2x^3-x^2-8x+4$

$(-2,0)$ ,  $(2,0)$ ,  $(1,2,0)$   $f(x)=x^6-7x^3-8$   $f(x)=2x^4+6x^2-8$   $(1,0)$ ,  $(-1,0)$   $f(x)=x^3-3x^2-x+3$

$f(x)=x^6-2x^4-3x^2$   $(0,0)$ ,  $(3,0)$ ,  $(-3,0)$   $f(x)=x^6-3x^4-4x^2$   $f(x)=x^5-5x^3+4x$

$(0,0)$ ,  $(1,0)$ ,  $(-1,0)$ ,  $(2,0)$ ,  $(-2,0)$   $f(x)=x^3-9x$ ,  $x=-4$   $x=-2$ .  $f(x)=x^3-9x$ ,  $x=2$   $x=4$ .  $f(2)=-10$

$f(4)=28$ .  $f(x)=x^5-2x$ ,  $x=1$   $x=2$ .  $f(x)=-x^4+4$ ,  $x=1$   $x=3$   $f(1)=3$   $f(3)=-77$ .  $f(x)=-2x^3-x$ ,  $x=-1$   $x=1$ .

$f(x)=x^3-100x+2$ ,  $x=0.01$   $x=0.1$   $f(0.01)=1.000001$   $f(0.1)=-7.999$ .  $f(x)=(x+2)^3(x-3)^2$

$f(x)=x^2(2x+3)^5(x-4)^2-3^2$   $f(x)=x^3(x-1)^3(x+2)$   $f(x)=x^2(x^2+4x+4)$

$f(x)=(2x+1)^3(9x^2-6x+1)$   $f(x)=(3x+2)^5(x^2-10x+25)$

$-2^3$  with multiplicity 5, 5 with multiplicity 2  $f(x)=x(4x^2-12x+9)(x^2+8x+16)$   $f(x)=x^6-x^5-2x^4$

0 with multiplicity 4, 2 with multiplicity 1, -1 with multiplicity 1  $f(x)=3x^4+6x^3+3x^2$

$f(x)=4x^5-12x^4+9x^3$   $2$   $f(x)=2x^4(x^3-4x^2+4x)$   $f(x)=4x^4(9x^4-12x^3+4x^2)$

0 with multiplicity 6,  $2^3$  with multiplicity 2  $x-y-f(x)=(x+3)^2(x-2)$   $g(x)=(x+4)(x-1)^2(1,0)$

$(-4,0)$   $y-(0,4)$   $x\rightarrow-\infty f(x)\rightarrow-\infty$   $x\rightarrow\infty f(x)\rightarrow\infty$   $h(x)=(x-1)^3(x+3)^2$   $k(x)=(x-3)^3(x-2)^2(3,0)$

$(2,0)$   $y-(0,-108)$   $x\rightarrow-\infty f(x)\rightarrow-\infty$   $x\rightarrow\infty f(x)\rightarrow\infty$ .  $m(x)=-2x(x-1)(x+3)$   $n(x)=-3x(x+2)(x-4)$

$(0,0)$ ,  $(-2,0)$ ,  $(4,0)$   $y(0,0)$ .  $x\rightarrow-\infty f(x)\rightarrow\infty$   $x\rightarrow\infty f(x)\rightarrow-\infty$ .  $f(x)=-2^9(x-3)(x+1)(x+3)$

$f(x)=14(x+2)^2(x-3)$   $x=-2$ ,  $x=1$ ,  $x=3$ .  $(0,-4)$ .  $f(x)=-2^3(x+2)(x-1)(x-3)$   $x=-5$ ,  $x=-2$ ,  $x=1$ .  $(0,6)$   $x=3$

$x=1$   $x=-3$ .  $(0,9)$   $f(x)=1^3(x-3)^2(x-1)^2(x+3)$   $x=4$ ,  $x=1$   $x=-2$ .  $(0,-3)$ .  $x=1$ ,  $x=3$ .  $(2,15)$ .

$f(x)=-15(x-1)^2(x-3)^3$   $x=4$ ,  $x=3$ ,  $x=2$ .  $(0,-24)$ .  $x=-3$ ,  $x=-2$   $x=1$ .  $(0,12)$ .  $f(x)=-2(x+3)(x+2)(x-1)$

$x=-3$   $x=2$   $x=-2$ .  $(0,4)$ .  $x=1$   $2$   $x=6$   $x=-2$ .  $(0,18)$ .  $f(x)=-3^2(2x-1)^2(x-6)(x+2)$   $x=-3$   $x=0$ .

$(1,32)$ .  $f(x)=x^3-x-1$   $(-.58,-.62)$ ,  $(.58,-1.38)$   $f(x)=2x^3-3x-1$   $f(x)=x^4+x$   $(-.63,-.47)$

$f(x)=-x^4+3x-2$   $f(x)=x^4-x^3+1$   $(.75,.89)$   $f(x)=(x-500)^2(x+200)$   $x$   $x$   $x$ .  $f(x)=4x^3-36x^2+80x$   $2x$

$2x$   $x$ .  $x+1$   $x+1$   $x$ .  $f(x)=4x^3-36x^2+60x+100$   $x+2$   $3x+6$   $V=1/3\pi r^2 h$   $r$   $h$ .

$f(x)=\pi(9x^3+45x^2+72x+36)$   $f(a)$   $f(a)\geq f(x)$   $x$ .  $f(a)$   $f(a)\leq f(x)$   $x$ .  $a$   $b$   $f$ ,  $a<b$   $f(a)\neq f(b)$ ,  $f(f(a))f(b)$ ;  $x-$

$$(x-h)p, x=h p.$$

$$V=l \cdot w \cdot h = 61.5 \cdot 40 \cdot 30 = 73,800$$

$$(m^3).$$

$$h = V / l \cdot w = 73,800 / 61.5 \cdot 40 = 30$$

$$3x^4 - 3x^3 - 33x^2 + 54x. 3x; x-2.$$

$$\text{dividend} = (\text{divisor} \cdot \text{quotient}) + \text{remainder} \quad 178 = (3 \cdot 59) + 1 \quad = 177 + 1 \quad = 178$$

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x + 5 \quad x+2$$

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x + 5 \quad x+2 = 2x^2 - 7x + 18 - 31x + 2$$

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x + 5 = (x+2)(2x^2 - 7x + 18) - 31$$

$$f(x) \div d(x) = q(x) \text{ r}(x)$$

$$f(x) = d(x)q(x) + r(x)$$

$$q(x) \text{ r}(x) \div d(x). \text{ r}(x) = 0, d(x) \text{ f}(x). d(x) q(x) \text{ f}(x). 5x^2 + 3x - 2 \quad x+1. 5x - 2.$$

$$5x^2 + 3x - 2 \quad x+1 = 5x - 2$$

$$5x^2 + 3x - 2 = (x+1)(5x - 2)$$

$$6x^3 + 11x^2 - 31x + 15 \quad 3x - 2.$$

$$6x^3 + 11x^2 - 31x + 15 \quad 3x - 2 = 2x^2 + 5x - 7 + 1 \quad 3x - 2$$

$$(3x - 2)(2x^2 + 5x - 7) + 1 = 6x^3 + 11x^2 - 31x + 15$$

$$6x^3 + 11x^2 - 31x + 15 \quad 3x - 2 \quad 2x^2 + 5x - 7 \quad 1 \quad 16x^3 - 12x^2 + 20x - 3 \quad 4x + 5.$$

$$4x^2 - 8x + 15 - 78 \quad 4x + 5$$

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x + 5 \quad x+2 \quad 2x^2 - 7x + 18 - 31. \quad x-k. \quad k. \quad 5x^2 - 3x - 36 \quad x-3. \quad k. \quad k. \quad 5x + 12. \quad x-3$$

$$(x-3)(5x+12) + 0 = 5x^2 - 3x - 36$$

$$4x^3 + 10x^2 - 6x - 20 \quad x+2. \quad x+2 \quad k = -2. \quad 4x^2 + 2x - 10. \quad x+2 \quad 4x^3 + 10x^2 - 6x - 20.$$

$$f(x) = 4x^3 + 10x^2 - 6x - 20 \quad x+k = -2. \quad x+2 \quad 4x^3 + 10x^2 - 6x - 20. \quad -9x^4 + 10x^3 + 7x^2 - 6x - 1.$$

$$-9x^3 + x^2 + 8x + 8 + 2x - 1. \quad 3x^4 + 18x^3 - 3x + 40 \quad x+7. \quad 3x^3 - 3x^2 + 21x - 150 + 1,090x + 7$$

$$3x^4 - 3x^3 - 33x^2 + 54x. \quad 3x \quad x-2.$$

$$V = l \cdot w \cdot h \quad 3x^4 - 3x^3 - 33x^2 + 54x = 3x \cdot (x-2) \cdot h$$

$$h, 3x.$$

$$3x \cdot (x-2) \cdot h \quad 3x = 3x^4 - 3x^3 - 33x^2 + 54x \quad 3x \quad (x-2)h = x^3 - x^2 - 11x + 18$$

$$h$$

$$h = x^3 - x^2 - 11x + 18 \quad x-2$$

$$2 \quad 1 \quad -1 \quad -11 \quad 18 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad -18 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad -9 \quad 0$$

$$x^2 + x - 9 \quad x^2 + x - 9. \quad 3x^3 + 14x^2 - 23x + 6. \quad x+6. \quad 3x^2 - 4x + 1 \quad f(x) = d(x)q(x) + r(x) \quad q(x) \neq 0 \quad x-k. \quad n$$

$$(x^2 + 5x - 1) \div (x-1) \quad x+6 + 5x - 1, \text{ quotient: } x+6, \text{ remainder: } 5 \quad (2x^2 - 9x - 5) \div (x-5)$$

$$(3x^2 + 23x + 14) \div (x+7) \quad 3x+2, \text{ quotient: } 3x+2, \text{ remainder: } 0 \quad (4x^2 - 10x + 6) \div (4x+2)$$

$$(6x^2 - 25x - 25) \div (6x+5) \quad x-5, \text{ quotient: } x-5, \text{ remainder: } 0 \quad (-x^2 - 1) \div (x+1) \quad (2x^2 - 3x + 2) \div (x+2)$$

$$2x - 7 + 16x + 2, \text{ quotient: } 2x - 7, \text{ remainder: } 16 \quad (x^3 - 126) \div (x-5) \quad (3x^2 - 5x + 4) \div (3x+1)$$

$$x-2 + 6 \quad 3x+1, \text{ quotient: } x-2, \text{ remainder: } 6 \quad (x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x - 6) \div (x-2) \quad (2x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x + 15) \div (x+3)$$

$$2x^2 - 3x + 5, \text{ quotient: } 2x^2 - 3x + 5, \text{ remainder: } 0 \quad (3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 4) \div (x+3)$$

$$(2x^3 - 6x^2 - 7x + 6) \div (x-4) \quad 2x^2 + 2x + 1 \quad 10x - 4 \quad (6x^3 - 10x^2 - 7x - 15) \div (x+1)$$

$$(4x^3 - 12x^2 - 5x - 1) \div (2x+1) \quad 2x^2 - 7x + 1 - 2 \quad 2x + 1 \quad (9x^3 - 9x^2 + 18x + 5) \div (3x-1)$$

$$(3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 4) \div (x+3) \quad 3x^2 - 11x + 34 - 106 \quad x+3 \quad (-6x^3 + x^2 - 4) \div (2x-3)$$

$$(2x^3 + 7x^2 - 13x - 3) \div (2x-3) \quad x^2 + 5x + 1 \quad (3x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x + 3) \div (x+2) \quad (4x^3 - 5x^2 + 13) \div (x+4)$$

$$4x^2 - 21x + 84 - 323 \quad x+4 \quad (x^3 - 3x + 2) \div (x+2) \quad (x^3 - 21x^2 + 147x - 343) \div (x-7) \quad x^2 - 14x + 49$$

$$(x^3 - 15x^2 + 75x - 125) \div (x-5) \quad (9x^3 - x + 2) \div (3x-1) \quad 3x^2 + x + 2 \quad 3x - 1 \quad (6x^3 - x^2 + 5x + 2) \div (3x+1)$$

$$(x^4 + x^3 - 3x^2 - 2x + 1) \div (x+1) \quad x^3 - 3x + 1 \quad (x^4 - 3x^2 + 1) \div (x-1) \quad (x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x + 6) \div (x+3)$$

$$x^3 - x^2 + 2 \quad (x^4 - 10x^3 + 37x^2 - 60x + 36) \div (x-2) \quad (x^4 - 8x^3 + 24x^2 - 32x + 16) \div (x-2)$$

$$x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8 \quad (x^4 + 5x^3 - 3x^2 - 13x + 10) \div (x+5) \quad (x^4 - 12x^3 + 54x^2 - 108x + 81) \div (x-3)$$

$$x^3 - 9x^2 + 27x - 27 \quad (4x^4 - 2x^3 - 4x + 2) \div (2x-1) \quad (4x^4 + 2x^3 - 4x^2 + 2x + 2) \div (2x+1) \quad 2x^3 - 2x + 2$$

$$x-2, 4x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x + 4x - 2, 3x^4 - 6x^3 - 5x + 10 \quad (x-2)(3x^3 - 5)x + 3, -4x^3 + 5x^2 + 8$$

$x-2, 4x^4 - 15x^2 - 4(x-2)(4x^3 + 8x^2 + x + 2)x - 12, 2x^4 - x^3 + 2x - 1x + 13, 3x^4 + x^3 - 3x + 1$   
 $x^2 - x + 3(x^2 + 2x + 4)(x-1)(x^2 + 2x + 4)x^2 + 2x + 5x^2 + x + 1(x-5)(x^2 + x + 1)x^2 + 2x + 24x^3 - 33x - 2$   
 Quotient:  $4x^2 + 8x + 16$ , remainder:  $-12x^3 + 25x + 33x^3 + 2x - 5x - 1$  Quotient:  $3x^2 + 3x + 5$ , remainder:  $0$   
 $-4x^3 - x^2 - 12x + 4x^4 - 22x + 2$  Quotient:  $x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 8$ , remainder:  $-6x^k - 1x - 1$   $k=1, 2, 3$ .  $k=4?$   
 $x^k + 1x + 1$   $k=1, 3, 5$ .  $k=7?$   $x^6 - x^5 + x^4 - x^3 + x^2 - x + 1$   $x^4 - kx^4 - k$   $k=1, 2, 3$ .  $k=4?$   $x^k x + 1$   
 $k=1, 2, 3$ .  $k=4?$   $x^3 - x^2 + x - 1 + 1x + 1$   $x^k x - 1$   $k=1, 2, 3$ .  $k=4?$   $x + 1x - i1 + 1 + ix - ix^2 + 1x - ix + 1x + i$   
 $1 + 1 - ix + ix^2 + 1x + ix^3 + 1x - ix^2 - ix - 1 + 1 - ix - ix + 5, 2x^2 + 9x - 5. 2x + 5, 4x^3 + 10x^2 + 6x + 15$   
 $2x^2 + 33x - 4, 6x^4 - 8x^3 + 9x^2 - 9x - 4$   $12x^3 + 20x^2 - 21x - 36, 2x + 3, 3x - 4. 2x + 3$   
 $18x^3 - 21x^2 - 40x + 48, 3x - 4, 3x - 4. 10x^3 + 27x^2 + 2x - 24, 5x - 4, 2x + 3. x + 2$   $10x^3 + 30x^2 - 8x - 24,$   
 $2, x + 3. \pi(25x^3 - 65x^2 - 29x - 3), 5x + 1. x - 3 \pi(4x^3 + 12x^2 - 15x - 50), 2x + 5.$   
 $\pi(3x^4 + 24x^3 + 46x^2 - 16x - 32), x + 4. 3x^2 - 2f(x) d(x) d(x) f(x), q(x) r(x) f(x) = d(x)q(x) + r(x) q(x)$   
 $r(x) d(x). x - k x - k, k, f(k) f(x) d(x) d(x) f(x), q(x) r(x)$

$$f(x) = d(x)q(x) + r(x)$$

$d(x), x - k,$

$$f(x) = (x - k)q(x) + r$$

$x - k$   $r. x = k,$

$$f(k) = (k - k)q(k) + r = 0 \cdot q(k) + r = r$$

$f(k) f(x) x - k. f(x) x - k, f(k). f, f(x) x = k x - k. f(k). f(x) = 6x^4 - x^3 - 15x^2 + 2x - 7$   $x = 2. x - 2.$   
 $26 - 1 - 152 - 712 \quad 221432 \quad 611 \quad 71625$

$f(2) = 25. f(2).$

$$f(x) = 6x^4 - x^3 - 15x^2 + 2x - 7 \quad f(2) = 6(2)^4 - (2)^3 - 15(2)^2 + 2(2) - 7 = 25$$

$f(x) = 2x^5 - 3x^4 - 9x^3 + 8x^2 + 2x - 3. f(-3) = -412$

$$f(x) = (x - k)q(x) + r.$$

$k r f(k) = 0 f(x) = (x - k)q(x) + 0 f(x) = (x - k)q(x). x - k f(x). k f(x), x - k f(x). x - k f(x), f(x) = (x - k)q(x) + r$   $k$   
 $n n n k f(x) (x - k) f(x). (x - k). (x - k) (x + 2) x^3 - 6x^2 - x + 30. (x + 2)$   
 $-21 - 6 - 130 - 216 - 30 \quad 1 - 815 \quad 0$

$(x + 2)$

$$(x + 2)(x^2 - 8x + 15)$$

$$(x + 2)(x - 3)(x - 5)$$

$x^3 - 6x^2 - x + 30 f(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 - 4x - 16 (x - 2)x = 25 x = 34 .$

$f(x) = a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0 f(x) p q p a_0 q a_n . f(x), p q, p q f(p q).$

$f(x) = 2x^4 - 5x^3 + x^2 - 4. f(x) p = \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 4. q = \pm 1, \pm 2.$

$$p q = \pm 11, \pm 12 \quad p q = \pm 21, \pm 22 \quad p q = \pm 41, \pm 42$$

$22 = 1 \quad 42 = 2,$

$p q =$  Factors of the last Factors of the first  $= \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 4, \pm 12$

$f(x) = 2x^3 + x^2 - 4x + 1. p q f(x), p q$

$p q =$  factor of constant term factor of leading coefficient  $=$  factor of 1 factor of 2

$\pm 1 \pm 1 \pm 2. p q \pm 1 \pm 12 . x f(x).$

$$f(-1) = 2(-1)^3 + (-1)^2 - 4(-1) + 1 = 4 \quad f(1) = 2(1)^3 + (1)^2 - 4(1) + 1 = 0 \quad f(-12) = 2(-12)^3 + (-12)^2 - 4(-12) + 1 = 3 \quad f(12) = 2(12)^3 + (12)^2 - 4(12) + 1 = -12$$

$-1, -12, \text{ and } 12 f(x). f(x). f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x + 1. f, f(x) = 4x^3 - 3x - 1. p q f(x), p q$

$p q =$  factor of constant term factor of leading coefficient  $=$  factor of  $-1$  factor of 4

$-1 \pm 1 \quad 4 \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 4. p q \pm 1, \pm 12, \pm 14.$

$$140 - 3 - 1441 \quad 441 \quad 0$$

$(x - 1)$

$$(x - 1)(4x^2 + 4x + 1).$$

$f(x)$

$$(x - 1)(2x + 1)^2 .$$

$$2x + 1 = 0 \quad x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$-1 \leq x \leq 1$ ,  $x=1$ ,  $x=-1$ .  $f(x)=0$ .  $c_1 \cdot f(x) \cdot x - c_1 \cdot x - c_1 \cdot c_2 \cdot x - c_2 \cdot f(x)$ .  $f(x) \cdot n > 0$ ,  $a$   
 $f(x) \cdot n$

$$f(x) = a(x - c_1)(x - c_2) \dots (x - c_n)$$

$c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n$   $f(x) \cdot n$   $f(x) = 3x^3 + 9x^2 + x + 3$ .  $p \cdot q \cdot f(x)$ ,  $p \cdot q$

$p \cdot q = \text{factor of constant term} \cdot \text{factor of leading coefficient} = \text{factor of } 3 \cdot \text{factor of } 3$   
 $\pm 1 \cdot \pm 3$ .  $p \cdot q, \pm 3, \pm 1$ , and  $\pm 1 \cdot 3$ .

$$-3 \ 3 \ 9 \ 1 \ 3 \ -9 \ 0 \ -3 \ \quad 3 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0$$

$(x+3)$

$$(x+3)(3x^2+1)$$

$$3x^2+1=0 \quad x^2=-\frac{1}{3} \quad x=\pm\sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}}=\pm i\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$f(x) \pm i\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$ .  $f(x) = -3$ ,  $x = -3$ .  $x = -3$   $x = -3$   $f(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 - 11x + 4$ .  $-4$ ,  $1$ ,  $2$ , and  $1$ .  $n \cdot n \cdot n \cdot (x-c)$ ,  $c \cdot f$   
 $a+bi$ ,  $b \neq 0$ ,  $f(x)$ .  $x-(a+bi)$   $f(x)$ .  $f(x) - (a-bi)$   $f(x)$ .  $x-(a-bi)$ ,  $x-(a+bi)$ ,  $f(a+bi)$ ,  $a-bi$   $f(x)$ .  $(x-c)$ ,  $c \cdot f(a+bi)$ ,  
 $a-bi$ ,  $f(f(x))$ ,  $(c, f(c))$   $i$ ,  $f(-2) = 100$ .  $x=i$   $x=-i$   $(x+3)$ ,  $(x-2)$ ,  $(x-i)$ ,  $(x+i)$ .

$$f(x) = a(x+3)(x-2)(x-i)(x+i) \quad f(x) = a(x^2+x-6)(x^2+1) \quad f(x) = a(x^4+x^3-5x^2+x-6)$$

$$f(-2) = 100. \quad x = -2 \quad f(2) = 100 \quad f(x).$$

$$100 = a((-2)^4 + (-2)^3 - 5(-2)^2 + (-2) - 6) \quad 100 = a(-20) - 5 = a$$

$$f(x) = -5(x^4 + x^3 - 5x^2 + x - 6)$$

$$f(x) = -5x^4 - 5x^3 + 25x^2 - 5x + 30$$

$$i - i \quad i - i \quad i - i \quad i. \quad 2+3i \quad 2-3i \quad -2i \quad f(1) = 10. \quad f(x) = -12x^3 + 52x^2 - 2x + 10 \quad f(x) \quad f(-x) \quad f(-x) \quad f(x)$$

$$f(x) = a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0 \quad f(x) \quad f(-x) \quad f(x) = -x^4 - 3x^3 + 6x^2 - 4x - 12. \quad f(-x)$$

$$f(-x) = -(-x)^4 - 3(-x)^3 + 6(-x)^2 - 4(-x) - 12 \quad f(-x) = -x^4 + 3x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x - 12$$

$$f(x) = 2x^4 - 10x^3 + 11x^2 - 15x + 12. \quad V = lwh. \quad l = w + 4. \quad h = 13w.$$

$$V = (w+4)(w)(13w) \quad V = 13w^3 + 43w^2$$

$$351 = 13w^3 + 43w^2 \quad \text{Substitute } 351 \text{ for } V. \quad 1053 = w^3 + 4w^2 \quad \text{Multiply both sides by } 3. \quad 0 = w^3 + 4w^2$$

$$w^2 - 1053 \quad \text{Subtract } 1053 \text{ from both sides.}$$

$$\pm 3, \pm 9, \pm 13, \pm 27, \pm 39, \pm 81, \pm 117, \pm 351, \pm 1053. \quad x = 1.$$

$$1 \ 1 \ 4 \ 0 \ -1053 \ 1 \ 5 \ 5 \quad 1 \ 5 \ 5 \ -1048$$

$$x = 3. \quad x = 9.$$

$$l = w + 4 = 9 + 4 = 13 \text{ and } h = 13w = 13(9) = 3$$

$$f(k), f(x) \cdot x - k. \quad k \cdot f(x) \cdot (x-k) \cdot f(x). \quad (x-c), \quad c \cdot f(-x) \cdot (x^4 - 9x^2 + 14) \div (x-2) \cdot (3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 4) \div (x+3) \cdot$$

$$-106(x^4 + 5x^3 - 4x - 17) \div (x+1) \cdot (-3x^2 + 6x + 24) \div (x-4) \cdot 0$$

$$(5x^5 - 4x^4 + 3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 1) \div (x+6) \cdot (x^4 - 1) \div (x-4) \cdot 255(3x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x + 2) \div (x-3) \cdot$$

$$(4x^3 + 5x^2 - 2x + 7) \div (x+2) \cdot 1 \cdot f(x) = 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 13x - 6; \quad x-1 \cdot f(x) = 2x^3 + x^2 - 5x + 2; \quad x+2 \cdot 2, \quad 1, \quad 1 \cdot 2$$

$$f(x) = 3x^3 + x^2 - 20x + 12; \quad x+3 \cdot f(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 + x + 6; \quad x+2 \cdot 2 \cdot f(x) = -5x^3 + 16x^2 - 9; \quad x-3$$

$$x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 12; \quad x+3 \cdot 34x^3 - 7x + 3; \quad x-12 \cdot x^3 + 5x^2 - 12x - 30, \quad 2x+5 \cdot 5x^2, \quad 6, \quad -6$$

$$x^3 - 3x^2 - 10x + 24 = 0 \quad x^3 + 7x^2 - 10x - 24 = 0, \quad -4, \quad -3 \cdot 2x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18 = 0 \quad x^3 + 5x^2 - 16x - 80 = 0$$

$$4, \quad -4, \quad -5x^3 - 3x^2 - 25x + 75 = 0 \quad x^3 - 3x^2 - 32x - 15 = 0, \quad -3, \quad -1 \cdot 22x^3 + x^2 - 7x - 6 = 0$$

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 1 = 0 \quad 1 \cdot 5x^2, \quad 1 - 5 \cdot 23x^3 - x^2 - 11x - 6 = 0 \quad x^3 - 5x^2 + 9x - 9 = 0 \quad 3 \cdot 2$$

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x + 3 = 0 \quad x^4 - 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 8x + 12 = 0, \quad 3, \quad -1, \quad -2x^4 + 2x^3 - 9x^2 - 2x + 8 = 0$$

$$4x^4 + 4x^3 - 25x^2 - x + 6 = 0 \quad 1 \cdot 2, \quad 2, \quad -32x^4 - 3x^3 - 15x^2 + 32x - 12 = 0$$

$$x^4 + 2x^3 - 4x^2 - 10x - 5 = 0 \quad -1, \quad -1, \quad 5, \quad -54x^3 - 3x + 1 = 0 \quad 8x^4 + 26x^3 + 39x^2 + 26x + 6 - 3 \cdot 4, \quad -1 \cdot 2$$

$$x^3 + x^2 + x + 1 = 0 \quad x^3 - 8x^2 + 25x - 26 = 0, \quad 3+2i, \quad 3-2i \cdot x^3 + 13x^2 + 57x + 85 = 0 \quad x^3 - 4x^2 + 11x + 10 = 0$$

$$-2 \cdot 3, \quad 1+2i, \quad 1-2i \cdot x^4 + 2x^3 + 22x^2 + 50x - 75 = 0 \quad x^3 - 3x^2 + 32x + 17 = 0 \quad 1 \cdot 2, \quad 1+4i, \quad 1-4i \cdot f(x) = x^3 - 1$$

$$f(x) = x^4 - x^2 - 1 \cdot f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x + 6 \cdot f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 1 \cdot f(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 - 12x^2 + 14x - 5$$

$$f(x) = 2x^3 + 37x^2 + 200x + 300 \cdot f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 16x + 32 \cdot f(x) = 2x^4 - 5x^3 - 5x^2 + 5x + 3$$

$$f(x) = 2x^4 - 5x^3 - 14x^2 + 20x + 8 \cdot f(x) = 10x^4 - 21x^2 + 11 \cdot f(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 - 4x + 4 \cdot f(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 8x + 5$$

$$\pm 5, \pm 1, \pm 5 \cdot 2 \cdot f(x) = 3x^3 + 5x^2 - 5x + 4 \cdot f(x) = 6x^4 - 10x^2 + 13x + 1 \pm 1, \pm 1 \cdot 2, \pm 1 \cdot 3, \pm 1 \cdot 6$$

$$f(x) = 4x^5 - 10x^4 + 8x^3 + x^2 - 8 \cdot f(x) = 6x^3 - 7x^2 + 11, \quad 1 \cdot 2, \quad -1 \cdot 3 \cdot f(x) = 4x^3 - 4x^2 - 13x - 5$$

$$f(x) = 8x^3 - 6x^2 - 23x + 62, \quad 1 \cdot 4, \quad -3 \cdot 2 \cdot f(x) = 12x^4 + 55x^3 + 12x^2 - 117x + 54$$

$$f(x) = 16x^4 - 24x^3 + x^2 - 15x + 25 \quad 4 \cdot (2, f(2)) = (2, 4) \cdot (2, f(2)) = (2, 4) \cdot f(x) = 4 \cdot 9 \cdot (x^3 + x^2 - x - 1)$$



$$\begin{aligned} 12 \quad (-3, f(-3)) &= (-3, 5) - 12 \quad 12 \quad (-2, f(-2)) = (-2, 6) f(x) = -15(4x^3 - x) \\ (-2, f(-2)) &= (-2, 10) 16\pi \quad 72\pi \quad 48\pi \quad 28.125\pi \quad 13 \quad 989\pi \quad f(x) \quad f(-x) \quad k \quad f(x) \quad (x-k) \quad f(x) \quad (x-c), \quad c \quad p \quad q \quad p \\ q \quad f(x) \quad x-k, \quad f(k) \quad x, \quad C(x) &= 15,000x - 0.1x^2 + 1000. \quad x \quad x. \quad x \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = 15,000x - 0.1x^2 + 1000x$$

$$f(x) = 1x. \quad (y=0) \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty. \quad x=0 \quad (y=0) \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty. \quad x \quad f(x) \quad x \rightarrow a \quad -x \quad a \quad x < a \quad ax \rightarrow a+x \quad a \quad x > a \quad ax \rightarrow \infty \quad x \quad x \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$x \quad x \quad f(x) \rightarrow \infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow -\infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow a \quad a \quad f(x) = 1x \quad f(x) = 1x. \quad x=0; \quad xf(x) = 1x$$

$$\text{as } x \rightarrow 0^-, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$xf(x) = 1x$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow 0^+, f(x) \rightarrow \infty.$$

$$x=0 \quad x=a \quad a.$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow a, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \text{ or as } x \rightarrow a, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty.$$

$$f(x) = 1x \quad x \quad x$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow 0, \text{ and as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow 0.$$

$$y=0. \quad y=b$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow \infty \text{ or } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow b.$$

$$x=2, \quad x=2.$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow 2^-, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ and as } x \rightarrow 2^+, f(x) \rightarrow \infty.$$

$$y=4.$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow 4 \text{ and as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow 4.$$

$$x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow 0; \quad x \rightarrow 0, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$f(x) = 1x+2+3$$

$$f(x) = 3x+7x+2$$

$$x=-2, \quad x=-2.$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow -2^-, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ and as } x \rightarrow -2^+, f(x) \rightarrow \infty.$$

$$y=3.$$

$$\text{As } x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow 3.$$

$$x \rightarrow 3, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, \quad x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -4. \quad f(x) = 1(x-3)^2 - 4. \quad f(x) = 3x+7x+2. \quad P(x) \text{ and } Q(x).$$

$$f(x) = P(x) \quad Q(x) = a_p x^p + a_{p-1} x^{p-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0 \quad b_q x^q + b_{q-1} x^{q-1} + \dots + b_1 x + b_0, \quad Q(x) \neq 0$$

t

$$\text{water: } W(t) = 100 + 10t \text{ in gallons sugar: } S(t) = 5 + 1t \text{ in pounds}$$

$$C,$$

$$C(t) = 5 + t \quad 100 + 10t$$

$$C(t) \quad t = 12.$$

$$C(12) = 5 + 12 \quad 100 + 10(12) = 1720$$

$$C(0) = 5 + 0 \quad 100 + 10(0) = 120$$

$$1720 \approx 0.08 > 120 = 0.05,$$

$$110 = 0.1$$

$$y = 0.1. \quad C, \quad 12 \quad 11 \quad f(x) = x^2 + 3x^2 - 9.$$

$$x^2 - 9 = 0 \quad x^2 = 9 \quad x = \pm 3$$

$$x = \pm 3. \quad x = \pm 3. \quad x = \pm 3. \quad x = 3 \quad x = -3. \quad f(x) = 4x^5(x-1)(x-5). \quad x=1 \quad x=5. \quad k(x) = 5+2x^2 - x - x^2.$$

$$k(x) = 5+2x^2 - x - x^2 = 5+2x^2(2+x)(1-x)$$

$$(2+x)(1-x) = 0 \quad x = -2, 1$$

$$x = -2 \quad x = 1 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 1 \quad x^2 - 2x - 3$$

$$f(x) = (x+1)(x-1)(x+1)(x-3)$$

$$x+1 \quad x = -1, \quad x-3 \quad x = 3, \quad x = a \quad a \quad k(x) = x^2 - x^2 - 4.$$

$$k(x) = x^2(x-2)(x+2)$$

$$x-2. \quad x=2. \quad x+2. \quad x=-2. \quad x=-2. \quad x=-2, \quad x=2 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 25x^3 - 6x^2 + 5x. \quad x=5. \quad x=0, \quad x=1. \quad y=0.$$

$$\text{Example: } f(x) = 4x^2 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$$

$$f(x) \approx 4x \quad x^2 = 4x. \quad g(x) = 4x, \quad y=0. \quad y=0 \quad f(x) = p(x) \quad q(x), \quad q(x) \neq 0 \text{ where degree of } p < \text{degree of } q.$$

$$\text{Example: } f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x + 1$$

$$f(x) \approx 3x^2, g(x) = 3x, f(x)g(x) = 3x^3, y = 3x, 3x^2 - 2x + 1 \approx 3x^2, g(x) = 3x + 1.$$

$$f(x) = p(x)q(x), q(x) \neq 0, \deg p > \deg q \text{ by } 1, y = a_n b_n, a_n \neq b_n, p(x)q(x) = f(x), q(x) \neq 0.$$

$$\text{Example: } f(x) = 3x^2 + 2x^2 + 4x - 5$$

$$f(x) \approx 3x^2, g(x) = 3, x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow 3, y = 3, f(x) = p(x)q(x), q(x) \neq 0 \text{ where } \deg p = \deg q.$$

$$f(x) = 3x^5 - x^2x + 3$$

$$f(x) \approx 3x^5, x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$y = 0, g(x) = 6x^3 - 10x^2x + 3 + 5x^2h(x) = x^2 - 4x + 1, x + 2k(x) = x^2 + 4x, x^3 - 8f(x) = p(x)q(x), q(x) \neq 0.$$

$$g(x) = 6x^3 - 10x^2x + 3 + 5x^2: \deg p = \deg q = 3, y = 6^2, y = 3, h(x) = x^2 - 4x + 1, x + 2: \deg p = 2, \deg q = 1, \deg p > \deg q$$

$$21 - 41 - 212 \quad 1 - 613$$

$$x - 2, y = -x - 2, k(x) = x^2 + 4x, x^3 - 8: \deg p = 2 < \deg q = 3, y = 0, C(t) = 5 + t, 100 + 10t, t, 10t,$$

$$t \rightarrow \infty, C(t) \rightarrow 110$$

$$y = 110, C = 110, 110$$

$$f(x) = (x-2)(x+3)(x-1)(x+2)(x-5)$$

$$x = 1, -2, \text{ and } 5, x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow 0, y = 0, f(x) = (2x-1)(2x+1)(x-2)(x+3), x = 2, x = -3; y = 4.$$

$$f(x) = (x-2)(x+3)(x-1)(x+2)(x-5).$$

$$f(0) = (0-2)(0+3)(0-1)(0+2)(0-5) = -610 = -35 = -0.6$$

$$0 = (x-2)(x+3)(x-1)(x+2)(x-5) \text{ This is zero when the numerator is zero. } 0 = (x-2)(x+3), x = 2, -3, (0, -0.6), (2, 0), (-3, 0).$$

$$f(x) = 1(x-3)^2 - 4 = 1 - 4(x-3)^2, (x-3)^2 = 1 - 4(x^2 - 6x + 9), (x-3)(x-3) = -4x^2 + 24x - 35, x^2 - 6x + 9, x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -4; \text{ so } y = -4, x = 3, x \rightarrow 3, f(x) \rightarrow \infty. (2.5, 0), (3.5, 0), (0, -35.9).$$

$$f(x) = (x+1)^2(x-3)(x+3)^2(x-2), x = -1, (x+1)^2, x = 3, (x-3), x = -3, (x+3)^2, f(x) = 1x^2, x = 2, (x-2), f(x) = 1x, f(x) = (x+2)(x-3)(x+1)^2(x-2).$$

$$f(0) = (0+2)(0-3)(0+1)^2(0-2) = 3$$

$$x = -2, x = 3, (0, 3), (-2, 0), (3, 0), x + 1 = 0, x - 2 = 0, x = -1, x = 2, y = 0, x = -1, x = 2,$$

$$f(x) = (x+2)^2(x-2)^2(x-1)^2(x-3), y = 12, x = 1 \text{ and } x = 3, (0, 43), (2, 0) \text{ and } (-2, 0), (-2, 0), (2, 0)$$

$$x = x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, x = v_1, v_2, \dots, v_m, x_i = \text{any } v_j,$$

$$f(x) = a(x - x_1)^{p_1}(x - x_2)^{p_2} \cdots (x - x_n)^{p_n}(x - v_1)^{q_1}(x - v_2)^{q_2} \cdots (x - v_m)^{q_m}$$

$$p_i, q_i, a, x = -2, x = 3, x = -1, 1x, x = 2, 1x^2,$$

$$f(x) = a(x+2)(x-3)(x+1)(x-2)^2.$$

$$(0, -2).$$

$$-2 = a(0+2)(0-3)(0+1)(0-2)^2, -2 = a(-6)4, a = -8/-6 = 4/3$$

$$f(x) = 4(x+2)(x-3)^3(x+1)(x-2)^2.$$

$$f(x) = P(x)Q(x) = a_p x^p + a_{p-1} x^{p-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0, b_q x^q + b_{q-1} x^{q-1} + \dots + b_1 x + b_0, Q(x) \neq 0$$

$$f(x) = 1x, f(x) = 1x^2, x = x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, x = v_1, v_2, \dots, v_m, x_i = \text{any } v_j,$$

$$f(x) = a(x - x_1)^{p_1}(x - x_2)^{p_2} \cdots (x - x_n)^{p_n}(x - v_1)^{q_1}(x - v_2)^{q_2} \cdots (x - v_m)^{q_m}$$

$$f(x) = x - 1, x + 2f(x) = x + 1, x^2 - 1 \text{ All reals } x \neq -1, 1f(x) = x^2 + 4x^2 - 2x - 8f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 3, x^4 - 5x^2 + 4$$

$$\text{All reals } x \neq -1, -2, 1, 2f(x) = 4x - 1f(x) = 25x + 2, x = -2, 5; y = 0; x \neq -2, 5f(x) = x^2 - 9f(x) = x^2 + 5x - 36, x = 4, -9; y = 0; x \neq 4, -9f(x) = 3 + x, x^3 - 27f(x) = 3x - 4, x^3 - 16x, x = 0, 4, -4; y = 0; x \neq 0, 4, -4$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 1, x^3 + 9x^2 + 14xf(x) = x + 5, x^2 - 25, x = -5; y = 0; x \neq 5, -5f(x) = x - 4, x - 6f(x) = 4 - 2x, 3x - 1$$

$$x = 1, 3; y = -2, 3; x \neq 1, 3.f(x) = x + 5, x^2 + 4f(x) = x^2 - xf(x) = x^2 + 8x + 7, x^2 + 11x + 30$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + x + 6, x^2 - 10x + 24x - \text{intercepts none, y-intercept } (0, 14)f(x) = 94 - 2x^2, 3x^2 - 12f(x) = x^2x + 1$$

$$x \rightarrow -1, 2 +, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, x \rightarrow -1, 2 -, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow 1, 2f(x) = 2xx - 6f(x) = -2xx - 6$$

$$x \rightarrow 6 +, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, x \rightarrow 6 -, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -2f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 3, x^2 - 4x - 5$$

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 32, 6x^2 + 13x - 5, x \rightarrow -1, 3 +, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, x \rightarrow -1, 3 -, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, x \rightarrow 5, 2 -, f(x) \rightarrow \infty, x \rightarrow 5, 2 +$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, x \rightarrow \pm\infty, f(x) \rightarrow 1, 3f(x) = 24x^2 + 6x, 2x + 1f(x) = 4x^2 - 10, 2x - 4y = 2x + 4f(x) = 81x^2 - 18, 3x - 2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(x) &= 6x^3 - 5x^2 + 4y = 2x f(x) = x^2 + 5x + 4x - 1 \quad \text{V.A. } x=0, \text{H.A. } y=2 \quad \text{V.A. } x=2, \text{H.A. } y=0 \\
 p(x) &= 2x - 3x + 4 \quad \text{V.A. } x=-4, \text{H.A. } y=2; (3, 2, 0); (0, -3, 4) \quad q(x) = x - 5 \quad 3x - 1 \quad s(x) = 4(x - 2) \quad 2 \\
 \text{V.A. } x=2, \text{H.A. } y=0, (0, 1) \quad r(x) &= 5(x + 1) \quad 2f(x) = 3x^2 - 14x - 5 \quad 3x^2 + 8x - 16 \\
 \text{V.A. } x=-4, x=4 \quad 3, \text{H.A. } y=1; (5, 0); (-1, 3, 0); (0, 5, 16) \quad g(x) &= 2x^2 + 7x - 15 \quad 3x^2 - 14 + 15 \\
 a(x) &= x^2 + 2x - 3 \quad x^2 - 1 \quad \text{V.A. } x=-1, \text{H.A. } y=1; (-3, 0); (0, 3) \quad b(x) = x^2 - x - 6 \quad x^2 - 4 \\
 h(x) &= 2x^2 + x - 1 \quad x - 4 \quad \text{V.A. } x=4, \text{S.A. } y=2x + 9; (-1, 0); (1, 2, 0); (0, 1, 4) \quad k(x) = 2x^2 - 3x - 20 \quad x - 5 \\
 w(x) &= (x - 1)(x + 3)(x - 5)(x + 2)^2(x - 4) \quad \text{V.A. } x=-2, x=4, \text{H.A. } y=1, (1, 0); (5, 0); (-3, 0); (0, -15, 16) \\
 z(x) &= (x + 2)^2(x - 5)(x - 3)(x + 1)(x + 4) \quad x=5 \quad x=-5, (2, 0) \quad (-1, 0), (0, 4) \quad y=50 \quad x^2 - x - 2 \quad x^2 - 25 \quad x=-4 \\
 x &=-1, (1, 0) \quad (5, 0), (0, 7) \quad x=-4 \quad x=-5, (4, 0) \quad (-6, 0), y=7 \quad y=7x^2 + 2x - 24 \quad x^2 + 9x + 20 \quad x=-3 \quad x=6, \\
 (-2, 0) \quad (1, 0), y &=-2 \quad x=-1, x=2, (0, 2) \quad y=1 \quad 2x^2 - 4x + 4 \quad x + 1 \quad x=3, x=1, (0, 4) \quad y=4 \quad x - 3 \quad x^2 - x - 12 \\
 y &=-9 \quad x - 2 \quad x^2 - 9 \quad y=1 \quad 3x^2 + x - 6 \quad x - 1 \quad y=-6 \quad (x - 1)^2(x + 3)(x - 2) \quad 2f(x) = 1x - 2xy \quad xy \quad x=2, y=0 \quad f(x) = x \quad x - 3 \\
 f(x) &= 2x \quad x + 4xy \quad xy \quad x=-4, y=2 \quad f(x) = 2x(x - 3) \quad 2f(x) = x^2 \quad x^2 + 2x + 1 \quad xy \quad xy \quad x=-1, y=1 \quad f(x). \quad f(x) > 0. \\
 f(x) &= 2x + 1 \quad f(x) = 4 \quad 2x - 3 \quad (3, 2, \infty) \quad f(x) = 2(x - 1)(x + 2) \quad f(x) = x + 2 \quad (x - 1)(x - 4) \quad (-2, 1) \cup (4, \infty) \\
 f(x) &= (x + 3)^2(x - 1)^2(x + 1) \quad f(x) = x^2 - 4 \quad x - 2 \quad (2, 4) \quad f(x) = x^3 + 1 \quad x + 1 \quad f(x) = x^2 + x - 6 \quad x - 2 \quad (2, 5) \\
 f(x) &= 2x^2 + 5x - 3 \quad x + 3 \quad f(x) = x^3 + x^2 \quad x + 1 \quad (-1, 1) \quad t \quad t \quad C(t) = 8 + 2t \quad 300 + 20t \quad C \quad t \quad C(t) = 2t^3 + t^2 \quad t \quad C \quad t \\
 C(t) &= 100t^2 \quad t^2 + 75 \quad x \quad x \quad A(x) = 50x^2 + 800x \quad x \quad x \quad A(x) = \pi x^2 + 100x \quad x \quad y = b \quad x = a \quad a \\
 V &= \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 (2r) = \frac{2}{3} \pi r^3
 \end{aligned}$$

V r.

$$r = \frac{3V}{2\pi} \quad 3$$

V r. f g f, (a, b), g, (b, a). x y y(x) = a x^2 . a.

$$\begin{aligned}
 18 &= a \quad 6 \quad 2 \quad a = 18 \quad 36 = 1 \quad 2 \\
 y(x) &= 1 \quad 2 \quad x^2
 \end{aligned}$$

y 2x, x x

$$y = 1 \quad 2 \quad x^2 \quad 2y = x^2 \quad x = \pm 2y$$

x

$$y = x^2 \quad 2, x > 0$$

x 2x.

$$\text{Area} = l \cdot w = 36 \cdot 2x = 72x = 72 \quad 2y$$

f -1 (x). f -1 (x) f(x). f(x), (f(x)) -1 = 1 f(x). f -1 f, f f -1 . f x, f -1

f -1 (f(x)) = x, for all x in the domain of f

f(f -1 (x)) = x, for all x in the domain of f -1

f g, x f g.

$$g(f(x)) = f(g(x)) = x$$

f(x) y. x y. y, f -1 (x). f(x) = 1 x + 1 f -1 (x) = 1 x - 1 x ≠ 0, -1 f -1 (f(x)) = x f(f -1 (x)) = x.

$$\begin{aligned}
 f -1 (f(x)) &= f -1 (1x + 1) = 1 \quad 1x + 1 - 1 = (x + 1) - 1 = x \quad f(f -1 (x)) = f(1x - 1) \\
 &= 1 \quad (1x - 1) + 1 = 1 \quad 1x = x
 \end{aligned}$$

f(x) = 1 x + 1 f -1 (x) = 1 x - 1 f(x) = x + 5 \quad 3 f -1 (x) = 3x - 5

$$\begin{aligned}
 f -1 (f(x)) &= f -1 (x + 5 \quad 3) = 3(x + 5 \quad 3) - 5 = (x - 5) + 5 = x \quad f(f -1 (x)) = f(3x - 5) = (3x - 5) + 5 \quad 3 = 3x \quad 3 = x \\
 f(x) &= 5 \quad x \quad 3 + 1. \quad x.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 5 \quad x \quad 3 + 1 \quad x = 5 \quad y \quad 3 + 1 \quad x - 1 = 5 \quad y \quad 3 \quad x - 1 \quad 5 = y \quad 3 \quad f -1 (x) = x - 1 \quad 5 \quad 3$$

f f -1 . y = x. x y, (a, b) f, (b, a) f -1 . (0, 1) f, (1, 0) f -1 . (1, 6) f, (6, 1) f -1 . f(x) = x + 4 \quad 3 .

$$\begin{aligned}
 f -1 (x) &= x^3 - 4 \quad f(x) \text{ with } y. \quad x \text{ and } y. \quad y, f -1 (x). \quad f -1 (x) \quad f: f(x) = (x - 4)^2, x \geq 4 \quad f(x) = (x - 4)^2, x \leq 4 \\
 f(x) &= (x - 4)^2 \quad x \geq 4 \quad x \leq 4 \quad f(x) \quad y.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = (x - 4)^2 \quad \text{Interchange } x \text{ and } y. \quad x = (y - 4)^2 \quad \text{Take the square root.} \quad \pm x = y - 4$$

$$\text{Add 4 to both sides. } 4 \pm x = y$$

x y f(x), x x y, y x ≥ 4, y ≥ 4, x ≥ 4, f(x) ≥ 4,

$$f -1 (x) = 4 + x$$

x ≤ 4, f(x) ≤ 4,

$$f -1 (x) = 4 - x$$

$$y=x. (4, 0) f(0, 4) f^{-1} \cdot (a, b) f, (b, a) f^{-1} \cdot f f^{-1} y=x. f f^{-1} y=x.$$

$$f(x) = (x-2)^2 - 3.$$

$$(2, -3) x \geq 2. f(x) y, x.$$

$$y = (x-2)^2 - 3 \text{ Interchange } x \text{ and } y. \quad x = (y-2)^2 - 3 \text{ Add 3 to both sides.}$$

$$x+3 = (y-2)^2 \text{ Take the square root. } \pm x+3 = y-2 \text{ Add 2 to both sides. } 2 \pm x+3 = y$$

$$\text{Rename the function. } f^{-1}(x) = 2 \pm x+3$$

$$x \geq 2,$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 2 + x+3$$

$$x \geq 2. x \leq 2, f^{-1}(x) = 2 - x+3. y=x. (2, -3) f(-3, 2) f^{-1}.$$

$$\text{domain of } f = \text{range of } f^{-1} = [2, \infty)$$

$$\text{domain of } f^{-1} = \text{range of } f = [-3, \infty)$$

$$f f^{-1} y=x. f(x) = x^2 + 1, x \geq 0. f^{-1}(x) = x-1 f(x) y, x. f(x) = x-4. f(x) \geq 0. f(x) y, x.$$

$$y = x-4 \text{ Replace } f(x) \text{ with } y. x = y-4 \text{ Interchange } x \text{ and } y. x = y-4 \text{ Square each side. } x^2 = y-4 \text{ Add 4. } x^2 + 4 = y \text{ Rename the function } f^{-1}(x). f^{-1}(x) = x^2 + 4$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = x^2 + 4, x \geq 0$$

$$y=x. f(x) = 2x+3. f^{-1}(x) = x^2 - 3^2, x \geq 0$$

$$V = 2^3 \pi r^3$$

$$V = 2^3 \pi r^3 \quad V r. \pi = 3.14. V. r \geq 0 \quad V \geq 0. r V,$$

$$V = 2^3 \pi r^3 \quad r^3 = 3V / 2\pi \text{ Solve for } r^3. \quad r = \sqrt[3]{3V / 2\pi} \text{ Solve for } r.$$

$$V = 100 \quad \pi = 3.14.$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{3V / 2\pi} = \sqrt[3]{3 \cdot 100 / 2 \cdot 3.14} \approx 47.7707^3 \approx 3.63$$

$$f(x) = (x+2)(x-3)(x-1). (x+2)(x-3)(x-1) \geq 0. x(0, 6). x = -2, f(x) f(x) - 2 \leq x < 1 \text{ or } x \geq 3, [-2, 1) \cup [3, \infty).$$

$$C = 20 + 0.4n \quad 100 + n \quad C n n \quad C. n \quad C.$$

$$C = 20 + 0.4n \quad 100 + n \quad C(100 + n) = 20 + 0.4n \quad 100C + Cn = 20 + 0.4n \quad 100C - 20 = 0.4n - Cn$$

$$100C - 20 = (0.4 - C)n \quad n = (100C - 20) / (0.4 - C)$$

$$C = 0.35 \text{ (35\%).}$$

$$n = (100(0.35) - 20) / (0.4 - 0.35) = 15 / 0.05 = 300$$

$$f(x) = x+3 \quad x-2. f^{-1}(x) = 2x+3 \quad x-1 \quad f^{-1} \quad f, f f^{-1}. x y. f(x) = (x-4)^2, [4, \infty) \quad f^{-1}(x) = x+4$$

$$f(x) = (x+2)^2, [-2, \infty) \quad f(x) = (x+1)^2 - 3, [-1, \infty) \quad f^{-1}(x) = x+3 \quad -1 f(x) = 2 - 3 + x$$

$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 5, (-\infty, 0], [0, \infty) \quad f^{-1}(x) = -x-5 \quad 3f(x) = 12 - x^2, [0, \infty) \quad f(x) = 9 - x^2, [0, \infty) \quad f(x) = 9 - x$$

$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 4, [0, \infty) \quad f(x) = x^3 + 5 \quad f^{-1}(x) = x-5 \quad 3f(x) = 3x^3 + 1 \quad f(x) = 4 - x^3 \quad f^{-1}(x) = 4 - x^3$$

$$f(x) = 4 - 2x^3 \quad f(x) = 2x+1 \quad f^{-1}(x) = x^2 - 1^2, [0, \infty) \quad f(x) = 3 - 4x \quad f(x) = 9 + 4x - 4$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = (x-9)^2 + 4^4, [9, \infty) \quad f(x) = 6x-8 + 5f(x) = 9+2x \quad 3f^{-1}(x) = (x-9)^2 \quad 3f(x) = 3 - x^3$$

$$f(x) = 2x+8 \quad f^{-1}(x) = 2-8x \quad xf(x) = 3x-4 \quad f(x) = x+3 \quad x+7 \quad f^{-1}(x) = 7x-3 \quad 1-xf(x) = x-2 \quad x+7$$

$$f(x) = 3x+4 \quad 5-4x \quad f^{-1}(x) = 5x-4 \quad 4x+3 \quad f(x) = 5x+1 \quad 2-5x \quad f(x) = x^2 + 2x, [-1, \infty) \quad f^{-1}(x) = x+1 - 1$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 4x+1, [-2, \infty) \quad f(x) = x^2 - 6x+3, [3, \infty) \quad f^{-1}(x) = x+6 + 3f(x) = x^2 + 2, x \geq 0 \quad f(x) = 4 - x^2, x \geq 0$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 4 - xf(x) = (x+3)^2, x \geq -3 \quad f(x) = (x-4)^2, x \geq 4 \quad f^{-1}(x) = x+4 \quad f(x) = x^3 + 3f(x) = 1 - x^3$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 1 - x \quad 3f(x) = x^2 + 4x, x \geq -2 \quad f(x) = x^2 - 6x+1, x \geq 3 \quad f^{-1}(x) = x+8 + 3f(x) = 2 \quad xf(x) = 1 \quad x^2, x \geq 0$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = 1 \quad xf(x) = (x+1)(x-1) \quad xf(x) = (x+2)(x-3) \quad x-1 \quad [-2, 1) \cup [3, \infty) \quad f(x) = x(x+3) \quad x-4 \quad f(x) = x^2 - x - 20 \quad x-2$$

$$[-4, 2) \cup [5, \infty) \quad f(x) = 9 - x^2 \quad x+4 \quad f(x) = x^3 - x-2, y=1, 2, 3 \quad (-2, 0); (4, 2); (22, 3) \quad f(x) = x^3 + x-2, y=0, 1, 2$$

$$f(x) = x^3 + 3x-4, y=0, 1, 2 \quad (-4, 0); (0, 1); (10, 2) \quad f(x) = x^3 + 8x-4, y=-1, 0, 1 \quad f(x) = x^4 + 5x+1, y=-1, 0, 1$$

$$(-3, -1); (1, 0); (7, 1) \quad a, b, c \quad f(x) = a x^3 + b f(x) = x^2 + b x \quad f^{-1}(x) = x + b^2 \quad 4 - b^2 \quad f(x) = a x^2 + b f(x) = a x + b^3$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = x^3 - b \quad a f(x) = a x + b \quad x + c \quad h(t), t \quad h(t) = 200 - 4.9 t^2. \quad t \quad h, t(h) = 200 - h \quad 4.9, h(t), t$$

$$h(t) = 600 - 16 t^2. \quad t \quad h, V, r, V(r) = 4^3 \pi r^3. \quad r \quad V, r(V) = 3V / 4\pi^3, A, r, A(r) = 4\pi r^2. \quad r \quad V, n$$

$$C(n) = 25 + .6n \quad 100 + n \quad C, n. \quad n \quad C n(C) = 100C - 25. \quad .6 - C, T, l, T(l) = 2\pi l^3 / 32.2 \quad l \quad T \quad V, r, h, V = \pi r^2 h. \quad V$$

$$r(V) = V / 6\pi, A, r, h, A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h. \quad V \quad V, r, h, V = 1^3 \pi r^2 h. \quad r \quad h \quad r(V) = V / 4\pi, r, V, e = 0.16 s \quad e, s$$

$$e = 0.16 s \quad e = 0.16(4,600) = 736 \quad e = 0.16(9,200) = 1,472 \quad e = 0.16(18,400) = 2,944 \quad y = k x \quad n \quad k \quad k = 0.16 \quad n = 1.$$

$$x \text{ and } y$$

$$y = kx^n$$

$$y \text{ nth } x. k = yx^n, kx, y. yx yx. y = 25x^2, yx y = kx^3. yx.$$

$$k = yx^3 = 25 \cdot 2^3 = 25 \cdot 8$$

$$y = 25 \cdot 8 \cdot x^3$$

$$x = 6y.$$

$$y = 25 \cdot 8 \cdot (6)^3 = 675$$

$$(0,0). yx. y = 24x^3, yx 128^3 T = 14,000 d, T = 14,000 d 14,000 500 = 2814,000 350 = 40$$

$$14,000 250 = 56 y = kx \quad k = 14,000. xy$$

$$y = kx^n$$

$$k \text{ y nth } x. k = x^n y. t v \quad vt = \text{distance}. vt = 100.$$

$$t(v) = 100 v = 100 v - 1$$

$$x, y. yx yx. y = 25x^2, yx y = kx^3. yx.$$

$$k = x^3 y = 2^3 \cdot 25 = 200$$

$$y = kx^3, k = 200 y = 200x^3$$

$$x = 6y.$$

$$y = 200 \cdot 6^3 = 2527$$

$$yx. y = 8x^3, yx 9^2 c, n, d. xy z, x = ky z. xy z, x = ky z. xy z. x = 6 y = 2 z = 8, x y = 1 z = 27.$$

$$x = k y^2 z^3$$

$$x = 6, y = 2, z = 8 k.$$

$$6 = k \cdot 2^2 \cdot 8^3 \cdot 6 = 4k \cdot 2^3 = k$$

$$x = 3 y^2 z^3$$

$$x y = 1 z = 27, y z$$

$$x = 3 (1)^2 27^3 = 1$$

$$xy z. x = 40 y = 4 z = 2, x y = 10 z = 25. x = 20$$

$$y = kx^n, k \text{ is a nonzero constant.}$$

$$y = kx^n, k \text{ is a nonzero constant.}$$

$$yx x = 6, y = 12. yx x = 4, y = 80. y = 5x^2 yx x = 36, y = 24. yx x = 36, y = 24. y = 10x^3 yx x = 27, y = 15. y$$

$$x x = 1, y = 6. y = 6x^4 yx x = 4, y = 2. yx x = 3, y = 2. y = 18x^2 yx x = 2, y = 5. yx x = 3, y = 1. y = 81x^4 yx$$

$$x = 25, y = 3. yx x = 64, y = 5. y = 20x^3 yx z x = 2 \text{ and } z = 3, y = 36. yx, z, \text{ and } w$$

$$x = 1, z = 2, w = 5, \text{ then } y = 100. y = 10xzw yx z x = 3 \text{ and } z = 4, \text{ then } y = 72. yx z x = 2 \text{ and } z = 25, \text{ then } y = 100.$$

$$y = 10xzyx z W. x = 1, z = 2, \text{ and } w = 36, \text{ then } y = 48. yx \text{ and } z w. x = 3, z = 5, \text{ and } w = 6, \text{ then } y = 10. y = 4xz w$$

$$yx z w. x = 3, z = 4, \text{ and } w = 3, \text{ then } y = 6. yx z w t. x = 3, z = 1, w = 25, \text{ and } t = 2, \text{ then } y = 6. y = 40xz w t^2 yx.$$

$$x = 3, \text{ then } y = 12. \text{ Find } y \text{ when } x = 20. yx. x = 2, \text{ then } y = 16. \text{ Find } y \text{ when } x = 8. y = 256 yx.$$

$$x = 3, \text{ then } y = 5. \text{ Find } y \text{ when } x = 4. yx. x = 16, \text{ then } y = 4. \text{ Find } y \text{ when } x = 36. y = 6 yx.$$

$$x = 125, \text{ then } y = 15. \text{ Find } y \text{ when } x = 1,000. yx. x = 3, \text{ then } y = 2. \text{ Find } y \text{ when } x = 1. y = 6 yx.$$

$$x = 4, \text{ then } y = 3. \text{ Find } y \text{ when } x = 2. yx. x = 3, \text{ then } y = 1. \text{ Find } y \text{ when } x = 1. y = 27 yx. x = 64, y = 12. yx = 36.$$

$$yx. x = 27, y = 5. yx = 125. y = 3 yx \text{ and } z. x = 4 z = 2, y = 16. yx = 3 z = 3. yx, z, \text{ and } w. x = 2, z = 1, w = 12,$$

$$y = 72. yx = 1, z = 2, w = 3. y = 18 yx z. x = 2 z = 4, y = 144. yx = 4 z = 5. yx z. x = 2 z = 9, y = 24. yx = 3 z = 25.$$

$$y = 90 yx z w. x = 5, z = 2, w = 20, y = 4. yx = 3 z = 8, w = 48. yx z w. x = 2, z = 2, w = 64, y = 12. yx = 1,$$

$$z = 3, w = 4. y = 81^2 yx z w t. x = 2, z = 3, w = 16, t = 3, y = 1. yx = 3, z = 2, w = 36, t = 5. yx x = 2, y = 3.$$

$$y = 3^4 x^2 yx x = 2, y = 4. yx x = 36, y = 2. y = 1^3 x yx x = 6, y = 2. yx x = 1, y = 4. y = 4x^2 T, a, T a. T a. s$$

$$t, v t, K m v. (4+3i) + (-2-5i)^2 - 2i(6-5i) - (10+3i)(2-3i)(3+6i)^2 + 3i^2 - i^2 + ix^2 - 4x + 5 = 0$$

$$\{2+i, 2-i\} x^2 + 2x + 10 = 0 f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 5 f(x) = (x-2)^2 - 9 \text{ vertex } (2, -9), \text{ intercepts } (5, 0); (-1, 0); (0, -5)$$

$$f(x) = -2x^2 - 4x - (-2, 3) (3, 6). f(x) = 3^2 5 (x+2)^2 + 3 (-3, 6.5) (2, 6). h, x, h(x) = -32 (120) 2x^2 + x.$$

$$f(x) = 4x^5 - 3x^3 + 2x - 1 f(x) = 5x + 1 - x^2 f(x) = x^2 (3 - 6x + x^2) f(x) = 2x^4 + 3x^3 - 5x^2 + 7$$

$$f(x) = 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 2A \text{ as } x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ as } x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty f(x) = 2x^2 (1 + 3x - x^2)$$

$$f(x) = (x+3)^2 (2x-1) (x+1)^3 - 1^2 f(x) = x^5 + 4x^4 + 4x^3 f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + x - 41^2 f(x) = x^3 - 5x + 1$$

$$x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x + 4x - 2x^2 + 4^3 x^4 - 4x^2 + 4x + 8x + 1x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x - 1x + 3x^2 - 5x + 20 - 61x + 3$$

$$x^3 + 4x + 10x - 32x^3 + 6x^2 - 11x - 12x + 42x^2 - 2x - 3(x+4)(2x^2 - 2x - 3)^3 x^4 + 3x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 1$$

$2x^3 - 3x^2 - 18x - 8 = 0$  { -2, 4, -1 }  $2x^3 + 11x^2 + 8x - 4 = 0$   $2x^4 - 17x^3 + 46x^2 - 43x + 12 = 0$   
 $\{1, 3, 4, 12\}$   $4x^4 + 8x^3 + 19x^2 + 32x + 12 = 0$   $x^3 - 3x^2 - 2x + 4 = 0$   $2x^4 - x^3 + 4x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0$   
 $f(x) = x + 2$   $x - 5(-2, 0)$  and  $(0, -2.5)$   $x = 5$   $y = 1$   $f(x) = x + 1$   $x^2 - 4f(x) = 3x^2 - 27x^2 + x - 2$   $(0, 27)$   $2$   
 $x = 1$ ,  $x = -2$ ,  $y = 3$   $f(x) = x + 2$   $x^2 - 9f(x) = x^2 - 1$   $x + 2y = x - 2$   $f(x) = 2x^3 - x^2 + 4x^2 + 1$   $f(x) = (x - 2)^2$ ,  $x \geq 2$   
 $f(-1)(x) = x + 2$   $f(x) = (x + 4)^2 - 3$ ,  $x \geq -4$   $f(x) = x^2 + 6x - 2$ ,  $x \geq -3$   $f(-1)(x) = x + 11$   $-3f(x) = 2x^3 - 3f(x) = 4x + 5 - 3$   
 $f(-1)(x) = (x + 3)^2 - 5$   $4$ ,  $x \geq -3$   $f(x) = x - 3$   $2x + 1$   $y$   $x = 3$ ,  $y = 36$ ,  $y$   $x = 4$   $y = 64$   $y$   $x = 25$ ,  $y = 2$ ,  $y$   $x = 4$   $y$   $x$   $z$ .  
 $x = 1$   $z = 2$ ,  $y = 6$ ,  $y$   $x = 2$   $z = 3$   $y = 72$   $y$   $x$   $z$   $w$ .  $x = 3$ ,  $z = 4$ ,  $w = 2$ ,  $y = 48$ ,  $y$   $x = 4$ ,  $z = 5$ ,  $w = 3$ .  $V$   $T(3 - 4i)(4 + 2i)$   
 $20 - 10i$   $1 - 4i$   $3 + 4i$   $x^2 - 4x + 13 = 0$   $\{2 + 3i, 2 - 3i\}$   $f(x) = x^3(3 - 6x^2 - 2x^2)$   $f(x) = 8x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 4$   
As  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$ , as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$   $f(x) = -2x^2(4 - 3x - 5x^2)$   $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 8$   $f(x) = (x + 1)^2 - 9$   
 $(-1, -9)$   $(2, 0)$ ;  $(-4, 0)$ ;  $(0, -8)$   $(2, 0)$   $(4, 12)$   $f(x) = (x - 3)^3(3x - 1)(x - 1)$   $2f(x) = 2x^6 - 6x^5 + 18x^4$   
 $2x^3 + 3x - 4$   $x + 22x^2 - 4x + 11 - 26x + 2x^4 + 3x^2 - 4x - 22x^3 + 5x^2 - 7x - 12x + 32x^2 - x - 4$   
 $(x + 3)(2x^2 - x - 4)$   $f(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 - 6x - 9$   $f(x) = 4x^4 + 8x^3 + 21x^2 + 17x + 4 - 12 - 1 \pm i$   $15$   $2$   
 $f(x) = 4x^4 + 16x^3 + 13x^2 - 15x - 18$   $f(x) = x^5 + 6x^4 + 13x^3 + 14x^2 + 12x + 8 - 2 \pm i$   $x = 3$   $x = 1$   $x = -2$   
 $(0, 12)$ .  $x = 1$   $2$   $x = -3$   $(1, 8)$   $f(x) = 2(2x - 1)^3(x + 3)$   $8x^3 - 21x^2 + 6 = 0$   $f(x) = x + 4$   $x^2 - 2x - 3$   
 $(-4, 0)$ ,  $(0, -4)$   $3$   $x = 3$ ,  $x = -1$ ,  $y = 0$   $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 3$   $x^2 - 4f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 3$   $x - 1$   $y = x + 4$   $f(x) = x - 2 + 4$   
 $f(x) = 3x^3 - 4f(-1)(x) = x + 4$   $3f(x) = 2x + 3$   $3x - 1$   $y$   $x = 3$ ,  $y = 2$ .  $y$   $x = 1$   $y = 18$   $y$   $x$   $z$ .  $x = 2$   $z = 27$ ,  $y = 12$ ,  $y$   
 $x = 5$   $z = 8$ .  $k$   $1.25$   $1.2\%$   $2031$ .  $f(x) = 3x + 4$ ,  $xf(x) = 2$   $g(x) = 2x$   $f(x) = a$   $b$   $x$ ,  $a$   $b$   $b > 1$ ,  $0 < b < 1$ ,  $f(x) = 2x - 3$   $3$ .  
 $x - 3 - 2 - 10$   $123f(x) = 2x^2 - 3 = 1$   $82 - 2 = 1$   $42 - 1 = 1$   $220 = 12$   $1 = 22$   $2 = 42$   $3 = 8$   $f$   $f(x) = 2x(-\infty, \infty)$ ,  
 $(0, \infty)$ ,  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow 0$ ,  $f(x)$   $f(x)$   $y = 0$   $x$ ,

$$f(x) = a b x$$

$a$   $b$   $b \neq 1$ .  $f$   $f$   $a > 0$ .  $f$   $a < 0$ .  $(0, a)$ ,  $y = 0$   $f(x) = 4$   $3(x - 2)$   $g(x) = x$   $3h(x) = (1/3)x$   $j(x) = (-2)x$   $g(x) = x$   $3$   
 $g(x) = x$   $3$   $b \neq 1$ .  $j(x) = (-2)x - 2$ ,  $0$   $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x + 1$   $g(x) = 0.875x$   $h(x) = 1.75x + 2$   $j(x) = 1095.6 - 2x$   
 $g(x) = 0.875x$   $j(x) = 1095.6 - 2x$   $1$   $b$   $b = -9$   $x = 1$   $2$ .  $f(x) = f(1/2) = (-9)1/2 = -9/2$   $1/2$ :  $b = 1$ .

$$f(x) = 1x = 1x. f(x) = bx, x f(x) = 2x. f(3)?$$

$$f(x) = 2x f(3) = 2 \cdot 3 \text{ Substitute } x = 3. = 8 \text{ Evaluate the power.}$$

$$f(x) = 30(2)x. f(3)?$$

$$f(x) = 30(2)x f(3) = 30(2)3 \text{ Substitute } x = 3. = 30(8) \text{ Simplify the power first. } = 240 \text{ Multiply.}$$

$$f(3) = 30(2)3 \neq 60 \cdot 3 = 216,000$$

$$f(x) = 5(3)x + 1. f(2)$$

$$f(x) = 5(3)x + 1 f(2) = 5(3)2 + 1 \text{ Substitute } x = 2. = 5(3)3 \text{ Add the exponents. } = 5(27)$$

$$\text{Simplify the power. } = 135 \text{ Multiply.}$$

$$f(x) = 8(1.2)x - 5. f(3) = 5.5556x a b b \neq 1,$$

$$f(x) = a b x$$

$a$   $b$   $x$   $A(x) = 100 + 50x$ .  $B(x) = 100(1 + 0.5)x$   $.0100 + 50(0) = 100$   $100(1 + 0.5)0 = 100$   $100 + 50(1) = 150$   
 $100(1 + 0.5)1 = 150$   $200 + 50(2) = 200$   $100(1 + 0.5)2 = 225$   $300 + 50(3) = 250$   $100(1 + 0.5)3 = 337.5x$   
 $A(x) = 100 + 50x$   $B(x) = 100(1 + 0.5)x$   $[0, \infty)$ ,  $[100, \infty)$ .  $B(x) = 100(1 + 0.5)x$ .  $1 + 0.5 = 1.5$

$$B(x) = 100(1.5)x, 1.5x 1.25 1.2\%. P(t) = 1.25(1.012)t, t 2013. 2031? t = 18, 18$$

$$P(18) = 1.25(1.012)18 \approx 1.549$$

$0.6\%$ .  $P(t) = 1.39(1.006)t$ ,  $t 2013$ .  $1.548$   $a$   $b$ ,  $(0, a)$ ,  $a$   $a$ ,  $f(x) = a(b)x$ ,  $b$ .  $(0, a)$ ,  $f(x) = a(b)x$ .  $a$   $b$ .  $a$   $b$   $f(x) = a(b)x$ .  $N(t) = (N)t$ .  $t$   $a = 80$ .  $N(t) = 80$   $b$   $t$   $b$ :

$$N(t) = 80 b t 180 = 80 b 6 \text{ Substitute using point } (6, 180). 9 \cdot 4 = b \cdot 6 \text{ Divide and write in lowest terms.}$$

$$b = (9 \cdot 4) / 6 \text{ Isolate } b \text{ using properties of exponents. } b \approx 1.1447 \text{ Round to 4 decimal places.}$$

$$N(t) = 80(1.1447)t. (0, 80) (6, 180). [0, \infty), [80, \infty). N(t) = 80(1.1447)t, t 129 2013, N t. (0, 129)$$

$$(2, 236); N(t) = 129(1.3526)t(-2, 6)(2, 1). f(x) = a b x, a b. (-2, 6) 6 = a b - 2(2, 1) 1 = a b 2 a b: a$$

$$b: b a: f(x) = 2.4492(0.6389)x. (-2, 6)(2, 1). f(x) = 2.4492(0.6389)x(1, 3)(2, 4.5), f(x) = 2(1.5)x$$

$$x, (0, a) a a, f(x) = a(b)x, b. (0, a), f(x) = a(b)x. a b. f(x) = a(b)x. (0, 3), a = 3. (0, 3)(2, 12).$$

$$y = a b x \text{ Write the general form of an exponential equation. } y = 3 b x \text{ Substitute the initial value 3 for } a.$$

$$12 = 3 b 2 \text{ Substitute in 12 for } y \text{ and 2 for } x. 4 = b 2 \text{ Divide by 3. } b = \pm 2 \text{ Take the square root.}$$

$$b, b = 2. a b f(x) = 3(2)x. f(x) = 2(2)x. 1.4142(1.4142)x. y = a \cdot b x(2, 24.8)(5, 198.4). a = 6.2 b = 2$$

$$y = 6.2 \cdot 2^x, y \approx 12 \cdot 1.85^x, P, r, n:$$

$$A(t) = P ( 1 + r n )^{nt}$$

$$A(t) = P ( 1 + r n )^{nt}$$

A(t) t P r n P=3000. r = 0.03. n=4. A( 10 ), t = 10.

$A(t) = P(1 + r/n)^{nt}$  Use the compound interest formula.  $A(10) = 3000(1 + 0.03/4)^{4 \cdot 10}$

Substitute using given values.  $\approx \$4045.05$  Round to two decimal places.

r=0.06. k=2. P, 18 P.

$A(t) = P(1 + r/n)^{nt}$  Use the compound interest formula.  $40,000 = P(1 + 0.06/2)^{2(18)}$

Substitute using given values A, r, n, and t.  $40,000 = P (1.03)^{36}$  Simplify.  $40,000 (1.03)^{36} = P$  Isolate P.

$P \approx \$13,801$  Divide and round to the nearest dollar.

$$A(t) = \frac{(1+t)^n}{(1+t)^{n-1}} \frac{1}{(1+t)^2} \frac{2}{(1+t)^4} \frac{4}{(1+t)^{12}} \frac{12}{(1+t)^{365}} \frac{365}{(1+t)^{8766}} \frac{8766}{(1+t)^{525960}} \frac{525960}{(1+131557600)} \frac{31557600}{n} n e.$$

$(1 + \frac{1}{n})^n$ , as  $n$  increases without bound

$$e \approx 2.718282. \quad e^{3.14} \cdot [e^x] \cdot [e^{\sqrt{\quad}}] \cdot 3.14 \cdot [ \quad ] \cdot 5 \quad e^{3.14} \approx 23.10387. \quad e \cdot e^{-0.5} \cdot e^{-0.5} \approx 0.60653 \quad e^t, a$$

$$A(t) = a e^{rt}$$

$$\text{art } r>0 \quad r<0$$

$$A(t) = P e^{rt}$$

Pr t t, a r. r>0. r<0. t. A(t). r=0.10. P=1000. t=1

$A(t) = P e^{rt}$  Use the continuous compounding formula.  $= 1000 (e)^{0.1}$

Substitute known values for P, r, and t.  $\approx 1105.17$  Use a calculator to approximate.

17.3% r = -0.173. 100 a=100. t=3

$A(t) = ae^{rt}$  Use the continuous growth formula.  $= 100e^{-0.173(3)}$  Substitute known values for  $a$ ,  $r$ , and  $t$ .  
 $\approx 59.5115$  Use a calculator to approximate.

$3.77 \times 10^{-26}$   $f(x) = b^x$ , where  $b > 0, b \neq 1$   $f(x) = a b^x$ , where  $a > 0, b > 0, b \neq 1$

$A(t) = P(1 + r/n)^{nt}$ , where  $A(t)$  is the account value at time  $t$   $t$  is the number of years

P is the initial investment, often called the principal r is the annual percentage rate (APR), or nominal rate

n is the number of compounding periods in one year

$A(t) = a e^{rt}$ , where  $a \approx 2.718282$ ,  $t \approx 2.718282$ ,  $[e^x] = [\exp(x)]$ ,  $e \approx 1.824325\%$ ,  $20$  \$5

$$h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 18t + 40, t, A(t) = 115(1.025)^t, B(t) = 82(1.029)^t, 20 \leq t \leq 43, 100$$

$$v=300(1-t) \quad 5v=220(1.06) \times 1.06, 1.v=16.5(1.025) \quad 1 \times v=11.701(0.97) \quad t0.97, 0.1(0.6)(3.750)$$

$(0,2000) \quad (2,20) \quad f(x)=2000 \quad (0,1) \quad x \in (-1,3) \quad (2) \quad (3,24) \quad (-2,6) \quad (3,1)$

$$f(x) = (16) - 35(16)x + 5 \approx 2.93(0.699)x(3,1)(5,4)xf(x)xh(x)xm(x)xf(x)xg(x)A(t) = P(1 + rn)^{nt}.$$

$$10,250 \cdot (1 + 0.04/12)^{120} = \$10,250 \cdot 3.6\% \cdot 20 = \$13,268.58$$

$$PP = A(t) \cdot (1 + r/n)^{-nt} = \$14,472.74 \cdot 5.5\% \cdot 5 = 5$$

\$4,572.56 r.4%v=3742 ( e ) 0.75t 0.v=150 ( e ) 3.25 tv=2.25 ( e ) -2t 0. \$12,000 7.2% 30 30 \$669.42

$$f(x)=2(5)^x, f(-3)f(x)=-42x+3, f(-1)f(-1)=-4f(x)=e^x, f(3)f(x)=-2e^{x-1}, f(-1)f(-1)\approx-0.2707$$

$$f(x) = 2.7(4)^{-x} + 1, \quad f(-2) = 1.5, \quad f(x) = 1.2e^{2x} - 0.3, \quad f(3) \approx 483.8146, \quad f(x) = -3.2(3)^{-x} + 3.2, \quad f(2) = 1.2$$

$$(0,3) \quad (3,375)_{\mathbf{v} \approx 3:5} \times (3,222,62) \quad (10,77,456)(20,29,495) \quad (150,730,89)_{\mathbf{v} \approx 18:1} 025 \times (5,2,909) \quad (13,0,005)$$

$$(11\ 310\ 035)(25\ 356\ 3652)y \approx 0.2 : 1.95 \times \text{APY} = (1 + r/12)^{12} - 1 \quad I(n) \cdot n$$

$$APY = A(t) - a \quad a = a \left( \frac{1+r}{365} \right)^{365(1)} - a \quad a = a \left[ \left( \frac{1+r}{365} \right)^{365} - 1 \right] \quad a = \left( \frac{1+r}{365} \right)^{365} - 1$$

$$I(n) = (1 + r_n)^{n-1} f(x) = a : b \quad x \quad a : b \quad b \neq 1 \quad b : b = e \quad n \quad n e \quad b > 1 \quad f(x) = a : (1 : b) \quad x \quad b = e \quad n \quad f(x) = a : (e) \quad - n x$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{Q} \\ 0 & \text{if } x \notin \mathbb{Q} \end{cases}$$

[illegible]

$f(x) = b \cdot x$   $f(x) = 2 \cdot x$   $1 \cdot x$   $3 \cdot x$   $10123f(x) = 2 \cdot x$   $1 \cdot 81$   $41$   $212482$   $2 \cdot x$   $f(x) = a \cdot b \cdot x$   $b \cdot a \cdot x$   $x \cdot x$   $f(x) = 2 \cdot x$

[illegible]

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & (0, \infty) \\ 0 & x=0 \\ 1-x & (-1, 0) \end{cases} \quad g(x) = \begin{cases} (1-x)^2 & x \in [0, 1] \\ 0 & x \in (-1, 0) \end{cases} \quad h(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x & x \in [0, 1] \\ 0 & x \in (-1, 0) \end{cases}$$

$x \in \mathbb{R}, g(x) = (1, 2) \cdot x, g(x) = (1, 2) \cdot x \in (0, \infty), y = 0.1(x) = 0 \cdot x, b \geq 0, b \neq 1, y = 0 \in (-\infty, \infty) \cup (0, 1) \cup b \geq 1 \cup b \leq 1$   
 $f(x) = 1 - x^2 \in (0, 1) \cup (-\infty, \infty) \cup (0, \infty) \cup 0, f(x) = 0.25 - 1 - 0.25 - 0 - x^2 \in 101236(x) = 0.25 - 641641$

$1(x) \equiv 0$ ,  $3(0,1)$ ,  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ,  $(0, \infty)$ ,  $y=0$ ,  $1(x) \equiv 0.25x$ ,  $b=0.25$ ,  $y=0$ ,  $x=3$ ,  $z=10$ ,  $1(x) \equiv 0.25x$ ,  $64$ ,  $164$ ,  $0.250$ ,  $0.6250$ ,  $0.15625$ ,  $(0,1)$ ,  $(-1,1)$ ,  $(1,0.25)$ ,  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ,  $(0, \infty)$ ,  $y=0$ ,  $f(x)$ ,  $4$ ,  $x$ ,  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ,  $(0, \infty)$ ,  $y=0$

$f(x)=b x$   $d f(x)=b x$  ,  $d f(x)=2 x$  ,  $d=3$ :  $g(x)=2 x+3$   $h(x)=2 x-3$ .  $f(x)=2 x$   $(-\infty, \infty)$   $3$   $g(x)=2 x+3$ :  
 $3$   $(0,4)$ .  $3 y=3$ .  $(3, \infty)$ .  $3 h(x)=2 x-3$ :  $3$   $(0,-2)$ .  $3 y=-3$ .  $(-3, \infty)$ .  $c f(x)=b x$  ,  $c f(x)=2 x$  ,  $c=3$ :  
 $g(x)=2 x+3$  ,  $h(x)=2 x-3$  .  $f(x)=2 x$   $(-\infty, \infty)$  ,  $y=0,3$   $g(x)=2 x+3$  ,  $(0,8)$  .  $2 x+3=(8) 2 x$  ,  $8.3$   
 $h(x)=2 x-3$  ,  $(0,18)$  .  $2 x-3=(18) 2 x$  ,  $18$  .  $c d, f(x)=b x+c+d$   $f(x)=b x d$   $d. c c. (0, b c+d)$  .  $y=d$ .  
 $(d, \infty)$  .  $(-\infty, \infty)$  ,  $f(x)=b x+c+d, y=d$ .  $(-c, d)$  .  $f(x)=b x$   $c c c c f(x)=b x$   $d d d d (-\infty, \infty)$  ,  $(d, \infty)$  ,  
 $y=d$ .  $f(x)=2 x+1-3$ .  $f(x)=b x+c+d, b=2, c=1, d=-3$ .  $y=d y=-3$ .  $(-c, d)$  ,  $(-1, -3)$  .  $f(x)=b x$   $(-\infty, \infty)$  ;  
 $(-3, \infty)$  ;  $y=-3$ .  $f(x)=2 x-1+3$ .  $(-\infty, \infty)$  ;  $(3, \infty)$  ;  $y=3$ .  $f(x)=b x+c+d x, f(x) f(x)$  .  $x, 42=1.2(5) x+2.8$   
 $1.2(5) x+2.8 x y$  .  $x=2$ .  $x \approx 2.166$ .  $4=7.85(1.15) x-2.27 x \approx -1.608$   $f(x)=b x$   $|a|>0$ .  $f(x)=2 x$  ,  $a=3$  ,  
 $g(x)=3(2) x$   $a=13$  ,  $h(x)=13(2) x$   $g(x)=3(2) x$   $f(x)=2 x$   $3$  .  $h(x)=13(2) x$   $f(x)=2 x$   $13$  .  
 $a>0, f(x)=a(b) x a$   $|a|>1$  .  $a|a|<1$  .  $(0, a)$  .  $y=0, (0, \infty)$  ,  $(-\infty, \infty)$  ,  $f(x)=4(12) x$  .  $b=12$   $x x a=4$  ,  
 $f(x)=(12) x$   $4.x-3-2-10123$

$$f(x)=4(12) x$$

$321684210.5(0,4)$  ,  $(-1,8)$   $(1,2)$  .  $(-\infty, \infty)$  ;  $(0, \infty)$  ;  $y=0$ .  $f(x)=12(4) x$  .  $(-\infty, \infty)$  ;  $(0, \infty)$  ;  $y=0$ .  
 $f(x)=b x$   $-1, -1$  ,  $f(x)=2 x$  ,  $g(x)=-2 x$  ,  $h(x)=2-x$  ,  $g(x)=-2 x$   $f(x)=2 x$   $g(x)=2-x$   $f(x)=2 x$   
 $f(x)=-b x$   $f(x)=b x$   $(0,-1)$  .  $(-\infty, 0)$   $y=0$   $(-\infty, \infty)$  ,  $f(x)=b-x$   $f(x)=b x$   $(0,1)$  ,  $y=0, (0, \infty)$  ,  $(-\infty, \infty)$  ,  
 $g(x), f(x)=(14) x$   $f(x)=(14) x$   $f(x)-1$   $g(x)=- (14) x$  .  $x-3-2-10123$

$$g(x)=- (14) x$$

$-64-16-4-1-0.25-0.0625-0.0156(0,-1)$  ,  $(-1,-4)$   $(1,-0.25)$  .  $(-\infty, \infty)$  ;  $(-\infty, 0)$  ;  $y=0$ .  $g(x)$  ,  
 $f(x)=1.25 x$   $(-\infty, \infty)$  ;  $(0, \infty)$  ;  $y=0$ .  $f(x)=b x c d$

$$f(x)=b x+c+d$$

$$|a|>1 0<|a|<1$$

$$f(x)=a b x$$

$$f(x)=-b x$$

$$f(x)=b-x=(1 b) x$$

$$f(x)=a b x+c+d$$

$$f(x)=a b x+c+d$$

$y=b x$  ,  $b>1, c|a||a|>0$  .  $|a| 0<|a|<1$  .  $d a<0$ .  $f(x)=e x$   $24$   $f(x)=a b x+c+d$ .  $a, b, c, d$ .  $f(x)=e x$  ,  $b=e.2$   
 $a=2$ .  $x-x e-x$  .  $d=4$ .

$$f(x)=a b x+c+d=2 e^{-x}+0+4=2 e^{-x}+4$$

$(-\infty, \infty)$  ;  $(4, \infty)$  ;  $y=4$ .  $f(x)=e x$   $13$  ,  $2f(x)=-13 e x-2$ ;  $(-\infty, \infty)$  ;  $(-\infty, 2)$  ;  $y=2$ .  $f(x)=b x$   
 $f(x)=a b x+c+d f(x)=b x$   $(0,1)$  ,  $(-\infty, \infty)$  ,  $(0, \infty)$  ,  $y=0$ .  $b>1, y=0, 0<b<1, y=0$ .  $f(x)=b x+d$   $f(x)=b x$  .  
 $f(x)=b x+c$   $f(x)=b x$  .  $f(x)=b x+c+d$   $f(x)=a b x$  ,  $a>0, |a|>1 0<|a|<1$   $f(x)=b x$  .  $f(x)=b x-1$  ,  
 $f(x)=-b x$  ,  $-1$  ,  $f(x)=b-x$  ,  $f(x)=a b x+c+d$ .  $f(x)=a b x+c+d, x$   $f(x)=3 x$   $4$ .  $g(x)? g(x)=4(3)-x$  ;  
 $(0,4)$  ;  $0$ .  $f(x)=(12)-x$   $15$  .  $g(x)? f(x)=10 x$   $7$   $g(x)? g(x)=-10 x+7$ ;  $(0,6)$  ;  $7$ .  $f(x)=(1.68) x$   $32$  ,  
 $3 g(x)? f(x)=-12(14) x-2+4$   $24,4$   $g(x)? g(x)=2(14) x$  ;  $(0,2)$  ;  $0$ .  $f(x)=3(12) x$   
 $g(x)=-2(0.25) x(0,-2) h(x)=6(1.75)-x f(x)=3(14) x$  ,  $g(x)=3(2) x$  ,  $h(x)=3(4) x f(x)=14(3) x$  ,  
 $g(x)=2(3) x$  ,  $h(x)=4(3) x f(x)=2(0.69) x f(x)=2(1.28) x f(x)=2(0.81) x f(x)=4(1.28) x$   
 $f(x)=2(1.59) x f(x)=4(0.69) x f(x)=a b x$  .  $b? b? a? a? f(x)=12(4) x f(x)=3(0.75) x-1$   
 $f(x)=-4(2) x+2 f(x)=2 x$  .  $f(x)=2-x h(x)=2 x+3 h(x)=3$ ;  $3 f(x)=2 x-2 f(x)=-5(4) x-1 x \rightarrow \infty$   
 $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty x \rightarrow -\infty f(x) \rightarrow -1 f(x)=3(12) x-2 f(x)=3(4)-x+2 x \rightarrow \infty f(x) \rightarrow 2 x \rightarrow -\infty f(x) \rightarrow \infty$   
 $f(x)=4 x$  .  $f(x) f(x) f(x)=4 x-3 f(x) f(x) f(x)=4 x-5 f(x) f(x) f(x)=4-x y=2 x$  .  $y=-2 x+3$   
 $y=-2(3) x+7 x$ .  $g(x)=13(7) x-2$   $g(6)$ .  $g(6)=800+13 \approx 800.3333 f(x)=4(2) x-1-2 f(5)$ .  
 $h(x)=-12(12) x+6 h(-7)$ .  $h(-7)=-58 f(x)=a b x+d$ .  $-50=- (12)-x 116=14(18) x x \approx -2.953$   
 $12=2(3) x+15=3(12) x-1-2 x \approx -0.222-30=-4(2) x+2+2 F(x)=(b) x$   $G(x)=(1 b) x$  .  $b x$   
 $(1 b) x$   $b>0$ .  $G(x)=(1 b) x$   $F(x)=b x$  ;  $b>0$   $f(x)=b x$  ,  $(1 b) x$   $F(-x)$ .  $f(x)=4 x$  ,  $g(x)=4 x-2$  ,  
 $h(x)=(116) 4 x$  .  $b x$   $(1 b n) b x$   $b>0$ .  $g(x) h(x) f(x)$ ;  $b>0, f(x)=b x$  ,  $(1 b n) b x$   $f(x-n)$ .  
 $108-4=104=10,000$   $10 x=500, x x? 10 x=500$  .  $102=100$   $103=1000, x y=10 x$   $y=b x$   $x=b y$   
 $x y y y x, y=\log b(x)$  .  $b b b x y, b x y b y x, 25=32, \log 232=5$ .





