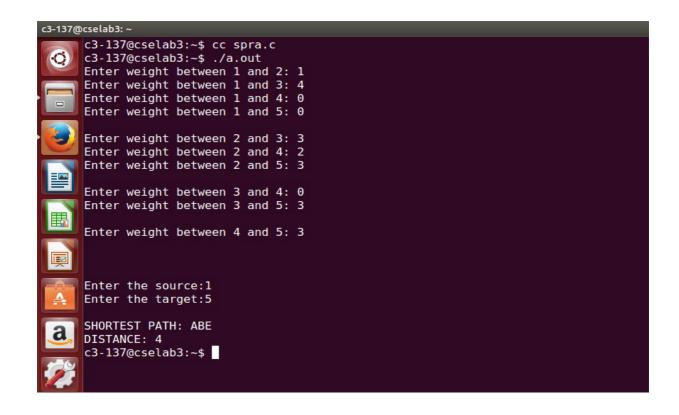
Dijkstra's Shortest Path Routing Algorithm

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<math.h>
#define IN 99
#define N 6
int dijkstra(int cost[][N], int source, int target);
char *strrev(char*);
int main()
{
        int cost[N][N], i, j, w, ch, co;
        int x, y, source, target;
        int s, t;
        for(i = 1; i < N; i++)
                for(j = 1; j < N; j++)
                        cost[i][j] = IN;
        for(x = 1; x < N; x++)
                for(y = x+1; y < N; y++)
                {
                         printf("Enter weight between %d and %d: ", x, y);
                         scanf("%d", &w);
                         if(w==0)
                                         w = IN;
                         cost[x][y] = cost[y][x] = w;
                printf("\n");
        printf("\nEnter the source:");
        scanf("%d", &source);
        printf("Enter the target:");
        scanf("%d", &target);
        co = dijkstra(cost, source, target);
        printf("\nDISTANCE: %d\n", co);
}
int dijkstra(int cost[][N], int source, int target)
        int dist[N], prev[N], selected[N] = \{0\}, i, m, min, start, d, j;
        char path[N];
        for(i = 1; i < N; i++)
                dist[i] = IN;
                prev[i] = -1;
        }
        start = source;
        selected[start] = 1;
        dist[start] = 0;
        while(selected[target]==0)
        {
                min = IN;
                m = 0;
                for(i = 1; i < N; i++)
                {
                         d = dist[start] + cost[start][i];
                         if(d< dist[i]&&selected[i]==0)</pre>
                         {
                                 dist[i] = d;
                                 prev[i] = start;
                         if(min>dist[i] && selected[i]==0)
```

```
{
                                 min = dist[i];
                                 m = i;
                         }
                start = m;
                selected[start] = 1;
        start = target;
        j = 0;
        while(start != -1)
                path[j++] = start+64;
                start = prev[start];
        }
        path[j]='\0';
        strrev(path);
        printf("\nSHORTEST PATH: %s", path);
        return dist[target];
}
char *strrev(char *str)
      char *p1, *p2;
      if (! str || ! *str)
            return str;
      for (p1 = str, p2 = str + strlen(str) - 1; p2 > p1; ++p1, --p2)
            *p1 ^= *p2;
            *p2 ^= *p1;
            *p1 ^= *p2;
      return str;
}
```



Bellman-Ford Distance Vector Routing Algorithm

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct node
        unsigned dist[20];
        unsigned from[20];
}rt[10];
int main()
{
        int costmat[20][20];
        int nodes,i,j,k,count=0;
        printf("\nEnter the number of nodes : ");
        scanf("%d",&nodes);
        printf("\nEnter the cost matrix :\n");
        for(i=0;i<nodes;i++)</pre>
                 for(j=0;j<nodes;j++)</pre>
                         scanf("%d",&costmat[i][j]);
costmat[i][i]=0;
                         rt[i].dist[j]=costmat[i][j];
                         rt[i].from[j]=j;
                 }
        }
        do
        {
                 count=0;
                 for(i=0;i<nodes;i++)</pre>
                         for(j=0;j<nodes;j++)</pre>
                                  for(k=0;k<nodes;k++)</pre>
                                           if(rt[i].dist[j]>costmat[i][k]
+rt[k].dist[j])
                                           {
                                                   rt[i].dist[j]=rt[i].dist[k]
+rt[k].dist[j];
                                                   rt[i].from[j]=k;
                                                   count++;
                                           }
        }while(count!=0);
        for(i=0;i<nodes;i++)</pre>
                 printf("\n\n ROUTER %d\n",i+1);
printf("\n----");
                 printf("\n| To | Via | Distance |");
                 for(j=0;j<nodes;j++)</pre>
                         printf("\n----");
                         printf("\t\n| %d | %d | %d\t
|",j+1,rt[i].from[j]+1,rt[i].dist[j]);
                 printf("\n----");
        }
        printf("\n\n");
        return 0;
}
```