$$y = \log_b(x) \quad y = b^x \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad y = b^x : (0, \infty) \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad y = b^x : (-\infty, \infty) \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad y = b^x$$

$$f(x) = \log_4(2x-3) \quad x > 1.5 \quad \text{Divide by 2}$$

$$2x-3 > 0 \quad \text{Show the argument greater than zero.} \quad 2x > 3 \quad \text{Add 3.} \quad x > 1.5 \quad \text{Divide by 2.}$$

$$f(x) = \log_4(2x-3) \quad (1.5, \infty) \quad x \cdot f(x) = \log_2(x+3)? \quad x+3 > 0$$

$$x+3 > 0 \quad \text{The input must be positive.} \quad x > -3 \quad \text{Subtract 3.}$$

$$f(x) = \log_2(x+3) \quad (-3, \infty) \quad f(x) = \log_5(x-2)+1? \quad (2, \infty) \quad f(x) = \log(5-2x)? \quad 5-2x > 0$$

$$5-2x > 0 \quad \text{The input must be positive.} \quad -2x > -5 \quad \text{Subtract 5.} \quad x < 2.5$$

$$\text{Divide by } -2 \text{ and switch the inequality.}$$

$$f(x) = \log(5-2x) \quad (-\infty, 2.5) \quad f(x) = \log(x-5)+2? \quad (5, \infty) \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad y = b^x, y=x \quad y = 2^x$$

$$x = \log_2(y) \quad x-3-2-101232 \quad x = y1 \quad 81 \quad 41 \quad 21248 \quad \log_2(y) = x-3-2-10123 \quad f(x) = 2^x \quad g(x) = \log_2(x)$$

$$f(x) = 2^x \quad (-3, 18) \quad (-2, 14) \quad (-1, 12) \quad (0, 1) \quad (1, 2) \quad (2, 4) \quad (3, 8) \quad g(x) = \log_2(x) \quad (18, -3) \quad (14, -2)$$

$$(12, -1) \quad (1, 0) \quad (2, 1) \quad (4, 2) \quad (8, 3) \quad f \quad g \quad f(x) = 2^x \quad g(x) = \log_2(x) \quad y=x \quad f(x) = 2^x \quad (0, 1)$$

$$g(x) = \log_2(x) \quad (1, 0) \quad f(x) = 2^x \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad g(x) = \log_2(x) \quad f(x) = 2^x \quad (0, \infty) \quad g(x) = \log_2(x) \quad x > 0,$$

$$b \neq 1, f(x) = \log_b(x) : x=0 \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad (1, 0) \quad (b, 1) \quad b > 1 \quad 0 < b < 1 \quad b \quad f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad \ln(x) \quad e \approx 2.718$$

$$f(x) = \log_b(x), x=0 \quad (1, 0) \quad (b, 1) \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad f(x) = \log_5(x) \quad b=5 \quad x=0, (1, 0) \quad (5, 1)$$

$$(0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad f(x) = \log_1 5(x) \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad c \quad f(x) = \log_b(x), c$$

$$f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad c > 0 \quad g(x) = \log_b(x+c), h(x) = \log_b(x-c) \quad c, f(x) = \log_b(x+c) \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad c \quad c > 0$$

$$y = \log_b(x) \quad c \quad c < 0 \quad x = -c \quad (-c, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad f(x) = \log_b(x+c), c > 0, f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad c \quad c < 0,$$

$$f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad c \quad x = -c \quad c \quad x \quad (-c, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x = -c \quad f(x) = \log_3(x-2) \quad f(x) = \log_3(x-2), x+(-2)=x-2$$

$$c = -2, c < 0 \quad f(x) = \log_3(x) \quad x = -(-2) \quad x = 2 \quad (13, -1) \quad (1, 0) \quad (3, 1) \quad x \quad (73, -1) \quad (3, 0) \quad (5, 1) \quad (2, \infty)$$

$$(-\infty, \infty), x=2 \quad f(x) = \log_3(x+4) \quad (-4, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=-4 \quad d \quad f(x) = \log_b(x), d \quad d \quad f(x) = \log_b(x)$$

$$g(x) = \log_b(x)+d \quad h(x) = \log_b(x)-d \quad d, f(x) = \log_b(x)+d \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad d \quad d > 0 \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad d \quad d < 0$$

$$x=0 \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad f(x) = \log_b(x)+d, d > 0, f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad d \quad d < 0, f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad d \quad x=0 \quad d \quad y$$

$$(0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad f(x) = \log_3(x)-2 \quad f(x) = \log_3(x)-2, d=-2 \quad d < 0 \quad f(x) = \log_3(x) \quad x=0 \quad (13, -1)$$

$$(1, 0) \quad (3, 1) \quad (13, -3) \quad (1, -2) \quad (3, -1) \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad f(x) = \log_2(x)+2$$

$$(0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad a > 0, a > 1 \quad f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad g(x) = a \log_b(x) \quad h(x) = 1/a \log_b(x)$$

$$a > 1, f(x) = a \log_b(x) \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad a \quad a > 1 \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad a \quad 0 < a < 1 \quad x=0 \quad (1, 0) \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$f(x) = a \log_b(x), a > 0, |a| > 1, f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad a \quad |a| < 1, f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad a \quad x=0 \quad y \quad a \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0$$

$$f(x) = 2 \log_4(x) \quad f(x) = 2 \log_4(x), a=2 \quad f(x) = \log_4(x) \quad x=0 \quad (14, -1) \quad (1, 0) \quad (4, 1) \quad y \quad (14, -2) \quad (1, 0)$$

$$(4, 2) \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad f(x) = 1/2 \log_4(x) \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0$$

$$f(x) = 5 \log(x+2) \quad x = -2 \quad (-1, 0) \quad (-2, \infty) \quad (-1, 0) \quad (8, 5) \quad x=8 \quad x=8, x+2=10, (-2, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=-2$$

$$f(x) = 3 \log(x-2)+1 \quad (2, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=2 \quad f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad -1, -1, b > 1, f(x) = \log_b(x)$$

$$g(x) = -\log_b(x) \quad h(x) = \log_b(-x) \quad f(x) = -\log_b(x) \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0$$

$$f(x) = \log_b(-x) \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad (-\infty, 0) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0, f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad \text{If } f(x) = -\log_b(x)$$

$$\text{If } f(x) = \log_b(-x) \quad x=0 \quad x=0 \quad (1, 0) \quad (1, 0) \quad f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad f(x) = \log_b(x) \quad (0, \infty) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0$$

$$(-\infty, 0) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad f(x) = \log(-x) \quad f(x) = \log(-x), b=10 \quad -1, f(x) = \log(-x) \quad x \quad x=0 \quad (-1, 0) \quad (-\infty, 0)$$

$$(-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad f(x) = -\log(-x) \quad (-\infty, 0) \quad (-\infty, \infty), x=0 \quad x, x, 4 \ln(x)+1 = -2 \ln(x-1) \quad 4 \ln(x)+1$$

$$-2 \ln(x-1) \quad x \quad y \quad x=1 \quad x \approx 1.339 \quad 5 \log(x+2) = 4 - \log(x) \quad x \approx 3.049 \quad y = \log_b(x) \quad c \quad d \quad y = \log_b(x+c)+d$$

$$|a| > 1 \quad |a| < 1 \quad y = a \log_b(x) \quad y = -\log_b(x) \quad y = \log_b(-x) \quad y = a \log_b(x+c)+d \quad y = \log_b(x)$$

$$f(x) = a \log_b(x+c)+d$$

$$y = \log_b(x), b > 1, d \quad c \quad |a| > 1 \quad |a| > 0 \quad |a| < 1 \quad a < 0 \quad f(x) = \log(-x), f(x) = -2 \log_3(x+4)+5? \quad x = -4$$

$$x = -4 \quad f(x) = 3 + \ln(x-1)? \quad x=1 \quad x = -2$$

$$f(x) = -a \log(x+2)+k$$

$$(-1, 1) \quad (2, -1) \quad (-1, 1),$$

$$1 = -a \log(-1+2)+k \quad \text{Substitute } (-1, 1). \quad 1 = -a \log(1)+k \quad \text{Arithmetic.} \quad 1 = k \log(1)=0$$

$$(2, -1)$$

$$-1 = -a \log(2+2)+1 \quad \text{Plug in } (2, -1). \quad -2 = -a \log(4) \quad \text{Arithmetic.} \quad a = 2 \log(4) \quad \text{Solve for } a$$

$$f(x) = -2 \log(4) \log(x+2)+1 \quad x f(x) x f(x) f(x) = 2 \ln(x+3)-1 \quad x = -3 \quad x = -3 \quad \{x \mid x > -3\} \quad x \rightarrow -3 +, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$$

$x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$ .  $f(x) = \log_b(x)$   $f(x) = a \log_b(x+c) + d$   $x$ .  $f(x) = \log_b(x)$   $(1,0), (0,\infty), (-\infty,\infty)$ ,  $x=0$ ,  
 $b>1, 0<b<1$ ,  $f(x) = \log_b(x+c)$   $y = \log_b(x)$   $c > 0$ .  $c < 0$ .  $f(x) = \log_b(x) + d$   $y = \log_b(x)$   $d > 0$ .  $d < 0$ .  $a > 0$ ,  $f(x) = a \log_b(x)$   $y = \log_b(x)$   $a > 1$ .  $y = \log_b(x)$   $a < 1$ .  $y = \log_b(x) - 1, -1$ ,  
 $f(x) = -\log_b(x)$   $f(x) = \log_b(-x)$   $f(x) = a \log_b(x+c) + d$ .  $f(x) = a \log_b(x+c) + d$ ,  $x = -c$   
 $f(x) = a \log_b(x+c) + d$ ,  $y = x$ .  $(a,b)$   $(b,a)$   $f(x) = \log_b(x)$ .  $x f(x) = \log_3(x+4)$   $h(x) = \ln(12-x)$   
 $(-\infty, 12)$ ;  $(-\infty, \infty)$   $g(x) = \log_5(2x+9) - 2$   $h(x) = \ln(4x+17) - 5$   $(-17, 4, \infty)$ ;  $(-\infty, \infty)$   
 $f(x) = \log_2(12-3x) - 3$   $f(x) = \log_b(x-5)$   $(5, \infty)$ ;  $x=5$   $g(x) = \ln(3-x)$   $f(x) = \log(3x+1)$   $(-1, 3, \infty)$ ;  $x = -1$   $3$   
 $f(x) = 3 \log(-x) + 2$   $g(x) = -\ln(3x+9) - 7$   $(-3, \infty)$ ;  $x = -3$   $f(x) = \ln(2-x)$   $f(x) = \log(x-3)$   $(3, 7, \infty)$   $x = 3$   $7$   
 $x \rightarrow (3, 7) +$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$   $x \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$   $h(x) = -\log(3x-4) + 3$   $g(x) = \ln(2x+6) - 5$   $(-3, \infty)$   $x = -3$   $x \rightarrow -3 +$   
 $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$   $x \rightarrow \infty$   $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$   $f(x) = \log_3(15-5x) + 6$   $h(x) = \log_4(x-1) + 1$   $(1, \infty)$ ;  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ;  $x=1$ ;  $(5, 4, 0)$ ;  
 $f(x) = \log(5x+10) + 3$   $g(x) = \ln(-x) - 2$   $(-\infty, 0)$ ;  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ;  $x=0$ ;  $(-e, 2, 0)$ ;  $f(x) = \log_2(x+2) - 5$   
 $h(x) = 3 \ln(x) - 9$   $(0, \infty)$ ;  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ;  $x=0$ ;  $(e, 3, 0)$ ;  $d(x) = \log(x)$   $f(x) = \ln(x)$   $g(x) = \log_2(x)$   $h(x) = \log_5(x)$   
 $j(x) = \log_{25}(x)$   $f(x) = \log_{13}(x)$   $g(x) = \log_2(x)$   $h(x) = \log_3(4(x))$   $f(x) = \log(x)$   $g(x) = 10x$   $f(x) = \log(x)$   
 $g(x) = \log_{12}(x)$   $f(x) = \log_4(x)$   $g(x) = \ln(x)$   $f(x) = e^x$   $g(x) = \ln(x)$   $f(x) = \log_4(-x+2)$   $g(x) = -\log_4(x+2)$   
 $h(x) = \log_4(x+2)$   $f(x) = \log_2(x+2)$   $f(x) = 2 \log(x)$   $f(x) = \ln(-x)$   $g(x) = \log(4x+16) + 4$   $g(x) = \log(6-3x) + 1$   
 $h(x) = -1$   $2 \ln(x+1) - 3$   $y = \log_2(x)$   $f(x) = \log_2(-(x-1))$   $f(x) = \log_3(x)$   $f(x) = \log_4(x)$   $f(x) = 3 \log_4(x+2)$   
 $f(x) = \log_5(x)$   $\log(x-1) + 2 = \ln(x-1) + 2x = 2 \log(2x-3) + 2 = -\log(2x-3) + 5 \ln(x-2) = -\ln(x+1)$   $x \approx 2.303$   
 $2 \ln(5x+1) = 1$   $2 \ln(-5x) + 11$   $3 \log(1-x) = \log(x+1) + 1$   $3x \approx -0.472$   $b \neq 1$ .  $\log_b 1$   $f(x) = \log_{12}(x)$   
 $g(x) = -\log_2(x)$ .  $f(x) = \log_{12}(x)$   $g(x) = -\log_2(x)$   $b \neq 1$ ,  $\log_b(x) = -\log_1 b(x)$ .  
 $f(x) = \ln(x+2)$   $x-4 > 0$   $f(x) = x+2$   $x-4 > 0$ ,  $(-\infty, -2)$   $(4, \infty)$ .  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (4, \infty)$ .  
 $f(x) = \log(x^2 + 4x + 4)$   $a$

$$pH = -\log([H^+]) = -\log(1/[H^+])$$

$$-\log([H^+]) \log(1/[H^+])$$

$$\log_b 1 = 0 \log_b b = 1$$

$$\log_5 1 = 0 \quad 5^0 = 1. \quad \log_5 5 = 1 \quad 5^1 = 5.$$

$$\log_b(b^x) = x \quad b \log_b x = x, x > 0$$

$$\log(100), \log_{10}(10^2), \log_b(b^x) = x \quad \log_{10}(10^2) = 2. \quad e \ln(7), e \log_e 7, b \log_b x = x$$

$$e \log_e 7 = 7.$$

$$\log_b M = \log_b N \text{ if and only if } M = N$$

$$\log_3(3x) = \log_3(2x+5) \quad x:$$

$$3x = 2x + 5 \quad \text{Set the arguments equal.} \quad x = 5 \quad \text{Subtract } 2x.$$

$$\log_3(3x) + \log_3(2x+5) = 2? \quad x \quad a \cdot x \cdot b = x \cdot a \cdot b. \quad x \quad M, N, b, b \neq 1,$$

$$\log_b(MN) = \log_b(M) + \log_b(N).$$

$$m = \log_b M \quad n = \log_b N. \quad b^m = M \quad b^n = N.$$

$$\log_b(MN) = \log_b(b^m b^n) \quad \text{Substitute for } M \text{ and } N. = \log_b(b^{m+n})$$

$$\text{Apply the product rule for exponents. } = m+n \quad \text{Apply the inverse property of logs. } = \log_b(M) + \log_b(N)$$

$$\text{Substitute for } m \text{ and } n.$$

$$\log_b(wxyz).$$

$$\log_b(wxyz) = \log_b w + \log_b x + \log_b y + \log_b z$$

$$\log_b(MN) = \log_b(M) + \log_b(N) \text{ for } b > 0$$

$$\log_3(30x(3x+4)). \quad 30$$

$$\log_3(30x(3x+4)) = \log_3(2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot x \cdot (3x+4))$$

$$\log_3(30x(3x+4)) = \log_3(2) + \log_3(3) + \log_3(5) + \log_3(x) + \log_3(3x+4)$$

$$\log_b(8k). \log_b 2 + \log_b 2 + \log_b 2 + \log_b k = 3 \log_b 2 + \log_b k \quad x \cdot a \cdot b = x \cdot a \cdot b. \quad x \quad M, N, b, b \neq 1,$$

$$\log_b(MN) = \log_b(M) - \log_b(N).$$

$$m = \log_b M \quad n = \log_b N. \quad b^m = M \quad b^n = N.$$

$$\log_b(MN) = \log_b(b^m b^n) \quad \text{Substitute for M and N.} = \log_b(b^{m+n})$$

Apply the quotient rule for exponents.  $=m-n$  Apply the inverse property of logs.  $=\log_b(M) - \log_b(N)$   
 ) Substitute for m and n.

$$\log(2x^2 + 6x^3x + 9),$$

$$\log(2x^2 + 6x^3x + 9) = \log(2x(x+3) \cdot 3(x+3)) \quad \text{Factor the numerator and denominator.} = \log(2x^3 \cdot 3^2) \quad \text{Cancel the common factors.}$$

$$\log(2x^3) = \log(2x) + \log(3^2) = \log(2) + \log(x) + \log(3)$$

$$\log_b(MN) = \log_b M + \log_b N$$

$$\log_2(15x(x-1)(3x+4)(2-x)).$$

$$\log_2(15x(x-1)(3x+4)(2-x)) = \log_2(15x(x-1)) + \log_2((3x+4)(2-x))$$

$$\log_2(15x(x-1)) + \log_2((3x+4)(2-x)) = [\log_2(3) + \log_2(5) + \log_2(x) + \log_2(x-1)] + [\log_2(3x+4) + \log_2(2-x)]$$

$$= \log_2(3) + \log_2(5) + \log_2(x) + \log_2(x-1) + \log_2(3x+4) + \log_2(2-x)$$

$$x = -4, 3, x = 2, x > 0, x > 1, x > -4, 3, x < 2. \log_3(7x^2 + 21x^7x(x-1)(x-2)).$$

$$\log_3(x+3) - \log_3(x-1) - \log_3(x-2) \cdot x^2?$$

$$\log_b(x^2) = \log_b(x \cdot x) = \log_b x + \log_b x = 2 \log_b x$$

$$100 = 10^2, \quad 3 = 3^1, \quad 1 = e^0 = e^{-1}$$

$$\log_b(M^n) = n \log_b M$$

$$\log_2 x^5 \cdot x,$$

$$\log_2(x^5) = 5 \log_2 x$$

$$\ln x^2 \cdot 2 \ln x \cdot \log_3(25) \cdot \log_3(25) = \log_3(5^2).$$

$$\log_3(5^2) = 2 \log_3(5)$$

$$\ln(1 \cdot x^2) - 2 \ln(x) \cdot 4 \ln(x) \cdot 4 \ln(x), x, 4 \ln(x) = \ln(x^4). \quad 2 \log_3 4 \log_3 16$$

$$\log_b(6xy) = \log_b(6x) + \log_b y = \log_b 6 + \log_b x + \log_b y$$

$$\log_b(AC) = \log_b(A \cdot C^{-1}) = \log_b(A) + \log_b(C^{-1}) = \log_b A + (-1) \log_b C = \log_b A - \log_b C$$

$$\ln(x^4 y^7)$$

$$\ln(x^4 y^7) = \ln(x^4 y) - \ln(7)$$

$$\ln(x^4 y) - \ln(7) = \ln(x^4) + \ln(y) - \ln(7)$$

$$\ln(x^4) + \ln(y) - \ln(7) = 4 \ln(x) + \ln(y) - \ln(7)$$

$$\log(x^2 y^3 z^4) \cdot 2 \log x + 3 \log y - 4 \log z \cdot \log(x).$$

$$\log(x) = \log(x \cdot 1^2) = 1 + 2 \log x$$

$$\ln(x^2 \cdot 3) \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \ln x \ln(x^2 + y^2)? \log_6(64x^3(4x+1)(2x-1)).$$

$$\log_6(64x^3(4x+1)(2x-1)) = \log_6 64 + \log_6 x^3 + \log_6(4x+1) + \log_6(2x-1)$$

$$\text{Apply the Quotient Rule.} = \log_6 2^6 + \log_6 x^3 + \log_6(4x+1) - \log_6(2x-1)$$

Simplify by writing  $64$  as  $2^6$ .  $= 6 \log_6 2 + 3 \log_6 x + \log_6(4x+1) - \log_6(2x-1)$  Apply the Power Rule.

$$\ln((x-1)(2x+1)^2(x^2-9)) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \ln(x-1) + \ln(2x+1) - \ln(x+3) - \ln(x-3)$$

$$\log_3(5) + \log_3(8) - \log_3(2)$$

$$\log_3(5) + \log_3(8) = \log_3(5 \cdot 8) = \log_3(40)$$

$$\log_3(40) - \log_3(2)$$

$$\log_3(40) - \log_3(2) = \log_3\left(\frac{40}{2}\right) = \log_3(20)$$

$$\log_3 - \log_4 + \log_5 - \log_6 \cdot \log(3 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 6); \log(58) \cdot \log_2(x^2) + \frac{1}{2} \log_2(x-1) - 3 \log_2((x+3)^2).$$

$$\log_2(x^2) + \frac{1}{2} \log_2(x-1) - 3 \log_2((x+3)^2) = \log_2(x^2) + \log_2(x-1) - \log_2((x+3)^6)$$

$$\log_2(x^2) + \log_2(x-1) - \log_2((x+3)^6) = \log_2(x^2 x-1) - \log_2((x+3)^6)$$

$$\log_2(x^2 x-1) - \log_2((x+3)^6) = \log_2 \frac{x^2 x-1}{(x+3)^6}$$

$$2 \log x - 4 \log(x+5) + \frac{1}{x} \log(3x+5)$$

$$2 \log x - 4 \log(x+5) + \frac{1}{x} \log(3x+5) = \log(x^2) - \log((x+5)^4) + \log((3x+5)^{\frac{1}{x}})$$

$$\log(x^2) - \log((x+5)^4) + \log((3x+5)^{\frac{1}{x}}) = \log(x^2) - \log((x+5)^4 (3x+5)^{\frac{1}{x}})$$

$$\log(x^2) - \log((x+5)^4 (3x+5)^{\frac{1}{x}}) = \log\left(\frac{x^2}{(x+5)^4 (3x+5)^{\frac{1}{x}}}\right)$$

$$\log(5) + 0.5 \log(x) - \log(7x-1) + 3 \log(x-1) \cdot \log(5(x-1)^3 x(7x-1))$$

$$4(3\log(x) + \log(x+5) - \log(2x+3)) \cdot \log x \cdot 12(x+5)^4(2x+3)^4; \log(x^3(x+5)(2x+3))^4.$$

$$\text{pH} = -\log[H^+]. \quad \text{C} \cdot \text{P} \cdot \text{P} = -\log(C) \cdot 2C.$$

$$\text{pH} = -\log(2C)$$

$$\text{pH} = -\log(2C) = -(\log(2) + \log(C)) = -\log(2) - \log(C)$$

$$P = -\log(C),$$

$$\text{pH} = P - \log(2) \approx P - 0.301$$

$$e, M, b, n, n \neq 1 \quad b \neq 1,$$

$$\log_b M = \log_n M \log_n b$$

$$y = \log_b M. \quad n \cdot b \cdot y = M.$$

$$\log_n(b \cdot y) = \log_n M \quad \text{Apply the one-to-one property.} \quad y \log_n b = \log_n M$$

$$\text{Apply the power rule for logarithms.} \quad y = \log_n M \log_n b \quad \text{Isolate } y. \quad \log_b M = \log_n M \log_n b$$

$$\text{Substitute for } y.$$

$$\log_5 36$$

$$\log_5 36 = \log(36) \log(5) \quad \text{Apply the change of base formula using base 10.} \approx 2.2266$$

$$\text{Use a calculator to evaluate to 4 decimal places.}$$

$$M, b, n, n \neq 1 \quad b \neq 1,$$

$$\log_b M = \log_n M \log_n b.$$

$$\log_b M = \ln M \ln b$$

$$\log_b M = \log M \log b$$

$$\log_b M, n, n \neq 1. \quad n, \log(x), \ln(x), e, n \cdot M. \quad n \cdot b. \quad \log_5 3 \quad \log_5 3 \quad n = e.$$

$$\log_b M = \ln M \ln b \quad \log_5 3 = \ln 3 \ln 5$$

$$\log 0.5 \quad 8 \ln 8 \ln 0.5 \log 9 \quad \log 10 \quad 9. \log 9 = \ln 9 \ln 10. \quad \log 2(10) \quad e.$$

$$\log 2 \quad 10 = \ln 10 \ln 2 \quad \text{Apply the change of base formula using base } e. \quad \approx 3.3219$$

$$\text{Use a calculator to evaluate to 4 decimal places.}$$

$$\log_5(100) \ln 100 \ln 5 \approx 4.6051 \quad 1.6094 = 2.861 \log_b(MN) = \log_b(M) + \log_b(N)$$

$$\log_b(MN) = \log_b M + \log_b N \log_b(Mn) = n \log_b M \log_b M = \log_n M \log_n b \quad n > 0, n \neq 1, b \neq 1 \quad e$$

$$\log_b(x^n)? \quad \log_b(x \cdot 1^n) = 1 \quad n \log_b(x). \log_b(7x \cdot 2y) \log_b(2) + \log_b(7) + \log_b(x) + \log_b(y)$$

$$\ln(3ab \cdot 5c) \log_b(13 \cdot 17) \log_b(13) - \log_b(17) \log_4(xz \cdot w) \ln(14k) - k \ln(4) \log_2(yx)$$

$$\ln(7) + \ln(x) + \ln(y) \ln(7xy) \log_3(2) + \log_3(a) + \log_3(11) + \log_3(b) \log_b(28) - \log_b(7) \log_b(4)$$

$$\ln(a) - \ln(d) - \ln(c) - \log_b(17) \log_b(7) \cdot 13 \ln(8) \log(x^{15} y^{13} z^{19})^{15} \log(x) + 13 \log(y) - 19 \log(z)$$

$$\ln(a - 2b - 4c \cdot 5) \log(x^3 y^{-4})^3 \cdot 2 \log(x) - 2 \log(y) \ln(y \cdot y^{1-y}) \log(x^2 y^3 x^2 y^5 \cdot 3)$$

$$8 \cdot 3 \log(x) + 14 \cdot 3 \log(y) \log(2x \cdot 4) + \log(3x \cdot 5) \ln(6x \cdot 9) - \ln(3x \cdot 2) \ln(2x \cdot 7)^2 \log(x) + 3 \log(x+1)$$

$$\log(x) - 1 \cdot 2 \log(y) + 3 \log(z) \log(xz \cdot 3y)^4 \log_7(c) + \log_7(a)^3 + \log_7(b)^3 \log_7(15) \quad e$$

$$\log_7(15) = \ln(15) \ln(7) \log_{14}(55.875) \cdot 10 \log_5(6) = a \quad \log_5(11) = b. \quad a \cdot b. \log_{11}(5)$$

$$\log_{11}(5) = \log_5(5) \log_5(11) = 1 \quad \log_6(55) \log_{11}(6 \cdot 11)$$

$$\log_{11}(6 \cdot 11) = \log_5(6 \cdot 11) \log_5(11) = \log_5(6) - \log_5(11) \log_5(11) = a - b \quad b = a \cdot b - 1$$

$$\log_3(19) - 3 \log_3(3) \cdot 6 \log_8(2) + \log_8(64)^3 \log_8(4)^{32} \log_9(3) - 4 \log_9(3) + \log_9(1729)$$

$$\log_3(22) \cdot 2.81359 \log_8(65) \log_6(5.38) \cdot 0.93913 \log_4(15 \cdot 2) \log_{12}(4.7) - 2.23266 \cdot x$$

$$\log_{12}(2x+6) + \log_{12}(x+2) = 2. \quad x \quad \log_6(x+2) - \log_6(x-3) = 1. \quad x = 4;$$

$$\log_6(x+2) - \log_6(x-3) = \log_6(x+2 \cdot x-3) = 1. \quad x:$$

$$6 \cdot 1 = x+2 \quad x-3 \quad 0 = x+2 \quad x-3 \quad -6 \quad 0 = x+2 \quad x-3 \quad -6(x-3)(x-3) \quad 0 = x+2-6x+18 \quad x-3 \quad 0 = x-4 \quad x-3 \quad x = 4$$

$$\log_6(4+2) - \log_6(4-3) = \log_6(6) - \log_6(1) \quad x = 4. \quad b \cdot x = m? \quad \log_b(n) = 1 \quad \log_n(b) \quad b > 1 \quad n > 1. \quad b$$

$$n \cdot 1. \quad \log_b(n) = \log_n(n) \log_n(b) = 1 \quad \log_n(b). \quad \log_{81}(2401) = \log_3(7)? \quad b, S, T, b > 0, b \neq 1,$$

$$b \cdot S = b \cdot T \quad S = T. \quad 3 \cdot 4x - 7 = 3 \cdot 2x \cdot 3. \quad x, 3. \quad x:$$

$$3 \cdot 4x - 7 = 3 \cdot 2x \cdot 3 \quad 3 \cdot 4x - 7 = 3 \cdot 2x \cdot 3 \cdot 1 \quad \text{Rewrite 3 as } 3 \cdot 1. \quad 3 \cdot 4x - 7 = 3 \cdot 2x - 1$$

$$\text{Use the division property of exponents.} \quad 4x - 7 = 2x - 1 \quad \text{Apply the one-to-one property of exponents.} \quad 2x$$

$$= 6 \quad \text{Subtract } 2x \text{ and add 7 to both sides.} \quad x = 3 \quad \text{Divide by 3.}$$

$$S \text{ and } T, b \neq 1,$$

$$b \cdot S = b \cdot T \quad \text{if and only if } S = T$$

$$b^S = b^T, S = T \quad b^S = b^T, S = T, 2^{x-1} = 2^{2x-4}.$$

$2^{x-1} = 2^{2x-4}$  The common base is 2.  $x-1=2x-4$  By the one-to-one property the exponents must be equal.  $x=3$  Solve for x.

$$5^{2x} = 5^{3x+2}, x = -2 \quad 256 = 4^{x-5}, 2 = x:$$

$256 = 4^{x-5}$   $2^8 = (2^2)^{x-5}$  Rewrite each side as a power with base 2.  $2^8 = 2^{2x-10}$  Use the one-to-one property of exponents.  $8=2x-10$  Apply the one-to-one property of exponents.  $18=2x$   
Add 10 to both sides.  $x=9$  Divide by 2.

$$b^S = b^T, S = T, 8^{x+2} = 16^{x+1}.$$

$8^{x+2} = 16^{x+1}$   $(2^3)^{x+2} = (2^4)^{x+1}$  Write 8 and 16 as powers of 2.  $2^{3x+6} = 2^{4x+4}$   
To take a power of a power, multiply exponents.  $3x+6=4x+4$  Use the one-to-one property to set the exponents equal.  $x=2$  Solve for x.

$$5^{2x} = 25^{3x+2}, x = -1 \quad 2^{5x} = 2.$$

$2^{5x} = 2^1$  Write the square root of 2 as a power of 2.  $5x = 1$  Use the one-to-one property.  $x = \frac{1}{5}$   
Solve for x.

$$5^x = 5, x = 1 \quad 3^{x+1} = -2, x = -100. \log(a) = \log(b), a=b, 5^{x+2} = 4^x.$$

$5^{x+2} = 4^x$  There is no easy way to get the powers to have the same base.  $\ln 5^{x+2} = \ln 4^x$

Take  $\ln$  of both sides.  $(x+2)\ln 5 = x\ln 4$  Use laws of logs.  $x\ln 5 + 2\ln 5 = x\ln 4$  Use the distributive law.

$x\ln 5 - x\ln 4 = -2\ln 5$  Get terms containing x on one side, terms without x on the other.  $x(\ln 5 - \ln 4) = -2\ln 5$

On the left hand side, factor out an x.  $x\ln(5/4) = \ln(1/25)$  Use the laws of logs.  $x = \ln(1/25) / \ln(5/4)$  Divide by the coefficient of x.

$$2^x = 3^{x+1}, x = \ln 3 / \ln(2/3) \quad 2^x = 3^x \cdot 0, e, e^y = A e^{kt}, t, A, k, 100 = 20 e^{2t}.$$

$$100 = 20 e^{2t} \quad 5 = e^{2t} \text{ Divide by the coefficient of the power. } \ln 5 = 2t$$

Take  $\ln$  of both sides. Use the fact that  $\ln(x)$  and  $e^x$  are inverse functions.  $t = \ln 5 / 2$

Divide by the coefficient of t.

$$t = \ln 5 / 2 \quad 3 e^{0.5t} = 11, t = 2 \ln(11/3) \quad \ln(11/3) \quad 2y = A e^{kt}, k \neq 0, y, A, 2 = -3 e^t, 4 e^{2x} + 5 = 12.$$

$$4 e^{2x} + 5 = 12 \quad 4 e^{2x} = 7 \text{ Combine like terms. } e^{2x} = 7/4$$

Divide by the coefficient of the power.  $2x = \ln(7/4)$  Take  $\ln$  of both sides.  $x = \frac{1}{2} \ln(7/4)$   
Solve for x.

$$3 + e^{2t} = 7 e^{2t}, t = \ln(1/2) = -\frac{1}{2} \ln(2) \quad e^{2x} - e^x = 56.$$

$e^{2x} - e^x = 56$   $e^{2x} - e^x - 56 = 0$  Get one side of the equation equal to zero.  $(e^x + 7)(e^x - 8) = 0$  Factor by the FOIL method.  $e^x + 7 = 0$  or  $e^x - 8 = 0$

If a product is zero, then one factor must be zero.  $e^x = -7$  or  $e^x = 8$  Isolate the exponentials.

$e^x = 8$  Reject the equation in which the power equals a negative number.  $x = \ln 8$

Solve the equation in which the power equals a positive number.

$$e^x = -7 \quad \ln(-7) \quad e^{2x} = e^x + 2, x = \ln 2 \quad \log_b(x) = y \quad b^y = x, \log_2(2) + \log_2(3x-5) = 3, x:$$

$\log_2(2) + \log_2(3x-5) = 3$   $\log_2(2(3x-5)) = 3$  Apply the product rule of logarithms.  $\log_2(6x-10) = 3$  Distribute.  $2^3 = 6x-10$  Apply the definition of a logarithm.

$$8 = 6x - 10 \text{ Calculate } 2^3. \quad 18 = 6x \text{ Add 10 to both sides.}$$

$$x = 3 \text{ Divide by 6.}$$

$$S = b^c, b > 0, b \neq 1,$$

$$\log_b(S) = c \text{ if and only if } b^c = S$$

$$2\ln x + 3 = 7.$$

$$2\ln x + 3 = 7 \quad 2\ln x = 4 \text{ Subtract 3. } \ln x = 2 \text{ Divide by 2. } x = e^2 \text{ Rewrite in exponential form.}$$

$$6 + \ln x = 10, x = e^4 \quad 2\ln(6x) = 7.$$

$$2\ln(6x) = 7 \quad \ln(6x) = 7/2 \text{ Divide by 2. } 6x = e^{(7/2)} \text{ Use the definition of } \ln. \quad x = \frac{1}{6} e^{(7/2)} \text{ Divide by 6.}$$

$$2\ln(x+1) = 10, x = e^5 - 1 \quad \ln x = 3.$$

$$\ln x = 3 \quad x = e^3 \text{ Use the definition of the natural logarithm.}$$

$$e^3 \approx 20. \quad e^3 \approx 20.0855. \quad y = \ln x \quad y = 3 \quad (e^3, 3), \quad 2^x = 1000 \quad x \approx 9.97 \quad x > 0, S > 0, T > 0 \quad b, b \neq 1,$$

$$\log_b S = \log_b T \text{ if and only if } S = T.$$

$$\text{If } \log_2 (x-1) = \log_2 (8), \text{ then } x-1=8.$$

$$x-1=8, x, x=9. \quad x=9 \quad \log_2 (9-1) = \log_2 (8) = 3. \quad \log(3x-2) - \log(2) = \log(x+4). \quad x:$$

$$\log(3x-2) - \log(2) = \log(x+4) \quad \log(3x-2) = \log(x+4) \quad \text{Apply the quotient rule of logarithms.}$$

$$3x-2 = x+4 \quad \text{Apply the one to one property of a logarithm.} \quad 3x-2 = 2x+8$$

$$\text{Multiply both sides of the equation by 2.}$$

$$x=10 \quad \text{Subtract } 2x \text{ and add 2.}$$

$$x=10 \quad \log(3x-2) - \log(2) = \log(x+4).$$

$$\log(3(10)-2) - \log(2) = \log((10)+4)$$

$$\log(28) - \log(2) = \log(14)$$

$$\log(28) = \log(14)$$

The solution checks.

$$S = T \quad b, b \neq 1,$$

$$\log_b S = \log_b T \text{ if and only if } S = T$$

$$\log_b S = \log_b T. \quad S = T, \ln(x^2) = \ln(2x+3).$$

$$\ln(x^2) = \ln(2x+3)$$

$$x^2 = 2x+3 \quad \text{Use the one-to-one property of the logarithm.}$$

x

$$2 - 2x - 3 = 0 \quad \text{Get zero on one side before factoring.} \quad (x-3)(x+1) = 0 \quad \text{Factor using FOIL.}$$

x

$$-3 = 0 \text{ or } x+1 = 0 \quad \text{If a product is zero, one of the factors must be zero.}$$

$$x = 3 \text{ or } x = -1$$

Solve for x.

$$3 - 1. \quad -1 \quad \ln(x^2) = \ln 1. \quad x = 1 \quad x = -1$$

$$A(t) = A_0 e^{\ln(0.5) T} \quad A(t) = A_0 e^{\ln(0.5) t} \quad A(t) = A_0 (e^{\ln(0.5)})^t \quad A(t) = A_0 (1/2)^t \quad T$$

$$A_0 \quad T \quad t \quad y \quad t$$

$$y = 1000 e^{\ln(0.5) 703,800,000 t} \quad 900 = 1000 e^{\ln(0.5) 703,800,000 t}$$

$$\text{After 10\% decays, 900 grams are left.} \quad 0.9 = e^{\ln(0.5) 703,800,000 t} \quad \text{Divide by 1000.} \quad \ln(0.9) = \ln(e^{\ln(0.5) 703,800,000 t})$$

$$\ln(0.9) = \ln(0.5) 703,800,000 t \quad \ln(e^M) = M$$

$$t = 703,800,000 \times \ln(0.9) / \ln(0.5) \quad \text{years} \quad \text{Solve for } t. \quad t \approx 106,979,777 \text{ years}$$

$$t = 703,800,000 \times \ln(0.8) / \ln(0.5) \quad \text{years} \approx 226,572,993 \text{ years.} \quad S = T \quad b, b \neq 1, \quad S = T. \quad b^c = b^c, \quad b \neq 1,$$

$$\log_b (S) = c \quad b^c = S. \quad b, b \neq 1, \log_b S = \log_b T \quad S = T. \quad e, \log_b (S) = c, \quad S^b = S, \log_b (S) = c. \quad y = \log_b (S)$$

$$y = c \quad \log_b S = \log_b T, \quad S = T \quad S = T \quad 4 - 3v - 2 = 4 - v \quad 64 \cdot 4 \quad 3x = 16x = -1 \quad 33 \quad 2x + 1 \cdot 3 \quad x = 243$$

$$2 - 3n \cdot 1 \quad 4 = 2n + 2n = -1625 \cdot 5 \quad 3x + 3 = 12536 \quad 3b \quad 36 \quad 2b = 216 \quad 2 - bb = 6 \quad 5(164) \quad 3n \cdot 8 = 2 \quad 69 \quad x - 10 = 1 \quad x = 10$$

$$2e \quad 6x = 13e \quad r + 10 - 10 = -422 \cdot 10 \quad 9a = 29 - 8 \cdot 10 \quad p + 7 - 7 = -24 \quad p = \log(178) - 77 \quad e \quad 3n - 5 + 5 = -89 \quad e \quad -3k + 6 = 44$$

$$k = -\ln(38) \quad 3 - 5e \quad 9x - 8 - 8 = -62 - 6e \quad 9x + 8 + 2 = -74 \quad x = \ln(383) - 8 \quad 92 \quad x + 1 = 5 \quad 2x - 1e \quad 2x - e \quad x - 132 = 0$$

$$x = \ln 12 \quad 7e \quad 8x + 8 - 5 = -95 \quad 10e \quad 8x + 3 + 2 = 8x = \ln(35) - 3 \quad 84e \quad 3x + 3 - 7 = 538 \quad e \quad -5x - 2 - 4 = -90$$

$$3 \quad 2x + 1 = 7 \quad x - 2e \quad 2x - e \quad x - 6 = 0 \quad x = \ln(3) \quad 3e \quad 3 - 3x + 6 = -31 \quad \log(1100) = -210 \quad -2 = 1 \quad 100 \log 324(18) = 1 \quad 2$$

$$5 \log 7 \quad n = 10 \quad n = 49 - 8 \log 9 \quad x = 164 + \log 2(9k) = 2k = 1 \quad 362 \log(8n + 4) + 6 = 10 \quad 10 - 4 \ln(9 - 8x) = 6 \quad x = 9 - e \quad 8$$

$$\ln(10 - 3x) = \ln(-4x) \quad \log 13(5n - 2) = \log 13(8 - 5n) \quad n = 1 \quad \log(x + 3) - \log(x) = \log(74)$$

$$\ln(-3x) = \ln(x^2 - 6x) \quad \log 4(6 - m) = \log 4(3m) \quad \ln(x - 2) - \ln(x) = \ln(54)$$

$$\log 9(2n^2 - 14n) = \log 9(-45 + n^2) \quad \ln(x^2 - 10) + \ln(9) = \ln(10) \quad x = \pm 10 \quad 3x \cdot \log(x + 12) = \log(x) + \log(12)$$

$$\ln(x) + \ln(x - 3) = \ln(7x) \quad x = 10 \quad \log 2(7x + 6) = 3 \ln(7) + \ln(2 - 4x^2) = \ln(14) \quad x = 0$$

$$\log 8(x + 6) - \log 8(x) = \log 8(58) \quad \ln(3) - \ln(3 - 3x) = \ln(4) \quad x = 3 \quad 4 \log 3(3x) - \log 3(6) = \log 3(77)$$

$$x \cdot \log 9(x) - 5 = -4x = 9 \log 3(x) + 3 = 2 \ln(3x) = 2x = e \quad 2 \cdot 3 \approx 2.5 \ln(x - 5) = 1 \log(4) + \log(-5x) = 2x = -5$$

$$-7 + \log 3(4 - x) = -6 \ln(4x - 10) - 6 = -5x = e + 10 \quad 4 \approx 3.2 \log(4 - 2x) = \log(-4x)$$

$$\log 11(-2x^2 - 7x) = \log 11(x - 2) \quad \ln(2x + 9) = \ln(-5x) \quad \log 9(3 - x) = \log 9(4x - 8) \quad x = 11 \quad 5 \approx 2.2$$

$$\log(x^2 + 13) = \log(7x + 3) \quad 3 \log 2(10) - \log(x - 9) = \log(44) \quad x = 10 \quad 11 \approx 9.2 \ln(x) - \ln(x + 3) = \ln(6)$$

$$\$6,500 \quad 7.25\% \quad \$27,710.24 \quad D \quad D = 10 \log(110), \quad I \quad I = 10 - 12 \quad 8.3 \cdot 10^2 \quad P = 1650 \quad e \quad 0.5t \quad t \quad 20,000? \quad x$$

$$1000(1.03)^t = 5000 \quad e \quad 5x = 17 \quad \ln(17) \quad 5 \approx 0.5673(1.04) \quad 3t = 8 \quad 3 \quad 4x - 5 = 38$$

$$x = \log(38) + 5 \log(3) \quad 4 \log(3) \approx 2.07850 \quad e \quad -0.12t = 10 \quad 7e \quad 3x - 5 + 7.9 = 47 \quad x \approx 2.2401$$

$$\ln(3) + \ln(4.4x + 6.8) = 2 \log(-0.7x - 9) = 1 + 5 \log(5) \quad x \approx -44655.7143 \quad P \quad P = 14.7 \quad e \quad -0.21x \quad x \quad 8.369$$

$$M = 2 \cdot 3 \log(EE_0) \quad E \quad E_0 = 10 \quad 4.4 \quad 1.4 \cdot 10^{13} \quad 5.83 \quad b \log_b x = x. \quad y = A e^{kt} \quad t \quad t \quad t = \ln((y/A) \cdot 1/k)$$

$$A = a(1 + r k) \quad kt \quad t. \quad T \quad T = T_s + (T_0 - T_s) e^{-kt}, \quad T_s \quad T_0 \quad kt \quad t \quad t = \ln((T - T_s / T_0 - T_s) - 1/k) \quad e$$

$$y = A_0 e^{kt}$$

$$A_0 e^{ky} = A_0 e^{kt} \quad A_0 e^{ky} = 2e^{3x}, y = 3e^{-2x}, 4.01134972 \times 10^{13}, 10^{13}, y = A_0 e^{kt}, y = 0(-\infty, \infty)(0, \infty)(0, A_0) k > 0 k < 0 k > 0 k < 0. A_0 A_0 A_0 = 10, k, (t=1) 1020.$$

$$20 = 10 e^{k \cdot 1} \quad 2 = e^k \text{ Divide by } 10 \ln 2 = k \text{ Take the natural logarithm}$$

$$k = \ln(2). y = 10 e^{(\ln 2)t} = 10 (e^{\ln 2})^t = 10 \cdot 2^t. y = 10 e^{(\ln 2)t} 104.107,$$

$$12 A_0 = A_0 e^{kt}$$

$$k A_0.$$

$$12 A_0 = A_0 e^{kt}$$

$$12 = e^{kt} \text{ Divide by } A_0.$$

$$\ln(12) = kt \text{ Take the natural log. } -\ln(2) = kt$$

$$\text{Apply laws of logarithms. } -\ln(2) k = t \text{ Divide by } k.$$

$$t, k$$

$$t = -\ln(2)k$$

$$A = A_0 e^{kt}. A 12 A_0 t k. k k = -\ln(2) t. t.$$

$$A = A_0 e^{kt} \text{ The continuous growth formula. } 0.5 A_0 = A_0 e^{k \cdot 5730} \text{ Substitute the half-life for } t \text{ and } 0.5 A_0 \text{ for } f(t). \quad 0.5 = e^{5730k} \text{ Divide by } A_0. \ln(0.5) = 5730k$$

$$\text{Take the natural log of both sides. } k = \ln(0.5) / 5730 \text{ Divide by the coefficient of } k. \quad A = A_0 e^{(\ln(0.5) / 5730) t} \text{ Substitute for } r \text{ in the continuous growth formula.}$$

$$f(t) = A_0 e^{(\ln(0.5) / 5730) t}, \ln(0.5) / 5730 \approx -1.2097 f(t) = A_0 e^{-0.0000000087 t}$$

$$A \approx A_0 e^{(\ln(0.5) / 5730) t}$$

$$A A_0$$

$$A = A_0 e^{kt} \text{ The continuous growth formula. } 0.5 A_0 = A_0 e^{k \cdot 5730} \text{ Substitute the half-life for } t \text{ and } 0.5 A_0 \text{ for } f(t). \quad 0.5 = e^{5730k} \text{ Divide by } A_0. \ln(0.5) = 5730k$$

$$\text{Take the natural log of both sides. } k = \ln(0.5) / 5730 \text{ Divide by the coefficient of } k. \quad A = A_0 e^{(\ln(0.5) / 5730) t} \text{ Substitute for } r \text{ in the continuous growth formula.}$$

$$t:$$

$$t = \ln(A A_0) - 0.000121$$

$$r A \approx A_0 e^{-0.000121 t} r = A A_0 \approx e^{-0.000121 t},$$

$$t = \ln(r) - 0.000121$$

$$k. t = \ln(r) - 0.000121 \quad t. 20\% = 0.20 \quad k t:$$

$$t = \ln(r) - 0.000121 \text{ Use the general form of the equation. } = \ln(0.20) - 0.000121 \text{ Substitute for } r. \approx 13301$$

$$\text{Round to the nearest year.}$$

$$13,301 \text{ years} \pm 1\% \text{ or } 13,301 \text{ years} \pm 133 \text{ years. } A = A_0 e^{kt}, 2 A_0 = A_0 e^{kt}.$$

$$2 A_0 = A_0 e^{kt} \quad 2 = e^{kt} \text{ Divide by } A_0. \ln 2 = kt \text{ Take the natural logarithm. } t = \ln 2 / k$$

$$\text{Divide by the coefficient of } t.$$

$$t = \ln 2 / k$$

$$t = \ln 2 / k \text{ The doubling time formula. } 2 = \ln 2 / k \text{ Use a doubling time of two years. } k = \ln 2 / 2$$

$$\text{Multiply by } k \text{ and divide by } 2. A = A_0 e^{\ln 2 / 2 t} \text{ Substitute } k \text{ into the continuous growth formula.}$$

$$A = A_0 e^{\ln 2 / 2 t}. f(t) = A_0 e^{\ln 2 / 3 t}$$

$$T(t) = a e^{kt} + T_s$$

$$T(t) = A b c t + T_s \quad T(t) = A e^{\ln(b c t)} + T_s \text{ Laws of logarithms. } T(t) = A e^{c t \ln b} + T_s \text{ Laws of logarithms.}$$

$$T(t) = A e^{kt} + T_s \text{ Rename the constant } c \ln b, \text{ calling it } k.$$

$$T, T_s$$

$$T(t) = A e^{kt} + T_s$$

$$t A k \quad T_s \quad T(t) = A e^{kt} + T_s \quad A k. 165^\circ\text{F}, 35^\circ\text{F} \quad 150^\circ\text{F}, 70^\circ\text{F}$$

$$T(t) = A e^{kt} + 35$$

$$T(0) = 165.$$

$$165 = A e^{k \cdot 0} + 35 \text{ Substitute } (0, 165). \quad A = 130 \text{ Solve for } A.$$

$$T(10) = 150, k.$$

$$150 = 130 e^{k \cdot 10} + 35 \text{ Substitute } (10, 150).$$

$$115 = 130 e^{k \cdot 10} \text{ Subtract } 35.$$

$$115$$

$$130 = e^{10k} \text{ Divide by } 130. \quad \ln(115 / 130) = 10k \text{ Take the natural log of both sides.}$$

$$k = \ln($$

$$115 / 130) / 10 = -0.0123 \text{ Divide by the coefficient of } k.$$



$$T(t)=130 e^{-0.0123t}+35.$$

$$70=130 e^{-0.0123t}+35 \text{ Substitute in 70 for } T(t). \quad 35=130 e^{-0.0123t} \text{ Subtract 35.} \quad 35$$

$$130 = e^{-0.0123t} \text{ Divide by 130. } \ln(35/130)=-0.0123t \text{ Take the natural log of both sides} \quad t=\ln(35/130)/-0.0123 \approx 106.68 \text{ Divide by the coefficient of } t.$$

$$70^{\circ}\text{F. a, b, c, x}$$

$$f(x)=c(1+ae^{-bx})$$

$$f(x)=c(1+ae^{-bx})$$

$$c(1+ae^{-bx})=0 \quad b=0.6030.$$

$$f(x)=c(1+ae^{-bx})$$

$$c=1000. \quad a, t=0 \quad c(1+a)=1, a=999. f(x)=1000(1+999e^{-0.6030x}) \approx 293.8. \quad c=1000.$$

$$f(x)=1000(1+999e^{-0.6030x}) \quad y=\ln(bx). \quad (1, 0), 0=\ln(b). \quad a=0 \quad \ln(b)=0. \quad b=1 \quad y=\ln(x). \quad (9, 4.394) \quad a:$$

$$y=\ln(x) \quad 4.394=\ln(9) \quad a=4.394 \ln(9)$$

$$a=4.394 \ln(9) \approx 2, y=2\ln(x). \quad y=2\ln(x). \quad y=\ln(x^2) \quad y=\ln(x^2) \quad x>0. \quad y=\ln(x^2)=2\ln(x) \quad x>0. \quad x<0,$$

$$y=\ln(x^2) \quad y=2\ln(x) \quad y=\ln(x^2) \quad xy \quad y=2e^{0.5x} \cdot 10 \quad e \cdot e \cdot y=abx, y=Ae^{kx} \quad y=abx$$

$$y=ae^{\ln(bx)}. \quad y=ae^{x\ln(b)}=ae^{\ln(b)x}. \quad a=Ae^{\ln(b)} \quad k=\ln(b) \quad y=Ae^{kx} \quad y=2.5(3.1)^x \quad y=Ae^{kx}.$$

$$y=2.5(3.1)^x = 2.5e^{\ln(3.1)x} \text{ Insert exponential and its inverse. } = 2.5e^{x\ln 3.1} \text{ Laws of logs. } = 2.5e^{(\ln 3.1)x} \text{ Commutative law of multiplication}$$

$$y=3(0.5)^x \quad e^{y=3e^{(\ln 0.5)x}} \quad A=Ae^{kt}, k<0, t=-\ln(2)/k. \quad t=\ln(A/A_0)/-0.000121. \quad Ae^{kt}$$

$$A=Ae^{kt}, k>0, t=\ln(2)/k \quad T(t)=Ae^{kt}+T_s, \quad T_s=A(T(0)-T_s), k \quad f(x)=abx. \quad b>1, 0<b<1,$$

$$A=Ae^{kx}, \quad Ae^{kx} \quad k>0 \quad k<0. \quad t, k, t=\ln(k)/-0.000121. \quad t. \quad y=abx \quad y=Ae^{kx} \quad k=\ln b. \quad 10^2$$

$$T(t)=68e^{-0.0174t}+72. \quad f(x)=150(1+8e^{-2x}). \quad f(0). \quad f(0) \approx 16.7; \quad f(4). \quad xf(x) \quad f(x)=1.2x$$

$$f(x)=1.68(0.65)^x \quad e^{xf(x)} \quad xf(x) \quad xf(x) \quad xf(x) \quad t \quad P(t)=1000(1+9e^{-0.6t}). \quad 1.4 \quad 2 \quad 900? \quad 7.3 \quad P.4 \quad 8.18$$

$$P(t)=P_0e^{rt} \quad P_0 \quad r>0. \quad M=2^3 \log(SS_0). \quad S.$$

$$M=2^3 \log(SS_0) \quad \log(SS_0)=3/2 \quad M \quad SS_0=10^3 M^2 \quad S=S_0 10^{3M^2}$$

$$y=c(1+ae^{-rx})? \quad bx=e^{x\ln(b)} \quad b \neq 1. \quad y=bx \quad b \neq 1.$$

$$\ln(y)=\ln(bx) \quad \ln(y)=x\ln(b) \quad e^{\ln(y)}=e^{x\ln(b)} \quad y=e^{x\ln(b)} \quad t \quad A=125e^{(-0.3567t)}; \quad A \approx 43 \quad f(10) \quad 0.5$$

$$1.15\% \quad 60 \quad t \quad 250 \quad 250 \quad 32 \quad f(t)=250e^{(-0.00914t)}; \quad 76 \quad 1590 \quad 10.4 \quad r \approx -0.0667, 6.67\% \quad 5730 \quad 1350 \quad 3$$

$$f(t)=1350e^{(0.03466t)}; \quad P(180) \approx 691,200 \quad 360 \quad 5 \quad 1000 \quad 20 \quad f(t)=256e^{(0.068110t)}; \quad 10 \quad 100^{\circ} \quad 69^{\circ} \quad F$$

$$95^{\circ} \quad F. \quad 80^{\circ} \quad F? \quad 88 \quad 2 \quad 165^{\circ} \quad F \quad 75^{\circ} \quad F \quad 145^{\circ} \quad F. \quad T(t)=90e^{(-0.008377t)}+75, \quad t \quad 110^{\circ} \quad F? \quad 113 \quad \log(x)=1.5; \quad x \approx 31.623$$

$$10 \quad -10 \quad W \quad m^2, \quad 10 \quad -4 \quad W \quad m^2, \quad 10 \quad 2 \quad W \quad m^2 \quad M=2^3 \log(SS_0). \quad 3.9 \quad 750 \quad 5.82$$

$$N(t)=500(1+49e^{-0.7t}) \quad N(3) \approx 71 \quad t \quad N(t) \quad 13 \quad 12 \quad 4.75 \quad f(t)=13(0.0805)^t \quad tf(t)=13e^{0.9195t}$$

$$f(t)=13e^{(-0.0839t)} \quad f(t)=4.75(1+13e^{-0.83925t}) \quad f(x)=c(1+ae^{-bx}) \quad c(1+ae^{-bx}) \quad y=abx \quad y=Ae^{kx}.$$

$$y=abx. \quad y=abx \quad a>0: \quad b \quad y=a. \quad b>1, \quad x \quad 0<b<1, \quad x \quad r, \quad r^2. \quad r^2, \quad r,$$

$$y=abx$$

$$b>1, 0<b<1, y=abx. \quad x \quad y \quad 0.16.$$

$$y=0.58304829(2.20720213E10)^x$$

$$y=0.58304829(22,072,021,300)^x$$

$$r^2 \approx 0.97 \quad 0.16. \quad 0.16 \quad x \quad y.$$

$$y=0.58304829(22,072,021,300)^x \text{ Use the regression model found in part (a). } = 0.58304829($$

$$22,072,021,300)^{0.16} \text{ Substitute 0.16 for } x. \approx 26.35 \text{ Round to the nearest hundredth.}$$

$$y=522.88585984(1.19645256)^x. \quad y=a+b\ln(x). \quad x, (1, a) \quad b>0, b<0,$$

$$y=a+b\ln(x)$$

$$x, b>0, b<0, y=a+b\ln(x). \quad x \quad x=1 \quad x=2 \quad y$$

$$y=42.52722583+13.85752327\ln(x)$$

$$x=14 \quad y:$$

$$y=42.52722583+13.85752327\ln(x) \text{ Use the regression model found in part (a).}$$

$$=42.52722583+13.85752327\ln(14) \text{ Substitute 14 for } x. \approx 79.1 \text{ Round to the nearest tenth.}$$

$$x \quad x=1 \quad y \quad y=141.91242949+10.45366573\ln(x)$$

$$y=c(1+ae^{-bx})$$

$$c^{1+a} b > 0, (\ln(a) b, c^2). y = c \cdot c$$

$$y = c^{1+a} e^{-bx}$$

$$c^{1+a} \cdot y = c^a, b, c \quad y = c^{1+a} e^{-bx} \cdot x \quad x=0 \quad y = c.$$

$$y = 105.7379526^{1+6.88328979} e^{-0.2595440013x}$$

$$x=18 \quad y:$$

$$y = 105.7379526^{1+6.88328979} e^{-0.2595440013x}$$

Use the regression model found in part (a). = 105.7379526^{1+6.88328979} e^{-0.2595440013(18)}

Substitute 18 for x.  $\approx 99.3$  Round to the nearest tenth

$$c=100 \quad x \quad x=0 \quad y \quad y = 25.65665979^{1+6.113686306} e^{-0.3852149008x} \cdot 25,634 \quad y = a b x \quad y = a + b \ln(x)$$

$$y = c^{1+a} e^{-bx} \quad y = 10.209 e^{-0.294x} \quad xy = 5.598 - 1.912 \ln(x) \quad y = 2.104 (1.479) \quad xy = 4.607 + 2.733 \ln(x)$$

$$y = 14.005^{1+2.79} e^{-0.812x} \quad P(t) = 175^{1+6.995} e^{-0.68t} \quad P(0) = 22 \quad A(t) = 1550 (1.085) x \quad e.$$

$$h(p) = 67.682 - 5.792 \ln(p) \quad p \quad h(p) = 62? \quad p \approx 2.67 \quad P(t) = 90^{1+5} e^{-0.42t} \quad P(t) = 45? (0, 15) \quad P x$$

$$P(x) = 68^{1+16} e^{-0.28x} \cdot 34 \quad 20 \quad 6.8 \quad P \quad P(x) = 558^{1+54.8} e^{-0.462x} \quad x \quad 10 \quad 10 \quad 3 \quad 100 \quad e.$$

$$f(x) = 776.682 e^{0.3549x} \quad x \quad f(x) = 4000. \quad f(x) = 4000, x \approx 4.6. \quad f(x) = 731.92 (0.738) x \quad e. \quad x \quad f(x) = 250. \quad y = a + b \ln(x)$$

$$x = 10. \quad f(10) \approx 9.5 \quad x \quad f(x) = 7. \quad f(x) = 7, x \approx 2.7. \quad y = a + b \ln(x) \quad f(x) = 7.544 - 2.268 \ln(x) \quad x = 10. \quad x \quad f(x) = 8.$$

$$y = c^{1+a} e^{-bx} \quad x \quad f(x) = 12.5, x \approx 2.1. \quad x f(x) \quad y = c^{1+a} e^{-bx} \quad f(x) = 136.068^{1+10.324} e^{-0.480x} \quad 136 \quad x$$

$$P(t) = c^{1+a} e^{-bt}, t=0 \quad P(0) = P_0 \quad c - P(t) \quad P(t) = c - P_0 \quad P_0 e^{-bt} \quad a e^{-bt}:$$

$$c - P(t) \quad P(t) = c - c^{1+a} e^{-bt} \quad c^{1+a} e^{-bt} = c(1 + a e^{-bt}) - c^{1+a} e^{-bt} \quad c^{1+a} e^{-bt} = c(1 + a e^{-bt} - 1) \quad 1 + a e^{-bt} \quad c^{1+a} e^{-bt} = 1 + a e^{-bt} - 1 = a e^{-bt}$$

$$a e^{-bt} \quad t=0, \quad P_0 = c^{1+a} e^{-b(0)} = c^{1+a}.$$

$$c - P_0 \quad P_0 e^{-bt} = c - c^{1+a} \quad c^{1+a} e^{-bt} = c(1 + a) - c^{1+a} \quad c^{1+a} e^{-bt} = c(1 + a - 1) \quad 1 + a \quad c^{1+a} e^{-bt} = (1 + a - 1) e^{-bt} = a e^{-bt}$$

$$c - P(t) \quad P(t) = c - P_0 \quad P_0 e^{-bt} \quad f(x) \quad g(x) (1.5, 1.5) (8.5, 8.5). \quad y = x \quad f(x) = 1.034341 e^{0.247800x}.$$

$$f(g(x)) = x,$$

$$g(f(x)) = 4.035510 \ln(1.034341 e^{0.247800x}) - 0.136259 = 4.03551 (\ln(1.034341) + \ln(e^{0.2478x}))$$

$$- 0.136259 = 4.03551 (\ln(1.034341) + 0.2478x) - 0.136259 = 0.136257 + 0.999999x - 0.136259 =$$

$$- 0.000002 + 0.999999x \approx 0 + x = x$$

$$f^{-1}(x) \quad f(x) = c^{1+a} e^{-bx} \quad P(t) = 20^{1+4} e^{-0.5t} \quad P(t) \quad P^{-1}(t) \quad y = 156 (0.825)^t \quad 0.825, 0 \quad 1.$$

$$A(t) = 205 (1.13)^t, t \quad 6 \quad (2, 2.25) \quad (5, 60.75). \quad y = 0.25 (3)^x \quad 8.12\% \quad 20 \quad \$42,888.18 \quad 7.5\% \quad 3$$

$$y = 2.294 e^{-0.654t} \quad \$10,500 \quad 6.25\% \quad 25 \quad f(x) = 3.5 (2)^x \quad x \quad f(x) = 4 (18)^x \quad f(x) = 6.5 x \quad 7. \quad g(x)?$$

$$g(x) = 7 (6.5)^{-x}; (0, 7); 0. \quad f(x) = 2 x \quad \log 17 (4913) = x \quad 17 x = 4913 \quad \ln(s) = t \quad a = 2.5 = b \log a \quad b = -2.5$$

$$e^{-3.5} = h x \quad \log 64 (x) = 1.3 \quad x = 64^{1.3} = 4 \quad \log 5 (1.125) \quad \log(0.000001) \quad \log(0.000001) = -6$$

$$\log(4.005) \quad \ln(e^{-0.8648}) \quad \ln(e^{-0.8648}) = -0.8648 \quad \ln(18.3) \quad g(x) = \log(7x+21) - 4. \quad h(x) = 2 \ln(9-3x) + 1.$$

$$g(x) = \ln(4x+20) - 17. \quad x > -5; \quad x = -5; \quad x \rightarrow -5^+, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty \quad x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty. \quad \ln(7r \cdot 11st)$$

$$\log 8 (x) + \log 8 (5) + \log 8 (y) + \log 8 (13) \quad \log 8 (65xy) \quad \log m (6783) \quad \ln(z) - \ln(x) - \ln(y)$$

$$\ln(zxy) \quad \ln(1x5) - \log y (112) \quad \log y (12) \quad \log(r2s11t14). \quad \ln(2b^{b+1}b^{-1}).$$

$$\ln(2) + \ln(b) + \ln(b+1) - \ln(b-1) \quad 2.5 \ln(b) + \ln(c) + \ln(4-a) \quad 2 \quad 3 \log 7 v + 6 \log 7 w - \log 7 u \quad 3$$

$$\log 7 (v^3 w^6 u^3) \quad \log 3 (12.75) \quad e. \quad 5^{12x-17} = 125 \quad x \quad x = \log(125) \quad \log(5) + 17 \quad 12 = 5 \quad 3$$

$$216 \cdot 3x \cdot 216 x = 36 \cdot 3x+2 \quad 125 (1.625)^{-x-3} = 5 \quad 3 \quad x = -3 \quad 7 \cdot 17^{-9x-7} = 49. \quad 3 e^{6n-2} + 1 = -60.$$

$$5 e^{3x-4} = 6 \quad 2 e^{5x-2} - 9 = -56. \quad 5^{2x-3} = 7^{x+1} \quad e^{2x} - e^x - 110 = 0. \quad x = \ln(11) - 5 \quad \log 7 (10n) = 5.$$

$$9 + 6 \ln(a+3) = 33. \quad a = e^{4-3} \quad \log 8 (7) + \log 8 (-4x) = \log 8 (5). \quad \ln(5) + \ln(5x^2-5) = \ln(56). \quad x = \pm 9 \quad 5$$

$$D \quad D = 10 \log(I I_0), \quad I \quad I_0 = 10^{-12} \quad 6.3 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad P(t) = 256,114 e^{0.25t} \quad t \quad 5.45 \quad f^{-1} \quad f(x) = 2 \cdot e^{x+1} - 5.$$

$$f^{-1} \quad f(x) = 0.25 \cdot \log 2 (x^3 + 1). \quad f^{-1}(x) = 2 \cdot 4x - 1 \quad 3 \quad 300 \quad 17\% \quad t \quad 24 \quad f(t) = 300 (0.83)^t; f(24) \approx 3.43 \quad g$$

$$350^\circ \quad 71^\circ F \quad 175^\circ F. \quad 85^\circ F? \quad 45 \quad N(t) = 1200^{1+199} e^{-0.625t} \quad t \quad 8.5 \quad (-2, 100) (0, 4). \quad y = 4 (0.2)^x;$$

$$y = 4 e^{-1.609438x} \quad P(t) = 250,000^{1+499} e^{-0.45t} \quad P(t) = 14,250^{1+29} e^{-0.62t}, t \quad 75\% \quad 7.2$$

$$y = 16.68718 - 9.71860 \ln(x) \quad A(t) = 8 (1.17)^t, t \quad 3 \quad 13 \quad (0, 4) \quad (2, 9). \quad 6.25\% \quad 4 \quad \$1,947 \quad 7.4\% \quad 15$$

$$f(x) = 5 (0.5)^{-x} \quad (0, 5) \quad f(x) = (12)^x \quad \log 8.5 (614.125) = a \quad 8.5 \quad a = 614.125 \quad e^{12} = m \quad x \quad \log 17 (x) = 2$$

$$x = (17)^2 = 149 \quad \log(10,000,000) \quad \ln(0.716) \quad \ln(0.716) \approx -0.334 \quad g(x) = \log(12-6x) + 3.$$

$$f(x) = \log 5 (39-13x) + 7. \quad x < 3; \quad x = 3; \quad x \rightarrow 3^-, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty \quad x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty \quad \log(17a \cdot 2b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \log t(96) - \log t(8) \log t(12) \log 8(a1b) \ln(y^3 z^2 \cdot x^{-4} 3).3 \ln(y) + 2\ln(z) + \ln(x^{-4})^3 \\ & 4\ln(c) + \ln(d) + \ln(a)^3 + \ln(b+3)^3 \quad 16 \cdot 3x-5=1000 \quad x = \ln(1000) \ln(16) + 5^3 \approx 2.497 \\ & (181)x \cdot 1243 = (19)^{-3x-1} \quad -9e^{10a-8-5} = -41a = \ln(4) + 8 \quad 10e^{4x+2+5} = 56. \\ & -5e^{-4x-1-4} = 64. \quad 2x-3 = 6 \quad 2x-1. \quad e^{2x} - e^x - 72 = 0. \quad x = \ln(9) \quad 4\log(2n) - 7 = -11 \\ & \log(4x^2 - 10) + \log(3) = \log(51) \quad x = \pm 3 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad D \quad D = 10\log(110), I \quad I = 10^{-12} \quad 4.7 \cdot 10^{-1} \quad 112 \quad 17 \quad 80 \\ & f(t) = 112e^{-.019792t}; 35^\circ \text{ F. } 71^\circ \text{ F. } 35^\circ \text{ F. } 63^\circ \text{ F. } T(t) = 36e^{-0.025131t} + 35; T(60) \approx 43^\circ \text{ F} \\ & P(t) = 360 \cdot 1 + 6.2e^{-0.35t}, t \quad P(t) = 16,120 \cdot 1 + 25e^{-0.75t}, t \quad 80\% \quad y = 15.10062(1.24621)x \\ & y = 18.41659 \cdot 1 + 7.54644e^{-0.68375x} \quad EF \rightarrow. \quad ED \rightarrow \quad EF \rightarrow. \quad \angle DEF. \theta \phi \text{ or } \varphi \alpha \beta \gamma \quad \angle \theta \quad 1 \quad 360 \\ & 90^\circ \quad 360^\circ = 1 \quad 4. \quad 360^\circ \quad 360^\circ = 1. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 30^\circ \quad 360^\circ &= 1 \quad 12 \\ 1 \quad 12 &= 1 \quad 3 \quad (1 \quad 4) \\ -135^\circ \quad 360^\circ &= -3 \quad 8 \\ -3 \quad 8 &= -3 \quad 2 \quad (1 \quad 4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C &= 2\pi r. \quad r, 2\pi \quad 2\pi \approx 6.28 \quad 2\pi \quad 2\pi \\ 2\pi \text{ radians} &= 360^\circ. \quad \pi \text{ radians} = 360^\circ \cdot 2 = 180^\circ. \quad 1 \text{ radian} = 180^\circ \cdot \pi \approx 57.3^\circ. \end{aligned}$$

t s s r.

$$\begin{aligned} s &= r\theta \quad \theta = s/r \\ s=r, \theta &= r/r = 1 \text{ radian. } s/r = 2r. 2\pi C = 2\pi r, r 2\pi(2) = 4\pi 2\pi(3) = 6\pi. \\ \text{Smaller circle: } 1 \quad 2 \quad \pi \quad 2 &= 1 \quad 4 \quad \pi \quad \text{Larger circle: } 3 \quad 4 \quad \pi \quad 3 = 1 \quad 4 \quad \pi \\ 1 \quad 4 \quad \pi, 2\pi \quad \pi \quad s/r \quad s/r \quad 2\pi \quad 1 \quad 360^\circ \quad 2\pi &\approx 57.3^\circ. \quad C = 2\pi r, \quad C = 2\pi. \\ 1 \text{ rotation} &= 360^\circ = 2\pi \text{ radians} \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad \text{rotation} = 180^\circ = \pi \text{ radians} \quad 1 \quad 4 \quad \text{rotation} = 90^\circ = \pi/2 \text{ radians} \\ 1 \text{ rotation} &= 2\pi r \\ s &= 1 \quad 3 \quad (2\pi r) = 2\pi r \quad 3 \\ \text{radian measure} &= 2\pi r \quad 3 \quad r \quad = 2\pi r \quad 3r \quad = 2\pi \quad 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3\pi \quad 2 \\ \theta \quad 180 &= \theta \quad R \quad \pi \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta \quad \theta \quad \pi. \quad \pi.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Degrees } 180 &= \text{Radians } \pi \\ \theta \quad 180 &= \theta \quad R \quad \pi \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \pi \quad 6 \\ \theta \quad 180 &= \theta \quad R \quad \pi \quad \theta \quad 180 = \pi \quad 6 \quad \pi \quad \theta = 180 \quad 6 \quad \theta = 30^\circ. \\ \theta \quad 180 &= \theta \quad R \quad \pi \quad \theta \quad 180 = 3 \quad \pi \quad \theta = 3(180) \quad \pi \quad \theta \approx 172^\circ. \\ -3\pi \quad 4 \quad 15 \\ \theta \quad 180 &= \theta \quad R \quad \pi \quad 15 \quad 180 = \theta \quad R \quad \pi \quad 15 \quad \pi \quad 180 = \theta \quad R \quad \pi \quad 12 = \theta \quad R \\ 30^\circ &= \pi \quad 6. \quad 15^\circ = 1 \quad 2 \quad (30^\circ), \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad (\pi \quad 6) \quad \pi \quad 12. \quad 7\pi \quad 10 \quad 2\pi. \quad t \quad t \quad t', \quad t \quad 0^\circ \leq \theta < 360^\circ. \quad \theta = 80^\circ \quad \alpha \\ 0^\circ &\leq \alpha < 360^\circ. \quad \alpha = 150^\circ \quad \alpha \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -45^\circ + 360^\circ &= 315^\circ \\ \beta \quad 0^\circ \leq \beta < 360^\circ. \quad \beta = 60^\circ \quad 2\pi, 2\pi. \quad 2\pi \quad 2\pi, 2\pi \quad 0 \quad 2\pi. \quad \beta \quad 19\pi \quad 4, \quad 0 \leq \beta < 2\pi. \quad 2\pi \\ 19\pi \quad 4 - 2\pi &= 19\pi \quad 4 - 8\pi \quad 4 \quad = 11\pi \quad 4 \\ 11\pi \quad 4 \quad 2\pi, \\ 11\pi \quad 4 - 2\pi &= 11\pi \quad 4 - 8\pi \quad 4 \quad = 3\pi \quad 4 \\ 3\pi \quad 4 \quad 19\pi \quad 4, \quad \theta - 17\pi \quad 6 \quad 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi. \quad 7\pi \quad 6 \quad \theta \quad s/r \quad \theta = s/r. \quad s \quad \theta \\ s &= r\theta \end{aligned}$$

$$r, s\theta. \quad \theta \quad r \quad \theta: s = r\theta.$$

$$\begin{aligned} C &= 2\pi r = 2\pi(36 \text{ million miles}) \approx 226 \text{ million miles} \\ (0.0114) \quad 226 \text{ million miles} &= 2.58 \text{ million miles} \\ \text{radian} = \text{arclength} / \text{radius} &= 2.58 \text{ million miles} / 36 \text{ million miles} = 0.0717 \end{aligned}$$

$$215\pi 18 = 37.525 \text{ units } r \quad A = \pi r^2 \cdot \theta, \quad \theta = \frac{2\pi}{\theta} \quad \theta = \frac{2\pi}{\theta}$$

$$\text{Area of sector} = \left( \frac{\theta}{2\pi} \right) \pi r^2 = \frac{1}{2} \theta r^2$$

r,  $\theta$ ,

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \theta r^2$$

$$r, \theta. \quad \theta = \frac{A}{\frac{1}{2} r^2}$$

$$30 \text{ degrees} = 30 \cdot \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{\pi}{6} \text{ radians}$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\pi}{6} \right) (20)^2 \approx 104.72$$

$$104.72 \text{ ft}^2 \cdot 10\pi \cdot 10\pi \text{ v s t}$$

$$v = s t$$

$$360 \text{ degrees } 4 \text{ seconds} = \omega \theta t$$

$$\omega = \frac{\theta}{t}$$

$$s = r\theta, \theta = \omega t.$$

$$s = r\theta = r\omega t$$

$$v = s t = r\omega t = r\omega$$

$$r, \omega, \theta t.$$

$$\omega = \frac{\theta}{t}$$

$$v, s, t.$$

$$v = s t$$

$$v = r\omega$$

$$\omega, r \quad \omega = \frac{\theta}{t} \quad 2\pi \quad \omega = \frac{2\pi}{5} \approx 1.257 \quad -3\pi \quad 2 \quad \omega = \frac{\theta}{t} \quad v = r\omega.$$

$$180 \text{ rotations minute} \cdot 2\pi \text{ radians rotation} = 360\pi \text{ radians minute}$$

$$v = (14 \text{ inches}) \left( \frac{360\pi \text{ radians minute}}{1} \right) = 5040\pi \text{ inches minute}$$

$$5040\pi \text{ inches minute} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ foot}}{12 \text{ inches}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ mile}}{5280 \text{ feet}} \cdot \frac{60 \text{ minutes}}{1 \text{ hour}}$$

$$\approx 14.99 \text{ miles per hour (mph)}$$

$$s = r\theta \quad A = \frac{1}{2} \theta r^2 \quad \omega = \frac{\theta}{t} \quad v = s t \quad v = r\omega \quad \theta = 180 = \frac{\theta}{R} \pi \cdot 2\pi \cdot 2\pi \cdot 37\pi \cdot 45\pi \cdot 6\pi \cdot 2 - \pi \cdot 1022\pi \cdot 34\pi \cdot 3 - \pi \cdot 6 - 4\pi \cdot 32\pi \cdot 3$$

$$7\pi \cdot 2 \approx 11.00 \quad \text{in } 281\pi \cdot 20 \approx 12.72 \quad \text{cm } 23\pi \cdot 4\pi \cdot 9 - 5\pi \cdot 4\pi \cdot 3 - 7\pi \cdot 3 - 5\pi \cdot 1211\pi \cdot 6\pi \cdot 2 - 3\pi \cdot \pi \cdot 5\pi \cdot 6 \quad \pi \cdot 4 \quad \pi \cdot 3.$$

$$5.02\pi \cdot 3 \approx 5.265\pi \cdot 6 \cdot 25\pi \cdot 9 \approx 8.7321\pi \cdot 10 \approx 6.60 \quad \pi \cdot 2 \quad \pi \cdot 2\pi - \pi \cdot 910\pi \cdot 34\pi \cdot 313\pi \cdot 644\pi \cdot 98\pi \cdot 9 \quad v, v,$$

$$1,809,557.37 \text{ mm/min} = 30.16 \text{ m/s} \quad (1 \text{ minute} = \frac{1}{60} \text{ degree}) \quad 5.76 \quad (1 \text{ minute} = \frac{1}{60} \text{ degree}) \quad 3960 \cdot 20 \cdot 120^\circ$$

$$\theta = 2\pi \quad 30^\circ \text{ or } \left( \frac{\pi}{6} \right), 45^\circ \text{ or } \left( \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \quad 60^\circ \text{ or } \left( \frac{\pi}{3} \right). \quad t \text{ s. } s = rt, r = 1, s = t. \quad t, (x, y). \quad x \quad y \quad f(t) = \cos t \quad f(t) = \sin t,$$

$$x = \cos t \quad y = \sin t. \quad t(0,0) \quad 1 \quad 1. \quad (x, y) \text{ s. } (x, y) \quad (x, y) \quad t \quad t \quad t. \quad y. \quad t \quad t. \quad x. \quad \sin t \sin(t) \cos t \cos(t). \quad \cos^2 t$$

$$(\cos(t))^2 \cdot t \quad (x, y) \quad t,$$

$$\cos t = x$$

$$\sin t = y$$

$$(x, y) \quad t, tP: \sin t = y. \quad tP: \cos t = x. \quad P \quad t, \cos(t) \sin(t). \quad \cos t \sin t$$

$$x = \cos t = \frac{1}{2} \quad y = \sin t = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$t \quad (-2, 2) \quad \cos t \sin t. \cos(t) = -\frac{2}{2}, \sin(t) = \frac{2}{2} \quad x \quad y. \quad \cos(90^\circ) \sin(90^\circ). \quad 90^\circ \quad (x, y)$$

$$x = \cos t = \cos(90^\circ) = 0 \quad y = \sin t = \sin(90^\circ) = 1$$

$$\pi. \quad \cos(\pi) = -1, \sin(\pi) = 0 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 1. \quad x = \cos t \quad y = \sin t, \quad x \quad y \quad \cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = 1. \quad \cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = 1, \quad t,$$

$$\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = 1$$

$$t \quad t. \quad \sin(t) \cos(t). \quad t \sin(t) = \frac{3}{7} \quad t \cos(t). \quad t,$$

$$\cos^2(t) + \sin^2(t) = 1 \quad \cos^2(t) + \frac{9}{49} = 1 \quad \cos^2(t) = \frac{40}{49}$$

$$\cos(t) = \pm \frac{40}{49} =$$

$$\pm \frac{40}{7} = \pm \frac{2}{10} \cdot \frac{7}{7}$$

$$\cos(t) = -\frac{2}{10} \cdot \frac{7}{7}$$

$$\cos(t) = \frac{24}{25} \sin(t). \sin(t) = -\frac{7}{25} \quad 45^\circ \quad \pi \cdot 4, 45^\circ - 45^\circ - 90^\circ \quad t = \pi \cdot 4 \quad y = x. \quad y = x \quad x \quad y \quad (y = x),$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$y = x,$$

$$x^2 + x^2 = 1$$

$$2x^2 = 1$$

$$x,$$

$$x^2 = 1 \quad x = \pm 1$$

$$x = 1 \quad t = \pi/4$$

$$(x,y) = (x, x) = (1, 1) \quad x = 1, y = 1 \cos t = 1, \sin t = 1$$

$$\cos t = 1 \quad \sin t = 1$$

$$(x,y) = (1, 1) \quad 30^\circ, \pi/6 \quad 30^\circ, -30^\circ, 60^\circ, 2y, r=2y \quad y = 1 \quad r \sin t = y$$

$$\sin(\pi/6) = 1/2 \quad r$$

$$r=1$$

$$\sin(\pi/6) = 1/2 \quad (1) \quad = 1/2$$

$$\cos 2\pi/6 + \sin 2(\pi/6) = 1 \quad \cos 2(\pi/6) + (1/2)^2 = 1 \quad \cos 2(\pi/6) = 3/4$$

$$\text{Use the square root property.} \quad \cos(\pi/6) = \pm \sqrt{3/4} = \pm \sqrt{3}/2$$

Since y is positive, choose the positive root.

$$(x,y) = (1, 1) \quad t = \pi/3 \quad \text{BAD, A } 60^\circ, \text{ B, ABC } 60^\circ, 180^\circ, \text{ C } 60^\circ, \text{ ABC ABD ABC BD AC, AC}$$

$$\text{AD } 1/2 \quad 1/2 \quad \text{AD B, BAD } x = 1/2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$x = 1/2,$$

$$(1/2)^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$y,$$

$$1/4 + y^2 = 1 \quad y^2 = 1 - 1/4 \quad y^2 = 3/4 \quad y = \pm \sqrt{3}/2$$

$$t = \pi/3 \quad y = \sqrt{3}/2, t = \pi/3 \quad (x,y) = (1/2, \sqrt{3}/2),$$

$$(x,y) = (1/2, \sqrt{3}/2) \quad x = 1/2, y = \sqrt{3}/2 \cos t = 1/2, \sin t = \sqrt{3}/2$$

$$\pi/6, \pi/4, \pi/3, \pi/2 \quad \cos(30^\circ) \cos(5\pi/3) \cos(5 \times \pi/3) \text{ ENTER}$$

$$\cos(5\pi/3) = 0.5$$

$$20^\circ,$$

$$\sin(20 \times \pi/180) \text{ ENTER}$$

$$\sin(\pi/3) \cdot 2\pi \quad x, y, r, [-1,1]. [-1,1]. [-1,1]. \alpha \quad t; \beta \quad t;$$

$$\sin(t) = \sin(\alpha) \quad \text{and} \quad \cos(t) = -\cos(\alpha) \quad \sin(t) = -\sin(\beta) \quad \text{and} \quad \cos(t) = \cos(\beta)$$

$$t, t \in [0, 90^\circ], 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi, |\pi - t| \leq 180^\circ - t \leq 2\pi - t \leq 360^\circ - t \leq 2\pi, 2\pi \leq t \leq 2\pi. 225^\circ \quad 225^\circ$$

$$|(180^\circ - 225^\circ)| = |-45^\circ| = 45^\circ$$

$$5\pi/3 \cdot \pi/3 \quad (x,y) \cos(150^\circ) \sin(150^\circ) \cos 5\pi/4 \sin 5\pi/4$$

$$\cos(30^\circ) = \sqrt{3}/2 \quad \text{and} \quad \sin(30^\circ) = 1/2$$

$$\cos(150^\circ) = -\sqrt{3}/2 \quad \text{and} \quad \sin(150^\circ) = 1/2$$

$$5\pi/4 \quad 5\pi/4 - \pi = \pi/4 \quad \pi/4 \quad 2\pi \cdot x \quad y$$

$$\cos 5\pi/4 = -\sqrt{2}/2 \quad \text{and} \quad \sin 5\pi/4 = -\sqrt{2}/2$$

$$315^\circ \cos(315^\circ) \sin(315^\circ) \cdot \pi/6 \cos(-\pi/6) \sin(-\pi/6) \cos(315^\circ) = \sqrt{2}/2, \sin(315^\circ) = -\sqrt{2}/2$$

$$\cos(-\pi/6) = \sqrt{3}/2, \sin(-\pi/6) = -1/2 \quad (x,y) \quad (x,y)$$

$$x = \cos t \quad y = \sin t$$

$$(x,y) \quad x \quad y \quad 7\pi/6 \quad 7\pi/6 \quad \pi$$

$$7\pi/6 - \pi = \pi/6$$

$$\cos(\pi/6) = \sqrt{3}/2 \quad \sin(\pi/6) = 1/2$$

$$x \quad y$$

$$\cos(7\pi/6) = -\sqrt{3}/2 \quad \sin(7\pi/6) = -1/2$$

$$(x,y) \quad x = \cos \theta \quad y = \sin \theta \quad (-\sqrt{3}/2, -1/2) \quad 5\pi/3 \quad (1/2, -\sqrt{3}/2) \cos t = x \sin t = y \cos 2t + \sin 2t = 1 \quad t \in [-1,1].$$

$$t, t \in [-1,1] \quad \sin(t) < 0 \quad \cos(t) < 0 \quad \sin(t) > 0 \quad \cos(t) > 0 \quad \sin(t) > 0 \quad \cos(t) < 0 \quad \sin(t) < 0 \quad \cos(t) > 0 \quad \sin \pi/2 \sin \pi/3 \cos \pi/2$$

$$\cos \pi/3 \sin \pi/4 \cos \pi/2 \sin \pi/6 \sin \pi/3 \cos \pi/2 \cos 0 \cos \pi/6 \sin 0 \sin 240^\circ \sin 60^\circ - 170^\circ \sin 100^\circ \sin 80^\circ - 315^\circ$$

$$135^\circ \sin 45^\circ \sin 5\pi/4 \sin 3\pi/5 \sin 6\pi/11 \sin 3\pi/3 - 7\pi/4 - \pi \sin 8\pi/22 \sin 25^\circ \sin 300^\circ \sin 60^\circ, \sin(300^\circ) = -\sqrt{3}/2, \cos(300^\circ) = 1/2 \quad 320^\circ \sin 135^\circ$$

$$45^\circ, \sin(135^\circ) = \sqrt{2}/2, \cos(135^\circ) = -\sqrt{2}/2 \quad 110^\circ \sin 120^\circ \sin 60^\circ, \sin(120^\circ) = \sqrt{3}/2, \cos(120^\circ) = -1/2 \quad 250^\circ \sin 150^\circ \sin 30^\circ,$$

$$\sin(150^\circ) = 1/2, \cos(150^\circ) = -\sqrt{3}/2 \quad 25\pi/4 \sin 7\pi/6 \sin 6\pi/6, \sin(7\pi/6) = -1/2, \cos(7\pi/6) = -\sqrt{3}/2 \quad 25\pi/3 \sin 4\pi/4,$$

$$\sin(3\pi/4) = \sqrt{2}/2, \cos(4\pi/3) = -1/2 \quad 24\pi/3 \sin 3\pi/3, \sin(2\pi/3) = \sqrt{3}/2, \cos(2\pi/3) = -1/2 \quad 25\pi/6 \sin 4\pi/4,$$

$$\sin(7\pi/4) = -\sqrt{2}/2, \cos(7\pi/4) = \sqrt{2}/2 \quad \cos(t) = 1/7 \quad t \sin(t) \cos(t) = 2/9 \quad t \sin(t) \cos(t) = 3/8 \quad t \sin(t) \cos(t).$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(t) &= -1/4, \cos(t) = -15/4, 220^\circ, 120^\circ, (-10, 10/3), 7\pi/4, 5\pi/9, (-2.778, 15.757), [-1, 1] t. \\ \sin t &= 1/2, \cos t = -3/2, \sin t = -2/2, \cos t = -2/2, \sin t = 3/2, \cos t = -1/2, \sin t = -2/2, \cos t = 2/2, \sin t = 0, \cos t = -1 \\ \sin t &= -0.596, \cos t = 0.803, \sin t = 1/2, \cos t = 3/2, \sin t = -1/2, \cos t = 3/2, \sin t = 0.761, \cos t = -0.649, \sin t = 1, \cos t = 0 \\ \sin 5\pi/9, \cos 5\pi/9, \sin \pi/10, \cos \pi/10, \sin 3\pi/4, \cos 3\pi/4, \sin 98^\circ, \cos 98^\circ, \cos 310^\circ, \sin 310^\circ \\ \sin(11\pi/3), \cos(-5\pi/6), \sin(3\pi/4), \cos(5\pi/3), 2/4, \sin(-4\pi/3), \cos(\pi/2), \sin(-9\pi/4), \cos(-\pi/6), -6/4 \\ \sin(\pi/6), \cos(-\pi/3), \sin(7\pi/4), \cos(-2\pi/3), 2/4, \cos(5\pi/6), \cos(2\pi/3), \cos(-\pi/3), \cos(\pi/4), 2/4 \\ \sin(-5\pi/4), \sin(11\pi/6), \sin(\pi), \sin(\pi/6), (0, 1), (0, -1), (0.707, -0.707), (-0.866, -0.5), (0, 0), \pi/3, \pi/4, \\ \pi/6, 1/12, (x, y), t, (x, y), t, y/x, x \neq 0, t, t, t, \sin t, \cos t, \cos t \neq 0, \tan t, t, 1/\cos t = 1/x, x \neq 0, \sec t \\ \cos t, \sin t = x/y, y \neq 0, \cot t, t, 1/\sin t = 1/y, y \neq 0, \csc t, t, (x, y), t \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan t = y/x, x \neq 0, \sec t = 1/x, x \neq 0, \csc t = 1/y, y \neq 0, \cot t = x/y, y \neq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} (-3/2, 1/2), \sin t, \cos t, \tan t, \sec t, \csc t, \cot t, (x, y), t, \\ \sin t = y = 1/2, \cos t = x = -3/2, \tan t = y/x = 1/2 - 3/2 = 1/2, (-2/3) = -1/3 = -3/3, \sec t = 1/x = 1 - 3/2 = -2/3 = \\ -2/3, \csc t = 1/y = 1/1/2 = 2, \cot t = x/y = -3/2/1/2 = -3/2, (2/1) = -3 \\ (2/2, -2/2), \sin t, \cos t, \tan t, \sec t, \csc t, \cot t, \sin t = -2/2, \cos t = 2/2, \tan t = -1, \sec t = 2, \csc t = -2, \cot t = -1 \\ \sin t, \cos t, \tan t, \sec t, \csc t, \cot t, t = \pi/6, \sin \pi/6 = 1/2, \cos \pi/6 = 3/2. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tan \pi/6 &= \sin \pi/6 / \cos \pi/6 = 1/2 / 3/2 = 1/3 = 3/3 \\ \sec \pi/6 &= 1 / \cos \pi/6 = 1 / 3/2 = 2/3 = 2/3 \\ \csc \pi/6 &= 1 / \sin \pi/6 = 1 / 1/2 = 2 \\ \cot \pi/6 &= \cos \pi/6 / \sin \pi/6 = 3/2 / 1/2 = 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin t, \cos t, \tan t, \sec t, \csc t, \cot t, t = \pi/3.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \pi/3 &= 3/2, \cos \pi/3 = 1/2, \tan \pi/3 = 3, \sec \pi/3 = 2, \csc \pi/3 = 2/3, \cot \pi/3 = 3/3, x/y = 0, \pi/6, \text{ or } 30^\circ \\ \pi/4, \text{ or } 45^\circ, \pi/3, \text{ or } 60^\circ, \pi/2, \text{ or } 90^\circ, 2/2, 1/2, 2/2, 2/3, 3/3, 2/2, 3/3, 3/3, -5\pi/6, \pi/6, -5\pi/6, x/y \\ \cos(-5\pi/6) &= -3/2, \sin(-5\pi/6) = -1/2, \tan(-5\pi/6) = 3/3, \sec(-5\pi/6) = -2/3, \csc(-5\pi/6) = -2, \cot(-5\pi/6) = 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$-7\pi/4, \sin(-7\pi/4) = 2/2, \cos(-7\pi/4) = 2/2, \tan(-7\pi/4) = 1,$$

$$\sec(-7\pi/4) = 2, \csc(-7\pi/4) = 2, \cot(-7\pi/4) = 1, f(x) = x^2, (4)^2 = (-4)^2, (-5)^2 = (5)^2, f(x) = x^2, f(-x) = f(x), f(x) = x^2, f(x) = x^3, f(x) = x^3, f(-x) = -f(x), f(x) = x^3, y.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin t &= y, \sin(-t) = -y, \sin t \neq \sin(-t), \cos t = x, \cos(-t) = x, \cos t = \cos(-t) \\ \tan(t) &= y/x, \tan(-t) = -y/x, \tan t \neq \tan(-t), \sec t = 1/x, \sec(-t) = 1/x, \sec t = \sec(-t) \\ \csc t &= 1/y, \csc(-t) = 1/-y, \csc t \neq \csc(-t), \cot t = x/y, \cot(-t) = x/-y, \cot t \neq \cot(-t), f(-x) = f(x), \\ f(-x) &= -f(x). \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos(-t) = \cos t, \sec(-t) = \sec t$$

$$\sin(-t) = -\sin t, \tan(-t) = -\tan t, \csc(-t) = -\csc t, \cot(-t) = -\cot t$$

$$t \rightarrow -t? \rightarrow -t, 3, -t? \rightarrow -3$$

$$\tan t = \sin t / \cos t$$

$$\sec t = 1 / \cos t$$

$$\csc t = 1 / \sin t$$

$$\cot t = 1 / \tan t = \cos t / \sin t$$

$$\sin(45^\circ) = 2/2, \cos(45^\circ) = 2/2, \tan(45^\circ) = 1/2, \cos(5\pi/6) = 1/2, \cos(5\pi/6) = -3/2, \text{evaluate } \sec(5\pi/6).$$

$$\tan(45^\circ) = \sin(45^\circ) / \cos(45^\circ) = 2/2 / 2/2 = 1$$

$$\sec(5\pi/6) = 1 / \cos(5\pi/6) = 1 / -3/2 = -2/3, 1 = -2/3, = -2/3, = -2/3, = -2/3$$

$$\csc(7\pi/6) = -2, \sec t, \tan t.$$

$$\sec t, \tan t = 1 / \cos t, \sin t, \cos t, \text{To divide the functions, we multiply by the reciprocal.} = 1 / \cos t, \cos t$$

$$\sin t, \text{Divide out the cosines.} = 1 / \sin t, \text{Simplify and use the identity.} = \csc t$$

$$\sec t, \tan t, \csc t,$$

$$\sec t, \tan t = \csc t$$

$$\tan t(\cos t), \sin t, \cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = 1, \cos^2 t:$$

$$\cos^2 t, \cos^2 t + \sin^2 t, \cos^2 t = 1, \cos^2 t, 1 + \tan^2 t = \sec^2 t$$

$\sin 2t$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2t \sin 2t + \sin 2t \sin 2t &= 1 \sin 2t & \cot 2t + 1 &= \csc 2t \\ 1 + \tan 2t &= \sec 2t \\ \cot 2t + 1 &= \csc 2t\end{aligned}$$

$$\cos(t) = \frac{12}{13}, \sin 2t = 1,$$

$$\begin{aligned}(\frac{12}{13})^2 + \sin 2t &= 1 & \sin 2t &= 1 - (\frac{12}{13})^2 & \sin 2t &= 1 - \frac{144}{169} & \sin 2t &= \frac{25}{169} \\ \sin t &= \pm \frac{5}{13} & \sin t &= \pm \frac{5}{13} & \sin t &= \pm \frac{5}{13} & \sin t &= \pm \frac{5}{13} \\ -\frac{5}{13} &.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tan t = \sin t \cos t &= -\frac{5}{13} \frac{12}{13} = -\frac{5}{12} \sec t = \frac{1}{\cos t} = \frac{1}{\frac{12}{13}} = \frac{13}{12} \csc t = \frac{1}{\sin t} = \frac{1}{-\frac{5}{13}} = -\frac{13}{5} \\ \cot t &= \frac{1}{\tan t} = \frac{1}{-\frac{5}{12}} = -\frac{12}{5}\end{aligned}$$

$$\sec(t) = -\frac{17}{8}, 0 < t < \pi, \cos t = -\frac{8}{17}, \sin t = \frac{15}{17}, \tan t = -\frac{15}{8}, \csc t = \frac{17}{15}, \cot t = -\frac{8}{15}, 2\pi, x, f(x)$$

$$f(x+4) = f(x). \text{ P f } f(x+P) = f(x) \text{ x. } 2\pi. \pi. t$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin t = y = -\frac{3}{2}, \cos t = x = -\frac{1}{2}, \tan t = \frac{\sin t}{\cos t} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{-\frac{1}{2}} = 3 \sec t = \frac{1}{\cos t} = \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2}} = -2 \csc t = \frac{1}{\sin t} = \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2}} = -\frac{2}{3} \\ \cot t = \frac{1}{\tan t} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}t \sin t = -1, \cos t = 0, \tan t = \text{Undefined} \sec t = \text{Undefined}, \csc t = -1, \cot t = 0 \sin(t) = -\frac{3}{2}, \cos(t) = \frac{1}{2}, \\ \sec(t), \csc(t), \tan(t), \cot(t).\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sec t = \frac{1}{\cos t} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2 \csc t = \frac{1}{\sin t} = \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{2}} = -\frac{2}{3} \tan t = \frac{\sin t}{\cos t} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}} = -3 \cot t = \frac{1}{\tan t} = \frac{1}{-3} = -\frac{1}{3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(t) = \frac{2}{2}, \cos(t) = \frac{2}{2}, \sec(t), \csc(t), \tan(t), \text{ and } \cot(t). \sec t = 2, \csc t = 2, \tan t = 1, \cot t = 1 \pi 180^\circ 30^\circ, \\ \text{(for a scientific calculator): } 1 \cdot 30 \times \pi 180 \text{ COS} \\ \text{(for a graphing calculator): } 1 \cos(30\pi 180)\end{aligned}$$

$$1 / 1 / 5\pi 7.$$

$$\begin{aligned}1 / (5 \times \pi / 7) \text{ SIN} = \\ \csc(5\pi 7) \approx 1.279\end{aligned}$$

$$-\pi 8. \approx -2.414 \tan t = \sin t \cos t \sec t = \frac{1}{\cos t} \csc t = \frac{1}{\sin t} \cot t = \frac{1}{\tan t} = \cos t \sin t f(-x) = f(x) f(-x) = -f(x).$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{P f } f(x+P) = f(x) \text{ x. } [0, 2\pi), \pi 4 \text{ x} = \pi 4, 5\pi 4, \pi y \text{ x}^2 + y^2 = 1. \text{ x } \pi. \pi \tan \pi 6 \sec \pi 6 2 3 3 \csc \pi 6 \\ \cot \pi 6 3 \tan \pi 4 \sec \pi 4 2 \csc \pi 4 \cot \pi 4 \tan \pi 3 \sec \pi 3 \csc \pi 3 \cot \pi 3 3 \tan 5\pi 6 \sec 7\pi 6 - 2 3 3\end{aligned}$$

$$\csc 11\pi 6 \cot 13\pi 6 3 \tan 7\pi 4 \sec 3\pi 4 - 2 \csc 5\pi 4 \cot 11\pi 4 \tan 8\pi 3 \sec 4\pi 3 \csc 2\pi 3 \cot 5\pi 3 - 3 3$$

$$\tan 225^\circ \sec 300^\circ \csc 150^\circ \cot 240^\circ 3 3 \tan 330^\circ \sec 120^\circ \csc 210^\circ \cot 315^\circ \sin t = \frac{3}{4}, t$$

$$\cos t, \sec t, \csc t, \tan t, \cot t. \cos t = -\frac{1}{3}, t \sin t, \sec t, \csc t, \tan t, \cot t.$$

$$\sin t = -\frac{2}{3}, \sec t = -\frac{3}{2}, \csc t = -\frac{3}{2}, \tan t = \frac{2}{2}, \cot t = \frac{2}{4} \tan t = \frac{12}{5}, 0 \leq t < \pi 2, \sin t, \cos t, \sec t, \csc t, \cot t.$$

$$\sin t = \frac{3}{2}, \cos t = \frac{1}{2}, \sec t, \csc t, \tan t, \cot t. \sec t = 2, \csc t = \frac{2}{3}, \tan t = 3, \cot t = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\sin 40^\circ \approx 0.643 \cos 40^\circ \approx 0.766 \sec 40^\circ, \csc 40^\circ, \tan 40^\circ, \text{ and } \cot 40^\circ. \sin t = \frac{2}{2}, \sin(-t) = -\frac{2}{2}, \cos t = \frac{1}{2},$$

$$\cos(-t) = \frac{1}{2}, \sec t = 3.1, \sec(-t) = 0.34, \csc(-t) = 0.34, \tan t = -1.4, \tan(-t) = 1.4, \cot t = 9.23, \cot(-t) = 9.23$$

$$\sin t = \frac{2}{2}, \cos t = \frac{2}{2}, \tan t = 1, \cot t = 1, \sec t = 2, \csc t = 2$$

$$\sin t = -\frac{3}{2}, \cos t = -\frac{1}{2}, \tan t = 3, \cot t = \frac{1}{3}, \sec t = -2, \csc t = -\frac{2}{3} \csc 5\pi 9 \cot 4\pi 7 \sec \pi 10 \tan 5\pi 8$$

$$\sec 3\pi 4 \csc \pi 4 \tan 98^\circ \cot 33^\circ \cot 140^\circ \sec 310^\circ \tan(t) \approx 2.7, \sin(t) \approx 0.94, \cos(t). \tan(t) \approx 1.3,$$

$$\cos(t) \approx 0.61, \sin(t). \sin(t) \approx 0.79 \csc(t) \approx 3.2, \cos(t) \approx 0.95, \tan(t). \cot(t) \approx 0.58, \cos(t) \approx 0.5, \csc(t).$$

$$\csc t \approx 1.16 f(x) = 2 \sin x \cos x f(x) = 3 \sin 2x \cos x + \sec x f(x) = \sin x - 2 \cos 2x f(x) = \csc 2x + \sec x \csc t \tan t$$

$$\sec t \csc t \sin t \cos t = \tan t h = 15 \cos(1600 d), h d h = 16 \cos(1500 d), h d 1000\pi P = 20 \sin(2\pi t) + 100 P,$$

$$t h, y = 2 \cos x + 6, x 55^\circ. h, y = 2 \cos x + 5, x 55^\circ. \csc t = \frac{1}{y}, y \neq 0 \cot t = \frac{x}{y}, y \neq 0 \text{ P f } f(x+P) = f(x)$$

$$\sec t = \frac{1}{x}, x \neq 0 \tan t = \frac{y}{x}, x \neq 0 30^\circ(\pi 6), 45^\circ(\pi 4), 60^\circ(\pi 3).$$

$$\cos t = x \sin t = y$$

$$t t(x, y) y x.$$

$$\cos t = x \frac{1}{\cos t} = x$$

$$\sin t = y \frac{1}{\sin t} = y$$

$$(x, y) x, t. y, t. 1, t. t.$$

$$\sin(t) = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}} \cos(t) = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}} \tan(t) = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$





$\tan \pi 6 \cos(\pi 2) = \sin(\_\circ) \csc(18^\circ) = \sec(\_\circ) \cos B = 3 5$ ,  $a=6, b=8, c=10$   $\tan A = 5 9$ ,  $b=6 \sin A$   $11 157 157$   
 $\tan B a=4, b=4 70^\circ$ .  $5\pi 6 150^\circ - 620^\circ 30^\circ$ .  $5\pi 4 0^\circ 360^\circ 375^\circ$ .  $15^\circ 2\pi - 4\pi 7$ .  $315^\circ - \pi 6 2\pi 75$   
 $\sin \pi 6$ .  $240^\circ$ .  $-3 2 [-1, 1]$   $\cot \pi 4$ .  $\tan \pi 3$ .  $3 \csc 7\pi 4$ .  $\tan 210^\circ$ .  $3 3 \csc t=0.68$ ,  $\csc(-t)? \cos t=3 2$ ,  
 $\cos(t-2\pi)$ .  $3 2 \cos(\pi 6) = \sin(\_\circ) \pi 3$  ABC:  $\sin B = 3 4$ ,  $c=12$   $a=9 2$ ,  $b=9 3$   $2x0\pi 6\pi 4\pi 3\pi 22\pi 33\pi 45\pi 6$   
 $\pi \sin(x) 01 2$

$$2 2$$

$$3 2$$

1

$$3 2$$

$$2 2$$

1 20  $\pi$ ,  $\pi 2\pi$ ,  $x0\pi 6\pi 4\pi 3\pi 22\pi 33\pi 45\pi 6\pi \cos(x) 1$

$$3 2$$

$$2 2$$

1 2

$$0$$

$$-1 2$$

$$-2 2$$

$$-3 2$$

$-1 [-1, 1]$ .  $2\pi$ ,  $2\pi$ .  $f(x+P)=f(x)$   $x$   $f$ .  $P>0$   $\sin(-x)=-\sin x$ .  $\cos(-x)=\cos x$ .  $2\pi$ .  $(-\infty, \infty)$   $[-1, 1]$ .

$y=\sin x$   $y=\cos x$   $y-$

$$y=A\sin(Bx-C)+D$$

$$\text{and } y=A\cos(Bx-C)+D$$

$B$   $P=2\pi |B|$ .  $|B|>1$ ,  $2\pi |B|<1$ ,  $2\pi$   $f(x)=\sin(x)$ ,  $B=1$ ,  $2\pi$ ,  $f(x)=\sin(2x)$ ,  $B=2$ ,  $\pi$   $f(x)=\sin(x^2)$ ,

$B=1 2$ ,  $4\pi |B|$ .  $C=0$   $D=0$

$$y=A\sin(Bx)$$

$$y=A\cos(Bx)$$

$2\pi |B|$ .  $f(x)=\sin(\pi 6 x)$ .  $y=A\sin(Bx)$ .  $B=\pi 6$ ,

$$P=2\pi |B| = 2\pi \pi 6 = 2\pi \cdot 6 \pi = 12$$

$g(x)=\cos(x^3)$ .  $6\pi$   $B$   $A$   $|A|$   $|A|$   $x=D$ ;  $D=0$   $|A|>1$ ,  $f(x)=4 \sin x$

$$f(x)=2 \sin x.$$

$|A|<1$ ,  $C=0$   $D=0$

$$y=A\sin(Bx) \text{ and } y=A\cos(Bx)$$

$A$ ,  $|A|$ .

$$|A| = \text{amplitude} = 1 2 | \text{maximum} - \text{minimum} |$$

$f(x)=-4\sin(x)$ ?  $y=A\sin(Bx)$ .  $A=-4$ ,  $|A|=|-4|=4$ .  $A$   $f(x)=1 2 \sin(x)$ ?  $1 2$   $A$   $B$   $C$   $D$ .

$y=A\sin(Bx-C)+D$  and  $y=A\cos(Bx-C)+D$  or  $y=A\sin(B(x-C/B))+D$  and  $y=A\cos(B(x-C/B))+D$

$C/B$   $C>0$ ,  $C<0$ ,  $|C|$ ,  $f(x)=\sin(x-\pi)$   $\pi$   $f(x)=\sin(x-\pi/4)$ ,  $\pi/4$   $C$   $D$   $y=\cos(x)+D$   $y=D$ .  $D$   $f(x)=\sin x$

$f(x)=\sin x+2$ ,  $f(x)=A\sin(Bx-C)+D$   $f(x)=A\cos(Bx-C)+D$ ,  $C/B$   $D$   $f(x)=\sin(x+\pi/6)-2$ .

$y=A\sin(Bx-C)+D$ .  $B=1$   $C=-\pi/6$ .

$$C/B = -\pi/6 1 = -\pi/6$$

$\pi/6$   $C$ .  $f(x)=\sin(x+\pi/6)-2$   $f(x)=\sin(x-(-\pi/6))-2$ .  $C$   $f(x)=3\cos(x-\pi/2)$ .  $\pi/2$ ;  $f(x)=\cos(x)-3$ .

$y=A\cos(Bx-C)+D$ .  $D=-3$   $f(x)=3\sin(x)+2$ .  $f(x)=A\sin(Bx-C)+D$ ,  $|A|$ .  $P=2\pi |B|$ .  $C/B$ .  $y=D$ .

$y=3\sin(2x)+1$ .  $y=A\sin(Bx-C)+D$ .  $A=3$ ,  $|A|=3$ .  $B=2$ ,  $P=2\pi |B|=2\pi 2=2\pi$ .  $C=0$   $C/B=0/2=0$ .  $D=1$ ,

$y=1$ .  $\pi$ ,  $y=1$ ,  $y=1 2 \cos(x/3-\pi/3)$ .  $y=0$ ;  $|A|=1 2$ ;  $P=2\pi |B|=6\pi$ ;  $C/B=\pi$

$$y=A\sin(Bx-C)+D \quad y=A\cos(Bx-C)+D$$

$x=0$ ,  $(0,0)$ .  $x=0$ ,  $y=0.5$ .  $D$   $D=0.5$ .  $|A|=0.5$ .  $|A|=1 2=0.5$ .  $A=-0.5$ .  $B=1$ ;  $C=0$ .

$$g(x)=-0.5\cos(x)+0.5$$

$f(x)=\sin(x)+2$   $-5$ ,  $-2$ .  $D=-2$ .  $|A|=3$ .  $x=1$   $x=7$ ,  $P=2\pi |B|=6$ .  $B$ ,

$$B=2\pi P=2\pi 6=12\pi$$

$y=3\sin(\pi/3 x-C)-2$   $y=3\cos(\pi/3 x-C)-2$ .

$$y=3\cos(\pi/3 x - \pi/3) - 2 \text{ or } y=-3\cos(\pi/3 x + 2\pi/3) - 2$$

$$y=4\sin(\pi/5 x - \pi/5) + 4 \quad y=-4\sin(\pi/5 x + 4\pi/5) + 4$$

$$y=A\sin(Bx-C)+D \text{ and } y=A\cos(Bx-C)+D,$$

$$C=0 \quad D=0 \quad y=A\sin(Bx), |A| \leq P=2\pi|B|. \quad A > 0 \quad A < 0, y=A. \quad x=\pi/|B|. \quad A > 0 \quad A < 0 \\ x=3\pi/2|B| \quad y=-A. \quad x=\pi/2|B|. \quad f(x)=-2\sin(\pi x/2). \quad y=A\sin(Bx). \quad A=-2, \\ |A|=2$$

$$B=\pi/2,$$

$$P=2\pi \cdot \pi/2 = 2\pi \cdot \pi/2 = 4$$

$$A \quad x=0, \quad x=2 \quad x=4. \quad x=1 \quad x=3. \quad x=1, \quad x=3. \quad g(x)=-0.8\cos(2x). \quad y=0; \quad |A|=0.8; \quad P=2\pi|B|=\pi; \quad C \quad B=0 \\ y=A\sin(Bx-C)+D \text{ or } y=A\cos(Bx-C)+D. \quad |A| \leq P=2\pi|B|. \quad C \quad B. \quad f(x)=A\sin(Bx) \quad C \quad B \quad D. \\ f(x)=3\sin(\pi/4 x - \pi/4). \quad f(x)=3\sin(\pi/4 x - \pi/4). \quad |A|=3 \quad |B|=3. \quad |B|=3 \quad \pi/4 = \pi/4, \\ P=2\pi|B|=2\pi \cdot \pi/4 = 2\pi \cdot \pi/4 = 8$$

$$C=\pi/4,$$

$$C \quad B = \pi/4 \cdot \pi/4 = 1.$$

$$g(x)=-2\cos(\pi/3 x + \pi/6). \quad y=0; \quad |A|=2; \quad P=2\pi|B|=6; \quad C \quad B = -1/2 \quad y=-2\cos(\pi/2 x + \pi) + 3, \\ y=A\cos(Bx-C)+D$$

$$A=-2, \quad |A|=2. \quad |B|=\pi/2, \quad P=2\pi|B|=2\pi \cdot \pi/2 = 2\pi \cdot \pi/2 = 4. \quad C=-\pi, \quad C \quad B = -\pi, \quad \pi/2 = -\pi \cdot \pi/2 = -2. \quad -2. \\ D=3, \quad y=3, \quad A \quad y=r \sin(x), \quad y(x)=3 \sin(x). \quad 2\pi; \quad (3,0) \quad x=2\pi, 4\pi, 6\pi, \dots -3 \quad 3, \quad 3. \quad f(x)=7\cos(x)? \quad P \\ y=-3\cos(x) + 4$$

$$y \quad -1 \quad x=0) \quad -7 \quad x=\pi) \quad y \quad x. \quad y \quad x. \quad y=3\cos(x) - 4 \quad 67.5 + 2 = 69.5 \quad 67.5, \quad A=67.5 \quad 69.5, \quad D=69.5 \quad 30, \\ B=2\pi/30 = \pi/15 \quad -\cos(t)$$

$$y=-67.5\cos(\pi/15 t) + 69.5$$

$$t \quad y \quad f(x)=A\sin(Bx-C)+D \quad f(x)=A\cos(Bx-C)+D \quad 2\pi. \sin x \quad \cos x \quad P=2\pi|B|. \quad |A| \leq |A| > 1, \quad |A| < 1, \\ C \quad B \quad D \quad f(x+P)=f(x) \quad P. \quad P \quad y=\sin x \quad y=\cos x? \quad y=\sin x \quad y=\cos x. \quad A \cos(Bx+C)+D, \quad A \quad D \\ y=A \sin(Bx+C)+D? \quad f(t)=\sin t? \quad t \quad \sin t \quad x>0. \quad f(x)=2\sin x \quad f(x)=2/3 \cos x \quad 2/3; \quad 2\pi; \quad y=0; \quad y=2/3 \quad x=0; \\ y=-2/3 \quad x=\pi; \quad 2\pi f(x)=-3\sin x \quad f(x)=4\sin x \quad 2\pi; \quad y=0; \quad y=4 \quad x=\pi/2; \quad y=-4 \quad x=3\pi/2; \quad x=0 \quad x=2\pi f(x)=2\cos x \\ f(x)=\cos(2x) \quad \pi; \quad y=0; \quad y=1 \quad x=\pi; \quad y=-1 \quad x=\pi/2; \quad x=0 \quad x=\pi f(x)=2 \sin(1/2 x) \quad f(x)=4 \cos(\pi x) \quad y=0; \quad y=4 \\ x=0; \quad y=-4 \quad x=1 \quad f(x)=3 \cos(6/5 x) \quad y=3 \sin(8(x+4))+5 \quad \pi/4; \quad y=5; \quad y=8 \quad x=0.12; \quad y=2 \quad x=0.516; \quad -4; \quad x=0 \\ x=\pi/4 \quad y=2 \sin(3x-21)+4 \quad y=5 \sin(5x+20)-2 \quad 2\pi/5; \quad y=-2; \quad y=3 \quad x=0.08; \quad y=-7 \quad x=0.71; \quad -4; \quad -2; \quad x=0 \\ x=2\pi/5 \quad x=0. \quad x>0. \quad f(t)=2\sin(t-5\pi/6) \quad f(t)=-\cos(t+\pi/3)+1 \quad 2\pi; \quad y=1; \quad y=2 \quad x=2.09; \quad y=2 \quad t=2.09; \quad y=0 \\ t=5.24; \quad -\pi/3; \quad t=0 \quad t=2\pi f(t)=4\cos(2(t+\pi/4))-3f(t)=-\sin(1/2 t+5\pi/3) \quad 4\pi; \quad y=0; \quad y=1 \quad t=11.52; \quad y=-1 \\ t=5.24; \quad -10\pi/3; \quad f(x)=4\sin(\pi/2(x-3))+7 \quad y=-3; \quad f(x)=2\sin(\pi/2 x)-3 \quad y=3; \quad f(x)=-2\cos(2\pi/5 x)+3 \\ y=0; \quad f(x)=-4\cos(\pi(x-\pi/2)) \quad y=1; \quad f(x)=2\cos(\pi x)+1 \quad f(x)=\sin x. \quad [0, 2\pi), \quad f(x)=0. \quad [0, 2\pi), \quad f(x)=1/2. \\ \pi/6, \quad 5\pi/6 \quad f(\pi/2). \quad [0, 2\pi), \quad f(x)=2/2. \quad x \cdot \pi/4, \quad 3\pi/4 \quad [0, 2\pi), \quad [0, 2\pi), \quad 3\pi/2 \quad f(-x)=-f(x). \quad f(x)=\sin x \quad f(x)=\cos x. \\ [0, 2\pi), \quad f(x)=\cos x=0. \quad \pi/2, \quad 3\pi/2 \quad [0, 2\pi), \quad f(x)=1/2. \quad [0, 2\pi), \quad f(x)=\cos x \cdot \pi/2, \quad 3\pi/2 \quad [0, 2\pi), \quad [0, 2\pi), \\ f(x)=3/2 \cdot \pi/6, \quad 11\pi/6 \quad h(x)=x+\sin x \quad [0, 2\pi]. \quad h(x)=x+\sin x \quad [-100, 100]. \quad x. \quad f(x)=x \sin x \quad [0, 2\pi] \\ f(x)=\sin x. \quad f(x)=x \sin x \quad [-10, 10] \quad f(x)=\sin x \quad x \quad [-5\pi, 5\pi] \quad h(t) \quad h(t). \quad h(t). \quad y=13.5; \\ h(t)=12.5\sin(\pi/5(t-2.5))+13.5; \quad A \quad y=D, \quad D \quad f(x) \quad f(x+P)=f(x) \quad P \quad x \quad C \quad B \quad f(x)=A\sin(Bx-C)+D \\ f(x)=A\cos(Bx-C)+D$$

$$\tan x = \sin x / \cos x$$

$$\pi \quad k \quad k - \pi/2 \quad \pi/2,$$

$$\tan(-x) = \sin(-x) / \cos(-x) \quad \text{Definition of tangent.} \quad = -\sin x / \cos x$$

$$\text{Sine is an odd function, cosine is even.} \quad = -\sin x / \cos x$$

$$\text{The quotient of an odd and an even function is odd.} \quad = -\tan x \quad \text{Definition of tangent.}$$

$$x - \pi/2 - \pi/3 - \pi/4 - \pi/6 \quad 6\pi \quad 6\pi \quad 4\pi \quad 3\pi \quad 2\pi \quad \tan(x) - 3 - 3 \quad 3 \quad 3 \quad 3 \quad \pi/3 < x < \pi/2, \quad \pi/3 \approx 1.05 \quad \pi/2 \approx 1.57, \quad x \\ 1.05 < x < 1.57 \quad x \tan x \quad \pi/2, \quad y = \tan x \quad x \tan x \quad x - \pi/2, \quad x \cos x = 0. \quad \cos(\pi/2) = 0 \quad \cos(3\pi/2) = 0. \quad y = \tan x \\ x = \pi/2 \text{ and } 3\pi/2. \quad y = \tan x. \quad \pi/2 \quad \pi \quad 3\pi/2,$$

$$y = A \tan(Bx)$$

A B. A. | A |. P =  $\pi | B |$ . x,  $x \neq \pi | B | + \pi | B | k$  k  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .  $x = \pi | B | + \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = \text{Atan}(Bx)$   
 $f(x) = \text{Atan}(Bx)$ .  $(-P/2, P/2) \pm P/2$  P =  $\pi B$ .  $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$ ,  $x = -\pi/2$ ,  $x = \pi/2$ .

$$f(P/4) = \text{Atan}(B P/4) = \text{Atan}(B \pi/4 B) = A$$

$\tan(\pi/4) = 1$ .  $f(x) = \text{Atan}(Bx)$ , | A |. B P =  $\pi | B |$ .  $x = -P/2$   $x = P/2$ . A > 0, A < 0 (P/4, A), (0, 0),  
 $(-P/4, -A)$ ,  $y = 0.5 \tan(\pi/2 x)$ . A B. A = 0.5 B =  $\pi/2$ ,  $\pi \pi/2 = 2$ ,  $x = \pm 1$ .

$$f(0.5) = 0.5 \tan(0.5 \pi/2) = 0.5 \tan(\pi/4) = 0.5$$

(0.5, 0.5), (0, 0), (-0.5, -0.5).  $f(x) = 3 \tan(\pi/6 x)$ . C D

$$f(x) = \text{Atan}(Bx - C) + D$$

$\tan x$  | A |.  $\pi | B |$ .  $x \neq C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $(-\infty, -|A|] \cup [|A|, \infty)$ .  $x = C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = A \tan(Bx)$

$y = \text{Atan}(Bx - C) + D$ ,  $y = \text{Atan}(Bx - C) + D$ . | A |. B P =  $\pi | B |$ . C C B.  $y = \text{Atan}(Bx)$  C B D.

$x = C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = -2 \tan(\pi x + \pi) - 1$ .  $y = \text{Atan}(Bx - C) + D$ . A = -2, | A | = 2. B =  $\pi$ , P =  $\pi | B | = \pi \pi = 1$ .  
C = - $\pi$ , C B = - $\pi \pi = -1$ .  $x = -3/2$   $x = -1/2$  (-1.25, 1), (-1, -1), (-0.75, -3). A < 0. A = 2 -2?  $y = -1$ , P  
 $f(x) = \text{Atan}(\pi P x)$ . (x, f(x)) A. P = 8. P =  $\pi | B |$ , B =  $\pi P = \pi 8$ .  $f(x) = \text{Atan}(\pi 8 x)$ . A, (2, 2).

$$2 = \text{Atan}(\pi 8 \cdot 2) = \text{Atan}(\pi 4)$$

$\tan(\pi/4) = 1$ , A = 2.  $f(x) = 2 \tan(\pi 8 x)$ .  $g(x) = 4 \tan(2x) \sec x = 1 \cos x$ .  $\pi/2, 3\pi/2$ ,  $y = \sec x$  x

$\sec(-x) = \sec x$ .  $f(x) = \sec x = 1 \cos x$  | A | | A |.  $2\pi | B |$ .  $x \neq \pi | B | k$ , k  $(-\infty, -|A|] \cup [|A|, \infty)$ .

$x = \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = A \sec(Bx)$   $\csc x = 1 \sin x$ . 0,  $\pi$ ,  $y = \csc x$  x  $\csc(-x) = -\csc x$ .  $f(x) = \csc x = 1 \sin x$  | A |.

$2\pi | B |$ .  $x \neq \pi | B | k$ , k  $(-\infty, -|A|] \cup [|A|, \infty)$ .  $x = \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = A \csc(Bx)$

$$y = A \sec(Bx - C) + D$$

$$y = A \csc(Bx - C) + D$$

| A |.  $2\pi | B |$ .  $x \neq C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $(-\infty, -|A|] \cup [|A|, \infty)$ .  $x = C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = A \sec(Bx)$  | A |.

$2\pi | B |$ .  $x \neq C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $(-\infty, -|A|] \cup [|A|, \infty)$ .  $x = C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = A \csc(Bx)$   $y = A \sec(Bx)$ ,

$y = A \sec(Bx)$ . | A |. B P =  $2\pi | B |$ .  $y = A \cos(Bx)$ .  $y = \cos x$   $y = \sec x$   $y = A \sec(Bx)$ .  $f(x) = 2.5 \sec(0.4x)$ .

$y = A \sec(Bx)$ . A = 2.5 2.5. B = 0.4 P =  $2\pi 0.4 = 5\pi$ .  $5\pi$   $g(x) = 2.5 \cos(0.4x)$ .  $x = 1.25\pi$   $x = 3.75\pi$ . (0, 2.5)

(2.5 $\pi$ , -2.5).  $f(x) = -2.5 \sec(0.4x)$ . A  $f(x) = A \sec(Bx - C) + D$   $(-\infty, -|A| + D] \cup [|A| + D, \infty)$ .

$f(x) = A \sec(Bx - C) + D$ ,  $y = A \sec(Bx - C) + D$ . | A |. B  $2\pi | B |$ . C C B.  $y = A \sec(Bx)$ . C B D.

$x = C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = 4 \sec(\pi/3 x - \pi/2) + 1$ .  $y = 4 \sec(\pi/3 x - \pi/2) + 1$ . | A | = 4.

$$2\pi | B | = 2\pi \pi/3 = 2\pi \cdot 1 \cdot 3 \pi = 6$$

$$C/B = \pi/2 \pi/3 = \pi/2 \cdot 3 \pi = 1.5$$

$y = A \sec(Bx)$ , C B = 1.5 D = 6.  $x = 0$ ,  $x = 3$ ,  $x = 6$ . (1.5, 5) (4.5, -3).  $f(x) = -6 \sec(4x + 2) - 8$ .  $\csc x$  x  $x \neq k\pi$  k.

$y = A \csc(Bx - C) + D$  be  $x \neq C + k\pi B$ ?  $y = A \csc(Bx)$ ,  $y = A \csc(Bx)$ . | A |. B P =  $2\pi | B |$ .  $y = A \sin(Bx)$ .

$y = \sin x$   $y = \csc x$   $y = A \csc(Bx)$ .  $f(x) = -3 \csc(4x)$ .  $y = A \csc(Bx)$ . | A | = -3 | = 3, B = 4, P =  $2\pi 4 = \pi/2$ .  $\pi/2$

$g(x) = -3 \sin(4x)$ .  $x = 0$ ,  $x = \pi/4$ ,  $x = \pi/2$ . ( $\pi/8$ , -3) ( $3\pi/8$ , 3).  $f(x) = 0.5 \csc(2x)$ .  $f(x) = A \csc(Bx - C) + D$ ,

$y = A \csc(Bx - C) + D$ . | A |. B  $2\pi | B |$ . C C B.  $y = A \csc(Bx)$  D.  $x = C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = 2 \csc(\pi/2 x) + 1$ .

$y = 2 \csc(\pi/2 x) + 1$ . | A | = 2.  $2\pi | B | = 2\pi \pi/2 = 2\pi \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \pi = 4$ .  $0 \pi/2 = 0$ .  $y = A \csc(Bx)$  D = 1.  $x = 0$ ,  $x = 2$ ,  $x = 4$ .

$f(x) = 2 \sin(\pi/2 x) + 1$ ,  $f(x) = 2 \cos(\pi/2 x) + 1$   $g(x) = 2 \sec(\pi/2 x) + 1$   $\cot x = 1 \tan x$ . 0,  $\pi$ ,  $y = \cot x$  x  $\tan x = 0$ ;

$\cot x$  x  $\tan x = 0$ ,  $\cot x = 0$  x  $\tan x$  | A |. P =  $\pi | B |$ .  $x \neq \pi | B | k$ , k  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .  $x = \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = A \cot(Bx)$

$$y = A \cot(Bx - C) + D$$

| A |.  $\pi | B |$ .  $x \neq C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $(-\infty, -|A|] \cup [|A|, \infty)$ .  $x = C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $y = A \cot(Bx)$

$f(x) = A \cot(Bx)$ ,  $f(x) = A \cot(Bx)$ . | A |. P =  $\pi | B |$ .  $y = A \tan(Bx)$ .  $y = A \cot(Bx)$ .  $y = 3 \cot(4x)$ ,

$f(x) = A \cot(Bx)$   $f(x) = 3 \cot(4x)$ . | A | = 3. P =  $\pi/4$ .  $y = 3 \tan(4x)$ . ( $\pi/16$ , 3) ( $3\pi/16$ , -3).  $y = 3 \cot(4x)$ .

$x = 0$ ,  $x = \pi/4$ .  $y = 3 \tan(4x)$   $y = 3 \cot(4x)$ .  $f(x) = A \cot(Bx - C) + D$ ,  $f(x) = A \cot(Bx - C) + D$ . | A |.

P =  $\pi | B |$ . C B.  $y = A \tan(Bx)$  C B D.  $x = C/B + \pi | B | k$ , k  $f(x) = 4 \cot(\pi/8 x - \pi/2) - 2$ .

$f(x) = A \cot(Bx - C) + D$ . A = 4, B =  $\pi/8$ , P =  $\pi | B | = \pi \pi/8 = 8$ . C =  $\pi/2$ , C B =  $\pi/2 \pi/8 = 4$ .

$f(x) = 4 \tan(\pi/8 x - \pi/2) - 2$ . (6, 2), (8, -2), (10, -6).  $f(x) = 4 \cot(\pi/8 x - \pi/2) - 2$ .  $x = 4$   $x = 12$ .  $y = 5 \tan(\pi/4 t)$

$t \in [0, 5]$ .  $f(1) = A \tan(Bt)$  | A |  $\pi B$   $\pi \pi/4 = \pi \cdot 1 \cdot 4 \pi = 4$ .  $t = 2$   $f(1) = 5 \tan(\pi/4 (1)) = 5(1) = 5$ ;

$y = A \tan(Bx - C) + D$   $y = A \sec(Bx - C) + D$   $y = A \csc(Bx - C) + D$   $y = A \cot(Bx - C) + D$   $\pi$ .

$f(x) = A \tan(Bx - C) + D$   $2\pi$ .  $f(x) = A \sec(Bx - C) + D$   $f(x) = A \csc(Bx - C) + D$   $\pi 0, \pm \pi, \pm 2\pi, \dots$   $(-\infty, \infty)$ ,

$\pm \pi/2, \pm 3\pi/2, \dots$   $f(x) = \text{Acot}(Bx - C) + D$   $y = \csc x$ .  $y = \csc x$   $y = \sin x$ ,  $y = \sin x$   $y = \csc x$ .  $y = \sin x$   $y = \csc x$ .  
 $y = \cos x$   $y = \sec x$ ?  $\tan x$   $\pi$ .  $\tan(x + \pi) = \tan x$ .  $y = \csc x$ ?  $y = \csc x$   $y = \sin x$ ?  $2\pi$ .  $f(x) = \tan x$   $f(x) = \sec x$   
 $f(x) = \csc x$   $f(x) = \cot x$   $f(x) = 2\tan(4x - 32)$   $h(x) = 2\sec(\pi/4(x + 1))$   $m(x) = 6\csc(\pi/3 x + \pi)$   $\tan x = -1.5$ ,  
 $\tan(-x)$ .  $\sec x = 2$ ,  $\sec(-x)$ .  $\csc x = -5$ ,  $\csc(-x)$ .  $x \sin x = 2$ ,  $(-x) \sin(-x)$ .  $x \cot(-x) \cos(-x) + \sin(-x)$   
 $-\cot x \cos x - \sin x \cos(-x) + \tan(-x) \sin(-x)$   $f(x) = 2\tan(4x - 32) \pi/4$ ;  
 $x = 1/4(\pi/2 + \pi k) + 8$ , where  $k$  is an integer  $h(x) = 2\sec(\pi/4(x + 1))$   $m(x) = 6\csc(\pi/3 x + \pi)$   
 $x = 3k$ , where  $k$  is an integer  $j(x) = \tan(\pi/2 x)$   $p(x) = \tan(x - \pi/2)$   $\pi$ ;  $x = \pi k$ , where  $k$  is an integer  
 $f(x) = 4\tan(x)$   $f(x) = \tan(x + \pi/4)$   $\pi$ ;  $x = \pi/4 + \pi k$ , where  $k$  is an integer  $f(x) = \pi \tan(\pi x - \pi) - \pi f(x) = 2\csc(x)$   
 $2\pi$ ;  $x = \pi k$ , where  $k$  is an integer  $f(x) = -1/4 \csc(x)$   $f(x) = 4\sec(3x)$   $2\pi/3$ ;  
 $x = \pi/6 k$ , where  $k$  is an odd integer  $f(x) = -3\cot(2x)$   $f(x) = 7\sec(5x)$   $2\pi/5$ ;  
 $x = \pi/10 k$ , where  $k$  is an odd integer  $f(x) = 9/10 \csc(\pi x)$   $f(x) = 2\csc(x + \pi/4) - 1/2\pi$ ;  
 $x = -\pi/4 + \pi k$ , where  $k$  is an integer  $f(x) = -\sec(x - \pi/3) - 2f(x) = 7/5 \csc(x - \pi/4) - 7/5$ ;  $2\pi$ ;  
 $x = \pi/4 + \pi k$ , where  $k$  is an integer  $f(x) = 5(\cot(x + \pi/2) - 3) |A|$ ,  $A = 1$ ,  $\pi/3$ ;  $(h, k) = (\pi/4, 2)$   
 $y = \tan(3(x - \pi/4)) + 2$   $A = -2$ ,  $\pi/4$ ,  $(h, k) = (-\pi/4, -2)$   $f(x) = \csc(2x)$   $f(x) = \csc(4x)$   $f(x) = 2\csc x$   
 $f(x) = 1/2 \tan(100\pi x) \csc x - 1 \sin x$ .  $f(x) = | \csc(x) |$   $f(x) = | \cot(x) |$   $f(x) = 2 \csc(x)$   $f(x) = \csc(x) \sec(x)$   
 $f(x) = 1 + \sec^2(x) - \tan^2(x)$ .  $f(x) = \sec(0.001x)$   $f(x) = \cot(100\pi x)$   $f(x) = \sin 2x + \cos 2x$   
 $f(x) = 20\tan(\pi/10 x)$   $x$ ,  $f(x)$ ,  $[0, 5]$ .  $f(1)$   $f(2.5)$   $x$ ,  $x$   $d(x)$ ,  $d(x) = 1.5\sec(x)$ .  $d(x)?$   $d(x)$   $d(x)$ .  
 $d(-\pi/3)$ .  $d(\pi/6)$ .  $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$ ;  $x = -\pi/2$   $x = \pi/2$ ;  $|x| \pi/2$   $x = -\pi/3$ ,  $x = \pi/6$ ,  $x = 0$   $g(x)$ ,  $x$   $x$   
 $g(x) = 250,000 \csc(\pi/30 x)$ .  $g(x)$   $[0, 35]$ .  $g(5)$   $x$   $\pi/120 x$ .  $h(x)$ ,  $x$   $h(x)$   $(0, 60)$ .  $h(0)$   $h(30)$ .  
 $h(x)$   $x$   $h(x) = 2\tan(\pi/120 x)$ ;  $h(0) = 0$ ;  $h(30) = 2$ ;  $x$   $h(x)$   $f(x) = \sin x$ ,  $f^{-1}(x) = \sin^{-1} x$ .  $\sin^{-1} x$   
 $1 \sin x$ .  $\sin(\pi/6) = 1/2$ ,  $\pi/6 = \sin^{-1}(1/2)$ .  $\cos(\pi) = -1$ ,  $\pi = \cos^{-1}(-1)$ .  $\tan(\pi/4) = 1$ ,  
 $\pi/4 = \tan^{-1}(1)$ .  $f(a) = b$ ,  $f^{-1}(b) = a$ .  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$   $[0, \pi]$ .  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ;  $[0, \pi]$   $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$ .  
 $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$   $y = \sin^{-1} x$   $x = \sin y$ .  $\arcsin x$ .

$y = \sin^{-1} x$  has domain  $[-1, 1]$  and range  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$

$y = \cos^{-1} x$   $x = \cos y$ .  $\arccos x$ .

$y = \cos^{-1} x$  has domain  $[-1, 1]$  and range  $[0, \pi]$

$y = \tan^{-1} x$   $x = \tan y$ .  $\arctan x$ .

$y = \tan^{-1} x$  has domain  $(-\infty, \infty)$  and range  $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$

$\sin^{-1} x$   $[-1, 1]$   $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ,  $\cos^{-1} x$   $[-1, 1]$   $[0, \pi]$ ,  $\tan^{-1} x$   $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$ .  $y = x$ .  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ,

$\sin y = x$ ,  $\sin^{-1} x = y$ .  $[0, \pi]$ ,  $\cos y = x$ ,  $\cos^{-1} x = y$ .  $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$ ,  $\tan y = x$ ,  $\tan^{-1} x = y$ .

$\sin(5\pi/12) \approx 0.96593$ ,  $\sin y = x$ ,  $\sin^{-1} x = y$   $x = 0.96593$ ,  $y = 5\pi/12$ .

$\sin^{-1}(0.96593) \approx 5\pi/12$

$\cos(0.5) \approx 0.8776$ ,  $\arccos(0.8776) \approx 0.5$   $\pi/6$   $\pi/4$   $\pi/3$   $x$   $x$   $y$   $x$ ,  $\sin^{-1}(1/2)$   $\sin^{-1}(-2/2)$   $\cos^{-1}(-3/2)$

$\tan^{-1}(1)$   $\sin^{-1}(1/2)$   $1/2$ .  $x$   $\sin(x) = 1/2$ ?  $\pi/6$   $5\pi/6$ ,  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ,  $\sin^{-1}(1/2) = \pi/6$ .

$\sin^{-1}(-2/2)$ ,  $5\pi/4$   $7\pi/4$   $-2/2$ ,  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ .  $7\pi/4$ :  $\sin^{-1}(-2/2) = -\pi/4$ .  $\cos^{-1}(-3/2)$ ,

$[0, \pi]$   $-3/2$ .  $\cos^{-1}(-3/2) = 5\pi/6$ .  $\tan^{-1}(1)$ ,  $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$   $\tan^{-1}(1) = \pi/4$ .  $\sin^{-1}(-1)$

$\tan^{-1}(-1)$   $\cos^{-1}(-1)$   $\cos^{-1}(1/2) = \pi/2$ ;  $-\pi/4$ ;  $\pi$ ;  $\pi/3$   $\theta$   $\sin^{-1}(0.97)$   $\sin^{-1}(0.97) \approx 1.3252$ .

$\sin^{-1}(0.97) \approx 75.93^\circ$ .  $\cos^{-1}(-0.4)$   $h$   $a$   $\theta = \cos^{-1}(a/h)$ .  $h$   $p$   $\theta = \sin^{-1}(p/h)$ .  $\theta = \tan^{-1}(p/a)$ .  $\theta$ .

$\cos \theta = 9/12$   $\theta = \cos^{-1}(9/12)$  Apply definition of the inverse.  $\theta \approx 0.7227$  or about  $41.4096^\circ$

Evaluate.

$\theta$ .  $\sin^{-1}(0.6) = 36.87^\circ = 0.6435$   $f(x)$   $g(x)$   $\{\sin(x), \cos(x), \tan(x)\}$   $f^{-1}(y)$   $g^{-1}(y)$   $f(f^{-1}(y)) = y$   $y$   $f$   
 $f^{-1}$ .  $f^{-1}(f(x))$ .

$\sin(\sin^{-1} x) = x$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$   $\cos(\cos^{-1} x) = x$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$   $\tan(\tan^{-1} x) = x$  for  $-\infty < x < \infty$

$\sin^{-1}(\sin x) = x$  only for  $-\pi/2 \leq x \leq \pi/2$   $\cos^{-1}(\cos x) = x$  only for  $0 \leq x \leq \pi$   $\tan^{-1}(\tan x) = x$  only for  $-\pi/2 < x < \pi/2$

$\sin^{-1}(\sin x) = x$ ?  $x$   $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ,  $x$   $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ .  $\sin^{-1}(\sin(3\pi/4)) = \pi/4$ .

$f(\theta) = \sin \theta$ ,  $\cos \theta$ , or  $\tan \theta$ ,  $\theta$   $f$ , then  $f^{-1}(f(\theta)) = \theta$ .  $\varphi$   $f$   $f(\varphi) = f(\theta)$ .  $f^{-1}(f(\theta)) = \varphi$ .  $\sin^{-1}(\sin(\pi/3))$

$\sin^{-1}(\sin(2\pi/3))$   $\cos^{-1}(\cos(2\pi/3))$   $\cos^{-1}(\cos(-\pi/3))$   $\pi/3$  is in  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ,

$\sin^{-1}(\sin(\pi/3)) = \pi/3$  is not in  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ,  $\sin(2\pi/3) = \sin(\pi/3)$ ,  $\sin^{-1}(\sin(2\pi/3)) = \pi/3$ .  
 $2\pi/3$  is in  $[0, \pi]$ ,  $\cos^{-1}(\cos(2\pi/3)) = 2\pi/3$ .  $\pi/3$  is not in  $[0, \pi]$ ,  $\cos(-\pi/3) = \cos(\pi/3)$   
 $\pi/3$  is in  $[0, \pi]$ ,  $\cos^{-1}(\cos(-\pi/3)) = \pi/3$ .  $\tan^{-1}(\tan(\pi/8))$  and  $\tan^{-1}(\tan(11\pi/9)) = \pi/8$ ;  $2\pi/9$   
 $f^{-1}(g(x))$ .  $x, \theta$ ,  $\pi/2 - \theta$ .  $\cos \theta = b/c = \sin(\pi/2 - \theta)$ ,  $\sin^{-1}(\cos \theta) = \pi/2 - \theta$   $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$ .  $\theta \in \pi/2$ .  
 $\sin \theta = a/c = \cos(\pi/2 - \theta)$ ,  $\cos^{-1}(\sin \theta) = \pi/2 - \theta$   $-\pi/2 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$ .  $\sin^{-1}(\cos x) = \cos^{-1}(\sin x)$ ,  
 $x$  is in  $[0, \pi]$ ,  $\sin^{-1}(\cos x) = \pi/2 - x$ .  $x$  is not in  $[0, \pi]$ ,  $y$  in  $[0, \pi]$   $\cos y = \cos x$ .

$$\sin^{-1}(\cos x) = \pi/2 - y$$

$x$  is in  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ,  $\cos^{-1}(\sin x) = \pi/2 - x$ .  $x$  is not in  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ,  $y$  in  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$   $\sin y = \sin x$ .

$$\cos^{-1}(\sin x) = \pi/2 - y$$

$$\sin^{-1}(\cos(13\pi/6))$$

$$\cos(13\pi/6) = \cos(\pi/6 + 2\pi) = \cos(\pi/6) = 3/2$$

$$\sin^{-1}(3/2) = \pi/3$$

$$x = 13\pi/6, y = \pi/6,$$

$$\sin^{-1}(\cos(13\pi/6)) = \pi/2 - \pi/6 = \pi/3$$

$\cos^{-1}(\sin(-11\pi/4)) = 3\pi/4$   $f(g^{-1}(x))$ ,  $f(g(x)) = g^{-1}$ ,  $\sin(\cos^{-1}x) = 1 - x^2$ .  $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$ ,  
 $\sin(\cos^{-1}(4/5)) = \theta = \cos^{-1}(4/5)$ ,  $\cos \theta = 4/5$ ,  $\sin \theta$ .

$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$  Use our known value for cosine.  $\sin^2 \theta + (4/5)^2 = 1$  Solve for sine.  $\sin$

$$2\theta = 1 - 16/25 \quad \sin \theta = \pm 9/25 = \pm 3/5$$

$\theta = \cos^{-1}(4/5)$   $\sin \theta = 3/5$ .  $\cos \theta = 4/5$ ,  $\sin \theta = 3/5$   $[0, \pi]$ ,  $\sin(\cos^{-1}(4/5)) = \sin \theta = 3/5$ .

$\cos(\tan^{-1}(5/12)) = 12/13$   $\sin(\tan^{-1}(7/4)) = \tan \theta = 7/4$ .

$$4^2 + 7^2 = \text{hypotenuse}^2 \quad \text{hypotenuse} = 65$$

$$\sin \theta = 7/65$$

$$\sin(\tan^{-1}(7/4)) = \sin \theta = 7/65 \quad = 7/65 \quad 65$$

$\cos(\sin^{-1}(7/9)) = 4/9$   $\cos(\sin^{-1}(x/3)) = -3 \leq x \leq 3$ .  $\theta = \sin^{-1}(x/3)$ .  $\sin \theta = x/3$ .

$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$  Use the Pythagorean Theorem.  $(x/3)^2 + \cos^2 \theta = 1$  Solve for cosine.  $\cos^2$

$$\theta = 1 - x^2/9 \quad \cos \theta = \pm \sqrt{9 - x^2/9} = \pm \sqrt{9 - x^2/9}$$

$[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ,

$$\cos(\sin^{-1}(x/3)) = \sqrt{9 - x^2/9}$$

$\sin(\tan^{-1}(4x)) = 1/4 \leq x \leq 1/4$ .  $4x/16 = x/4 + 1$   $f(x)$ ,  $x = f^{-1}(y)$ ,  $f(x) = y$ .  $f(x) = y$   $x = f^{-1}(y)$   $x = f$ .

$\pi/4 = \tan^{-1}(1)$  and  $\pi/6 = \sin^{-1}(1/2)$ .  $\sin(\cos^{-1}(x)) = 1 - x^2$ .  $\sin^{-1}(\cos x) = \pi/2 - x$   $0 \leq x \leq \pi$

$\cos^{-1}(\sin x) = \pi/2 - x$   $-\pi/2 \leq x \leq \pi/2$ .  $f(x) = \sin^{-1}x$   $g(x) = \cos^{-1}x$   $y = \sin x$   $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$ ;  $y = \sin x$ ,

$f(x) = \sin^{-1}x$ .  $y = \cos x$   $[0, \pi]$ ;  $y = \cos x$ ,  $f(x) = \cos^{-1}x$ .  $y = \cos x$   $y = \cos^{-1}x$   $\cos^{-1}(\cos(-\pi/6))$

$-\pi/6$ ?  $\pi/6 = \arcsin(0.5)$ .  $\pi/6 - \pi/2 = \pi/2$   $\sec^{-1}(2)$ .  $\sin x$ ,  $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$   $[-\pi/2, \pi/2]$

$\arccos(\cos x) = x$   $x \cdot \arccos(-x) = \pi - \arccos x$ .  $\theta = 1$   $\arccos(-x)$   $x > 0$   $\theta = 2$   $\theta = 2$   $\arccos x > 0$   $\theta = 2$   $\theta = 1$

$\theta = 2 = \pi - \theta = 1$   $\arccos(-x) = \pi - \arccos x$   $\sin^{-1}(2/2) = \sin^{-1}(1) = \pi/6$   $\cos^{-1}(1/2) = \cos^{-1}(1/2) = 3\pi/4$

$\tan^{-1}(1) \tan^{-1}(-3) = \pi/3$   $\tan^{-1}(-1) \tan^{-1}(3) = \pi/3$   $\tan^{-1}(-1/3) \cos^{-1}(-0.4) = \arcsin(0.23)$

$\arccos(3/5) \cos^{-1}(0.8) \tan^{-1}(6) \theta = \sin^{-1}(\cos(\pi)) \tan^{-1}(\sin(\pi)) \cos^{-1}(\sin(\pi/3))$

$\tan^{-1}(\sin(\pi/3)) \sin^{-1}(\cos(-\pi/2)) \tan^{-1}(\sin(4\pi/3)) \sin^{-1}(\sin(5\pi/6)) \tan^{-1}(\sin(-5\pi/2))$

$-\pi/4 \cos(\sin^{-1}(4/5)) \sin(\cos^{-1}(3/5)) \sin(\tan^{-1}(4/3)) \cos(\tan^{-1}(12/5)) = 5/13$

$\cos(\sin^{-1}(1/2)) \times \tan(\sin^{-1}(x-1)) \times (x-1 - x^2 + 2x) \sin(\cos^{-1}(1-x)) \cos(\sin^{-1}(1/x)) \times (x^2 - 1) \times$

$\cos(\tan^{-1}(3x-1)) \tan(\sin^{-1}(x+1/2)) \times (x+0.5 - x^2 - x + 3/4)$

$\sin^{-1}(1/2) - \cos^{-1}(2/2) + \sin^{-1}(3/2) - \cos^{-1}(1) \cos^{-1}(3/2) - \sin^{-1}(2/2) + \cos^{-1}(1/2) - \sin^{-1}(0)$

$\sin t = x \cdot x + 1 \cdot \cos t \cdot x + 1 \cdot \sec t \cot t \cdot x + 1 \cdot x \cos(\sin^{-1}(x \cdot x + 1)) \tan^{-1}(x \cdot 2x + 1) t$   $y = \sin^{-1}x$

$y = \arccos x$   $[-1, 1]$ ;  $[0, \pi]$   $y = \tan^{-1}x$   $x \sin x = \sin^{-1}x$ ?  $x = 0.00$   $x \cos x = \cos^{-1}x$ ?  $\arctan(10,000)$ .

$y = 3/5$   $x = -3/7$   $f(x) = -3\cos x + 3/2\pi$ ;  $y = 3$ ;  $f(x) = 1/4 \sin x$   $f(x) = 3\cos(x + \pi/6) = 2\pi$ ;  $y = 0$ ;

$f(x) = -2\sin(x - 2\pi/3)$   $f(x) = 3\sin(x - \pi/4) - 4/2\pi$ ;  $y = -4$ ;  $f(x) = 2(\cos(x - 4\pi/3) + 1)$

$f(x) = 6\sin(3x - \pi/6) - 1/2\pi/3$ ;  $y = -1$ ;  $f(x) = -100\sin(50x - 20)$   $f(x) = \tan x - 4\pi$ ;  $y = -4$ ;  $x = \pi/2 + \pi k$ ,  $k$

$f(x) = 2\tan(x - \pi/6)$   $f(x) = -3\tan(4x) - 2/\pi/4$ ;  $y = -2$ ;  $x = \pi/8 + \pi/4 k$ ,  $k$   $f(x) = 0.2\cos(0.1x) + 0.3$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(x) &= 13 \sec x 2\pi; x = \pi 2 k, k f(x) = 3 \cot x f(x) = 4 \csc(5x) 2\pi 5; x = \pi 5 k, k f(x) = 8 \sec(14x) \\
 f(x) &= 23 \csc(12x) 4\pi; x = 2\pi k, k f(x) = -\csc(2x + \pi) y = 12,000 + 8,000 \sin(0.628x), [0, 40] \sin^{-1}(1) \\
 \cos^{-1}(32)\pi 6 \tan^{-1}(-1) \cos^{-1}(12)\pi 4 \sin^{-1}(-32) \sin^{-1}(\cos(\pi 6))\pi 3 \cos^{-1}(\tan(3\pi 4)) \\
 \sin(\sec^{-1}(35)) \cot(\sin^{-1}(35)) \tan(\cos^{-1}(513)) 12.5 \sin(\cos^{-1}(xx+1)) f(x) &= \cos x \\
 f(x) &= \sec x [0, 2\pi] y = x. y f(x) = \sin x f(x) = \csc x f(x) = x 1 - x 3 3! + x 5 5! - x 7 7! [-1, 1] \\
 f(x) &= \sin x f(x) = 0.5 \sin x 2\pi; y = 0 f(x) = 5 \cos x f(x) = 5 \sin x 2\pi; y = 0 f(x) = \sin(3x) \\
 f(x) &= -\cos(x + \pi 3) + 1 2\pi; y = 1 f(x) = 5 \sin(3(x - \pi 6)) + 4 f(x) = 3 \cos(13x - 5\pi 6) 6\pi; y = 0 \\
 f(x) &= \tan(4x) f(x) = -2 \tan(x - 7\pi 6) + 2 \pi; y = 0, x = 2\pi 3 + \pi k, k f(x) = \pi \cos(3x + \pi) f(x) = 5 \csc(3x) \\
 2\pi 3; y = 0, x &= \pi 3 k, k f(x) = \pi \sec(\pi 2 x) f(x) = 2 \csc(x + \pi 4) - 3 2\pi; y = -3 y = 0; f(x) = 2 \sin(\pi(x-1)) \\
 y &= \sin(\pi 6 x + \pi) - 3 - 6; y = -3 y = 8 \sin(7\pi 6 x + 7\pi 2) + 6 t D, t.D(t) = 68 - 12 \sin(\pi 12 x) \\
 g(x) &= 3 \tan(6x + 42) \pi 6; -7n(x) = 4 \csc(5\pi 3 x - 20\pi 3) f(x) = \sec(\pi x); \tan x = 3, \tan(-x). \sec x = 4, \\
 \sec(-x). 4 m(x) &= \sin(2x) + \cos(3x) [-10, 10] [-3, 3]. n(x) = 0.02 \sin(50\pi x) x: [0, 1] [0, 3]. 1 25. \\
 f(x) &= \sin x x [-0.5, 0.5] f(x) = 3.5 \cos(6x). f(x)? 3.5 f(x)? [0, 2\pi]? \\
 (0.5, 1), (1.6, 2.1), (2.6, 3.1), (3.7, 4.2), (4.7, 5.2), (5.6, 6.28) \pi 3, (h, k) &= (\pi 4, 2) \pi 6, \\
 (h, k) &= (-\pi 4, 3) f(x) = 2 \cos(12(x + \pi 4)) + 3 f(x) = 5 \cos(3x) + 4 \sin(2x) f(x) = e \sin t 2\pi. \sin^{-1}(32) \\
 \tan^{-1}(3) \pi 3 \cos^{-1}(-32) \cos^{-1}(\sin(\pi)) \pi 2 \cos^{-1}(\tan(7\pi 4)) \cos(\sin^{-1}(1-2x)) 1 - (1-2x) 2 \\
 \cos^{-1}(-0.4) \cos(\tan^{-1}(x 2)) 1 1 + x 4 \sin t = x x + 1. \tan t \csc t x + 1 x \theta \arcsin(\sin(5\pi 6)) &= 5\pi 6 \\
 \arccos(\cos(5\pi 6)) &= 5\pi 6 \arccos x = \cos^{-1} x \arcsin x = \sin^{-1} x \arctan x = \tan^{-1} x \cos^{-1} x, \sin^{-1} x, \\
 \tan^{-1} x, \sin 2 \theta + \cos 2 \theta &= 1 1 + \cot 2 \theta = \csc 2 \theta 1 + \tan 2 \theta = \sec 2 \theta \\
 1 + \cot 2 \theta &= \csc 2 \theta \\
 1 + \cot 2 \theta &= (1 + \cos 2 \theta \sin 2 \theta) \text{ Rewrite the left side.} = (\sin 2 \theta \sin 2 \theta) + (\cos 2 \theta \sin 2 \theta) \\
 \text{Write both terms with the common denominator.} &= \sin 2 \theta + \cos 2 \theta \sin 2 \theta = 1 \sin 2 \\
 \theta &= \csc 2 \theta \\
 1 + \tan 2 \theta &= \sec 2 \theta \\
 1 + \tan 2 \theta &= 1 + (\sin \theta \cos \theta) 2 \text{ Rewrite left side.} = (\cos \theta \cos \theta) 2 + (\sin \theta \cos \theta) 2 \\
 \text{Write both terms with the common denominator.} &= \cos 2 \theta + \sin 2 \theta \cos 2 \theta = 1 \\
 \cos 2 \theta &= \sec 2 \theta \\
 \tan(-\theta) &= -\tan \theta \cot(-\theta) = -\cot \theta \sin(-\theta) = -\sin \theta \csc(-\theta) = -\csc \theta \cos(-\theta) = \cos \theta \sec(-\theta) = \sec \theta \\
 f(-x) &= -f(x) x f. \sin(-\theta) = -\sin \theta. \pi 2 - \pi 2. \sin(\pi 2) \sin(-\pi 2). \\
 \sin(\pi 2) &= 1 \text{ and } \sin(-\pi 2) = -\sin(\pi 2) = -1 \\
 y &= \sin \theta \\
 f(-x) &= f(x) \text{ for all } x \text{ in the domain of } f \\
 \cos(-\theta) &= \cos \theta. \pi 4 - \pi 4. \cos(\pi 4) \cos(-\pi 4). \\
 \cos(-\pi 4) &= \cos(\pi 4) \approx 0.707 \\
 y &= \cos \theta \theta \sin(-\theta) = -\sin \theta, \cos(-\theta) = \cos \theta, \tan(-\theta) = -\tan \theta. \\
 \tan(-\theta) &= \sin(-\theta) \cos(-\theta) = -\sin \theta \cos \theta = -\tan \theta. \tan(-\theta) = -\tan(\theta) \theta \cot(-\theta) = -\cot \theta, \\
 \cot(-\theta) &= \cos(-\theta) \sin(-\theta) = \cos \theta -\sin \theta = -\cot \theta. \cot(-\theta) = -\cot(\theta) \theta \\
 \csc(-\theta) &= 1 \sin(-\theta) = 1 -\sin \theta = -\csc \theta. \sec(-\theta) = 1 \cos(-\theta) = 1 \cos \theta = \sec \theta. \sin \theta = 1 \csc \theta \\
 \csc \theta &= 1 \sin \theta \cos \theta = 1 \sec \theta \sec \theta = 1 \cos \theta \tan \theta = 1 \cot \theta \cot \theta = 1 \tan \theta \tan \theta = \sin \theta \cos \theta \cot \theta = \cos \theta \sin \theta \\
 \cos 2 \theta + \sin 2 \theta &= 1 \\
 1 + \cot 2 \theta &= \csc 2 \theta \\
 1 + \tan 2 \theta &= \sec 2 \theta \\
 \tan(-\theta) &= -\tan \theta \\
 \cot(-\theta) &= -\cot \theta \\
 \sin(-\theta) &= -\sin \theta \\
 \csc(-\theta) &= -\csc \theta \\
 \cos(-\theta) &= \cos \theta \\
 \sec(-\theta) &= \sec \theta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\csc \theta}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sec \theta}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\cot \theta}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta} \cdot y = \cot \theta \quad y = \frac{1}{\tan \theta} \cdot \tan \theta \cos \theta = \sin \theta.$$

$$\tan \theta \cos \theta = \left( \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \right) \cos \theta = \sin \theta$$

$$\tan \theta \sin \theta \cos \theta \cdot \csc \theta \cos \theta \tan \theta = 1.$$

$$\csc \theta \cos \theta \tan \theta = \left( \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \right) \cos \theta \left( \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \right) = \cos \theta \sin \theta \left( \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \right) = \sin \theta$$

$$\cos \theta \sin \theta \cos \theta = 1$$

$$(1 + \sin x)[1 + \sin(-x)] = (1 + \sin x)(1 - \sin x) \quad \text{Since } \sin(-x) = -\sin x \quad = 1 - \sin^2 x$$

Difference of squares

$$= \cos^2 x \quad \cos^2 x = 1 - \sin^2 x$$

$$\sec^2 \theta - 1 \sec^2 \theta = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\sec^2 \theta - 1 \sec^2 \theta = (\tan^2 \theta + 1) - 1 \sec^2 \theta \sec^2 \theta = \tan^2 \theta + 1 = \tan^2 \theta \sec^2 \theta = \tan^2 \theta$$

$$\frac{2 \theta}{(1 \sec^2 \theta)} = \tan^2 \theta (\cos^2 \theta) \cos^2 \theta = 1 \sec^2 \theta = (\sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta) (\cos^2 \theta) \tan^2 \theta$$

$$2 \theta = \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta = (\sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta) (\cos^2 \theta) = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\sec^2 \theta - 1 \sec^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta \sec^2 \theta - 1 \sec^2 \theta = 1 - \cos^2 \theta = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\sec^2 \theta = \tan^2 \theta + 1 \quad \cot \theta \csc \theta = \cos \theta$$

$$\cot \theta \csc \theta = \cos \theta \sin \theta \cdot \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \cos \theta \sin \theta \cdot \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \cos \theta$$

$$2 \tan \theta \sec \theta$$

$$2 \tan \theta \sec \theta = 2 \left( \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \right) \left( \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \right) = 2 \sin \theta \cos^2 \theta = 2 \sin \theta (1 - \sin^2 \theta)$$

$$\text{Substitute } 1 - \sin^2 \theta \text{ for } \cos^2 \theta$$

$$2 \tan \theta \sec \theta = 2 \sin \theta (1 - \sin^2 \theta)$$

$$\sin^2(-\theta) - \cos^2(-\theta) \sin(-\theta) - \cos(-\theta) = \cos \theta - \sin \theta$$

$$\sin^2(-\theta) - \cos^2(-\theta) \sin(-\theta) - \cos(-\theta) = [\sin^2(-\theta)]^2 - [\cos^2(-\theta)]^2 \sin(-\theta) - \cos(-\theta)$$

$$= (-\sin \theta)^2 - (\cos \theta)^2 - \sin \theta - \cos \theta \sin(-x) = -\sin x \text{ and } \cos(-x) = \cos x$$

$$= (\sin \theta)^2 - (\cos \theta)^2 - \sin \theta - \cos \theta \quad \text{Difference of squares}$$

$$= (\sin \theta - \cos \theta)(\sin \theta + \cos \theta) - (\sin \theta + \cos \theta) = (\sin \theta - \cos \theta)(\sin \theta + \cos \theta) - (\sin \theta + \cos \theta) = \cos \theta - \sin \theta$$

$$\sin^2 \theta - 1 \tan \theta \sin \theta - \tan \theta = \sin \theta + 1 \tan \theta.$$

$$\sin^2 \theta - 1 \tan \theta \sin \theta - \tan \theta = (\sin \theta + 1)(\sin \theta - 1) \tan \theta (\sin \theta - 1) = \sin \theta + 1 \tan \theta$$

$$(1 - \cos^2 x)(1 + \cot^2 x) = 1.$$

$$(1 - \cos^2 x)(1 + \cot^2 x) = (1 - \cos^2 x)(1 + \cos^2 x \sin^2 x) = (1 - \cos^2 x)(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x \sin^2 x) \quad \text{Find the common denominator.}$$

$$\cos^2 x \sin^2 x = (\sin^2 x)(1 \sin^2 x) = 1$$

$$(\sin x + 1)(\sin x - 1) = 0 \quad (x + 1)(x - 1) = 0, \quad a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b), \quad 2 \cos^2 \theta + \cos \theta - 1. \quad a x^2 + b x + c.$$

$$\cos \theta = x,$$

$$2 x^2 + x - 1$$

$$(2x + 1)(x - 1). \quad x \cdot x \cos \theta \cdot 4 \cos^2 \theta - 1.$$

$$4 \cos^2 \theta - 1 = (2 \cos \theta)^2 - 1 = (2 \cos \theta - 1)(2 \cos \theta + 1)$$

$$\cos \theta = x, \quad 4 x^2 - 1, \quad (2x - 1)(2x + 1). \quad x \cos \theta \quad 25 - 9 \sin^2 \theta. \quad 25 - 9 \sin^2 \theta = (5 - 3 \sin \theta)(5 + 3 \sin \theta).$$

$$\csc^2 \theta - \cot^2 \theta$$

$$1 + \cot^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta$$

$$1 + \cot^2 \theta \csc^2 \theta.$$

$$\csc^2 \theta - \cot^2 \theta = 1 + \cot^2 \theta - \cot^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\cos \theta + \sin \theta = 1 - \sin \theta \cos \theta \cdot 1 - \sin \theta$$

$$\cos \theta + \sin \theta (1 - \sin \theta) = \cos \theta (1 - \sin \theta) + 1 - \sin^2 \theta = \cos \theta (1 - \sin \theta) + \cos^2 \theta = 1 - \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1 \quad 1 + \cot^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta \quad 1 + \tan^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta$$

$$\tan(-\theta) = -\tan \theta \quad \cot(-\theta) = -\cot \theta \quad \sin(-\theta) = -\sin \theta \quad \csc(-\theta) = -\csc \theta \quad \cos(-\theta) = \cos \theta \quad \sec(-\theta) = \sec \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\csc \theta} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sec \theta} \quad \tan \theta = \frac{1}{\cot \theta} \quad \csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \quad \sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \quad \cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$$

$$\tan \theta = \sin \theta \cos \theta \quad \cot \theta = \cos \theta \sin \theta$$

$$g(x) = \cos x \quad f(x) = \sin x \quad h(x) = \tan x \quad G(x) = \cos^2 x, F(x) = \sin^2 x, H(x) = \tan^2 x? \quad F, G, H,$$

$$F(-x) = \sin(-x) \sin(-x) = (-\sin x)(-\sin x) = \sin^2 x = F(x), G(-x) = \cos(-x) \cos(-x) = \cos^2 x = G(x)$$

$$H(-x) = \tan(-x) \tan(-x) = (-\tan x)(-\tan x) = \tan^2 x = H(x). \quad f(x) = \sec x \quad [-\pi, \pi]. \quad f(x) = \sec x? \quad \sec t,$$

$$\cos t = 0, \sec t = \frac{1}{0} \quad \sin^2 t + \cos^2 t = 1 \quad \sin x \cos x \sec x \sin x \sin(-x) \cos(-x) \csc(-x) \tan x \sin x + \sec x \cos^2 x$$

$$\sec x \csc x + \cos x \cot(-x) \cot t + \tan t \sec(-t) \csc t \quad \sin^3 t \csc t + \cos^2 t + 2 \cos(-t) \cos t - \tan(-x) \cot(-x) - 1$$

$$-\sin(-x) \cos x \sec x \csc x \tan x \cot x + 1 + \tan^2 \theta \csc^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta + 1 \sec^2 \theta \sec^2 x$$

$$(\tan x \csc^2 x + \tan x \sec^2 x)(1 + \tan x + \cot x) - 1 \cos^2 x + 1 - \cos^2 x \tan^2 x + 2 \sin^2 x \sin^2 x + 1$$

$$\tan x + \cot x \csc x; \cos x \sec x + \csc x + 1 + \tan x; \sin x + 1 \sin x \cos x + 1 + \sin x + \tan x; \cos x$$

$$1 \sin x \cos x - \cot x; \cot x + 1 \cot x + 1 - \cos x - \cos x + 1 + \cos x; \csc x$$

$$(\sec x + \csc x)(\sin x + \cos x) - 2 - \cot x; \tan x \tan x + 1 \csc x - \sin x; \sec x \text{ and } \tan x$$

$$1 - \sin x + 1 + \sin x - 1 + \sin x - 1 - \sin x; \sec x \text{ and } \tan x - 4 \sec x \tan x \tan x; \sec x \sec x; \cot x \pm 1 \cot^2 x + 1$$

$$\sec x; \sin x \cot x; \sin x \pm 1 - \sin^2 x \sin x \cot x; \csc x \cos x - \cos^3 x = \cos x \sin^2 x$$

$$\cos x - \cos^3 x = \cos x (1 - \cos^2 x) = \cos x \sin^2 x \cos x (\tan x - \sec(-x)) = \sin x - 1$$

$$1 + \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 1 \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 1 + 2 \tan^2 x$$

$$1 + \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 1 \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = \sec^2 x + \tan^2 x = \tan^2 x + 1 + \tan^2 x = 1 + 2 \tan^2 x$$

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^2 = 1 + 2 \sin x \cos x \cos^2 x - \tan^2 x = 2 - \sin^2 x - \sec^2 x$$

$$\cos^2 x - \tan^2 x = 1 - \sin^2 x - (\sec^2 x - 1) = 1 - \sin^2 x - \sec^2 x + 1 = 2 - \sin^2 x - \sec^2 x$$

$$1 + \cos x - 1 - \cos(-x) = -2 \cot x \csc x \csc^2 x (1 + \sin^2 x) = \cot^2 x$$

$$(\sec^2(-x) - \tan^2 x \tan x)(2 + 2 \tan x + 2 \cot x) - 2 \sin^2 x = \cos^2 x \tan x \sec x \sin(-x) = \cos^2 x$$

$$\sec(-x) \tan x + \cot x = -\sin(-x) + 1 + \sin x \cos x = \cos x + 1 + \sin(-x) \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta + 1 - \tan^2 \theta = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$3 \sin^2 \theta + 4 \cos^2 \theta = 3 + \cos^2 \theta$$

$$3 \sin^2 \theta + 4 \cos^2 \theta = 3 \sin^2 \theta + 3 \cos^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 3(\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta) + \cos^2 \theta = 3 + \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\sec \theta + \tan \theta \cot \theta + \cos \theta = \sec^2 \theta \quad f(-x) = -f(x), f(-x) = f(x), \cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta \quad P(\alpha) = (\cos \alpha, \sin \alpha) \quad Q(\beta) = (\cos \beta, \sin \beta). \quad POQ = \alpha - \beta. \quad A(\alpha - \beta)$$

$$(\cos(\alpha - \beta), \sin(\alpha - \beta)); \quad B(1, 0). \quad POQ \text{ AOB } P Q A B. \quad P Q$$

$$d(PQ) = (\cos \alpha - \cos \beta)^2 + (\sin \alpha - \sin \beta)^2 = \cos^2 \alpha - 2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \alpha - 2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta + \sin^2 \beta$$

$$= (\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha) + (\cos^2 \beta + \sin^2 \beta) - 2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta - 2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta = 1 + 1 - 2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta - 2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta = 2 - 2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta - 2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

A B.

$$d(AB) = (\cos(\alpha - \beta) - 1)^2 + (\sin(\alpha - \beta) - 0)^2 = \cos^2(\alpha - \beta) - 2 \cos(\alpha - \beta) + 1 + \sin^2(\alpha - \beta)$$

$$= (\cos^2(\alpha - \beta) + \sin^2(\alpha - \beta)) - 2 \cos(\alpha - \beta) + 1 = 1 - 2 \cos(\alpha - \beta) + 1 = 2 - 2 \cos(\alpha - \beta)$$

$$2 - 2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta - 2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta = 2 - 2 \cos(\alpha - \beta) \quad 2 - 2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta - 2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta = 2 - 2 \cos(\alpha - \beta)$$

2 - 2.

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta = \cos(\alpha - \beta)$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos(5\pi/4 - \pi/6).$$

$$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta \quad \cos(5\pi/4 - \pi/6) = \cos(5\pi/4) \cos(\pi/6) + \sin(5\pi/4) \sin(\pi/6)$$

$$= (-2/2)(3/2) - (2/2)(1/2)$$

$$= -6/4 - 2/4$$

$$= -6/4 - 2/4$$



$$\begin{aligned}\cos(\pi/3 - \pi/4) \cdot 2 + 6/4 \cos(75^\circ) \cdot 75^\circ &= 45^\circ + 30^\circ, \cos(75^\circ) \cos(45^\circ + 30^\circ) \\ \cos(45^\circ + 30^\circ) &= \cos(45^\circ) \cos(30^\circ) - \sin(45^\circ) \sin(30^\circ) = 2/2 (3/2) - 2/2 (1/2) \\ &= 6/4 - 2/4 = 6 - 2/4\end{aligned}$$

$$\cos(105^\circ) \cdot 2 - 6/4$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(\alpha + \beta) &= \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \\ \sin(\alpha - \beta) &= \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta\end{aligned}$$

$$\sin(45^\circ - 30^\circ) \sin(135^\circ - 120^\circ)$$

$$\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta \quad \sin(45^\circ - 30^\circ) = \sin(45^\circ) \cos(30^\circ) - \cos(45^\circ) \sin(30^\circ)$$

$$\sin(45^\circ) = 2/2, \cos(30^\circ) = 3/2, \cos(45^\circ) = 2/2, \sin(30^\circ) = 1/2$$

$$\sin(45^\circ - 30^\circ) = 2/2 (3/2) - 2/2 (1/2) = 6 - 2/4$$

$$\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta \quad \sin(135^\circ - 120^\circ) = \sin(135^\circ) \cos(120^\circ) - \cos(135^\circ) \sin(120^\circ)$$

$$\sin(135^\circ) = 2/2, \cos(120^\circ) = -1/2, \cos(135^\circ) = 2/2, \sin(120^\circ) = 3/2$$

$$\sin(135^\circ - 120^\circ) = 2/2 (-1/2) - (-2/2)(3/2) = -2 + 6/4 = 6 - 2/4$$

$$\sin(135^\circ - 120^\circ) = 2/2 (-1/2) - (-2/2)(3/2) = -2 + 6/4 = 6 - 2/4$$

$$\sin(\cos - 1/2 + \sin - 1/3 \cdot 5)$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) \cdot \alpha = \cos - 1/2 \quad \beta = \sin - 1/3 \cdot 5$$

$$\cos \alpha = 1/2, 0 \leq \alpha \leq \pi \quad \sin \beta = 3/5, -\pi/2 \leq \beta \leq \pi/2$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$\sin \alpha = 1 - \cos 2\alpha = 1 - 1/4 = 3/4 = 3/2 \cos \beta = 1 - \sin 2\beta = 1 - 9/25 = 16/25 = 4/5$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(\cos - 1/2 + \sin - 1/3 \cdot 5) &= \sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \\ &= 3/2 \cdot 4/5 + 1/2 \cdot 3/5 = 4/3 + 3/10\end{aligned}$$

$$\tan x = \sin x / \cos x, \cos x \neq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tan(\alpha + \beta) &= \frac{\sin(\alpha + \beta)}{\cos(\alpha + \beta)} = \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta} \\ &= \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta} \cdot \frac{\cos \alpha \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta} = \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Divide the numerator and denominator by } \cos \alpha \cos \beta &= \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta} = \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \sin \beta \cos \beta}{1 - \frac{\sin \alpha \sin \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta}{\cos \alpha \cos \beta}} \\ &= \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \sin \beta \cos \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta}\end{aligned}$$

$$\tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$

$$\tan(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$

$$\tan(\pi/6 + \pi/4)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tan(\alpha + \beta) &= \tan \alpha + \tan \beta / 1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta \quad \tan(\pi/6 + \pi/4) = \tan(\pi/6) + \tan(\pi/4) / 1 - (\tan(\pi/6))(\tan(\pi/4)) \\ \tan(\pi/6) &= 1/3, \tan(\pi/4) = 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tan(\pi/6 + \pi/4) &= 1/3 + 1 / 1 - (1/3)(1) = 1 + 3/3 / 3 - 1/3 = 1 + 3/3 (3/3 - 1) \\ &= 3 + 1/3 - 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\tan(2\pi/3 + \pi/4) \cdot 1 - 3/1 + 3 \sin \alpha = 3/5, 0 < \alpha < \pi/2, \cos \beta = -5/13, \pi < \beta < 3\pi/2, \sin(\alpha + \beta) \cos(\alpha + \beta)$$

$$\tan(\alpha + \beta) \tan(\alpha - \beta) \sin(\alpha + \beta), \sin \alpha = 3/5, 0 < \alpha < \pi/2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \alpha:$$

$$a^2 + 3/2 = 5/2 \quad a^2 = 16 \quad a = 4$$

$$\cos \beta = -5/13, \pi < \beta < 3\pi/2, \beta = -5, \beta$$

$$(-5)^2 + a^2 = 13^2 \quad 25 + a^2 = 169 \quad a^2 = 144 \quad a = \pm 12$$

$$\beta = -12, \alpha = \beta, \alpha \cos \alpha = 4/5, \beta \sin \beta = -12/13, \sin(\alpha + \beta)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(\alpha + \beta) &= \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta = (3/5)(-5/13) + (4/5)(-12/13) = -15/65 - 48/65 \\ &= -63/65\end{aligned}$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\cos(\alpha + \beta) &= \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta = (4/5)(-5/13) - (3/5)(-12/13) = -20/65 + 36/65 \\ &= 16/65\end{aligned}$$

$$\tan(\alpha + \beta), \sin \alpha = 3/5, \cos \alpha = 4/5,$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\sin \beta = -\frac{12}{13} \quad \cos \beta = -\frac{5}{13},$$

$$\tan \beta = \frac{-12}{5} = -\frac{12}{5}$$

$$\tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} + (-\frac{12}{5})}{1 - (\frac{3}{4})(-\frac{12}{5})} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} - \frac{12}{5}}{1 + \frac{36}{20}} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} - \frac{12}{5}}{\frac{58}{20}} = \frac{3 \cdot 5 - 12 \cdot 4}{58} = \frac{15 - 48}{58} = -\frac{33}{58}$$

$$\tan(\alpha - \beta),$$

$$\tan(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \alpha \tan \beta} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} - (-\frac{12}{5})}{1 + (\frac{3}{4})(-\frac{12}{5})} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{12}{5}}{1 - \frac{36}{20}} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{12}{5}}{\frac{20 - 36}{20}} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{12}{5}}{-\frac{16}{20}} = -\frac{3 \cdot 5 + 12 \cdot 4}{16} = -\frac{15 + 48}{16} = -\frac{63}{16}$$

$$\alpha \beta$$

$$\tan(\alpha + \beta) = \sin(\alpha + \beta) \cos(\alpha + \beta)$$

$$\pi/2, \pi/2, \theta, (\pi/2 - \theta). \sin \theta = \cos(\pi/2 - \theta): \theta \theta. \sin \theta = \cos(\pi/2 - \theta) \cos \theta = \sin(\pi/2 - \theta)$$

$$\tan \theta = \cot(\pi/2 - \theta) \cot \theta = \tan(\pi/2 - \theta) \sec \theta = \csc(\pi/2 - \theta) \csc \theta = \sec(\pi/2 - \theta)$$

$$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta,$$

$$\cos(\pi/2 - \theta) = \cos \pi/2 \cos \theta + \sin \pi/2 \sin \theta = (0) \cos \theta + (1) \sin \theta = \sin \theta$$

$$\tan \pi/9 \quad \tan \theta = \cot(\pi/2 - \theta).$$

$$\tan(\pi/9) = \cot(\pi/2 - \pi/9) = \cot(9\pi/18 - 2\pi/18) = \cot(7\pi/18)$$

$$\sin \pi/7 \cos(5\pi/14) \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta) = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \beta.$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \quad \sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta + \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha - \beta) \cos \alpha \cos \beta = \tan \alpha - \tan \beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha - \beta) \cos \alpha \cos \beta = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta = \sin \alpha \cos \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha$$

$$\sin \beta \cos \alpha \cos \beta \text{ Rewrite using a common denominator.} = \sin \alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \beta \cos \beta \text{ Cancel.}$$

$$= \tan \alpha - \tan \beta \text{ Rewrite in terms of tangent.}$$

$$\tan(\pi - \theta) = -\tan \theta.$$

$$\tan(\pi - \theta) = \frac{\tan(\pi) - \tan \theta}{1 + \tan(\pi) \tan \theta} = \frac{0 - \tan \theta}{1 + 0 \cdot \tan \theta} = -\tan \theta$$

$$L_1 \quad L_2 \quad \theta \quad L_1 \quad L_2.$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{m_2 - m_1}{1 + m_1 m_2}$$

$$\frac{m_1}{m_2} \quad \frac{L_1}{L_2} \quad \tan \theta_1 = \frac{m_1}{m_2} \quad \tan \theta_2 = \frac{m_2}{m_1}$$

$$\tan \theta = \tan(\theta_2 - \theta_1) = \frac{\tan \theta_2 - \tan \theta_1}{1 + \tan \theta_1 \tan \theta_2} = \frac{\frac{m_2}{m_1} - \frac{m_1}{m_2}}{1 + \frac{m_1}{m_2} \cdot \frac{m_2}{m_1}} = \frac{\frac{m_2^2 - m_1^2}{m_1 m_2}}{\frac{m_1^2 + m_2^2}{m_1 m_2}} = \frac{m_2^2 - m_1^2}{m_1^2 + m_2^2}$$

$$R \quad S \quad \alpha \quad \tan \beta = \frac{47}{50}, \tan(\beta - \alpha) = \frac{40}{50} = \frac{4}{5}.$$

$$\tan(\beta - \alpha) = \frac{\tan \beta - \tan \alpha}{1 + \tan \beta \tan \alpha}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{\frac{47}{50} - \tan \alpha}{1 + \frac{47}{50} \tan \alpha} \Rightarrow 4(1 + \frac{47}{50} \tan \alpha) = 5(\frac{47}{50} - \tan \alpha)$$

$$4(1) + 4(\frac{47}{50}) \tan \alpha = 5(\frac{47}{50}) - 5 \tan \alpha \quad 4 + 3.76 \tan \alpha = 4.7 - 5 \tan \alpha \quad 5 \tan \alpha + 3.76 \tan \alpha = 0.7$$

$$8.76 \tan \alpha = 0.7 \quad \tan \alpha \approx 0.07991 \quad \tan^{-1}(0.07991) \approx 0.079741$$

$$\alpha \approx 0.079741(180^\circ) \approx 4.57^\circ$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta \quad \cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta \quad \sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta \quad \tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$

$$\tan(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$

$$\sin \theta = \cos(\pi/2 - \theta) \quad \cos \theta = \sin(\pi/2 - \theta) \quad \tan \theta = \cot(\pi/2 - \theta) \quad \cot \theta = \tan(\pi/2 - \theta) \quad \sec \theta = \csc(\pi/2 - \theta) \quad \csc \theta = \sec(\pi/2 - \theta)$$

$$x, \pi/2 - x. \sin x = \cos(\pi/2 - x). \cos(5\pi/4)? f(x) = \sin(x) \quad g(x) = \cos(x). 0 - x = -x \sin(-x) = -\sin x, \sin x$$

$$\cos(-x) = \cos(0 - x) = \cos x, \cos x \cos(7\pi/12) \cos(\pi/12) + 6 \sin(5\pi/12) \sin(11\pi/12) = 6 - 2 \cdot 4$$

$$\tan(-\pi/12) \tan(19\pi/12) - 2 - 3 \sin x \cos x \sin(x + 11\pi/6) \sin(x - 3\pi/4) - 2 \sin x - 2 \cos x \cos(x - 5\pi/6)$$

$$\cos(x + 2\pi/3) - 1 \cos x - 3 \sin x \csc(\pi/2 - t) \sec(\pi/2 - \theta) \csc \theta \cot(\pi/2 - x) \tan(\pi/2 - x) \cot x$$

$$\sin(2x) \cos(5x) - \sin(5x) \cos(2x) \tan(3/2 x) - \tan(7/5 x) \tan(3/2 x) \tan(7/5 x) \tan(x/10) \sin a = 2 \cdot 3$$

$$\cos b = -1/4, a \in [\pi/2, \pi), \sin(a+b) \cos(a-b). \sin a = 4/5, \cos b = 1/3, a \in [0, \pi/2), \sin(a-b) \cos(a+b).$$

$$\sin(a-b) = (\frac{4}{5})(\frac{1}{3}) - (\frac{3}{5})(\frac{2}{3}) = \frac{4}{15} - \frac{6}{15} = -\frac{2}{15} \quad \cos(a+b) = (\frac{3}{5})(\frac{1}{3}) - (\frac{4}{5})(\frac{2}{3}) = \frac{3}{15} - \frac{8}{15} = -\frac{5}{15}$$

$$\sin(\cos^{-1}(0) - \cos^{-1}(1/2)) \cos(\cos^{-1}(2/2) + \sin^{-1}(3/2)) = 2 - 6 \cdot 4$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \tan(\sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{2})) - \cos^{-1}(\frac{1}{2}) \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) \sin x \sin(\pi - x) \tan(\frac{\pi}{3} + x) \cot(\frac{\pi}{6} - x) \sin(\frac{\pi}{3} + x) \\
& \tan(\frac{\pi}{4} - x) \cot(\frac{\pi}{4} + x) \cos(\frac{7\pi}{6} + x) \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} + x) \sin x^2 + \cos x^2 \cos(\frac{5\pi}{4} + x) 2x = x + x. \\
& f(x) = \sin(4x) - \sin(3x) \cos x, g(x) = \sin x \cos(3x) f(x) = \cos(4x) + \sin x \sin(3x), g(x) = -\cos x \cos(3x) \\
& f(x) = \sin(3x) \cos(6x), g(x) = -\sin(3x) \cos(6x) g(x) = \sin(9x) - \cos(3x) \sin(6x). \\
& f(x) = \sin(4x), g(x) = \sin(5x) \cos x - \cos(5x) \sin x f(x) = \sin(2x), g(x) = 2 \sin x \cos x \\
& f(\theta) = \cos(2\theta), g(\theta) = \cos 2\theta - \sin 2\theta f(\theta) = \tan(2\theta), g(\theta) = \tan \theta + \tan 2\theta g(\theta) = 2 \tan \theta + \tan 2\theta. \\
& f(x) = \sin(3x) \sin x, g(x) = \sin^2(2x) \cos 2x - \cos^2(2x) \sin 2x \\
& f(x) = \tan(-x), g(x) = \tan x - \tan(2x) \frac{1}{1 - \tan x \tan(2x)} g(x) = \tan x - \tan(2x) \frac{1}{1 + \tan x \tan(2x)} \cdot \sin(75^\circ) \\
& \sin(195^\circ) - 3 - 1 \frac{2}{2}, \text{ or } -0.2588 \cos(165^\circ) \cos(345^\circ) + 3 \frac{2}{2}, \tan(-15^\circ) \\
& \tan(x + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\tan x + 1}{1 - \tan x} \\
& \tan(x + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \tan x + \tan(\frac{\pi}{4}) \frac{1}{1 - \tan x \tan(\frac{\pi}{4})} = \frac{\tan x + 1}{1 - \tan x} (1) = \frac{\tan x + 1}{1 - \tan x} \\
& \tan(a+b) \tan(a-b) = \frac{\sin a \cos a + \sin b \cos b}{\sin a \cos a - \sin b \cos b} \frac{\sin a \cos a - \sin b \cos b}{\sin a \cos a + \sin b \cos b} = \frac{\sin^2 a - \sin^2 b}{\cos^2 a - \cos^2 b} = \frac{1 - \cos^2 a - 1 + \cos^2 b}{\cos^2 a - \cos^2 b} = \frac{\cos^2 b - \cos^2 a}{\cos^2 a - \cos^2 b} = -1 \\
& \cos(a+b) \cos(a-b) = \frac{\cos a \cos b + \sin a \sin b}{\cos a \cos b - \sin a \sin b} \frac{\cos a \cos b - \sin a \sin b}{\cos a \cos b + \sin a \sin b} = \frac{\cos^2 a - \sin^2 a}{\cos^2 b - \sin^2 b} = \frac{\cos 2a}{\cos 2b} \\
& \cos(x+y) \cos(x-y) = \frac{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 y}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 y} \cos(x+h) - \cos x h = \cos x \cos h - 1 h - \sin x \sin h h \\
& \cos(x+h) - \cos x h = \cos x \cosh - \sin x \sinh - \cos x h = \cos x (\cosh - 1) - \sin x \sinh h = \cos x \cosh - 1 h - \sin x \sinh h \\
& \tan(u+v) = \frac{\tan u + \tan v}{1 - \tan u \tan v} \tan(u-v) = \frac{\tan u - \tan v}{1 + \tan u \tan v} \\
& \tan(x+y) \frac{1}{1 + \tan x \tan y} = \frac{\tan x + \tan y}{1 - \tan x \tan y} \frac{1}{1 + \tan x \tan y} \alpha, \beta, \gamma \sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \gamma \cdot \sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin(\pi - \gamma) \\
& \alpha, \beta, \gamma \tan \alpha + \tan \beta + \tan \gamma = \tan \alpha \tan \beta \tan \gamma \theta \tan \theta = 5/3 \cdot \alpha = \beta. \\
& \sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \\
& \alpha = \beta = \theta, \\
& \sin(\theta + \theta) = \sin \theta \cos \theta + \cos \theta \sin \theta \quad \sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\
& \cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta, \alpha = \beta = \theta, \\
& \cos(\theta + \theta) = \cos \theta \cos \theta - \sin \theta \sin \theta \quad \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\
& \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta = (1 - \sin^2 \theta) - \sin^2 \theta = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta \\
& \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta = \cos^2 \theta - (1 - \cos^2 \theta) = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 \\
& \alpha = \beta = \theta \\
& \tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta} \tan(\theta + \theta) = \frac{\tan \theta + \tan \theta}{1 - \tan \theta \tan \theta} \tan(2\theta) = \frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta} \\
& \sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\
& \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 \\
& \tan(2\theta) = \frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta} \\
& \tan \theta = -\frac{3}{4} \quad \theta \sin(2\theta) \cos(2\theta) \tan(2\theta) \tan \theta = -\frac{3}{4} \cdot \theta \theta \\
& (-4)^2 + (3)^2 = c^2 \cdot 16 + 9 = c^2 \cdot 25 = c^2 \cdot 5 \\
& \sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\
& \sin \theta \cos \theta \cdot \sin \theta = \frac{3}{5} \cdot \cos \theta = -\frac{4}{5} \cdot \\
& \sin(2\theta) = 2(\frac{3}{5})(-\frac{4}{5}) = -\frac{24}{25} \\
& \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\
& \cos(2\theta) = (-\frac{4}{5})^2 - (\frac{3}{5})^2 = \frac{16}{25} - \frac{9}{25} = \frac{7}{25} \\
& \tan(2\theta) = \frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta} \\
& \tan \theta = -\frac{3}{4} \cdot \\
& \tan(2\theta) = \frac{2(-\frac{3}{4})}{1 - (-\frac{3}{4})^2} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{1 - \frac{9}{16}} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{\frac{7}{16}} = -\frac{3}{2} \cdot (\frac{16}{7}) = -\frac{24}{7} \\
& \sin \alpha = \frac{5}{8}, \theta \cos(2\alpha) \cdot \cos(2\alpha) = \frac{7}{32} \cos(6x) \cos(3x). \\
& \cos(6x) = \cos(3x + 3x) = \cos 3x \cos 3x - \sin 3x \sin 3x = \cos^2 3x - \sin^2 3x \\
& 1 + \sin(2\theta) = (\sin \theta + \cos \theta)^2 \\
& (\sin \theta + \cos \theta)^2 = \sin^2 \theta + 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + \cos^2 \theta = (\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta) + 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\
& = 1 + 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta = 1 + \sin(2\theta) \\
& (a \pm b)^2 = a^2 \pm 2ab + b^2 \\
& a = \sin \theta \quad b = \cos \theta \quad \cos 4\theta - \sin 4\theta = \cos(2\theta). \\
& \cos 4\theta - \sin 4\theta = (\cos^2 2\theta + \sin^2 2\theta)(\cos^2 2\theta - \sin^2 2\theta) = \cos(2\theta)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\tan(2\theta) = 2 \cot \theta - \tan \theta$$

$$\tan(2\theta) = 2 \tan \theta \frac{1 - \tan^2 \theta}{1 + \tan^2 \theta} \quad \text{Double-angle formula} \quad = 2 \tan \theta \frac{(1 - \tan^2 \theta)(1 + \tan^2 \theta)}{(1 + \tan^2 \theta)^2}$$

$$\text{Multiply by a term that results in desired numerator.} \quad = 2 \frac{1 - \tan^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta}{1 + \tan^2 \theta} = 2 \cot \theta - \tan \theta$$

$$-\tan \theta \quad \text{Use reciprocal identity for } \frac{1}{\tan \theta}.$$

$$2 \tan \theta \frac{1 - \tan^2 \theta}{1 + \tan^2 \theta} = 2 \cot \theta - \tan \theta$$

$$2 \cot \theta - \tan \theta = 2 \frac{1}{\tan \theta} - \tan \theta \quad \left( \frac{\tan \theta}{\tan \theta} \right) = 2 \tan \theta \frac{1}{\tan \theta} - \tan \theta \left( \frac{\tan \theta}{\tan \theta} \right) = 2 \tan \theta \frac{1 - \tan^2 \theta}{1 + \tan^2 \theta}$$

$$\cos(2\theta)\cos \theta = \cos^3 \theta - \cos \theta \sin^2 \theta. \cos(2\theta)\cos \theta = (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)\cos \theta = \cos^3 \theta - \cos \theta \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\cos(2\theta) = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta. \sin^2 \theta:$$

$$\cos(2\theta) = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta \quad 2 \sin^2 \theta = 1 - \cos(2\theta) \quad \sin^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2}$$

$$\cos(2\theta) = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1. \cos^2 \theta:$$

$$\cos(2\theta) = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 \quad 1 + \cos(2\theta) = 2 \cos^2 \theta \quad 1 + \cos(2\theta) = 2 \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\tan^2 \theta = \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2} \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{2} \quad \text{Substitute the reduction formulas.} \quad = \frac{(1 - \cos(2\theta))(1 + \cos(2\theta))}{4} = \frac{1 - \cos^2(2\theta)}{4}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2}$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{2}$$

$$\tan^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{1 + \cos(2\theta)}$$

$$\cos 4x$$

$$\cos 4x = (\cos^2 2x)^2 = \left( \frac{1 + \cos(2x)}{2} \right)^2 \quad \text{Substitute reduction formula for } \cos^2 2x. \quad = \frac{1}{4} (1 + 2\cos(2x) + \cos^2(2x)) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2x) + \frac{1}{4} (1 + \cos^2(2x))$$

$$\text{Substitute reduction formula for } \cos^2 2x. \quad = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2x) + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} \cos(4x) = \frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2x) + \frac{1}{8} \cos(4x)$$

$$\sin^3(2x) = [\sin(2x)][\sin^2(2x)] = \sin(2x) \left[ \frac{1 - \cos(4x)}{2} \right] \quad \text{Substitute the power-reduction formula.}$$

$$\sin^3(2x) = [\sin(2x)][\sin^2(2x)] = \sin(2x) \left[ \frac{1 - \cos(4x)}{2} \right] = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(2x)][1 - \cos(4x)] = \frac{1}{2} \sin(2x) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2x)\cos(4x)$$

$$\sin^2(2x).$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2}$$

$$\theta = 2x, 2\theta = 4x. 10 \cos 4x = 15 + 5 \cos(2x) + 5 \cos(4x).$$

$$10 \cos 4x = 10 \cos^2 2x = 10 \left( \frac{1 + \cos(2x)}{2} \right)^2 \quad \text{Substitute reduction formula for } \cos^2 2x. \quad = 10 \frac{1}{4} [1 + 2\cos(2x) + \cos^2(2x)] = \frac{10}{4} + \frac{10}{2} \cos(2x) + \frac{10}{4} (1 + \cos^2(2x))$$

$$\text{Substitute reduction formula for } \cos^2 2x. \quad = \frac{10}{4} + \frac{10}{2} \cos(2x) + \frac{10}{8} + \frac{10}{8} \cos(4x) = \frac{30}{8} + 5 \cos(2x) + \frac{5}{4} \cos(4x) = \frac{15}{4} + 5 \cos(2x) + \frac{5}{4} \cos(4x)$$

$$\theta = \alpha/2, \sin(\alpha/2). \pm \alpha/2$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{2} \quad \sin^2(\alpha/2) = \frac{1 - \cos(\alpha)}{2} \quad \sin(\alpha/2) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{2} \quad \cos^2(\alpha/2) = \frac{1 + \cos(\alpha)}{2} \quad \cos(\alpha/2) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\tan^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} \quad \tan^2(\alpha/2) = \frac{1 - \cos(\alpha)}{1 + \cos(\alpha)} = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}$$

$$\tan(\alpha/2) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}}$$

$$\sin(\alpha/2) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\cos(\alpha/2) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

$$\tan(\alpha/2) = \pm \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$\sin(15^\circ) = \sin(30^\circ/2),$$

$$\sin 30^\circ/2 = \frac{1 - \cos 30^\circ}{2} = \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{2} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$\sin(15^\circ) \tan \alpha = \frac{8}{15} \alpha \sin(\alpha/2) \cos(\alpha/2) \tan(\alpha/2) \sin \alpha = -\frac{8}{17} \cos \alpha = -\frac{15}{17} \cdot \alpha \quad 180^\circ < \alpha < 270^\circ,$$

$$180^\circ/2 < \alpha/2 < 270^\circ/2. \quad \alpha/2 = 90^\circ < \alpha/2 < 135^\circ. \sin \alpha/2,$$

$$\sin \alpha/2 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - (-15/17)}{2}} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{32/17}{2}} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{32}{34}} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{16}{17}} = \pm \frac{4}{\sqrt{17}}$$

$$\sin \alpha/2 \cos \alpha/2,$$

$$\cos \alpha = \pm \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2} = \pm \frac{1 + (-\frac{15}{17})}{2} = \pm \frac{2}{17} = \pm \frac{2}{17} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \pm \frac{1}{17} = -\frac{1}{17}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \pm \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \pm \frac{1 - (-\frac{15}{17})}{1 + (-\frac{15}{17})} = \pm \frac{32}{16} = \pm 2 = -2$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \sin \alpha = -\frac{4}{5}, \quad \cos(\alpha/2) = \frac{3}{5}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{5}{3}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{5}{3}, \quad \cos \theta = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{3}{5}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\tan^{-1}(0.57) \approx 29.7^\circ \approx 29.7^\circ$$

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2\sin \theta \cos \theta, \quad \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta = 1 - 2\sin^2 \theta = 2\cos^2 \theta - 1, \quad \tan(2\theta) = \frac{2\tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = 1 - \cos^2 \theta, \quad \cos^2 \theta = 1 - \sin^2 \theta, \quad \tan^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} - 1$$

$$\sin \alpha = \pm \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}, \quad \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}, \quad \tan \alpha = \pm \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$\cos(2x) = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x, \quad \tan(2x) = \frac{\sin(2x)}{\cos(2x)} = \frac{2\sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x} = \frac{2\tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x}$$

$$\tan(x/2) = \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x}, \quad \sin x = \frac{2\tan(x/2)}{1 + \tan^2(x/2)}, \quad \cos x = \frac{1 - \tan^2(x/2)}{1 + \tan^2(x/2)}, \quad \tan(x/2) = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$$

$$\cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta, \quad \sin \theta = \frac{5}{5}, \quad \tan \theta = -\frac{1}{2}, \quad \csc \theta = 5, \quad \sec \theta = -5, \quad \cot \theta = -2$$

$$\cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta, \quad \sin(\pi/4) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \quad \cos(\pi/4) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \quad \sin(\pi/2) = 1, \quad \cos(\pi/2) = 0$$

$$\cos(-11\pi/12) = \cos(11\pi/12), \quad \tan(5\pi/12) = \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{1 - \sqrt{3}}, \quad \tan(-3\pi/12) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \quad \sin(x/2) = \frac{1 - \cos x}{2}$$

$$\cos(x/2) = \frac{1 + \cos x}{2}, \quad \tan(x/2) = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}, \quad \tan x = -\frac{4}{3}, \quad \sin x = -\frac{12}{13}, \quad \cos x = \frac{5}{13}, \quad \csc x = 7, \quad \sec x = -4$$

$$\sin(10^\circ) = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \cos(10^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \quad \tan(10^\circ) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \quad \sin(2\alpha) = 2\sin \alpha \cos \alpha, \quad \cos(2\alpha) = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$$

$$\sin(\theta/2) = \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{2}, \quad \cos(\theta/2) = \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{2}, \quad \tan(\theta/2) = \frac{\sin \theta}{1 + \cos \theta}$$

$$\cos^2(28^\circ) - \sin^2(28^\circ) = \cos(56^\circ), \quad 1 - \cos(74^\circ) = 2\sin^2(37^\circ), \quad \cos^2(9x) - \sin^2(9x) = \cos(18x)$$

$$4\sin(8x)\cos(8x) = 2\sin(16x), \quad 3\sin(10x) = 3\sin(10x), \quad (\sin t - \cos t)^2 = 1 - \sin(2t), \quad \sin(2x) = -2\sin(-x)\cos(-x)$$

$$-2\sin(-x)\cos(-x) = -2(-\sin x)\cos x = 2\sin x \cos x = \sin(2x), \quad \cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}, \quad \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2\sin \theta \cos \theta, \quad \tan 2\theta = \frac{\sin 2\theta}{\cos 2\theta} = \frac{2\sin \theta \cos \theta}{\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2\sin \theta \cos \theta, \quad \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta, \quad \tan 2\theta = \frac{2\tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta}, \quad \sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\tan 2\theta = \frac{2\tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta}, \quad \cot(\theta) = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}, \quad \tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \quad \cot \theta = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\cos^2(5x)\cos^2(6x) = \frac{1}{4}, \quad \sin^4(8x) = \frac{1}{16}, \quad \sin^4(3x) = \frac{1}{16}, \quad \cos^2(12x) = \frac{1}{4}, \quad \cos(6x) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2 + \cos(2x) - 2\cos(4x) - \cos(6x) = 32, \quad \tan^2 x = \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}, \quad \tan^4 x = \frac{\sin^4 x}{\cos^4 x}, \quad \cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos(2x)}{2}$$

$$\sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{2}, \quad 8\tan^2 x = 8\tan^2 x, \quad \sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{2}, \quad \cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos(2x)}{2}, \quad \sin(2x) = 2\sin x \cos x$$

$$\cos^2(2x) = \frac{1 + \cos(4x)}{2}, \quad \sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{2}, \quad \tan^2 x = \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}, \quad \sin(4x) = 2\sin(2x)\cos(2x)$$

$$\cos(4x) = \cos^2(2x) - \sin^2(2x) = 2\cos^2(2x) - 1 = 1 - 2\sin^2(2x)$$

$$2\tan x = \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{2\sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x} = 2\tan x, \quad \sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{2}, \quad \cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos(2x)}{2}$$

$$2\sin x \cos x = \sin(2x), \quad \cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos(2x)}{2}, \quad \sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{2}, \quad \tan(2x) = \frac{\sin(2x)}{\cos(2x)} = \frac{2\sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}$$

$$2\sin x \cos x = \sin(2x), \quad \cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos(2x)}{2}, \quad \sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{2}, \quad \tan(2x) = \frac{\sin(2x)}{\cos(2x)}$$

$$\sin(3x) = 3\sin x - 4\sin^3 x, \quad \cos(3x) = 4\cos^3 x - 3\cos x$$

$$\sin(x+2x) = \sin x \cos(2x) + \cos x \sin(2x) = \sin x (\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x) + 2\sin x \cos x = 3\sin x \cos^2 x - \sin^3 x$$

$$\cos(3x) = \cos^3 x - 3\sin^2 x \cos x = \cos^3 x - 3(1 - \cos^2 x)\cos x = 4\cos^3 x - 3\cos x$$

$$\cos(3x) = \cos^3 x - 3\sin^2 x \cos x = \cos^3 x - 3(1 - \cos^2 x)\cos x = 4\cos^3 x - 3\cos x$$

$$1 + \cos(2t) = 2\cos^2 t, \quad \sin(2t) = 2\sin t \cos t, \quad \cos t = \frac{1 + \cos(2t)}{2}, \quad \sin t = \frac{1 - \cos(2t)}{2}$$

$$1 + \cos(2t) = 2\cos^2 t, \quad \sin(2t) = 2\sin t \cos t, \quad \cos t = \frac{1 + \cos(2t)}{2}, \quad \sin t = \frac{1 - \cos(2t)}{2}$$

$$\sin(16x) = 16\sin x \cos x \cos(2x) \cos(4x) \cos(8x)$$

$$\cos(16x) = (\cos^2(4x) - \sin^2(4x))(\cos^2(4x) - \sin^2(4x) + \sin(8x))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\cos^2(4x) - \sin^2(4x) - \sin(8x))(\cos^2(4x) - \sin^2(4x) + \sin(8x)) &= \\
 &= (\cos(8x) - \sin(8x))(\cos(8x) + \sin(8x)) \\
 &= \cos^2(8x) - \sin^2(8x) \\
 &= \cos(16x)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta &= \cos(\alpha - \beta) \quad \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta = \cos(\alpha + \beta) \\
 2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta &= \cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)
 \end{aligned}$$

2

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$2 \cos\left(\frac{7x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) =$$

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2 \cos\left(\frac{7x}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right) &= (2) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) [\cos(7x/2 - 3x/2) + \cos(7x/2 + 3x/2)] \\
 &= [\cos(4x/2) + \cos(10x/2)] = \cos 2x + \cos 5x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos(2\theta) \cos(4\theta) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos 6\theta + \cos 2\theta)$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \quad \sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta) = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$\sin(4\theta) \cos(2\theta) =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sin \alpha \cos \beta &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)] \quad \sin(4\theta) \cos(2\theta) = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(4\theta + 2\theta) + \sin(4\theta - 2\theta)] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(6\theta) + \sin(2\theta)]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin(x + y) \cos(x - y) = \frac{1}{2} (\sin 2x + \sin 2y)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \cos(\alpha - \beta) &= \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta \quad \cos(\alpha + \beta) = -(\cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta) \\
 \cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta) &= 2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)]$$

$$\cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$\cos(3\theta) \cos(5\theta) =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \cos \alpha \cos \beta &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)] \quad \cos(3\theta) \cos(5\theta) = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(3\theta - 5\theta) + \cos(3\theta + 5\theta)] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(2\theta) + \cos(8\theta)] \quad \text{Use even-odd identity.}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \frac{11\pi}{12} \cos \frac{\pi}{12} = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \cos \frac{5\pi}{12} \cos \frac{\pi}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\alpha + \beta = u + v \quad 2 + u - v = 2 \quad u = \alpha - \beta = u + v - u - v = 2v = v$$

 $\alpha \beta$ 

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)] \quad \sin(u + v) \cos(u - v) = \frac{1}{2} [\sin u + \sin v]$$

$$\text{Substitute for } (\alpha + \beta) \text{ and } (\alpha - \beta) \quad 2 \sin(u + v) \cos(u - v) = \sin u + \sin v$$

$$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$\sin(4\theta) - \sin(2\theta) =$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sin(4\theta) - \sin(2\theta) &= 2 \sin\left(\frac{4\theta - 2\theta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{4\theta + 2\theta}{2}\right) = 2 \sin(2\theta) \cos(6\theta) \\
 &= 2 \sin \theta \cos(3\theta)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin(3\theta) + \sin(\theta) = 2 \sin(2\theta) \cos(\theta)$$

$$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \cos(15^\circ) - \cos(75^\circ) &= -2 \sin\left(\frac{15^\circ + 75^\circ}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{15^\circ - 75^\circ}{2}\right) = -2 \sin(45^\circ) \sin(-30^\circ) \\
 &= -2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos(4t) - \cos(2t) = -2 \sin(3t) \sin(t) = -\tan t$$

$$\begin{aligned}\cos(4t) - \cos(2t) \sin(4t) + \sin(2t) &= -2 \sin(4t+2t) \sin(4t-2t) \sin(4t+2t) \cos(4t-2t) \\ &= -2 \sin(3t) \sin t \sin(3t) \cos t \\ &= -\sin t \cos t \\ &= -\tan t\end{aligned}$$

$$\csc 2\theta - 2 = \cos(2\theta) \sin 2\theta.$$

$$\begin{aligned}\cos(2\theta) \sin 2\theta &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta \sin 2\theta = 1 \sin 2\theta - 2 \sin^2 \theta \sin 2\theta = \csc 2\theta - 2 \\ \tan \theta \cot \theta - \cos 2\theta &= \sin 2\theta.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tan \theta \cot \theta - \cos 2\theta &= (\sin \theta \cos \theta)(\cos \theta \sin \theta) - \cos 2\theta = 1 - \cos 2\theta \\ &= \sin 2\theta\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\cos \alpha \cos \beta &= \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta)] \sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)] \sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) \\ &- \cos(\alpha + \beta)] \cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta)] \\ \sin \alpha + \sin \beta &= 2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \\ &\sin\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}\right) \\ \sin \alpha \cos \beta &= \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)], \cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(195^\circ) \cos(105^\circ), \sin(3x) + \sin x \cos x = 1. \\ 2 \sin(2x) \cos x \cos x &= 116 \sin(16x) \sin(11x) 8(\cos(5x) - \cos(27x)) 20 \cos(36t) \cos(6t) \\ 2 \sin(5x) \cos(3x) \sin(2x) &+ \sin(8x) 10 \cos(5x) \sin(10x) \sin(-x) \sin(5x) 12(\cos(6x) - \cos(4x)) \\ \sin(3x) \cos(5x) \cos(6t) &+ \cos(4t) 2 \cos(5t) \cos t \sin(3x) + \sin(7x) \cos(7x) + \cos(-7x) 2 \cos(7x) \\ \sin(3x) - \sin(-3x) \cos(3x) &+ \cos(9x) 2 \cos(6x) \cos(3x) \sin h - \sin(3h) \cos(45^\circ) \cos(15^\circ) 14(1 + 3) \\ \cos(45^\circ) \sin(15^\circ) \sin(-345^\circ) \sin(-15^\circ) &14(3 - 2) \sin(195^\circ) \cos(15^\circ) \sin(-45^\circ) \sin(-15^\circ) 14(3 - 1) \\ \cos(23^\circ) \sin(17^\circ) 2 \sin(100^\circ) \sin(20^\circ) \cos(80^\circ) &- \cos(120^\circ) 2 \sin(-100^\circ) \sin(-20^\circ) \sin(213^\circ) \cos(8^\circ) \\ 12(\sin(221^\circ) + \sin(205^\circ)) 2 \cos(56^\circ) \cos(47^\circ) \sin(76^\circ) &+ \sin(14^\circ) 2 \cos(31^\circ) \cos(58^\circ) - \cos(12^\circ) \\ \sin(101^\circ) - \sin(32^\circ) 2 \cos(66.5^\circ) \sin(34.5^\circ) \cos(100^\circ) &+ \cos(200^\circ) \sin(-1^\circ) + \sin(-2^\circ) 2 \sin(-1.5^\circ) \cos(0.5^\circ) \\ \cos(a+b) \cos(a-b) &= 1 - \tan a \tan b 1 + \tan a \tan b 4 \sin(3x) \cos(4x) = 2 \sin(7x) - 2 \sin x \\ 2 \sin(7x) - 2 \sin x &= 2 \sin(4x+3x) - 2 \sin(4x-3x) = 2(\sin(4x) \cos(3x) + \sin(3x) \cos(4x)) - 2(\sin(4x) \cos(3x) \\ &- \sin(3x) \cos(4x)) = 2 \sin(4x) \cos(3x) + 2 \sin(3x) \cos(4x) - 2 \sin(4x) \cos(3x) + 2 \sin(3x) \cos(4x) = \\ &4 \sin(3x) \cos(4x)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}6 \cos(8x) \sin(2x) \sin(-6x) &= -3 \sin(10x) \csc(6x) + 3 \sin x + \sin(3x) = 4 \sin x \cos 2x \\ \sin x + \sin(3x) &= 2 \sin(2x) \cos(x) = 2 \sin(2x) \cos x = 2(2 \sin x \cos x) \cos x = 4 \sin x \cos^2 x \\ 2(\cos 3x - \cos x \sin 2x) &= \cos(3x) + \cos x 2 \tan x \cos(3x) = \sec x (\sin(4x) - \sin(2x)) \\ 2 \tan x \cos(3x) &= 2 \sin x \cos(3x) \cos x = 2(.5(\sin(4x) - \sin(2x))) \cos x \\ &= 1 \cos x (\sin(4x) - \sin(2x)) = \sec x (\sin(4x) - \sin(2x)) \cos(a+b) + \cos(a-b) = 2 \cos a \cos b \\ \cos(58^\circ) + \cos(12^\circ) 2 \cos(35^\circ) \cos(23^\circ) &, 1.5081 \sin(2^\circ) - \sin(3^\circ) \cos(44^\circ) - \cos(22^\circ) \\ -2 \sin(33^\circ) \sin(11^\circ) &, -0.2078 \cos(176^\circ) \sin(9^\circ) \sin(-14^\circ) \sin(85^\circ) \\ 12(\cos(99^\circ) - \cos(71^\circ)) &, -0.24102 \sin(2x) \sin(3x) = \cos x - \cos(5x) \\ \cos(10\theta) + \cos(6\theta) \cos(6\theta) - \cos(10\theta) &= \cot(2\theta) \cot(8\theta) \sin(3x) - \sin(5x) \cos(3x) + \cos(5x) = \tan x \\ 2 \cos(2x) \cos x + \sin(2x) \sin x &= 2 \sin x 2 \cos 3x \sin(2x) + \sin(4x) \sin(2x) - \sin(4x) = -\tan(3x) \cot x \\ \sin(9t) - \sin(3t) \cos(9t) &+ \cos(3t) \tan(3t) 2 \sin(8x) \cos(6x) - \sin(2x) \sin(3x) - \sin x \sin x 2 \cos(2x) \\ \cos(5x) + \cos(3x) \sin(5x) &+ \sin(3x) \sin x \cos(15x) - \cos x \sin(15x) - \sin(14x) \\ \sin x - \sin y &= 2 \sin\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right) \cos x + \cos y = 2 \cos\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right) \cos x + \cos y. x = \alpha + \beta y = \alpha - \beta, \\ \cos x + \cos y \cos(\alpha + \beta) &+ \cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta + \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta = 2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta x = \alpha + \beta y = \alpha - \beta, \alpha \\ \beta 2 \cos \alpha \cos \beta 2 \cos\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right) &. \sin(6x) + \sin(4x) \sin(6x) - \sin(4x) = \tan(5x) \cot x \\ \cos(3x) + \cos x \cos(3x) - \cos x &= -\cot(2x) \cot x \\ \cos(3x) + \cos x \cos(3x) - \cos x &= 2 \cos(2x) \cos x - 2 \sin(2x) \sin x = -\cot(2x) \cot x \\ \cos(6y) + \cos(8y) \sin(6y) - \sin(4y) &= \cot y \cos(7y) \sec(5y) \cos(2y) - \cos(4y) \sin(2y) + \sin(4y) = \tan y \\ \cos(2y) - \cos(4y) \sin(2y) &+ \sin(4y) = -2 \sin(3y) \sin(-y) 2 \sin(3y) \cos y = 2 \sin(3y) \sin(y) 2 \sin(3y) \\ &\cos y = \tan y \\ \sin(10x) - \sin(2x) \cos(10x) &+ \cos(2x) = \tan(4x) \cos x - \cos(3x) = 4 \sin 2x \cos x \\ \cos x - \cos(3x) &= -2 \sin(2x) \sin(-x) = 2(2 \sin x \cos x) \sin x = 4 \sin^2 x \cos x \\ (\cos(2x) - \cos(4x)) 2 &+ (\sin(4x) + \sin(2x)) 2 = 4 \sin^2(3x) \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - t\right) = 1 - \tan t 1 + \tan t\end{aligned}$$

$$\tan(\pi/4 - t) = \tan(\pi/4) - \tan t + \tan(\pi/4)\tan(t) = 1 - \tan t + \tan t = 1$$

$$\sin \theta = \sin(\theta \pm 2k\pi)$$

$$\cos \theta = 1/2$$

$$\cos \theta = 1/2 \quad \theta = \pi/3, 5\pi/3$$

$$[0, 2\pi]$$

$$\pi/3 \pm 2k\pi \text{ and } 5\pi/3 \pm 2k\pi$$

$$k \sin t = 1/2 \cdot 2\pi \cdot \pi/6 \cdot 5\pi/6$$

$$\pi/6 \pm 2\pi k \text{ and } 5\pi/6 \pm 2\pi k$$

$$k \times u. 2 \cos \theta - 3 = -5, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi.$$

$$2 \cos \theta - 3 = -5 \quad 2 \cos \theta = -2 \quad \cos \theta = -1 \quad \theta = \pi$$

$$[0, 2\pi): 2 \sin x + 1 = 0. x = 7\pi/6, 11\pi/6, 2\pi. \pi/2, 2 \sin 2\theta - 1 = 0, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi. \sin \theta.$$

$$2 \sin 2\theta - 1 = 0 \quad 2 \sin 2\theta = 1 \quad \sin 2\theta = 1/2 \quad \sin 2\theta = \pm 1/2 \quad \sin \theta = \pm 1/2 = \pm 2/2 \quad \theta = \pi/4, 3\pi/4, 5\pi/4, 7\pi/4$$

$$\csc \theta = -2, 0 \leq \theta < 4\pi. \theta \csc \theta = -2 \quad 0 \leq \theta < 4\pi.$$

$$\csc \theta = -2 \quad 1 \sin \theta = -2 \sin \theta = -1/2 \quad \theta = 7\pi/6, 11\pi/6, 19\pi/6, 23\pi/6$$

$$\sin \theta = -1/2, \tan(\theta - \pi/2) = 1, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi. \pi. [0, \pi), \pi/4, (\theta - \pi/2). \tan(\pi/4) = 1,$$

$$\theta - \pi/2 = \pi/4 \quad \theta = 3\pi/4 \pm k\pi$$

$$[0, 2\pi),$$

$$3\pi/4 \text{ and } 3\pi/4 + \pi = 7\pi/4$$

$$\tan x = 3. \pi/3 \pm \pi k \quad 2(\tan x + 3) = 5 + \tan x, 0 \leq x < 2\pi. \tan x$$

$$2(\tan x) + 2(3) = 5 + \tan x \quad 2 \tan x + 6 = 5 + \tan x \quad 2 \tan x - \tan x = 5 - 6 \quad \tan x = -1$$

$$-1: \theta = 3\pi/4 \quad \theta = 7\pi/4. \sin \theta = 0.8, \theta \theta, \sin -1 \sin -1(. \sin -1(0.8),$$

$$\sin -1(0.8) \approx 0.9273$$

$$0.9273 \pm 2\pi k$$

$$\theta \approx 53.1^\circ. \theta \approx 180^\circ - 53.1^\circ \approx 126.9^\circ.$$

$$\pi - \theta. \sec \theta = -4,$$

$$\sec \theta = -4 \quad 1 \cos \theta = -4 \quad \cos \theta = -1/4$$

$$\cos -1(-1/4) \approx 1.8235 \quad \theta \approx 1.8235 \pm 2\pi k$$

$$\pi/2 \approx 1.57 \quad \pi \approx 3.14, \theta \approx 1.8235 \quad \theta' \approx \pi - 1.8235 \approx 1.3181. \pi + 1.3181 \approx 4.4597. 1.8235 \pm 2\pi k \quad 4.4597 \pm 2\pi k.$$

$$\cos \theta = -0.2. \theta \approx 1.7722 \pm 2\pi k \quad \theta \approx 4.5110 \pm 2\pi k \times u. \cos 2\theta + 3 \cos \theta - 1 = 0, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi. \theta \times. \cos \theta = x.$$

$$x^2 + 3x - 1 = 0$$

$$x = -b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} / 2a$$

$$x = -3 \pm \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4(1)(-1)} / 2 = -3 \pm \sqrt{13} / 2$$

$$x \cos \theta,$$

$$\cos \theta = -3 \pm \sqrt{13} / 2 \quad \theta = \cos^{-1}(-3 \pm \sqrt{13} / 2)$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}(-3 - \sqrt{13} / 2) \in [-1, 1].$$

$$\cos^{-1}(-3 + \sqrt{13} / 2) \approx 1.26$$

$$2\pi - \cos^{-1}(-3 + \sqrt{13} / 2) \approx 5.02$$

$$2 \sin 2\theta - 5 \sin \theta + 3 = 0, 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi. \sin \theta = u,$$

$$2 \sin 2\theta - 5 \sin \theta + 3 = 0 \quad (2 \sin \theta - 3)(\sin \theta - 1) = 0$$

$$2 \sin \theta - 3 = 0 \quad 2 \sin \theta = 3 \quad \sin \theta = 3/2 \quad \sin \theta - 1 = 0 \quad \sin \theta = 1$$

$$\theta: \sin \theta \neq 3/2, [-1, 1]. \sin \theta = 1, \pi/2. \sin 2\theta = 2 \cos \theta + 2, 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi. \cos \theta = -1, \theta = \pi$$

$$2 \sin 2\theta + \sin \theta = 0; 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$$

$$\sin \theta = x. 2x^2 + x = 0.$$

$$2x^2 + x = 0 \quad x(2x + 1) = 0$$

$$x = 0 \quad (2x + 1) = 0 \quad x = -1/2$$

$$\sin \theta = x.$$

$$\sin \theta = 0 \quad \theta = 0, \pi \quad \sin \theta = -1/2 \quad \theta = 7\pi/6, 11\pi/6$$

$$0 \leq \theta < 2\pi \quad 0, \pi, 7\pi/6, 11\pi/6.$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta = 0 \quad \sin \theta (2 \sin \theta + 1) = 0 \\
& \quad 2 \sin \theta = -1 \quad \sin \theta = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \theta = 0, \pi \quad 2 \sin \theta + 1 = 0 \\
& \quad \theta = 7\pi/6, 11\pi/6 \\
& 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi, 2 \sin^2 \theta - 3 \sin \theta + 1 = 0, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi. \\
& (2 \sin \theta - 1)(\sin \theta - 1) = 0 \quad 2 \sin \theta - 1 = 0 \quad \sin \theta = \frac{1}{2} \quad \theta = \pi/6, \\
& \quad 5\pi/6 \quad \sin \theta = 1 \quad \theta = \pi/2 \\
& 2 \cos^2 \theta + \cos \theta = 0, \pi/2, 2\pi/3, 4\pi/3, 3\pi/2 \quad 0 \leq x < 2\pi. \\
& \cos x \cos(2x) + \sin x \sin(2x) = \frac{3}{2} \\
& \cos x \cos(2x) + \sin x \sin(2x) = \frac{3}{2} \quad \cos(x-2x) = \frac{3}{2} \text{ Difference formula for cosine} \\
& \cos(-x) = \frac{3}{2} \text{ Use the negative angle identity.} \quad \cos x = \frac{3}{2} \\
& \cos x = \frac{3}{2} \quad x = \pi/6, 11\pi/6. \cos(2\theta) = \cos \theta. \\
& \cos(2\theta) = \cos \theta \quad 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 = \cos \theta \quad 2 \cos^2 \theta - \cos \theta - 1 = 0 \quad (2 \cos \theta + 1)(\cos \theta - 1) = 0 \\
& \quad -1 = 0 \quad 2 \cos \theta + 1 = 0 \quad \cos \theta = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \cos \theta - 1 = 0 \\
& \quad \cos \theta = 1 \\
& \cos \theta = -\frac{1}{2}, \theta = 2\pi/3 \pm 2\pi k \quad \theta = 4\pi/3 \pm 2\pi k; \cos \theta = 1, \theta = 0 \pm 2\pi k. \quad 3 \cos \theta + 3 = 2 \sin^2 \theta, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi. \\
& 3 \cos \theta + 3 = 2 \sin^2 \theta \quad 3 \cos \theta + 3 = 2(1 - \cos^2 \theta) \quad 3 \cos \theta + 3 = 2 - 2\cos^2 \theta \quad 2 \cos^2 \theta + 3 \cos \theta + 1 = 0 \quad (2 \cos \theta + 1)(\cos \theta + 1) = 0 \\
& \quad (2 \cos \theta + 1) = 0 \quad 2 \cos \theta + 1 = 0 \quad \cos \theta = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \theta = 2\pi/3, 4\pi/3 \quad \cos \theta + 1 = 0 \quad \cos \theta = -1 \quad \theta = \pi \\
& \quad 2\pi/3, 4\pi/3, \pi. \sin(2x) \cos(3x). y = \sin(2x) \quad y = \sin x. \quad 2\pi, y = \sin(2x), y = \sin x. \sin(2x) = 0 \quad \sin x = 0. \\
& \cos(2x) = \frac{1}{2} \quad [0, 2\pi). \cos(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2}, \alpha = \theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{1}{2} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} \quad \theta = \pi/3 \quad \theta = 5\pi/3. \quad 2x = \pi/3 \\
& 2x = 5\pi/3, x = \pi/6 \quad x = 5\pi/6. \cos(2(\pi/6)) = \cos(\pi/3) = \frac{1}{2}. \quad 2x = \pi/3, x = \pi/6 \\
& \quad 2x = \pi/3 + 2\pi = \pi/3 + 6\pi/3 = 7\pi/3 \\
& x = 7\pi/6. \\
& \quad 2x = \pi/3 + 4\pi = \pi/3 + 12\pi/3 = 13\pi/3 \\
& x = 13\pi/6 > 2\pi, x = 2\pi, [0, 2\pi). \quad 2x = 5\pi/3, x = 5\pi/6 \\
& \quad 2x = 5\pi/3 + 2\pi = 5\pi/3 + 6\pi/3 = 11\pi/3 \\
& x = 11\pi/6. \\
& \quad 2x = 5\pi/3 + 4\pi = 5\pi/3 + 12\pi/3 = 17\pi/3 \\
& x = 17\pi/6 > 2\pi, x = 2\pi, [0, 2\pi). \quad \pi/6, 5\pi/6, 7\pi/6, \text{ and } 11\pi/6. \sin(nx) = c, n \quad a^2 + b^2 = c^2, \\
& \quad a^2 + b^2 = c^2 \quad (23)^2 + (69.5)^2 \approx 5359 \quad 5359 \approx 73.2 \text{ m} \\
& \theta, \\
& \tan \theta = 69.5/23 \quad \tan^{-1}(69.5/23) \approx 1.2522 \quad \approx 71.69^\circ. \\
& 71.7^\circ, \theta \text{ 4a.} \\
& \cos \theta = a/4a = 1/4 \quad \cos^{-1}(1/4) \approx 75.5^\circ. \\
& 75.5^\circ. \\
& a^2 + b^2 = (4a)^2 \quad b^2 = (4a)^2 - a^2 \quad b^2 = 16a^2 - a^2 \quad b^2 = 15a^2 \quad b = 15a \\
& 15a \cos(x) = -5. \quad 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi. \quad 2 \sin \theta = -\frac{2}{3} \quad \sin \theta = -\frac{1}{3} \quad 2\pi/3, 2\pi/3 \quad 2 \cos \theta = 12 \quad \cos \theta = 6 \quad \theta = 2\pi/3, 5\pi/3 \\
& \tan \theta = -1 \quad \tan x = 1 \\
& \pi/4, 5\pi/4 \quad \cot x + 1 = 0 \quad \sin^2 x - 2 = 0 \quad \pi/4, 3\pi/4, 5\pi/4, 7\pi/4 \quad \csc^2 x - 4 = 0 \quad [0, 2\pi). \quad 2 \cos \theta = 2\pi/4, 7\pi/4 \\
& 2 \cos \theta = -12 \quad \sin \theta = -17\pi/6, 11\pi/6 \quad 2 \sin \theta = -\frac{3}{2} \quad \sin(3\theta) = \frac{1}{18}, 5\pi/18, 13\pi/18, 17\pi/18, 25\pi/18, 29\pi/18 \\
& 2 \sin(2\theta) = \frac{3}{2} \quad \cos(3\theta) = -\frac{2}{3} \quad \pi/12, 5\pi/12, 11\pi/12, 13\pi/12, 19\pi/12, 21\pi/12 \quad \cos(2\theta) = -\frac{3}{2} \quad 2 \sin(\pi\theta) = 1 \\
& 1/6, 5/6, 13/6, 17/6, 25/6, 29/6, 37/6 \quad \cos(\pi/5\theta) = 3 \quad [0, 2\pi). \sec(x) \sin(x) - 2 \sin(x) = 0, \pi/3, \pi, 5\pi/3 \\
& \tan(x) - 2 \sin(x) \tan(x) = 0 \quad 2 \cos^2 t + \cos(t) = 1 \quad \pi/3, 5\pi/3 \quad \tan^2(t) = 3 \sec(t) \\
& 2 \sin(x) \cos(x) - \sin(x) + 2 \cos(x) - 1 = 0 \quad \pi/3, 3\pi/2, 5\pi/3 \quad \cos^2 \theta = 1 \quad 2 \sec^2 x = 10, \pi \tan^2(x) = -1 + 2 \tan(-x) \\
& 8 \sin^2(x) + 6 \sin(x) + 1 = 0 \quad \pi - \sin^{-1}(-1/4), 7\pi/6, 11\pi/6, 2\pi + \sin^{-1}(-1/4) \quad \tan^5(x) = \tan(x) \quad [0, 2\pi). \\
& \sin(3x) \cos(6x) - \cos(3x) \sin(6x) = -0.9 \\
& \frac{1}{3} (\sin^{-1}(9/10)), \pi/3 - \frac{1}{3} (\sin^{-1}(9/10)), 2\pi/3 + \frac{1}{3} (\sin^{-1}(9/10)), \pi - \frac{1}{3} (\sin^{-1}(9/10)), \\
& \quad 4\pi/3 + \frac{1}{3} (\sin^{-1}(9/10)), 5\pi/3 - \frac{1}{3} (\sin^{-1}(9/10)) \\
& \sin(6x) \cos(11x) - \cos(6x) \sin(11x) = -0.1 \quad \cos(2x) \cos x + \sin(2x) \sin x = 10/6 \quad \sin(2t) + 9 \sin t = 0 \\
& 9 \cos(2\theta) = 9 \cos^2 \theta - 4\pi/6, 5\pi/6, 7\pi/6, 11\pi/6 \quad 6 \sin(2t) = \cos t \cos(2t) = \sin t \quad 3\pi/2, \pi/6, 5\pi/6 \\
& \cos(6x) - \cos(3x) = 0 \quad [0, 2\pi). \tan^2 x - 3 \tan x = 0, \pi/3, \pi, 4\pi/3 \quad \sin^2 x + \sin x - 2 = 0 \quad \sin^2 x - 2 \sin x - 4 = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&5 \cos 2x + 3 \cos x - 1 = 0 \quad 3 \cos 2x - 2 \cos x - 2 = 0 \quad \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{3} \quad \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{3} \\
&5 \sin 2x + 2 \sin x - 1 = 0 \quad \tan 2x + 5 \tan x - 1 = 0 \\
&\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \\
&\cot 2x = -\cot x \quad \tan 2x - \tan x - 2 = 0 \quad [0, 2\pi) \quad \sin 2x - \cos 2x - \sin x = 0 \quad \sin 2x + \cos 2x = 0 \quad \sin(2x) - \sin x = 0 \\
&\cos(2x) - \cos x = 0 \quad 0, 2\pi, 4\pi \quad 32 \tan x - \sec 2x - \sin 2x = \cos 2x \quad 1 - \cos(2x) = 1 + \cos(2x) \\
&\pi, 4, 3\pi, 4, 5\pi, 4, 7\pi \quad 4 \sec 2x = 710 \quad \sin x \cos x = 6 \cos x \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right), \pi, 2, \pi, \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right), 3\pi, 2 \\
&-3 \sin t = 15 \cos t \quad \sin t \quad 4 \cos 2x - 4 = 15 \cos x \cos^{-1}(-\frac{1}{4}), 2\pi, \cos^{-1}(-\frac{1}{4}), 8 \sin 2x + 6 \sin x + 1 = 0 \\
&8 \cos 2\theta = 3 - 2 \cos \theta \quad \pi, 3, \cos^{-1}(-\frac{3}{4}), 2\pi, \cos^{-1}(-\frac{3}{4}), 5\pi, 36 \cos 2x + 7 \sin x - 8 = 0 \\
&12 \sin 2t + \cos t - 6 = 0 \quad \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right), \cos^{-1}(-\frac{2}{3}), 2\pi, \cos^{-1}(-\frac{2}{3}), 2\pi, \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \quad \tan x = 3 \sin x \\
&\cos 3t = \cos t \quad 0, \pi, 2, \pi, 3\pi, 26 \sin 2x - 5 \sin x + 1 = 0 \quad 8 \cos 2x - 2 \cos x - 1 = 0 \\
&\pi, 3, \cos^{-1}(-\frac{1}{4}), 2\pi, \cos^{-1}(-\frac{1}{4}), 5\pi, 3100 \tan 2x + 20 \tan x - 3 = 0 \quad 2 \cos 2x - \cos x + 15 = 0 \\
&20 \sin 2x - 27 \sin x + 7 = 0 \quad 2 \tan 2x + 7 \tan x + 6 = 0 \\
&\pi + \tan^{-1}(-2), \pi + \tan^{-1}(-3/2), 2\pi + \tan^{-1}(-2), 2\pi + \tan^{-1}(-3/2) \quad 130 \tan 2x + 69 \tan x - 130 = 0 \\
&\sin x = 0.272\pi k + 0.2734, 2\pi k + 2.8682 \quad \sin x = -0.55 \tan x = -0.34\pi k - 0.3277 \quad \cos x = 0.71 \quad [0, 2\pi) \\
&\tan 2x + 3 \tan x - 3 = 0 \quad 0.6694, 1.8287, 3.8110, 4.97036 \quad \tan 2x + 13 \tan x = -6 \tan 2x - \sec x = 1 \\
&1.0472, 3.1416, 5.2360 \quad \sin 2x - 2 \cos 2x = 0 \quad \tan 2x + 9 \tan x - 6 = 0 \quad 0.5326, 1.7648, 3.6742, 4.9064 \\
&4 \sin 2x + \sin(2x) \sec x - 3 = 0 \quad [0, 2\pi) \quad \csc 2x - 3 \csc x - 4 = 0 \quad \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right), \pi, \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right), 3\pi, 2 \\
&\sin 2x - \cos 2x - 1 = 0 \quad \sin 2x(1 - \sin 2x) + \cos 2x(1 - \sin 2x) = 0 \quad \pi, 2, 3\pi, 2 \\
&3 \sec 2x + 2 + \sin 2x - \tan 2x + \cos 2x = 0 \quad \sin 2x - 1 + 2 \cos(2x) - \cos 2x = 1 \quad \tan 2x - 1 - \sec 3x \cos x = 0 \\
&\sin(2x) \sec 2x = 0 \quad 0, \pi, 2, \pi, 3\pi, 2 \sin(2x) \quad 2 \csc 2x = 0 \quad 2 \cos 2x - \sin 2x - \cos x - 5 = 0 \\
&1 \sec 2x + 2 + \sin 2x + 4 \cos 2x = 47.2 \cdot 5.7 \cdot 82.4 \cdot 31.0 \cdot 88.7 \cdot 59.0 \cdot 36.9 \cdot 2\pi \cdot x,
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sin(x \pm 2\pi k) = \sin x \quad \text{and} \quad \cos(x \pm 2\pi k) = \cos x \quad \text{where } k \text{ is an integer}$$

$$y = A \sin(Bt - C) + D \quad \text{or} \quad y = A \cos(Bt - C) + D$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\text{amplitude} = |A|, B \text{ period} = \frac{2\pi}{B}, C \quad C \quad B \quad D \quad y = a \sin(\omega t \pm C) + D \quad y = a \cos(\omega t \pm C) + D, \quad 2\pi \omega \cdot y = \sin x \\
&y = 2 \sin(4x - \frac{\pi}{2}) + 2. \quad y = \sin x \quad y = 2 \sin x. \quad B, \text{ period} = \frac{2\pi}{B}. \quad B = 4, \quad \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \quad C \quad B, \quad \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot 4 = \frac{\pi}{8} \cdot D. \\
&y = 2 \sin(\frac{1}{4}x) \quad y = -3 \sin(2x + \frac{\pi}{2}) \quad y = \cos x + 3 \quad y = 2 \sin(\frac{1}{4}x)
\end{aligned}$$

$$y = A \sin(Bt + C) + D$$

$$|A| = 2\pi B,$$

$$2\pi B = 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y = -3 \sin(2x + \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$y = A \sin(Bt - C) + D$$

$$|A|, |-3| = 3. \quad A = 2\pi B,$$

$$2\pi B = 2\pi \cdot 2 = \pi$$

$$C \quad B = \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot 2 = \pi \quad y = \cos x + 3$$

$$y = A \cos(Bt \pm C) + D$$

$$|A|, 2\pi. \quad y = 3 \cos(3\pi x) \quad 3, \quad 2 \cdot 3 = 6 \quad y = \cos \theta. \quad 2\pi,$$

$$2\pi \cdot 4 = \pi \cdot 2$$

$$\theta = 0, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}, \theta = 0, \pi, 2\pi, 3\pi, 2\pi, y = \cos \theta \quad 10 - 10 \quad y = -4 \cos(\pi x) \quad |-4| = 4. \quad 2\pi \omega = 2\pi \cdot \pi = 2. \quad B \quad \omega. \quad [0, 2].$$

$$x = 0 \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad x \quad y. \quad x = 0 \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad 2\pi y = -4 \cos(\pi x) - 4 \quad 40 - 4 \quad y = 3 \sin(3x) \quad 3 \sin(3x) \quad \pi \quad 6\pi \quad 3\pi \quad 2 - 32\pi \quad 3$$

$$y = A \sin(Bt - C) + D \quad \text{or} \quad F$$

$$A = \text{largest value} - \text{smallest value} \quad 2$$

$$|A| = 69 - 42.5 \quad 2 = 13.25$$

$$2\pi B = 12 \quad B = \frac{2\pi}{12} = \frac{\pi}{6}.$$

$$D = \text{highest value} + \text{lowest value} \quad 2$$

$$D = 69 + 42.5 \quad 2 = 55.8$$

$$y = 13.3 \sin(\frac{\pi}{6}x - C) + 55.8. \quad x \quad y \quad C.$$

$$42.5 = 13.3 \sin(\frac{\pi}{6}(1) - C) + 55.8 \quad -13.3 = 13.3 \sin(\frac{\pi}{6} - C) \quad -1 = \sin(\frac{\pi}{6} - C) \quad \sin \theta = -1 \rightarrow \theta = -\frac{\pi}{2} \quad \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$-C = -\frac{\pi}{2} \quad \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{2} = C \quad = 2\pi \cdot 3$$

$$y = 13.3 \sin(\pi/6 x - 2\pi/3) + 55.8. \quad y \text{ at } x = (0, 30), (3, 54), (6, 78), (9, 54), (12, 30)$$

$$|A| = |78 - 30|/2 = 24$$

$$B = 2\pi/12 = \pi/6$$

$$D = 78 + 30/2 = 54$$

$$C = 0. \quad y \text{ at } x = 0. \quad A. \quad y = A \cos(Bx \pm C) + D,$$

$$y = -24 \cos(\pi/6 x) + 54$$

$$|A| = |(15 - 7)|/2 = 4$$

B

$$2\pi/12 = \pi/6$$

$$(15 + 8)/2 = 11.5. \quad t = 0, A.$$

$$y = 4 \cos(\pi/6 t) + 11$$

$$24^\circ\text{F} \quad 40^\circ\text{F}. \quad 32^\circ\text{F}. \quad t = 0 \quad y = 8 \sin(\pi/12 t) + 32 \quad f(t) = 20 \sin(160\pi t) + 100, \quad f(t) \text{ at } t,$$

$$2\pi\omega = 2\pi/160\pi = 1/80$$

$$\omega/2\pi = 160\pi/2\pi = 80$$

$$120/80 \text{ (maximum minimum)}. \quad 120/80 \quad t = 0, d = 0.$$

$$d = a \cos(\omega t) \text{ or } d = a \sin(\omega t)$$

$$|a|/2\pi\omega = \omega/2\pi \quad y = 5 \sin(3t) \quad y = 6 \cos(\pi t) \quad y = 5 \cos(\pi/2 t) \quad y = 5 \sin(3t) \quad |a|, \quad 2\pi\omega = 2\pi/3. \quad \omega/2\pi = 3/2\pi.$$

$$y = 6 \cos(\pi t)/6. \quad 2\pi\omega = 2\pi/\pi = 2. \quad \omega/2\pi = \pi/2\pi = 1/2. \quad y = 5 \cos(\pi/2 t) \quad 5. \quad 2\pi\omega = 2\pi/\pi = 2 = 4. \quad 1/4 \cdot t$$

$$f(t) = a e^{-ct} \sin(\omega t) \text{ or } f(t) = a e^{-ct} \cos(\omega t)$$

$$c/|a|/2\pi\omega = 0.5/0.5/0.1. \quad t = 0, f = \omega/2\pi$$

$$\omega/2\pi = 0.5 \quad \omega = (0.5)2\pi = \pi$$

$$c = 0.5.$$

$$f(t) = 10 e^{-0.5t} \cos(\pi t)$$

$$c = 0.1$$

$$f(t) = 10 e^{-0.1t} \cos(\pi t)$$

$$c = 0.5 \quad c = 0.1. \quad y = a e^{-ct} \cos(\omega t) \quad a = 20, c = 0.05, p = 4a = 2, c = 1.5, f = 3 \quad 2\pi\omega = \omega/2\pi. \quad y = 20 e^{-0.05t} \cos(\pi/2 t).$$

$$y = 2 e^{-1.5t} \cos(6\pi t). \quad f(t) = 5 e^{-6t} \cos(4t) \quad 2\pi y = a e^{-ct} \sin(\omega t) \quad a = 7, c = 10, p = \pi/6a = 0.3, c = 0.2, f = 20$$

$$\omega/2\pi\omega,$$

$$\pi/6 = 2\pi\omega \quad \omega\pi = 6(2\pi) \quad \omega = 12$$

$$y = 7 e^{-10t} \sin(12t). \quad \omega/2\pi,$$

$$20 = \omega/2\pi \quad 40\pi = \omega$$

$$0.2 \quad 0.3. \quad y = 0.3 e^{-0.2t} \sin(40\pi t). \quad t = 0, t = 0. \quad y = 20 e^{-0.05t} \cos(\pi/2 t) \quad t = 0, y = 20, t = 0$$

$$y = 20 e^{-0.05(0)} \cos(\pi/2)(0) = 20(1)(1) = 20$$

$$y = 20 e^{-0.05(0)} \sin(\pi/2)(0) = 20(1)(0) = 0$$

$$a = 10, c = 0.5, p = 2. \quad y = 10 e^{-0.5t} \cos(\pi t) \quad t$$

$$A(t) = 5(1 - 0.30)t$$

$$(1 - 0.30)t = e^{-ct}$$

$$0.7 = e^{-c} \quad c = \ln 0.7 \quad c = -0.357$$

$$3 = 2\pi\omega \quad \omega = 2\pi/3$$

$$y = \cos(2\pi/3 t) + 10$$

t

$$y = -5 e^{-0.357t} \cos(2\pi/3 t) + 10$$

$$t = 0 \quad 1/3 \quad y = 5 \cos(6\pi t) \quad a e^{-ct} = e^{-ct}.$$

$$a e^{-c(t+3)} = 1/2 \quad a e^{-ct}$$

c.

$$a e^{-c(t+3)} = 1/2 \quad a e^{-ct} \quad e^{-ct} \cdot e^{-3c} = 1/2 \quad e^{-ct} \quad \text{Divide out } a.$$

$$e^{-3c} = 1/2 \quad \text{Divide out } e$$

$$-ct. \quad e^{-3c} = 1/2 \quad \text{Take reciprocals.}$$

$$e^{3c} = 2 \quad 3c = \ln 2 \quad c = \ln 2/3$$

$$\ln 2/3. \quad f(x) = \cos(2\pi x) \cos(16\pi x). \quad f(x) \quad f(x) \quad y = \cos(2\pi x) \quad y = -\cos(2\pi x)$$

$$y=A \sin(Bt-C)+D \text{ or } y=A \cos(Bt-C)+D d=a \cos(\omega t) \text{ or } d=a \sin(\omega t)$$

$$f(t)=a e^{-c t} \sin(\omega t) \text{ or } f(t)=a e^{-c t} \cos(\omega t)$$

$$xy_0-43-1629-112-415-1182y=-3\cos(\pi/6x)-1xy_05214-3618510112-3xy_02\pi/47\pi/223\pi/4-3\pi/25\pi/473\pi/225\sin(2x)+2xy_02\pi/47\pi/223\pi/4-3\pi/25\pi/473\pi/22xy_011-32-73-3415-36-74\cos(x\pi/2)-3xy_0-214210344-254610xy_051-325313455-3655-8\sin(x\pi/2)xy_0-3-1-2-2-1-11-20012-12132+1xy_0-13-20012-3233314352+3\tan(x\pi/12)f(x)=-30\cos(x\pi/6)-20\cos^2(x\pi/6)+80[0,12]$$

$$f(x)=-18\cos(x\pi/12)-5\sin(x\pi/12)+100[0,24]f(x)=10-\sin(x\pi/6)+24\tan(x\pi/240)[0,80]105^\circ\text{F } 85^\circ\text{F } 84^\circ\text{F } 70^\circ\text{F } 56^\circ\text{F } 47^\circ\text{F } 63^\circ\text{F } 51^\circ\text{F } 64^\circ\text{F } 86^\circ\text{F } 70^\circ\text{F } 1.8024 \text{ h(t) h(t)=8sin(6\pi t), t h(t)}$$

$$h(t)=11\sin(12\pi t), t \ 1/6, h(t) h(t)=4\cos(\pi/2t), t h(t), h(t)=-5\cos(60\pi t), t \ 1/30, P, t. P, t.$$

$$P(t)=-15\cos(\pi/6t)+650+556tP, t. P, t. P(t)=-40\cos(\pi/6t)+800(1.04)tD, t. D, t,$$

$$D(t)=7(0.89)t\cos(40\pi t)D, t. D, t. D(t)=19(0.9265)t\cos(26\pi t)20.1-0.10.1\text{ cm}, -0.10.1\text{ cm},$$

$$0.1\text{ cm}.0.1\text{ cm}.22^\circ, 112^\circ, 60^\circ, 150^\circ, 90^\circ y=a b x+c\sin(\pi/2x)xyxy=6(5)x+4\sin(\pi/2x)xy$$

$$y=a b x\cos(\pi/2x)+cxyy=8(1/2)x\cos(\pi/2x)+3xy[0,2\pi).csc^2t=3$$

$$\sin^{-1}(3/3), \pi-\sin^{-1}(3/3), \pi+\sin^{-1}(3/3), 2\pi-\sin^{-1}(3/3)\cos 2x=142\sin\theta=-17\pi/6, 11\pi/6$$

$$\tan x \sin x+\sin(-x)=09\sin\omega-2=4\sin^2\omega\sin^{-1}(1/4), \pi-\sin^{-1}(1/4)1-2\tan(\omega)=\tan^2(\omega)$$

$$\sec x \cos x+\cos x-1\sec x1\sin 3x+\cos 2x \sin x\sin 2x+\sec 2x-1=(1-\cos 2x)(1+\cos 2x)\cos 2x$$

$$\tan 3x \csc 2x \cot 2x \cos x \sin x=1\tan(7\pi/12)-2-3\cos(25\pi/12)$$

$$\sin(70^\circ)\cos(25^\circ)-\cos(70^\circ)\sin(25^\circ)22\cos(83^\circ)\cos(23^\circ)+\sin(83^\circ)\sin(23^\circ)$$

$$\cos(4x)-\cos(3x)\cos x=\sin 2x-4\cos 2x \sin 2x$$

$$\cos(4x)-\cos(3x)\cos x=\cos(2x+2x)-\cos(x+2x)\cos x=\cos(2x)\cos(2x)-\sin(2x)$$

$$\sin(2x)-\cos x \cos(2x)\cos x+\sin x \sin(2x)\cos x=(\cos^2x-\sin^2x)^2-4\cos^2$$

$$x \sin 2x-\cos 2x(\cos 2x-\sin 2x)+\sin x(2)\sin x \cos x \cos x=(\cos^2x-\sin^2x)$$

$$2-4\cos^2x \sin 2x-\cos 2x(\cos 2x-\sin 2x)+2\sin^2x \cos 2x=\cos^4x-2\cos$$

$$2x \sin 2x+\sin 4x-4\cos^2x \sin 2x-\cos 4x+\cos 2x \sin 2x+2\sin^2x \cos 2x=\sin 2x(\sin 2x+\cos 2x)-4\cos 2x$$

$$\sin 4x-4\cos^2x \sin 2x+\cos 2x \sin 2x=\sin 2x(\sin 2x+\cos 2x)-4\cos 2x$$

$$\sin 2x=\sin 2x-4\cos^2x \sin 2x$$

$$\cos(3x)-\cos 3x=-\cos x \sin 2x-\sin x \sin(2x)\tan(1/2x)+\tan(1/8x)1-\tan(1/8x)\tan(1/2x)\tan(5/8x)$$

$$\cos(\sin^{-1}(0)-\cos^{-1}(1/2))\tan(\sin^{-1}(0)+\sin^{-1}(1/2))33\sin(2\theta), \cos(2\theta), \tan(2\theta)$$

$$\cos\theta=-1/3\theta\in[\pi/2, \pi]. \sin(2\theta), \cos(2\theta), \tan(2\theta) \sec\theta=-5/3\theta\in[\pi/2, \pi].-24/25, -7/25, 24/7$$

$$\sin(7\pi/8)\sec(3\pi/8)2(2+2)\sin(2\beta), \cos(2\beta), \tan(2\beta), \sin(2\alpha), \cos(2\alpha), \text{ and } \tan(2\alpha)$$

$$\sin(\beta/2), \cos(\beta/2), \tan(\beta/2), \sin(\alpha/2), \cos(\alpha/2), \text{ and } \tan(\alpha/2)2/10, 7/2/10, 1/7, 3/5, 4/5, 3/4$$

$$2\cos(2x)\sin(2x)=\cot x-\tan x\cot x \cos(2x)=-\sin(2x)+\cot x$$

$$\cot x \cos(2x)=\cot x(1-2\sin^2x)=\cot x-\cos x \sin x(2)\sin 2x=-2\sin x \cos x+\cot x$$

$$=-\sin(2x)+\cot x$$

$$\cos 2x \sin 4(2x)\tan 2x \sin 3x10\sin x-5\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)8(\cos(2x)+1)\cos(\pi/3)\sin(\pi/4)$$

$$2\sin(2\pi/3)\sin(5\pi/6)322\cos(\pi/5)\cos(\pi/3)\sin(\pi/12)-\sin(7\pi/12)-22\cos(5\pi/12)+\cos(7\pi/12)$$

$$\sin(9x)\cos(3x)1/2(\sin(6x)+\sin(12x))\cos(7x)\cos(12x)\sin(11x)+\sin(2x)2\sin(13/2x)\cos(9/2x)$$

$$\cos(6x)+\cos(5x)\in[0,2\pi). \tan x+1=03\pi/4, 7\pi/42\sin(2x)+2=0\in[0,2\pi).2\sin^2x-\sin x=00, \pi/6, 5\pi/6, \pi$$

$$\cos 2x-\cos x-1=02\sin^2x+5\sin x+3=03\pi/2\cos x-5\sin(2x)=01\sec 2x+2+\sin 2x+4\cos 2x=0$$

$$\in[0,2\pi).3\cot 2x+\cot x=1\csc^2x-3\csc x-4=00.2527, 2.8889, 4.7124\in[0,2\pi).20\cos 2x+21\cos x+1=0$$

$$\sec 2x-2\sec x=151.3694, 1.9106, 4.3726, 4.9137x_012345y_01611616xy_0-2112-23-54-251$$

$$3\sin(x\pi/2)-2xy_0-33+22-23-122-10113-222-13-1-2271.6\cdot t, P(t)=950-450\sin(\pi/6t)90^\circ\text{F } 30^\circ\text{F}$$

$$y=3\cos(x\pi)12y=-2\sin(16x\pi)t, C(t)=20\sin(2\pi t)+100(1.4427)tt, \cos(-x)\sin x \cot x+\sin 2x$$

$$\sin(-x)\cos(-2x)-\sin(-x)\cos(-2x)\cos(7\pi/12)2-64\tan(3\pi/8)\tan(\sin^{-1}(2/2))+\tan^{-1}3)-2-3$$

$$2\sin(\pi/4)\sin(\pi/6)\in[0,2\pi). \cos 2x-\sin 2x-1=00, \pi\cos 2x=\cos x4\sin^2x+2\sin x-3=0$$

$$\sin^{-1}(1/4(13-1)), \pi-\sin^{-1}(1/4(13-1))\cos(2x)+\sin 2x=02\sin^2x-\sin x=00, \pi/6, 5\pi/6, \pi$$

$$\cos(2x)+\cos(-8x). \tan(x)-3=0.\pi/3+k\pi \sec 2x-2\sec x=15\in[0,2\pi) \sin(2\theta), \cos(2\theta), \tan(2\theta)$$

$$\cot\theta=-3/4\theta\in[\pi/2, \pi].-24/25, -7/25, 24/7\sin(\theta/2), \cos(\theta/2), \tan(\theta/2) \cos\theta=7/25\theta \sin 4x$$

$$\begin{aligned} 18(3 + \cos(4x) - 4\cos(2x)) \tan 3x - \tan x \sec 2x &= \tan(-x) \sin(3x) - \cos x \sin(2x) = \cos 2x \sin x - \sin 3x \\ \sin(3x) - \cos x \sin(2x) &= \sin(x+2x) - \cos x (2\sin x \cos x) = \\ \sin x \cos(2x) + \sin(2x) \cos x - 2\sin x \cos 2x &= \sin x (\cos 2x - \sin 2x) + 2\sin x \cos x \cos x - 2\sin x \\ \cos 2x &= \sin x \cos 2x - \sin 3x + 0 = \cos 2x \sin x - \sin 3x = \cos 2x \sin x - \sin 3x \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin(2x) \sin x - \cos(2x) \cos x = \sec x y = A \cos(Bx + C) + D \quad x^2 + y^2 = 2 \cos(\pi x + \pi) h(t)$$

$$h(t) = 14 \sin(120\pi t), t \in [0, 78.7] \quad n(t) = 8 \cos(20\pi t) \cos(1000\pi t) \quad 6 + 5 \cos(\pi/6(1-x)) t$$

$$D(t) = 2 \cos(\pi/6 t) + 108 + 14t, \sin \alpha = h/b, \sin \beta = h/a, h/h.$$

$$\begin{aligned} h &= b \sin \alpha \text{ and } h = a \sin \beta \\ b \sin \alpha &= a \sin \beta \quad (1/a) (b \sin \alpha) = (1/a) (a \sin \beta) \quad \text{Multiply both sides by } 1/a. \quad \sin \alpha a = \sin \beta b \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \alpha a &= \sin \gamma c \text{ and } \sin \beta b = \sin \gamma c \\ \sin \alpha a &= \sin \beta b = \sin \gamma c \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha a; \beta b; \gamma c.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \alpha a &= \sin \beta b = \sin \gamma c \\ a \sin \alpha &= b \sin \beta = c \sin \gamma \\ \beta &= 180^\circ - 50^\circ - 30^\circ = 100^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = 50^\circ, a = 10, c.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(50^\circ) 10 &= \sin(30^\circ) c \quad \sin(50^\circ) 10 = \sin(30^\circ) \quad \text{Multiply both sides by } c. \quad c = \sin(30^\circ) 10 \\ \sin(50^\circ) &\text{ Multiply by the reciprocal to isolate } c. \quad c \approx 6.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$b,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(50^\circ) 10 &= \sin(100^\circ) b \quad b \sin(50^\circ) = 10 \sin(100^\circ) \quad \text{Multiply both sides by } b. \quad b = 10 \sin(100^\circ) \\ \sin(50^\circ) &\text{ Multiply by the reciprocal to isolate } b. \quad b \approx 12.9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = 50^\circ \quad a = 10 \quad \beta = 100^\circ \quad b \approx 12.9 \quad \gamma = 30^\circ \quad c \approx 6.5$$

$$\alpha = 98^\circ, a = 34.6, \beta = 39^\circ, b = 22, \gamma = 43^\circ, c = 23.8, a/b, \alpha/\beta, \gamma, c/\beta,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \alpha a &= \sin \beta b \quad \sin(35^\circ) 6 = \sin \beta 8 \quad 8 \sin(35^\circ) 6 = \sin \beta \quad 0.7648 \approx \sin \beta \quad \sin^{-1}(0.7648) \approx 49.9^\circ \quad \beta \approx 49.9^\circ \\ \beta &? \quad \gamma \beta \quad \beta = 180^\circ - 49.9^\circ = 130.1^\circ, \gamma, \end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma = 180^\circ - 35^\circ - 130.1^\circ \approx 14.9^\circ$$

$$\gamma' = \gamma,$$

$$\gamma' = 180^\circ - 35^\circ - 49.9^\circ \approx 95.1^\circ$$

$$c = c'.$$

$$\begin{aligned} c \sin(14.9^\circ) &= 6 \sin(35^\circ) & c &= 6 \sin(14.9^\circ) \sin(35^\circ) \approx 2.7 \\ c' \sin(95.1^\circ) &= 6 \sin(35^\circ) & c' &= 6 \sin(95.1^\circ) \sin(35^\circ) \approx 10.4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\beta, \alpha = 80^\circ, a = 120, b = 121,$$

$$\alpha = 80^\circ, a = 120, \beta \approx 83.2^\circ, b = 121, \gamma \approx 16.8^\circ, c \approx 35.2$$

$$\alpha' = 80^\circ, a' = 120, \beta' \approx 96.8^\circ, b' = 121, \gamma' \approx 3.2^\circ, c' \approx 6.8$$

$$\gamma = 85^\circ, c = 12, b = 9, \beta.$$

$$\sin(85^\circ) 12 = \sin \beta 9 \quad \text{Isolate the unknown.} \quad 9 \sin(85^\circ) 12 = \sin \beta$$

$$\beta, \beta.$$

$$\beta = \sin^{-1}(9 \sin(85^\circ) 12) \beta \approx \sin^{-1}(0.7471) \beta \approx 48.3^\circ$$

$$\beta \beta = 180^\circ - 48.3^\circ \approx 131.7^\circ.$$

$$\alpha = 180^\circ - 85^\circ - 131.7^\circ \approx -36.7^\circ,$$

$$\beta \approx 48.3^\circ, \alpha = 180^\circ - 85^\circ - 48.3^\circ \approx 46.7^\circ, a$$

$$\sin(85^\circ) 12 = \sin(46.7^\circ) a \quad a \sin(85^\circ) 12 = \sin(46.7^\circ) \quad a = 12 \sin(46.7^\circ) \sin(85^\circ) \approx 8.8$$

$$\alpha \approx 46.7^\circ, a \approx 8.8, \beta \approx 48.3^\circ, b = 9, \gamma = 85^\circ, c = 12$$

$$\alpha = 80^\circ, a = 100, b = 10, \beta \approx 5.7^\circ, \gamma \approx 94.3^\circ, c \approx 101.3$$

$$\sin \alpha 10 = \sin(50^\circ) 4 \quad \sin \alpha = 10 \sin(50^\circ) 4 \quad \sin \alpha \approx 1.915$$

$$\alpha. [-1, 1], \sin^{-1}(1.915) a = 31, b = 26, \beta = 48^\circ. \text{ Area} = \frac{1}{2} bh, b/h/h \sin \alpha = \text{opposite hypotenuse}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{h}{c} \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{b}{c} \quad \alpha' = 180 - \alpha.$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} (\text{base})(\text{height}) = \frac{1}{2} b(c \sin \alpha)$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} a(b \sin \gamma) = \frac{1}{2} a(c \sin \beta)$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2} ac \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \gamma$$

$$a=90, b=52, \gamma=102^\circ.$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \gamma \quad \text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} (90)(52) \sin(102^\circ) \quad \text{Area} \approx 2289 \text{ square units}$$

$$\beta=42^\circ, a=7.2 \text{ ft}, c=3.4 \text{ ft}. \quad 8.2 \text{ square feet a, h.}$$

$$\sin(130^\circ) \frac{20}{a} = \sin(35^\circ) \quad a \sin(130^\circ) = 20 \sin(35^\circ) \quad a = \frac{20 \sin(35^\circ)}{\sin(130^\circ)} \quad a \approx 14.98$$

$$a, h.$$

$$\sin(15^\circ) = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}} \quad \sin(15^\circ) = \frac{h}{a} \quad \sin(15^\circ) = \frac{h}{14.98} \quad h = 14.98 \sin(15^\circ) \quad h \approx 3.88$$

$$B, \sin \alpha \frac{a}{b} = \sin \beta \frac{b}{c} \quad a \sin \alpha = b \sin \beta = c \sin \gamma$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2} ac \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \gamma \quad \alpha, \beta, \gamma \quad c. \alpha=43^\circ, \gamma=69^\circ, a=20 \quad \alpha=35^\circ, \gamma=73^\circ, c=20$$

$$\beta=72^\circ, a \approx 12.0, b \approx 19.9 \quad \alpha=60^\circ, \beta=60^\circ, \gamma=60^\circ \quad a=4, \alpha=60^\circ, \beta=100^\circ \quad \gamma=20^\circ, b \approx 4.5, c \approx 1.6 \quad b=10, \beta=95^\circ, \gamma=30^\circ$$

$$A, a, B, b, C, c. \quad b \quad A=37^\circ, B=49^\circ, c=5. \quad b \approx 3.78 \quad a \quad A=132^\circ, C=23^\circ, b=10. \quad c \quad B=37^\circ, C=21^\circ, b=23. \quad c \approx 13.70 \quad a$$

$$a, \beta, \gamma \quad c. \alpha=119^\circ, a=14, b=26 \quad \gamma=113^\circ, b=10, c=32 \quad \alpha \approx 50.3^\circ, \beta \approx 16.7^\circ, a \approx 26.7 \quad b=3.5, c=5.3, \gamma=80^\circ$$

$$a=12, c=17, \alpha=35^\circ \quad \gamma \approx 54.3^\circ, \beta \approx 90.7^\circ, b \approx 20.9 \quad \gamma' \approx 125.7^\circ, \beta' \approx 19.3^\circ, b' \approx 6.9 \quad a=20.5, b=35.0, \beta=25^\circ$$

$$a=7, c=9, \alpha=43^\circ \quad \beta \approx 75.7^\circ, \gamma \approx 61.3^\circ, b \approx 9.9 \quad \beta' \approx 18.3^\circ, \gamma' \approx 118.7^\circ, b' \approx 3.2 \quad a=7, b=3, \beta=24^\circ \quad b=13, c=5, \gamma=10^\circ$$

$$\alpha \approx 143.2^\circ, \beta \approx 26.8^\circ, a \approx 17.3 \quad \alpha' \approx 16.8^\circ, \beta' \approx 153.2^\circ, a' \approx 8.3 \quad a=2.3, c=1.8, \gamma=28^\circ \quad \beta=119^\circ, b=8.2, a=11.3 \quad A$$

$$a=24, b=5, B=22^\circ. \quad A \quad a=13, b=6, B=20^\circ. \quad A \approx 47.8^\circ \quad A' \approx 132.2^\circ \quad B \quad A=12^\circ, a=2, b=9. \quad a=5, c=6, \beta=35^\circ \quad 8.6$$

$$b=11, c=8, \alpha=28^\circ \quad a=32, b=24, \gamma=75^\circ \quad 370.9 \quad a=7.2, b=4.5, \gamma=43^\circ \quad x. \quad 12.3 \quad 12.2 \quad 16.0 \quad x, \quad 29.7^\circ \quad x=76.9^\circ \text{ or } x=103.1^\circ$$

$$x \quad 110.6^\circ \quad A \approx 39.4, C \approx 47.6, BC \approx 20.7 \quad 57.1 \quad 42.0 \quad 430.2 \quad 10.1 \quad m \angle ADC \quad AD \quad AD \approx 13.8 \quad AB \quad AB \approx 2.8 \quad H \quad JK). \quad N$$

$$LM). \quad L \approx 49.7, N \approx 56.3, LN \approx 5.8 \quad ABCD \quad \angle m \quad 7^\circ \quad 55^\circ, \quad A \quad A \quad B, \quad A \quad B \quad 86.2^\circ \quad 83.9^\circ, \quad A \quad A \quad 67^\circ. \quad 16^\circ. \quad 20^\circ \quad 38^\circ$$

$$37^\circ \quad 44^\circ, \quad A \quad A \quad A \quad B \quad C \quad A. \quad BAC \quad ACB \quad A \quad B, \quad 3 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad A, B, C, \quad A \quad B. \quad C \quad B \quad A \quad B, \quad A \quad B? \quad ABC \quad A \quad c \quad C \quad (x, y) \quad C$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{x(\text{adjacent})}{b(\text{hypotenuse})} \quad \text{and} \quad \sin \theta = \frac{y(\text{opposite})}{b(\text{hypotenuse})}$$

$$\theta, x = b \cos \theta \quad y = b \sin \theta. \quad (x, y) \quad C \quad (b \cos \theta, b \sin \theta). \quad (x - c) \quad y \quad a$$

$$a^2 = (x - c)^2 + y^2 = (b \cos \theta - c)^2 + (b \sin \theta)^2 \quad \text{Substitute } (b \cos \theta) \text{ for } x \text{ and } (b \sin \theta) \text{ for } y. \quad = (b^2 \cos^2 \theta - 2bccos \theta + c^2) + b^2 \sin^2 \theta \quad \text{Expand the perfect square.} \quad = b^2 \cos^2 \theta + b^2 \sin^2 \theta + c^2$$

$$- 2bccos \theta \quad \text{Group terms noting that } \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1. \quad = b^2 (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta) + c^2 - 2bccos \theta$$

$$\text{Factor out } b^2. \quad a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bccos \theta$$

$$\alpha, \beta, \gamma, a, b, c,$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \alpha \quad b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos \beta \quad c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \gamma$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} \quad \cos \beta = \frac{a^2 + c^2 - b^2}{2ac} \quad \cos \gamma = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab}$$

$$b, \beta.$$

$$b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2accos \beta \quad b^2 = 10^2 + 12^2 - 2(10)(12) \cos(30^\circ)$$

$$\text{Substitute the measurements for the known quantities. } b^2 = 100 + 144 - 240(\cos 30^\circ)$$

$$\text{Evaluate the cosine and begin to simplify. } b^2 = 244 - 120 \sqrt{3} \quad b = \sqrt{244 - 120 \sqrt{3}} \quad \text{Use the square root property.}$$

$$b \approx 6.013$$

$$b, \alpha,$$

$$\sin \alpha \frac{a}{b} = \sin \beta \frac{b}{c} \quad \sin \alpha \frac{10}{6.013} = \sin(30^\circ) \frac{6.013}{12} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{10 \sin(30^\circ)}{12} \quad 6.013$$

$$\text{Multiply both sides of the equation by 12. } \alpha = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{10 \sin(30^\circ)}{12} \right) \quad \text{Find the inverse sine of}$$

$$\frac{10 \sin(30^\circ)}{12} \quad 6.013. \quad \alpha \approx 56.3^\circ$$

$$\alpha \quad \alpha = 180^\circ - 56.3^\circ \approx 123.7^\circ. \quad \alpha \quad \alpha \quad 123.7^\circ \quad 0^\circ \quad 180^\circ. \quad \alpha \approx 56.3^\circ,$$

$$\gamma = 180^\circ - 30^\circ - 56.3^\circ \approx 93.7^\circ$$

$$\alpha \approx 56.3^\circ \quad a = 10 \quad \beta = 30^\circ \quad b \approx 6.013 \quad \gamma \approx 93.7^\circ \quad c = 12$$

$$\alpha = 30^\circ, b = 12, c = 24. \quad a \approx 14.9, \beta \approx 23.8^\circ, \gamma \approx 126.2^\circ. \quad \alpha \quad a = 20, b = 25, c = 18. \quad \alpha,$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bccos \alpha$$

$$20^2 = 25^2 + 18^2 - 2(25)(18)cos \alpha$$

Substitute the appropriate measurements.

400=625+324-900cos  $\alpha$  Simplify in each step.

$$400=949-900cos \alpha$$

$$-549=-900cos \alpha$$

$$Isolate cos \alpha. \quad -549/-900 = cos \alpha$$

$$0.61 \approx cos \alpha \quad cos^{-1}(0.61) \approx \alpha$$

$$Find the inverse cosine. \quad \alpha \approx 52.4^\circ$$

$$a=5, b=7, c=10, \alpha \approx 27.7^\circ, \beta \approx 40.5^\circ, \gamma \approx 111.8^\circ \quad \theta. \quad a=2420, b=5050, c=6000. \quad \theta. \quad a=2420.$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bccos \theta$$

$$(2420)^2 = (5050)^2 +$$

$$(6000)^2 - 2(5050)(6000)cos \theta \quad (2420)^2 - (5050)^2 - (6000)^2 = -2(5050)(6000)cos \theta \quad (2420)^2 -$$

$$(5050)^2 - (6000)^2 - 2(5050)(6000) = cos \theta$$

$$cos \theta \approx 0.9183$$

$$\theta \approx cos^{-1}(0.9183)$$

$$\theta \approx 23.3^\circ$$

$$\theta = 23.3^\circ$$

$$cos(23.3^\circ) = x/5050$$

$$x = 5050cos(23.3^\circ)$$

$$x \approx 4638.15 \text{ feet} \quad sin(23.3^\circ) = y/5050$$

$$y = 5050sin(23.3^\circ)$$

$$y \approx 1997.5 \text{ feet}$$

$$180^\circ - 20^\circ = 160^\circ.$$

$$x^2 = 8^2 + 10^2 - 2(8)(10)cos(160^\circ) \quad x^2 = 314.35 \quad x = 314.35 \quad x \approx 17.7 \text{ miles}$$

a, b, c

$$Area = s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)$$

$$s = (a+b+c)/2$$

$$s = (10+15+7)/2 = 16$$

$$Area = s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c) \quad Area = 16(16-10)(16-15)(16-7) \quad Area \approx 29.4$$

$$a=29.7 \text{ ft}, b=42.3 \text{ ft}, c=38.4 \text{ ft}, s,$$

$$s = (62.4+43.5+34.1)/2 = 70 \text{ m}$$

$$Area = 70(70-62.4)(70-43.5)(70-34.1) \quad Area = 506,118.2 \quad Area \approx 711.4$$

$$a=4.38 \text{ ft}, b=3.79 \text{ ft}, c=5.22 \text{ ft}.$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bccos \alpha \quad b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2accos \beta \quad c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2abcos \gamma$$

$$Area = s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c) \text{ where } s = (a+b+c)/2 \quad s, \alpha, \beta, \gamma, c. \quad \gamma=41.2^\circ, a=2.49, b=3.13 \quad \alpha=120^\circ, b=6, c=7$$

$$\beta=58.7^\circ, a=10.6, c=15.7 \quad \gamma=115^\circ, a=18, b=23 \quad \alpha=119^\circ, a=26, b=14 \quad \gamma=113^\circ, b=10, c=32 \quad \beta=67^\circ, a=49, b=38$$

$$\alpha=43.1^\circ, a=184.2, b=242.8 \quad \alpha=36.6^\circ, a=186.2, b=242.2 \quad \beta=50^\circ, a=105, b=45 \quad a=42, b=19, c=30; \quad A.$$

$$a=14, b=13, c=20; \quad C. \quad a=16, b=31, c=20; \quad B. \quad a=13, b=22, c=28; \quad A. \quad a=108, b=132, c=160; \quad C.$$

$$A=35^\circ, b=8, c=11 \quad B \approx 45.9^\circ, C \approx 99.1^\circ, a \approx 6.4 \quad B=88^\circ, a=4.4, c=5.2 \quad C=121^\circ, a=21, b=37 \quad A \approx 20.6^\circ, B \approx 38.4^\circ, c \approx 51.1$$

$$a=13, b=11, c=15 \quad a=3.1, b=3.5, c=5 \quad A \approx 37.8^\circ, B \approx 43.8^\circ, C \approx 98.4^\circ \quad a=51, b=25, c=29 \quad a=12 \text{ m}, b=13 \text{ m}, c=14 \text{ m}$$

$$a=12.4 \text{ ft}, b=13.7 \text{ ft}, c=20.2 \text{ ft} \quad a=1.6 \text{ yd}, b=2.6 \text{ yd}, c=4.1 \text{ yd} \quad x. \quad A. \quad x^2 = 25+36-60cos(52^\circ) \quad (x, y) \quad (r, \theta) \quad r$$

$$\theta, r. \quad \theta, r. \quad \theta. \quad \theta, r. \quad (2, \pi/4), \pi/4 \quad (3, \pi/2), \pi/2 \quad (2, \pi/3), (-2, \pi/6), \pi/6 \quad r=-2. \quad r(2, \pi/6), \pi/6$$

$$\pi/6 \quad (2, \pi/6) \quad (3, -\pi/6) \quad (2, 9\pi/4) \quad x, y, r, \theta.$$

$$cos \theta = x/r \rightarrow x = rcos \theta \quad sin \theta = y/r \rightarrow y = rsin \theta$$

$$cos \theta \quad sin \theta \quad (r, \theta) \quad (x, y),$$

$$cos \theta = x/r \rightarrow x = rcos \theta$$

$$sin \theta = y/r \rightarrow y = rsin \theta$$

$$(r, \theta), x = rcos \theta \quad y = rsin \theta. \quad cos \theta \quad sin \theta. \quad cos \theta \quad r \quad sin \theta \quad r \quad (3, \pi/2)$$

$$x = rcos \theta \quad x = 3cos \pi/2 = 0 \quad y = rsin \theta \quad y = 3sin \pi/2 = 3$$

$$(0, 3). \quad (-2, 0)$$

$$x = rcos \theta \quad x = -2cos(0) = -2 \quad y = rsin \theta \quad y = -2sin(0) = 0$$

$$(-2, 0). \quad (-1, 2\pi/3) \quad (x, y) = (1/2, -3/2)$$

$$cos \theta = x/r \quad \text{or} \quad x = rcos \theta \quad sin \theta = y/r \quad \text{or} \quad y = rsin \theta \quad r^2 = x^2 + y^2 \quad tan \theta = y/x$$

$$(3, 3) \quad (3, 3) \quad \theta, \quad tan \theta = y/x.$$

$$tan \theta = 3/3 \quad tan \theta = 1 \quad tan^{-1}(1) = \pi/4$$

$$r, \quad x, \quad y \quad r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \quad r = \pi/4$$

$$r = \sqrt{3^2 + 3^2} \quad r = \sqrt{9+9} \quad r = \sqrt{18} = 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$r = 3\sqrt{2} \quad \theta = \pi/4, \quad (3\sqrt{2}, \pi/4). \quad (-3\sqrt{2}, 5\pi/4) \quad (3\sqrt{2}, -7\pi/4) \quad (3\sqrt{2}, \pi/4). \quad (-3\sqrt{2}, 5\pi/4) \quad \pi, \quad \pi/4. \quad -3\sqrt{2}.$$

$$5\pi/4, r(3/2, \pi/4), (3/2, -7\pi/4) - 7\pi/4, \pi/4, 3/2, r/1, r/2, \dots, r/6. r. x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad x = r \cos \theta, y = r \sin \theta.$$

$$(r \cos \theta)^2 + (r \sin \theta)^2 = 9 \quad r^2 \cos^2 \theta + r^2 \sin^2 \theta = 9 \quad r^2 (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta) = 9 \quad r^2$$

$$(1) = 9 \quad \text{Substitute } \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1. \quad r = \pm 3 \quad \text{Use the square root property.}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 9, r=3, r=-3 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad r=3 \quad y.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad y^2 = 9 - x^2 \quad y = \pm \sqrt{9 - x^2}$$

$$Y_1 = \sqrt{9 - x^2} \quad Y_2 = -\sqrt{9 - x^2} \quad x^2 + y^2 = 6y$$

$$r^2 = 6y \quad \text{Use } x^2 + y^2 = r^2.$$

$$r^2 = 6r \sin \theta \quad \text{Substitute } y = r \sin \theta. \quad r^2$$

$$-6r \sin \theta = 0 \quad \text{Set equal to 0.} \quad r(r - 6 \sin \theta) = 0 \quad \text{Factor and solve.} \quad r = 0$$

$$\text{We reject } r=0, \text{ as it only represents one point, } (0,0).$$

$$\text{or } r = 6 \sin \theta$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 6y \quad r = 6 \sin \theta \quad x^2 + y^2 = 6y \quad r = 6 \sin \theta \quad y = 3x + 2 \quad x = r \cos \theta \quad y = r \sin \theta.$$

$$y = 3x + 2$$

$$r \sin \theta = 3r \cos \theta + 2 \quad r \sin \theta - 3r \cos \theta = 2 \quad r(\sin \theta - 3 \cos \theta) = 2 \quad \text{Isolate } r.$$

$$r = \frac{2}{\sin \theta - 3 \cos \theta} \quad \text{Solve for } r.$$

$$y^2 = 3 - x^2 \quad r = 3 \quad r = 2 \sec \theta$$

$$r = 2 \sec \theta$$

$$r = 2 \cos \theta \quad r \cos \theta = 2$$

$$x = 2$$

$$r = 2 \sec \theta \quad x = 2 \quad x = c \quad r = c \sec \theta \quad r = 2 \csc \theta \quad y = 2. \quad r = c \csc \theta \quad y = c. \quad r = 3 \quad 1 - 2 \cos \theta \quad \theta \quad r, x, y. \quad r \times y,$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = r^2.$$

$$r = 3 \quad 1 - 2 \cos \theta \quad r(1 - 2 \cos \theta) = 3 \quad r(1 - 2(x/r)) = 3 \quad \text{Use } \cos \theta = x/r \text{ to eliminate } \theta. \quad r - 2x = 3$$

$$r = 3 + 2x \quad \text{Isolate } r.$$

$$r^2 = (3 + 2x)^2 \quad \text{Square both sides.}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = (3 + 2x)^2 \quad \text{Use}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = r^2.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = (3 + 2x)^2 \quad y.$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = (3 + 2x)^2$$

$$y^2 = (3 + 2x)^2 - x^2$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{(3 + 2x)^2 - x^2}$$

$$r = \theta \quad x, y, y$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = (3 + 2x)^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 - (3 + 2x)^2 = 0 \quad x^2 + y^2 - (9 + 12x + 4x^2) = 0 \quad x$$

$$2 + y^2 - 9 - 12x - 4x^2 = 0 \quad -3x^2 - 12x + y^2 = 9 \quad \text{Multiply through by } -1. \quad 3x^2 + 12x - y$$

$$2 = -9 \quad 3(x^2 + 4x + \quad) - y^2 = -9 \quad \text{Organize terms to complete the square for } x. \quad 3(x^2 + 4x + 4) -$$

$$y^2 = -9 + 12$$

$$3(x + 2)^2 - y^2 = 3$$

$$(x + 2)^2 - y^2/3 = 1$$

$$r = 2 \sin \theta \quad x^2 + y^2 = 2y \quad x^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 1 \quad r = \sin(2\theta)$$

$$r = \sin(2\theta) \quad \text{Use the double angle identity for sine.}$$

$$r = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \quad \text{Use } \cos \theta = x/r$$

$$\text{and } \sin \theta = y/r.$$

$$r = 2(x/r)(y/r) \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$r = 2xy/r^2 \quad \text{Multiply both sides by } r^2.$$

$$r^3 = 2xy \quad (x^2 + y^2)^3 = 2xy \quad \text{As } x^2 + y^2 = r^2, r = x^2 + y^2.$$

$$(x^2 + y^2)^3 = 2xy \quad \text{or } x^2 + y^2 = (2xy)^{1/3}$$

$$\cos \theta = x/r \rightarrow x = r \cos \theta \quad \sin \theta = y/r \rightarrow y = r \sin \theta \quad r^2 = x^2 + y^2 \quad \tan \theta = y/x \quad (r, \theta), \theta > 0, \theta, r, \theta. \quad \theta, r, \theta. \quad r, \theta.$$

$$x = r \cos \theta \quad y = r \sin \theta. \quad \cos \theta = x/r, \sin \theta = y/r, \tan \theta = y/x, r = x^2 + y^2. \quad \theta, r, r, r, r, \theta \quad (3, \pi/2) \quad (-3, \pi/2)$$

$$(-3, \pi/2) \quad (3, -\pi/2) \quad (-3, \pi/2) \quad \pi/2 \quad (3, -\pi/2) \quad -\pi/2 \quad r > 0 \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi. \quad \theta \quad (7, 7\pi/6) \quad (5, \pi) \quad (-5, 0)$$

$$(6, -\pi/4) \quad (-3, \pi/6) \quad (-3, 3/2, -3/2) \quad (4, 7\pi/4) \quad r > 0, \quad 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi. \quad (4, 2) \quad (2.5, 0.464) \quad (-4, 6) \quad (3, -5)$$

$$(34, 5.253) \quad (-10, -13) \quad (8, 8) \quad (8, \pi/4) \quad x = 3y = 4r = 4 \csc \theta \quad y = 4 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 2x \quad 4r = \sin \theta \quad 2 \cos^4 \theta \quad 3x^2 + y^2 = 4y$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 3x \quad r = 3 \cos \theta \quad x^2 - y^2 = x \quad x^2 - y^2 = 3y \quad r = 3 \sin \theta \quad \cos(2\theta) \quad x^2 + y^2 = 9x \quad x^2 = 9y \quad r = 9 \sin \theta \quad \cos 2\theta$$

$$y^2 = 9x \quad 9xy = 1 \quad r = 1 \quad 9 \cos \theta \sin \theta \quad r = 3 \sin \theta \quad r = 4 \cos \theta \quad x^2 + y^2 = 4x \quad (x - 2)^2 + y^2 = 4 \quad r = 4 \sin \theta + 7 \cos \theta$$

$$r = 6 \cos \theta + 3 \sin \theta \quad 3y + x = 6; \quad r = 2 \sec \theta \quad r = 3 \csc \theta \quad y = 3; \quad r = r \cos \theta + 2r^2 = 4 \sec \theta \quad \csc \theta \quad xy = 4; \quad r = 4r^2 = 4x^2 + y^2 = 4;$$

$$r = 1 \quad 4 \cos \theta - 3 \sin \theta \quad r = 3 \cos \theta - 5 \sin \theta \quad x - 5y = 3; \quad (3, 3\pi/4) \quad (5, \pi) \quad (-2, \pi/3) \quad (-1, -\pi/2) \quad (3.5, 7\pi/4) \quad (-4, \pi/3)$$

$$(5, \pi/2) \quad (4, -5\pi/4) \quad (3, 5\pi/6) \quad (-1.5, 7\pi/6) \quad (-2, \pi/4) \quad (1, 3\pi/2) \quad 5x - y = 6 \quad r = 6 \quad 5 \cos \theta - \sin \theta \quad 2x + 7y = -3$$

$$x^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 1 \quad r = 2 \sin \theta \quad (x + 2)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 13 \quad x = 2 \quad r = 2 \cos \theta \quad x^2 + y^2 = 5y \quad x^2 + y^2 = 3x \quad r = 3 \cos \theta \quad r = 6$$

$$r = -4x \quad x^2 + y^2 = 16\theta = -2\pi \quad 3\theta = \pi \quad 4y = xr = \sec \theta \quad r = -10 \sin \theta \quad x^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 25 \quad r = 3 \cos \theta \quad (2, -\pi/5).$$

$$(1.618, -1.176) \quad (-3, 3\pi/7). \quad (-7, 8) \quad (10.630, 131.186^\circ) \quad (3, -4) \quad (-2, 0) \quad (2, 3.14) \quad \text{or } (2, \pi)$$

$$r = a \sec \theta; a > 0. \quad r = a \sec \theta; a < 0. \quad a \quad r = a \csc \theta; a > 0. \quad r = a \csc \theta; a < 0. \quad a \quad r < 40 \leq \theta \leq \pi \quad 4\theta = \pi/4, r \geq 2\theta = \pi/4, r \geq -3$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/3, r < -2 - \pi/6 < \theta \leq \pi/3, -3 < r < 2 \quad (r, \theta), \theta, r, \theta \quad (r, \theta). \quad r, \theta \quad y = x^2 \quad x, y, r, \theta \quad (r, \theta), \theta, r, \theta. \quad r, \theta = \pi/2$$

$$(r, \theta) \quad (-r, -\theta) \quad r = 2 \sin \theta;$$



$r=2\sin \theta$   $-r=2\sin(-\theta)$  Replace  $(r,\theta)$  with  $(-r,-\theta)$ .  $-r=-2\sin \theta$  Identity:  $\sin(-\theta)=-\sin \theta$ .  $r=2\sin \theta$   
Multiply both sides by  $-1$ .

$$\theta = \pi/2 \cdot x \ (r,\theta) \ (r,-\theta) \ (-r,\pi-\theta) \ r=1-2\cos \theta.$$

$r=1-2\cos \theta$   $r=1-2\cos(-\theta)$  Replace  $(r,\theta)$  with  $(r,-\theta)$ .  $r=1-2\cos \theta$  Even/Odd identity  
 $(r,\theta) \ (-r,\theta) \ r=2\sin(3\theta)$ .

$$r=2\sin(3\theta) \ -r=2\sin(3\theta)$$

$$\theta = \pi/2, \ \theta = \pi/2 \ (r,\theta) \ (-r,-\theta) \ (r,\theta) \ (r,-\theta) \ (-r,\pi-\theta) \ (r,\theta) \ (-r,\theta) \ (r,\theta): \ (-r,-\theta) \ \theta = \pi/2 \ (r,-\theta) \ (-r,\theta) \ r=2\sin \theta \ (r,\theta) \ (-r,-\theta) \ \theta = \pi/2.$$

$-r=2\sin(-\theta)$   $-r=-2\sin \theta$  Even-odd identity  $r=2\sin \theta$  Multiply by  $-1$  Passed  $\theta$   $-\theta$

$r=2\sin(-\theta)$   $r=-2\sin \theta$  Even-odd identity  $r=-2\sin \theta \neq 2\sin \theta$  Failed  $r-r$   $-r=2\sin \theta$   $r=-2\sin \theta \neq 2\sin \theta$  Failed

$r=2\sin \theta$   $(0,1)$   $r=1$   $\theta = \pi/2$ .  $r=-2\cos \theta$ .  $\theta = \pi/2$   $x \ y \ \theta \ r \ \theta \ r$ .  $\theta \ r \ \theta \ r=0$ .  $x$ .  $r=0$ ,  $\theta$ .  $\theta \ r=5\cos \theta$ ;  $\theta=0$ ,  $5\cos \theta$ ,  $\theta=0$   $|r|$ .  $\theta = \pi/2$ ,  $r=5\sin \theta$ ,  $\theta = \pi/2$   $|r|$ .  $r \ \theta=0$ .  $|r|$   $r=2\sin \theta$ .  $r \ \theta$ .

$$2\sin \theta=0 \quad \sin \theta=0 \quad \theta = \sin^{-1} 0 \quad \theta = n\pi \text{ where } n \text{ is an integer}$$

$$\theta = 0.$$

$$r=2\sin(0) \ r=0$$

$$(0,0) \ (0,\pm n\pi) \ \sin \theta, \ \theta = \pi/2 \pm 2k\pi \ \sin(\pi/2)=1. \ \pi/2 \ \theta.$$

$$r=2\sin(\pi/2) \ r=2(1) \ r=2$$

$$(2,\pi/2) \ \theta r=2\sin \theta \ r=2\sin(0)=0 \ 0\pi \ 6r=2\sin(\pi/6)=1 \ 1\pi \ 3r=2\sin(\pi/3)\approx 1.731 \ 73\pi \ 2r=2\sin(\pi/2)=2 \ 2\pi \ 3$$

$$r=2\sin(2\pi/3)\approx 1.731 \ 735\pi \ 6r=2\sin(5\pi/6)=1 \ 1\pi \ r=2\sin(\pi)=0 \ 0 \ |r|: \ r=3\cos \theta. \ (0,\pi/2), \ (3,0). \ r=\cos \theta$$

$$r=\sin \theta, \ a \ |a| \geq 2, \ r=\cos \theta, \ (a/2,0). \ r=\sin \theta, \ (a/2,\pi). \ r=4\cos \theta. \ |r| \ r=4\cos \theta. \ r=0, \ \theta \ \theta = \pi/2 \pm k\pi.$$

$$(0,\pi/2) \ . \ r, \ \theta=0 \pm 2k\pi. \ \theta=0$$

$$r=4\cos \theta \quad r=4\cos(0) \quad r=4(1)=4$$

$$(4,0). \ r=4\cos \theta \ \theta \ [0,\pi]. \ \theta \pi \ 6\pi \ 4\pi \ 3\pi \ 22\pi \ 33\pi \ 45\pi \ 6\pi \ r=a+b\cos \theta \ r=a+b\sin \theta \ a>0, \ b>0, \ a \ b=1. \ r=0. \ r \ \theta. \ r=2+2\cos \theta. \ r=0, \ \theta=\pi+2k\pi. \ (0,\pi). \ r=2+2\cos \theta \ \cos \theta \ \cos \theta=1 \ \theta=0. \ \theta=0 \ r.$$

$$r=2+2\cos(0) \ r=2+2(1)=4$$

$$(4,0) \ [0,\pi]. \ \theta \ 0\pi \ 4\pi \ 22\pi \ 3\pi \ 1 < a \ b < 2 \ a \ b \geq 2. \ r=a+b\cos \theta \ r=a+b\sin \theta \ a>0, \ b>0, \ \text{and } 1 < a \ b < 2.$$

$$r=4-3\sin \theta. \ \theta = \pi/2, \ r=0 \ \theta \ \theta \ \theta \ \sin \theta > 1. \ \theta \ \theta \ \sin \theta > 1. \ r \ \theta=0.$$

$$r(0)=4-3\sin(0) \quad r=4-3\cdot 0=4$$

$$(4,0). \ \theta = \pi/2, \ \theta = \pi/2 \ r. \ r=1. \ 0\pi \ 6\pi \ 3\pi \ 22\pi \ 35\pi \ 6\pi \ 7\pi \ 64\pi \ 33\pi \ 25\pi \ 311\pi \ 62\pi \ r \ \sin \theta \ \theta = \pi/2,$$

$$r=3-2\cos \theta. \ r=a+b\cos \theta \ r=a+b\sin \theta \ a>0, \ b>0, \ a < b. \ r=2+5\cos \theta. \ r=0, \ \theta=1.98. \ |r| \ \cos \theta=1 \ \theta=0. \ 0\pi \ 6$$

$$\pi \ 3\pi \ 22\pi \ 35\pi \ 6\pi \ 7\pi \ 64\pi \ 33\pi \ 25\pi \ 311\pi \ 62\pi \ r \ \theta=\pi. \ \infty \ r^2 = a^2 \cos^2 \theta \ r^2 = a^2 \sin^2 \theta \ a \neq 0.$$

$$r^2 = a^2 \sin^2 \theta \ r^2 = a^2 \cos^2 \theta \ \theta = \pi/2, \ r^2 = 4\cos^2 \theta. \ \theta = \pi/2, \ u=2\theta.$$

$$0=4\cos^2 \theta \quad 0=4\cos^2 u \quad 0=\cos^2 u \cos^2 -1 \ 0=\pi/2 \quad u=\pi/2$$

$$\text{Substitute } 2\theta \text{ back in for } u. \quad 2\theta = \pi/2 \quad \theta = \pi/4$$

$$(0,\pi/4) \ \cos u=1 \ u=0, \ \cos 2\theta=1 \ 2\theta=0.$$

$$r^2 = 4\cos(0) \quad r^2 = 4(1)=4 \quad r=\pm 4 = 2$$

$$\theta = \pi/2, \ \theta \pi \ 6\pi \ 4\pi \ 3\pi \ 2r \ 22 \ u=2\theta \ r. \ \theta. \ 4\cos(2\theta) \ r=\cos n\theta \ r=\sin n\theta \ a \neq 0. \ n \ 2n \ n \ n \ r=2\cos 4\theta. \ \theta = \pi/2 \ u=4\theta.$$

$$0=2\cos 4\theta$$

$$0=\cos 4\theta$$

$$0=\cos^2 u \cos^2 -1 \ 0=u$$

$$u=\pi/2$$

$$4\theta = \pi/2$$

$$\theta = \pi/8$$

$$\theta = \pi/8. \ (0,\pi/8) \ |r|. \ \cos u=1 \ \theta=0.$$

$$r=2\cos(4\cdot 0) \ r=2\cos(0) \ r=2(1)=2$$

$$(2,0) \ \theta \pi \ 8\pi \ 43\pi \ 8\pi \ 25\pi \ 83\pi \ 4r \ r=0 \ \theta = \pi/8, \ \pi/8 \ r=0, \ r=2, \ 2n \ n \ n \ r=4\sin(2\theta). \ n \ r=2\sin(5\theta). \ \theta = \pi/2. \ u=5\theta.$$

$$0=2\sin(5\theta)$$

$$0=\sin u \sin -1 \ 0=0$$

$$u=0$$

$$5\theta=0$$

$$\theta=0$$

$$\sin \theta$$

$$r=2\sin(5\cdot \pi/2) \ r=2(1)=2$$

$$n \ n, \ \theta \pi \ 6\pi \ 3\pi \ 22\pi \ 35\pi \ 6\pi \ r \ n \ r=3\cos(3\theta). \ n \ r=0 \ \theta \geq 0. \ \theta \ r \ [0,2\pi], \ r \ \theta \ r=0 \ [0,2\pi]. \ r \ \theta, \ \theta \pi \ 4\pi \ 2\pi \ 3\pi \ 27\pi \ 4$$

$2\pi [0, 2\pi]$ .  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .  $r = -\theta [0, 4\pi]$ .  $\theta = \pi/2$ ,  $\theta$ .  $r = 0$ .  $\theta$ .  $r = a \cos \theta$   $r = a \sin \theta$ .  $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$   $r = a \pm b \sin \theta$ ,  $a > 0$ ,  $b > 0$ ,  $a \neq b$ .  $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$   $r = a \pm b \sin \theta$   $1 < a < b < 2$ .  $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$   $r = a \pm b \sin \theta$   $a > 0$ ,  $b > 0$ ,  $a < b$ .

$r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$   $r^2 = a^2 \sin 2\theta$ ,  $a \neq 0$ .  $r = a \cos n\theta$   $r = a \sin n\theta$ ,  $a \neq 0$ ;  $n \in \mathbb{N}$   $n \neq 0$ .  $r = \theta$ ,  $\theta \geq 0$ .  $x = \pi/2$   $y = \theta = 0, \pi/2, \pi$  and  $3\pi/2$ ,  $r = 5 \cos 3\theta$   $r = 3 - 3 \cos \theta$   $r = 3 + 2 \sin \theta$   $r = 3 \sin 2\theta$   $\theta = \pi/2$ ,  $r = 4$   $r = 2\theta$   $r = 4 \cos \theta$   $2r = 2\theta$   $r = 3$   $1 - \cos 2\theta$   $r = 5 \sin 2\theta$   $r = 3 \cos \theta$   $r = 4 \sin \theta$   $r = 2 + 2 \cos \theta$   $r = 2 - 2 \cos \theta$   $r = 5 - 5 \sin \theta$   $r = 3 + 3 \sin \theta$   $r = 3 + 2 \sin \theta$   $r = 7 + 4 \sin \theta$   $r = 4 + 3 \cos \theta$   $r = 5 + 4 \cos \theta$   $r = 10 + 9 \cos \theta$   $r = 1 + 3 \sin \theta$   $r = 2 + 5 \sin \theta$   $r = 5 + 7 \sin \theta$   $r = 2 + 4 \cos \theta$   $r = 5 + 6 \cos \theta$   $r^2 = 36 \cos(2\theta)$   $r^2 = 10 \cos(2\theta)$   $r^2 = 4 \sin(2\theta)$   $r^2 = 10 \sin(2\theta)$   $r = 3 \sin(2\theta)$   $r = 3 \cos(2\theta)$   $r = 5 \sin(3\theta)$   $r = 4 \sin(4\theta)$   $r = 4 \sin(5\theta)$   $r = -\theta$   $r = 2\theta$   $r = -3\theta$   $r = 1$   $\theta = 1$   $\theta = 2 \sin \theta$   $\tan \theta$ ,  $r = 2$   $1 - \sin 2\theta$   $r = 5 + \cos(4\theta)$   $r = 2 - \sin(2\theta)$   $r = \theta/2$   $r = \theta + 1$   $r = \theta \sin \theta$   $r = \theta \cos \theta [0, 4\pi]$   $r = \theta$ ,  $r = -\theta$   $r = \theta$ ,  $r = \theta + \sin \theta$   $r = \sin \theta + \theta$ ,  $r = \sin \theta - \theta$   $r = 2 \sin(\theta/2)$ ,  $r = \theta \sin(\theta/2)$   $\theta$   $4\pi$   $r = \sin(\cos(3\theta))$   $r = \sin(3\theta)$   $r = \sin(16.5\theta) [0, 4\pi], [0, 8\pi], [0, 12\pi], [0, 16\pi]$ .  $r = \sin \theta + (\sin(5/2\theta))^3 [0, 4\pi]$ .

$$\begin{aligned} r^1 &= 3 \sin(3\theta) \quad r^2 = 2 \sin(3\theta) \quad r^3 = \sin(3\theta) \\ r^1 &= 3 + 3 \cos \theta \quad r^2 = 2 + 2 \cos \theta \quad r^3 = 1 + \cos \theta \\ r^1 &= 3\theta \quad r^2 = 2\theta \quad r^3 = \theta \end{aligned}$$

$r^1 = 3 + 2 \sin \theta$ ,  $r^2 = 2r^1 = 6 - 4 \cos \theta$ ,  $r^2 = 4(4, \pi/3), (4, 5\pi/3)$   $r^1 = 1 + \sin \theta$ ,  $r^2 = 3 \sin \theta$   $r^1 = 1 + \cos \theta$ ,  $r^2 = 3 \cos \theta$   $(3/2, \pi/3), (3/2, 5\pi/3)$   $r^1 = \cos(2\theta)$ ,  $r^2 = \sin(2\theta)$   $r^1 = \sin^2(2\theta)$ ,  $r^2 = 1 - \cos(4\theta)$   $(0, \pi/2), (0, \pi), (0, 3\pi/2), (0, 2\pi)$   $r^1 = 3$ ,  $r^2 = 2 \sin(\theta)$   $r^1 = 2 = \sin \theta$ ,  $r^2 = 2 = \cos \theta$   $(8/4, \pi/4), (8/4, 5\pi/4)$   $\theta = 3\pi/4, 7\pi/4$   $r^1 = 1 + \cos \theta$ ,  $r^2 = 1 - \sin \theta$   $r = \theta$ .  $r = a\theta$ .  $r = \theta$ ,  $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$   $r = a \pm b \sin \theta$ ,  $a \neq b$   $1 < a < b < 2$   $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$   $r = a \pm b \sin \theta$   $a \neq b$   $a \geq 2$   $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$   $r = a \pm b \sin \theta$   $1 < a < b < 2$   $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$   $r = a \pm b \sin \theta$   $a < b$   $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$   $r^2 = a^2 \sin 2\theta$ ,  $a \neq 0$   $r = a \pm b \cos \theta$   $r = a \pm b \sin \theta$   $a > 0$ ,  $b > 0$ ,  $a \neq b$ ;  $r = a \cos n\theta$   $r = a \sin n\theta$ ;  $n \in \mathbb{N}$   $n \neq 0$   $a + bi$   $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ .  $a + bi$ ,  $a \neq b$   $2 - 3i$   $1 + 5i$   $|z|$ .  $z = 2 + 4i$ ,  $|z|$ .  $z = x + yi$ ,  $z$

$$|z| = x^2 + y^2$$

$(x, y)$ .  $(0, 0)$ .  $z = 5 - i$ .

$$|z| = x^2 + y^2 \quad |z| = (5)^2 + (-1)^2 \quad |z| = 5 + 1 \quad |z| = 6$$

$z = 12 - 5i$ .  $z = 3 - 4i$ ,  $|z|$ .

$$|z| = x^2 + y^2 \quad |z| = (3)^2 + (-4)^2 \quad |z| = 9 + 16 \quad |z| = 25 \quad |z| = 5$$

$z = 1 - 7i$ ,  $|z|$ .  $|z| = 50 = 5^2 + 7^2$   $\theta$ .  $z = x + yi$ ,

$$x = r \cos \theta \quad y = r \sin \theta \quad r = x^2 + y^2$$

$(x, y)$ .  $r, \theta$

$$z = x + yi \quad z = r \cos \theta + (r \sin \theta)i \quad z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$$

$$x = r \cos \theta \quad y = r \sin \theta \quad r = x^2 + y^2$$

$$z = x + yi \quad z = (r \cos \theta) + i(r \sin \theta) \quad z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$$

$r \theta$   $r \cos \theta$   $r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$ .  $4i$   $z = 4i$   $z = 0 + 4i$ .  $r$

$$r = x^2 + y^2 \quad r = 0^2 + 4^2 \quad r = 16 \quad r = 4$$

$x$ .  $x = r \cos \theta$ ,  $x = 0$ ,  $\theta = \pi/2$ .  $z = 0 + 4i$   $z = 4(\cos(\pi/2) + i \sin(\pi/2)) = 4i$   $z = 3i$   $r \cos \theta$

$z = 3(\cos(\pi/2) + i \sin(\pi/2)) = 3i$ .  $r$ .

$$r = x^2 + y^2 \quad r = (-4)^2 + (4)^2 \quad r = 32 \quad r = 4^2$$

$\theta$

$$\cos \theta = x/r \quad \cos \theta = -4/4^2 \quad \cos \theta = -1/4 \quad \theta = \cos^{-1}(-1/4) = 3\pi/4$$

$4^2 \cos(3\pi/4)$ .  $z = 3 + i$   $z = 2(\cos(\pi/6) + i \sin(\pi/6))$   $z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$ ,  $\cos \theta$   $\sin \theta$ .  $r$ .

$$z = 12(\cos(\pi/6) + i \sin(\pi/6))$$

$$\cos(\pi/6) = 3/2 \quad \text{and} \quad \sin(\pi/6) = 1/2$$

$$z = 12(3/2 + 1/2 i)$$

$$z = 12(3/2 + 1/2 i) = (12)(3/2) + (12)(1/2 i) = 6 + 6i$$

$6 + 6i$ .  $r = 13$   $\tan \theta = 5/12$ .  $\tan \theta = 5/12$ ,  $\tan \theta = y/x$ ,  $r = x^2 + y^2 = 12^2 + 5^2 = 13$ .  $\cos \theta = x/r$   $\sin \theta = y/r$ .

$$z = 13(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta) = 13(12/13 + 5/13 i) = 12 + 5i$$

$12 + 5i$ .

$$z = 4(\cos 11\pi/6 + i \sin 11\pi/6)$$

$$z = 2 - 2i \quad z_1 = r_1 (\cos \theta_1 + i \sin \theta_1) \quad z_2 = r_2 (\cos \theta_2 + i \sin \theta_2),$$

$$z_1 z_2 = r_1 r_2 [\cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + i \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2)] \quad z_1 z_2 = r_1 r_2 \operatorname{cis}(\theta_1 + \theta_2)$$

$$z_1 z_2, \quad z_1 = 4(\cos(80^\circ) + i \sin(80^\circ)) \quad z_2 = 2(\cos(145^\circ) + i \sin(145^\circ)).$$

$$z_1 z_2 = 4 \cdot 2 [\cos(80^\circ + 145^\circ) + i \sin(80^\circ + 145^\circ)] \quad z_1 z_2 = 8 [\cos(225^\circ) + i \sin(225^\circ)] \quad z_1 z_2 = 8 [\cos(5\pi/4) + i \sin(5\pi/4)]$$

$$z_1 z_2 = 8 [-2/2 + i(-2/2)] \quad z_1 z_2 = -4 - 4i$$

$$z_1 = r_1 (\cos \theta_1 + i \sin \theta_1) \quad z_2 = r_2 (\cos \theta_2 + i \sin \theta_2),$$

$$z_1 z_2 = r_1 r_2 [\cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + i \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)], \quad z_2 \neq 0 \quad z_1 z_2 = r_1 r_2 \operatorname{cis}(\theta_1 - \theta_2), \quad z_2 \neq 0$$

$$r_1 r_2. \quad \theta_1 - \theta_2. \quad z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta). \quad r = r_1 r_2, \quad \theta = \theta_1 - \theta_2. \quad r. \quad z_1 = 2(\cos(213^\circ) + i \sin(213^\circ))$$

$$z_2 = 4(\cos(33^\circ) + i \sin(33^\circ)).$$

$$z_1 z_2 = 2 \cdot 4 [\cos(213^\circ - 33^\circ) + i \sin(213^\circ - 33^\circ)] \quad z_1 z_2 = 1 \cdot 2 [\cos(180^\circ) + i \sin(180^\circ)] \quad z_1 z_2 = 1 \cdot 2 [-1 + 0i] \quad z_1 z_2 = -1 + 0i$$

$$z_1 z_2 = -1 + 0i \quad z_1 z_2 = -1$$

$$z_1 = 2 \cdot 3 (\cos(150^\circ) + i \sin(150^\circ)) \quad z_2 = 2 (\cos(30^\circ) + i \sin(30^\circ)). \quad z_1 z_2 = -4 \cdot 3; \quad z_1 z_2 = -3 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 2 i$$

$$n, \quad z_n \quad \text{nth } n. \quad z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$$

$$z = r^n [\cos(n\theta) + i \sin(n\theta)] \quad z = r^n \operatorname{cis}(n\theta)$$

$$n \quad (1+i)^5 \quad (1+i) r.$$

$$r = x^2 + y^2 \quad r = (1)^2 + (1)^2 \quad r = 2$$

$$\theta. \quad \tan \theta = y/x$$

$$\tan \theta = 1/1 \quad \tan \theta = 1 \quad \theta = \pi/4$$

$$(a+bi)^n = r^n [\cos(n\theta) + i \sin(n\theta)] \quad (1+i)^5 = (2)^{5/2} [\cos(5 \cdot \pi/4) + i \sin(5 \cdot \pi/4)] \quad (1+i)^5 = 4 \cdot 2 [\cos(5\pi/4) + i \sin(5\pi/4)]$$

$$(1+i)^5 = 4 \cdot 2 [-2/2 + i(-2/2)] \quad (1+i)^5 = -4 - 4i$$

$$\text{nth } \text{nth } \text{nth}$$

$$z_1^n = r_1^n [\cos(\theta_n + 2k\pi/n) + i \sin(\theta_n + 2k\pi/n)]$$

$$k=0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, n-1. \quad 2k\pi/n \quad \theta_n \quad z = 8(\cos(2\pi/3) + i \sin(2\pi/3)).$$

$$z_1^3 = 8 \cdot 1^3 [\cos(2\pi/3 + 2k\pi/3) + i \sin(2\pi/3 + 2k\pi/3)] \quad z_1^3 = 2 [\cos(2\pi/9 + 2k\pi/3) + i \sin(2\pi/9 + 2k\pi/3)]$$

$$k=0, 1, 2. \quad k=0,$$

$$z_1^3 = 2(\cos(2\pi/9) + i \sin(2\pi/9))$$

$$k=1,$$

$$z_1^3 = 2 [\cos(2\pi/9 + 6\pi/9) + i \sin(2\pi/9 + 6\pi/9)] \quad \text{Add } 2(1)\pi/3 \text{ to each angle. } z_1^3 = 2(\cos(8\pi/9) + i \sin(8\pi/9))$$

$$k=2,$$

$$z_1^3 = 2 [\cos(2\pi/9 + 12\pi/9) + i \sin(2\pi/9 + 12\pi/9)] \quad \text{Add } 2(2)\pi/3 \text{ to each angle. } z_1^3 = 2(\cos(14\pi/9) + i \sin(14\pi/9))$$

$$k=1,$$

$$2\pi/3 + 2(1)\pi/3 = 2\pi/3 (1/3) + 2(1)\pi/3 (3/3) = 2\pi/9 + 6\pi/9 = 8\pi/9$$

$$16(\cos(120^\circ) + i \sin(120^\circ)). \quad z_0 = 2(\cos(30^\circ) + i \sin(30^\circ)) \quad z_1 = 2(\cos(120^\circ) + i \sin(120^\circ))$$

$$z_2 = 2(\cos(210^\circ) + i \sin(210^\circ)) \quad z_3 = 2(\cos(300^\circ) + i \sin(300^\circ)) \quad a+bi \mid z \mid = a^2 + b^2. \quad x = r \cos \theta, y = r \sin \theta,$$

$$r = x^2 + y^2. \quad z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta). \quad r. \quad z_n, \quad r_n, \quad \theta_n. \quad a+bi. \quad i = -1 \quad x = r \cos \theta \quad y = r \sin \theta.$$

$$z_n = r^n (\cos(n\theta) + i \sin(n\theta)) \quad 5+3i-7+i5 \quad 2-3-3i2 \quad -6i382i2.2-3.1i14.452+2i8-4i4 \quad 5 \operatorname{cis}(333.4^\circ)$$

$$-1 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 2 i3 + i2 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/6) \quad 3iz = 7 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/6) \quad 7 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 + i \cdot 7 \cdot 2 \quad 2 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/3) \quad z = 4 \operatorname{cis}(7\pi/6) \quad -2 \cdot 3 - 2iz = 7 \operatorname{cis}(25^\circ)$$

$$z = 3 \operatorname{cis}(240^\circ) \quad -1.5 - i \quad 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \quad z = 2 \operatorname{cis}(100^\circ) \quad z_1 z_2 \quad z_1 = 2 \cdot 3 \operatorname{cis}(116^\circ); \quad z_2 = 2 \operatorname{cis}(82^\circ) \quad 4 \cdot 3 \operatorname{cis}(198^\circ)$$

$$z_1 = 2 \operatorname{cis}(205^\circ); \quad z_2 = 2 \cdot 2 \operatorname{cis}(118^\circ) \quad z_1 = 3 \operatorname{cis}(120^\circ); \quad z_2 = 1 \cdot 4 \operatorname{cis}(60^\circ) \quad 3 \cdot 4 \operatorname{cis}(180^\circ)$$

$$z_1 = 3 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/4); \quad z_2 = 5 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/6) \quad z_1 = 5 \operatorname{cis}(5\pi/8); \quad z_2 = 15 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/12) \quad 5 \cdot 3 \operatorname{cis}(17\pi/24)$$

$$z_1 = 4 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/2); \quad z_2 = 2 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/4) \quad z_1 z_2 \quad z_1 = 21 \operatorname{cis}(135^\circ); \quad z_2 = 3 \operatorname{cis}(65^\circ) \quad 7 \operatorname{cis}(70^\circ)$$

$$z_1 = 2 \operatorname{cis}(90^\circ); \quad z_2 = 2 \operatorname{cis}(60^\circ) \quad z_1 = 15 \operatorname{cis}(120^\circ); \quad z_2 = 3 \operatorname{cis}(40^\circ) \quad 5 \operatorname{cis}(80^\circ)$$

$$z_1 = 6 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/3); \quad z_2 = 2 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/4) \quad z_1 = 5 \cdot 2 \operatorname{cis}(\pi); \quad z_2 = 2 \operatorname{cis}(2\pi/3) \quad 5 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/3)$$

$$z_1 = 2 \operatorname{cis}(3\pi/5); \quad z_2 = 3 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/4) \quad z_3 \quad z = 5 \operatorname{cis}(45^\circ) \cdot 125 \operatorname{cis}(135^\circ) \quad z_4 \quad z = 2 \operatorname{cis}(70^\circ). \quad z_2$$

$$z = 3 \operatorname{cis}(120^\circ) \cdot 9 \operatorname{cis}(240^\circ) \quad z_2 \quad z = 4 \operatorname{cis}(\pi/4). \quad z_4 \quad z = \operatorname{cis}(3\pi/16) \cdot \operatorname{cis}(3\pi/4) \quad z_3 \quad z = 3 \operatorname{cis}(5\pi/3). \quad z$$

$$z = 27 \operatorname{cis}(240^\circ) \cdot 3 \operatorname{cis}(80^\circ) \cdot 3 \operatorname{cis}(200^\circ) \cdot 3 \operatorname{cis}(320^\circ) \quad z \quad z = 16 \operatorname{cis}(100^\circ). \quad z \quad z = 32 \operatorname{cis}(2\pi/3).$$

$$243 \operatorname{cis}(2\pi/9), 243 \operatorname{cis}(8\pi/9), 243 \operatorname{cis}(14\pi/9) \quad z = 32 \operatorname{cis}(\pi), z = 8 \operatorname{cis}(7\pi/4).$$

$$22 \operatorname{cis}(7\pi/8), 22 \operatorname{cis}(15\pi/8) \quad 2+4i-3-3i \quad 5-4i-1-5i \quad 3+2i-4-6-2i-2+i-4i \quad 5+5i \quad 3-2i \quad 3.61 e^{-0.59i}$$

$$-3-8i \quad 4 \operatorname{cis}(120^\circ) \quad -2+3.46i \quad 2 \operatorname{cis}(45^\circ) \quad 5 \operatorname{cis}(210^\circ) \quad -4.33-2.50i \quad \text{nth } n, z_n \quad \text{nth } n(x, y); \theta r;$$

$$x = r \cos \theta, y = r \sin \theta, r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \quad x(t) = y(t) \quad t, x, y \quad x, y, t, x(t), y(t), y(t). \quad x(t) = y(t) \quad (x(t), y(t)). \quad x, y,$$

$$x, y, t, x, y, y = f(x), r^2 = x^2 + y^2, y = \pm \sqrt{r^2 - x^2}, y_1 = \sqrt{r^2 - x^2}, y_2 = -\sqrt{r^2 - x^2}, y_1, y_2, t, I.$$

$$(x(t), y(t)), x = f(t), y = g(t), t, x = f(t), y = g(t), y = x^2 - 1, x(t) = t, x(t) = t, y(t) = x^2(t), y(t) = t^2 - 1, tx(t)$$

$$y(t) - 4 - 4y(-4) = (-4)^2 - 1 = 15 - 3 - 3y(-3) = (-3)^2 - 1 = 8 - 2 - 2y(-2) = (-2)^2 - 1 = 3 - 1 - 1$$

$$y(-1) = (-1)^2 - 1 = 0 \quad 0y(0) = (0)^2 - 1 = -1 \quad 1y(1) = (1)^2 - 1 = 0 \quad 2y(2) = (2)^2 - 1 = 3 \quad 3y(3) = (3)^2 - 1 = 8$$

$$4y(4) = (4)^2 - 1 = 15 \quad t, y(t) = t^2 - 1, y = x^2 - 1, y = x^2 - 1.$$

$$x(t) = t - 3, y(t) = 2t + 4; -1 \leq t \leq 2, tx(t)y(t) - 1 - 420 - 341 - 262 - 18y = 1 - x^2, x(t) = t, x(t) = t, t, x, y$$

$$y(t) = 1 - t^2.$$

$$x(t) = t, y(t) = 1 - t^2$$

$$t=0, t=-3, t=3, x(t) = t, x(t) = t, y(t) = 1 - t^2, tx(t) = ty(t) = 1 - t^2 - 3 - 3y(-3) = 1 - (-3)^2 = -8 - 2 - 2$$

$$y(-2) = 1 - (-2)^2 = -3 - 1 - 1y(-1) = 1 - (-1)^2 = 0 \quad 0y(0) = 1 - 0 = 1 \quad 1y(1) = 1 - (1)^2 = 0 \quad 2y(2) = 1 - (2)^2 = -3$$

$$33y(3) = 1 - (3)^2 = -8 \quad y = 1 - t^2 \quad [-3, 3], t, t, x = 0, x = y^3 - 2y, x(t) = t^3 - 2t, y(t) = t(-5, 3) \quad (3, -1) \quad -5$$

$$8 \text{ m/s}^2, 2 \text{ m/s}, x(t) = 2t - 5, y = mx + b, 2t = mx - 5 = b, -1, -4 \text{ m/s}^2, -1 \text{ m/s}, y(t) = -t + 3, x, y, t$$

$$x(t) = 2t - 5, y(t) = -t + 3$$

$$t, x, y, t, tx(t) = 2t - 5y(t) = -t + 3 \quad 0x = 2(0) - 5 = -5y = -(0) + 3 = 3 \quad 1x = 2(1) - 5 = -3y = -(1) + 3 = 2 \quad 2x = 2(2) - 5 = -1$$

$$y = -(2) + 3 = 1 \quad 3x = 2(3) - 5 = 1y = -(3) + 3 = 0 \quad 4x = 2(4) - 5 = 3y = -(4) + 3 = -1 \quad x, t, y, t, y, x, t, x, y, t, t, t, x, y.$$

$$x(t) = t^2 + 1, y(t) = 2 + t, y, t.$$

$$y = 2 + t, y - 2 = t$$

$$y - 2 = t, x(t).$$

$$x = t^2 + 1, x = (y - 2)^2 + 1 \quad \text{Substitute the expression for } t \text{ into } x. \quad x = y^2 - 4y + 4 + 1 \quad x = y^2 - 4y + 5 \quad x = y^2$$

$$-4y + 5$$

$$x = y^2 - 4y + 5, x, y, (1, 2), x(t) = y(t), t, x, y, y, x, y, x.$$

$$x(t) = 2t^2 + 6, y(t) = 5 - t$$

$$y = 5 - t^2, x - 3, x(t) = e^{-t}, y(t) = 3e^t, t > 0, e^t.$$

$$x = e^{-t}, e^t = 1/x$$

$$y(t).$$

$$y = 3e^t, y = 3(1/x), y = 3/x$$

$$y = 3/x, t > 0, y = 3/x, x \neq 0, x(t) = t + 2, y(t) = \log(t), t.$$

$$x = t + 2, x - 2 = t, (x - 2)^2 = t^2 \quad \text{Square both sides.}$$

$$ty$$

$$y = \log(t), y = \log(x - 2)^2$$

$$y = \log(x - 2)^2, x = t + 2, t > 0; x > 2, y = \log(t), t > 0; y = \log(x - 2)^2, x > 2.$$

$$x(t) = t^2, y(t) = \ln t, t > 0$$

$$y = \ln x$$

$$x(t) = a \cos t, y(t) = b \sin t$$

$$\cos t, \sin t,$$

$$x/a = \cos t, y/b = \sin t$$

$$\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = 1$$

$$\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = (x/a)^2 + (y/b)^2 = 1$$

$$0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$x(t) = 4 \cos t, y(t) = 3 \sin t$$

$$\cos t, \sin t,$$

$$x = 4 \cos t, x^4 = \cos^4 t, y = 3 \sin t, y^3 = \sin^3 t$$

$$\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = 1, (x^4)^2 + (y^3)^2 = 1, x^2 + 16 + y^2 + 9 = 1$$

$$x^2 + 16 + y^2 + 9 = 1, (0, 0), t = 0, (4, 0), t = \pi/2, (0, 3), t = \pi, x(t) = 2 \cos t, y(t) = 3 \sin t, x^2 + 4 + y^2 + 9 = 1, x(t) = t,$$

$$y(t)$$

$$x(t) = t \quad y(t) = t^2 - 3$$

$$x \text{ t. } y = x^2 - 3.$$

$$x(t) = 3t - 2 \quad y(t) = t + 1$$

$$x \text{ t. } y$$

$$x = 3t - 2 \quad x + 2 = 3t \quad x + 2 - 3 = t$$

$$t \text{ y}$$

$$y = t + 1 \quad y = (x + 2 - 3) + 1 \quad y = x - 3 + 2 + 1 \quad y = 1 - 3 + 5 = 3$$

$$y \text{ t } x$$

$$y = t + 1 \quad y - 1 = t$$

$$y.$$

$$x = 3(y - 1) - 2 \quad x = 3y - 3 - 2 \quad x = 3y - 5 \quad x + 5 = 3y \quad x + 5 - 3 = y \quad y = 1 - 3 + 5 = 3$$

$$x(t) = t^3 \quad y(t) = t^6 \quad y = x^2 \quad x, y \quad x \text{ y} = (x + 3)^2 + 1. \quad x(t) = t. \quad y(t) = (t + 3)^2 + 1. \quad x = t + 3?$$

$$y = (x + 3)^2 + 1 \quad y = ((t + 3) + 3)^2 + 1 \quad y = (t + 6)^2 + 1$$

$$x(t) = t + 3 \quad y(t) = (t + 6)^2 + 1$$

$$x \text{ y, t, } x \text{ y t, t, t } x \quad x = f(t) \quad y = f(t). \quad t, t \{ x(t) = 5 - t \quad y(t) = 8 - 2t \quad y = -2 + 2x \{ x(t) = 6 - 3t \quad y(t) = 10 - t$$

$$\{ x(t) = 2t + 1 \quad y(t) = 3 \quad ty = 3 \quad x - 1 \quad 2 \{ x(t) = 3t - 1 \quad y(t) = 2 \quad 2 \{ x(t) = 2 \quad y(t) = 1 - 5t \quad x = 2 \quad y = 1 - 5$$

$$y = 1 - 5 \ln(x^2) \{ x(t) = e^{-2t} \quad y(t) = 2 \quad e^{-t} \quad x(t) = 4 \log(t) \quad y(t) = 3 + 2t \quad x = 4 \log(y - 3^2) \{ x(t) = \log(2t) \quad y(t) = t - 1$$

$$\{ x(t) = t^3 - t \quad y(t) = 2tx = (y^2)^3 - y^2 \quad x(t) = t - t^4 \quad y(t) = t + 2 \quad x(t) = e^{2t} \quad y(t) = e^{6t} \quad y = x^3$$

$$\{ x(t) = t^5 \quad y(t) = t^{10} \{ x(t) = 4 \cos t \quad y(t) = 5 \sin t \quad (x^4)^2 + (y^5)^2 = 1 \{ x(t) = 3 \sin t \quad y(t) = 6 \cos t$$

$$\{ x(t) = 2 \cos^2 t \quad y(t) = -\sin^2 t \quad y^2 = 1 - 1^2 \quad x \{ x(t) = \cos t + 4 \quad y(t) = 2 \sin^2 t \quad x(t) = t - 1 \quad y(t) = t^2 \quad y = x^2 + 2x + 1$$

$$\{ x(t) = -t \quad y(t) = t^3 + 1 \{ x(t) = 2t - 1 \quad y(t) = t^3 - 2y = (x + 1^2)^3 - 2x - y \quad x(t) = 2t - 1 \quad y(t) = t + 4 \quad x(t) = 4 - t \quad y(t) = 3t + 2$$

$$y = -3x + 14 \{ x(t) = 2t - 1 \quad y(t) = 5t \quad x(t) = 4t - 1 \quad y(t) = 4t + 2 \quad y = x + 3 \quad x(t) = t \quad y(t) = t. \quad y(x) = 3x^2 + 3y(x) = 2 \sin x + 1$$

$$\{ x(t) = t \quad y(t) = 2 \sin t + 1 \quad x(y) = 3 \log(y) + y \quad x(y) = y + 2y \quad x(t) = t + 2t \quad y(t) = tx(t) = \arcsin t \quad y(t) = b \sin t.$$

$$x^2 + 4 + y^2 = 9 \quad x^2 + 16 + y^2 = 36 = 1 \{ x(t) = 4 \cos t \quad y(t) = 6 \sin t; \quad x^2 + y^2 = 16 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 10$$

$$\{ x(t) = 10 \cos t \quad y(t) = 10 \sin t; \quad (3, 0) \quad (-2, -5) \quad (3, 0) \quad t = 0, \quad (-2, -5) \quad t = 1. \quad (-1, 0) \quad (3, -2) \quad (-1, 0) \quad t = 0, \quad (3, -2)$$

$$t = 1. \quad \{ x(t) = -1 + 4t \quad y(t) = -2t \quad (-1, 5) \quad (2, 3) \quad (-1, 5) \quad t = 0, \quad (2, 3) \quad t = 1. \quad (4, 1) \quad (6, -2) \quad (4, 1) \quad t = 0, \quad (6, -2) \quad t = 1.$$

$$\{ x(t) = 4 + 2t \quad y(t) = 1 - 3t \quad \{ x_1(t) = 3t \quad y_1(t) = 2t - 1 \quad \text{and} \quad \{ x_2(t) = t + 3 \quad y_2(t) = 4t - 4$$

$$\{ x_1(t) = t^2 \quad y_1(t) = 2t - 1 \quad \text{and} \quad \{ x_2(t) = -t + 6 \quad y_2(t) = t + 1 \quad t = 2 \quad \{ x_1(t) = 3t^2 - 3t + 7 \quad y_1(t) = 2t + 3txy$$

$$\{ x_1(t) = t^2 - 4 \quad y_1(t) = 2t^2 - 1 \quad txy \quad \{ x_1(t) = t^4 \quad y_1(t) = t^3 + 4txy \quad y = (x + 1)^2.$$

$$\{ x(t) = t - 1 \quad y(t) = t^2 \quad \text{and} \quad \{ x(t) = t + 1 \quad y(t) = (t + 2)^2 \quad y = 3x - 2. \quad y = x^2 - 4x + 4.$$

$$\{ x(t) = t \quad y(t) = t^2 - 4t + 4 \quad \text{and} \quad \{ x(t) = t + 2 \quad y(t) = t^2 \quad x \text{ y } 45^\circ \text{ t, } x(t), \text{ and } y(t). \quad xyt(x, y).$$

$$x(t) = t^2 + 1, \quad y(t) = 2 + t. \quad t, x(t), \quad y(t), \quad tx(t) = t^2 + 1 \quad y(t) = 2 + t - 526 - 3 - 417 - 2 - 310 - 1 - 250 - 121012123254310$$

$$541765267 \quad (1, 2), \quad t \text{ t } t, t. \quad x = t, \quad y = 2t + 3, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 3.$$

$$x = 2 \cos t \quad y = 4 \sin t$$

$$t, \quad x \text{ y. } \quad t \quad tx = 2 \cos t \quad y = 4 \sin t \quad tx = 2 \cos(0) = 2 \quad y = 4 \sin(0) = 0 \quad \pi \quad 6x = 2 \cos(\pi/6) = 3 \quad y = 4 \sin(\pi/6) = 2 \quad \pi \quad 3$$

$$x = 2 \cos(\pi/3) = 1 \quad y = 4 \sin(\pi/3) = 2 \quad 3\pi \quad 2x = 2 \cos(\pi/2) = 0 \quad y = 4 \sin(\pi/2) = 4 \quad 2\pi \quad 3x = 2 \cos(2\pi/3) = -1$$

$$y = 4 \sin(2\pi/3) = 2 \quad 35\pi \quad 6x = 2 \cos(5\pi/6) = -3 \quad y = 4 \sin(5\pi/6) = 2 \quad \pi \quad x = 2 \cos(\pi) = -2 \quad y = 4 \sin(\pi) = 0 \quad 7\pi \quad 6$$

$$x = 2 \cos(7\pi/6) = -3 \quad y = 4 \sin(7\pi/6) = -4 \quad 24\pi \quad 3x = 2 \cos(4\pi/3) = -1 \quad y = 4 \sin(4\pi/3) = -2 \quad 33\pi \quad 2x = 2 \cos(3\pi/2) = 0$$

$$y = 4 \sin(3\pi/2) = -4 \quad 5\pi \quad 3x = 2 \cos(5\pi/3) = 1 \quad y = 4 \sin(5\pi/3) = -2 \quad 311\pi \quad 6x = 2 \cos(11\pi/6) = 3 \quad y = 4 \sin(11\pi/6) = -2$$

$$2\pi \quad x = 2 \cos(2\pi) = 2 \quad y = 4 \sin(2\pi) = 0 \quad x \text{ y, } t \quad Y =$$

$$X \text{ } 1T = Y \text{ } 1T =$$

$$Y \text{ } 1 = . \quad x = 5 \cos t, \quad y = 3 \sin t. \quad x = 5 \cos t \quad y = 2 \sin t. \quad tx = 5 \cos t \quad ty = 2 \sin t \quad 0 \quad x = 5 \cos(0) = 5 \quad y = 2 \sin(0) = 0 \quad 1 \quad x = 5 \cos(1) \approx 2.7$$

$$y = 2 \sin(1) \approx 1.72 \quad x = 5 \cos(2) \approx -2.1 \quad y = 2 \sin(2) \approx 1.83 \quad x = 5 \cos(3) \approx -4.95 \quad y = 2 \sin(3) \approx 0.284 \quad x = 5 \cos(4) \approx -3.3$$

$$y = 2 \sin(4) \approx -1.55 \quad x = 5 \cos(5) \approx 1.4 \quad y = 2 \sin(5) \approx -1.9 \quad 1 \quad x = 5 \cos(-1) \approx 2.7 \quad y = 2 \sin(-1) \approx -1.7 \quad 2 \quad x = 5 \cos(-2) \approx -2.1$$

$$y = 2 \sin(-2) \approx -1.8 \quad 3 \quad x = 5 \cos(-3) \approx -4.95 \quad y = 2 \sin(-3) \approx -0.28 \quad 4 \quad x = 5 \cos(-4) \approx -3.3 \quad y = 2 \sin(-4) \approx 1.5 \quad 5$$

$$x = 5 \cos(-5) \approx 1.4 \quad y = 2 \sin(-5) \approx 1.9 \quad (x, y) \quad t \quad x(t) \quad y(t), \quad t \quad y(x) \quad t \quad x, \quad x(y) \quad t \quad y.$$

$$x = 5 \cos t \quad x^5 = \cos t \quad \text{Solve for } \cos t. \quad y = 2 \sin t \quad \text{Solve for } \sin t. \quad y^2 = \sin t$$

$$\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t = 1 \quad (x^5)^2 + (y^2)^2 = 1 \quad x^2 + 25 + y^2 + 4 = 1$$

$$x = t + 1 \quad y = t, \quad t \geq 0, \quad y = x - 1 \quad y = t, \quad t \geq 0 \quad t \text{ t. } \quad x = 2 \cos \theta \quad \text{and} \quad y = 4 \sin \theta, \quad \theta \in [0, 2\pi], \quad \theta \in [0, 2\pi], \quad h \in [0, 2\pi], \quad h \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$x = (v_0 \cos \theta)t \quad y = -\frac{1}{2}gt^2 + (v_0 \sin \theta)t + h$$

$$gh = 32 \text{ ft/s}^2 \quad g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad x = (v_0 \cos \theta)t \quad v_0 \cos \theta \cos \theta \quad y = -\frac{1}{2}gt^2 + (v_0 \sin \theta)t + h \\ -\frac{1}{2}gt^2 \quad g = 32 \text{ ft/s}^2 \quad g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad v_0, h, t, 45^\circ x.$$

$$x = (v_0 \cos \theta)t \quad x = (140 \cos(45^\circ))t$$

y.

$$y = -16t^2 + (v_0 \sin \theta)t + h \quad y = -16t^2 + (140 \sin(45^\circ))t + 3$$

$$x = (140 \cos(45^\circ))(2) \quad x = 198 \text{ feet} \quad y = -16(2)^2 + (140 \sin(45^\circ))(2) + 3 \quad y = 137 \text{ feet}$$

y=0.

$$y = -16t^2 + (140 \sin(45^\circ))t + 3 \quad y = 0 \quad \text{Set } y(t) = 0 \text{ and solve the quadratic. } t = 6.2173$$

t=6.2173 t, t y.

$$x = (140 \cos(45^\circ))t \quad 400 = (140 \cos(45^\circ))t \quad t = 4.04 \quad y = -16(4.04)^2 + (140 \sin(45^\circ))(4.04) + 3 \\ y = 141.8$$

$$x = y = t, x(t), y(t). \quad x = (v_0 \cos \theta)t \quad y = -16t^2 + (v_0 \sin \theta)t + h. \quad v_0, \theta, h, t. \quad \{x(t) = t, y(t) = t^2 - 1\} \quad x = -3, y = -2, -10, 123$$

$$\{x(t) = t - 1, y(t) = t^2\}$$

$$t = -3, -2, -10, 123 \quad xy \quad \{x(t) = 2 + t, y(t) = 3 - 2t\} \quad -10, 123 \quad xy \quad \{x(t) = -2 - 2t, y(t) = 3 + t\} \quad -3, -2, -10, 1xy$$

$$\{x(t) = t^3, y(t) = t + 2\} \quad -10, 123 \quad xy \quad \{x(t) = t^2, y(t) = t + 3\} \quad -2, -10, 123 \quad xy \quad \{x(t) = t, y(t) = t\} \quad x(t) = -t, y(t) = t$$

$$\{x(t) = 5 - t, y(t) = t + 2\} \quad x(t) = -t + 2, y(t) = 5 - t \quad \{x(t) = 4 \sin t, y(t) = 2 \cos t\} \quad x(t) = 2 \sin t, y(t) = 4 \cos t$$

$$\{x(t) = 3 \cos 2t, y(t) = -3 \sin t\} \quad x(t) = 3 \cos 2t, y(t) = -3 \sin 2t \quad \{x(t) = \sec t, y(t) = \tan t\} \quad x(t) = \sec t, y(t) = \tan 2t$$

$$\{x(t) = 1 - e^{2t}, y(t) = e - t\} \quad x(t) = t - 1, y(t) = -t^2 \quad \{x(t) = t^3, y(t) = t + 3\} \quad x(t) = 2 \cos t, y(t) = -\sin t$$

$$\{x(t) = 7 \cos t, y(t) = 7 \sin t\} \quad x(t) = e^{2t}, y(t) = -e^{-t} \quad tx = t^2, y = 3t, 0 \leq t \leq 5 \quad x = 2t, y = -t^2, -5 \leq t \leq 5$$

$$x = t, y = 25 - t^2, 0 < t \leq 5 \quad x(t) = -t, y(t) = t, t \geq 0 \quad x = -2 \cos t, y = 6 \sin t, 0 \leq t \leq \pi \quad x = -\sec t, y = \tan t, -\pi/2 < t < \pi/2$$

$$x(t) = a \cos((a+b)t) \quad y(t) = a \cos((a-b)t)$$

$$[-\pi, 0], a=2, b=1, [-\pi, 0], a=3, b=2, [-\pi, 0], a=4, b=3, [-\pi, 0], a=5, b=4 \quad a, b, a=100, b=99. \quad b, a?$$

$$x(t) = t^2, y(t) = 6 - 3t \quad x(t) = -t^2, y(t) = t^2 \quad x(t) = -t^2, y(t) = -t^2 \quad x(t) = (0, 0),$$

$$\{x(t) = 5 \cos t, y(t) = 5 \sin t\} \quad (0, 0), [-3, 3] \quad [-3, 3] \quad [0, 2\pi] \quad a, b$$

$$\{x(t) = \sin(at), y(t) = \sin(bt)\}$$

$$a=1, b=2 \quad a=2, b=1 \quad a=3, b=3 \quad a=5, b=2 \quad b=5 \quad a=5, b=2 \quad \{x(t) = a \cos(bt), y(t) = c \sin(dt)\} \quad a, b, c, d \quad a=4, b=3, c=6, d=1$$

$$a=4, b=2, c=3, d=3 \quad \{x(t) = \cos t - 1, y(t) = \sin t + t\} \quad \{x(t) = \cos t + t, y(t) = \sin t - 1\} \quad x(t) = t - \sin t, y(t) = \cos t - 1 \quad [0, 2\pi].$$

$$[0, 4\pi], [-4\pi, 6\pi]. \quad \sin t \cos t \quad y(t) = -16t^2 + 20ty \quad (x) = -16(x/15)^2 + 20(x/15)y \quad (t) = -16t^2 + 10t + 5.$$

$$t. \quad \{x(t) = 64t \cos(52^\circ), y(t) = -16t^2 + 64t \sin(52^\circ)\} \quad x \quad \{x(t) = 14 \cos t - \cos(14t), y(t) = 14 \sin t + \sin(14t)\} \quad [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\{x(t) = 6 \sin t + 2 \sin(6t), y(t) = 6 \cos t - 2 \cos(6t)\} \quad [0, 2\pi] \quad \{x(t) = 2 \sin t + 5 \cos(6t), y(t) = 5 \cos t - 2 \sin(6t)\} \quad [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\{x(t) = 5 \sin(2t) \sin t, y(t) = 5 \sin(2t) \cos t\} \quad [0, 2\pi] \quad v, u, w, v \rightarrow, u \rightarrow, w \rightarrow. \quad P, Q, PQ \rightarrow. \quad (0, 0)$$

$$(a, b), \langle a, b \rangle, \langle a, b \rangle (0, 0) \langle a, b \rangle. \quad CD \rightarrow C(x_1, y_1) D(x_2, y_2),$$

$$AB \rightarrow = \langle x_2 - x_1, y_2 - y_1 \rangle = \langle a, b \rangle$$

$$CD \rightarrow AB \rightarrow. \quad (0, 0) \langle a, b \rangle. \quad P(2, 3) Q(6, 4).$$

$$v = \langle 6 - 2, 4 - 3 \rangle = \langle 4, 1 \rangle$$

$$(0, 0) \langle 4, 1 \rangle. \quad \langle 4, 1 \rangle. \quad v \langle -3, 2 \rangle \langle 4, 5 \rangle,$$

$$v = \langle 4 - (-3), 5 - 2 \rangle = \langle 7, 3 \rangle$$

$$(0, 0) \langle 7, 3 \rangle. \quad v \langle 3, 5 \rangle. \quad v = \langle a, b \rangle, |v| = a^2 + b^2. \quad \tan \theta = (b/a) \Rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1}(b/a), \quad P(-8, 1) Q(-2, -5).$$

$$u = \langle -2, -(-8), -5 - 1 \rangle = \langle 6, -6 \rangle$$

$$|u| = (6)^2 + (-6)^2 = 72 = 6^2$$

$$\tan \theta = -6/6 = -1 \Rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1}(-1) = -45^\circ$$

$$-45^\circ + 360^\circ = 315^\circ. \quad (5, -3) \langle -1, 2 \rangle \langle -1, -3 \rangle \langle -7, 2 \rangle. \quad v \langle 5, -3 \rangle \langle -1, 2 \rangle. \quad u \langle -1, -3 \rangle \langle -7, 2 \rangle.$$

$$v = \langle -1 - 5, 2 - (-3) \rangle = \langle -6, 5 \rangle \quad u = \langle -7 - (-1), 2 - (-3) \rangle = \langle -6, 5 \rangle$$

$$|v| = (-1 - 5)^2 + (2 - (-3))^2 = (-6)^2 + (5)^2 = 36 + 25 = 61 \quad |u| = (-7 - (-1))^2 + (2 - (-3))^2 = (-6)^2 + (5)^2 = 36 + 25 = 61$$

$$\tan \theta = -\frac{5}{6} \Rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1}(-\frac{5}{6}) = -39.8^\circ$$

$$180^\circ - 39.8^\circ + 180^\circ = 140.2^\circ. u = \langle x, y \rangle (x, y), u = \langle 3, -2 \rangle v = \langle -1, 4 \rangle,$$

$$u + v = \langle 3, -2 \rangle + \langle -1, 4 \rangle = \langle 3 + (-1), -2 + 4 \rangle = \langle 2, 2 \rangle$$

$$v \cdot u.$$

$$u + (-v) = \langle 3, -2 \rangle + \langle 1, -4 \rangle = \langle 3 + 1, -2 + (-4) \rangle = \langle 4, -6 \rangle$$

$$v = \langle a, b \rangle k$$

$$kv = \langle ka, kb \rangle$$

$$k \cdot v = \langle 3, 1 \rangle, 12v, v = \langle 3, 1 \rangle,$$

$$3v = \langle 3 \cdot 3, 3 \cdot 1 \rangle = \langle 9, 3 \rangle \quad 12v = \langle 12 \cdot 3, 12 \cdot 1 \rangle = \langle 36, 12 \rangle - v = \langle -3, -1 \rangle$$

$$12v \cdot u = \langle 5, 4 \rangle. 3u = \langle 15, 12 \rangle u = \langle 3, -2 \rangle v = \langle -1, 4 \rangle,$$

$$3u = 3\langle 3, -2 \rangle = \langle 9, -6 \rangle \quad 2v = 2\langle -1, 4 \rangle = \langle -2, 8 \rangle$$

$$w = 3u + 2v = \langle 9, -6 \rangle + \langle -2, 8 \rangle = \langle 9 - 2, -6 + 8 \rangle = \langle 7, 2 \rangle$$

$$w = \langle 7, 2 \rangle. x \cdot y \cdot \langle 2, 3 \rangle (0, 0) (2, 0).$$

$$v \cdot 1 = \langle 2 - 0, 0 - 0 \rangle = \langle 2, 0 \rangle$$

$$(0, 0) (0, 3).$$

$$v \cdot 2 = \langle 0 - 0, 3 - 0 \rangle = \langle 0, 3 \rangle$$

$$v = \langle 2 + 0, 3 + 0 \rangle = \langle 2, 3 \rangle$$

$$|v| = |v \cdot 1| + |v \cdot 2| = 2^2 + 3^2 = 13$$

$$13 \cdot \tan \theta = y \cdot x.$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{v \cdot 2}{v \cdot 1} \tan \theta = \frac{3}{2} \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}(\frac{3}{2}) = 56.3^\circ$$

$$v \cdot 13 \cdot 56.3^\circ \cdot v \cdot (3, 2) (7, 4).$$

$$v = \langle 7 - 3, 4 - 2 \rangle = \langle 4, 2 \rangle$$

$$v \cdot 1 = \langle 4, 0 \rangle \quad v \cdot 2 = \langle 0, 2 \rangle. i = \langle 1, 0 \rangle j = \langle 0, 1 \rangle v \cdot v = |v|^2 \quad v \cdot v = \langle -5, 12 \rangle.$$

$$|v| = \sqrt{(-5)^2 + (12)^2} = \sqrt{25 + 144} = \sqrt{169} = 13$$

$$|v|,$$

$$v \cdot |v| = -5 \cdot 13 i + 12 \cdot 13 j$$

$$v \cdot |v| = \langle -5 \cdot 13, 12 \cdot 13 \rangle$$

$$-5 \cdot 13 i + 12 \cdot 13 j$$

$$(-5 \cdot 13)^2 + (12 \cdot 13)^2 = 25 \cdot 169 + 144 \cdot 169 = 169 \cdot 169 = 1$$

$$= 5 \cdot 13 + 12 \cdot 13 = \langle -5, 12 \rangle. v \cdot P = (x_1, y_1) Q = (x_2, y_2),$$

$$v = (x_2 - x_1)i + (y_2 - y_1)j$$

$$(0, 0) (a, b), (x_2 - x_1) = a (y_2 - y_1) = b, |v| = a^2 + b^2. v \cdot P = (2, -6) Q = (-6, 6), i \cdot j.$$

$$v = (x_2 - x_1)i + (y_2 - y_1)j = (-6 - 2)i + (6 - (-6))j = -8i + 12j$$

$$P \cdot 1 = (-1, 3) P \cdot 2 = (2, 7), v \cdot i \cdot j.$$

$$v = (x_2 - x_1)i + (y_2 - y_1)j v = (2 - (-1))i + (7 - 3)j = 3i + 4j$$

$$u \cdot P = (-1, 6) Q = (7, -5) i \cdot j. u = 8i - 11j i \cdot j,$$

$$v + u = (a + c)i + (b + d)j v - u = (a - c)i + (b - d)j$$

$$v \cdot 1 = 2i - 3j \quad v \cdot 2 = 4i + 5j.$$

$$v \cdot 1 + v \cdot 2 = (2 + 4)i + (-3 + 5)j = 6i + 2j$$

$$i \text{ and } j. |v| \cdot r. v = \langle x, y \rangle \theta,$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{|v|} \text{ and } \sin \theta = \frac{y}{|v|} \quad x = |v| \cos \theta \quad y = |v| \sin \theta$$

$$v = xi + yj = |v| \cos \theta i + |v| \sin \theta j, |v| = x^2 + y^2. x = |v| \cos \theta \quad y = |v| \sin \theta j,$$

$$x = 7 \cos(135^\circ) i = -\frac{7}{2} i \quad y = 7 \sin(135^\circ) j = \frac{7}{2} j$$

$$v = 7 \cos(135^\circ) i + 7 \sin(135^\circ) j$$

$$v = -\frac{7}{2} i + \frac{7}{2} j$$

$$(3, 5). v = 34 \cos(59^\circ) i + 34 \sin(59^\circ) j \quad 34\theta = \tan^{-1}(\frac{5}{3}) = 59.04^\circ v = \langle a, b \rangle u = \langle c, d \rangle$$

$$\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{u} = ac + bd$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{u}}{|\mathbf{v}| |\mathbf{u}|}$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \langle 5, 12 \rangle \quad \mathbf{u} = \langle -3, 4 \rangle.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{u} &= \langle 5, 12 \rangle \cdot \langle -3, 4 \rangle &= 5 \cdot (-3) + 12 \cdot 4 &= -15 + 48 &= 33 \\ |\mathbf{v}| \cdot |\mathbf{u}| &= |\langle 5, 12 \rangle| \cdot |\langle -3, 4 \rangle| &= \sqrt{5^2 + 12^2} \cdot \sqrt{(-3)^2 + 4^2} &= \sqrt{169} \cdot \sqrt{25} &= 13 \cdot 5 = 65 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{u}}{|\mathbf{v}| |\mathbf{u}|}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{u}}{|\mathbf{v}| |\mathbf{u}|} &= \frac{33}{13 \cdot 5} = \frac{33}{65} \approx 0.5077 \\ \theta &= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{33}{65} \right) \approx 59.5^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \langle -3, 4 \rangle \quad \mathbf{v} = \langle 5, 12 \rangle.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}}{|\mathbf{u}| |\mathbf{v}|} \right) = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\langle -3, 4 \rangle \cdot \langle 5, 12 \rangle}{\sqrt{(-3)^2 + 4^2} \cdot \sqrt{5^2 + 12^2}} \right) \\ &= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{-15 + 48}{5 \cdot 13} \right) = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{33}{65} \right) \approx 59.5^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 140^\circ + \alpha. \quad \text{BCO AOC BCO } x$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= (16.2)^2 + (200)^2 - 2(16.2)(200)\cos(140^\circ) \quad x = 45,226.41 \quad x = 212.7 \\ \sin \alpha \cdot 16.2 &= \sin(140^\circ) \cdot 212.7 \\ \alpha &= \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{0.04896}{1} \right) = 2.8^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\mathbf{v}| &= \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \quad \mathbf{v} = |\mathbf{v}| \cos \theta \mathbf{i} + |\mathbf{v}| \sin \theta \mathbf{j} \quad \mathbf{u} = |\mathbf{u}| \cos \theta \mathbf{i} + |\mathbf{u}| \sin \theta \mathbf{j} \\ \mathbf{u} &= \langle 5, 12 \rangle \quad \mathbf{v} = \langle -3, 4 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{P}_1 = (3, 7), \mathbf{P}_2 = (2, 1), \mathbf{P}_3 = (1, 2), \mathbf{P}_4 = (-1, -4) \quad \mathbf{P}_1 = (8, 3), \mathbf{P}_2 = (6, 5), \mathbf{P}_3 = (11, 8), \mathbf{P}_4 = (9, 10)$$

$$\mathbf{P}_1 = (-3, 1), \mathbf{P}_2 = (5, 2), \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} \mathbf{j} \quad \mathbf{P}_1 = (6, 0), \mathbf{P}_2 = (-1, -3), \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} \mathbf{j} \quad 7\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} - 6\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} = \langle 2, -3 \rangle, \mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 5 \rangle$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \langle -3, 4 \rangle, \mathbf{v} = \langle -2, 1 \rangle \quad \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v} = \langle -5, 5 \rangle, \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v} = \langle -1, 3 \rangle, 2\mathbf{u} - 3\mathbf{v} = \langle 0, 5 \rangle \quad \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v} = -10\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j} = -8\mathbf{i} + 1\mathbf{j}$$

$$\mathbf{d} = -1\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} = -3\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j} \quad 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi \quad \langle 0, 4 \rangle \times \langle 6, 5 \rangle = 7.810, \theta = 39.806^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle 2, -5 \rangle \times \langle -4, -6 \rangle &= 7.211, \theta = 236.310^\circ \quad \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} = -6 \quad \mathbf{u} = \langle -2, 4 \rangle \quad \mathbf{v} = \langle -3, 1 \rangle, \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} = \langle -1, 6 \rangle = \langle 6, -1 \rangle, \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} = -12 \\ \mathbf{v} &= \langle 2, -1 \rangle \times \langle -1, 4 \rangle \times \langle -3, -2 \rangle \times \langle 4, 1 \rangle \quad \mathbf{P}_1 = (2, 1) \quad \mathbf{P}_2 = (-1, 2), \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} \mathbf{j}, \mathbf{P}_1 = (4, -1) \quad \mathbf{P}_2 = (-3, 2), \\ \mathbf{v} &= \mathbf{i} \mathbf{j} \quad \mathbf{v} = -7\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} \quad \mathbf{P}_1 = (3, 3) \quad \mathbf{P}_2 = (-3, 3), \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} \mathbf{j} \quad |\mathbf{v}| = 6, \theta = 45^\circ \quad 2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} \quad |\mathbf{v}| = 8, \theta = 220^\circ \quad |\mathbf{v}| = 2, \theta = 300^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} \quad |\mathbf{v}| = 5, \theta = 135^\circ \quad x = 7.13 \quad y = 3.63 \quad x = 2.87 \quad y = 4.10 \quad (5, 7) \quad (0.081, 8.602) \quad (7, 3) \quad \alpha \quad a, \beta \quad b, \gamma \quad c. \\ \beta = 50^\circ, a = 105, b = 45 \quad \alpha = 43.1^\circ, a = 184.2, b = 242.8 \quad C = 120^\circ, a = 23.1, c = 34.1 \quad A \quad A: \alpha \quad a, \beta \quad b, \gamma \quad c: a = 4, b = 6, c = 8. \\ B = 71.0^\circ, C = 55.0^\circ, a = 12.8 \quad (3, \pi/6) \quad (5, -2\pi/3) \quad (6, -3\pi/4) \quad (-2, 3\pi/2) \quad (0, 2) \quad (7, -2) \quad (-9, -4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (9.8489, 203.96^\circ) \quad x = -2x^2 + y^2 = 64r = 8x^2 + y^2 = -2yr = 7\cos \theta \quad x^2 + y^2 = 7xr = -24\cos \theta + \sin \theta \quad \theta = 3\pi/4 \\ y = -xr = 5\sec \theta \quad r = 4 + 4\sin \theta = \pi \quad 2r = 7 \quad r = 1 - 5\sin \theta. \quad r = 5\sin(7\theta). \quad r = 3 - 3\cos \theta - 2 + 6i - 3i + 9i = 1 - 3 + 2i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cis}(-\pi/3) \quad z = 5\text{cis}(5\pi/6) \quad z = 3\text{cis}(40^\circ) \quad 2.3 + 1.9i \quad z_1 \quad z_2 \quad z_1 = 2\text{cis}(89^\circ) \quad z_2 = 5\text{cis}(23^\circ) \quad z_1 = 10\text{cis}(\pi/6) \\ z_2 = 6\text{cis}(\pi/3) \quad 60\text{cis}(\pi/2) \quad z_1 \quad z_2 \quad z_1 = 12\text{cis}(55^\circ) \quad z_2 = 3\text{cis}(18^\circ) \quad z_1 = 27\text{cis}(5\pi/3) \quad z_2 = 9\text{cis}(\pi/3) \\ 3\text{cis}(4\pi/3) \quad z_4 \quad z = 2\text{cis}(70^\circ) \quad z_2 \quad z = 5\text{cis}(3\pi/4) \quad 25\text{cis}(3\pi/2) \quad z \quad z = 64\text{cis}(210^\circ) \quad z \quad z = 25\text{cis}(3\pi/2). \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5\text{cis}(3\pi/4), 5\text{cis}(7\pi/4) \quad 6 - 2i - 1 + 3i \quad t \{ x(t) = 3t - 1 \quad y(t) = t \{ x(t) = -\cos t \quad y(t) = 2 \sin 2t \quad x^2 + 1 \quad y = 1 \\ x(t) = a \cos t \quad y(t) = b \sin t \quad x^2 + y^2 = 1. \quad (-2, 3) \quad (4, 7) \quad (-2, 3) \quad t = 0 \quad (4, 7) \quad t = 1. \{ x(t) = -2 + 6t \quad y(t) = 3 + 4t \\ \{ x(t) = 3t^2 \quad y(t) = 2t - 1 \{ x(t) = e^t \quad y(t) = -2e^{5t} \quad y = -2x^5 \{ x(t) = 3\cos t \quad y(t) = 2\sin t \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \{ x(t) = (80\cos(40^\circ))t \quad y(t) = -16t^2 + (80\sin(40^\circ))t + 4 \quad \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{u} \quad \mathbf{P}_1 \quad \mathbf{P}_2, \mathbf{v} \quad \mathbf{P}_3 \quad \mathbf{P}_4. \\ \mathbf{P}_1 = (-1, 4), \mathbf{P}_2 = (3, 1), \mathbf{P}_3 = (5, 5) \quad \mathbf{P}_4 = (9, 2) \quad \mathbf{P}_1 = (6, 11), \mathbf{P}_2 = (-2, 8), \mathbf{P}_3 = (0, -1) \quad \mathbf{P}_4 = (-8, 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{u} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j}, \mathbf{v} = 4\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}, \mathbf{w} = -2\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j} \quad -3 \quad 10 \quad 10 - 10 \quad 10 \quad \langle 6, -2 \rangle \times \langle -3, -3 \rangle = 3 \quad 2, 225^\circ \quad \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} = 16 = \langle -3, 4 \rangle \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad \mathbf{P}_1 = (3, 2) \\ \mathbf{P}_2 = (-5, -1), \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{i} \mathbf{j} \quad \alpha \quad a, \beta \quad b, \gamma \quad c. \quad \beta = 68^\circ, b = 21, c = 16. \quad \alpha = 67.1^\circ, \gamma = 44.9^\circ, a = 20.91712 \text{ miles} \quad (2, 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2, \pi/3) \quad (1, 3) \quad x^2 + y^2 = 5y \quad r = -3\csc \theta \quad y = -3 \quad r = -4\sin(2\theta) \quad r = 3 + 3\cos \theta \quad r = 3 - 5\sin \theta \quad 5 - 9i \quad 106 \quad 4 + i. \\ z = 5\text{cis}(2\pi/3) \quad -5 \quad 2 + i \quad 5 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad z_1 = 8\text{cis}(36^\circ) \quad z_2 = 2\text{cis}(15^\circ) \quad z_1 \quad z_2 \quad z_1 = 24\text{cis}(21^\circ) \quad (z_2) \quad 3 \quad z_1 \\ 2 \quad 2 \quad \text{cis}(18^\circ) \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad \text{cis}(198^\circ) \quad -5 - i \quad t \{ x(t) = t + 1 \quad y(t) = 2t^2 \quad y = 2 \quad (x - 1)^2 \quad x(t) = a \cos t \quad y(t) = b \sin t: \\ x^2 + y^2 = 100 = 1. \{ x(t) = -2\sin t \quad y(t) = 5\cos t \quad \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} \quad \mathbf{v} \quad 2 \quad 13 \quad 13 \quad \mathbf{i} + 3 \quad 13 \quad 13 \quad \mathbf{j} \quad \mathbf{P}_1 = (2, 2) \quad \mathbf{P}_2 = (-1, 0), \mathbf{v} \end{aligned}$$



i j.  $v, -v. (0,0) (a,b), v_1 = \langle 1,0 \rangle v_2 = \langle 0,1 \rangle$ .

$$2x+y=15 \quad 3x-y=5$$

$$2(4)+(7)=15 \quad \text{True} \quad 3(4)-(7)=5 \quad \text{True}$$

$(x,y). (5,1)$

$$x+3y=8 \quad 2x-9=y$$

$(5,1)$

$$(5)+3(1)=8$$

$$8=8 \text{ True}$$

$$2(5)-9=(1)$$

$$1=1 \text{ True}$$

$(5,1) (8,5)$

$$5x-4y=20 \quad 2x+1=3y$$

$$2x+y=-8 \quad x-y=-1$$

$y.$

$$2x+y=-8$$

$$y=-2x-8$$

$y.$

$$x-y=-1$$

$$y=x+1$$

$(-3,-2).$

$$2(-3)+(-2)=-8$$

$$-8=-8 \text{ True}$$

$$(-3)-(-2)=-1$$

$$-1=-1 \text{ True}$$

$(-3,-2),$

$$2x-5y=-25 \quad -4x+5y=35$$

$(-5,3).$

$$-x+y=-5 \quad 2x-5y=1$$

$y.$

$$-x+y=-5$$

$$y=x-5$$

$x-5 y$

$$2x-5y=1 \quad 2x-5(x-5)=1$$

$$2x-5x+25=1$$

$$-3x=-24$$

$$x=8$$

$x=8 y.$

$$-(8)+y=-5$$

$$y=3$$

$(8,3). (8,3)$

$$-x+y=-5 \quad -(8)+(3)=-5 \text{ True}$$

$$2x-5y=1$$

$$2(8)-5(3)=1 \text{ True}$$

$$x=y+3 \quad 4=3x-2y$$

$(-2,-5)$

$$x+2y=-1 \quad -x+y=3$$

$x \quad x \quad x$

$$x+2y=-1 \quad -x+y=3 \quad 3y=2$$

$x, y.$

$$3y=2 \quad y=2/3$$

$y \quad x.$

$$-x+y=3 \quad -x+2/3=3$$

$$-x=3-2/3$$

$$-x=7/3$$

$$x=-7/3$$

$(-7/3, 2/3).$

$$x+2y=-1$$

$$(-7/3)+2(2/3)=-1$$

$$-7/3+4/3=-1$$

$$-3/3=-1$$

$$-1=-1 \text{ True}$$

$$3x+5y=-11 \quad x-2y=11$$

$3x \quad x. -3,$

$x-2y=11 \quad -3(x-2y)=-3(11)$  Multiply both sides by  $-3$ .  $-3x+6y=-33$  Use the distributive property.

$$3x+5y=-11 \quad -3x+6y=-33$$

$$11y=-44$$

$$y=-4$$

$y=-4 \quad x.$

$$3x+5y=-11$$

$$3x+5(-4)=-11$$

$$3x-20=-11$$

$$3x=9$$

$$x=3$$

$(3,-4).$

$$x-2y=11 \quad (3)-2(-4)=3+8$$

$$=11 \text{ True}$$

$$2x-7y=2$$

$$3x+y=-20$$

$(-6,-2)$

$$2x+3y=-16 \quad 5x-10y=30$$

$$2x \quad 5x. \quad 10x \quad x-5 \quad 2.$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} -5(2x+3y)=-5(-16) & -10x-15y=80 & 2(5x-10y)=2(30) & 10x-20y=60 & \\ -10x-15y=80 & 10x-20y=60 & \underline{\hspace{2cm}} & -35y=140 & y=-4 \\ y=-4 & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} 2x+3(-4)=-16 & 2x-12=-16 & 2x=-4 & x=-2 & \\ (-2,-4). & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} 5x-10y=30 & 5(-2)-10(-4)=30 & -10+40=30 & 30=30 & \\ x^3 + y^6 = 3 & x^2 - y^4 = 1 & & & \\ 6(x^3 + y^6) = 6(3) & 2x+y=18 & 4(x^2 - y^4) = 4(1) & 2x-y=4 & \\ -1 & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} -1(2x-y)=-1(4) & -2x+y=-4 & & & \\ 2x+y=18 & -2x+y=-4 & \underline{\hspace{2cm}} & 2y=14 & y=7 \\ y=7 & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} 2x+(7)=18 & 2x=11 & x=11/2 & =7.5 & \\ (11/2, 7). & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} x^2 - y^4 = 1 & 11/2^2 - 7^4 = 1 & 11/4 - 7^4 = 1 & 4/4 = 1 & \\ 2x+3y=8 & 3x+5y=10 & & & \\ (10,-4) & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} y^2=0. & & & & \\ x=9-2y & x+2y=13 & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} x, & & & & \\ x+2y=13 & (9-2y)+2y=13 & 9+0y=13 & 9=13 & \\ 9 \neq 13. & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} x=9-2y & 2y=-x+9 & y=-1/2 x + 9/2 & & \\ x+2y=13 & 2y=-x+13 & y=-1/2 x + 13/2 & & \\ y=-1/2 x + 9/2 & y=-1/2 x + 13/2 & & & \\ 2y-2x=2 & 2y-2x=6 & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} 0=0. & & & & \\ x+3y=2 & 3x+9y=6 & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} x. \quad -3, x & & & & \\ x+3y=2 & (-3)(x+3y)=(-3)(2) & -3x-9y=-6 & & \\ -3x-9y=-6 & + & 3x+9y=6 & \underline{\hspace{2cm}} & 0=0 \\ x+3y=2 & 3y=-x+2 & y=-1/3 x + 2/3 & 3x+9y=6 & 9y=-3x+6 & y=-1/3 x + 2/3 \\ (x, -1/3 x + 2/3). & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} y-2x=5 & -3y+6x=-15 & & & \\ (x, 2x+5). R=xp, x=p & x P(x)=R(x)-C(x). & C(x)=0.85x+35,000 & R(x)=1.55x, y & \\ y=0.85x+35,000 & y=1.55x & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} 0.85x+35,000 & x. & & & \\ 0.85x+35,000=1.55x & 35,000=0.7x & 50,000=x & & \\ x=50,000 & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} 1.55(50,000)=77,500 & & & & \\ (50,000, 77,500). P(x)=R(x)-C(x). & & & & \\ P(x)=1.55x-(0.85x+35,000) & =0.7x-35,000 & & & \\ P(x)=0.7x-35,000. & x=50,000, \$25.00 & \$50.00 & 2,000 & \$70,000. & 2,000. \\ c+a=2,000 & & & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rclcl} \$25.00 & 25c. & \$50.00 & 50a. & \$70,000. \\ 25c+50a=70,000 & & & & \end{array}$$

$$c+a=2,000 \quad 25c+50a=70,000$$

c a. a.

$$c+a=2,000$$

$$a=2,000-c$$

$$2,000-c \text{ a c.}$$

$$25c+50(2,000-c)=70,000 \quad 25c+100,000-50c=70,000$$

$$-25c=-30,000$$

$$c=1,200$$

$$c=1,200 \text{ a.}$$

$$1,200+a=2,000$$

$$a=800$$

$$1,200 \ 800 \ \$4.00 \ \$12.00 \ 1,650 \ \$14,200, \ x \ y \ 5x-y=4 \ x+6y=2 \ (4,0)-3x-5y=13 \ -x+4y=10(-6,1)$$

$$3x+7y=1 \ 2x+4y=0 \ (2,3)-2x+5y=7 \ 2x+9y=7(-1,1)x+8y=43 \ 3x-2y=-1 \ (3,5) \ x+3y=5 \ 2x+3y=4(-1,2)$$

$$3x-2y=18 \ 5x+10y=-104x+2y=-10 \ 3x+9y=0(-3,1)2x+4y=-3.8 \ 9x-5y=1.3-2x+3y=1.2 \ -3x-6y=1.8$$

$$(-3 \ 5,0) \ x-0.2y=1 \ -10x+2y=5 \ 3x+5y=9 \ 30x+50y=-90 \ -3x+y=2 \ 12x-4y=-8$$

$$1 \ 2 \ x+1 \ 3 \ y=16 \ 1 \ 6 \ x+1 \ 4 \ y=9(72 \ 5, \ 132 \ 5) \ -1 \ 4 \ x+3 \ 2 \ y=11 \ -1 \ 8 \ x+1 \ 3 \ y=3$$

$$-2x+5y=-42 \ 7x+2y=30(6, -6)6x-5y=-34 \ 2x+6y=4 \ 5x-y=-2.6 \ -4x-6y=1.4(-1 \ 2, \ 1 \ 10)$$

$$7x-2y=3 \ 4x+5y=3.25 \ -x+2y=-1 \ 5x-10y=6 \ 7x+6y=2 \ -28x-24y=-8$$

$$5 \ 6 \ x+1 \ 4 \ y=0 \ 1 \ 8 \ x-1 \ 2 \ y=-43 \ 120(-1 \ 5, \ 2 \ 3) \ 1 \ 3 \ x+1 \ 9 \ y=2 \ 9 \ -1 \ 2 \ x+4 \ 5 \ y=-1 \ 3$$

$$-0.2x+0.4y=0.6 \ x-2y=-3(x, x+3 \ 2)-0.1x+0.2y=0.6 \ 5x-10y=15x+9y=16 \ x+2y=4(-4,4)$$

$$6x-8y=-0.6 \ 3x+2y=0.95x-2y=2.25 \ 7x-4y=3(1 \ 2, \ 1 \ 8) \ x-5 \ 12 \ y=-55 \ 12 \ -6x+5 \ 2 \ y=55 \ 2$$

$$7x-4y=7 \ 6 \ 2x+4y=1 \ 3(1 \ 6, \ 0)3x+6y=11 \ 2x+4y=9 \ 7 \ 3 \ x-1 \ 6 \ y=2 \ -21 \ 6 \ x+3 \ 12 \ y=-3(x, 2(7x-6))$$

$$1 \ 2 \ x+1 \ 3 \ y=1 \ 3 \ 3 \ 2 \ x+1 \ 4 \ y=-1 \ 82.2x+1.3y=-0.1 \ 4.2x+4.2y=2.1(-5 \ 6, \ 4 \ 3)$$

$$0.1x+0.2y=2 \ 0.35x-0.3y=03x-y=0.6 \ x-2y=1.3-x+2y=4 \ 2x-4y=1 \ x+2y=7 \ 2x+6y=12$$

$$3x-5y=7 \ x-2y=3 \ 3x-2y=5 \ -9x+6y=-15 \ 0.1x+0.2y=0.3 \ -0.3x+0.5y=1$$

$$-0.01x+0.12y=0.62 \ 0.15x+0.20y=0.52(-3.08, 4.91) \ 0.5x+0.3y=4 \ 0.25x-0.9y=0.46$$

$$0.15x+0.27y=0.39 \ -0.34x+0.56y=1.8(-1.52, 2.29) \ -0.71x+0.92y=0.13 \ 0.83x+0.05y=2.1 \ A, B, C, D, E,$$

$$F \ A-F \ A \neq B \ A \neq B \ D. \ x+y=A \ x-y=B \ (A+B \ 2, \ A-B \ 2) \ x+Ay=1 \ x+By=1 \ Ax+y=0 \ Bx+y=1$$

$$(-1 \ A-B, \ A \ A-B) \ Ax+By=C \ x+y=1 \ Ax+By=C \ Dx+Ey=F \ (CE-BF \ BD-AE, \ AF-CD \ BD-AE)$$

$$C=12x+30 \ R=20x. \ C(x)=11x+120 \ R(x)=5x. \ C(x)=150x+10,000 \ R(x)=200x. \ C(x)=64x+20,000, \ x$$

$$(1,250,100,000) \ C(x)=75x+50,000. \ 2 \ 7 \ 8 \ \% \ (x, y) \ P(x)=R(x)-C(x), \ R=xp, \ x= \ p= \ (x, y, z),$$

$$Ax+By+Cz=D$$

$$Ey+Fz=G$$

$$Hz=K$$

$$z, y \ x. \ \{ (x, y, z) \}. \ \{ (x, y, z) \}. \ 0=0. \ (3, -2, 1)$$

$$x+y+z=2 \ 6x-4y+5z=31 \ 5x+2y+2z=13$$

x, y, z.

$$x+y+z=2 \ (3)+(-2)+(1)=2 \ \text{True} \ 6x-4y+5z=31 \ 6(3)-4(-2)+5(1)=31 \ 18+8+5=31 \ \text{True} \ 5x+2y+2z=13$$

$$5(3)+2(-2)+2(1)=13 \ 15-4+2=13 \ \text{True}$$

$$(3, -2, 1)$$

$$x-2y+3z=9 \ (1) \ -x+3y-z=-6 \ (2) \ 2x-5y+5z=17 \ (3)$$

x

$$x-2y+3z=9 \ (1) \ -x+3y-z=-6 \ (2) \ y+2z=3 \ (3)$$

$$-2 \ x.$$

$$-2x+4y-6z=-18 \ (1) \ \text{multiplied by } -2 \ 2x-5y+5z=17 \ (3)$$

$$-y-z=-1 \ (5)$$

z

$$y+2z=3 \ (4) \ -y-z=-1 \ (5)$$

$$z=2 \ (6)$$

$$x-2y+3z=9 \ (1) \ y+2z=3 \ (4)$$

$$z=2 \ (6)$$

$$z=2 \ y.$$

$$y+2(2)=3$$

$$y+4=3$$

$$y=-1$$

$$z=2 \ y=-1 \ x.$$

$$x-2(-1)+3(2)=9$$

$$x+2+6=9$$

$$x=1$$

$$(1, -1, 2).$$

x=amount invested in money-market fund y=amount invested in municipal bonds

z=amount invested in mutual funds

$$x+y+z=12,000$$

$$z=y+4,000$$

$$0.03x+0.04y+0.07z=670$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x+y+z=12,000 & -y+z=4,000 & 0.03x+0.04y+0.07z=670 \\ x+y+z=12,000 & (1) & -y+z=4,000 & (2) & 3x+4y+7z=67,000 & (3) \\ x+y+z=12,000 & 3x+4y+7z=67,000 & -y+z=4,000 \end{array}$$

-3

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x+y+z=12,000 & y+4z=31,000 & -y+z=4,000 \\ x+y+z=12,000 & y+4z=31,000 & 5z=35,000 \end{array}$$

z y. z y x.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 5z=35,000 & z=7,000 & y+4(7,000)=31,000 & y=3,000 \\ x+3,000+7,000=12,000 & & x=2,000 \\ 2x+y-2z=-1 & 3x-3y-z=5 & x-2y+3z=6 \end{array}$$

(1, -1, 1) 3=7

$$x-3y+z=4 \quad (1) \quad -x+2y-5z=3 \quad (2) \quad 5x-13y+13z=8 \quad (3)$$

x, x

$$x-3y+z=4 \quad (1) \quad -x+2y-5z=3 \quad (2) \quad -y-4z=7 \quad (4)$$

-5

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -5x+15y-5z=-20 & (1) \text{ multiplied by } -5 & 5x-13y+13z=8 \quad (3) \\ & & 2y+8z=-12 \quad (5) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -2y-8z=14 & (4) \text{ multiplied by } 2 & 2y+8z=-12 \quad (5) \\ \hline 0=2 \end{array}$$

0=2

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x+y+z=2 & y-3z=1 & 2x+y+5z=0 \\ 2x+y-3z=0 & (1) & 4x+2y-6z=0 \quad (2) & x-y+z=0 \quad (3) \end{array}$$

-2

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -4x-2y+6z=0 & \text{equation (1) multiplied by } -2 & 4x+2y-6z=0 \quad (2) \\ \hline 0=0, -2, 0=0. \end{array}$$

0=0, -2, 0=0.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x+y-3z=0 & x-y+z=0 & 3x-2z=0 \end{array}$$

z.

$$3x-2z=0 \quad z=3/2 x$$

z y.

$$2x+y-3(3/2 x)=0 \quad 2x+y-9/2 x=0 \quad y=9/2 x-2x \quad y=5/2 x$$

(x, 5/2 x, 3/2 x). x y z x. x? x y.

$$x+y+z=7 \quad 3x-2y-z=4 \quad x+6y+5z=24$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} (x, 4x-11, -5x+18). \{ (x, y, z) \} & (0, 0, 0) & 2x+3y-6z=1 \quad -4x-6y+12z=-2 \quad x+2y+5z=10 \\ 2x-6y+6z=-12 & x+4y+5z=-1 & -x+2y+3z=-1 \quad (0, 1, -1) & 6x-y+3z=6 & 3x+5y+2z=0 & x+y=0(3, -3, -5) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 6x-7y+z=2 & -x-y+3z=4 & 2x+y-z=1 \quad (4, 2, -6) & x-y=0 & x-z=5 & x-y+z=-1 \quad (4, 4, -1) \\ -x-y+2z=3 & 5x+8y-3z=4 & -x+3y-5z=-5 \quad (4, 1, -7) & 3x-4y+2z=-15 & 2x+4y+z=16 & 2x+3y+5z=20(-1, 4, 2) \\ 5x-2y+3z=20 & 2x-4y-3z=-9 & x+6y-8z=21 & 5x+2y+4z=9 & -3x+2y+z=10 & 4x-3y+5z=-3 \\ (-85, 107, 312) & 107, 191 & 107 & 4x-3y+5z=31 & -x+2y+4z=20 & x+5y-2z=-29 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 5x-2y+3z=4 & -4x+6y-7z=-1 & 3x+2y-z=4 \quad (1, 1, 2, 0) & 4x+6y+9z=0 & -5x+2y-6z=3 & 7x-4y+3z=-3 \\ 2x-y+3z=17 & -5x+4y-2z=-46 & 2y+5z=-7 \quad (4, -6, 1) & 5x-6y+3z=50 & -x+4y=10 & 2x-z=10 \\ 2x+3y-6z=1 & -4x-6y+12z=-2 & x+2y+5z=10 & (x, 1, 27) & (65-16x), x+28 & 27 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 4x+6y-2z=8 & 6x+9y-3z=12 & -2x-3y+z=-4 & 2x+3y-4z=5 & -3x+2y+z=11 & -x+5y+3z=4 \\ (-45, 13, 17) & 13, -2 & 10x+2y-14z=8 & -x-2y-4z=-1 & -12x-6y+6z=-12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &x+y+z=14 \quad 2y+3z=-14 \quad -16y-24z=-112 \quad 5x-3y+4z=-1 \quad -4x+2y-3z=0 \quad -x+5y+7z=-11 \\
 &x+y+z=0 \quad 2x-y+3z=0 \quad x-z=0(0,0,0) \quad 3x+2y-5z=6 \quad 5x-4y+3z=-12 \quad 4x+5y-2z=15 \\
 &x+y+z=0 \quad 2x-y+3z=0 \quad x-z=1(4,7,-1) \quad 7,-3,7) \\
 &3x-12y-z=-12 \quad 4x+z=3 \quad -x+32y=52 \\
 &6x-5y+6z=38 \quad 15x-12y+35z=1 \quad -4x-32y-z=-74(7,20,16) \\
 &12x-15y+25z=-1310 \quad 14x-25y-15z=-720 \quad -12x-34y-12z=-54 \\
 &-13x-12y-14z=34 \quad -12x-14y-12z=2 \quad -14x-34y-12z=-12(-6,2,1) \\
 &12x-14y+34z=0 \quad 14x-110y+25z=-218 \quad x+15y-18z=2 \\
 &45x-78y+12z=1 \quad -45x-34y+13z=-8 \quad -25x-78y+12z=-5(5,12,15) \\
 &-13x-18y+16z=-43 \quad -23x-78y+13z=-233 \quad -13x-58y+56z=0 \\
 &-14x-54y+52z=-5 \quad -12x-53y+54z=5512 \quad -13x-13y+13z=53(-5,-5,-5) \\
 &140x+160y+180z=1100 \quad -12x-13y-14z=-15 \quad 38x+312y+316z=320 \\
 &0.1x-0.2y+0.3z=2 \quad 0.5x-0.1y+0.4z=8 \quad 0.7x-0.2y+0.3z=8(10,10,10) \\
 &0.2x+0.1y-0.3z=0.2 \quad 0.8x+0.4y-1.2z=0.1 \quad 1.6x+0.8y-2.4z=0.2 \\
 &1.1x+0.7y-3.1z=-1.79 \quad 2.1x+0.5y-1.6z=-0.13 \quad 0.5x+0.4y-0.5z=-0.07(12,15,45) \\
 &0.5x-0.5y+0.5z=10 \quad 0.2x-0.2y+0.2z=4 \quad 0.1x-0.1y+0.1z=2 \\
 &0.1x+0.2y+0.3z=0.37 \quad 0.1x-0.2y-0.3z=-0.27 \quad 0.5x-0.1y-0.3z=-0.03(12,25,45) \\
 &0.5x-0.5y-0.3z=0.13 \quad 0.4x-0.1y-0.3z=0.11 \quad 0.2x-0.8y-0.9z=-0.32 \\
 &0.5x+0.2y-0.3z=1 \quad 0.4x-0.6y+0.7z=0.8 \quad 0.3x-0.1y-0.9z=0.6(2,0,0) \\
 &0.3x+0.3y+0.5z=0.6 \quad 0.4x+0.4y+0.4z=1.8 \quad 0.4x+0.2y+0.1z=1.6 \\
 &0.8x+0.8y+0.8z=2.4 \quad 0.3x-0.5y+0.2z=0 \quad 0.1x+0.2y+0.3z=0.6(1,1,1) \quad x,y,z. \\
 &x+y+z=3 \quad x-12+y-32+z+12=0 \quad x-23+y+43+z-33=23 \\
 &5x-3y-z+12=12 \quad 6x+y-92+2z=-3 \quad x+82-4y+z=4(128557,23557,28557) \\
 &x+47-y-16+z+23=1 \quad x-24+y+18-z+812=0 \quad x+63-y+23+z+42=3 \\
 &x-36+y+22-z-33=2 \quad x+24+y-52+z+42=1 \quad x+62-y-32+z+1=9(6,-1,0) \\
 &x-13+y+34+z+26=1 \quad 4x+3y-2z=11 \quad 0.02x+0.015y-0.01z=0.065 \quad 34 \quad 318 \% \quad 212 \% \\
 &Ax+By+C=0.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x-y=-1 \quad y=x^2+1$$

x

$$\begin{aligned}
 &x-y=-1 \quad x=y-1 \text{ Solve for } x. \quad y=x^2+1 \quad y=(y-1)^2+1 \text{ Substitute expression for } x. \\
 &y=(y-1)^2=(y^2-2y+1)+1=y^2-2y+2 \quad 0=y^2-3y+2=(y-2)(y-1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y=y^2 \quad y=1. \quad y=x.$$

$$x-y=-1 \quad x-(2)=-1 \quad x=1 \quad x-(1)=-1 \quad x=0$$

$$(1,2) \quad (0,1), (x,y) \quad y=x \quad x \cdot y=1$$

$$y=x^2+1 \quad y=x^2+1 \quad x^2=0 \quad x=\pm 0=0$$

$$y=2$$

$$y=x^2+1 \quad 2=x^2+1 \quad x^2=1 \quad x=\pm 1=\pm 1$$

$$-1$$

$$3x-y=-2 \quad 2x^2-y=0$$

$$(-1,2), (1,2) \quad (2,8)$$

$$x^2+y^2=5 \quad y=3x-5$$

$$y. \quad y=3x-5$$

$$x^2+(3x-5)^2=5 \quad x^2+9x^2-30x+25=5 \quad 10x^2-30x+20=0$$

$$x.$$

$$10(x^2-3x+2)=0 \quad 10(x-2)(x-1)=0 \quad x=2 \quad x=1$$

$$y.$$

$$y=3(2)-5=1 \quad y=3(1)-5=-2$$

$$(2,1) \quad (1,-2), (x,y)$$

$$x^2+y^2=10 \quad x-3y=-10$$

$$(-1, 3)$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 26 \quad (1) \quad 3x^2 + 25y^2 = 100 \quad (2)$$

$$-3,$$

$$(-3)(x^2 + y^2) = (-3)(26) \quad -3x^2 - 3y^2 = -78 \quad 3x^2 + 25y^2 = 100 \quad 22y^2 = 22$$

$$y.$$

$$y^2 = 1 \quad y = \pm 1 = \pm 1$$

$$y = \pm 1 \quad x.$$

$$x^2 + (1)^2 = 26 \quad x^2 + 1 = 26 \quad x^2 = 25 \quad x = \pm 5 \quad x^2 + (-1)^2 = 26 \quad x^2 + 1 = 26 \quad x^2 = 25 = \pm 5$$

$$(5, 1), (-5, 1), (5, -1), \text{ and } (-5, -1).$$

$$4x^2 + y^2 = 13 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 10$$

$$\{(1, 3), (1, -3), (-1, 3), (-1, -3)\} \quad y > a, y < a, y \geq a, y \leq a, y > a; y \geq a; y < a; y \leq a \leq \geq y > x^2 + 1. \quad y = x^2 + 1. \\ y > x^2 + 1 \quad (0, 2) \quad (2, 0).$$

$$y > x^2 + 1 \quad 2 > (0)^2 + 1 \quad 2 > 1 \quad \text{True} \quad 0 > (2)^2 + 1 \quad 0 > 5 \quad \text{False}$$

$$x^2 - y \leq 0 \quad 2x^2 + y \leq 12$$

$$y \quad x.$$

$$x^2 - y = 0 \quad 2x^2 + y = 12 \quad \text{_____} \quad 3x^2 = 12 \quad x^2 = 4 \quad x = \pm 2$$

$$y.$$

$$x^2 - y = 0 \quad (2)^2 - y = 0 \quad 4 - y = 0 \quad y = 4 \quad (-2)^2 - y = 0 \quad 4 - y = 0 \quad y = 4$$

$$(2, 4) \quad (-2, 4).$$

$$x^2 - y \leq 0 \quad x^2 \leq y \quad y \geq x^2 \quad 2x^2 + y \leq 12 \quad y \leq -2x^2 + 12 \\ 2x^2 + y \leq 12 \quad x^2 - y \leq 0$$

$$y \geq x^2 - 1 \quad x - y \geq -1$$

$$C(x) \quad R(x). \quad C(x) < R(x), \quad x + y = 4 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad y = x - 3 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad (0, -3), (3, 0)$$

$$y = x \quad x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad y = -x \quad x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad (-3, 2), (3, 2), (3, -2), (-3, -2) \quad x = 2 \quad x^2 - y^2 = 9$$

$$4x^2 - 9y^2 = 36 \quad 4x^2 + 9y^2 = 36 \quad (-3, 0), (3, 0) \quad x^2 + y^2 = 25 \quad x^2 - y^2 = 1$$

$$2x^2 + 4y^2 = 4 \quad 2x^2 - 4y^2 = 25 \quad x = 10 \quad (1, 4), (-1, 4), (1, -4), (-1, -4) \quad y^2 - x^2 = 9 \quad 3x^2 + 2y^2 = 8$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 1 = 16 \quad 2500 \quad y = 2 \quad x^2 = (-398, 4), (398, 4) \quad -2x^2 + y = -5 \quad 6x - y = 9$$

$$-x^2 + y = 2 \quad -x + y = 2 \quad (0, 2), (1, 3) \quad x^2 + y^2 = 1 \quad y = 20 \quad x^2 - 1x^2 + y^2 = 1 \quad y = -x^2$$

$$(-1, 2), (5, -1), (1, 2), (1, -5), (1, 2), (5, -1), (1, 2), (1, -5) \quad 2x^3 - x^2 = y \quad y = 1 \quad 2 - x$$

$$9x^2 + 25y^2 = 225 \quad (x-6)^2 + y^2 = 1 \quad (5, 0) \quad x^4 - x^2 = y \quad x^2 + y = 0 \quad 2x^3 - x^2 = y \quad x^2 + y = 0 \quad (0, 0)$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad y = 3 - x \quad 2x^2 - y^2 = 9 \quad x = 3 \quad (3, 0) \quad x^2 - y^2 = 9 \quad y = 3x^2 - y^2 = 9 \quad x - y = 0$$

$$-x^2 + y = 2 \quad -4x + y = -1 \quad -x^2 + y = 2 \quad 2y = -xx^2 + y^2 = 25 \quad x^2 - y^2 = 36 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 1 \quad y^2 = x^2$$

$$(-2, 2), (-2, 2), (2, 2), (2, 2) \quad 16x^2 - 9y^2 + 144 = 0 \quad y^2 + x^2 = 16$$

$$3x^2 - y^2 = 12 \quad (x-1)^2 + y^2 = 1 \quad (2, 0) \quad 3x^2 - y^2 = 12 \quad (x-1)^2 + y^2 = 4$$

$$3x^2 - y^2 = 12 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 16 \quad (-7, -3), (-7, 3), (7, -3), (7, 3)$$

$$x^2 - y^2 - 6x - 4y - 11 = 0 \quad -x^2 + y^2 = 5 \quad x^2 + y^2 - 6y = 7 \quad x^2 + y = 1$$

$$(-1, 2), (7, -5), (1, 2), (7, -5), (1, 2), (7, -5) \quad x^2 + y^2 = 6 \quad xy = 1 \quad x^2 + y < 9$$

$$x^2 + y^2 < 4 \quad x^2 + y < 1 \quad y > 2 \quad xx^2 + y < -5 \quad y > 5 \quad x + 10 \quad x^2 + y^2 < 25 \quad 3x^2 - y^2 > 12 \quad x^2 - y^2 > -4 \quad x^2 + y^2 < 12$$

$$x^2 + 3y^2 > 16 \quad 3x^2 - y^2 < 1 \quad y \geq e \quad x \leq \ln(x) + 5 \quad y \leq -\log(x) \quad y \leq e \quad x^4 \quad x^2 + 1 \quad y^2 = 24 \quad 5x^2 - 2y^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$6x^2 - 1y^2 = 8 \quad 1x^2 - 6y^2 = 1 \quad 8$$

$$(-2, 70, 383), (-2, 35, 29), (-2, 70, 383), (2, 35, 29), (2, 70, 383), (2, 35, 29)$$

$$x^2 - xy + y^2 - 2 = 0 \quad x + 3y = 4 \quad x^2 - xy - 2y^2 - 6 = 0 \quad x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$x^2 + 4xy - 2y^2 - 6 = 0 \quad x = y + 2 \quad xy < 1 \quad y > xx = 0, y > 0 \quad 0 < x < 1, x < y < 1 \quad xx^2 + y < 3 \quad y > 2 \quad x$$

$$C(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 200 \quad R(x) = -2x^2 + 100x + 50. \quad C(x) = 8x^2 - 600x + 21,500 \quad R(x) = -3x^2 + 480x.$$

$$P(x) \quad Q(x)$$

$$2x - 3 + -1 \quad x + 2$$

$$(x+2)(x-3).$$

$$2x - 3 \quad (x+2 \quad x+2) + -1 \quad x+2 \quad (x-3 \quad x-3) =$$

$$2x+4-x+3 \quad (x+2)(x-3) = x+7 \quad x^2 - x - 6$$

$x+7$   $x^2 - x - 6$  Simplified sum  $= 2x - 3 + -1x + 2$  Partial fraction decomposition  
 $x^2 - x - 6 = (x-3)(x+2)$ ,  $P(x)Q(x) : Q(x)$   $P(x)Q(x) : Q(x)$   $P(x)Q(x)$

$P(x)Q(x) = A_1(a_1x + b_1) + A_2(a_2x + b_2) + A_3(a_3x + b_3) + \dots + A_n(a_nx + b_n)$ .  
 $A, B, C, A_n$

$$P(x)Q(x) = A_1(a_1x + b_1) + A_2(a_2x + b_2) + \dots + A_n(a_nx + b_n)$$

$$3x(x+2)(x-1)$$

$A, B, C$ .

$$3x(x+2)(x-1) = A(x+2) + B(x-1)$$

$$(x+2)(x-1)[3x(x+2)(x-1)] = (x+2)(x-1)[A(x+2)] + (x+2)(x-1)[B(x-1)]$$

$$3x = A(x-1) + B(x+2)$$

$$3x = Ax - A + Bx + 2B$$

$$3x = (A+B)x - A + 2B$$

$$3 = A+B \quad 0 = -A + 2B$$

$B$ .

$$3 = A+B \quad 0 = -A + 2B \quad 3 = 0 + 3B \quad 1 = B$$

$B=1$

$$3 = A + 1 \quad 2 = A$$

$$3x(x+2)(x-1) = 2(x+2) + 1(x-1)$$

$A, B, x=1, A-B$ .

$$3x = A(x-1) + B(x+2) \quad 3(1) = A[(1)-1] + B[(1)+2] \quad 3 = 0 + 3B \quad 1 = B$$

$B=1, A, x=-2$

$$3x = A(x-1) + B(x+2) \quad 3(-2) = A[(-2)-1] + B[(-2)+2] \quad -6 = -3A + 0 \quad -6 - 3 = A \quad 2 = A$$

$A, B$

$$3x(x+2)(x-1) = 2(x+2) + 1(x-1)$$

$$x(x-3)(x-2)$$

$3x - 3 - 2x - 2$   $P(x)Q(x) : Q(x)$   $P(x)Q(x) : Q(x)$ ,  $Q(x)$   $n$   $P(x)Q(x)$ ,

$$P(x)Q(x) = A_1(ax+b) + A_2(ax+b)^2 + A_3(ax+b)^3 + \dots + A_n(ax+b)^n$$

$A, B, C$

$$P(x)Q(x) = A_1(ax+b) + A_2(ax+b)^2 + \dots + A_n(ax+b)^n$$

$$-x^2 + 2x + 4 \quad x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x$$

$x(x-2)^2 \cdot (x-2)$ ,  $x, (x-2)$ ,  $(x-2)^2$ .

$$-x^2 + 2x + 4 \quad x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x = Ax + B(x-2) + C(x-2)^2$$

$$x(x-2)^2[-x^2 + 2x + 4 \quad x(x-2)^2] = [Ax + B(x-2) + C(x-2)^2]x(x-2)^2 \quad -x^2 + 2x + 4 = A(x-2)^2 + Bx(x-2) + Cx$$

$$-x^2 + 2x + 4 = A(x^2 - 4x + 4) + B(x^2 - 2x) + Cx = Ax^2 - 4Ax + 4A + Bx^2 - 2Bx + Cx$$

$$= (A+B)x^2 + (-4A-2B+C)x + 4A$$

$$-x^2 + 2x + 4 = (A+B)x^2 + (-4A-2B+C)x + 4A$$

$$A+B = -1 \quad (1) \quad -4A-2B+C = 2 \quad (2) \quad 4A = 4 \quad (3)$$

$A$

$$4A = 4 \quad A = 1$$

$A=1$

$$A+B = -1 \quad (1) + B = -1 \quad B = -2$$

$C, A, B$

$$-4A-2B+C = 2 \quad -4(1)-2(-2)+C = 2 \quad -4+4+C = 2 \quad C = 2$$

$$-x^2 + 2x + 4 \quad x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x = 1x - 2(x-2) + 2(x-2)^2$$

$$6x - 11 \quad (x-1)^2$$

$6x - 1 - 5(x-1)^2$   $P(x)Q(x)$ ,  $A, B, C$   $Ax+B, Bx+C$ ,  $P(x)Q(x) : Q(x)$   $P(x)Q(x) : Q(x)$   $P(x)Q(x)$

$$P(x)Q(x) = A_1x + B_1(a_1x^2 + b_1x + c_1) + A_2x + B_2(a_2x^2 + b_2x + c_2) + \dots + A_nx + B_n(a_nx^2 + b_nx + c_n)$$

$$A, B, C \quad A_1 x + B_1, A_2 x + B_2,$$

$$P(x) Q(x) = A_1 x + B_1 (a_1 x^2 + b_1 x + c_1) + A_2 x + B_2 (a_2 x^2 + b_2 x + c_2) + \dots + A_n x + B_n (a_n x^2 + b_n x + c_n)$$

$$P(x) Q(x)$$

$$8x^2 + 12x - 20 (x+3)(x^2 + x + 2)$$

$$8x^2 + 12x - 20 (x+3)(x^2 + x + 2) = A(x+3) + Bx + C(x^2 + x + 2)$$

$$(x+3)(x^2 + x + 2)[8x^2 + 12x - 20(x+3)(x^2 + x + 2)] = [A(x+3) + Bx + C(x^2 + x + 2)](x+3)(x^2 + x + 2)$$

$$8x^2 + 12x - 20 = A(x^2 + x + 2) + (Bx + C)(x+3)$$

$$A x \quad Bx + C \quad x = -3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 8x^2 + 12x - 20 = A(x^2 + x + 2) + (Bx + C)(x+3) \quad 8(-3)^2 + 12(-3) - 20 = A((-3)^2 + (-3) + 2) + \\ (B(-3) + C)((-3) + 3) \quad 16 = 8A \quad A = 2 \end{array}$$

$$A,$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 8x^2 + 12x - 20 = 2(x^2 + x + 2) + (Bx + C)(x+3) \quad 8x^2 + 12x - 20 = 2x^2 + 2x + 4 + Bx^2 + 3Bx + Cx + 3C \\ -20 = (2+B)x^2 + (2+3B+C)x + (4+3C) \\ 2+B=8 \quad (1) \quad 2+3B+C=12 \quad (2) \quad 4+3C=-20 \quad (3) \end{array}$$

$$B \quad C$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2+B=8 \quad (1) \quad B=6 \quad 4+3C=-20 \quad (3) \quad 3C=-24 \quad C=-8 \\ 8x^2 + 12x - 20 (x+3)(x^2 + x + 2) = 2(x+3) + 6x - 8(x^2 + x + 2) \end{array}$$

$$A$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 8x^2 + 12x - 20 = A x^2 + Ax + 2A + B x^2 + 3B + Cx + 3C \quad 8x^2 + 12x - 20 = (A+B)x^2 + (A+3B+C)x + (2A+3C) \\ A+B=8 \quad A+3B+C=12 \quad 2A+3C=-20 \\ 5x^2 - 6x + 7 (x-1)(x^2 + 1) \end{array}$$

$$3x-1 + 2x-4x^2+1 \quad P(x) Q(x) \quad P(x) Q(x) \quad P(x) Q(x), \quad Q(x) P(x) Q(x),$$

$$P(x) (a x^2 + b x + c)^n = A_1 x + B_1 (a x^2 + b x + c) + A_2 x + B_2 (a x^2 + b x + c)^2 + A_3 x + B_3 (a x^2 + b x + c)^3 + \dots + A_n x + B_n (a x^2 + b x + c)^n$$

$$A, B, C \quad A_1 x + B_1, A_2 x + B_2,$$

$$\begin{array}{l} P(x) Q(x) = A_1 x + B_1 (a x^2 + b x + c) + A_2 x + B_2 (a x^2 + b x + c)^2 + \dots + A_n + B_n (a x^2 + b x + c)^n \\ x^4 + x^3 + x^2 - x + 1 x (x^2 + 1)^2 \end{array}$$

$$x, (x^2 + 1), (x^2 + 1)^2. \quad Ax + B.$$

$$x^4 + x^3 + x^2 - x + 1 x (x^2 + 1)^2 = Ax + Bx + C(x^2 + 1) + Dx + E(x^2 + 1)^2$$

$$x(x^2 + 1)^2.$$

$$x^4 + x^3 + x^2 - x + 1 = A(x^2 + 1)^2 + (Bx + C)(x)(x^2 + 1) + (Dx + E)(x)$$

$$x^4 + x^3 + x^2 - x + 1 = A(x^4 + 2x^2 + 1) + Bx^4 + Bx^2 + Cx^3 + Cx + Dx^2 + Ex$$

$$= Ax^4 + 2Ax^2 + A + Bx^4 + Bx^2 + Cx^3 + Cx + Dx^2 + Ex$$

$$x^4 + x^3 + x^2 - x + 1 = (A+B)x^4 + (C)x^3 + (2A+B+D)x^2 + (C+E)x + A$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A+B=1 \quad C=1 \quad 2A+B+D=1 \quad C+E=-1 \quad A=1 \end{array}$$

$$A=1$$

$$1+B=1 \quad B=0$$

$$A=1 \quad B=0$$

$$2(1)+0+D=1 \quad D=-1$$

$$C=1$$

$$1+E=-1 \quad E=-2$$

$$A=1, B=0, C=1, D=-1, E=-2.$$

$$x^4 + x^3 + x^2 - x + 1 x (x^2 + 1)^2 = 1x + 1(x^2 + 1) - x + 2(x^2 + 1)^2$$

$$x^3 - 4x^2 + 9x - 5 (x^2 - 2x + 3)^2$$

$$x-2x^2-2x+3+2x+1(x^2-2x+3)^2 \quad P(x) Q(x) \quad A a_1 x + b_1 + B a_2 x + b_2. \quad P(x) Q(x)$$

$$P(x) Q(x) \quad Ax + Bx + C(a x^2 + b x + c). \quad P(x) Q(x), \quad Q(x)$$

$$Ax + B(a x^2 + b x + c) + A_2 x + B_2(a x^2 + b x + c)^2 + \dots + A_n x + B_n(a x^2 + b x + c)^n.$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 &1x^2 + 17x + 13 \quad 3x^2 + 8x + 15 = Ax + 1 + B(3x + 5), \quad 7x + 13 = A(3x + 5) + B(x + 1). \quad x = -1, A = 3. \\
 &x = -5/3, \quad -2.5x + 16 \quad x^2 + 10x + 24 \quad 3x - 79 \quad x^2 - 5x - 248 \quad x + 3 - 5 \quad x - 8 - x - 24 \quad x^2 - 2x - 2410x + 47 \quad x^2 + 7x + 10 \\
 &1x + 5 + 9 \quad x + 2x \quad 6x^2 + 25x + 2532x - 11 \quad 20x^2 - 13x + 23 \quad 5x - 2 + 4 \quad 4x - 1x + 1 \quad x^2 + 7x + 105x \quad x^2 - 9 \\
 &5 \quad 2(x + 3) + 5 \quad 2(x - 3) \quad 10x \quad x^2 - 256x \quad x^2 - 43 \quad x + 2 + 3 \quad x - 22x - 3 \quad x^2 - 6x + 54x - 1 \quad x^2 - x - 6 \\
 &9 \quad 5(x + 2) + 11 \quad 5(x - 3) \quad 4x + 3 \quad x^2 + 8x + 153x - 1 \quad x^2 - 5x + 68 \quad x - 3 - 5 \quad x - 2 - 5x - 19 \quad (x + 4) \quad 2x \quad (x - 2) \quad 2 \\
 &1 \quad x - 2 + 2 \quad (x - 2) \quad 27x + 14 \quad (x + 3) \quad 2 - 24x - 27 \quad (4x + 5) \quad 2 - 6 \quad 4x + 5 + 3 \quad (4x + 5) \quad 2 - 24x - 27 \quad (6x - 7) \quad 2 \\
 &5 - x \quad (x - 7) \quad 2 - 1 \quad x - 7 - 2 \quad (x - 7) \quad 25x + 14 \quad 2 \quad x^2 + 12x + 185 \quad x^2 + 20x + 8 \quad 2x \quad (x + 1) \quad 2 \\
 &4 \quad x - 3 \quad 2(x + 1) + 7 \quad 2(x + 1) \quad 24 \quad x^2 + 55x + 25 \quad 5x \quad (3x + 5) \quad 254 \quad x^3 + 127 \quad x^2 + 80x + 16 \quad 2 \quad x^2 \quad (3x + 2) \quad 2 \\
 &4 \quad x + 2 \quad x^2 - 3 \quad 3x + 2 + 7 \quad 2 \quad (3x + 2) \quad 2x \quad 3 - 5 \quad x^2 + 12x + 144 \quad x^2 \quad (x^2 + 12x + 36) \\
 &4 \quad x^2 + 6x + 11 \quad (x + 2)(x^2 + x + 3)x + 1 \quad x^2 + x + 3 + 3 \quad x + 24 \quad x^2 + 9x + 23 \quad (x - 1)(x^2 + 6x + 11) \\
 &-2 \quad x^2 + 10x + 4 \quad (x - 1)(x^2 + 3x + 8) \quad 4 - 3x \quad x^2 + 3x + 8 + 1 \quad x - 1 \quad x^2 + 3x + 1 \quad (x + 1)(x^2 + 5x - 2) \\
 &4 \quad x^2 + 17x - 1 \quad (x + 3)(x^2 + 6x + 1) \quad 2x - 1 \quad x^2 + 6x + 1 + 2 \quad x + 34 \quad x^2 \quad (x + 5)(x^2 + 7x - 5) \quad 4 \quad x^2 + 5x + 3 \quad x^3 - 1 \\
 &1 \quad x^2 + x + 1 + 4 \quad x - 1 - 5 \quad x^2 + 18x - 4 \quad x^3 + 83 \quad x^2 - 7x + 33 \quad x^3 + 272 \quad x^2 - 3x + 9 + 3 \quad x + 3x^2 + 2x + 40 \quad x^3 - 125 \\
 &4 \quad x^2 + 4x + 12 \quad 8 \quad x^3 - 27 - 1 \quad 4 \quad x^2 + 6x + 9 + 1 \quad 2x - 3 - 50 \quad x^2 + 5x - 3 \quad 125 \quad x^3 - 1 \\
 &-2 \quad x^3 - 30 \quad x^2 + 36x + 216 \quad x^4 + 216x \quad 1 \quad x + 1 \quad x + 6 - 4x \quad x^2 - 6x + 363 \quad x^3 + 2 \quad x^2 + 14x + 15 \quad (x^2 + 4) \quad 2 \\
 &x^3 + 6 \quad x^2 + 5x + 9 \quad (x^2 + 1) \quad 2x + 6 \quad x^2 + 1 + 4x + 3 \quad (x^2 + 1) \quad 2x \quad 3 - x^2 + x - 1 \quad (x^2 - 3) \quad 2x^2 + 5x + 5 \quad (x + 2) \quad 2 \\
 &x + 1 \quad x + 2 + 2x + 3 \quad (x + 2) \quad 2x \quad 3 + 2 \quad x^2 + 4x \quad (x^2 + 2x + 9) \quad 2x^2 + 25 \quad (x^2 + 3x + 25) \quad 2 \\
 &1 \quad x^2 + 3x + 25 - 3x \quad (x^2 + 3x + 25) \quad 22 \quad x^3 + 11x + 7x + 70 \quad (2 \quad x^2 + x + 14) \quad 25x + 2 \quad x \quad (x^2 + 4) \quad 2 \\
 &1 \quad 8x - x \quad 8 \quad (x^2 + 4) + 10 - x \quad 2 \quad (x^2 + 4) \quad 2x \quad 4 + x \quad 3 + 8 \quad x^2 + 6x + 36 \quad x \quad (x^2 + 6) \quad 22x - 9 \quad (x^2 - x) \quad 2 \\
 &-16 \quad x - 9 \quad x^2 + 16 \quad x - 1 - 7 \quad (x - 1) \quad 25 \quad x^3 - 2x + 1 \quad (x^2 + 2x) \quad 2x^2 + 4 \quad (x + 1) \quad 3 \\
 &1 \quad x + 1 - 2 \quad (x + 1) \quad 2 + 5 \quad (x + 1) \quad 3x \quad 3 - 4 \quad x^2 + 5x + 4 \quad (x - 2) \quad 37 \quad x + 8 + 5 \quad x - 2 - x - 1 \quad x^2 - 6x - 16 \\
 &5 \quad x - 2 - 3 \quad 10 \quad (x + 2) + 7 \quad x + 8 - 7 \quad 10 \quad (x - 8) \quad 1 \quad x - 4 - 3 \quad x + 6 - 2x + 7 \quad x^2 + 2x - 24 \\
 &2x \quad x^2 - 16 - 1 - 2x \quad x^2 + 6x + 8 - x - 5 \quad x^2 - 4x - 5 \quad 4x - 5 \quad 2 \quad (x + 2) + 11 \quad 2 \quad (x + 4) + 5 \quad 4 \quad (x + 4) \quad A, B, C
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 7 & 0 & -5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$m \times n \quad m \quad n \quad A \quad a_{ij}, i, j. \quad A, \quad a_{23}.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$n \times n, 3 \times 3 \quad 1 \times n.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$m \times 1.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{21} & a_{31} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A, B, C, \quad a_{ij}, i, j \quad m \times n \quad m \quad n \quad A: A? \quad a_{31} \quad a_{22}?$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3 \times 3 \quad a_{31} \quad a_{22} \quad 3 \times 3 \quad 3 \times 3 \quad 2 \times 3 \quad 3 \times 3 \quad A \quad B \quad A \quad B \quad C \quad D$$

$$A + B = C \text{ such that } a_{ij} + b_{ij} = c_{ij}$$

$$A - B = D \text{ such that } a_{ij} - b_{ij} = d_{ij}$$

$$A + B = B + A$$

$$(A + B) + C = A + (B + C)$$

$$A \quad B,$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} e & f & g & h \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A + B = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} e & f & g & h \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a + e & b + f & c + g & d + h \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \quad B.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 9 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_{11}, A \quad b_{11}, B.$$

$$A + B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 9 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 + 5 & 1 + 9 & 3 + 0 & 2 + 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 10 & 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \quad B.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 1 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A - B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 1 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 - 8 & 3 - 1 & 0 - 5 & 1 - 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 2 & -5 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \quad B:$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -10 & -2 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 4 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 10 & -2 & 0 & -12 & -4 & -5 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A+B &= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -10 & -2 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 4 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 10 & -2 & 0 & -12 & -4 & -5 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2+6 & -10+10 & -2-2 & 14+0 & 12-12 & 10-4 & 4-5 & -2+2 & 2-2 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 0 & -4 & 14 & 0 & 6 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
 A-B &= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -10 & -2 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 4 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 10 & -2 & 0 & -12 & -4 & -5 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2-6 & -10-10 & -2+2 & 14-0 & 12+12 & 10+4 & 4+5 & -2-2 & 2+2 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -20 & 0 & 14 & 24 & 14 & 9 & -4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

A B.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 & 5 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A+B &= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 6 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -4 & -2 & 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2+3 & 1+1 & -4+(-4) & 6+(-2) & 0+5 & -3+3 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 & -8 & 4 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
 C_{2013} &= \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 16 & 16 & 27 & 34 & 34 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

C

$$(0.15) C_{2013} = \begin{bmatrix} (0.15)15 & (0.15)16 & (0.15)16 & (0.15)27 & (0.15)34 & (0.15)34 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2.25 & 2.4 & 2.4 & 4.05 & 5.1 & 5.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & 3 & 5 & 6 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \\
 [15 \ 16 \ 16 \ 27 \ 34 \ 34] + [3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 5 \ 6 \ 6] &= [18 \ 19 \ 19 \ 32 \ 40 \ 40] \\
 C_{2014} &= [18 \ 19 \ 19 \ 32 \ 40 \ 40] \\
 A &= [a_{11} \ a_{12} \ a_{21} \ a_{22}]
 \end{aligned}$$

cA

$$cA = c[a_{11} \ a_{12} \ a_{21} \ a_{22}] = [c a_{11} \ c a_{12} \ c a_{21} \ c a_{22}]$$

A,B,C a b,

$$a(A+B) = aA + aB \quad (a+b)A = aA + bA$$

A

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 1 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$3A = 3 \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 1 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \cdot 8 & 3 \cdot 1 & 3 \cdot 5 & 3 \cdot 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 24 & 3 & 15 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

B, -2B

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-2B = \begin{bmatrix} -8 & -2 & -6 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3A+2B.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & 4 & 3 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & -3 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

3A, 2B.

$$\begin{aligned}
 3A &= \begin{bmatrix} 3 \cdot 1 & 3(-2) & 3 \cdot 0 & 3 \cdot 0 & 3(-1) & 3 \cdot 2 & 3 \cdot 4 & 3 \cdot 3 & 3(-6) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 6 & 12 & 9 & -18 \end{bmatrix} \\
 2B &= \begin{bmatrix} 2(-1) & 2 \cdot 2 & 2 \cdot 1 & 2 \cdot 0 & 2(-3) & 2 \cdot 2 & 2 \cdot 0 & 2 \cdot 1 & 2(-4) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 & 2 & 0 & -6 & 4 & 0 & 2 & -8 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

3A+2B.

$$\begin{aligned}
 3A+2B &= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 6 & 12 & 9 & -18 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 & 2 & 0 & -6 & 4 & 0 & 2 & -8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3-2 & -6+4 & 0+2 & 0+0 & -3-6 & 6+4 & 12+0 & 9+2 & -18-8 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 & 0 & -9 & 10 & 12 & 11 & -26 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

A m × r B r × n AB m × n AB A B. A B i AB, i A j B A B, A 2 × 3 B 3 × 3, AB 2 × 3

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & b_{13} & b_{21} & b_{22} & b_{23} & b_{31} & b_{32} & b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

AB, AB, A B,

$$[a_{11} \ a_{12} \ a_{13}] \cdot [b_{11} \ b_{21} \ b_{31}] = a_{11} \cdot b_{11} + a_{12} \cdot b_{21} + a_{13} \cdot b_{31}$$

AB, A B,

$$[a_{11} \ a_{12} \ a_{13}] \cdot [b_{12} \ b_{22} \ b_{32}] = a_{11} \cdot b_{12} + a_{12} \cdot b_{22} + a_{13} \cdot b_{32}$$

AB, A B,

$$[a_{11} \ a_{12} \ a_{13}] \cdot [b_{13} \ b_{23} \ b_{33}] = a_{11} \cdot b_{13} + a_{12} \cdot b_{23} + a_{13} \cdot b_{33}$$

AB. A B; A B; A B.

$$\begin{aligned}
 AB &= \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} \cdot b_{11} + a_{12} \cdot b_{21} + a_{13} \cdot b_{31} & a_{11} \cdot b_{12} + a_{12} \cdot b_{22} + a_{13} \cdot b_{32} & a_{11} \cdot b_{13} + a_{12} \cdot b_{23} + a_{13} \cdot b_{33} \\ a_{21} \cdot b_{11} + a_{22} \cdot b_{21} + a_{23} \cdot b_{31} & a_{21} \cdot b_{12} + a_{22} \cdot b_{22} + a_{23} \cdot b_{32} & a_{21} \cdot b_{13} + a_{22} \cdot b_{23} + a_{23} \cdot b_{33} \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

A,B,C ( AB )C=A( BC ). C(A+B)=CA+CB, (A+B)C=AC+BC. A B.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \begin{matrix} 2 \times 2 \\ B \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} 2 \times 2 \\ 2 \times 2 \end{matrix} A \quad B: AB, BA.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -4 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \begin{matrix} 2 \times 3 \\ B \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} 3 \times 2 \\ A \end{matrix} B, \begin{matrix} 2 \times 2 \\ A \end{matrix} B.$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -1 & -4 & 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1(5)+2(-4)+3(2) & -1(-1)+2(0)+3(3) & 4(5)+0(-4)+5(2) \\ 4(-1)+0(0)+5(3) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & 10 & 30 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B \begin{matrix} 3 \times 2 \\ A \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} 2 \times 3 \\ 3 \times 3 \end{matrix}$$

$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -1 & -4 & 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5(-1)+-1(4) & 5(2)+-1(0) & 5(3)+-1(5) & -4(-1)+0(4) \\ -4(2)+0(0) & -4(3)+0(5) & 2(-1)+3(4) & 2(2)+3(0) & 2(3)+3(5) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 10 & 10 & 4 & -8 & -12 & 10 & 4 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB \quad BA$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & 10 & 30 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \neq \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 10 & 10 & 4 & -8 & -12 & 10 & 4 & 21 \end{bmatrix} = BA$$

$$3 \times 4 \quad 4 \times 2.$$

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 30 & 14 & 10 & 24 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 300 & 10 & 30 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$CE = \begin{bmatrix} 300 & 10 & 30 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 10 & 30 & 24 & 14 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 300(6)+10(30)+30(14) & 300(10)+10(24)+30(20) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2,520 & 3,840 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[A], [B], [C], \dots AB-C$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -15 & 25 & 32 & 41 & -7 & -28 & 10 & 34 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 45 & 21 & -37 & -24 & 52 & 19 & 6 & -48 & -31 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ and } C = \begin{bmatrix} -100 & -89 & -98 & 25 & -56 & 74 & -67 & 42 & -75 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$A [A], B [B], C [C].$$

$$[A] \times [B] - [C]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -983 & -462 & 136 & 1,820 & 1,897 & -856 & -311 & 2,032 & 413 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3 \times 2 \quad A \quad B, A \quad B; A \quad B, 2 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 3 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad AB \quad BA \quad A \quad m \times n \quad B \quad n \times m, AB=BA? \quad AB, A \quad B \quad AB. \quad BA, B \quad A \quad BA.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 14 & 22 & 6 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 8 & 92 & 12 & 6 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 14 & 7 & 2 & 5 & 61 \end{bmatrix}, E = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 12 & 14 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, F = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 9 & 78 & 17 & 15 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A+BC+D \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 19 & 15 & 94 & 17 & 67 \end{bmatrix} A+CB-E \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 2 & 8 & 1 \end{bmatrix} C+FD-B$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 13 & 12 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 9 & 21 & 12 & 0 & 64 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 3 & 7 & 18 & 90 & 5 & 3 & 29 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 12 & 13 & 8 & 14 & 6 & 7 & 4 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$5A3B \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 27 & 63 & 36 & 0 & 192 \end{bmatrix} - 2B - 4C \begin{bmatrix} -64 & -12 & -28 & -72 & -360 & -20 & -12 & -116 \end{bmatrix} 1 \quad 2 \quad C100D$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1,800 & 1,200 & 1,300 & 800 & 1,400 & 600 & 700 & 400 & 2,100 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & 4 & -8 & 0 & 12 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 10 & -2 & 6 & 5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 12 & 9 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 8 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ABBC \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 102 & 28 & 28 \end{bmatrix} CABD \begin{bmatrix} 60 & 41 & 2 & -16 & 120 & -216 \end{bmatrix} DCCB \begin{bmatrix} -68 & 24 & 136 & -54 & -12 & 64 & -57 & 30 & 128 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 6 & -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 9 & 7 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 7 & -5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 0 & 9 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, E = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & 3 & 7 & -6 & -5 & 1 & 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A+B-C4A+5D2C+B3D+4E \begin{bmatrix} -8 & 41 & -3 & 40 & -15 & -14 & 4 & 27 & 42 \end{bmatrix} C-0.5D100D-10E$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -840 & 650 & -530 & 330 & 360 & 250 & -10 & 900 & 110 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^2 = A \cdot A$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 20 & 5 & 25 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 40 & 10 & -20 & 30 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ABBA \begin{bmatrix} -350 & 1,050 & 350 & 350 \end{bmatrix} CABCA \quad 2B \quad 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1,400 & 700 & -1,400 & 700 \end{bmatrix} C \quad 2B \quad 2 \quad A^2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 332,500 & 927,500 & -227,500 & 87,500 \end{bmatrix} A^2 \quad B^2(AB)^2 \begin{bmatrix} 490,000 & 0 & 0 & 490,000 \end{bmatrix} (BA)^2 \quad A^2 = A \cdot A$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 & 4 & -1 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.1 & 1 & 0.2 & -0.5 & 0.3 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -6 & 7 & 5 & 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 & 4 & -7 & 9 & -7 \end{bmatrix} B \quad A \quad B \quad D \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 29 & 21 & -27 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} D \quad C \quad D \quad 2 \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -2 & -2 & -28 & 59 & 46 & -4 & 16 & 7 \end{bmatrix} A \quad 2 \quad D \quad 3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -18 & -9 & -198 & 505 & 369 & -72 & 126 & 91 \end{bmatrix} (AB)CA(BC)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 6 & 9 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 9 & 1 & 8 & -3 & 0.5 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 3 & 0 & -4 & 1 & 6 & 8 & 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ABBA \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 24 & -4.5 & 12 & 32 & -9 & -8 & 64 & 61 \end{bmatrix} CAB \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 3 & 0.5 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 10 & 7 & 10 \end{bmatrix} ABC$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B \quad 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} B \quad 3 \quad B \quad 4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} B \quad 5 \quad B \quad n. \quad B \quad 201 \quad B \quad 202,$$

$$B \quad n = \{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad n \text{ even}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad n \text{ odd}. \quad 2 \times 2$$

$$3x+4y=7 \quad 4x-2y=5$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 4 & -2 & 1 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x-y-z=0 \quad x+y=5 \quad 2x-3z=2 \\ [3 \ -1 \ -1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 2 \ 0 \ -3] \\ [3 \ -1 \ -1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 2 \ 0 \ -3 \ | \ 0 \ 5 \ 2] \end{array}$$

$$ax+by+cz=d$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x+2y-z=3 \quad 2x-y+2z=6 \quad x-3y+3z=4 \\ [1 \ 2 \ -1 \ 2 \ -1 \ 2 \ 1 \ -3 \ 3 \ | \ 3 \ 6 \ 4] \\ 4x-3y=11 \quad 3x+2y=4 \\ [4 \ -3 \ 3 \ 2 \ 1 \ 1 \ 4] \\ [1 \ -3 \ -5 \ 2 \ -5 \ -4 \ -3 \ 5 \ 4 \ | \ -2 \ 5 \ 6] \end{array}$$

$$x, y, z,$$

$$[1 \ -3 \ -5 \ 2 \ -5 \ -4 \ -3 \ 5 \ 4 \ | \ -2 \ 5 \ 6] \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x-3y-5z=-2 \quad 2x-5y-4z=5 \quad -3x+5y+4z=6 \\ [1 \ -1 \ 1 \ 2 \ -1 \ 3 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ | \ 5 \ 1 \ -9] \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - y + z = 5 \quad 2x - y + 3z = 1 \quad y + z = -9 \\ \text{Row-echelon form } [1 \ a \ b \ 0 \ 1 \ d \ 0 \ 0 \ 1] \end{array}$$

$$R_i \leftrightarrow R_j \quad R_i \leftrightarrow R_i + c R_j \quad A$$

$$A = [a_{11} \ a_{12} \ a_{13} \ a_{21} \ a_{22} \ a_{23} \ a_{31} \ a_{32} \ a_{33}] \rightarrow \text{After Gaussian elimination } A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & b_{12} & b_{13} & 0 & 1 \\ & b_{23} & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2 \times 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x+3y=6 \quad x-y=1 \quad 2 \\ [2 \ 3 \ 1 \ -1 \ | \ 6 \ 1 \ 2] \\ R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2 \rightarrow [1 \ -1 \ 2 \ 3 \ | \ 1 \ 2 \ 6] \end{array}$$

$$-2,$$

$$-2R_1 + R_2 = R_2 \rightarrow [1 \ -1 \ 0 \ 5 \ | \ 1 \ 2 \ 5]$$

$$1 \ 5.$$

$$1 \ 5 \ R_2 = R_2 \rightarrow [1 \ -1 \ 0 \ 1 \ | \ 1 \ 2 \ 1]$$

$$y=1. \ y=1$$

$$x-(1)=1 \quad 2 \quad x=3 \quad 2$$

$$(3 \ 2, 1).$$

$$4x+3y=11 \quad x-3y=-1$$

$$(2, 1) \ 2 \times 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x+y=1 \quad 4x+2y=6 \\ [2 \ 1 \ 4 \ 2 \ | \ 1 \ 6] \end{array}$$

$$1 \ 2.$$

$$1 \ 2 \ R_1 = R_1 \rightarrow [1 \ 1 \ 2 \ 4 \ 2 \ | \ 1 \ 2 \ 6]$$

$$-4$$

$$-4R_1 + R_2 = R_2 \rightarrow [1 \ 1 \ 2 \ 0 \ 0 \ | \ 1 \ 2 \ 4]$$

$$0=4.$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x+4y=12 \quad 6x+8y=24 \\ A = [3 \ 4 \ 6 \ 8 \ | \ 12 \ 24] \end{array}$$

$$-1 \ 2 \ R_2 + R_1 = R_1 \rightarrow [0 \ 0 \ 6 \ 8 \ | \ 0 \ 24] \quad R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2 \rightarrow [6 \ 8 \ 0 \ 0 \ | \ 24 \ 0]$$

$$0y=0. \ y.$$

$$3x+4y=12 \quad 4y=12-3x \quad y=3-\frac{3}{4}x$$

$$(x, 3-\frac{3}{4}x).$$

$$[1 \ -3 \ 4 \ 2 \ -5 \ 6 \ -3 \ 3 \ 4 \ | \ 3 \ 6 \ 6]$$

$$-2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -2R_1 + R_2 = R_2 \rightarrow [1 \ -3 \ 4 \ 0 \ 1 \ -2 \ -3 \ 3 \ 4 \ | \ 3 \ 0 \ 6] \\ 3R_1 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow [1 \ -3 \ 4 \ 0 \ 1 \ -2 \ 0 \ -6 \ 16 \ | \ 3 \ 0 \ 15] \\ 6R_2 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow [1 \ -3 \ 4 \ 0 \ 1 \ -2 \ 0 \ 0 \ 4 \ | \ 3 \ 0 \ 15] \\ 1 \ 2 \ R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow [1 \ -3 \ 4 \ 0 \ 1 \ -2 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ | \ 3 \ -6 \ 21 \ 2] \end{array}$$

$$x-2y+3z=9 \quad -x+3y=-4 \quad 2x-5y+5z=17$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -5 & 2 & 5 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 7 & 2 & 9 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$x - y + z = 8 \quad 2x + 3y - z = -2 \quad 3x - 2y - 9z = 9$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 & 3 & -2 & -9 \\ 3 & -2 & -9 & 8 & -2 & 9 \end{array} \right]$$

$$-2R_1 + R_2 = R_2 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 5 & -3 \\ 3 & -2 & -9 & 8 & -18 & 9 \end{array} \right] \quad -3R_1 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 5 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -12 & 8 & -15 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_2 \quad R_3.$$

$$\text{Interchange } R_2 \text{ and } R_3 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & 8 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -12 & 8 & -15 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$-5R_2 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -12 \\ 0 & 1 & -12 & 8 & -15 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad -15R_2 = R_2 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -12 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -12 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$x-y+z=8 \quad y-12z=-15 \quad z=1$$

$$(4, -3, 1).$$

$$-x-2y+z=-1 \quad 2x+3y=2 \quad y-2z=0$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} -1 & -2 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$-1$$

$$-R_1 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$-2R_1 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_2 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$x+2y-z=1 \quad y-2z=0 \quad 0=0$$

$$0=0 \quad y \quad z \quad x.$$

$$x+2y-z=1$$

$$y=2z \quad x+2(2z)-z=1$$

$$x+3z=1$$

$$z=1-x/3$$

$$z \quad y \quad x.$$

$$y-2z=0$$

$$z=1-x/3 \quad y-2(1-x/3)=0$$

$$y=2-2x/3$$

$$(x, 2-2x/3, 1-x/3).$$

$$x+4y-z=4 \quad 2x+5y+8z=15 \quad x+3y-3z=1$$

$$(1, 1, 1) [A], [B], [C], \dots$$

$$5x+3y+9z=-1 \quad -2x+3y-z=-2 \quad -x-4y+5z=1$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 5 & 3 & 9 & -2 & 3 & -1 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 & -1 & -4 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$[A].$$

$$[A] = \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 5 & 3 & 9 & -1 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 & -1 & -4 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$[A].$$

$$\text{ref}([A])$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & 5 & 9 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 1 & 5 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & 5 & 9 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 1 & 5 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow x+3y+9z=-1 \quad y+13z=-4 \quad z=-24/187$$

$$(61/187, -92/187, -24/187). x=y=$$

$$x+y=12,000 \quad 0.105x+0.12y=1,335$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.105 & 0.12 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0.105 & 0.12 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$-0.105$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.015 & 12,000 & 75 \end{array} \right]$$

$$0.015y=75 \quad y=5,000$$

$$12,000-5,000=7,000. x \quad y \quad z$$

$$x+y+z=10,000 \quad 0.05x+0.08y+0.09z=770$$

$$2x-z=0$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0.05 & 0.08 & 0.09 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0.05 & 0.08 & 0.09 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0.05 & 0.08 & 0.09 \end{array} \right]$$

$$-0.05R_1 + R_2 = R_2 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.03 & 0.04 \end{array} \right] \quad -2R_1 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.03 & 0.04 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.03 & 0.04 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.03 & 0.04 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.03 & 0.04 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.03 & 0.04 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.03 & 0.04 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0.03 & 0.04 \end{array} \right]$$

$$-1/3 \quad z=-2,000; \quad z=6,000. \quad y+4/3 \quad z=9,000. \quad z=6,000,$$

$$y+4/3 \quad (6,000)=9,000 \quad y+8,000=9,000 \quad y=1,000$$

$$x+y+z=10,000. \quad y=1,000 \quad z=6,000,$$

$$x+1,000+6,000=10,000$$

$$x=3,000$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 3 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix}. R_2 = R_2 - 9R_1. \quad R_2 = R_1 - 9R_2. \quad 8x-37y=8 \quad 2x+12y=3 \quad 16y=4 \quad 9x-y=2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 16 & 9 & -1 & | & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3x+2y+10z=3 \quad -6x+2y+5z=13 \quad 4x+z=18$$

$$x+5y+8z=19 \quad 12x+3y=4 \quad 3x+4y+9z=-7 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 8 & 12 & 3 & 0 & 3 & 4 & 9 & | & 16 & 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$6x+12y+16z=4 \quad 19x-5y+3z=-9 \quad x+2y=-8 \quad \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 & 6 & -18 & | & 5 & 26 \end{bmatrix} \quad -2x+5y=5 \quad 6x-18y=26$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 10 & 17 & | & 10 & 439 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 0 & -1 & -9 & 4 & 8 & 5 & 7 & | & 3 & -1 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3x+2y=13 \quad -x-9y+4z=53 \quad 8x+5y+7z=80$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 29 & 1 & -1 & 7 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 3 & | & 43 & 38 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 58 & 8 & 7 & -3 & | & 12 & 2 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4x+5y-2z=12 \quad y+58z=2 \quad 8x+7y-3z=-5 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 & 5 & | & 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 4 & -5 & | & -3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (-1, -2) \quad \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 & 2 & | & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 2x-3y=-9 \quad 5x+4y=58 \quad (6, 7) \quad 6x+2y=-4 \quad 3x+4y=-17$$

$$2x+3y=12 \quad 4x+y=14 \quad (3, 2) \quad -4x-3y=-2 \quad 3x-5y=-13 \quad -5x+8y=3 \quad 10x+6y=5 \quad (1, 5, 1, 2)$$

$$3x+4y=12 \quad -6x-8y=-24 \quad -60x+45y=12 \quad 20x-15y=-4 \quad (x, 4, 15(5x+1)) \quad 11x+10y=43 \quad 15x+20y=65$$

$$2x-y=2 \quad 3x+2y=17 \quad (3, 4) \quad -1.06x-2.25y=5.51 \quad -5.03x-1.08y=5.403 \quad 4x-3.5y=4 \quad 1.4x+2.3y=1$$

$$(196, 39, -5, 13) \quad 1.4x-2.3y=-1 \quad 1.2x+1.3y=3 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 31 & 45 & 87 \end{bmatrix} \quad (31, -42, 87)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 50 & 20 & -90 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 5 & 6 & 0 & 0 & 8 & | & 4 & 7 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad (21, 40, 1, 20, 9, 8)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.1 & 0.3 & -0.1 & -0.4 & 0.2 & 0.1 & 0.6 & 0.1 & 0.7 & | & 0.2 & 0.8 & -0.8 \end{bmatrix} \quad -2x+3y-2z=3 \quad 4x+2y-z=9 \quad 4x-8y+2z=-6$$

$$(18, 13, 15, 13, -15, 13) \quad x+y-4z=-4 \quad 5x-3y-2z=0 \quad 2x+6y+7z=30$$

$$2x+3y+2z=1 \quad -4x-6y-4z=-2 \quad 10x+15y+10z=5 \quad (x, y, 1, 2(1-2x-3y))$$

$$x+2y-z=1 \quad -x-2y+2z=-2 \quad 3x+6y-3z=5 \quad x+2y-z=1 \quad -x-2y+2z=-2 \quad 3x+6y-3z=3 \quad (x, -x, 2, -1)$$

$$x+y=2 \quad x+z=1 \quad -y-z=-3 \quad x+y+z=100 \quad x+2z=125 \quad -y+2z=25 \quad (125, -25, 0)$$

$$1.4x-2.3z=-1 \quad 2.15x+1.3y=4.7 \quad 1.5y-1.3z=2.9$$

$$-1.2x+1.2y+1.7z=-53 \quad 14 \quad 1.2x-1.2y+1.4z=3 \quad 1.4x+1.5y+1.3z=23 \quad 15(8, 1, -2)$$

$$-1.2x-1.3y+1.4z=-29 \quad 6 \quad 1.5x+1.6y-1.7z=43 \quad 1.210-1.8x+1.9y+1.10z=-49 \quad 45$$

$$x-1.7+y-2.8+z-3.4=0 \quad x+y+z=6 \quad x+2.3+2y+z-3.3=5 \quad (1, 2, 3)$$

$$x-1.4-y+1.4+3z=-1 \quad x+5.2+y+7.4-z=4 \quad x+y-z-2.2=1$$

$$x-3.4-y-1.3+2z=-1 \quad x+5.2+y+5.2+z+5.2=8 \quad x+y+z=1$$

$$(x, 31, 28-3x, 4, 1, 28(-7x-3)) \quad x-3.10+y+3.2-2z=3 \quad x+5.4-y-1.8+z=3 \quad 2x-1.4+y+4.2+3z=3 \quad 2$$

$$x-3.4-y-1.3+2z=-1 \quad x+5.2+y+5.2+z+5.2=7 \quad x+y+z=1 \quad A \quad B \quad a \quad a-1,$$

$$a \quad a-1 = a-1 \quad a = (1 \quad a) \quad a = 1. \quad 2-1 = 1 \quad 2 \quad (1 \quad 2) \quad 2 = 1. \quad A \quad A-1 \quad I \quad n \quad n \quad 2 \times 2 \quad 3 \times 3$$

$$I_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AI=IA=A.$$

$$A \quad A^{-1} = I \quad A^{-1} \quad A = I$$

$$A \quad A^{-1} = A^{-1} \quad A = I, \quad A \quad A^{-1} \quad 2 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 2 \quad 3 \times 3 \quad I \quad n,$$

$$I_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad I_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 2 \times 2 \quad 3 \times 3$$

$$A \quad n \times n \quad B \quad n \times n \quad AB=BA=I \quad n, \quad B=A^{-1}, \quad A. \quad AI=IA=A.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A$$

$$AI = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 0 + 3 \cdot 0 + 4 \cdot 1 & -2 \cdot 1 + 5 \cdot 0 & -2 \cdot 0 + 5 \cdot 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AI = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \cdot 3 + 0 \cdot (-2) & 1 \cdot 4 + 0 \cdot 5 & 0 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot (-2) & 0 \cdot 4 + 1 \cdot 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \quad n \times n \quad B \quad n \times n \quad AB. \quad AB=I, \quad BA. \quad BA=I, \quad B=A^{-1} \quad A=B^{-1}.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & -2 & -9 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & -5 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB \quad BA.$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & -2 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -9 & -5 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1(-9)+5(2) & 1(-5)+5(1) & -2(-9)-9(2) & -2(-5)-9(1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & -5 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & -2 & -9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -9(1)-5(-2) & -9(5)-5(-9) & 2(1)+1(-2) & 2(-5)+1(-9) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1(-3)+4(1) & 1(-4)+4(1) & -1(-3)+(-3)(1) & -1(-4)+(-3)(1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad BA = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3(1)+(-4)(-1) & -3(4)+(-4)(-3) & 1(1)+1(-1) & 1(4)+1(-3) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1a-2c & 1b-2d & 2a-3c & 2b-3d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1a-2c=1 \quad R_1 \quad 2a-3c=0 \quad R_2$$

$$(-2) R_1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2 \quad c.$$

$$1a-2c=1 \quad 0+1c=-2 \quad c=-2$$

a.

$$a-2(-2)=1 \quad a+4=1 \quad a=-3$$

$$1b-2d=0 \quad R_1 \quad 2b-3d=1 \quad R_2$$

$$(-2) R_1 + R_2 = R_2 \quad d.$$

$$1b-2d=0 \quad 0+1d=1 \quad d=1$$

b.

$$b-2(1)=0 \quad b-2=0 \quad b=2$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A I, I A^{-1}.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 5 & 3 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 2 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

-2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 & | & -2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

-2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & | & -2 & 1 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & | & 3 & -1 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

-1.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 3 & -1 & -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1}.$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2 \times 2 \quad A \quad 2 \times 2$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad-bc} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b & -c & a \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ad-bc \neq 0. \quad ad-bc=0, \quad A$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{(1)(-3)-(-2)(2)} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{-3+4} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 & -3 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A -2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & | & -3 & 2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 1 & 5 & -2 & 5 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & 1 & 3 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & 6 & | & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[1 \ 2 \ 0 \ 0 \ | \ 1 \ 0 \ -3 \ 1]$$

$$2 \times 2 \quad 3 \times 3 \quad 3 \times 3$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} A = I \quad A A^{-1} = I \quad 3 \times 3 \quad A,$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A A. A.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{Interchange } R_2 \text{ and } R_1 \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-R_2 + R_1 = R_1 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-R_2 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3 \leftrightarrow R_2 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-2R_1 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 3 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-3R_2 + R_3 = R_3 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & | & -1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 6 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 6 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = A^{-1}, A A^{-1} = I \quad A^{-1} A = I.$$

$$A A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 6 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2(-1)+3(-1)+1(6) & 2(1)+3(0)+1(-2) \\ 2(0)+3(1)+1(-3) & 3(-1)+3(-1)+1(6) & 3(1)+3(0)+1(-2) & 3(0)+3(1)+1(-3) & 2(-1)+4(-1)+1(6) \\ 2(1)+4(0)+1(-2) & 2(0)+4(1)+1(-3) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 6 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1(2)+1(3)+0(2) & -1(3)+1(3)+0(4) \\ -1(1)+1(1)+0(1) & -1(2)+0(3)+1(2) & -1(3)+0(3)+1(4) & -1(1)+0(1)+1(1) & 6(2)+(-2)(3)+(-3)(2) & 6(3)+(-2)(3)+(-3)(4) & 6(1)+(-2)(1)+(-3)(1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3 \times 3$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -17 & 11 & -1 & 11 & -7 & 0 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 4 & -3 & 3 & 6 & -5 \end{bmatrix} X B$$

$$AX = B$$

$$A X B \quad AX = B.$$

$$a_1 x + b_1 y = c_1 \quad a_2 x + b_2 y = c_2$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & a_2 & b_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x & y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & c_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AX = B$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & a_2 & b_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & c_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2-1)2 = (12)2 = 1. \quad ax = b \quad x, a.$$

$$ax = b \quad (1/a)ax = (1/a)b \quad (a^{-1})ax = (a^{-1})b \quad [(a^{-1})a]x = (a^{-1})b \quad 1x = (a^{-1})b \quad x = (a^{-1})b$$

$$2 \times 2 \quad 3 \times 3 \quad A, X, B.$$

$$AX = B$$

A

$$(A^{-1})AX = (A^{-1})B \quad [(A^{-1})A]X = (A^{-1})B \quad IX = (A^{-1})B \quad X = (A^{-1})B$$

$$3x + 8y = 5 \quad 4x + 11y = 7$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 8 & 4 & 11 \end{bmatrix}, X = \begin{bmatrix} x & y \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 8 & 4 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1}.$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad-bc} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b & -c & a \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{3(11)-8(4)} \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -8 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{11} \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -8 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -8 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1}.$$



$$(A^{-1})AX = (A^{-1})B \quad \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -8 & -4 & 3 \\ 3 & 8 & 4 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x & y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -8 & -4 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x & y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 11(5) + (-8)7 - 4(5) + 3(7) \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(-1, 1) \cdot X \quad B \quad A^{-1} ? \quad A^{-1} B \neq B A^{-1}.$$

$$(A^{-1})AX = (A^{-1})B \quad ((A^{-1})A)X = (A^{-1})B \quad IX = (A^{-1})B \quad X = (A^{-1})B$$

$$A^{-1}, A^{-1} \quad A \quad B$$

$$5x + 15y + 56z = 35 \quad -4x - 11y - 41z = -26 \quad -x - 3y - 11z = -7$$

$$AX = B.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 15 & 56 & -4 & -11 & -41 & -1 & -3 & -11 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x & y & z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 35 & -26 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 15 & 56 & -4 & -11 & -41 & -1 & -3 & -11 & | & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1 \ 5.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 56 & 5 & -4 & -11 & -41 & -1 & -3 & -11 & | & 1 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 56 & 5 & 0 & 1 & 19 & 5 & -1 & -3 & -11 & | & 1 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 56 & 5 & 0 & 1 & 19 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & | & 1 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 5 & 0 & 1 & 19 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & | & -1 & 1 & 5 & -3 & 0 & 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 5 & 0 & 1 & 19 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 & | & -1 & 1 & 5 & -3 & 0 & 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1 \ 5$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 19 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & | & -2 & -3 & 1 & 4 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-19 \ 5$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & | & -2 & -3 & 1 & -3 & 1 & -19 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 & 1 & -3 & 1 & -19 & 1 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} \cdot A^{-1} \quad AX = A^{-1} B:$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 & 1 & -3 & 1 & -19 & 1 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 15 & 56 & -4 & -11 & -41 & -1 & -3 & -11 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} x & y & z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 & 1 & -3 & 1 & -19 & 1 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 35 \\ -26 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} B = \begin{bmatrix} -70 + 78 - 7 - 105 - 26 + 133 & 35 + 0 - 35 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1, 2, 0).$$

$$2x - 17y + 11z = 0 \quad -x + 11y - 7z = 8 \quad 3y - 2z = -2$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 38 & 58 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[A] \quad [B].$$

$$2x + 3y + z = 32 \quad 3x + 3y + z = -27 \quad 2x + 4y + z = -2$$

$$[A], [B].$$

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad [B] = \begin{bmatrix} 32 & -27 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X,$$

$$[A]^{-1} \times [B]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -59 & -34 & 252 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2 \times 2 \quad I_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3 \times 3 \quad I_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 2 \times 2 \quad A^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad-bc} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b & -c & a \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where } ad-bc \neq 0$$

$$AI = IA = A. \quad A \quad A^{-1} = A^{-1} \quad A = I. \quad 2 \times 2 \quad 3 \times 3 \quad AX = B, \quad A: \quad A^{-1} \quad AX = A^{-1} \quad B. \quad AB \neq BA \quad A^{-1} \quad A = A \quad A^{-1} ?$$

$$A^{-1} \quad A, \quad A \quad A^{-1} = I, \quad A \quad A^{-1}, \quad A^{-1} \quad A = I. \quad 2 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 2 \quad ad \quad bc \quad ad-bc=0, \quad 2 \times 2 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{10(0)-1(1)} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad A \quad B \cdot A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 3 & 2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad AB = BA = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = IA = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 7 & 1 & 5 & -4 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 & -6 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \quad AB = BA = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 6 & 0 & -2 & 17 & -3 & -5 & -12 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad AB = BA = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 8 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 & 6 & 12 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 36 & -6 & 84 & -6 & 7 & -26 & 1 & -1 & -22 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 29 & 9 & 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 7 & 9 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 69 & -2 & 7 & 9 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -3 & -5 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 1.5 & 1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 7 & 0.5 & 1.5 & 1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 6 & -2 & 1 & 7 & 3 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -3 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 17 & -5 & 5 & -3 & 20 & -3 & 12 & 1 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & -3 & 4 & 1 & -2 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 9 & -3 & 2 & 5 & 6 & 4 & -2 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 209 & 47 & -57 & 69 & 10 & 19 & -12 & -24 & 38 & -13 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 & 8 & -12 & 1 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 5 & 1 & 6 & 1 & 7 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 60 & -168 & -56 & -140 & 448 & 40 & 80 & -280 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad 2 \times 2$$

$$5x - 6y = -61 \quad 4x + 3y = -2 \quad (-5, 6) \quad 8x + 4y = -100 \quad 3x - 4y = 1 \quad 3x - 2y = 6 \quad -x + 5y = -2 \quad (2, 0) \quad 5x - 4y = -5 \quad 4x + y = 2.3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &-3x-4y=9 \quad 12x+4y=-6 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad -2x+3y=3 \quad 10 \quad -x+5y=1 \quad 2 \quad \begin{matrix} 8 & 5 \\ x & -4 & 5 \end{matrix} \quad y=2 \quad 5 \quad -8 & 5 \quad x+1 & 5 \quad y=7 \quad 10 \\
 &\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ -11 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad 1 & 2 \quad x+1 & 5 \quad y=-1 & 4 & 1 & 2 \quad x-3 & 5 \quad y=-9 & 4 & 3 \times 3 & 3x-2y+5z=21 \quad 5x+4y=37 \quad x-2y-5z=5 \\
 &\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad 4x+4y+4z=40 \quad 2x-3y+4z=-12 \quad -x+3y+4z=9 \quad 6x-5y-z=31 \quad -x+2y+z=-6 \quad 3x+3y+2z=13 \\
 &\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad 6x-5y+2z=-4 \quad 2x+5y-z=12 \quad 2x+5y+z=12 \quad 4x-2y+3z=-12 \quad 2x+2y-9z=33 \quad 6y-4z=1 \\
 &1 & 3 & 4 \quad \begin{pmatrix} -35 & -97 & -154 \end{pmatrix} \quad 1 & 10 \quad x-1 & 5 \quad y+4z=-41 & 2 & 1 & 5 \quad x-20y+2 & 5 \quad z=-101 & 3 & 10 \quad x+4y-3 & 10 \quad z=23 \\
 &1 & 2 \quad x-1 & 5 \quad y+1 & 5 \quad z=31 & 100 & -3 & 4 \quad x-1 & 4 \quad y+1 & 2 \quad z=7 & 40 & -4 & 5 \quad x-1 & 2 \quad y+3 & 2 \quad z=1 & 4 \\
 &1 & 6 & 90 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 65 & -1136 & -229 \end{pmatrix} \quad 0.1x+0.2y+0.3z=-1.4 \quad 0.1x-0.2y+0.3z=0.6 \quad 0.4y+0.9z=-2 \\
 &2x-y=-3 \quad -x+2y=2.3 \quad \begin{pmatrix} -37 & 30 \\ 8 & 15 \end{pmatrix} \quad -1 & 2 \quad x-3 & 2 \quad y=-43 & 20 \quad 5 & 2 \quad x+11 & 5 \quad y=31 & 4 \\
 &12.3x-2y-2.5z=2 \quad 36.9x+7y-7.5z=-7 \quad 8y-5z=-10 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 123 \\ -1 & 2 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &0.5x-3y+6z=-0.8 \quad 0.7x-2y=-0.06 \quad 0.5x+4y+5z=0 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &1 & 2 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 4 & -2 & 3 & -5 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 1 & 3 & 9 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 & -7 & 18 & -53 & 32 & 10 & 24 & -36 & 21 & 9 & -9 & 46 & -16 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 14 \text{ ft}^2 \cdot 3 \text{ ft}^2 \quad 2 \times 2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A) = |A|.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 & -6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 2 & -6 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 5(3) - (-6)(2) = 27$$

$$a_1 x + b_1 y = c_1 \quad (1) \quad a_2 x + b_2 y = c_2 \quad (2)$$

$$x, y$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &b_2 a_1 x + b_2 b_1 y = b_2 c_1 \quad \text{Multiply } R_1 \text{ by } b_2 - b_1 a_2 x - b_1 b_2 y = -b_1 c_2 \quad \text{Multiply } R_2 \text{ by } -b_1 \\
 &b_1 \frac{b_2 a_1 x - b_1 a_2 x = b_2 c_1 - b_1 c_2}{-b_1 c_2} \quad b_2 a_1 x - b_1 a_2 x = b_2 c_1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x,$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &b_2 a_1 x - b_1 a_2 x = b_2 c_1 - b_1 c_2 \quad x(b_2 a_1 - b_1 a_2) = b_2 c_1 - b_1 c_2 \quad x = \frac{b_2 c_1 - b_1 c_2}{b_2 a_1 - b_1 a_2} \\
 &-b_1 c_2 b_2 a_1 - b_1 a_2 = [c_1 b_1 c_2 b_2] [a_1 b_1 a_2 b_2]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y, x,$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &a_2 a_1 x + a_2 b_1 y = a_2 c_1 \quad \text{Multiply } R_1 \text{ by } a_2 - a_1 a_2 x - a_1 b_2 y = -a_1 c_2 \quad \text{Multiply } R_2 \text{ by } -a_1 \\
 &1 \frac{a_2 a_1 x + a_2 b_1 y = a_2 c_1}{a_1 c_2} \quad a_2 b_1 y - a_1 b_2 y = a_2 c_1 - a_1 c_2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &a_2 b_1 y - a_1 b_2 y = a_2 c_1 - a_1 c_2 \quad y(a_2 b_1 - a_1 b_2) = a_2 c_1 - a_1 c_2 \quad y = \frac{a_2 c_1 - a_1 c_2}{a_2 b_1 - a_1 b_2} \\
 &1 c_2 a_2 b_1 - a_1 b_2 = a_1 c_2 - a_2 c_1 \quad a_1 b_2 - a_2 b_1 = |a_1 c_1 a_2 c_2| |a_1 b_1 a_2 b_2|
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x, y, x, y, D: D x : x$$

$$x = D x D$$

$$D y : y$$

$$y = D y D$$

$$x, y$$

$$a_1 x + b_1 y = c_1 \quad a_2 x + b_2 y = c_2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x = D x D &= |c_1 b_1 c_2 b_2| |a_1 b_1 a_2 b_2|, D \neq 0; \quad y = D y D = |a_1 c_1 a_2 c_2| |a_1 b_1 a_2 b_2|, D \neq 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x, x, y, y, 2 \times 2$$

$$12x+3y=15 \quad 2x-3y=13$$

$$x,$$

$$x = D x D = |15 \ 3 \ 13 \ -3| |12 \ 3 \ 2 \ -3| = -45 - 39 - 36 - 6 = -84 - 42 = -126$$

$$y,$$

$$y = D y D = |12 \ 15 \ 2 \ 13| |12 \ 3 \ 2 \ -3| = 156 - 30 - 36 - 6 = 126 - 42 = 84$$

$$(2, -3).$$

$$x+2y=-11 \quad -2x+y=-13$$

$$(3, -7)$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & 1 & b & 1 & c & 1 & a & 2 & b & 2 & c & 2 & a & 3 & b & 3 & c & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$\det(A) = \begin{vmatrix} a & 1 & b & 1 & c & 1 & a & 2 & b & 2 & c & 2 & a & 3 & b & 3 & c & 3 \\ a & 1 & b & 2 & c & 3 & + & b & 1 & c & 2 & a & 3 & + & c & 1 & a & 2 & b & 3 & - & a & 3 & b & 2 & c & 1 & - & b & 3 & c & 2 & a & 1 & - & c & 3 & a & 2 & b & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 1 & 3 & -1 & 1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A| = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 & 1 & 3 & -1 & 1 & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0(-1)(1) + 2(1)(4) + 1(3)(0) - 4(-1)(1) - 0(1)(0) - 1(3)(2) = 0 + 8 + 0 + 4 - 0 - 6 = 6$$

$$\det(A) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & 7 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$-10 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$$

$$x = D_x D, y = D_y D, z = D_z D, D \neq 0$$

$$D_x, x D_y, y D_z, z$$

$$x+y-z=6 \quad 3x-2y+z=-5 \quad x+3y-2z=14$$

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 3 & -2 & 1 & 1 & 3 & -2 \end{vmatrix}, D_x = \begin{vmatrix} 6 & 1 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 1 & 14 & 3 & -2 \end{vmatrix}, D_y = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 6 & -1 & 3 & -5 & 1 & 1 & 14 & -2 \end{vmatrix}, D_z = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 6 & 3 & -2 & -5 & 1 & 3 & 14 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$x = D_x D = -3 \quad -3 = 1 \quad y = D_y D = -9 \quad -3 = 3 \quad z = D_z D = 6 \quad -3 = -2$$

$$(1, 3, -2).$$

$$x-3y+7z=13 \quad x+y+z=1 \quad x-2y+3z=4$$

$$(-2, 3, 5, 12, 5)$$

$$3x-2y=4 \quad (1) \quad 6x-4y=0 \quad (2)$$

$$D, D_x, \text{ and } D_y.$$

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2 & 6 & -4 \end{vmatrix} = 3(-4) - 6(-2) = 0$$

$$-2.(2).$$

$$-6x+4y = -8 \quad 6x-4y = 0 \quad \text{_____} \quad 0 = -8$$

$$0 = -8,$$

$$x-2y+3z=0 \quad (1) \quad 3x+y-2z=0 \quad (2) \quad 2x-4y+6z=0 \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & 3 & 1 & -2 & 2 & -4 & 6 \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$1(1)(6) + (-2)(-2)(2) + 3(3)(-4) - 2(1)(3) - (-4)(-2)(1) - 6(3)(-2) = 0$$

$$-2$$

$$-2x+4y-6x=0 \quad 2x-4y+6z=0 \quad 0=0$$

$$0=0, A^{-1} A.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

A

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A) = 1(2)(-1) + 2(1)(0) + 3(0)(0) - 0(2)(3) - 0(1)(1) + 1(0)(2) = -2$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 & 4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \det(A) = (-1)(-3) - (4)(5) = 3 - 20 = -17 \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 & -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \det(B) = (4)(5) - (-1)(-3) = 20 - 3 = 17$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & -1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \quad \det(A) = 1(2)(2) + 2(2)(-1) + 2(2)(2) + 1(2)(2) - 2(2)(1) - 2(2)(2) = 4 - 4 + 8 + 4 - 4 - 8 = 0$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \det(A) = 1(0) - 2(0) = 0$$

$$A^{-1} A.$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \det(A) = 1(4) - 3(2) = -2 \quad A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 3 & 2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \det(A^{-1}) = -2(-1)(2) - (3)(2)(1) = -12$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \det(A) = 1(4) - 2(3) = -2 \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & (1) & 2 & (2) & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \det(B) = 2(4) - 3(4) = -4$$

$$2x+4y+4z=2 \quad (1) \quad 3x+7y+7z=-5 \quad (2) \quad x+2y+2z=4 \quad (3)$$

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 7 & 7 & 1 & 2 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$-2x-4y-4x=-8 \quad 2x+4y+4z=2 \quad 0=-6$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix} \quad ad-bc. \quad x = D_x D, y = D_y D, z = D_z D. \quad A^{-1} A. \quad 2 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 2 \quad A$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & -2 & -1 & 2 & 3 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$| 2 -5 -1 6 |$$

$$7| -8 4 -1 5 || 1 0 3 -4 | -4| 10 20 0 -10 || 10 0.2 5 0.1 | 0| 6 -3 8 4 || -2 -3 3.1 4,000 | -7,990.7$$

$$| -1.1 0.6 7.2 -0.5 || -1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 -3 | 3| -1 4 0 0 2 3 0 0 -3 || 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 | -1$$

$$| 2 -3 1 3 -4 1 -5 6 1 || -2 1 4 -4 2 -8 2 -8 -3 | 224| 6 -1 2 -4 -3 5 1 9 -1 || 5 1 -1 2 3 1 3 -6 -3 | 15$$

$$| 1.1 2 -1 -4 0 0 4.1 -0.4 2.5 || 2 -1.6 3.1 1.1 3 -8 -9.3 0 2 | -17.03| -1 2 1 3 1 4 1 5 -1 6 1 7 0 0 1 8 |$$

$$2x-3y=-1 \quad 4x+5y=9 \quad (1,1) \quad 5x-4y=2 \quad -4x+7y=6 \quad 6x-3y=2 \quad -8x+9y=-1 \quad (1,2), (1,3) \quad 2x+6y=12 \quad 5x-2y=13$$

$$4x+3y=23 \quad 2x-y=-1 \quad (2,5) \quad 10x-6y=2 \quad -5x+8y=-14x-3y=-3 \quad 2x+6y=-4 \quad (-1,-1,3)$$

$$4x-5y=7 \quad -3x+9y=0 \quad 4x+10y=180 \quad -3x-5y=-105 \quad (15,12) \quad 8x-2y=-3 \quad -4x+6y=4$$

$$x+2y-4z=-1 \quad 7x+3y+5z=26 \quad -2x-6y+7z=-6 \quad (1,3,2)$$

$$-5x+2y-4z=-47 \quad 4x-3y-z=-94 \quad 3x-3y+2z=94 \quad 4x+5y-z=-7 \quad -2x-9y+2z=8 \quad 5y+7z=21$$

$$(-1,0,3) \quad 4x-3y+4z=10 \quad 5x-2z=-2 \quad 3x+2y-5z=-94 \quad 4x-2y+3z=6 \quad -6x+y=-2 \quad 2x+7y+8z=24 \quad (1,2,1,2)$$

$$5x+2y-z=1 \quad -7x-8y+3z=1.5 \quad 6x-12y+z=7$$

$$13x-17y+16z=73 \quad -11x+15y+17z=61 \quad 46x+10y-30z=-18 \quad (2,1,4)$$

$$-4x-3y-8z=-7 \quad 2x-9y+5z=0.5 \quad 5x-6y-5z=-2 \quad 4x-6y+8z=10 \quad -2x+3y-4z=-5 \quad x+y+z=1$$

$$4x-6y+8z=10 \quad -2x+3y-4z=-5 \quad 12x+18y-24z=-30 | 1 0 8 9 0 2 1 0 1 0 3 0 0 2 4 3 | 24$$

$$| 1 0 2 1 0 -9 1 3 3 0 -2 -1 0 1 1 -2 || 1 2 1 7 4 0 1 2 100 5 0 0 2 2,000 0 0 0 2 | 1$$

$$| 1 0 0 0 2 3 0 0 4 5 6 0 7 8 9 0 | 3 4 \quad 3x-y=4 \quad x+4y=-3 \quad (-1,1) \quad 6x-2y=24 \quad -3x+3y=18 \quad (9,15)$$

$$10x+5y=-5 \quad 3x-2y=-12 \quad (-2,3) \quad 4 7 \quad x+1 5 \quad y=43 \quad 70 5 6 \quad x-1 3 \quad y=-2 \quad 35x+6y=14 \quad 4x+8y=8 \quad (4,-1)$$

$$3x+2y=-7 \quad 2x+4y=6 \quad 3x+4y=2 \quad 9x+12y=3 \quad 8x+4y=2 \quad 6x-5y=0.7 \quad C(x)=150x+15,000 \quad R(x)=200x.$$

$$(300,60,000) \quad C(x)=50x+10,000, \quad x(400,30,000) \quad 0.5x-0.5y=10 \quad -0.2y+0.2x=4 \quad 0.1x+0.1z=2$$

$$(10,-10,10) \quad 5x+3y-z=5 \quad 3x-2y+4z=13 \quad 4x+3y+5z=2 \quad 2x+y+z=1 \quad 2x+2y+2z=1 \quad 3x+3y=2$$

$$2x-3y+z=-1 \quad x+y+z=-4 \quad 4x+2y-3z=33 \quad 3x+2y-z=-10 \quad x-y+2z=7 \quad -x+3y+z=-2 \quad (-1,-2,3)$$

$$3x+4z=-11 \quad x-2y=5 \quad 4y-z=-10 \quad 2x-3y+z=0 \quad 2x+4y-3z=0 \quad 6x-2y-z=0 \quad (x, 8x 5, 14x 5)$$

$$6x-4y-2z=2 \quad 3x+2y-5z=4 \quad 6y-7z=5 \quad y=x \quad 2-7 \quad y=5x-13 \quad (2,-3), (3,2) \quad y=x \quad 2-4 \quad y=5x+10$$

$$x^2+y^2=16 \quad y=x-8 \quad x^2+y^2=25 \quad y=x^2+5x \quad x^2+y^2=4 \quad y-x^2=3 \quad y>x^2-1$$

$$1 4 \quad x^2+y^2 < 4x^2+y^2+2x < 3 \quad y > -x^2-3$$

$$x^2-2x+y^2-4x < 4 \quad y < -x+4x^2+y^2 < 1 \quad y^2 < x-2x+6x^2+3x+2$$

$$2x+2, -4x+11 \quad 10x+24x^2+4x+17x+20x^2+10x+257x+5, -15(x+5) \quad 2x-18x^2-12x+36$$

$$-x^2+36x+70x^3-1253x-5, -4x+1x^2+5x+25-5x^2+6x-2x^3+27x^3-4x^2+3x+11(x^2-2) \quad 2$$

$$x-4(x^2-2), 5x+3(x^2-2) \quad 24x^4-2x^3+22x^2-6x+48x(x^2+4) \quad 2$$

$$A=[4-213], B=[67-311-24], C=[6711-2140], D=[1-49105-7285], E=[7-1432-130$$

$$19]$$

$$-4A[-168-4-12] \quad 10D-6EB+CABABCCB[11328104481-418498-42] \quad DEED$$

$$[-127-74176-21140287738] \quad ECCEA3[10-3012000 \quad | \quad 7-50] \quad x-3z=7 \quad y+2z=-5$$

$$[10501-2000 \quad | \quad -943] \quad -2x+2y+z=7 \quad 2x-8y+5z=0 \quad 19x-10y+22z=3$$

$$[-2212-8519-1022 \quad | \quad 703] \quad 4x+2y-3z=14 \quad -12x+3y+z=100 \quad 9x-6y+2z=31$$

$$x+3z=12 \quad -x+4y=0 \quad y+2z=-7 \quad [103-140012 \quad | \quad 120-7] \quad 3x-4y=-7 \quad -6x+8y=14$$

$$3x-4y=1 \quad -6x+8y=6 \quad -1.1x-2.3y=6.2 \quad -5.2x-4.1y=4.3 \quad 2x+3y+2z=1 \quad -4x-6y-4z=-2 \quad 10x+15y+10z=0$$

$$-x+2y-4z=8 \quad 3y+8z=-4 \quad -7x+y+2z=1 \quad [-0.21.41.2-0.4] \quad 18[2761][12-12-1434]$$

$$[129-6-132-4-32][213123321] \quad 0.3x-0.1y=-10 \quad -0.1x+0.3y=14 \quad (-20,40)$$

$$0.4x-0.2y=-0.6 \quad -0.1x+0.05y=0.3 \quad 4x+3y-3z=-4.3 \quad 5x-4y-z=-6.1 \quad x+z=-0.7 \quad (-1,0.2,0.3)$$

$$-2x-3y+2z=3 \quad -x+2y+4z=-5 \quad -2y+5z=-3 | 100000 || 0.2 -0.6 0.7 -1.1 || -1 4 3 0 2 3 0 0 -3 |$$

$$| 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 | 4x-2y=23 \quad -5x-10y=-35 \quad (6,12) \quad 0.2x-0.1y=0 \quad -0.3x+0.3y=2.5$$

$$-0.5x+0.1y=0.3 \quad -0.25x+0.05y=0.1 \quad 5x+6y+3z=4 \quad 2x+y+2z=3 \quad 3x-2y+z=0$$

$$4x-3y+5z=-5 \quad 27x-9y-3z=3 \quad 2 \quad x-5y-5z=5 \quad 2 \quad (0,0,-12)$$

$$310x-15y-310z=-150 \quad 110x-110y-12z=-950 \quad 25x-12y-35z=-15 \quad -5x-y=12 \quad x+4y=9$$

$$(-3,3) \quad 12x-13y=4 \quad 32x-y=0 \quad -12x-4y=4 \quad 2x+16y=25 \quad x-y=1 \quad -10x+2y=-2$$

$$4x-6y-2z=1 \quad 10 \quad x-7y+5z=-1 \quad 43x+6y-9z=6 \quad 5120 \quad (10,5,4) \quad x+z=20 \quad x+y+z=20 \quad x+2y+z=10$$

$$5x-4y-3z=0 \quad 2x+y+2z=0 \quad x-6y-7z=0 \quad (x, 16x 5 - 13x 5) \quad y=x^2+2x-3 \quad y=x-1 \quad y^2+x^2=25 \quad y^2-2x^2=1$$

$$(-2, -17), (-2, 17), (2, -17), (2, 17) \quad y < x^2 + 9x + 2 \quad y > 4y < x^2 + 1 - 8x - 30 \quad x^2 + 10x + 25$$

$$13x + 2(3x + 1) \quad 25 \quad 3x + 1 - 2x + 3(3x + 1) \quad 2x^4 - x^3 + 2x - 1 \quad x(x^2 + 1) \quad 25[4 \ 9 \ -2 \ 3] + 1 \ 2[-6 \ 12 \ 4 \ -8]$$

$$[17 \ 51 \ -8 \ 11] \quad [1 \ 4 \ -7 \ -2 \ 9 \ 5 \ 12 \ 0 \ -4] \quad [3 \ -4 \ 1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 10] \quad [1 \ 2 \ 1 \ 3 \ 1 \ 4 \ 1 \ 5] \quad -1[12 \ -20 \ -15 \ 30]$$

$$\det \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 400 & 4,000 \end{vmatrix} \quad \det \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -1 \quad 8 \det(A) = -6,$$

$$14x - 2y + 13z = 140 \quad -2x + 3y - 6z = -1 \quad x - 5y + 12z = 11$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 14 & -2 & 13 & -2 & 3 & -6 & 1 & -5 & 12 & | & 140 & -1 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 & -2 & 4 & 9 & -6 & 1 & 2 & | & 12 & -5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x - 6y = 4 \quad 2x - 12y = 0$$

$$2x + y + z = -3 \quad x - 2y + 3z = 6 \quad x - y - z = 6$$

$$4x - 5y = -50 \quad -x + 2y = 80 \quad (100, 90)$$

$$1 \ 100 \ x - 3 \ 100 \ y + 1 \ 20 \ z = -49 \quad 3 \ 100 \ x - 7 \ 100 \ y - 1 \ 100 \ z = 13 \quad 9 \ 100 \ x - 9 \ 100 \ y - 9 \ 100 \ z = 99$$

$$200x - 300y = 2 \quad 400x + 715y = 4 \quad (1 \ 100, 0)$$

$$0.1x + 0.1y - 0.1z = -1.2 \quad 0.1x - 0.2y + 0.4z = -1.2 \quad 0.5x - 0.3y + 0.8z = -5.9 \quad C(x) = x^2 + 75x + 2,688$$

$$R(x) = x^2 + 160x. \quad (x, y) \quad (-c, 0) \quad (c, 0). \quad (x, y) \quad (x, y) \quad (a, 0) \quad (-c, 0) \quad (a, 0) \quad a - (-c) = a + c. \quad (c, 0) \quad (a, 0)$$

$$a - c$$

$$(a + c) + (a - c) = 2a$$

$$(x, y)$$

$$d_1 = \text{the distance from } (-c, 0) \text{ to } (x, y) \quad d_2 = \text{the distance from } (c, 0) \text{ to } (x, y)$$

$$d_1 + d_2 \quad (x, y) \quad 2a \quad (a, 0). \quad d_1 + d_2 = 2a$$

$$d_1 + d_2 = (x - (-c))^2 + (y - 0)^2 + (x - c)^2 + (y - 0)^2 = 2a \quad \text{Distance formula } (x + c)$$

$$2 + y^2 + (x - c)^2 + y^2 = 2a \quad \text{Simplify expressions.} \quad (x + c)^2 + y^2 = 2a - (x - c)^2 + y^2$$

$$\text{Move radical to opposite side.} \quad (x + c)^2 + y^2 = [2a - (x - c)^2 + y^2]^2$$

$$\text{Square both sides.} \quad x^2 + 2cx + c^2 + y^2 = 4a^2 - 4a(x - c)^2 + y^2 + (x - c)^2 + y^2$$

$$\text{Expand the squares.} \quad x^2 + 2cx + c^2 + y^2 = 4a^2 - 4a(x - c)^2 + y^2 + x^2 - 2cx + c^2 + y^2$$

$$\text{Expand remaining squares.} \quad 2cx = 4a^2 - 4a(x - c)^2 + y^2 - 2cx$$

$$\text{Combine like terms.} \quad 4cx - 4a^2 = -4a(x - c)^2 + y^2 \quad \text{Isolate the radical.}$$

$$cx - a^2 = -a(x - c)^2 + y^2 \quad \text{Divide by 4.} \quad [cx - a^2]^2 = a^2 [(x - c)^2 + y^2]^2$$

$$(x - c)^2 + y^2 = [2a - (x - c)^2 + y^2]^2 \quad \text{Square both sides.} \quad c^2 x^2 - 2a^2 cx + a^4 = a^2 (x^2 - 2cx + c^2 + y^2)$$

$$\text{Expand the squares.} \quad c^2 x^2 - 2a^2 cx + a^4 = a^2 x^2 - 2a^2 cx + a^2 c^2 + a^2 y^2 \quad \text{Distribute } a^2.$$

$$a^2 x^2 - c^2 x^2 + a^2 y^2 = a^4 - a^2 c^2 \quad \text{Rewrite.} \quad x^2 (a^2 - c^2) + a^2 y^2 = a^4 - a^2 c^2$$

$$2(a^2 - c^2) \quad \text{Factor common terms.} \quad x^2 b^2 + a^2 y^2 = a^2 b^2 \quad \text{Set } b^2 = a^2 - c^2.$$

$$x^2 b^2 + a^2 y^2 = a^2 b^2 \quad \text{Divide both sides by } a^2 b^2.$$

$$x^2 a^2 + y^2 b^2 = 1 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$x^2 a^2 + y^2 b^2 = 1. \quad a > b, b > a, (0, 0)$$

$$x^2 a^2 + y^2 b^2 = 1$$

$$a > b \quad 2a(\pm a, 0) \quad 2b(0, \pm b) \quad (\pm c, 0) \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad (0, 0)$$

$$x^2 b^2 + y^2 a^2 = 1$$

$$a > b \quad 2a(0, \pm a) \quad 2b(\pm b, 0) \quad (0, \pm c) \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad (0, 0) \quad (0, 0) \quad (\pm a, 0) \quad (\pm c, 0)$$

$$x^2 a^2 + y^2 b^2 = 1. \quad (0, \pm a) \quad (\pm c, 0), \quad x^2 b^2 + y^2 a^2 = 1. \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2, \quad b^2. \quad a^2 \quad b^2 \quad (\pm 8, 0)$$

$$(\pm 5, 0)?$$

$$x^2 a^2 + y^2 b^2 = 1$$

$$(\pm 8, 0), a = 8 \quad a^2 = 64. \quad (\pm 5, 0), c = 5 \quad c^2 = 25. \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad b^2,$$

$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2 \quad 25 = 64 - b^2 \quad \text{Substitute for } c^2 \text{ and } a^2. \quad b^2 = 39 \quad \text{Solve for } b^2.$$

$$a^2 = 64 \quad b^2 = 39 \quad x^2 64 + y^2 39 = 1. \quad (0, \pm 4) \quad (0, \pm 15)? \quad x^2 + y^2 16 = 1 \quad (\pm a, 0) \quad (0, \pm a). \quad (\pm c, 0)$$

$$(0, \pm c). \quad a \quad c \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2, \quad b^2. \quad h \quad k \quad (h, k). \quad x \quad (x - h) \quad (y - k). \quad (h, k)$$

$$(x - h)^2 a^2 + (y - k)^2 b^2 = 1$$

$$a > b \quad 2a(h \pm a, k) \quad 2b(h, k \pm b) \quad (h \pm c, k), \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad (h, k)$$

$$(x - h)^2 b^2 + (y - k)^2 a^2 = 1$$

$$a > b \quad 2a(h, k \pm a) \quad 2b(h \pm b, k) \quad (h, k \pm c), \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad (h, k) \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad (h, k) \quad (h, k)$$

$$(x - h)^2 a^2 + (y - k)^2 b^2 = 1. \quad (x - h)^2 b^2 + (y - k)^2 a^2 = 1. \quad (h, k) \quad a^2 \quad 2a, \quad c^2 \quad h \quad k, \quad b^2$$

$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \text{ h, k, } a^2, b^2 \quad (-2, -8) \quad (-2, 2) \quad (-2, -7) \quad (-2, 1)?$$

$$(x-h)^2 b^2 + (y-k)^2 a^2 = 1$$

$$(h, k). \quad (-2, -8) \quad (-2, 2).$$

$$(h, k) = (-2 + (-2)^2, -8 + 2^2) = (-2, -3)$$

$$a^2 = 2a, a$$

$$2a = 2 - (-8) \quad 2a = 10 \quad a = 5$$

$$a^2 = 25. \quad c^2 = (h, k \pm c). \quad (h, k - c) = (-2, -7) \quad (h, k + c) = (-2, 1). \quad k = -3 \quad c.$$

$$k + c = 1 \quad -3 + c = 1 \quad c = 4$$

$$c^2 = 16. \quad b^2 \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2.$$

$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2 \quad 16 = 25 - b^2 \quad b^2 = 9$$

$$h, k, a^2, b^2$$

$$(x+2)^2 9 + (y+3)^2 25 = 1$$

$$(-3, 3) \quad (5, 3) \quad (1-2^3, 3) \quad (1+2^3, 3)? \quad (x-1)^2 16 + (y-3)^2 4 = 1 \quad x^2 a^2 + y^2 b^2 = 1, a > b$$

$$x^2 b^2 + y^2 a^2 = 1, a > b \quad (0, 0), \quad x^2 a^2 + y^2 b^2 = 1, \quad a > b, \quad (\pm a, 0) \quad (0, \pm b) \quad (\pm c, 0)$$

$$x^2 b^2 + y^2 a^2 = 1, a > b, \quad (0, \pm a) \quad (\pm b, 0) \quad (0, \pm c) \quad c \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad x^2 9 + y^2 25 = 1. \quad 25 > 9,$$

$$x^2 b^2 + y^2 a^2 = 1, \quad b^2 = 9 \quad a^2 = 25. \quad (0, 0) \quad (0, \pm a) = (0, \pm 5) = (0, \pm 5) \quad (\pm b, 0) = (\pm 3, 0) = (\pm 3, 0)$$

$$(0, \pm c), \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2 \quad c,$$

$$c = \pm a^2 - b^2 = \pm 25 - 9 = \pm 16 = \pm 4$$

$$(0, \pm 4). \quad x^2 36 + y^2 4 = 1. \quad (0, 0); \quad (\pm 6, 0); \quad (0, \pm 2); \quad (\pm 4, 2, 0) \quad 4x^2 + 25y^2 = 100.$$

$$4x^2 + 25y^2 = 100 \quad 4x^2 100 + 25y^2 100 = 100 100 \quad x^2 25 + y^2 4 = 1$$

$$25 > 4, \quad x^2 a^2 + y^2 b^2 = 1, \quad a^2 = 25 \quad b^2 = 4. \quad (0, 0) \quad (\pm a, 0) = (\pm 5, 0) = (\pm 5, 0)$$

$$(0, \pm b) = (0, \pm 4) = (0, \pm 2) \quad (\pm c, 0), \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad c,$$

$$c = \pm a^2 - b^2 = \pm 25 - 4 = \pm 21$$

$$(\pm 21, 0). \quad 49x^2 + 16y^2 = 784. \quad x^2 16 + y^2 49 = 1; \quad (0, 0); \quad (0, \pm 7); \quad (\pm 4, 0); \quad (0, \pm 33) \quad (h, k),$$

$$(x-h)^2 a^2 + (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1, a > b \quad (x-h)^2 b^2 + (y-k)^2 a^2 = 1, a > b \quad (h, k),$$

$$(x-h)^2 a^2 + (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1, a > b, \quad (h, k) \quad (h \pm a, k) \quad (h, k \pm b) \quad (h \pm c, k) \quad (x-h)^2 b^2 + (y-k)^2 a^2 = 1,$$

$$a > b, \quad (h, k) \quad (h, k \pm a) \quad (h \pm b, k) \quad (h, k \pm c) \quad c \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad (x+2)^2 4 + (y-5)^2 9 = 1. \quad 9 > 4,$$

$$(x-h)^2 b^2 + (y-k)^2 a^2 = 1, \quad b^2 = 4 \quad a^2 = 9. \quad (h, k) = (-2, 5) \quad (h, k \pm a) = (-2, 5 \pm 9) = (-2, 5 \pm 3), \quad (-2, 2)$$

$$(-2, 8) \quad (h \pm b, k) = (-2 \pm 4, 5) = (-2 \pm 2, 5), \quad (-4, 5) \quad (0, 5) \quad (h, k \pm c), \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad c,$$

$$c = \pm a^2 - b^2 = \pm 9 - 4 = \pm 5$$

$$(-2, 5-5) \quad (-2, 5+5). \quad (x-4)^2 36 + (y-2)^2 20 = 1. \quad (4, 2); \quad (-2, 2) \quad (10, 2); \quad (4, 2-2.5) \quad (4, 2+2.5);$$

$$(0, 2) \quad (8, 2) \quad ax^2 + by^2 + cx + dy + e = 0 \quad x^2 \quad y^2 \quad m^1 (x-h)^2 + m^2 (y-k)^2 = m^3, \quad m^1, m^2,$$

$$m^3 \quad 4x^2 + 9y^2 - 40x + 36y + 100 = 0.$$

$$4x^2 + 9y^2 - 40x + 36y + 100 = 0$$

$$(4x^2 - 40x) + (9y^2 + 36y) = -100$$

$$4(x^2 - 10x) + 9(y^2 + 4y) = -100$$

$$4(x^2 - 10x + 25) + 9(y^2 + 4y + 4) = -100 + 100 + 36$$

$$4(x-5)^2 + 9(y+2)^2 = 36$$

$$(x-5)^2 9 + (y+2)^2 4 = 1$$

$$9 > 4, \quad (x-h)^2 a^2 + (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1, \quad a^2 = 9 \quad b^2 = 4. \quad (h, k) = (5, -2) \quad (h \pm a, k) = (5 \pm 9, -2) = (5 \pm 3, -2),$$

$$(2, -2) \quad (8, -2) \quad (h, k \pm b) = (5, -2 \pm 4) = (5, -2 \pm 2), \quad (5, -4) \quad (5, 0) \quad (h \pm c, k), \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad c,$$

$$c = \pm a^2 - b^2 = \pm 9 - 4 = \pm 5$$

$$(5-5, -2) \quad (5+5, -2).$$

$$4x^2 + y^2 - 24x + 2y + 21 = 0$$

$$(x-3)^2 4 + (y+1)^2 16 = 1; \quad (3, -1); \quad (3, -5) \quad (3, 3); \quad (1, -1) \quad (5, -1); \quad (3, -1-2.3) \quad (3, -1+2.3) \quad (0, 0).$$

$$(0, 0), \quad x^2 a^2 + y^2 b^2 = 1, \quad a > b. \quad 2a, \quad 2b. \quad a, \quad 2a = 96, \quad a = 48, \quad a^2 = 2304. \quad b, \quad 2b = 46, \quad b = 23, \quad b^2 = 529.$$

$$x^2 2304 + y^2 529 = 1. \quad (\pm c, 0), \quad c^2 = a^2 - b^2. \quad c,$$

$c^2 = a^2 - b^2$   $c^2 = 2304 - 529$  Substitute using the values found in part (a).  $c = \pm \sqrt{2304 - 529}$

Take the square root of both sides.  $c = \pm \sqrt{1775}$  Subtract.  $c \approx \pm 42$  Round to the nearest foot.

$(\pm 42, 0)$   $2(42) = 84$   $(0, 0) \cdot x^2 + 57,600 + y^2 + 25,600 = 1x^2 + a^2 + y^2 + b^2 = 1$ ,  $a > b$   $x^2 + a^2 + y^2 + b^2 = 1$ ,  $a > b$   
 $(h, k)(x - h)^2 + a^2 + (y - k)^2 + b^2 = 1$ ,  $a > b$   $(h, k)(x - h)^2 + b^2 + (y - k)^2 + a^2 = 1$ ,  $a > b$   $(x, y)^2 + x^2 + y^2 = 4$   
 $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 36$   $x^2 + 3^2 + y^2 + 2^2 = 14$   $x^2 - y^2 = 44$   $x^2 + 9y^2 = 1x^2 + (1^2)^2 + y^2 + (1^3)^2 = 1$   
 $4x^2 - 8x + 9y^2 - 72y + 112 = 0$   $x^2 + 4 + y^2 + 49 = 1x^2 + 2^2 + y^2 + 7^2 = 1$ ;  $(0, 7)$   $(0, -7)$ .  $(2, 0)$   $(-2, 0)$ .  
 $(0, 3.5)$ ,  $(0, -3.5)$ .  $x^2 + 100 + y^2 + 64 = 1x^2 + 9y^2 = 1x^2 + (1)^2 + y^2 + (1^3)^2 = 1$ ;  $(1, 0)$   $(-1, 0)$ .  
 $(0, 1.3)$ ,  $(0, -1.3)$ .  $(2.23, 0)$ ,  $(-2.23, 0)$ .  $4x^2 + 16y^2 = 1(x - 2)^2 + 49 + (y - 4)^2 + 25 = 1$   
 $(x - 2)^2 + 7^2 + (y - 4)^2 + 5^2 = 1$ ;  $(9, 4)$ ,  $(-5, 4)$ .  $(2, 9)$ ,  $(2, -1)$ .  $(2 + 2.6, 4)$ ,  $(2 - 2.6, 4)$ .  
 $(x - 2)^2 + 81 + (y + 1)^2 + 16 = 1(x + 5)^2 + 4 + (y - 7)^2 + 9 = 1(x + 5)^2 + 2^2 + (y - 7)^2 + 3^2 = 1$ ;  
 $(-5, 10)$ ,  $(-5, 4)$ .  $(-3, 7)$ ,  $(-7, 7)$ .  $(-5, 7 + 5)$ ,  $(-5, 7 - 5)$ .  $(x - 7)^2 + 49 + (y - 7)^2 + 49 = 1$   
 $4x^2 - 8x + 9y^2 - 72y + 112 = 0$   $(x - 1)^2 + 3^2 + (y - 4)^2 + 2^2 = 1$ ;  $(4, 4)$ ,  $(-2, 4)$ .  $(1, 6)$ ,  $(1, 2)$ .  
 $(1 + 5, 4)$ ,  $(1 - 5, 4)$ .  $9x^2 - 54x + 9y^2 - 54y + 81 = 0$   $4x^2 - 24x + 36y^2 - 360y + 864 = 0$   
 $(x - 3)^2 + (3^2)^2 + (y - 5)^2 + (2)^2 = 1$ ;  $(3 + 3.2, 5)$ ,  $(3 - 3.2, 5)$ .  $(3, 5 + 2)$ ,  $(3, 5 - 2)$ .  $(7, 5)$ ,  $(-1, 5)$ .  
 $4x^2 + 24x + 16y^2 - 128y + 228 = 0$   $4x^2 + 40x + 25y^2 - 100y + 100 = 0$   $(x + 5)^2 + (5)^2 + (y - 2)^2 + (2)^2 = 1$ ;  
 $(0, 2)$ ,  $(-10, 2)$ .  $(-5, 4)$ ,  $(-5, 0)$ .  $(-5 + 21, 2)$ ,  $(-5 - 21, 2)$ .  $x^2 + 2x + 100y^2 - 1000y + 2401 = 0$   
 $4x^2 + 24x + 25y^2 + 200y + 336 = 0$   $(x + 3)^2 + (5)^2 + (y + 4)^2 + (2)^2 = 1$ ;  $(2, -4)$ ,  $(-8, -4)$ .  
 $(-3, -2)$ ,  $(-3, -6)$ .  $(-3 + 21, -4)$ ,  $(-3 - 21, -4)$ .  $9x^2 + 72x + 16y^2 + 16y + 4 = 0$   
 $(x + 3)^2 + 25 + (y + 1)^2 + 36 = 1(-3, -1 + 11)$ ,  $(-3, -1 - 11)$   $(x + 1)^2 + 100 + (y - 2)^2 + 4 = 1x^2 + y^2 = 1(0, 0)$   
 $x^2 + 4y^2 + 4x + 8y = 110$   $x^2 + y^2 + 200x = 0$   $(-10, 30)$ ,  $(-10, -30)$   $x^2 + 25 + y^2 + 36 = 1x^2 + 16 + y^2 + 9 = 1$   
 $(0, 0)$ ,  $(4, 0)$ ,  $(-4, 0)$ ,  $(0, 3)$ ,  $(0, -3)$ ,  $(7, 0)$ ,  $(-7, 0)$   $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 181$   $x^2 + 49y^2 = 1(0, 0)$ ,  
 $(19, 0)$ ,  $(-19, 0)$ ,  $(0, 17)$ ,  $(0, -17)$ ,  $(0, 4.263)$ ,  $(0, -4.263)$   $(x - 2)^2 + 64 + (y - 4)^2 + 16 = 1$   
 $(x + 3)^2 + 9 + (y - 3)^2 + 9 = 1(-3, 3)$ ,  $(0, 3)$ ,  $(-6, 3)$ ,  $(-3, 0)$ ,  $(-3, 6)$ ,  $(-3, 3)$   $x^2 + 2 + (y + 1)^2 + 5 = 1$   
 $4x^2 - 8x + 16y^2 - 32y - 44 = 0$   $(1, 1)$ ,  $(5, 1)$ ,  $(-3, 1)$ ,  $(1, 3)$ ,  $(1, -1)$ ,  $(1, 1 + 4.3)$ ,  $(1, 1 - 4.3)$   
 $x^2 - 8x + 25y^2 - 100y + 91 = 0$   $x^2 + 8x + 4y^2 - 40y + 112 = 0$   $(-4, 5)$ ,  $(-2, 5)$ ,  $(-6, 4)$ ,  $(-4, 6)$ ,  $(-4, 4)$ ,  
 $(-4 + 3, 5)$ ,  $(-4 - 3, 5)$   $64x^2 + 128x + 9y^2 - 72y - 368 = 0$   $16x^2 + 64x + 4y^2 - 8y + 4 = 0$   $(-2, 1)$ ,  
 $(0, 1)$ ,  $(-4, 1)$ ,  $(-2, 5)$ ,  $(-2, -3)$ ,  $(-2, 1 + 2.3)$ ,  $(-2, 1 - 2.3)$   $100x^2 + 1000x + y^2 - 10y + 2425 = 0$   
 $4x^2 + 16x + 4y^2 + 16y + 16 = 0$   $(-2, -2)$ ,  $(0, -2)$ ,  $(-4, -2)$ ,  $(-2, 0)$ ,  $(-2, -4)$ ,  $(-2, -2)$   $(4, 0)$ ,  $(0, 3)$ .  $(0, -2)$ ,  
 $(5, 0)$ .  $x^2 + 25 + y^2 + 29 = 1(3, 0)$ ,  $(4, 2)$   $(9, 2)$   $(4 + 2.6, 2)$   $(x - 4)^2 + 25 + (y - 2)^2 + 1 = 1(3, 5)$   $(3, 11)$   
 $(3, 5 + 4.2)$   $(-3, 4)$   $(1, 4)$   $(-3 + 2.3, 4)$   $(x + 3)^2 + 16 + (y - 4)^2 + 4 = 1x^2 + 81 + y^2 + 9 = 1$   
 $(x + 2)^2 + 4 + (y - 2)^2 + 9 = 1$  Area =  $a \cdot b \cdot \pi$ .  $(x - 3)^2 + 9 + (y - 3)^2 + 16 = 1$  Area =  $12\pi$  square units  
 $(x + 6)^2 + 16 + (y - 6)^2 + 36 = 1(x + 1)^2 + 4 + (y - 2)^2 + 5 = 1$  Area =  $2.5\pi$  square units  
 $4x^2 - 8x + 9y^2 - 72y + 112 = 0$   $9x^2 - 54x + 9y^2 - 54y + 81 = 0$  Area =  $9\pi$  square units  $h$ ,  
 $x^2 + 4h^2 + y^2 + 14h^2 = 1x^2 + 400 + y^2 + 144 = 1(x, y)(x, y)(x, y)(x, y)(-c, 0)(c, 0)(x, y)(x, y)$   
 $(a, 0)(-c, 0)(a, 0)a - (-c) = a + c$ .  $(c, 0)(a, 0)c - a$ .

$$(a + c) - (c - a) = 2a$$

$(x, y)$

$d_2$  = the distance from  $(-c, 0)$  to  $(x, y)$   $d_1$  = the distance from  $(c, 0)$  to  $(x, y)$

$$d_2 - d_1 = 2a \quad (x, y) \quad 2a \quad (a, 0). \quad d_2 - d_1 = 2a$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d^2 - d^1 = (x - (-c))^2 + (y - 0)^2 - (x - c)^2 + (y - 0)^2 = 2a \text{ Distance Formula } (x+c) \\
 & 2 + y^2 - (x-c)^2 + y^2 = 2a \text{ Simplify expressions. } (x+c)^2 + y^2 = 2a + (x-c)^2 + y^2 \\
 & \text{Move radical to opposite side. } (x+c)^2 + y^2 = (2a + (x-c)^2 + y^2)^2 \\
 & \text{Square both sides. } x^2 + 2cx + c^2 + y^2 = 4a^2 + 4a(x-c)^2 + y^2 + (x-c)^2 + y^2 \\
 & \text{Expand the squares. } x^2 + 2cx + c^2 + y^2 = 4a^2 + 4a(x-c)^2 + y^2 + x^2 - 2cx + c^2 + y^2 \\
 & \text{Expand remaining square. } 2cx = 4a^2 + 4a(x-c)^2 + y^2 - 2cx \\
 & \text{Combine like terms. } 4cx - 4a^2 = 4a(x-c)^2 + y^2 \text{ Isolate the radical. } \\
 & cx - a^2 = a(x-c)^2 + y^2 \text{ Divide by 4. } (cx - a^2)^2 = a^2[(x-c)^2 + y^2]^2 \\
 & \text{Square both sides. } c^2 x^2 - 2a^2 cx + a^4 = a^2(x^2 - 2cx + c^2 + y^2) \\
 & \text{Expand the squares. } c^2 x^2 - 2a^2 cx + a^4 = a^2 x^2 - 2a^2 cx + a^2 c^2 + a^2 y^2 \text{ Distribute } a^2 \\
 & 2. \quad a^4 + c^2 x^2 = a^2 x^2 + a^2 c^2 + a^2 y^2 \text{ Combine like terms. } c^2 x^2 \\
 & - a^2 x^2 - a^2 y^2 = a^2 c^2 - a^4 \text{ Rearrange terms. } x^2(c^2 - a^2) - a^2 y^2 = a^2(c^2 - a^2) \\
 & \text{Factor common terms. } x^2 b^2 - a^2 y^2 = a^2 b^2 \text{ Set } b^2 = c^2 - a^2. \\
 & x^2 b^2 a^2 b^2 - a^2 y^2 a^2 b^2 = a^2 b^2 a^2 b^2 \text{ Divide both sides by } a^2 b^2 \\
 & x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1 \\
 & (\pm a, 0) (0, \pm b) (0, 0) \\
 & x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1 \\
 & 2a(\pm a, 0) 2b(0, \pm b) 2c, c^2 = a^2 + b^2 (\pm c, 0) y = \pm b a x (0, 0) \\
 & y^2 a^2 - x^2 b^2 = 1 \\
 & 2a(0, \pm a) 2b(\pm b, 0) 2c, c^2 = a^2 + b^2 (0, \pm c) y = \pm a b x c^2 = a^2 + b^2. (0, 0) (0, 0) a^2 \\
 & x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1, (\pm a, 0), (\pm c, 0). y^2 a^2 - x^2 b^2 = 1, (0, \pm a), (0, \pm c). a a = a^2. c c = a^2 + b^2. \\
 & y^2 49 - x^2 32 = 1. y^2 a^2 - x^2 b^2 = 1, x=0, y. \\
 & 1 = y^2 49 - x^2 32 \quad 1 = y^2 49 - 0^2 32 \quad 1 = y^2 49 \quad y^2 = 49 \quad y = \pm 49 = \pm 7 \\
 & (0, \pm c). c, \\
 & c = a^2 + b^2 = 49 + 32 = 81 = 9 \\
 & (0, \pm 7), (0, 9). x^2 9 - y^2 25 = 1. (\pm 3, 0); (\pm 34, 0) (0, 0), c^2 = a^2 + b^2. b^2 = c^2 - a^2. (0, 0), \\
 & (\pm a, 0) (\pm c, 0), x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1. (0, \pm a) (0, \pm c), y^2 a^2 - x^2 b^2 = 1. b^2 b^2 = c^2 - a^2. a^2 \\
 & b^2 (\pm 6, 0) (\pm 2, 10, 0)? x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1. (\pm 6, 0), a=6 a^2=36. (\pm 2, 10, 0), c=2, 10 c^2=40. \\
 & b^2, \\
 & b^2 = c^2 - a^2 b^2 = 40 - 36 \text{ Substitute for } c^2 \text{ and } a^2. b^2 = 4 \text{ Subtract.} \\
 & a^2 = 36 \quad b^2 = 4 \quad x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1. x^2 36 - y^2 4 = 1, (0, \pm 2) (0, \pm 2.5)? y^2 4 - x^2 16 = 1 \quad h \quad k \\
 & (h, k). x(x-h) y(y-k). (h, k) \\
 & (x-h)^2 a^2 - (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1 \\
 & 2a(h \pm a, k) 2b(h, k \pm b) 2c, c^2 = a^2 + b^2 (h \pm c, k) 2a 2b. \pm b a, (h, k). y = \pm b a (x-h) + k. (h, k) \\
 & (y-k)^2 a^2 - (x-h)^2 b^2 = 1 \\
 & 2a(h, k \pm a) 2b(h \pm b, k) 2c, c^2 = a^2 + b^2 (h, k \pm c) y = \pm a b (x-h) + k. (h, k) (h, k) (h, k) \\
 & c^2 = a^2 + b^2. (h, k), (x-h)^2 a^2 - (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1. (y-k)^2 a^2 - (x-h)^2 b^2 = 1. (h, k), a^2 2a \\
 & c^2 h k b^2 b^2 = c^2 - a^2. h, k, a^2, b^2 (0, -2)(6, -2)(-2, -2)(8, -2)? \\
 & (x-h)^2 a^2 - (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1 \\
 & (h, k). (0, -2) (6, -2). \\
 & (h, k) = (0 + 6^2, -2 + (-2)^2) = (3, -2) \\
 & a^2. 2a, a^2 \\
 & 2a = |0 - 6| 2a = 6 \quad a = 3 \quad a^2 = 9 \\
 & c^2. (h \pm c, k). (h - c, k) = (-2, -2) (h + c, k) = (8, -2). c. (8, -2), h = 3, \\
 & h + c = 8 \quad 3 + c = 8 \quad c = 5 \quad c^2 = 25 \\
 & b^2 \quad b^2 = c^2 - a^2 : \\
 & b^2 = c^2 - a^2 = 25 - 9 = 16 \\
 & h, k, a^2, b^2 \\
 & (x-3)^2 9 - (y+2)^2 16 = 1
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & (1, -2) (1, 8) (1, -10) (1, 16) \Rightarrow (y-3)^2 25 + (x-1)^2 144 = 1 \quad x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1 \\
 & y^2 a^2 - x^2 b^2 = 1 \quad (0, 0), \quad x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1, \quad (\pm a, 0) (0, \pm b) (\pm c, 0) y = \pm b a x \quad y^2 a^2 - x^2 b^2 = 1, \\
 & (0, \pm a) (\pm b, 0) (0, \pm c) y = \pm a b x \quad c = \pm a^2 + b^2 \quad y^2 64 - x^2 36 = 1 \quad y^2 a^2 - x^2 b^2 = 1. \\
 & (0, \pm a) = (0, \pm 64) = (0, \pm 8) (\pm b, 0) = (\pm 36, 0) = (\pm 6, 0) (0, \pm c), \quad c = \pm a^2 + b^2 \quad c, \\
 & \quad c = \pm a^2 + b^2 = \pm 64 + 36 = \pm 100 = \pm 10 \\
 & (0, \pm 10) y = \pm a b x = \pm 8 \cdot 6 x = \pm 48 x \quad x^2 144 - y^2 81 = 1 \quad (\pm 12, 0); (0, \pm 9); (\pm 15, 0); y = \pm 3 \cdot 4 x; (h, k) \\
 & (x-h)^2 a^2 - (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1 \quad (y-k)^2 a^2 - (x-h)^2 b^2 = 1 \quad (h, k), \quad (x-h)^2 a^2 - (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1, \\
 & (h, k) (h \pm a, k) (h, k \pm b) (h \pm c, k) y = \pm b a (x-h) + k \quad (y-k)^2 a^2 - (x-h)^2 b^2 = 1, \quad (h, k) (h, k \pm a) \\
 & (h \pm b, k) (h, k \pm c) y = \pm a b (x-h) + k \quad c = \pm a^2 + b^2 \quad 9x^2 - 4y^2 - 36x - 40y - 388 = 0. \\
 & \quad (9x^2 - 36x) - (4y^2 + 40y) = 388 \\
 & \quad 9(x^2 - 4x) - 4(y^2 + 10y) = 388 \\
 & \quad 9(x^2 - 4x + 4) - 4(y^2 + 10y + 25) = 388 + 36 - 100 \\
 & \quad 9(x-2)^2 - 4(y+5)^2 = 324 \\
 & \quad (x-2)^2 36 - (y+5)^2 81 = 1 \\
 & (x-h)^2 a^2 - (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1, \quad a^2 = 36 \quad b^2 = 81, \quad a = 6 \quad b = 9. \quad (h, k) = (2, -5) \quad (h \pm a, k) = (2 \pm 6, -5), \\
 & (-4, -5) (8, -5) (h, k \pm b) = (2, -5 \pm 9), \quad (2, -14) (2, 4) (h \pm c, k), \quad c = \pm a^2 + b^2 \quad c, \\
 & \quad c = \pm 36 + 81 = \pm 117 = \pm 3 \cdot 13 \\
 & (2-3 \cdot 13, -5) (2+3 \cdot 13, -5). \quad y = \pm b a (x-h) + k = \pm 3 \cdot 2 (x-2) - 5. \quad (y+4)^2 100 - (x-3)^2 64 = 1. \\
 & (3, -4); (3, -14) (3, 6); (-5, -4); (11, -4); (3, -4-2 \cdot 41) (3, -4+2 \cdot 41); \quad y = \pm 5 \cdot 4 (x-3) - 4 \\
 & x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1, \quad a^2 = 64 \quad b^2 = 100 \quad 2a = 8 \quad 2b = 10 \quad a = 4 \quad b = 5 \quad x^2 64 - y^2 100 = 1 \\
 & x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1 \quad \text{Standard form of horizontal hyperbola.} \quad b^2 = y^2 x^2 a^2 - 1 \quad \text{Isolate } b^2 \\
 & = (79.6)^2 (36)^2 900 - 1 \quad \text{Substitute for } a^2, x, \text{ and } y \quad \approx 14400.3636 \\
 & \quad \text{Round to four decimal places} \\
 & x^2 900 - y^2 14400.3636 = 1, \text{ or } x^2 30^2 - y^2 120.0015^2 = 1 \\
 & x^2 400 - y^2 3600 = 1 \text{ or } x^2 20^2 - y^2 60^2 = 1 \quad x^2 a^2 - y^2 b^2 = 1 \quad y^2 a^2 - x^2 b^2 = 1 \quad (h, k), \\
 & (x-h)^2 a^2 - (y-k)^2 b^2 = 1 \quad (h, k), \quad (y-k)^2 a^2 - (x-h)^2 b^2 = 1 \quad (x, y) \quad (x, y) \quad 3y^2 + 2x = 6 \\
 & x^2 36 - y^2 9 = 1 \quad x^2 6^2 - y^2 3^2 = 1 \quad 15y^2 + 4x^2 = 6x \quad 25x^2 - 16y^2 = 400 \quad x^2 4^2 - y^2 5^2 = 1 \\
 & -9x^2 + 18x + y^2 + 4y - 14 = 0 \quad x^2 25 - y^2 36 = 1 \quad x^2 5^2 - y^2 6^2 = 1; \quad (5, 0), (-5, 0); (61, 0), (-61, 0); \\
 & y = 6 \cdot 5 x, y = -6 \cdot 5 x \quad x^2 100 - y^2 9 = 1 \quad y^2 4 - x^2 81 = 1 \quad y^2 2^2 - x^2 9^2 = 1; \quad (0, 2), (0, -2); \\
 & (0, 85), (0, -85); \quad y = 2 \cdot 9 x, y = -2 \cdot 9 x \quad y^2 4 - x^2 81 = 1 \quad (x-1)^2 9 - (y-2)^2 16 = 1 \\
 & (x-1)^2 3^2 - (y-2)^2 4^2 = 1; \quad (4, 2), (-2, 2); (6, 2), (-4, 2); \quad y = 4 \cdot 3 (x-1) + 2, y = -4 \cdot 3 (x-1) + 2 \\
 & (y-6)^2 36 - (x+1)^2 16 = 1 \quad (x-2)^2 49 - (y+7)^2 49 = 1 \quad (x-2)^2 7^2 - (y+7)^2 7^2 = 1; \\
 & (9, -7), (-5, -7); (2+7 \cdot 2, -7), (2-7 \cdot 2, -7); \quad y = x-9, y = -x-54 \quad x^2 - 8x - 9y^2 - 72y + 112 = 0 \\
 & -9x^2 - 54x + 9y^2 - 54y + 81 = 0 \quad (x+3)^2 3^2 - (y-3)^2 3^2 = 1; \quad (0, 3), (-6, 3); \\
 & (-3+3 \cdot 2, 1), (-3-3 \cdot 2, 1); \quad y = x+6, y = -x-4 \quad x^2 - 24x - 36y^2 - 360y + 864 = 0 \\
 & -4x^2 + 24x + 16y^2 - 128y + 156 = 0 \quad (y-4)^2 2^2 - (x-3)^2 4^2 = 1; \quad (3, 6), (3, 2); (3, 4+2 \cdot 5), (3, 4-2 \cdot 5); \\
 & y = 1 \cdot 2 (x-3) + 4, y = -1 \cdot 2 (x-3) + 4 \quad -4x^2 + 40x + 25y^2 - 100y + 100 = 0 \quad x^2 + 2x - 100y^2 - 1000y + 2401 = 0 \\
 & (y+5)^2 2^2 - (x+1)^2 70^2 = 1; \quad (-1, 2), (-1, -12); (-1, -5+7 \cdot 101), (-1, -5-7 \cdot 101); \\
 & y = 1 \cdot 10 (x+1) - 5, y = -1 \cdot 10 (x+1) - 5 \quad -9x^2 + 72x + 16y^2 + 16y + 4 = 0 \quad 4x^2 + 24x - 25y^2 + 200y - 464 = 0 \\
 & (x+3)^2 5^2 - (y-4)^2 2^2 = 1; \quad (2, 4), (-8, 4); (-3+29, 4), (-3-29, 4); \\
 & y = 2 \cdot 5 (x+3) + 4, y = -2 \cdot 5 (x+3) + 4 \quad y^2 3^2 - x^2 3^2 = 1 \quad (x-3)^2 5^2 - (y+4)^2 2^2 = 1 \\
 & y = 2 \cdot 5 (x-3) - 4, y = -2 \cdot 5 (x-3) - 4 \quad (y-3)^2 3^2 - (x+5)^2 6^2 = 1 \quad 19x^2 - 18x - 16y^2 + 32y - 151 = 0 \\
 & y = 3 \cdot 4 (x-1) + 1, y = -3 \cdot 4 (x-1) + 1 \quad 16y^2 + 96y - 4x^2 + 16x + 112 = 0 \quad x^2 49 - y^2 16 = 1 \quad x^2 7^2 - y^2 4^2 = 1 \\
 & y^2 9 - x^2 25 = 1 \quad 181x^2 - 9y^2 = 1 \quad (y+5)^2 9 - (x-4)^2 25 = 1 \quad (x-2)^2 8 - (y+3)^2 27 = 1 \\
 & (y-3)^2 9 - (x-3)^2 9 = 1 \quad -4x^2 - 8x + 16y^2 - 32y - 52 = 0 \quad x^2 - 8x - 25y^2 - 100y - 109 = 0 \\
 & -x^2 + 8x + 4y^2 - 40y + 88 = 0 \quad 64x^2 + 128x - 9y^2 - 72y - 656 = 0 \quad 16x^2 + 64x - 4y^2 - 8y - 4 = 0 \\
 & -100x^2 + 1000x + y^2 - 10y - 2575 = 0 \quad 4x^2 + 16x - 4y^2 + 16y + 16 = 0 \quad (3, 0) (-3, 0) (5, 0). \\
 & x^2 9 - y^2 16 = 1 \quad (0, 6) (0, -6) (0, -8). \quad (1, 1) (11, 1) (12, 1). \quad (x-6)^2 25 - (y-1)^2 11 = 1 \quad (0, 0); \\
 & (0, -13); (0, 313). \quad (4, 2); (9, 2); (4+26, 2). \quad (x-4)^2 25 - (y-2)^2 1 = 1 \quad (3, 5); (3, 11); (3, 5+2 \cdot 10).
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y^2 - 16 - x^2 + 25 &= 1y^2 - 9 - (x+1)^2 + 9 = 1(x+3)^2 - 25 - (y+3)^2 + 25 = 1y^2 - x^2 - 4 - y^2 + 9 = 1 \\
 y^2 - 9 - x^2 + 1 &= 1y^2 - 3x^2 + 1, y^2 - 3x^2 + 1 = (x-2)^2 - 16 - (y+3)^2 + 25 = 1 \\
 -4x^2 - 16x + y^2 - 2y - 19 &= 0y^2 - 1 + 2x^2 + 4x + 5, y^2 - 1 - 2x^2 + 4x + 5 = 4x^2 - 24x - y^2 - 4y + 16 = 0 \\
 y &= x \text{ and } y = -x, x^2 - 25 - y^2 + 25 = 1y = 2x \text{ and } y = -2x, y = 1/2x \quad y = -1/2x, x^2 - 100 - y^2 + 25 = 1y = 2/3x \\
 y &= -2/3x, y = 3/4x \text{ and } y = -3/4x, x^2 - 400 - y^2 + 225 = 1y = x - 2 \quad y = -x + 2, y = 2x - 2 \quad y = -2x + 2. \\
 (x-1)^2 - 0.25 - y^2 - 0.75 &= 1y = 0.5x + 2 \quad y = -0.5x - 2, y = 1/3x - 1 \quad y = -1/3x + 1, (x-3)^2 - 4 - y^2 + 5 = 1 \\
 y &= 3x - 9 \quad y = -3x + 9, (x, y) \rightarrow (x, y) \rightarrow (x, y) \rightarrow d \rightarrow P \rightarrow P(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0), (0, p), y = -p \rightarrow d(x, y) \rightarrow (x, -p) \rightarrow d = y + p, (0, p) \\
 (x, y) &\rightarrow d
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d = (x-0)^2 + (y-p)^2 = x^2 + (y-p)^2$$

$$d = y(x, y) \rightarrow (0, p) \rightarrow (x, y) \rightarrow (x, -p).$$

$$x^2 + (y-p)^2 = y + p$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x^2 + (y-p)^2 &= (y+p)^2 \quad x^2 + y^2 - 2py + p^2 = y^2 + 2py + p^2 \quad x^2 - 2py = 2py \quad x^2 = 4py \\
 (0, 0) \quad y^2 &= 4px \quad x^2 = 4py \quad y^2 = 4px \quad (p, 0) \quad x = -p \quad (p, \pm 2p) \quad x^2 = 4py \quad (0, p) \quad y = -p \quad (\pm 2p, p) \quad p > 0 \quad p < 0 \quad p < 0 \\
 p < 0 \quad y^2 &= 4px \quad x^2 = 4py. \quad y^2 = 4px, y = 0 \quad 4p \quad p. \quad p > 0, p < 0, p \quad (p, 0) \quad p \quad x = -p \quad p \quad (p, \pm 2p). \quad x = p \quad x^2 = 4py, \\
 x &= 0 \quad 4p \quad p. \quad p > 0, p < 0, p \quad (0, p) \quad p \quad y = -p \quad p \quad (\pm 2p, p) \quad y^2 = 24x. \quad y^2 = 4px. \quad 24 = 4p, p = 6. \quad p > 0, (p, 0) = (6, 0) \\
 x &= -p = -6 \quad x = 6 \quad (6, \pm 12) \quad y^2 = -16x. \quad (-4, 0); \quad x = 4; \quad (-4, \pm 8) \quad x^2 = -6y. \quad x^2 = 4py. \quad -6 = 4p, p = -3/2. \quad p < 0, \\
 (0, p) &= (0, -3/2) \quad y = -p = 3/2 \quad y = 3/2 \quad (\pm 3, -3/2) \quad x^2 = 8y. \quad (0, 2); \quad y = -2; \quad (\pm 4, 2). \quad (p, 0), \quad y^2 = 4px. \\
 (0, p), \quad x^2 &= 4py. \quad 4p. \quad (-1/2, 0) \quad x = 1/2 \quad ? \quad (p, 0), \quad y^2 = 4px. \quad 4p, 4p = 4(-1/2) = -2. \quad 4p, \quad y^2 = 4px = -2x. \\
 y^2 &= -2x. \quad (0, 7/2) \quad y = -7/2 \quad ? \quad x^2 = 14y. \quad h, k \quad (h, k). \quad x \quad (x-h) \quad y \quad (y-k). \quad (h, k) \quad (y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h) \\
 (x-h)^2 &= 4p(y-k) \quad (h, k). \quad y = k \quad (y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h) \quad (h+p, k) \quad x = h-p \quad (h+p, k \pm 2p) \quad x = h \quad (x-h)^2 = 4p(y-k) \\
 (h, k+p) \quad y &= k-p \quad (h \pm 2p, k+p) \quad p > 0, p < 0, p > 0, p < 0, \quad (y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h) \quad (x-h)^2 = 4p(y-k). \\
 (y-k)^2 &= 4p(x-h), \quad h, k \quad (h, k) \quad k \quad y = k \quad 4p \quad (x-h) \quad p. \quad p > 0, p < 0, h, k, p \quad (h+p, k) \quad h \quad p \quad x = h-p \quad h, k, p \\
 (h+p, k \pm 2p) \quad (x-h)^2 &= 4p(y-k), \quad h, k \quad (h, k) \quad h \quad x = h \quad 4p \quad (y-k) \quad p. \quad p > 0, p < 0, h, k, p \quad (h, k+p) \quad k \quad p \quad y = k-p \\
 h, k, p \quad (h \pm 2p, k+p) \quad (y-1)^2 &= -16(x+3). \quad (y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h). \quad (h, k) = (-3, 1) \quad y = k = 1 - 16 = 4p, p = -4. \\
 p < 0, (h+p, k) &= (-3+(-4), 1) = (-7, 1) \quad x = h-p = -3-(-4) = 1 \quad (h+p, k \pm 2p) = (-3+(-4), 1 \pm 2(-4)), \\
 (-7, -7) \quad (-7, 9) \quad (y+1)^2 &= 4(x-8). \quad (8, -1); \quad y = -1; \quad (9, -1); \quad x = 7; \quad (9, -3) \quad (9, 1). \\
 x^2 - 8x - 28y - 208 &= 0. \quad (x-h)^2 = 4p(y-k). \quad x \\
 x^2 - 8x - 28y - 208 &= 0 \quad x^2 - 8x = 28y + 208 \quad x^2 - 8x + 16 = 28y + 208 + 16 \quad (x \\
 -4)^2 &= 28y + 224 \quad (x-4)^2 = 28(y+8) \quad (x-4)^2 = 4 \cdot 7 \cdot (y+8) \\
 (h, k) &= (4, -8) \quad x = h = 4 \quad p = 7, p > 0 \quad (h, k+p) = (4, -8+7) = (4, -1) \quad y = k-p = -8-7 = -15 \\
 (h \pm 2p, k+p) &= (4 \pm 2(7), -8+7), (-10, -1) \quad (18, -1) \quad (x+2)^2 = -20(y-3). \quad (-2, 3); \quad x = -2; \quad (-2, -2); \\
 y &= 8; \quad (-12, -2) \quad (8, -2). \quad x^2 = 4py, p > 0. \quad p = 1.7. \\
 x^2 &= 4py \quad \text{Standard form of upward-facing parabola with vertex } (0, 0) \quad x^2 = 4(1.7)y \quad \text{Substitute } 1.7 \text{ for } p. \quad x^2 \\
 &= 6.8y \quad \text{Multiply.}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4.5^2 = 2.25x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x^2 &= 6.8y \quad \text{Equation found in part (a). } (2.25)^2 = 6.8y \quad \text{Substitute } 2.25 \text{ for } x. \quad y \approx 0.74 \quad \text{Solve for } y. \\
 y^2 &= 1280xy \quad y^2 = 4px \quad x^2 = 4py \quad (h, k), (y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h) \quad (h, k), (x-h)^2 = 4p(y-k) \quad (x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0) \quad p > 0, p < 0, \\
 (0, 0) \quad p > 0, p < 0, (h, k) \quad p > 0, p < 0, (h, k) \quad p > 0, p < 0, p \quad p \quad ? \quad y^2 &= 4 - x^2 \quad y = 4(1) \quad x^2 - 6y^2 = 12 \\
 (y-3)^2 &= 8(x-2) \quad (y-3)^2 = 4(2)(x-2) \quad y^2 + 12x - 6y - 51 = 0 \quad (V), (F), (d) \quad x = 8 \quad y = 2 \\
 y^2 &= 18x, V: (0, 0); F: (1/32, 0); d: x = -1/32 \quad y = 1/4 \quad x^2 - 4x^2 \\
 x^2 &= -1/4y, V: (0, 0); F: (0, -1/16); d: y = 1/16 \quad x = 1/8 \quad y^2 - 36y^2 \\
 y^2 &= 1/36x, V: (0, 0); F: (1/144, 0); d: x = -1/144 \quad x = 1/36 \quad y^2 - 4(y-1)^2 \\
 (x-1)^2 &= 4(y-1), V: (1, 1); F: (1/2, 1/2); d: y = 0 \quad (y-2)^2 = 4/5 \quad (x+4)(y-4)^2 = 2(x+3) \\
 (y-4)^2 &= 2(x+3), V: (-3/4, 4); F: (-5/2, 4); d: x = -7/2 \quad (x+1)^2 = 2(y+4) \quad (x+4)^2 = 24(y+1) \\
 (x+4)^2 &= 24(y+1), V: (-4, -1); F: (-4/5, 5); d: y = -7 \quad (y+4)^2 = 16(x+4) \quad y^2 + 12x - 6y + 21 = 0 \\
 (y-3)^2 &= -12(x+1), V: (-1/3, 3); F: (-4/3, 3); d: x = 2x^2 - 4x - 24y + 28 = 0 \quad x^2 - 50x - 4y + 113 = 0 \\
 (x-5)^2 &= 4/5(y+3), V: (5, -3); F: (5, -14/5); d: y = -16/5 \quad y^2 - 24x + 4y - 68 = 0 \quad x^2 - 4x + 2y - 6 = 0 \\
 (x-2)^2 &= -2(y-5), V: (2, 5); F: (2, 9/2); d: y = 11/2 \quad y^2 - 6y + 12x - 3 = 0 \quad y^2 - 4x - 6y + 23 = 0 \\
 (y-1)^2 &= 4/3(x-5), V: (5, 1); F: (16/3, 1); d: x = 14/3 \quad x^2 + 4x + 8y - 4 = 0 \quad x = 1/8 \quad y^2 - 36x^2 - y = 1/36 \quad x^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= -9x^2(y-2)^2 = -4^3(x+2)^{-5}(x+5)^2 = 4(y+5)^{-6}(y+5)^2 = 4(x-4)y^2 - 6y - 8x + 1 = 0 \\
 x^2 + 8x + 4y + 20 &= 0 \quad 3x^2 + 30x - 4y + 95 = 0 \quad y^2 - 8x + 10y + 9 = 0 \quad x^2 + 4x + 2y + 2 = 0 \quad y^2 + 2y - 12x + 61 = 0 \\
 -2x^2 + 8x - 4y - 24 &= 0 \quad (0,0); y=4, (0,-4). x^2 = -16y \quad (0,0); x=4, (-4,0). (2,2); x=2-2, (2+2,2). \\
 (y-2)^2 &= 4^2(x-2)(-2,3); x=-7^2, (-1^2,3). (2,-3); x=2^2, (0,-3). (y+3)^2 = -4^2(x-2) \\
 (1,2); y &= 11^3, (1,1^3). x^2 = y(y-2)^2 = 1^4(x+2)(y-3)^2 = 4^5(x+2) \\
 V(0,0), \text{Endpoints } (2,1), (-2,1) &V(0,0), \text{Endpoints } (-2,4), (-2,-4) y^2 = -8x \\
 V(1,2), \text{Endpoints } (-5,5), (7,5) &V(-3,-1), \text{Endpoints } (0,5), (0,-7) (y+1)^2 = 12(x+3) \\
 V(4,-3), \text{Endpoints } (5,-7^2), (3,-7^2) &x^2 = 4y. (0,1) (0,0.25), x^2 = -125(y-20), y = -x^2 + 96x, x \\
 y &= -0.5x^2 + 80x. (x,y)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A, B, C \quad xy \quad xy \quad B^4x^2 + 9y^2 &= 14x^2 + 4y^2 = 14x^2 - 9y^2 = 14x^2 = 9y \text{ or } 4y^2 = 9x^4x + 9y = 1 \\
 (x-4)(y+4) &= 0 \quad (x-4)(x-9) = 0 \quad 4x^2 + 4y^2 = 0 \quad 4x^2 + 4y^2 = -1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A, B, C \quad B=0, A \quad C \quad Ax^2 + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F &= 0, A \neq C \text{ and } AC > 0 \quad Ax^2 + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0, A = C \\
 Ax^2 - Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F &= 0 \text{ or } -Ax^2 + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0, A = C \\
 Ax^2 + Dx + Ey + F &= 0 \text{ or } Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0 \quad Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0. A \quad C \quad A \quad C \quad A \quad C \quad A \quad C \\
 Ax^2 + By^2 &= 0, Ax^2 + By^2 = 0, Ax^2 + By^2 + 1 = 0, 4x^2 - 9y^2 + 36x + 36y - 125 = 0 \quad 9y^2 + 16x + 36y - 10 = 0 \\
 3x^2 + 3y^2 - 2x - 6y - 4 &= 0 \quad -25x^2 - 4y^2 + 100x + 16y + 20 = 0 \quad A = 4 \quad C = -9, A \quad C \quad A = 0 \quad C = 9. A = 3 \quad C = 3. \\
 A = C, A &= -25 \quad C = -4. AC > 0 \quad A \neq C, 16y^2 - x^2 + x - 4y - 9 = 0 \quad 16x^2 + 4y^2 + 16x + 49y - 81 = 0 \quad xy \quad xy \quad \theta, (x, y) \\
 (x', y') \quad x^2 + y^2 - xy - 15 &= 0 \quad x \quad y \quad x' \quad y' \quad \theta. i \quad j \quad i' \quad j' \quad \theta \\
 i' &= \cos \theta i + \sin \theta j \quad j' = -\sin \theta i + \cos \theta j
 \end{aligned}$$

u

$$\begin{aligned}
 u &= x' i' + y' j' \quad u = x' (i \cos \theta + j \sin \theta) + y' (-i \sin \theta + j \cos \theta) \text{ Substitute. } u = ix' \cos \theta + jx' \sin \theta - iy' \sin \theta \\
 &+ jy' \cos \theta \text{ Distribute. } u = ix' \cos \theta - iy' \sin \theta + jx' \sin \theta + jy' \cos \theta \text{ Apply commutative property. } u = (x' \cos \theta \\
 &- y' \sin \theta)i + (x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta)j \text{ Factor by grouping.}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$u = x' i' + y' j', x \quad y$$

$$x = x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta \text{ and } y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta$$

$$(x, y) \quad \theta \quad (x', y'). \quad (x, y) \quad (x', y'):$$

$$x = x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta$$

$$y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x \quad y \quad x &= x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta \quad y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta. x \quad y \quad x' \quad y' \quad 2x^2 - xy + 2y^2 - 30 = 0 \quad \theta = 45^\circ. x \quad y, \\
 x &= x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta \quad y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta. \theta = 45^\circ,
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = x' \cos(45^\circ) - y' \sin(45^\circ) \quad x = x' \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - y' \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \quad x = x' - y' \quad 2$$

$$y = x' \sin(45^\circ) + y' \cos(45^\circ) \quad y = x' \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + y' \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \quad y = x' + y' \quad 2$$

$$x = x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta \quad y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta \quad 2x^2 - xy + 2y^2 - 30 = 0.$$

$$2(x' - y')^2 - (x' - y')(x' + y') + 2(x' + y')^2 - 30 = 0$$

$$2(x' - y')(x' - y')^2 - (x' - y')(x' + y')^2 + 2(x' + y')(x' + y')^2 - 30 = 0 \text{ FOIL method}$$

$$x'^2 - 2x'y' + y'^2 - (x'^2 - y'^2) + 2x'y' + y'^2 - 30 = 0 \text{ Combine like terms.}$$

$$2x'^2 + 2y'^2 - (x'^2 - y'^2) = 30 \text{ Combine like terms.}$$

$$2(2x'^2 + 2y'^2 - (x'^2 - y'^2)) = 2(30) \text{ Multiply both sides by 2.}$$

$$4x'^2 + 4y'^2 - (x'^2 - y'^2) = 60 \text{ Simplify.}$$

$$4x'^2 + 4y'^2 - x'^2 + y'^2 = 60 \text{ Distribute.}$$

$$3x'^2 + 5y'^2 = 60 \quad 60 \quad 60 \text{ Set equal to 1.}$$

$$x' \quad y'$$

$$x'^2 + y'^2 = 1$$

$$Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0 \quad x' \quad y' \quad x' y' \quad \theta$$

$$\cot(2\theta) = \frac{A-C}{B}$$

$$Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$$

A, B, C  $B \neq 0$ ,  $\cot(2\theta) = \frac{A-C}{B}$ .  $\cot(2\theta) > 0$ ,  $2\theta \in (0^\circ, 45^\circ)$ .  $\cot(2\theta) < 0$ ,  $2\theta \in (45^\circ, 90^\circ)$ .  $A=C$ ,  $\theta=45^\circ$ .

$$x' y' - x' y' - x' y' - x' y', x' y' - \theta \cot(2\theta) \cdot \sin \theta \cos \theta \cdot \sin \theta \cos \theta \quad x = x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta$$

$$y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta \quad x y - x' y' - 8x^2 - 12xy + 17y^2 = 20 \quad x' y' - x' y' \cot(2\theta).$$

$$8x^2 - 12xy + 17y^2 = 20 \Rightarrow A=8, B=-12 \text{ and } C=17 \quad \cot(2\theta) = \frac{A-C}{B} = \frac{8-17}{-12}$$

$$\cot(2\theta) = \frac{-9}{-12} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\cot(2\theta) = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{opposite}}$$

$$3^2 + 4^2 = h^2 \quad 9 + 16 = h^2 \quad 25 = h^2 \quad h = 5$$

$$\sin \theta \cos \theta.$$

$$\sin \theta = 1 - \cos(2\theta) \quad 2 = 1 - 3/5 \quad 2 = 5/5 - 3/5 \quad 2 = 2/5 \cdot 1 = 2/10 = 1/5 \quad \sin \theta = 1/5 \quad \cos \theta = 1 + \cos(2\theta) \quad 2 = 1 +$$

$$3/5 \quad 2 = 5/5 + 3/5 \quad 2 = 8/5 \cdot 1 = 8/10 = 4/5 \quad \cos \theta = 4/5$$

$$\sin \theta \cos \theta \quad x = x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta \quad y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta.$$

$$x = x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta \quad x = x' (4/5) - y' (1/5) \quad x = 2x' - y'$$

$$y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta \quad y = x' (1/5) + y' (4/5) \quad y = x' + 2y'$$

$$x y$$

$$8(2x' - y')^2 - 12(2x' - y')(x' + 2y') + 17(x' + 2y')^2 = 20 \quad 8(4x'^2 - 4x'y' + y'^2) - 12(2x'^2 + 3x'y' - 2y'^2) + 17(x'^2 + 4x'y' + 4y'^2) = 20$$

$$32x'^2 - 32x'y' + 8y'^2 - 24x'^2 - 36x'y' + 24y'^2 + 17x'^2 + 68x'y' + 68y'^2 = 20$$

$$25x'^2 + 100x'y' + 100y'^2 = 20$$

$$25x'^2 + 100x'y' + 100y'^2 = 20$$

$$x' y'$$

$$x'^2 + y'^2 = 1$$

$$13x^2 - 6xy + 7y^2 = 16 \quad x' y' \quad x' y' \quad x'^2 + y'^2 = 1 \quad x' y'$$

$$x^2 + 12xy - 4y^2 = 30$$

$$\cot(2\theta).$$

$$x^2 + 12xy - 4y^2 = 20 \Rightarrow A=1, B=12, \text{ and } C=-4$$

$$\cot(2\theta) = \frac{A-C}{B} \quad \cot(2\theta) = \frac{1-(-4)}{12} \quad \cot(2\theta) = 5/12$$

$$\cot(2\theta) = 5/12,$$

$$\cot(2\theta) = 5/12 = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{opposite}}$$

$$5^2 + 12^2 = h^2 \quad 25 + 144 = h^2 \quad 169 = h^2 \quad h = 13$$

$$\sin \theta \cos \theta.$$

$$\sin \theta = 1 - \cos(2\theta) \quad 2 = 1 - 5/13 \quad 2 = 13/13 - 5/13 \quad 2 = 8/13 \cdot 1 = 2/13 \quad \cos \theta = 1 + \cos(2\theta) \quad 2 = 1 + 5/13 \quad 2 = 18/13 \cdot 1 = 3/13$$

$$13 + 5/13 \quad 2 = 18/13 \cdot 1 = 3/13$$

$$x y.$$

$$x = x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta \quad x = x' (3/13) - y' (2/13) \quad x = 3x' - 2y'$$

$$y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta \quad y = x' (2/13) + y' (3/13) \quad y = 2x' + 3y'$$

$$x = 3x' - 2y' \quad y = 2x' + 3y' \quad x^2 + 12xy - 4y^2 = 30.$$

$$(3x' - 2y')^2 + 12(3x' - 2y')(2x' + 3y') - 4(2x' + 3y')^2 = 30$$

$$(13)[(3x' - 2y')^2 + 12(3x' - 2y')(2x' + 3y') - 4(2x' + 3y')^2] = 30$$

$$\text{Factor. } (13)[9x'^2 - 12x'y' + 4y'^2 + 12(6x'^2 + 5x'y' - 6y'^2) - 4(4x'^2 + 12x'y' + 9y'^2)] = 30$$

$$\text{Multiply. } (13)[9x'^2 - 12x'y' + 4y'^2 + 72x'^2 + 60x'y' - 72y'^2 - 16x'^2 - 48x'y' - 36y'^2] = 30$$

$$\text{Distribute. } (13)[65x'^2 - 104x'y' - 104y'^2] = 30$$

$$y'^2] = 30 \text{ Combine like terms.}$$

$$-104y'^2 = 390 \text{ Multiply.}$$

$$x'^2 - 4y'^2 = 15$$

$$\text{Divide by 390.}$$

$$x'^2 - 4y'^2 = 15.$$

$$Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$$

$$A'x'^2 + B'x'y' + C'y'^2 + D'x' + E'y' + F' = 0$$

$$B^2 - 4AC = B'^2 - 4A'C' \quad B^2 - 4AC, Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$$

$$A'x'^2 + B'x'y' + C'y'^2 + D'x' + E'y' + F' = 0, \quad B^2 - 4AC = B'^2 - 4A'C'$$

$$Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0 \quad B^2 - 4AC, <0, =0, >0, 5x^2 + 23xy + 2y^2 - 5 = 0$$

$$5x^2 + 23xy + 12y^2 - 5 = 0 \quad A, B, C.$$

$$5 \sim Ax^2 + 23 \sim Bxy + 2 \sim Cy^2 - 5 = 0$$

$$B^2 - 4AC = (23)^2 - 4(5)(2) = 4(3) - 40 = 12 - 40 = -28 < 0$$

$$5x^2 + 23xy + 2y^2 - 5 = 0 \quad A, B, C.$$

$$5 \sim Ax^2 + 23 \sim Bxy + 12 \sim Cy^2 - 5 = 0$$

$$B^2 - 4AC = (23)^2 - 4(5)(12) = 4(3) - 240 = 12 - 240 = -228 < 0$$

$$5x^2 + 23xy + 12y^2 - 5 = 0 \quad x^2 - 9xy + 3y^2 - 12 = 0 \quad 10x^2 - 9xy + 4y^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$$

$$x = x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta \quad y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta$$

$$\theta, \text{ where } \cot(2\theta) = \frac{A-C}{B} \quad Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0 \quad A, B, C \quad A, B, C \quad xy \quad x' \quad y' \quad x' y' \quad xy \quad xy$$

$$Ax^2 + By^2 + Cx + Dy + E = 0 \quad AB = 0, \quad Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0, \quad B^2 - 4AC > 0,$$

$$ax^2 + 4x + 3y^2 - 12 = 0, \quad a > 0? \quad Ax^2 + Bxy + Cy^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0, \quad \theta \quad \cot(2\theta) = \frac{A-C}{B} \quad xy$$

$$9x^2 + 4y^2 + 72x + 36y - 500 = 0 \quad x^2 - 10x + 4y - 10 = 0 \quad AB = 0, \quad 2x^2 - 2y^2 + 4x - 6y - 2 = 0 \quad 4x^2 - y^2 + 8x - 1 = 0$$

$$AB = -4 < 0, \quad 4y^2 - 5x + 9y + 1 = 0 \quad 2x^2 + 3y^2 - 8x - 12y + 2 = 0 \quad AB = 6 > 0, \quad 4x^2 + 9xy + 4y^2 - 36y - 125 = 0$$

$$3x^2 + 6xy + 3y^2 - 36y - 125 = 0 \quad B^2 - 4AC = 0, \quad -3x^2 + 33xy - 4y^2 + 9 = 0 \quad 2x^2 + 43xy + 6y^2 - 6x - 3 = 0$$

$$B^2 - 4AC = 0, \quad -x^2 + 42xy + 2y^2 - 2y + 1 = 0 \quad 8x^2 + 42xy + 4y^2 - 10x + 1 = 0 \quad B^2 - 4AC = -96 < 0,$$

$$3x^2 + xy + 3y^2 - 5 = 0, \quad \theta = 45^\circ \quad 4x^2 - xy + 4y^2 - 2 = 0, \quad \theta = 45^\circ \quad 7x'^2 + 9y'^2 - 4 = 0 \quad 2x^2 + 8xy - 1 = 0, \quad \theta = 30^\circ$$

$$-2x^2 + 8xy + 1 = 0, \quad \theta = 45^\circ \quad 3x'^2 + 2x'y' - 5y'^2 + 1 = 0 \quad 4x^2 + 2xy + 4y^2 + y + 2 = 0, \quad \theta = 45^\circ \quad \theta \quad xy \quad xy$$

$$x^2 + 33xy + 4y^2 + y - 2 = 0 \quad \theta = 60^\circ, \quad 11x'^2 - y'^2 + 3x' + y' - 4 = 0 \quad 4x^2 + 23xy + 6y^2 + y - 2 = 0$$

$$9x^2 - 33xy + 6y^2 + 4y - 3 = 0 \quad \theta = 150^\circ, \quad 21x'^2 + 9y'^2 + 4x' - 43y' - 6 = 0 \quad -3x^2 - 3xy - 2y^2 - x = 0$$

$$16x^2 + 24xy + 9y^2 + 6x - 6y + 2 = 0 \quad \theta \approx 36.9^\circ, \quad 125x'^2 + 6x' - 42y' + 10 = 0 \quad 0x^2 + 4xy + 4y^2 + 3x - 2 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 4xy + y^2 - 2x + 1 = 0 \quad \theta = 45^\circ, \quad 3x'^2 - y'^2 - 2x' + 2y' + 1 = 0 \quad 4x^2 - 23xy + 6y^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$y = -x^2, \quad \theta = -45^\circ \quad 22(x' + y') = 12(x' - y') \quad 2x = y^2, \quad \theta = 45^\circ \quad x^2 + y^2 + 1 = 1, \quad \theta = 45^\circ.$$

$$(x' - y')^2 + 8 + (x' + y')^2 + 2 = 1y^2 + 16 + x^2 + 9 = 1, \quad \theta = 45^\circ \quad y^2 - x^2 = 1, \quad \theta = 45^\circ.$$

$$(x' + y')^2 + 2 - (x' - y')^2 + 2 = 1y = x^2 + 2, \quad \theta = 30^\circ \quad x = (y - 1)^2, \quad \theta = 30^\circ.$$

$$32x' - 12y' = (12x' + 32y' - 1)2x^2 + 9 + y^2 + 4 = 1, \quad \theta = 30^\circ \quad x'y' \quad x'y' \quad xy = 9$$

$$x^2 + 10xy + y^2 - 6 = 0 \quad x^2 - 10xy + y^2 - 24 = 0 \quad 4x^2 - 33xy + y^2 - 22 = 0 \quad 6x^2 + 23xy + 4y^2 - 21 = 0$$

$$11x^2 + 103xy + y^2 - 64 = 0 \quad 21x^2 + 23xy + 19y^2 - 18 = 0 \quad 16x^2 + 24xy + 9y^2 - 130x + 90y = 0$$

$$16x^2 + 24xy + 9y^2 - 60x + 80y = 0 \quad 13x^2 - 63xy + 7y^2 - 16 = 0 \quad 4x^2 - 4xy + y^2 - 85x - 165y = 0 \quad xy$$

$$6x^2 - 53xy + y^2 + 10x - 12y = 0 \quad 6x^2 - 5xy + 6y^2 + 20x - y = 0 \quad \theta = 45^\circ \quad 6x^2 - 83xy + 14y^2 + 10x - 3y = 0$$

$$4x^2 + 63xy + 10y^2 + 20x - 40y = 0 \quad \theta = 60^\circ \quad 8x^2 + 3xy + 4y^2 + 2x - 4 = 0 \quad 16x^2 + 24xy + 9y^2 + 20x - 44y = 0$$

$$\theta \approx 36.9^\circ \quad k \quad 4x^2 + kxy + 16y^2 + 8x + 24y - 48 = 0, \quad k \quad 2x^2 + kxy + 12y^2 + 10x - 16y + 28 = 0, \quad k \quad -4 < k < 4$$

$$3x^2 + kxy + 4y^2 - 6x + 20y + 128 = 0, \quad k \quad kx^2 + 8xy + 8y^2 - 12x + 16y + 18 = 0, \quad k \quad k = 2$$

$$6x^2 + 12xy + ky^2 + 16x + 10y + 4 = 0, \quad k \quad \cot(2\theta) > 0, \quad \theta \quad (0^\circ, 45^\circ); \quad \cot(2\theta) < 0, \quad \theta \quad (45^\circ, 90^\circ); \quad \cot(2\theta) = 0, \quad \theta = 45^\circ$$

$$x = 2 + y^2 \quad P(r, \theta) \quad F \quad D \quad e \quad P \quad e = PF \quad PD \quad P \quad P \quad F \quad P \quad D \quad e \quad e, \quad 0 \leq e < 1, \quad e = 1, \quad e > 1, \quad x = \pm p, \quad e, \quad \theta. \quad r \quad \theta. \quad x = \pm p, \quad p \quad e,$$

$$r = ep \quad 1 \pm e \cos \theta$$

$$y = \pm p, \quad p \quad e,$$

$$r = ep \quad 1 \pm e \sin \theta$$

$$e \quad e \quad x = p \quad y = p \quad ep \quad x \quad y. \quad r = 63 + 2 \sin \theta \quad r = 124 + 5 \cos \theta \quad r = 72 - 2 \sin \theta \quad 1 \quad c, \quad c \quad 1 \quad 3.$$

$$r = 63 + 2 \sin \theta \cdot (1 \quad 3) \cdot (1 \quad 3) = 6(1 \quad 3) \quad 3(1 \quad 3) + 2(1 \quad 3) \sin \theta = 2 \quad 1 + 2 \quad 3 \quad \sin \theta$$

$$\sin \theta \quad y = p. \quad e = 2 \quad 3.$$

$$2 = ep \quad 2 = 2 \quad 3 \quad p \quad (3 \quad 2) \quad 2 = (3 \quad 2) \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad p \quad 3 = p$$

$$e < 1, \quad e = 2 \quad 3 \quad y = 3. \quad 1 \quad 4.$$

$$r = 124 + 5 \cos \theta \cdot (1 \quad 4) \cdot (1 \quad 4) \quad r = 12(1 \quad 4) \quad 4(1 \quad 4) + 5(1 \quad 4) \cos \theta \quad r = 3 \quad 1 + 5 \quad 4 \quad \cos \theta$$

$$\cos \theta \quad x=p. \quad e=5/4.$$

$$3=ep \quad 3=5/4 p \quad (4/5)^3=(4/5)^{5/4} p \quad 12/5=p$$

$$e>1, e=5/4 \quad x=12/5=2.4. \quad 1/2.$$

$$r=7/2-2 \sin \theta \cdot (1/2) \cdot (1/2) \quad r=7(1/2)^2(1/2)-2(1/2) \sin \theta \quad r=7/2-1-\sin \theta$$

$$y=-p. \quad e=1.$$

$$7/2=ep \quad 7/2=(1)p \quad 7/2=p$$

$$e=1, e=1 \quad y=-7/2=-3.5. \quad r=2/3-\cos \theta. \quad e=1/3; \quad x=-2e \quad \theta \quad r \quad \theta, \pi/2, \pi, 3\pi/2 \quad r=5/3+3 \cos \theta. \quad 1/3.$$

$$r=5/3+3 \cos \theta = 5(1/3)^3(1/3)+3(1/3) \cos \theta \quad r=5/3+1+\cos \theta$$

$$e=1, \cos \theta, x=p.$$

$$5/3=ep \quad 5/3=(1)p \quad 5/3=p$$

$$x=5/3. \quad 0.00\pi \quad 2\pi \quad 3\pi \quad 2r=5/3+3 \cos \theta \quad 5/6 \approx 0.835 \quad 3 \approx 1.675 \quad 3 \approx 1.67 \quad r=8/2-3 \sin \theta. \quad 1/2.$$

$$r=8/2-3 \sin \theta = 8(1/2)^2(1/2)-3(1/2) \sin \theta \quad r=4/1-3/2 \sin \theta$$

$$e=3/2, e>1, \sin \theta \quad y=-p.$$

$$4=ep \quad 4=(3/2)p \quad 4(2/3)=p \quad 8/3=p$$

$$y=-8/3. \quad 0.00\pi \quad 2\pi \quad 3\pi \quad 2$$

$$r=8/2-3 \sin \theta$$

$$4-8/3=1.6 \quad r=10/5-4 \cos \theta. \quad 1/5.$$

$$r=10/5-4 \cos \theta = 10(1/5)^5(1/5)-4(1/5) \cos \theta \quad r=2/1-4/5 \cos \theta$$

$$e=4/5, e<1, \cos \theta, x=-p.$$

$$2=ep \quad 2=(4/5)p \quad 2(5/4)=p \quad 5/2=p$$

$$x=-5/2. \quad 0.00\pi \quad 2\pi \quad 3\pi \quad 2r=10/5-4 \cos \theta \quad 10/9 \approx 1.12 \quad r=10/5-4 \cos \theta \quad [-3, 12, 1] \quad [-4, 4, 1], \theta \min = 0$$

$$\theta \max = 2\pi. \quad r=2/4-\cos \theta. \quad y, x, p<0, p>0, p \quad e=3 \quad y=-2. \quad y=-p, y=-2, -2<0,$$

$$r=ep \quad 1-e \sin \theta$$

$$e=3 \quad 1-2/2=2=p.$$

$$r=(3)(2) \quad 1-3 \sin \theta \quad r=6/1-3 \sin \theta$$

$$e=3/5, x=4. \quad x=p, x=4, 4>0,$$

$$r=ep \quad 1+e \cos \theta$$

$$e=3/5 \quad 1/4/2=4=p.$$

$$r=(3/5)(4) \quad 1+3/5 \cos \theta \quad r=12/5+3/5 \cos \theta \quad r=12/5+1(5/5)+3/5 \cos \theta \quad r=12/5+5/5+3/5 \cos \theta \quad r=12/5$$

$$+5/5+3 \cos \theta \quad r=12/5+3 \cos \theta$$

$$e=1, x=-1. \quad r=1/1-\cos \theta \quad r=1/5-5 \sin \theta \quad r=x^2+y^2, x=r \cos \theta, \text{ and } y=r \sin \theta.$$

$$r=1/5-5 \sin \theta \quad r \cdot (5-5 \sin \theta) = 1/5-5 \sin \theta \cdot (5-5 \sin \theta) \quad \text{Eliminate the fraction.} \quad 5r$$

$$-5r \sin \theta = 1 \quad \text{Distribute.}$$

$$5r=1+5r \sin \theta \quad \text{Isolate } 5r.$$

$$25r^2 = (1+5r \sin \theta)^2$$

$$\text{Square both sides.}$$

$$25(x^2+y^2) = (1+5y)^2 \quad \text{Substitute } r=x^2+y^2 \text{ and } y=r \sin \theta.$$

$$25x^2+25y$$

$$2=1+10y+25y^2 \quad \text{Distribute and use FOIL.}$$

$$25x^2-10y=1 \quad \text{Rearrange terms and set equal to 1.}$$

$$r=2/1+2 \cos \theta \quad 4-8x+3x^2-y^2=0 \quad P(r, \theta) \quad e=PF \quad PD, e \quad r=x^2+y^2, x=r \cos \theta, y=r \sin \theta \quad \sin \theta,$$

$$r=6/1-2 \cos \theta \quad r=3/4-4 \sin \theta \quad e=1 \quad 3/4 \quad r=8/4-3 \cos \theta \quad r=5/1+2 \sin \theta \quad e=2 \quad 5/2 \quad r=16/4+3 \cos \theta$$

$$r=3/10+10 \cos \theta \quad e=1 \quad 3/10 \quad r=2/1-\cos \theta \quad r=4/7+2 \cos \theta \quad e=2/7 \quad 2r(1-\cos \theta)=3r(3+5 \sin \theta)=11 \quad e=5/3$$

$$11/5 \quad r(4-5 \sin \theta)=1r(7+8 \cos \theta)=7 \quad e=8/7 \quad 7/8 \quad r=4/1+3 \sin \theta \quad r=2/5-3 \sin \theta \quad 25x^2+16y^2-12y-4=0$$

$$r=8/3-2 \cos \theta \quad r=3/2+5 \cos \theta \quad 21x^2-4y^2-30x+9=0 \quad r=4/2+2 \sin \theta \quad r=3/8-8 \cos \theta \quad 64y^2=48x+9$$

$$r=2/6+7 \cos \theta \quad r=5/5-11 \sin \theta \quad 96y^2-25x^2+110y+25=0 \quad (5+2 \cos \theta)=6r(2-\cos \theta)=1$$

$$3x^2+4y^2-2x-1=0 \quad r(2.5-2.5 \sin \theta)=5r=6 \sec \theta \quad -2+3 \sec \theta \quad 5x^2+9y^2-24x-36=0 \quad r=6 \csc \theta \quad 3+2 \csc \theta$$

$$r=5/2+\cos \theta \quad r=2/3+3 \sin \theta \quad r=10/5-4 \sin \theta \quad r=3/1+2 \cos \theta \quad r=8/4-5 \cos \theta \quad r=3/4-4 \cos \theta \quad r=2/1-\sin \theta$$

$$r=6/3+2 \sin \theta \quad r(1+\cos \theta)=5r(3-4 \sin \theta)=9r(3-2 \sin \theta)=6r(6-4 \cos \theta)=5x=4; \quad e=1 \quad 5r=4/5+\cos \theta \quad x=-4; \quad e=5$$

$$y=2; \quad e=2 \quad r=4/1+2 \sin \theta \quad y=-2; \quad e=1 \quad 2x=1; \quad e=1 \quad r=1/1+\cos \theta \quad x=-1; \quad e=1 \quad x=-1/4; \quad e=7 \quad 2r=7/8-28 \cos \theta$$

$$y=2/5; \quad e=7 \quad 2y=4; \quad e=3 \quad 2r=12/2+3 \sin \theta \quad x=-2; \quad e=8 \quad 3x=-5; \quad e=3 \quad 4r=15/4-3 \cos \theta \quad y=2; \quad e=2.5 \quad x=-3; \quad e=1 \quad 3$$

$$r=3/3-3 \cos \theta \quad xy \quad r \quad \theta. \quad xy=2x^2+xy+y^2=4r=\pm 2/1+\sin \theta \cos \theta \quad 2x^2+4xy+2y^2=9/16x^2+24xy+9y^2=4$$

$$r=\pm 2/4 \cos \theta + 3 \sin \theta \quad 2xy+y=1x^2/25+y^2/64=1x^2/5^2+y^2/8^2=1; \quad (0,0); \quad (5,0); \quad (-5,0); \quad (0,8); \quad (0,-8);$$

$$(0,39); \quad (0,-39) \quad (x-2)^2/100+(y+3)^2/36=19x^2+y^2+54x-4y+76=0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(x+3)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 1 \quad (-3,2); (-2,2), (-4,2), (-3,5), (-3,-1); (-3,2+2), (-3,2-2) \\
 &9x^2 + 36y^2 - 36x + 72y + 36 = 0 \quad x^2 + 4y^2 = 1 \quad (0,0); (6,0), (-6,0), (0,3), (0,-3); (3,3), (-3,3), (3,-3), (-3,-3) \\
 &(x-4)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 14 \quad x^2 + y^2 + 16x + 4y - 44 = 0 \quad (-2,-2); (2,-2), (-6,-2), (-2,6), (-2,-10); \\
 &(-2,-2+4), (-2,-2-4) \quad x^2 + 3y^2 - 20x + 12y + 38 = 0 \quad (0,0), (3,0), (-5,0) \quad x^2 + 25y^2 + y^2 = 16 = 1 \\
 &(2,-2), (7,-2), (4,-2) \quad x^2 + 81 - y^2 = 9 = 1 \quad (y+1)^2 + 16 - (x-4)^2 = 36 = 1 \quad (y+1)^2 + 4 - (x-4)^2 = 6 = 1; \\
 &(4,-1); (4,3), (4,-5); (4,-1+2), (4,-1-2) \quad 9y^2 - 4x^2 + 54y - 16x + 29 = 0 \\
 &3x^2 - y^2 - 12x - 6y - 9 = 0 \quad (x-2)^2 - (y+3)^2 = 1; (2,-3); (4,-3), (0,-3); \\
 &(6,-3), (-2,-3) \quad x^2 + 9 - y^2 = 16 = 1 \quad (y-1)^2 + 49 - (x+1)^2 = 4 = 1 \quad x^2 - 4y^2 + 6x + 32y - 91 = 0 \\
 &2y^2 - x^2 - 12y - 6 = 0 \quad (0,0), (0,4), (0,-6) \quad (3,7), (7,7), (6,7) \quad (x-5)^2 + 1 - (y-7)^2 = 3 = 1 \quad y^2 = 12x \\
 &(x+2)^2 = 1 \quad (y-1)^2 = 1 \quad (x+2)^2 = 1 \quad (y-1)^2 = 1; (-2,1); (-2,9) \quad 8y^2 - 6y - 6x - 3 = 0 \\
 &x^2 + 10x - y + 23 = 0 \quad (x+5)^2 = (y+2)^2; (-5,-2); (-5,-7) \quad 4x^2 + 4y = 0 \quad (y-1)^2 = 1 \quad (x+3)^2 \\
 &x^2 - 8x - 10y + 46 = 0 \quad 2y^2 + 12y + 6x + 15 = 0 \quad (-4,0); x = 4 \quad (2,9) \quad y = 7 \quad (x-2)^2 = (1)^2 \quad (y-1)^2 \\
 &16x^2 + 24xy + 9y^2 + 24x - 60y - 60 = 0 \quad B^2 - 4AC = 0, 4x^2 + 14xy + 5y^2 + 18x - 6y + 30 = 0 \\
 &4x^2 + xy + 2y^2 + 8x - 26y + 9 = 0 \quad B^2 - 4AC = -31 < 0, \theta \quad xy \quad x^2 + 4xy - 2y^2 - 6 = 0 \quad x^2 - xy + y^2 - 6 = 0 \\
 &\theta = 45^\circ, x'^2 + 3y'^2 - 12 = 0 \quad x'y' \quad x'y' \quad 9x^2 - 24xy + 16y^2 - 80x - 60y + 100 = 0 \quad x^2 - xy + y^2 - 2 = 0 \\
 &\theta = 45^\circ \quad 6x^2 + 24xy - y^2 - 12x + 26y + 11 = 0 \quad r = 10 \quad 1 - 5 \cos \theta \quad e = 5 \quad 2r = 6 \quad 3 + 2 \cos \theta \quad r = 1 \quad 4 + 3 \sin \theta \quad e = 3 \quad 4 \\
 &1 \quad 3 \quad r = 3 \quad 5 - 5 \sin \theta \quad r = 3 \quad 1 - \sin \theta \quad r = 8 \quad 4 + 3 \sin \theta \quad r = 10 \quad 4 + 5 \cos \theta \quad r = 9 \quad 3 - 6 \cos \theta \quad x = 3 \quad e = 1 \quad r = 3 \quad 1 + \cos \theta \quad y = -2 \\
 &e = 4 \quad x^2 + 9 + y^2 = 4 = 1 \quad x^2 + 3 + y^2 = 2 = 1; (0,0); (3,0), (-3,0), (0,2), (0,-2); (5,0), (-5,0) \\
 &9y^2 + 16x^2 - 36y + 32x - 92 = 0 \quad (x-3)^2 + 64 + (y-2)^2 = 36 = 1 \quad (3,2); (11,2), (-5,2), (3,8), (3,-4); \\
 &(3+2), (7,2), (3-2), (7,2) \quad x^2 + y^2 + 8x - 6y - 7 = 0 \quad (1,2), (7,2), (4,2) \quad (x-1)^2 + 36 + (y-2)^2 = 27 = 1 \\
 &x^2 + 49 - y^2 = 81 = 1 \quad x^2 + 7 - y^2 = 9 = 1; (0,0); (7,0), (-7,0); (13,0), (-13,0); y = \pm 9 \quad 7x \\
 &16y^2 - 9x^2 + 128y + 112 = 0 \quad (x-3)^2 + 25 - (y+3)^2 = 1 = 1 \quad (3,-3); (8,-3), (-2,-3); \\
 &(3+26), (-3), (3-26), (-3); y = \pm 1 \quad 5(x-3) - 3y^2 - x^2 + 4y - 4x - 18 = 0 \quad (1,0), (1,6), (1,2). \\
 &(y-3)^2 + 1 - (x-1)^2 = 8 = 1 \quad y^2 + 10x = 0 \quad 3x^2 - 12x - y + 11 = 0 \quad (x-2)^2 = 1 \quad 3(y+1); (2,-1); (2,-11) \quad 12); \\
 &y = -1 \quad 3 \quad 12(x-1)^2 = -4(y+3) \quad y^2 + 8x - 8y + 40 = 0 \quad (2,3) \quad y = -1.8 \quad 49 \quad \theta \quad xy \quad 3x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2 = 4 \\
 &x^2 + 4xy + 4y^2 + 6x - 8y = 0 \quad \theta \approx 63.4^\circ \quad x'y' \quad x'y' \quad 11x^2 + 10xy + y^2 = 4 \quad 16x^2 + 24xy + 9y^2 - 125x = 0 \\
 &x'^2 - 4x' + 3y' = 0 \quad r = 3 \quad 2 - \sin \theta \quad r = 5 \quad 4 + 6 \cos \theta \quad e = 3 \quad 2, \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad r = 12 \quad 4 - 8 \sin \theta \quad r = 2 \quad 4 + 4 \sin \theta \quad e = 2, x = 3. \quad P \quad F \\
 &D \quad e = PF \quad PD, e \quad r \quad \theta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\{2, 4, 8, 16, 32, \dots\}.$$

$$n \text{th} n \text{th} \quad 2^1 = 2, \quad 2^2 = 4, \quad 2^3 = 8, \quad n \text{th} n \text{th} a, b, c, \dots n.$$

$$a_n = 2^n.$$

$$n \text{th} n$$

$$a_{31} = 2^{31} = 2,147,483,648$$

$$2,147,483,648 \text{th} n \text{th} n \text{th} a_n \quad 2^n$$

$$\{2, 4, 8, 16, 32, \dots, 2^n, \dots\}.$$

$$\{2, 4, 8, 16, 32, \dots, 2^n, \dots, 1024\}.$$

$$n a$$

$$a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n, \dots$$

$$a_1 a_2 a_3 a_n \text{th} n \text{th} \quad a_1 ? a_0 \quad a_1 \cdot n \quad n = 1 \quad a_1 \cdot a_2 \cdot n = 2 \cdot n \quad a_n = -3n + 8 \cdot n = 1n.$$

$$n=1 \quad a_1 = -3(1) + 8 = 5 \quad n=2 \quad a_2 = -3(2) + 8 = 2 \quad n=3 \quad a_3 = -3(3) + 8 = -1 \quad n=4 \quad a_4 = -3(4) + 8 = -4 \quad n=5 \quad a_5 = -3(5) + 8 = -7$$

$$\{5, 2, -1, -4, -7\} \cdot n \quad n \text{th} n \text{th} = 5n - 4 \cdot \{1, 6, 11, 16, 21\} \cdot n$$

$$\{2, -4, 6, -8\}$$

$$n \text{th} n = 1 \quad a_1 \cdot (-1)^n \quad a_2, \quad n = 2 \cdot n$$

$$a_n = (-1)^n \quad n \text{th} n \text{th} + 1$$

$$n=1, n=2,$$

$$n=1 \quad a_1 = (-1)^1 \quad 2^2 + 1 = -1 \quad 2 \quad n=2 \quad a_2 = (-1)^2 \quad 2^2 + 1 = 4 \quad 3 \quad n=3 \quad a_3 = (-1)^3 \quad 3^2 + 1 = -9 \quad 4 \quad n=4 \quad a_4 = (-1)^4 \quad 4^2 + 1 = 16 \quad 5 \quad n=5 \quad a_5 = (-1)^5 \quad 5^2 + 1 = -25 \quad 6$$

$$\{-1, 2, 4, 3, -9, 4, 16, 5, -25, 6\}.$$

$$a_n = 4n(-2)^n$$

$$\{-2, 2, -3, 2, 1, -5, 8\}.$$

$$a_n = \begin{cases} n^2 & \text{if } n \text{ is not divisible by } 3 \\ n^3 & \text{if } n \text{ is divisible by } 3 \end{cases}$$

$$n=1, n=2, n=2n, 3n$$

$$a_1 = 1^2 = 1 \text{ is not a multiple of } 3. \text{ Use } n=2. a_2 = 2^2 = 4 \text{ is not a multiple of } 3. \text{ Use } n=2. a_3 = 2^3 = 8 \text{ is a multiple of } 3. \text{ Use } n=3. a_4 = 3^2 = 9 \text{ is not a multiple of } 3. \text{ Use } n=3. a_5 = 3^3 = 27 \text{ is a multiple of } 3. \text{ Use } n=3. a_6 = 3^3 = 27 \text{ is a multiple of } 3. \text{ Use } n=3.$$

$$\{1, 4, 1, 16, 25, 2\}.$$

$$a_n = \begin{cases} 2n^3 & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \\ 5n^2 & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$

$$\{2, 5, 54, 10, 250, 15\}.$$

$$\{-2, 11, 3, 13, -4, 15, 5, 17, -6, 19, \dots\}$$

$$\{-2, 25, -2, 125, -2, 625, -2, 3, 125, -2, 15, 625, \dots\}$$

$$a_n = (-1)^n (n+1)^{2n+95n+1}.$$

$$a_n = -2 \cdot 5^{n+1}$$

$$e_n = 1, e_{4n+3}.$$

$$a_n = e_{n+3}$$

$$n^{\text{th}}$$

$$\{9, -81, 729, -6,561, 59,049, \dots\}$$

$$a_n = (-1)^{n+1} 9^n$$

$$\{-3, 4, -9, 8, -27, 12, -81, 16, -243, 20, \dots\}$$

$$a_n = -3 \cdot 4^n$$

$$\{1, e^2, 1, e, 1, e, e^2, \dots\}$$

$$a_n = e^{n-3}$$

$$a_1 = 3, a_n = 2a_{n-1} - 1, \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

$$a_1 = 3, a_2 = 2a_1 - 1 = 2(3) - 1 = 5, a_3 = 2a_2 - 1 = 2(5) - 1 = 9, a_4 = 2a_3 - 1 = 2(9) - 1 = 17$$

$$\{3, 5, 9, 17\}$$

$$a_1 = 1, a_2 = 1, a_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n-2}, \text{ for } n \geq 3$$

$$n=1, a_1, a_2, a_{n-1}, a_3, \dots$$

$$a_1 = 9, a_n = 3a_{n-1} - 20, \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

$$a_{n-1}$$

$$n=1, a_1 = 9, n=2, a_2 = 3a_1 - 20 = 3(9) - 20 = 27 - 20 = 7, n=3, a_3 = 3a_2 - 20 = 3(7) - 20 = 21 - 20 = 1, n=4, a_4 = 3a_3 - 20 = 3(1) - 20 = 3 - 20 = -17, n=5, a_5 = 3a_4 - 20 = 3(-17) - 20 = -51 - 20 = -71$$

$$\{9, 7, 1, -17, -71\}.$$

$$a_1 = 2, a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 1, \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

$$\{2, 5, 11, 23, 47\}$$

$$a_1 = 1, a_2 = 2, a_n = 3a_{n-1} + 4a_{n-2}, \text{ for } n \geq 3$$

$$a_{n-1}, a_{n-2}$$

$$n=3, a_3 = 3a_2 + 4a_1 = 3(2) + 4(1) = 10, n=4, a_4 = 3a_3 + 4a_2 = 3(10) + 4(2) = 38, n=5, a_5 = 3a_4 + 4a_3 = 3(38) + 4(10) = 154, n=6, a_6 = 3a_5 + 4a_4 = 3(154) + 4(38) = 614$$

$$\{1, 2, 10, 38, 154, 614\}.$$

$$a_1 = 0, a_2 = 1, a_3 = 1, a_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n-2} + a_{n-3}, \text{ for } n \geq 4$$

$$\{0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 2, 17, 6\}.$$

$$4! = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 24, 5! = 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 120$$

$$a_n = (n+1)!$$

$$6! = (6+1)! = 7! = 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 5040$$

$$n(n-1)!, 5!, 4!, n, n!, n$$

$$0! = 1, 1! = 1, n! = n(n-1)(n-2) \cdots (2)(1), \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

$$0! = 1, a_n = 5n(n+2)!, n=1, n=2,$$



$$n=1 \quad a_1 = 5(1)(1+2)! = 5 \cdot 3! = 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 5 \cdot 6 \quad n=2 \quad a_2 = 5(2)(2+2)! = 10 \cdot 4! = 10 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 5 \cdot 12 \quad n=3 \quad a_3 = 5(3)(3+2)! = 15 \cdot 5! = 15 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 1 \cdot 8 \quad n=4 \quad a_4 = 5(4)(4+2)! = 20 \cdot 6! = 20 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 1 \cdot 36 \quad n=5 \quad a_5 = 5(5)(5+2)! = 25 \cdot 7! = 25 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 5 \cdot 1,008$$

$$\{5 \cdot 6, 5 \cdot 12, 1 \cdot 8, 1 \cdot 36, 5 \cdot 1,008\} \cdot n \cdot a_n = (n+1)! \cdot 2n \cdot \{1, 3 \cdot 2, 4, 15, 72\}.$$

$$0! = 1 \quad 1! = 1 \quad n! = n(n-1)(n-2) \cdots (2)(1), \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} n \text{th } n \cdot n \cdot a_n &= 13 \cdot 12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot a_n = 2 \cdot n - 2 \cdot a_n = -16 \cdot n + 1 - 8, -16 \cdot 3, -4, -16 \cdot 5 \\ a_n &= -(-5) \cdot n - 1 \cdot a_n = 2 \cdot n \cdot n \cdot 32, 1 \cdot 2, 8 \cdot 27, 1 \cdot 4 \cdot a_n = 2n+1 \cdot n \cdot 3 \cdot a_n = 1.25 \cdot (-4) \cdot n - 11.25, -5, 20, -80 \\ a_n &= -4 \cdot (-6) \cdot n - 1 \cdot a_n = n \cdot 2 \cdot 2n+1 \cdot 1 \cdot 3, 4 \cdot 5, 9 \cdot 7, 16 \cdot 9 \cdot a_n = (-10) \cdot n + 1 \cdot a_n = -(4 \cdot (-5) \cdot n - 1 \cdot 5) \\ &= -4 \cdot 5, 4, -20, 100 \cdot a_n = \{(-2) \cdot n - 2 \text{ if } n \text{ is even } (3) \cdot n - 1 \text{ if } n \text{ is odd } a_n = \{n \cdot 2 \cdot 2n+1 \text{ if } n \leq 5 \cdot n \cdot 2 - 5 \text{ if } n > 5 \\ 1 \cdot 3, 4 \cdot 5, 9 \cdot 7, 16 \cdot 9, 25 \cdot 11, 31, 44, 59 \cdot a_n = \{(2n+1) \cdot 2 \text{ if } n \text{ is divisible by } 4 \cdot 2 \cdot n \text{ if } n \text{ is not divisible by } 4 \\ a_n &= \{-0.6 \cdot 5 \cdot n - 1 \text{ if } n \text{ is prime or } 1 \cdot 2.5 \cdot (-2) \cdot n - 1 \text{ if } n \text{ is composite} \\ &= -0.6, -3, -15, -20, -375, -80, -9375, -320 \cdot a_n = \{4 \cdot (n \cdot 2 - 2) \text{ if } n \leq 3 \text{ or } n > 6 \cdot n \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 4 \text{ if } 3 < n \leq 6 \\ 4, 7, 12, 19, 28, \dots \cdot a_n &= n \cdot 2 + 3 - 4, 2, -10, 14, -34, \dots \cdot 1, 1, 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2, 16 \cdot 5, \dots \cdot a_n = 2 \cdot n \cdot 2n \text{ or } 2 \cdot n - 1 \cdot n \\ 0, 1 - e \cdot 1 \cdot 1 + e \cdot 2, 1 - e \cdot 2 \cdot 1 + e \cdot 3, 1 - e \cdot 3 \cdot 1 + e \cdot 4, 1 - e \cdot 4 \cdot 1 + e \cdot 5, \dots \cdot 1, -1 \cdot 2, 1 \cdot 4, -1 \cdot 8, 1 \cdot 16, \dots \\ a_n &= (-1 \cdot 2) \cdot n - 1 \cdot a_1 = 9, a_n = a_{n-1} + n \cdot a_1 = 3, a_n = (-3) \cdot a_n - 13, -9, 27, -81, 243 \\ a_1 &= -4, a_n = a_{n-1} + 2n \cdot a_{n-1} - 1 \cdot a_1 = -1, a_n = (-3) \cdot n - 1 \cdot a_{n-1} - 2 - 1, 1, -9, 27 \cdot 11, 891 \cdot 5 \\ a_1 &= -30, a_n = (2 + a_{n-1}) \cdot (1 \cdot 2) \cdot n \cdot a_1 = 1 \cdot 24, a_2 = 1, a_n = (2 \cdot a_{n-2}) \cdot (3 \cdot a_{n-1}) \\ 1 \cdot 24, 1, 1 \cdot 4, 3 \cdot 2, 9 \cdot 4, 81 \cdot 4, 2187 \cdot 8, 531,441 \cdot 16 \cdot a_1 &= -1, a_2 = 5, a_n = a_{n-2} \cdot (3 - a_{n-1}) \\ a_1 &= 2, a_2 = 10, a_n = 2 \cdot (a_{n-1} + 2) \cdot a_{n-2}, 10, 12, 14 \cdot 5, 4 \cdot 5, 2, 10, 12 - 2.5, -5, -10, -20, -40, \dots \\ &= -8, -6, -3, 1, 6, \dots \cdot a_1 = -8, a_n = a_{n-1} + n \cdot 2, 4, 12, 48, 240, \dots \cdot 35, 38, 41, 44, 47, \dots \cdot a_1 = 35, a_n = a_{n-1} + 3 \\ 15, 3, 3 \cdot 5, 3 \cdot 25, 3 \cdot 125, \dots \cdot 6! \cdot 720 \cdot (12 \cdot 6)! \cdot 12! \cdot 6! \cdot 665,280 \cdot 100! \cdot 99! \cdot a_n &= n! \cdot n \cdot 21, 1 \cdot 2, 2 \cdot 3, 3 \cdot 2 \cdot a_n = 3 \cdot n! \cdot 4 \cdot n! \\ a_n &= n! \cdot n \cdot 2 - n - 1 - 1, 2, 6 \cdot 5, 24 \cdot 11 \cdot a_n = 100 \cdot n \cdot n \cdot (n-1)! \cdot a_n = (-1) \cdot n \cdot n + n \\ a_n &= \{4 + n \cdot 2n \text{ if } n \text{ is even } 3 + n \text{ if } n \text{ is odd } a_1 = 2, a_n = (-a_{n-1} + 1) \cdot 2 \cdot a_n = 1, a_n = a_{n-1} + 8 \\ a_n &= (n+1)! \cdot (n-1)! \cdot a_n = 2 \cdot n - 2 \cdot a_1 = 6, a_n = 2 \cdot a_{n-1} - 5 \cdot a_1 \cdot a_{n-1} \cdot \\ a_1 &= 87 \cdot 111, a_n = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot a_{n-1} + 12 \cdot 37 \cdot 29 \cdot 37, 152 \cdot 111, 716 \cdot 333, 3188 \cdot 999, 13724 \cdot 2997 \\ a_1 &= 625, a_n = 0.8 \cdot a_{n-1} + 18. \cdot a_1 = 2, a_n = 2 \cdot [(a_n - 1) - 1] + 1.2, 3, 5, 17, 65537 \\ a_1 &= 8, a_n = (a_{n-1} + 1)! \cdot a_{n-1}! \cdot a_1 = 2, a_n = n \cdot a_{n-1} \cdot a_{10} = 7,257,600 [X,T,\theta,n] \cdot n \cdot n \\ a_n &= -28 \cdot 9 \cdot n + 5 \cdot 3 \cdot a_n = n \cdot 3 - 3.5 \cdot n \cdot 2 + 4.1 \cdot n - 1.5 \cdot 2.4 \cdot n \cdot 0.042, 0.146, 0.875, 2.385, 4.708 \\ a_n &= 15 \cdot n \cdot (-2) \cdot n - 1 \cdot 47 \cdot a_n = 5.7 \cdot n + 0.275 \cdot (n-1)! \cdot 5.975, 32.765, 185.743, 1057.25, 6023.521 \cdot a_n = n! \cdot n \cdot \\ a_n &= -6 - 8 \cdot n \cdot a_n = -421 \cdot a_n = -421 - 421 = -6 - 8 \cdot n \cdot n - 421 = -6 - 8 \cdot n, n = 51.875 \cdot a_n = -421 \\ a_n &= n \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot n + 4 \cdot 2 \cdot (n+2) \cdot 41? 1, 0, -1, -1, 0, 1, 1, 0, -1, -1, 0, 1, 1, \dots \cdot a_n \\ a_1 &= 1, a_2 = 0, a_n = a_{n-1} - a_{n-2} \cdot a_n = (n+2)! \cdot (n-1)! \cdot b_n = n \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot n \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot n, \\ (n+2)! \cdot (n-1)! &= (n+2) \cdot (n+1) \cdot (n) \cdot (n-1) \cdot \dots \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (n-1) \cdot \dots \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = n(n+1)(n+2) = n \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot n \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot n \cdot \{1, 2, \dots, n\} \cdot n \cdot n \\ a_1 d & \end{aligned}$$

$$\{a_n\} = \{a_1, a_1 + d, a_1 + 2d, a_1 + 3d, \dots\}$$

$$\{1, 2, 4, 8, 16, \dots\} \cdot \{-3, 1, 5, 9, 13, \dots\} \cdot ab$$

$$\{18, 16, 14, 12, 10, \dots\}$$

-2.

$$\{1, 3, 6, 10, 15, \dots\}$$

$$3 - 1 \neq 6 - 3 \cdot nd$$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$$

$$a_1 = 17d = -3 - 3 \cdot \{17, 14, 11, 8, 5\} \cdot a_1 = 1d = 5 \cdot \{1, 6, 11, 16, 21\} \cdot a_1, a_n, n \cdot a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d \cdot d.$$

$$a_1 \cdot n, d \cdot a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d \cdot a_1 = 8a_4 = 14a_5d$$

$$\{8, 8+d, 8+2d, 8+3d\}$$

$$a_1 + 3d = 8 + 3d$$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d \cdot a_4 = a_1 + 3d \cdot a_4 = 8 + 3d \text{ Write the fourth term of the sequence in terms of } a_1 \text{ and } d.$$

$$14 = 8 + 3d \text{ Substitute 14 for } a_4. \quad d = 2 \text{ Solve for the common difference.}$$

$$a_5 = a_4 + 2 = 16$$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d \cdot a_3 = 7a_5 = 17a_2 \cdot a_2 = 2$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + d \quad n \geq 2$$

d

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + d \quad n \geq 2$$

$$\{-18, -7, 4, 15, 26, \dots\}$$

-18

$$d = -7 - (-18) = 11$$

$$a_1 = -18 \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 11, \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

$$\{25, 37, 49, 61, \dots\}$$

$$a_1 = 25 \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 12, \text{ for } n \geq 2$$

$$a_n = a_1 + d(n-1)$$

$$-50 - 50y - 50200: 200 - (-50) = 200 + 50 = 250 \quad y = mx + b. \quad a_n = y_n \quad x_n = mb \quad -50 \quad 250$$

$$a_n = -50n + 250$$

$$a_n = 200 - 50(n-1) \quad a_n = -50n + 250 \text{ nth}$$

$$a_n = a_1 + d(n-1)$$

$$a_2 - a_1 \cdot a_n = a_1 + d(n-1).$$

$$\{2, 12, 22, 32, 42, \dots\}$$

$$d = a_2 - a_1 = 12 - 2 = 10$$

$$a_n = 2 + 10(n-1) \quad a_n = 10n - 8$$

-8

$$\{50, 47, 44, 41, \dots\}$$

$$a_n = 53 - 3n \quad a_n = a_1 + d(n-1) \cdot a_{nn}.$$

$$\{8, 1, -6, \dots, -41\}$$

$$1 - 8 = -7$$

-7nth

$$a_n = a_1 + d(n-1) \quad a_n = 8 + -7(n-1) \quad a_n = 15 - 7n$$

-41a nn

$$-41 = 15 - 7n \quad 8 = n$$

$$\{6, 11, 16, \dots, 56\}$$

a 0a 1 .

$$a_n = a_0 + d n$$

An

$$A_n = 1 + 2n$$

$$16 - 5 = 11$$

$$A_{11} = 1 + 2(11) = 23$$

$$T_n = 10 + 4n, \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + d \quad n \geq 2 \quad a_n = a_1 + d(n-1) \quad da_n = a_{n-1} + d, n \geq 2. \quad da_n = a_1 + d(n-1). \quad a_n = a_0 + dn.$$

$$\{5, 11, 17, 23, 29, \dots\} \quad \{0, 12, 1, 32, 2, \dots\} \quad 12 \{11.4, 9.3, 7.2, 5.1, 3, \dots\}$$

$$\{4, 16, 64, 256, 1024, \dots\} \quad 16 - 4 \neq 64 - 16. \quad a_1 = -25 \quad d = -9 \quad a_1 = 0 \quad d = 23$$

$$0, 2^3, 4^3, 2, 8^3$$

$$a_1 = 17, \quad a_7 = -31 \quad a_{13} = -60, \quad a_{33} = -1600, \quad -5, -10, -15, -20 \quad a_4 = 19 \quad a_6 = 41 \quad a_{16} = 12 \quad a_{14} = 28.$$

$$a_1 = 2 \quad a_{17} = 21 \quad a_{15} = 42. \quad a_{18} = 40 \quad a_{23} = 115. \quad a_1 = 5 \quad a_{19} = 54 \quad a_{17} = 102. \quad a_{11} = 11 \quad a_{21} = 16. \quad a_1 = 6$$

$$a_1 = 33 \quad a_7 = -15. \quad a_4 \cdot a_3 = -17.1 \quad a_{10} = -15.7. \quad a_{21} \cdot a_{21} = -13.5 \quad a_1 = 39; \quad a_n = a_{n-1} - 3$$

$$a_1 = -19; \quad a_n = a_{n-1} - 1.4 - 19, -20.4, -21.8, -23.2, -24.6 \quad a_n = \{40, 60, 80, \dots\} \quad a_n = \{17, 26, 35, \dots\}$$

$$a_1 = 17; \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 9 \quad n \geq 2 \quad a_n = \{-1, 2, 5, \dots\} \quad a_n = \{12, 17, 22, \dots\} \quad a_1 = 12; \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 5 \quad n \geq 2$$

$$a_n = \{-15, -7, 1, \dots\} \quad a_n = \{8.9, 10.3, 11.7, \dots\} \quad a_1 = 8.9; \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 1.4 \quad n \geq 2 \quad a_n = \{-0.52, -1.02, -1.52, \dots\}$$

$$a_n = \{15, 920, 710, \dots\} \quad a_1 = 15; \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 14 \quad n \geq 2 \quad a_n = \{-12, -54, -2, \dots\}$$

$$a_n = \{16, -1112, -2, \dots\} \quad 1 = 16; \quad a_n = a_{n-1} - 13 \quad 12 \quad n \geq 2 \quad a_n = \{7, 4, 1, \dots\}; \quad a_n = \{4, 11, 18, \dots\};$$

$$a_1 = 4; \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 7; \quad a_{14} = 95 \quad a_n = \{2, 6, 10, \dots\}; \quad a_n = 24 - 4n \quad 20, 16, 12, 8, 4. \quad a_n = 12 \quad n - 12$$

$$a_n = \{3, 5, 7, \dots\} \quad a_n = 1 + 2n \quad a_n = \{32, 24, 16, \dots\} \quad a_n = \{-5, 95, 195, \dots\} \quad a_n = -105 + 100n$$

$$a_n = \{-17, -217, -417, \dots\} \quad a_n = \{1.8, 3.6, 5.4, \dots\} \quad a_n = 1.8 \quad a_n = \{-18.1, -16.2, -14.3, \dots\}$$

$$a_n = \{15.8, 18.5, 21.2, \dots\} \quad a_n = 13.1 + 2.7n \quad a_n = \{13, -43, -3, \dots\} \quad a_n = \{0, 13, 23, \dots\} \quad a_n = 13 \quad n - 13$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_n &= \{-5, -10, 3, -5, 3, \dots\} \quad a_n = \{3, -4, -11, \dots, -60\} \quad a_n = \{1.2, 1.4, 1.6, \dots, 3.8\} \quad a_n = \{1^2, 2^2, 7^2, \dots, 8^2\} \\
 a_1 &= 0, d = 4, a_1 = 9; \quad a_n = a_{n-1} - 10 \quad a_n = -12 + 5n \quad a_n = 3n - 2n \quad \text{Min } n \quad \text{Min } 1 \quad u(n) = 3n - 2u(n \text{ Min}) \\
 u(n \text{ Min}) &= 1 \quad \text{TblStart} = 1 \quad \Delta \text{Tbl} = 1 \quad u(n) = 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, 19, n = 50, u(n) = ? \\
 n \text{ Min} &= 1, n \text{ Max} = 5, x \text{ Min} = 0, x \text{ Max} = 6, y \text{ Min} = -1, y \text{ Max} = 14. \quad a_n = 1^2 n + 5u(n) \quad 9.206 \cdot a_n = 20.6n \\
 a_n &= 2 + 20.4n \cdot \{9b, 5b, b, \dots\} \cdot \{3a - 2b, a + 2b, -a + 6b, \dots\} \cdot a_{11} = -17a + 38b \{5.4, 14.5, 23.6, \dots\} \\
 \{17.3, 31.6, 14.3, \dots\} \quad a_{13} &= -1^3 \{5.2, 19.8, 9.4, \dots, 1.8\} \quad a_1 = 3, a_n = a_{n-1} - 3.3, 0, -3, -6 \quad a_{31} = -87 \\
 a_{1r} &
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\{a_1, a_{1r}, a_{1r^2}, a_{1r^3}, \dots\}.$$

$$1, 2, 4, 8, 16, \dots, 48, 12, 4, 2, \dots, 2 \quad 1 = 2 \quad 4 = 2 \quad 8 = 2 \quad 16 = 2 \quad 48 = 1 \quad 4 \quad 12 = 1 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad 4 = 1 \quad 2$$

$$5, 10, 15, 20, \dots$$

$$10^5 \neq 15 \cdot 10$$

$$100, 20, 4, 4, 5, \dots$$

$$1 \cdot 5a_1 = -2r = 4, -2 \cdot 4 = -8, -8 \cdot 4 = -32$$

$$a_1 = -2 \quad a_2 = (-2 \cdot 4) = -8 \quad a_3 = (-8 \cdot 4) = -32 \quad a_4 = (-32 \cdot 4) = -128$$

$$\{-2, -8, -32, -128\} \cdot a_1, a_2 \cdot a_n = a_2 a_3 a_4, a_1 = 5r = -2 \cdot a_1 - 2a_2 \cdot a_2 a_3,$$

$$a_1 = 5 \quad a_2 = -2 \quad a_1 = -10 \quad a_3 = -2 \quad a_2 = 20 \quad a_4 = -2 \quad a_3 = -40$$

$$\{5, -10, 20, -40\} \cdot a_1 = 18r = 1^3.$$

$$\{18, 6, 2, 2, 3, 2, 9\}$$

$$ra_1$$

$$a_n = r a_{n-1}, n \geq 2$$

$$\{6, 9, 13.5, 20.25, \dots\}$$

$$r = 9/6 = 1.5$$

$$a_1.$$

$$a_n = r a_{n-1} \quad a_n = 1.5 a_{n-1} \quad \text{for } n \geq 2 \quad a_1 = 6$$

$$\{2, 4, 3, 8, 9, 16, 27, \dots\}$$

$$a_1 = 2 \quad a_n = 2^3 a_{n-1} \quad \text{for } n \geq 2$$

$$a_n = a_1 r^{n-1}$$

$$\{18, 36, 72, 144, 288, \dots\}.$$

$$a_n = 18 \cdot 2^{n-1}$$

$$a_n = a_1 r^{n-1}$$

$$a_1 = 3 \quad a_4 = 24, a_2 \cdot r.$$

$$3, 3r, 3r^2, 3r^3, \dots$$

$$a_n = a_1 r^{n-1} \quad a_4 = 3r^3 \quad \text{Write the fourth term of sequence in terms of } a_1 \text{ and } r \quad 24 = 3r^3$$

$$\text{Substitute 24 for } a_4 \quad 8 = r^3 \quad \text{Divide } r = 2 \quad \text{Solve for the common ratio}$$

$$a_2 = 2a_1 = 2(3) = 6$$

$$a_2 = 4a_3 = 32a_6 \cdot a_6 = 16, 384 \text{ nth}$$

$$\{2, 10, 50, 250, \dots\}$$

$$10^2 = 5$$

$$a_n = a_1 r^{(n-1)} \quad a_n = 2 \cdot 5^{n-1}$$

$$\{-1, 3, -9, 27, \dots\}$$

$$a_n = -(-3)^{n-1} a_0 a_1.$$

$$a_n = a_0 r^n$$

$$P_n$$

$$P_n = 284 \cdot 1.04^n$$

$$2020 - 2013 = 7$$

$$n$$

$$P_7 = 284 \cdot 1.04^7 \approx 374$$

$$P_n = 293 \cdot 1.026^n \quad \text{nth term } a_n = r a_{n-1}, n \geq 2 \quad \text{nth}$$

$$a_n = a_1 r^{n-1}$$

$$r a_n = r a_{n-1} \quad n \geq 2 \quad r a_n = a_1 r^{n-1} \cdot a_n = a_0 r^n \cdot 1, 3, 9, 27, 81, \dots, -0.125, 0.25, -0.5, 1, -2, \dots, -2$$

$-2, -12, -18, -32, -128, \dots, -6, -12, -24, -48, -96, \dots, 5, 5.2, 5.4, 5.6, 5.8, \dots, -1, 12, -14, 18, -116, \dots$   
 $-12.6, 8, 11, 15, 20, \dots, 0.8, 4, 20, 100, 500, \dots$   
 $a_1 = 8, r = 0.3, a_1 = 5, r = 1.55, 1, 1.5, 1.25, 1.125$   
 $a_7 = 64, a_{10} = 512, a_6 = 25, a_8 = 6.25, 800, 400, 200, 100, 50, 2.3, -13, a_4 = -16, 27, a_n = \{-1, 2, -4, 8, \dots\}$   
 $a_{12} \cdot a_n = \{-2, 23, -29, 227, \dots\}, a_7 \cdot a_7 = -2729, a_1 = -486, a_n = -13, a_{n-1} a_1 = 7, a_n = 0.2, a_{n-1}$   
 $7, 1.4, 0.28, 0.056, 0.0112, a_n = \{-1, 5, -25, 125, \dots\}, a_n = \{-32, -16, -8, -4, \dots\}, a = 1, -32, a_n = 12, a_{n-1}$   
 $a_n = \{14, 56, 224, 896, \dots\}, a_n = \{10, -3, 0.9, -0.27, \dots\}, a_1 = 10, a_n = -0.3, a_{n-1}$   
 $a_n = \{0.61, 1.83, 5.49, 16.47, \dots\}, a_n = \{35, 110, 160, 1360, \dots\}, a_1 = 35, a_n = 16, a_{n-1}$   
 $a_n = \{-2, 43, -89, 1627, \dots\}, a_n = \{1512, -1128, 132, -18, \dots\}, a_1 = 1512, a_n = -4, a_{n-1}$   
 $a_n = -4 \cdot 5^{n-1}, a_n = 12 \cdot (-12)^{n-1}, -6, 3, -32, 34, a_n = \{-2, -4, -8, -16, \dots\}, a_n = \{1, 3, 9, 27, \dots\}$   
 $a_n = 3^{n-1}, a_n = \{-4, -12, -36, -108, \dots\}, a_n = \{0.8, -4, 20, -100, \dots\}, a_n = 0.8 \cdot (-5)^{n-1}$   
 $a_n = \{-1.25, -5, -20, -80, \dots\}, a_n = \{-1, -45, -1625, -64125, \dots\}, a_n = -(45)^{n-1}$   
 $a_n = \{2, 13, 118, 1108, \dots\}, a_n = \{3, -1, 13, -19, \dots\}, a_n = 3 \cdot (-13)^{n-1}, a_1 = 4, a_n = -3, a_{n-1} \cdot a_8$   
 $a_n = -(-13)^{n-1}, a_{12} \cdot a_{12} = 1177, 147, a_n = \{-1, 3, -9, \dots, 2187\}, a_n = \{2, 1, 12, \dots, 11024\}, 12$   
 $a_1 = 1, r = 1, 2, a_1 = 3, a_n = 2, a_{n-1}, a_n = 27 \cdot 0.3^{n-1}, 200, a_1 = 800, a_n = 0.5, a_{n-1}, a_1 = 12.5, a_n = 4, a_{n-1}$   
 $1024, \{b, 4b, 16b, \dots\}, a_5 = 256b, \{64a(-b), 32a(-3b), 16a(-9b), \dots\}, \{10, 12, 14.4, 17.28, \dots\}, 100? 100a_{14} \approx 107$   
 $\{12187, 1729, 1243, 181, \dots\}, a_n = -36(23)^{n-1}, a_4 = -323, a_n = 400 \cdot 0.5^{n-1};$   
 $400, 200, 100, 50; a_8 = 3.125$

$$3+7+11+15+19+\dots$$

nth  $S_n$

$$S_1 = 3, S_2 = 3+7=10, S_3 = 3+7+11=21, S_4 = 3+7+11+15=36$$

$\Sigma, a_k = 2k, k=1, k=5, k$

$$a_1 = 2(1)=2, a_2 = 2(2)=4, a_3 = 2(3)=6, a_4 = 2(4)=8, a_5 = 2(5)=10$$

$$\Sigma_{k=1}^5 2k = 2+4+6+8+10=30$$

n

$$\Sigma_{k=1}^n a_k$$

$a_k = 1, k=n, k, nk, \Sigma_{k=3}^7 k^2, k^2k=3k=7, k=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, k^2$

$$\Sigma_{k=3}^7 k^2 = 3^2 + 4^2 + 5^2 + 6^2 + 7^2 = 9+16+25+36+49 = 135$$

$\Sigma_{k=2}^5 (3k-1) \cdot d, n$

$$S_n = a_1 + (a_1 + d) + (a_1 + 2d) + \dots + (a_n - d) + a_n$$

$$S_n = a_n + (a_n - d) + (a_n - 2d) + \dots + (a_1 + d) + a_1$$

nn

$$S_n = a_1 + (a_1 + d) + (a_1 + 2d) + \dots + (a_n - d) + a_n, S_n = a_n + (a_n - d) + (a_n - 2d) + \dots + (a_1 + d) + a_1$$

$$2S_n = (a_1 + a_n) + (a_1 + a_n) + \dots + (a_1 + a_n)$$

n

$$2S_n = n(a_1 + a_n)$$

n

$$S_n = n(a_1 + a_n) / 2$$

n

$$S_n = n(a_1 + a_n) / 2$$

$n, a_1, a_n, n, S_n = n(a_1 + a_n) / 2, S_n = 5 + 8 + 11 + 14 + 17 + 20 + 23 + 26 + 29 + 32$

$20 + 15 + 10 + \dots + -50, \Sigma_{k=1}^{12} 3k - 8, a_1 = 5, a_n = 32, n = 10, a_1, a_n, n$

$$S_n = n(a_1 + a_n) / 2, S_{10} = 10(5+32) / 2 = 185$$

$a_1 = 20, a_n = -50, n$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d, -50 = 20 + (n-1)(-5), -70 = (n-1)(-5), 14 = n-1, 15 = n$$

$a_1, a_n, n$

$$S_n = n(a_1 + a_n) / 2, S_{15} = 15(20-50) / 2 = -225$$

$a_1, k=1$

$$a_k = 3k - 8, a_1 = 3(1) - 8 = -5$$

$n=12, a_{12}, k=12$

$$a_k = 3k - 8, a_{12} = 3(12) - 8 = 28$$

$a_1, a_n, n$

$$S_n = n(a_1 + a_n)/2 \quad S_{12} = 12(-5+28)/2 = 138$$

$$1.4 + 1.6 + 1.8 + 2.0 + 2.2 + 2.4 + 2.6 + 2.8 + 3.0 + 3.2 + 3.4 = 26.4$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{10} 5 - 6k = -280 \quad a_1 = 12 \quad d = 14 \quad n = 8, \quad S_8 = 8 \cdot a_8$$

$$a_n = a_1 + d(n-1) \quad a_8 = 12 + 14(8-1) = 94$$

$$S_n = n(a_1 + a_n)/2 \quad S_8 = 8(12 + 94)/2 = 416$$

$r, n$

$$S_n = a_1 + r a_1 + r^2 a_1 + \dots + r^{n-1} a_1$$

$n, r$

$$r S_n = r a_1 + r^2 a_1 + r^3 a_1 + \dots + r^n a_1$$

$$S_n = a_1 + r a_1 + r^2 a_1 + \dots + r^{n-1} a_1 \quad -r S_n = -(r a_1 + r^2 a_1 + r^3 a_1 + \dots + r^n a_1) \quad (1-r) S_n = a_1 - r^n a_1$$

$S_n, (1-r)$

$$S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r) \quad r \neq 1$$

$n$

$$S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r) \quad r \neq 1$$

$$a_1, r, \text{ and } n. \quad a_1, r, n \quad S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r) \quad S_{11} = 8 + 4 + 2 + \dots \sum_{k=1}^6 3 \cdot 2^k a_1 = 8, n = 11, r = -4/8 = -1/2$$

$a_1, r, \text{ and } n$

$$S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r) \quad S_{11} = 8(1 - (-1/2)^{11}) / (1 - (-1/2)) \approx 5.336$$

$a_1, k=1$

$$a_1 = 3 \cdot 2^1 = 6$$

$r=2, n=6, a_1, r, n$

$$S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r) \quad S_6 = 6(1 - 2^6) / (1 - 2) = 378$$

$$S_{20} = 1,000 + 500 + 250 + \dots \approx 2,000.00 \quad \sum_{k=1}^8 3 \cdot 2^k a_1 = 26,750; n=5; r=1.016. \quad a_1, r, n$$

$$S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r) \quad S_5 = 26,750(1 - 1.016^5) / (1 - 1.016) \approx 138,099.03$$

$$n^2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + \dots \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 2k,$$

$$1 + 0.2 + 0.04 + 0.008 + 0.0016 + \dots$$

$$r = 0.2. \quad n, r, n-1 < r < 1-1 < r < 1, -1 < r < 1, r, -1 < r < 1 \quad 12 + 8 + 4 + \dots \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 3 \cdot 4^k + 12 + 13 + \dots \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 27 \cdot (1/3)^k$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 5k^2 \cdot 3^k, 1/2 \cdot 2/3 \cdot 1/3; 1/3 \cdot 1/3 + 1/2 + 3/4 + 9/8 + \dots 24 + (-12) + 6 + (-3) + \dots \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 15 \cdot (-0.3)^k n$$

$$S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r)$$

$r=1/2, r, n$

$$(1/2)^2 = 1/4 \quad (1/2)^3 = 1/8 \quad (1/2)^4 = 1/16$$

$r, n, n^2$

$$(1/2)^{10} = 1/1,024 \quad (1/2)^{20} = 1/1,048,576 \quad (1/2)^{30} = 1/1,073,741,824$$

$n, r, n, n, r, n, 1-r, n, a_1, -1 < r < 1$

$$S = a_1 / (1 - r)$$

$$a_1, r, -1 < r < 1, a_1, r \quad S = a_1 / (1 - r) \quad S_{10} = 9 + 8 + 7 + \dots 248.6 + 99.44 + 39.776 + \dots \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 4,374 \cdot (-1/3)^{k-1}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 1/9 \cdot (4/3)^k a_1 = 248.6, r = 99.44/248.6 = 0.4, a_1 = 248.6, r = 0.4$$

$$S = a_1 / (1 - r) \quad S = 248.6 / (1 - 0.4) = 414.333\ldots$$

$r = -1/3, a_1, k=1$

$$a_1 = 4,374 \cdot (-1/3)^{1-1} = 4,374$$

$a_1 = 4,374, r = -1/3$

$$S = a_1 / (1 - r) \quad S = 4,374 / (1 - (-1/3)) = 3,280.5$$

$$r > 1, 0.3^{-0.3} = 0.333\ldots$$

$$0.3^{-0.3} = 0.3 + 0.03 + 0.003 + \dots$$

$$S_n = a_1 / (1 - r) = 0.3 / (1 - 0.1) = 0.3 / 0.9 = 1/3$$

$$2 + 2/3 + 2/9 + \dots \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 0.76k + 1 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-3/8)^k - 3/11 a_1 = 50, r = 100.5\% = 1.005, n = 72.$$

$a_1 = 50, r = 1.005, \text{ and } n = 72$

$$S_{72} = 50(1 - 1.005^{72}) / (1 - 1.005) \approx 4,320.44$$

$$72(50) = \$3,600. \quad a_1, n, r, r. \quad a_1, r, \text{ and } n \quad S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r) \quad S_n, a_1 = 100, n = 120, r, \\ r = 1 + 0.09/12 = 1.0075$$

$$a_1 = 100, r = 1.0075, \text{ and } n = 120$$

$$S_{120} = 100(1 - 1.0075^{120}) / (1 - 1.0075) \approx 19,351.43$$

$$S_n = n(a_1 + a_n) / 2$$

$$S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r) \quad r \neq 1$$

$$-1 < r < 1$$

$$S_n = a_1 (1 - r^n) / (1 - r) \quad r \neq 1$$

$$n-1 < r < 1. \quad n \text{th term } n \text{th term } m^2 + 3m = 1m = 5n = 0n = 45n \sum_{n=0}^4 5n^6 k - 5k = -2k = 1 \sum_{k=1}^5 4$$

$$5 + 10 + 15 + 20 + 25 + 30 + 35 + 40 + 45 + 50 = 10 + 18 + 26 + \dots + 162 \sum_{k=1}^{20} 8k + 21 = 1 + 3 + 2 + 2 + \dots + 4n$$

$$3^2 + 2 + 5^2 + 3 + 7^2 = 5(3^2 + 7^2) = 219 + 25 + 31 + \dots + 733.2 + 3.4 + 3.6 + \dots + 5.6 S_{13} = 13(3.2 + 5.6) / 2$$

$$1 + 3 + 9 + 27 + 81 + 243 + 729 + 2187 + 4 + 2 + \dots + 0.125 \sum_{k=1}^{78} 0.5^{k-1} = 1 + 1^2 - 1^2 + \dots + 1^2 768n$$

$$9 + 3 + 1 + 1^3 + 1^9 S_5 = 9(1 - (1/3)^5) / (1 - 1/3) = 121/9 \approx 13.44 \sum_{n=1}^9 5 \cdot 2^{n-1} \sum_{a=1}^{11} 64 \cdot 0.2^{a-1}$$

$$S_{11} = 64(1 - 0.2^{11}) / (1 - 0.2) = 781,249,984.9, 765,625 \approx 8012 + 18 + 24 + 30 + \dots + 2 + 1.6 + 1.28 + 1.024 + \dots$$

$$S = 2^{1-0.8} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} 4^{m-1} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k = 1 - (-1/2)^k - 1 S = -1/1 - (-1/2)^k \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (1/2)^k \cdot S_n S_n$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (1/2)^k S = 1/2 \cdot 1 - (-1/2) = 1/2 \sum_{a=1}^{14} a \sum_{n=1}^6 n(n-2) \sum_{k=1}^{17} k^2 \sum_{k=1}^7 2kn$$

$$-1.7 + -0.4 + 0.9 + 2.2 + 3.5 + 4.86 + 15/2 + 9 + 21/2 + 12 + 27/2 + 15 S_7 = 147/2 - 1 + 3 + 7 + \dots + 31$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{11} (k^2 - 1/2) S_{11} = 55/2 n S_{6-2-10-50-250} \dots S_{70.4-2+10-50} \dots S_7 = 5208.4 \sum_{k=1}^9 2^{k-1}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{10} -2 \cdot (1/2)^n - 1 S_{10} = -1023/2564 + 2 + 1 + 1/2 \dots -1 - 1/4 - 1/16 - 1/64 \dots S = -4/3$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 3 \cdot (1/4)^{k-1} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 4.6 \cdot 0.5^{n-1} S = 9.2 \$50;60;5\%, \$150;24;3\%, \$450;60;4.5\%, \$100;120;10\%,$$

$$50 - k \quad 2k = x7115. a \sum_{k=0}^6 a_k = 189. a_k = 30 - k \sum_{k=1}^n (3k-5) > 100. -1-3-5-7 \dots -75? 0.65 \cdot 0.65^n$$

$$r = 4/5 \$10,000 \cdot 1/30 \cdot 3/4 n m m + n$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \# \text{ of appetizer options} & \times & \# \text{ of entree options} & \times & \# \text{ of dessert options} & & \\ & & 3 & & \times & & 2 \\ & & & & & & 2 = 12 \end{array}$$

$$m n m \times n n n n! \cdot n r P(n, r) \cdot n P r, P(n, r), n!, n(n-r)! (n-r) 6 \times 5 \times 4 = 120.$$

$$6! / 3! = 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3! / 3! = 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 = 120$$

$$P(n, r) = n! / (n-r)!$$

$$n(n-n)! \cdot 0!, n n n! \cdot 1 n! \cdot n r$$

$$P(n, r) = n! / (n-r)!$$

$$n r n r n = 12 r = 9$$

$$P(n, r) = n! / (n-r)! \quad P(12, 9) = 12! / (12-9)! = 12! / 3! = 79,833,600$$

$$n P r \quad n P r \quad 15 \cdot 14 \cdot 13 \cdot 12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \quad P(7, 7) = 5,040 \quad P(7, 5) = 2,520 \quad r n C(n, r) \cdot C(n, r) \quad n C r.$$

$$C(n, r) = n! / r!(n-r)!$$

$$3! = 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 6 24/6, n r$$

$$C(n, r) = n! / r!(n-r)!$$

$$n r n r$$

$$C(5, 2) = 5! / 2!(5-2)! = 10$$

$$C(5, 3) = 5! / 3!(5-3)! = 10$$

$$n C r, n C r, (n-r) C(n, r) = C(n, n-r). \quad C(10, 3) = 120 \quad r C(5, 0) = 1 C(5, 1) = 5$$

$$C(5, 0) + C(5, 1) + C(5, 2) + C(5, 3) + C(5, 4) + C(5, 5) = 32$$

$$2^5 \cdot n n 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot 22 n n = 4$$

$$2^n = 2^4 = 16$$

$$12! / 12!$$

$$n! / r_1! r_2! \dots r_k!$$

$$4! / 3!$$

$$12! / 4! / 3! = 3,326,400$$

$$n r_1 \quad r_2 \quad r_3 \quad r_k,$$

$$n! / r_1! r_2! \dots r_k!$$

$$n = 8, r_1 = 2, \quad r_2 = 2$$

$$8! / 2! = 10,080$$

$n$   $r$

$$P(n,r) = n! / (n-r)!$$

$n$   $r$

$$C(n,r) = n! / r!(n-r)!$$

$n$

$$n! / r_1! r_2! \dots r_k!$$

$m+n$   $m+n$   $m \times n$   $n$   $r$   $P(n,r)$   $P(n,r)$   $n$   $r$   $C(n,r)$   $n$   $2$   $n$   $A$   $B$   $A$  and  $B$   $m+n$   $A$   $B$   $A$  and  $B$   $n$   $r$   $n$   $r$

$$C(n,r) = n! / (n-r)! r! \quad A = \{-5, -3, -1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \quad A \cap B = \{-23, -16, -7, -2, 20, 36, 48, 72\} \quad A \cup B = \{-5, -3, -1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, -23, -16, -7, -2, 20, 36, 48, 72\}$$

$$2 \times 6 = 12 \quad A \cap B = \{b, c, d\} \quad B = \{a, e, i, o, u\} \quad 10^3 = 1000 \quad P(5,2) = 20 \quad P(5,2) = 20 \quad P(8,4) = 70 \quad P(3,3) = 6 \quad P(3,3) = 6 \quad P(9,6) = 84$$

$$P(11,5) = 665,280 \quad C(8,5) = 56 \quad C(12,4) = 495 \quad C(26,3) = 1352 \quad C(7,6) = 7 \quad C(7,6) = 7 \quad C(10,3) = 120$$

$$\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\} \quad 2^{10} = 1024 \quad \{a, b, c, \dots, z\} \quad 2^{12} = 4096 \quad 2^9 = 512 \quad 8! / 3! = 6720 \quad 12! / 3! 2! 3! 4! = 165$$

$$900,000,000 \quad S = 1 \quad n = 2 \quad C(n,r) = P(n,r) \quad r = 0 \quad r = 1 \quad r = 0, C(n,r) = P(n,r) = 1 \quad r = 1, r = 1, C(n,r) = P(n,r) = n \quad A \cap A = A$$

$$6! / 2! \times 4! = 8640 \quad 6 - 3 + 8 - 3 = 8 \quad 4 \times 2 \times 5 = 40 \quad 4 \times 12 \times 3 = 144 \quad 8^{11} = 858,986,304 \quad P(15,9) = 1,816,214,400$$

$$C(10,3) \times C(6,5) \times C(5,2) = 7,200 \quad 2^{11} = 2048 \quad 20! / 6! 6! 8! = 116,396,280 \quad m+n$$

$$(x+y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} y^k \quad (x+y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} y^k$$

$$\binom{n}{r} = C(n,r) = n! / r!(n-r)!$$

$$\binom{n}{r} = \binom{5}{2} = C(5,2) = 10 \quad n \geq r$$

$$\binom{n}{r} = C(n,r) = n! / r!(n-r)!$$

$$\binom{5}{3} \binom{9}{2} \binom{9}{7} = n C r$$

$$\binom{n}{r} = C(n,r) = n! / r!(n-r)!$$

$$\binom{5}{3} = 5! / 3!(5-3)! = 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3! / 3! 2! = 10 \quad \binom{9}{2} = 9! / 2!(9-2)! = 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7! / 2! 7! = 36$$

$$\binom{9}{7} = 9! / 7!(9-7)! = 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7! / 7! 2! = 36$$

$$\binom{n}{r} = \binom{n}{n-r}$$

$$\binom{7}{3} \binom{11}{4} (x+y)^n (x+y)^{52} (x+y)^{52}$$

$$(x+y)^2 = x^2 + 2xy + y^2 \quad (x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3 \quad (x+y)^4 = x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + y^4$$

$x$   $y$   $n$

$$\binom{n}{0}, \binom{n}{1}, \binom{n}{2}, \dots, \binom{n}{n}$$

$$(x+y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} y^k = x^n + \binom{n}{1} x^{n-1} y + \binom{n}{2} x^{n-2} y^2 + \dots + \binom{n}{n-1} x y^{n-1} + y^n$$

$$(x+y)^1 = x+y \quad (x+y)^2 = x^2 + 2xy + y^2 \quad (x+y)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3 \quad (x+y)^4 = x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + y^4$$

$$(x+y)^5 = x^5 + 5x^4y + 10x^3y^2 + 10x^2y^3 + 5xy^4 + y^5$$

$$x^5, x^4y, x^3y^2, x^2y^3, xy^4, y^5$$

$$(x+y)^5 = x^5 + 5x^4y + 10x^3y^2 + 10x^2y^3 + 5xy^4 + y^5$$

$1 + 1$   $n$   $th$

$$(x+y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} y^k = x^n + \binom{n}{1} x^{n-1} y + \binom{n}{2} x^{n-2} y^2 + \dots + \binom{n}{n-1} x y^{n-1} + y^n$$

$$(x+y)^5 = (50) x^5 y^0 + (51) x^4 y^1 + (52) x^3 y^2 + (53) x^2 y^3 + (54) x^1 y^4 + (55) x^0 y^5$$

$$(x+y)^5 = x^5 + 5x^4y + 10x^3y^2 + 10x^2y^3 + 5xy^4 + y^5$$

$$n=4k=0k=43xx-yy$$

$$(3x-y)^4 = (40) (3x)^4 (-y)^0 + (41) (3x)^3 (-y)^1 + (42) (3x)^2 (-y)^2 + (43) (3x)^1 (-y)^3 + (44) (3x)^0 (-y)^4$$

$$(3x-y)^4 = 81x^4 - 108x^3y + 54x^2y^2 - 12xy^3 + y^4$$

$$(x+y)^5 = x^5 + 5x^4y + 10x^3y^2 + 10x^2y^3 + 5xy^4 + y^5$$

$$(x+y)^5 = x^5 + 5x^4y + 10x^3y^2 + 10x^2y^3 + 5xy^4 + y^5$$

$$\binom{5}{1} x^4 y \quad \binom{5}{2} x^3 y^2$$

$$\binom{n}{r} x^{n-r} y^r$$

$(r+1)^{\text{th}} (x+y)^n$

$$\binom{n}{r} x^{n-r} y^r$$

$n(r+1)^{\text{th}} (x+2y)^{16}$   $r+1=10, r=9$

$$\binom{n}{r} x^{n-r} y^r$$

$$\binom{16}{9} x^{16-9} (2y)^9 = 5,857,280 x^7 y^9$$

$$(3x-y)^9 = 10,206 x^4 y^5 (x+y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} y^k (r+1)^{\text{th}}$$

$$\binom{n}{r} x^{n-r} y^r$$

$$\binom{n}{r} C(n,r). C(n,r). \binom{n}{r} = C(n,r) = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}. (x+y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} y^k \binom{6}{2} \binom{5}{3} \binom{7}{4}$$

$$\binom{9}{7} \binom{10}{9} \binom{25}{11} \binom{17}{6} \binom{200}{199} (4a-b)^3 364 a^3 - 48 a^2 b + 12 a b^2 - b^3 (5a+2)^3 (3a+2b)^3$$

$$27 a^3 + 54 a^2 b + 36 a b^2 + 8 b^3 (2x+3y)^4 (4x+2y)^5$$

$$1024 x^5 + 2560 x^4 y + 2560 x^3 y^2 + 1280 x^2 y^3 + 320 x y^4 + 32 y^5 (3x-2y)^4 (4x-3y)^5$$

$$1024 x^5 - 3840 x^4 y + 5760 x^3 y^2 - 4320 x^2 y^3 + 1620 x y^4 - 243 y^5 (1 x + 3 y)^5 (x - 1 + 2 y - 1)^4$$

$$1 x^4 + 8 x^3 y + 24 x^2 y^2 + 32 x y^3 + 16 y^4 (x - y)^5 (a+b)^{17} a^{17} + 17 a^{16} b + 136 a^{15} b^2 (x-1)^{18}$$

$$(a-2b)^{15} a^{15} - 30 a^{14} b + 420 a^{13} b^2 (x-2y)^8 (3a+b)^{20}$$

$$3,486,784,401 a^{20} + 23,245,229,340 a^{19} b + 73,609,892,910 a^{18} b^2 (2a+4b)^7 (x^3 - y)^8$$

$$x^{24} - 8 x^{21} y + 28 x^{18} y^2 (2x-3y)^4 (3x-2y)^5 - 720 x^2 y^3 (6x-3y)^7 (7+5y)^{14}$$

$$220,812,466,875,000 y^7 (a+b)^{11} (x-y)^{735} x^3 y^4 (x-1)^{12} (a-3 b^2)^{111,082,565} a^3 b^{16}$$

$$(x^3 - 12)^{10} (y^2 + 2x)^{91152} y^2 x^7 f(x) = (x+3)^4 \cdot f_1(x), f_1(x) f_2(x), f_2(x)$$

$$f_2(x) = x^4 + 12 x^3 f_3(x), f_3(x) f_4(x), f_4(x) f_4(x) = x^4 + 12 x^3 + 54 x^2 + 108 x f_5(x), f_5(x)$$

$$(5x+3y)^n, \binom{n}{k} a^{n-k} b^k, \text{ where } k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n. \binom{n}{k} = \binom{7}{2}, 590,625 x^5 y^2 (a+b)^n, a^{n-k} b^k$$

$$(x+b)^{40} \cdot b^{k+1} \binom{n}{k-1} + \binom{n}{k} \binom{n}{k}. p, p \geq 1, p! = p(p-1)! \cdot \binom{n}{k-1} + \binom{n}{k} = \binom{n+1}{k};$$

$$\binom{n}{k-1} + \binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} + \frac{n!}{(k-1)!(n-(k-1))!} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} + \frac{n!}{(k-1)!(n-k+1)!} = \frac{n!}{(n-k+1)!} + \frac{kn!}{k!(n-k+1)!} = \frac{(n+1)n!}{(n+1)-k)!} = \frac{(n+1)!}{k!((n+1)-k)!} = \frac{(n+1)!}{(n+1-k)!}$$

$$(x^2 - 2x + 1)(a + 4a - 5)^8 (x^3 + 2y^2 - z)^5 (3x^2 - 2y^3)^{12} (x^3 + 2y^2 - z)^5 C(n,r), \binom{n}{r} (x+y)^n$$

$$\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}. p_0 \leq p \leq 1, 16 \cdot 1616161616161616 S. S. S. S., 46 = 23 \cdot ES$$

$$P(E) = \frac{\text{number of elements in } E}{\text{number of elements in } S} = \frac{n(E)}{n(S)}$$

$$ES, 0 \leq P(E) \leq 1.$$

$$P(E) = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$\frac{2}{3} E$  and  $F$ , written  $E \cup F$ ,

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)$$

$$b. \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}. b. \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}. bb, b.$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$b \frac{2}{3} \cdot EF \cup FE \cup FEF \cup EFE \cap F$$

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{52} \cdot P(H) = \frac{1}{4}, P(7) = \frac{1}{13}, \text{ and } P(H \cap 7) = \frac{1}{52}$$

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{13} - \frac{1}{52} = \frac{4}{13}$$

$$\frac{4}{13} \cdot \frac{7}{13} \text{ d. d,}$$

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F)$$

$$E \cup F \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ d } \frac{1}{6} \cdot d$$

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$d \frac{2}{3} \cdot E$  and  $F$

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4},$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{13} E, E', E. W W$$

$$P(E') = 1 - P(E)$$

$$\frac{1}{9},$$



$$1 - 19 = 89$$

$$P(E') = 1 - P(E)$$

6×6, 36 1-11-21-31-41-51-62-12-22-32-42-52-63-13-23-33-43-53-64-14-24-34-44-54-65-15-25-35-45-55-66-16-26-36-46-56-6

$$336 = 112$$

$$P(E') = 1 - P(E) = 1 - 112 = 1112$$

$$56 \quad C(5,2) \quad C(8,2)$$

ways to select 2 phones that are not defective ways to select 2 phones =  $C(5,2) C(8,2)$

$$= 1028$$

$$= 514$$

$$C(6,5) \quad C(14,5)$$

$$C(6,5) \quad C(14,5) = 62,002 = 31,001$$

$$C(6,2) \quad C(5,3) \quad C(6,2) \cdot C(5,3)$$

$$C(6,2)C(5,3) \quad C(14,5) = 15 \cdot 102,002 = 751,001$$

$$C(9,5) \quad C(14,5)$$

$$C(9,5) \quad C(14,5) = 631,001$$

$$C(5,1) \cdot C(9,4)$$

$$C(5,1)C(9,4) \quad C(14,5) = 5 \cdot 1262,002 = 3151,001$$

$$631,001 + 3151,001 = 3781,001$$

$$1 - 3781,001 = 6231,001$$

a. 191 ; b. 591 ; c. 8691

$$P(E) = n(E) / n(S)$$

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)$$

$$P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F)$$

$$P(E') = 1 - P(E)$$

01, 01. A and B A and B, A or B 01. 12. 58. 12. 38. 14. 34. 38. 18. 1516. 58.

52 113. 126. 1213. 3. 8. 512. 9. 15. 0. 15. 69. 49. 69, 56. 14. 56. 34 2126 12610

884  $C(12,5) \quad C(48,5) = 12162 \quad 43 \quad C(12,3)C(36,2) \quad C(48,5) = 175216220180.20180.3,4,520$

$C(20,3)C(60,17) \quad C(80,20) \approx 12.49\% \quad C(20,5)C(60,15) \quad C(80,20) \approx 23.33\% \quad 20.50 + 23.33 - 12.49 = 31.34\%$

$C(40000000,1)C(277000000,4) \quad C(317000000,5) = 36.78\%$

$C(40000000,4)C(277000000,1) \quad C(317000000,5) = 0.11\% \quad a_1 = 2, \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + n, 2, 4, 7, 11 \quad 6! (5-3)! 3! .$

$a_n = 10n + 3.13, 103, 1003, 10003 \quad a_n = n! \quad n(n+1) . \quad 47, 4721, 8221, 397, \dots d = 53.2, 4, 8, 16, \dots$

$a_1 = 18 \quad d = -8.18, 10, 2, -6, -14 \quad a_3 = 11.7 \quad a_8 = -14.6. -20, -10, 0, 10, \dots a_1 = -20, \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 10$

0, -12, -1, -32, ..., 78, 2924, 3724, 158, ...,  $a_n = 13n + 132412, 20, 28, \dots, 172? 2.5, 5, 10, 20, \dots$

$r = 24, 16, 28, 40, \dots \quad a_7 = 16, 384 \quad a_9 = 262, 144.4, 16, 64, 256, 1024 \quad a_1 = -3 \quad r = 12.$

$a_1 = 3, \quad a_n = 4 \cdot a_{n-1} ? 3, 12, 48, 192, 7681, 13, 19, 127, \dots -15, -115, -145, -1135, \dots$

$a_n = -15 \cdot (13)^{n-1} - 5, -53, -59, \dots, -559, 049 ? 12m + 5m = 0m = 5. \sum_{m=0}^5 (12m + 5). 13n$

$S_{11} = 11015S_{912}, 6, 3, 32, \dots S_9 \approx 23.95 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 45 \cdot (-13)^{k-1} . S = 13543555$

$\{-10, -6, 4, 10, 12, 18, 24, 32\} 46? 201272104 = 10,000P(18,4). P(18,4) = 73,44051032C(15,6).$

$C(15,6) = 5005 \{1, 3, 5, \dots, 99\} 250 = 1.13 \times 10^{158} 3! 2! = 3360 (238). 490, 314 (3x + 12y) 6.$

$(2a+b)^{17} . 131,072 a^{17} + 1,114,112 a^{16} b + 4,456,448 a^{15} b^2 (3a^2 - 2b)^{112} ? 165949$

$1 - C(350,8) \quad C(500,8) \approx 94.4\% C(150,3) \quad C(350,5) \quad C(500,8) \approx 25.6\% a = -14, \quad a_n = 2 + a_{n-1} 2.$

$-14, -6, -2, 0 a_n = n^2 - n - 1 n! . 0.3, 1.2, 2.1, 3, \dots d = 0.9. a_1 = -4 d = -43. -2, -72, -5, -132, \dots$

$a_1 = -2, \quad a_n = a_{n-1} - 32; \quad a_{22} = -67215.6, 15, 14.4, 13.8, \dots -2, -1, -12, -14, \dots r = 12.$

$-1.5, -3, -6, -12, \dots ? 1, -12, 14, -18, \dots a_1 = 1, \quad a_n = -12 \cdot a_{n-1} - 14, -43, 49, -427, \dots$

$3k^2 - 56k \quad k = -3 \quad k = 15. \sum_{k=-3}^{15} (3k^2 - 56k) n \sum_{k=1}^7 -0.2 \cdot (-5)^{k-1} . S_7 = -2604.2$

$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 13 \cdot (-15)^{k-1} . \$140,355.75; \$14,355.755 \times 3 \times 2 \times 3 \times 2 = 180 C(15,3) = 45510! 2! 3! 2! = 151,200$

$(32x - 12y)^5 . (x^2 - 12)^{13429} x^{14} 164757C(14,3)C(26,4)C(40,7) \approx 29.2\% E$

1, 12, 14, 18 ...

$$f(x)=L, \quad x \rightarrow a, \quad L. \quad L. \quad x \rightarrow a, \quad f(x) \rightarrow L. \quad L. \quad a.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)=L.$$

$$x \rightarrow a \quad x=a \quad x=a, \quad L.$$

$$f(x)=x^2-6x-7 \quad x=7.$$

$$f(x)=(x-7)(x+1) \quad x=7 \quad \text{Cancel like factors in numerator and denominator. } f(x)=x+1, x \neq 7 \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$x \neq 7, \quad x=7. \quad x=7 \quad x=7$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} f(x)=8$$

$$x \neq 7? \quad x=7,$$

$$f(7) \text{ does not exist.}$$

$$f(x)=x+1, \quad x \neq 7.$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow L \quad x \rightarrow a, \quad x=a \quad L \quad f(x) \rightarrow L \quad x \rightarrow a \quad x \rightarrow a, \quad f(x) \rightarrow L. \quad f(x) \rightarrow a. \quad a \quad L$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)=L$$

$$a, f(x), \quad L.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (3x+5)=11$$

$$x \rightarrow a,$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)=L.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (3x+5)=11.$$

$$a=2, f(x)=3x+5, \text{ and } L=11. \quad y=3x+5 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (3x+5)=11, \quad x \rightarrow 2, \quad f(x)=3x+5 \quad 3(2)+5, \quad L, \quad x \rightarrow 2. \quad a, f(x), \quad L.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (2x^2-4)=46$$

$$a=5, \quad f(x)=2x^2-4, \quad L=46.$$

$$f(x)=x+1, x \neq 7$$

$$6.9, 6.99, 6.999. \quad 7.9, 7.99, 7.999. \quad f(x) \rightarrow x \quad f(x)=x+1, x \neq 7 \quad x \rightarrow 7.1, 7.01, 7.001. \quad 8.1, 8.01, 8.001.$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow x \quad f(x)=x+1, x \neq 7 \quad x \rightarrow 6.9 < x < 7.1 \quad f(x) \rightarrow 7.9 < f(x) < 8.1. \quad f(x) \rightarrow f(x), \quad L=8 \quad x \rightarrow$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} 7 - f(x)=8.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} 7 + f(x)=8.$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow x \rightarrow a \quad L,$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)=L.$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow L \quad x \rightarrow a \quad x < a \quad x \neq a. \quad f(x), \quad x \rightarrow a \quad L,$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} a + f(x)=L.$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow L \quad x \rightarrow a \quad a. \quad a \rightarrow L \quad x \rightarrow a \quad f(x) \rightarrow x \rightarrow a. \quad f(x), \quad x \rightarrow a, \quad L,$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)=L$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} a - f(x)=\lim_{x \rightarrow a} a + f(x).$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow x \rightarrow a \quad x \rightarrow a, \quad x \rightarrow a. \quad a. \quad x \rightarrow a, \quad x \rightarrow a. \quad x < a. \quad L \quad x \rightarrow a, \quad x \rightarrow a. \quad x > a. \quad L, \quad f(x) \rightarrow x \rightarrow a. \quad (a, f(a)).$$

$$f(a) \rightarrow f(a) \rightarrow f(x), \quad x \rightarrow a. \quad x=a, \quad f(a) \rightarrow f \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 - f(x) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + f(x) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) f(2) f$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 - f(x) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + f(x) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) f(2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 - f(x)=8; \quad x < 2, \quad y=8. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + f(x)=3;$$

$$x > 2, \quad y=3. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 - f(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + f(x); \quad f(2)=3 \quad f(2, f(2)) \quad (2, 3).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 - f(x)=8; \quad x < 2 \quad y=8. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + f(x)=8; \quad x > 2 \quad y=8. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)=8$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 - f(x)=\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + f(x)=8; \quad f(2)=4 \quad f(2, f(2)) \quad (2, 4). \quad y=f(x) - 2; \quad x \rightarrow a \quad L.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (x^3 - 125x - 5)$$

$$x=5. \quad x > 5 \quad x > 5$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} 5 - f(x)=75=\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} 5 + f(x),$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} f(x)=75.$$

$$f(5) \rightarrow f, \quad x \rightarrow a \quad f(a), \quad a \rightarrow a \quad f(a).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (5 \sin(x) - 3x)$$

$$x=0. \quad x=0$$

$$f(x)=5 \sin(x) - 3x$$

$$x=0, \quad x=0 \quad x=0. \quad x < 0 \quad 5 \sin(x) - 3x. \quad x > 0 \quad 5 \sin(x) - 3x.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 0 - f(x)=5 \sin(x) - 3x = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 0 + f(x),$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 53.$$

$$f(x) = x^3 - 125x - 5 \quad x \neq 5 \quad 75.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (20 \sin(x) - 4x)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (20 \sin(x) - 4x) = 5x$$

$$f(x) = 3 \sin(\pi x)$$

$$x=0. \quad x=0, \quad x=0 \quad [-2,2] \quad [-3,3]. \quad [-0.1,0.1] \quad [-3,3]. \quad f(x) \quad x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} (3 \sin(\pi x)) \text{ does not exist.}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (3 \sin(\pi x)) \text{ does not exist.}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (3 \sin(\pi x)) \text{ does not exist.}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\sin(2x)). \quad L. \quad a. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L, \quad x \neq a, \quad x = a, \quad L. \quad f(x) \quad L \quad x \neq a, \quad x < a. \quad f(x) \quad L \quad x \neq a, \quad x > a. \quad x \neq a, \quad y \neq a, \quad x = a, \quad x \neq a, \quad x = a, \quad f(a). \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \quad x \neq a, \quad x = a, \quad x \neq a, \quad x = a, \quad f \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) \quad f(-2) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) \quad f(1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) \quad f(-2) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) \quad f(1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) \quad f(4)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = 2, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = -3, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = 2, \quad f(0) = 4, \quad f(2) = -1, \quad f(-3) \text{ does not exist.}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 0, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = -2, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 3, \quad f(2) = 5, \quad f(0)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 2, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = -3, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 5, \quad f(0) = 1, \quad f(1) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = 0, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = 5, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} f(x) = 0, \quad f(5) = 4, \quad f(3) \text{ does not exist.}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) = 6, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 6^+} f(x) = -1, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 5, \quad f(4) = 6, \quad f(2) = 6$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x) = 2, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = -2, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = -4, \quad f(-3) = 0, \quad f(0) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} f(x) = \pi^2, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -\pi} f(x) = \pi^2, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = 0, \quad f(\pi) = 2, \quad f(0) \text{ does not exist.} \quad x$$

$$f(x) = (1+x)^1 \quad xg(x) = (1+x)^2 \quad xh(x) = (1+x)^3 \quad xi(x) = (1+x)^4 \quad xj(x) = (1+x)^5 \quad x \quad f(x) = (1+x)^6 \quad x,$$

$$g(x) = (1+x)^7 \quad x, \quad \text{and } h(x) = (1+x)^n \quad x. \quad e^6 \approx 403.428794, \quad e^7 \approx 1096.633158, \quad e^n \quad a. \quad x \quad a,$$

$$(x) = \{ |x| - 1, \text{ if } x \neq 1 \quad x^3, \text{ if } x = 1 \quad a = 1(x) = \{ 1/x + 1, \text{ if } x \neq -2 \quad (x+1)^2, \text{ if } x = -2 \quad a = -2 \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) = 1 \quad x = a.$$

$$x = a. \quad f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 16 - x^2; \quad a = 4f(x) = x^2 - x - 6x^2 - 9; \quad a = 3 \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (x^2 - x - 6x^2 - 9) = 56 \approx 0.83$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 6x - 7x^2 - 7x; \quad a = 7f(x) = x^2 - 1x^2 - 3x + 2; \quad a = 1 \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (x^2 - 1x^2 - 3x + 2) = -2.00$$

$$f(x) = 1 - x^2x^2 - 3x + 2; \quad a = 1f(x) = 10 - 10x^2x^2 - 3x + 2; \quad a = 1 \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (10 - 10x^2x^2 - 3x + 2) = 20.00$$

$$f(x) = x^6x^2 - 5x - 6; \quad a = 3 \quad 2f(x) = x^4x^2 + 4x + 1; \quad a = -1 \quad 2 \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x^4x^2 + 4x + 1) \quad x$$

$$f(x) = 2x - 4; \quad a = 4 \quad x \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 7 \tan x \quad 3x \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 7 \tan x \quad 3x = 7 \quad 3 \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} x^2x - 4 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 2 \sin x \quad 4 \tan x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 2 \sin x \quad 4 \tan x = 1 \quad 2x \quad a. \quad x \quad a, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} e^e \quad 1x \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} e^e - 1x^2 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} e^e - 1x^2 = 1.0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} |x| \quad x \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} |x+1| \quad x+1 \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} |x+1| \quad x+1 = -(x+1)(x+1) = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} |x+1| \quad x+1 = (x+1)(x+1) = 1; \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} |x+1| \quad x+1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} |x-5| \quad 5-x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} 1 \quad (x+1)^2 \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} 1 \quad (x+1)^2 \quad x \quad -1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} 1 \quad (x-1)^3 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 5 \quad 1 - e^2 \quad x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 5 \quad 1 - e^2 \quad x \quad f(x) = |1-x| \quad x \quad g(x) = |1+x| \quad x \quad f(x) \quad g(x) \quad x \quad x \quad m \quad v$$

$$m = m \quad 0 \quad 1 - (v^2/c^2)$$

$$m \quad 0 \quad c \quad m, \quad v \quad c - . \quad v \rightarrow c, \quad m \rightarrow \infty.$$

$$\lim_{v \rightarrow c} m = \lim_{v \rightarrow c} m \quad 0 \quad 1 - (v^2/c^2) = \infty$$

$$c, \quad m, \quad m \quad v \rightarrow c? \quad v \quad m$$

$$f(x)$$

$$x \quad a$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L.$$

$$f(x)$$

$$L \quad x \quad a$$

$$x < a$$

$$x \neq a.$$

$$a \quad L \quad L, \quad f(x) \quad x \quad a \quad a.$$

$$f(x),$$

$$L \quad x \quad x = a, \quad x = a. \quad a \quad L \quad L$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L.$$

$$f(x)$$

$$x$$

a

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} a + f(x) = L.$$

$$f(x)$$

$$L$$

x a

$$x > a,$$

$$x \neq a.$$

$$a$$

L

$$f(x),$$

x a, L,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} a - f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} a + f(x).$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 6x - 7, x \neq 7$$

$$f(x) = (x-7)(x+1), x \neq 7, \text{ which gives us } f(x) = x+1, x \neq 7.$$

$$f(x) = x+1? f(7) = 8, g(x) = x-7, g(7) = 0, f(x)g(x) = (x+1)(x-7), \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} f(x)g(x) = 0.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} g(x).$$

$$x=a, x=a. a, k, A, B \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = A \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = B. \lim_{x \rightarrow a} k = k$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [k \cdot f(x)] = k \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = kA \lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) + g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) + \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = A + B$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) - g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) - \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = A - B$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) \cdot g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = A \cdot B$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) / g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) / \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = A / B, B \neq 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x)]^n = [\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)]^n = A^n, n \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)^n = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x)]^n = A^n$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} p(x) = p(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (2x+5).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (2x+5) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (2x) + \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (5) \text{ Sum of functions property} = 2\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (x) +$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (5) \text{ Constant times a function property} = 2(3) + 5 \text{ Evaluate} = 11$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -12} (-2x+2) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -12} (-2x) + \lim_{x \rightarrow -12} (2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (5x^2).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (5x^2) = 5 \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (x^2) \text{ Constant times a function property} = 5(3^2)$$

$$\text{Function raised to an exponent property} = 45$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (x^3 - 5) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (x^3) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (5) \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (2x^3 - 3x + 1).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (2x^3 - 3x + 1) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (2x^3) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (3x) + \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (1) \text{ Sum of functions}$$

$$= 2\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (x^3) - 3\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (x) + \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (1) \text{ Constant times a function}$$

$$= 2(5^3) - 3(5) + 1 \text{ Function raised to an exponent} = 236 \text{ Evaluate}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x^4 - 4x^3 + 5) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x^4) - 4\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x^3) + 5 \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (3x+1)^5 \cdot x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (3x+1)^5 = (\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (3x+1))^5 = (3(2)+1)^5 = 7^5$$

$$= 16,807$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} (10x+36)^3 = 64 \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 + 6x + 8) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 - 6x + 8) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 - 6x + 8x - 2).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 - 6x + 8x - 2) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} ((x-2)(x-4) + x-2) \text{ Factor the numerator.} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x-4) \text{ Evaluate.}$$

$$x \rightarrow 2 ((x-2)(x-4) + x-2) \text{ Cancel the common factors.}$$

$$= 2 - 4 = -2$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 8, x \neq 2$$

$$f(x) = x - 4, x \neq 2.$$

$$x = 2. \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} (x^2 - 11x + 28) = 7 - 77 + 196 = 126 \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (1/x - 1/5x - 5) = 1/5 - 1/25 - 5 = -4.8 \lim_{x \rightarrow -5} (1/5 + 1/x + 10 + 2x) = -1/5 - 1/25 - 5 - 10 = -15.4$$

$$-1/50 (0/0) a \pm b \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (25 - x - 5x) = 20$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (25 - x - 5x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} ((25 - x - 5) \cdot x \cdot (25 - x + 5) \cdot (25 - x + 5))$$

Multiply numerator and denominator by the conjugate.

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} ((25 - x) - 25x($$

$$25 - x + 5)) \text{ Multiply: } (25 - x - 5) \cdot (25 - x + 5) = (25 - x) - 25.$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (-x \cdot x(25 - x$$

+5)) Combine like terms.

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (-x \cdot x(25 - x + 5)) \text{ Simplify } -x \cdot x = -1.$$

$$= -1 \cdot 25 - 0 + 5 \text{ Evaluate.}$$

$$= -1 \cdot 5 + 5 = -1 \cdot 10$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (16 - h - 4h) = -18 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (4 - x \cdot x - 2).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (4 - x \cdot x - 2) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} ((2 + x)(2 - x) \cdot x - 2) \text{ Factor.}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} ((2 + x)(2 - x))$$

Factor -1 out of the denominator. Simplify.

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} -(2 + x) \text{ Evaluate.}$$

$$= -(2 + 4)$$

$$= -4$$

$$a^2 - b^2$$

$$(a + b)(a - b).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (x - 3 \cdot x - 3) = 23 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} |x - 7| \cdot |x - 7| \cdot x = 7,$$

$$|6.9 - 7| \cdot |6.9 - 7| = |6.99 - 7| \cdot |6.99 - 7| = |6.999 - 7| \cdot |6.999 - 7| = -1$$

$$|7.1 - 7| \cdot |7.1 - 7| = |7.01 - 7| \cdot |7.01 - 7| = |7.001 - 7| \cdot |7.001 - 7| = 1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 6} 6 + 6 - x \cdot |x - 6| = -1 \quad f(x) = a, f(a) = f(x)$$

$$a \cdot f(a) \cdot x \cdot a \cdot f(a) = 0 \cdot 0, f(f(x)), x \cdot c, x \cdot c, \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (-5x \cdot x^2 - 1) = -103$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 - 5x + 6 \cdot x + 2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (x^2 - 9 \cdot x - 3) \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x^2 - 2x - 3 \cdot x + 1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 2(6x^2 - 17x + 12 \cdot 2x - 3) = 12 \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} 2(8x^2 + 18x - 35 \cdot 2x + 7) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (x^2 - 9 \cdot x - 5x + 6)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} (-7x^4 - 21x^3 - 12x^4 + 108x^2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (x^2 + 2x - 3 \cdot x - 3) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} ((3 + h)^3 - 27h)$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} ((2 - h)^3 - 8h) = -12 \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} ((h + 3)^2 - 9h) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (5 - h - 5h) = -510$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (3 - x - 3x) \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} (x^2 - 81 \cdot 3 - x) = -108 \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (x - x^2 \cdot 1 - x) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x \cdot 1 + 2x - 1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} 2(x^2 - 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 2x - 1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (x^3 - 64 \cdot x^2 - 16) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 - (|x - 2| \cdot x - 2)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + (|x - 2| \cdot |x - 2|) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (|x - 2| \cdot |x - 2|) \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} 4 - (|x - 4| \cdot |4 - x|) \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} 4 + (|x - 4| \cdot |4 - x|)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (|x - 4| \cdot |4 - x|) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (-8 + 6x - x^2 \cdot x - 2) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) = 3, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow c} g(x) = 5$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} [2f(x) + g(x)] = 6 + 5 \lim_{x \rightarrow c} [3f(x) + g(x)] \lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) \cdot g(x) = 3 \cdot 5 \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \cos(\pi x)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \sin(\pi x) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \sin(\pi x) \cdot f(x) = \{2x^2 + 2x + 1, x \leq 0 \quad x - 3, x > 0; \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 0 + f(x) - 3$$

$$f(x) = \{2x^2 + 2x + 1, x \leq 0 \quad x - 3, x > 0; \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 0 - f(x) f(x) = \{2x^2 + 2x + 1, x \leq 0 \quad x - 3, x > 0; \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} x + 5 - 3x - 4 \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + (2x - \lfloor x \rfloor) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} x + 7 - 3x^2 - x - 2 \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3 + x^2 \cdot x^2 - 9$$

$$f(x + h) - f(x) \cdot h \cdot f(x) = x + 1 \quad f(x) = 2x^2 - 14x + 2 \quad hf(x) = x^2 + 3x + 4 \quad f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 1002x + h + 4 \quad f(x) = 3x^2 + 1$$

$$f(x) = \cos(x) \cos(x + h) - \cos(x) \quad hf(x) = 2x^3 - 4x \quad f(x) = 1x - 1 \quad x(x + h) \quad f(x) = 1x^2 \quad f(x) = x - 1 \quad x + h + x$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 5x + 6 \quad x + 3 \quad x \quad s(t) = -16t^2 + 144t \quad [1, 2] \quad s(t) = -64t^2 + 192t \quad t = 1 \quad t = 1.5 \quad t$$

$$A = A_0 e^{0.0425t}, A_0 = 118 \cdot F \quad 95 \cdot F \quad T, T(x) = 96 \cdot F \quad 116 \cdot F, 118 \cdot F.$$

$$110.5 \cdot F \quad 96 \cdot F \quad 118 \cdot F \quad 96 \cdot F \quad 118 \cdot F \quad D, D(x) = x \quad y = f(x) \quad f(a) = x = a \quad x = a \quad x = a$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x), x = a \quad f(x) = a \quad x = a \quad y = x = a \quad f. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = f(a). \quad x = a. \quad x = a \quad x = a \quad f(x) = x = a \quad f(a)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = x = a \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = f(a) \quad f(x) = x = a, x = a \quad x = a \quad y = f(x) = x = a \quad f(x) = x = a$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} a - f(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow a} a + f(x) \quad y = f(x) \quad x = a \quad x = a \quad x = a \quad f(x) = x = a \quad f(x) = x = a \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x), f(a)$$

$$f(a), x = a \quad f(a) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \cdot f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 15 \quad x - 5 \quad g(x) = \{x + 1, x < 2 \quad -x, x \geq 2 \quad x = 5. \quad f(5) = x = 5.$$

$$g(2) = -2 \cdot x \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 - (x + 1) = 2 + 1 = 3. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + (-x) = -2.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 - f(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 + f(x).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = x = 2. \quad f(x) = x^2 - 6x \quad x - 6 \quad g(x) = \{x, 0 \leq x < 4 \quad 2x, x \geq 4 \quad x = 6; \quad x = 4 \quad f(x) = x = a \quad f(x) = x = a.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = f(a). \quad f(x) = x^4 - 9 \quad x^2 \quad f(x) = 4x + 2 - 5 \quad f(x) = \sin(2x) - 4 \quad f(x) = -\cos(x + \pi \cdot 3) \quad f(x) = 2 \ln(x)$$

$$x > 0 \quad f(x) = \tan(x) + 2, x \neq \pi/2 + k\pi, k \quad f(x) = x^2 - 25 \quad x - 7, x \neq 7 \quad f(x), x = a. \quad f(a) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = x = a.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = f(a). \quad x = a. \quad x = a. \quad f(x) = \{4x, x \leq 3 \quad 8 + x, x > 3 \quad x = 3 \quad x = 8 \quad 3 \quad f(x) = a, x = a \quad f(a)$$

$$f(3) = 4(3) = 12 \Rightarrow \text{Condition 1 is satisfied.}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = x = 3, f(x) = 4x; \quad x = 3, f(x) = 8 + x. \quad x \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3 - f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3 - 4(3) = 12$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3 + f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3 + (8 + x) = 8 + 3 = 11 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} 1 - f(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} 1 + f(x), \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$$

$\Rightarrow$  Condition 2 fails.

$$x = 3. \quad x = 3, \quad f(x) = x = 3. \quad x = 8 \quad 3 \quad f(8 \cdot 3)$$



$$f(x) = \{ x+1, 1 < x < 3 \quad x^2 + bx + c, |x-2| \geq 1 \}$$

$$a, x=a \quad x=-3 \quad x=2 \quad x=4 \quad f(x)=\sin(12\pi x) \quad f(0).f(0) \quad x \quad f(x)=0. \quad f(x) \quad (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty) \quad x=-1, \quad x=1, \quad f(1) \\ x=2, \quad x=-7 \quad x=1. \quad x^3 + 6x^2 - 7x(x+7)(x-1) \quad f(x)=x^3 - 1 \quad x-1 \quad [-3, 3], x \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) \quad x=1:$$

$$f(x) = \{ x^2 + 4 \quad x \neq 1 \quad 2 \quad x=1$$

$$x=1 \quad x \quad f(1)=2. \quad f(x)=\sin(2x) \quad x \quad f(x) \quad x=0? \quad x=a \quad f(x) \quad x=a \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \\ f(x) \quad f(x) = x^3 - 4x. \quad x=-2 \quad x=-1 \quad x=2 \quad f \quad x=a \quad (a, f(a)). \quad x=a, h. \quad (a+h, f(a+h)) \quad h. \quad a \quad x=a. \\ (a, f(a)) \quad (a+h, f(a+h)),$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{\text{change in } y}{\text{change in } x}$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{\text{change in } y}{\text{change in } x}$$

m sec

$$m \text{ sec} = \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{(a+h)-(a)} = \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{a+h-a}$$

$$m \text{ sec} \quad (a, f(a)) \quad (a+h, f(a+h)).$$

$$m \text{ sec} = \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$$

$$(a, f(a)) \quad (a+h, f(a+h)) \quad f$$

$$A \text{ROC} = \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$$

$$(2, -6) \quad (-1, 5).$$

$$A \text{ROC} = \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$$

$$(2, -6), (2, f(2)), f(2) = -6. \quad h = 2 - 1, \quad -1 - 2 = -3. \quad f(a+h) = a+h, \quad 2+(-3) = -1, \quad f(a+h) = f(-1) = 5.$$

$$A \text{ROC} = \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h} = \frac{5-(-6)}{-3} = \frac{11}{-3} = -\frac{11}{3}$$

$$(-5, 1.5) \quad (-2.5, 9). \quad h = a+h - a = h \quad (a+h, f(a+h)) \quad (a, f(a)). \quad x=a, \quad x=a. \quad x=a. \quad x=a, \quad f \quad x=a. \quad x=a \quad f \quad x=a. \quad x=a \quad f(a),$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$$

$$f \quad x=a,$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$$

$$\frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h} \quad h \quad f(x) \quad x=a \quad f(x) \quad x=a. \quad f(x) \quad x=a \quad f'(a). \quad f'(a) \quad (a, f(a)). \quad f'(a) \quad f(x) \quad x=a. \quad t=a.$$

$$f(x) \quad y' = f'(x), \quad y = f(x). \quad f'(x) \quad f \text{ prime of } x.$$

$$f'(x) = y' = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{df}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} f(x) = Df(x)$$

$$f'(x) \quad x \quad y = f(x) \quad x. \quad f(x) \quad x=a \quad f'(a). \quad f, \quad f(a+h). \quad f(a). \quad f(a+h)-f(a) \quad h.$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}. \quad f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 5 \quad x=a.$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$$

Definition of a derivative

$$f(a+h) = (a+h)^2 - 3(a+h) + 5 \quad f(a) = a^2 - 3a + 5.$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(a+h)(a+h) - 3(a+h) + 5 - (a^2 - 3a + 5)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^2 + 2ah + h^2 - 3a - 3h + 5 - a^2 + 3a - 5}{h} \\ -5h \text{ Evaluate to remove parentheses.} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^2 + 2ah + h^2 - 3a - 3h + 5 - a^2 + 3a - 5}{h} \text{ Simplify.}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2ah + h^2 - 3h}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(2a + h - 3)}{h} \text{ Factor out an } h. = 2a - 3$$

$$\text{Evaluate the limit.} = 2a - 3$$

$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 7x \quad x=a. \quad f'(a) = 6a + 7 \quad f(x) = 3x^2 - x \quad x=a.$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3(a+h)^2 - (a+h) - (3a^2 - a)}{h}$$

$$\text{Substitute } f(a+h) \text{ and } f(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2-(a+h))(2-a)[3+(a+h)^2 - (a+h) - (3+a^2-a)]}{(2-(a+h))}$$

$$(2-a)(h) \text{ Multiply numerator and denominator by } (2-(a+h))(2-a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2-(a+h))(2-a)(3+(a+h)^2 - (a+h) - (3+a^2-a))}{(2-(a+h))(2-a)(h)}$$

$$(2-a)(h) \text{ Distribute} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{5h(2-(a+h))(2-a)}{(2-a)(h)}$$

$$6-3a+2a-a^2+2h-ah-6+3a+3h-2a+a^2+ah(2-(a+h))(2-a)(h) \text{ Multiply} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{5h(2-(a+h))(2-a)}{(2-a)(h)}$$

$$(a+h))(2-a)(h) \text{ Combine like terms} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{5(2-(a+h))(2-a)}{(2-a)} \text{ Cancel like factors} = 5(2-(a+0))(2-a) = 5(2-a)(2-a) = 5(2-a)^2 \text{ Evaluate the limit}$$

$$f(x) = 10x + 11 \quad 5x + 4 \quad x=a. \quad f'(a) = -15(5a+4)^2 \quad f(x) = 4x \quad x=36.$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4(a+h)-4a}{h} \text{ Substitute } f(a+h) \text{ and } f(a)$$

$$4(a+h)-4a = 4a+h-4a = h$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (4(a+h) - 4a) \cdot (4(a+h) + 4a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (16(a+h) - 16a)h = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (16h)h = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 16h^2 = 0$$

Multiply.  $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (16a + 16h - 16a)h$  Distribute and combine like terms.  
 $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (16h)h$  Simplify.  $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 16h^2$   
 Evaluate the limit by letting  $h=0$ .  $= 16 \cdot 0 = 0$   $f'(36) = 2 \cdot 36$  Evaluate the derivative at  $x=36$ .  
 $= 2 \cdot 6 = 12$

$$f(x) = 9x^2 \quad s(t) = -16t^2 + 64t + 6, \quad t=1 \quad t=3 \quad t=1 \quad t=3$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-16(t+h)^2 + 64(t+h) + 6 - (-16t^2 + 64t + 6)}{h}$$

Substitute  $s(t+h)$  and  $s(t)$ .  $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-16t^2 - 32ht - 16h^2 + 64t + 64h + 6 + 16t^2 - 64t - 6}{h}$  Distribute.  
 $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-32ht - 16h^2 + 64h}{h}$  Simplify.  $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (-32t - 16h + 64)$  Factor the numerator.  
 $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (-32t - 16h + 64)$  Cancel out the common factor  $h$ .  $s'(t) = -32t + 64$   
 Evaluate the limit by letting  $h=0$ .

$$t \quad s'(t) \quad t=1 \quad t=3.$$

$$s'(1) = -32(1) + 64 = 32 \quad s'(3) = -32(3) + 64 = -32$$

$-32 \quad s(t) = -16t^2 + 64t + 6.$   $x=a \quad f(x) \quad x=a. \quad x=a \quad f(x), \quad x=a. \quad x=a \quad f(x). \quad x=a \quad a$   
 change in  $y$  change in  $x$ .

$y=f(x) \quad f(0)f(2)f'(0)f'(2) \quad f(a), \quad x=a. \quad x=a, \quad f'(a), \quad x=a, f(0) \quad x=0. \quad (0,1), \quad f(0)=1. f(2) \quad x=2. \quad (2,1),$   
 $f(2)=1. f'(0) \quad x=0. \quad x=0 \quad f'(0)=0. f'(2) \quad x=2. \quad x=2. \quad x \quad y \quad f'(2)=4. \quad f(x)=x^3 - 3x^2 \quad f(1), \quad f'(1),$   
 $f(0), \quad f'(0). -2, -3 \quad x=a \quad f(x)$

output units input unit

$$x \quad C(x), x \quad C'(x) \quad x \quad C'(11) \quad C'(11)=2.50 \quad x \quad f(x)=x^2 - 100x. \quad f(x)=x^2 - 100x \quad x \quad f'(x)$$

$$f(a+b) = (x+h)^2 - 100(x+h) \quad f(a) = a^2 - 100a$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} \text{ Formula for a derivative} = \frac{(x+h)^2 - 100(x+h) - (x^2 - 100x)}{h}$$

Substitute  $f(a+h)$  and  $f(a)$ .  $= \frac{x^2 + 2xh + h^2 - 100x - 100h - x^2 + 100x}{h}$   
 Multiply polynomials, distribute.  $= \frac{2xh + h^2 - 100h}{h}$  Collect like terms.  $= h(2x + h - 100)$   
 Factor and cancel like terms.  $= 2x + h - 100$  Simplify.  $= 2x - 100$  Evaluate when  $h=0$ .  $f'(x) = 2x - 100$  Formula for marginal cost  $f'(200) = 2(200) - 100 = 300$  Evaluate for 200 units.

$$f(t), t \quad f(0)=0 \quad f'(1)=60 \quad f(1)=70 \quad f(2.5)=150 \quad f(t) \quad f'(t), \quad f(t), t \quad f'(t), t \quad f(0)=0 \quad f'(1)=60 \quad f(1)=70$$

$$f(2.5)=150 \quad f(t) \quad f(0)=0 \quad f(10)=150 \quad f'(10)=15 \quad f'(20)=-10 \quad f(40)=-100 \quad f(x) \quad x=a \quad x=a \quad f(x)$$

$$f(x)=|x|, \quad x=0, \quad x=0. \quad f(x)=|x|, \quad x=0. \quad f(x)=|x|, \quad f(x) \quad x=a.$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & x \leq 2 \\ 8-x, & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

$x \quad x \quad x=2. \quad f(x) \quad x=2. \quad f(x)=|x|. \quad x=0. \quad f(x)=|x| \quad x=0 \quad f(x)=x^2 \quad x=0. \quad x \quad f(x)=x^2 \quad x=0.$   
 $f(x)=x^3 \quad x=0. \quad f(x)=x^3 \quad x=0. \quad f(x) \quad x=a \quad x=a, \quad f'(a) \quad f(x) \quad x=a. \quad x=a. \quad x=a. \quad x=a. \quad x=a. \quad f(x)$   
 $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 1) \cup (1, \infty). f(x) \quad x=-2 \quad x=1. (-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, -1) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, 2) \cup (2, \infty). f(x) \quad x=-2 \quad x=-1$   
 $x=1 \quad x=2 \quad y=f(x) \quad f(-\infty, 1) \cup (1, 3) \cup (3, \infty). \quad f \quad x=1 \quad x=3. \quad f(-\infty, 1) \cup (1, 3) \cup (3, \infty). \quad f \quad x=1 \quad x=3.$   
 $f(x) \quad x=a \quad y=m(x-x_1)+y_1. \quad x=a \quad f'(a), \quad f(x) \quad x=a. \quad x=a \quad (a, f(a)).$   
 $y=f'(a)(x-a)+f(a)$

$$f \quad x=a$$

$$y=f'(a)(x-a)+f(a)$$

$$f, \quad x=a. \quad f(x) \quad x=a \quad f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}. \quad x=a. \quad f(a). \quad (a, f(a)) \quad f'(a)$$

$$y=f'(a)(x-a)+f(a). \quad y=mx+b. \quad f(x)=x^2 - 4x \quad x=3.$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

$$f(a+h) = (a+h)^2 - 4(a+h) \quad f(a) = a^2 - 4a.$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(a+h)^2 - 4(a+h) - (a^2 - 4a)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^2 + 2ah + h^2 - 4a - 4h - a^2 + 4a}{h}$$

Remove parentheses.  $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^2 + 2ah + h^2 - 4a - 4h - a^2 + 4a}{h}$  Combine like terms.  $=$   
 $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2ah + h^2 - 4h}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (2a + h - 4)$  Factor out  $h$ .  $= 2a + 0 - 4 \quad f'(a) = 2a - 4$   
 Evaluate the limit.  $f'(3) = 2(3) - 4 = 2$

$$x=3:$$

$$y=f'(a)(x-a)+f(a) \quad y=f'(3)(x-3)+f(3) \quad y=2(x-3)+(-3) \quad y=2x-9$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & x=3 \quad x=3. \quad f(x)=5x^2-x+4 \quad x=2. \quad y=19x-16 \quad s(t) \quad t. \quad t=a \\
 & \quad \quad \quad s'(a)=\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} s(a+h)-s(a) \quad h \\
 & t \quad s(t)=-16t^2+36t+200, \quad t=2. \quad s'(t) \quad t=2, \quad s(a+h)=-16(a+h)^2+36(a+h)+200 \\
 & s(a)=-16a^2+36a+200. \\
 & s'(a)=\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} s(a+h)-s(a) \quad h = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} -16(a+h)^2+36(a+h)+200-(-16a^2+36a+200) \quad h = \\
 & \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} -16(a^2+2ah+h^2)+36(a+h)+200-(-16a^2+36a+200) \quad h = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} -16a^2-32ah-16h^2 \\
 & \quad -16a^2+36a+36h+200+16a^2-36a-200 \quad h = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} -16a^2-32ah-16h^2+36a+36h+200+16a^2 \\
 & \quad -36a-200 \quad h = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} -32ah-16h^2+36h \quad h = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} h(-32a-16h+36) \quad h = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \\
 & \quad (-32a-16h+36) = -32a-16 \cdot 0+36 \quad s'(a)=-32a+36 \quad s'(2)=-32(2)+36 = -28 \\
 & t=2 \quad t \quad s=-16t^2+60t-12. \quad AROC=f(a+h)-f(a) \quad hf'(a)=\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} f(a+h)-f(a) \quad hf(a+h)-f(a) \quad h \quad x. \\
 & [x, x+h] \quad x? \quad x. \quad f(x) \quad t, \quad f(x) \quad t=a \quad t=b \quad f(a)+45(b-a). \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} f(x+h)-f(x) \quad h \quad f(x)=3x-4 \\
 & f(x)=-2x+1 \quad f'(x)=-2f(x)=x^2-2x+1 \quad f(x)=2x^2+x-3 \quad f'(x)=4x+1 \quad f(x)=2x^2+5f(x)=-1x-2 \\
 & f'(x)=1 \quad (x-2) \quad 2f(x)=2+x \quad 1-xf(x)=5-2x \quad 3+2x \quad 2f(x)=1+3xf(x)=3x^3-x^2+2x+5 \\
 & f'(x)=9x^2-2x+2 \quad f(x)=5f(x)=5\pi f'(x)=0 \quad (-2,0) \quad (-4,5) \quad (4,-3) \quad (-2,-1) \quad -1 \quad 3(0,5) \quad (6,5) \quad (7,-2) \\
 & (7,10) \quad f(x)=x^3+1 \quad f(x)=-3x^2-7x=6f'(x)=-6x-7 \quad f(x)=7x^2 \quad f(x)=3x^3+2x^2+x-26 \\
 & f'(x)=9x^2+4x+1 \quad x \quad f(x)=2x^2-3x \quad x=3 \quad f(x)=x^3+1 \quad x=2 \quad y=12x-15 \quad f(x)=x \quad x=9 \quad kf(x)=x^2-kx, \quad y=4x-9 \\
 & k=-10 \quad k=2 \quad f \quad x=-2 \quad x=0. \quad x=5. \quad x \quad x, \quad f(-1)f(0)f(0)=-2f(1)f(2)f(2)=-6f(3)f'(-1)f'(-1)=9 \\
 & f'(0)f'(1)f'(1)=-3f'(2)f'(3)f'(3)=9f'(x)=2x \quad f(2)=4 \quad f(x)=x^2 \quad x=1 \quad [0.9,1.1] \\
 & [0.99,1.01] \quad [0.999,1.001] \quad [0.9999,1.0001] \quad x=1, \quad x=1. \quad x=1 \quad f(t) \quad t \quad f(0)=600f'(30)=-20f(30)=0 \\
 & f'(200)=30f(240)=500 \quad s, \quad t \quad s(t)=-16t^2+80t. \quad s(2)=96s'(2)=16s(3)=96 \quad t=3 \quad s'(3)=-16s(0)=0, \quad s(5)=0. \quad t=0 \\
 & t=5. \quad V \quad r \quad V=4 \quad 3 \quad \pi \quad r^3. \quad V \quad r \quad V \quad r=3 \quad \text{cm}. \quad 36\pi \quad x \quad R(x)=2x^2+10x. \quad x \quad x=10 \quad x=20. \quad R'(10) \quad R'(15) \\
 & R'(15) \quad R'(10), \quad x \quad C(x)=x^2-4x+1000. \quad x \quad x=10 \quad \text{to} \quad x=15. \quad x=a, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)-f(a) \quad x-a, \quad f(x)=1x^2 \\
 & f(x)=5x^2-x+4 \quad f'(x)=10a-1f(x)=-x^2+4x+7 \quad f(x)=-4 \quad 3-x^2 \quad 4(3-x)^2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} -1+f(x) \\
 & \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} -1-f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) \quad x \\
 & \text{Discontinuous at } x=-1 \quad (\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \text{ does not exist}), \quad x=3 \quad (\text{jump discontinuity}), \quad \text{and } x=7 \quad (\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \\
 & f(x) \text{ does not exist}). \\
 & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x). \quad xF(x) \quad x \quad a. \quad x \quad a, \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} |x|-1, & \text{if } x \neq 1 \\ x^3, & \text{if } x=1 \end{cases} \quad a=1 \\
 & f(x)=\begin{cases} 1x+1, & \text{if } x=-2 \\ (x+1)^2, & \text{if } x \neq -2 \end{cases} \quad a=-2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x)=1 \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} x+3, & \text{if } x < 1 \\ -x^3, & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases} \quad a=1 \\
 & \lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x)=-3 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow c} g(x)=5. \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow c} (f(x)+g(x)) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) \quad g(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow c} (f(x) \cdot g(x))=-15 \\
 & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 0+f(x), \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} 3x^2+2x+1 & 5x+3 \quad x > 0 \\ x < 0 \end{cases} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 0-f(x), \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} 3x^2+2x+1 & 5x+3 \quad x > 0 \\ x < 0 \end{cases} \\
 & \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3+(3x-\lfloor x \rfloor) \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} ((h+6)^2-36h) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 25} (x^2-625x-5) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (-x^2-9xx) \\
 & -10 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} 7-12x+1 \quad x-4 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} (13+1x^3+x)-19 \quad x=a. \quad x=a. \quad f(x)=-2x-4; \quad a=4 \\
 & f(x)=-2(x-4)^2; \quad a=4 \quad x=4, \quad f(x)=-xx^2-x-6; \quad a=3 \quad f(x)=6x^2+23x+20 \quad 4x^2-25; \quad a=-5 \quad 2 \quad a=-5 \quad 2 \\
 & f(x)=x-3 \quad 9-x; \quad a=9 \quad f(x) \quad f(x)=x^2-2x-15 \quad (-\infty, \infty) \quad f(x)=x^2-2x-15 \quad x-5 \quad f(x)=x^2-2xx^2-4x+4 \quad x=2. \\
 & f(2) \quad f(x)=x^3-125 \quad 2x^2-12x+10 \quad f(x)=x^2-1 \quad x^2-x \quad x=0 \quad x=2. \quad f(0) \quad f(2) \quad f(x)=x+2 \quad x^2-3x-10 \\
 & f(x)=x+2 \quad x^3+8 \quad x=-2. \quad f(-2) \quad f(x+h)-f(x) \quad h. \quad f(x)=3x+2 \quad f(x)=5f(x)=1x+1 \quad f(x)=\ln(x) \ln(x+h)-\ln(x) \quad h \\
 & f(x)=e^{2x} \quad f(x)=4x-6=4f(x)=5x^2-3x \quad f(x) \quad x \quad f(x)=-x^3+4x \quad x=2. \quad y=-8x+16 \quad f(x)=x|x| \quad V=1 \quad 3 \quad \pi \quad r^2 \quad h \\
 & \pi \quad 12\pi \quad f \quad f(1) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} -1+f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} -f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x)-1 \quad x \quad f \quad x \quad a. \quad x \quad a, \\
 & f(x)=\begin{cases} 1x-3, & \text{if } x \leq 2 \\ x^3+1, & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases} \quad a=2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2-f(x)=-5 \quad 2 \quad a \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2+f(x)=9 \quad x \\
 & f(x)=\begin{cases} x^3+1, & \text{if } x < 1 \\ 3x^2-1, & \text{if } x=1 \\ -x+3+4, & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases} \quad a=1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -5} (15+1x^{10}+2x)-150 \\
 & \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (h^2+25-5h^2) \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (1h-1h^2+h) \quad f(f(x))=x^2-4 \\
 & f(x)=x^3-4x^2-9x+36 \quad x^3-3x^2+2x-6 \quad x=3 \quad x=a. \quad f(x)=3 \quad 5+2xf(x)=3 \quad xf'(x)=-3 \quad 2 \quad a^3 \quad 2f(x)=2x^2+9x \\
 & f(x)=|x-2|-|x+2| \quad f(x)=2 \quad 1+e^{2x} \quad x=0 \quad s, \quad t \quad s(t). \quad s(0)s(2) \quad t=2 \quad s'(2)s(2)-s(1) \quad 2-1 \quad t=1 \quad \text{to} \quad t=2 \quad s(t)=0 \\
 & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin(x) \quad 3x \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \tan^2(x) \quad 2x \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin(x)(1-\cos(x)) \quad 2x^2 \\
 & \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x), \quad \text{where } f(x)=\begin{cases} 4x-7 & x \neq 1 \\ x^2-4 & x=1 \end{cases} \quad x \quad f(x)=\begin{cases} 4x-7 & x \neq 1 \\ x^2-4 & x=1 \end{cases} \quad x=1 \quad x=1 \quad \text{to} \quad x=3. \quad x \quad f'(x)=0. \\
 & x=1 \quad x \quad f'(x) \quad f \quad f(x)=3x^2-2x-6, \quad x=-2 \quad y=-14x-18 \quad f(x)=x(1-x)^2 \quad 5 \quad f(x)=x(1-x)^2 \quad 5 \\
 & f(x)=x((1-x)^2)^{1/5} \quad f(x)=x((1-x)^{1/5})^2 \quad f(x) \quad x=1 \quad x=1. \quad x=1 \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} f(x+h)-f(x) \quad h
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x)=2x-8 \quad f(x)=4x^2-7 \quad f'(x)=8x \quad f(x)=x-1 \quad 2x \quad 2f(x)=1x+2 \quad f'(x)=-1(2+x) \quad 2f(x)=3x-1 \quad f(x)=-x^3+1$$

$$f'(x)=-3x^2 \quad 2f(x)=x^2+x^3 \quad f(x)=x-1 \quad f'(x)=1 \quad 2x-1 \quad (a,f(a)) \quad (a+h,f(a+h)) \quad f(x);$$

$$\Delta f = f(a+h) - f(a) \quad \Delta f = f(a+h) - f(a)$$

$$f'(a), x=a \quad f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}, f(x) \quad x=a. \quad f'(a) \quad x=a$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}. \quad s(t) \quad t, t=a \quad s'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{s(a+h) - s(a)}{h}.$$

$$\cos 2t + \sin 2t = 1 \quad 1 + \tan 2t = \sec 2t \quad 1 + \cot 2t = \csc 2t$$

$$\cos(-t) = \cos t \quad \sec(-t) = \sec t \quad \sin(-t) = -\sin t \quad \tan(-t) = -\tan t \quad \csc(-t) = -\csc t \quad \cot(-t) = -\cot t$$

$$\cos t = \sin(\pi/2 - t) \quad \sin t = \cos(\pi/2 - t) \quad \tan t = \cot(\pi/2 - t) \quad \cot t = \tan(\pi/2 - t) \quad \sec t = \csc(\pi/2 - t) \quad \csc t = \sec(\pi/2 - t)$$

$$\tan t = \sin t \cos t \quad \sec t = 1 \cos t \quad \csc t = 1 \sin t \quad \cot t = 1 \tan t = \cos t \sin t$$

$$\cos(\alpha+\beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta \quad \cos(\alpha-\beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta \quad \sin(\alpha+\beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\sin(\alpha-\beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta \quad \tan(\alpha+\beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta} \quad \tan(\alpha-\beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \quad \cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \quad \cos(2\theta) = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta \quad \cos(2\theta) = 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 \quad \tan(2\theta) = \frac{2 \tan \theta}{1 - \tan^2 \theta}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = \pm 1 - \cos^2 \alpha \quad \cos^2 \alpha = \pm 1 + \cos \alpha \quad \tan^2 \alpha = \pm 1 - \cos \alpha \quad 1 + \cos \alpha \quad \tan^2 \alpha = \sin \alpha \quad 1 + \cos \alpha \quad \tan^2 \alpha = 1 - \cos \alpha \quad \sin \alpha$$

$$\sin 2\theta = 1 - \cos(2\theta) \quad 2 \cos 2\theta = 1 + \cos(2\theta) \quad 2 \tan 2\theta = 1 - \cos(2\theta) \quad 1 + \cos(2\theta)$$

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha-\beta) + \cos(\alpha+\beta)] \quad \sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha+\beta) + \sin(\alpha-\beta)] \quad \sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha-\beta) - \cos(\alpha+\beta)]$$

$$\cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha+\beta) - \sin(\alpha-\beta)] \quad \sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}) \cos(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2}) \quad \sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2}) \cos(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}) \quad \cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}) \sin(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2})$$

$$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}) \cos(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2}) \quad \cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}) \sin(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2})$$

$$\sin \alpha a = \sin \beta b = \sin \gamma c \quad a \sin \alpha = b \sin \beta = c \sin \gamma$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \alpha \quad b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos \beta \quad c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \gamma$$