

HRW





n elements

Bloom Filter

- probabilistic data structure
- confirms existence
- there are false positives
- no false negatives

k hashes

obj1

obj2

obj3

$h1(x)$

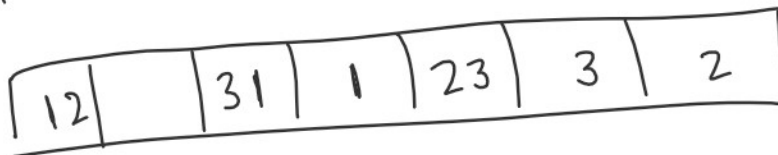
obj4

$h2(x)$

8 bits

$h3(x)$

1 bit 1 bit 1 bit



- for blacklist elements
- at most 30,000 elements: n
- 5 hashes: k
- at most 1% hit rate: $[PR]$

Size of m : 295,000 bits \rightarrow all proxies

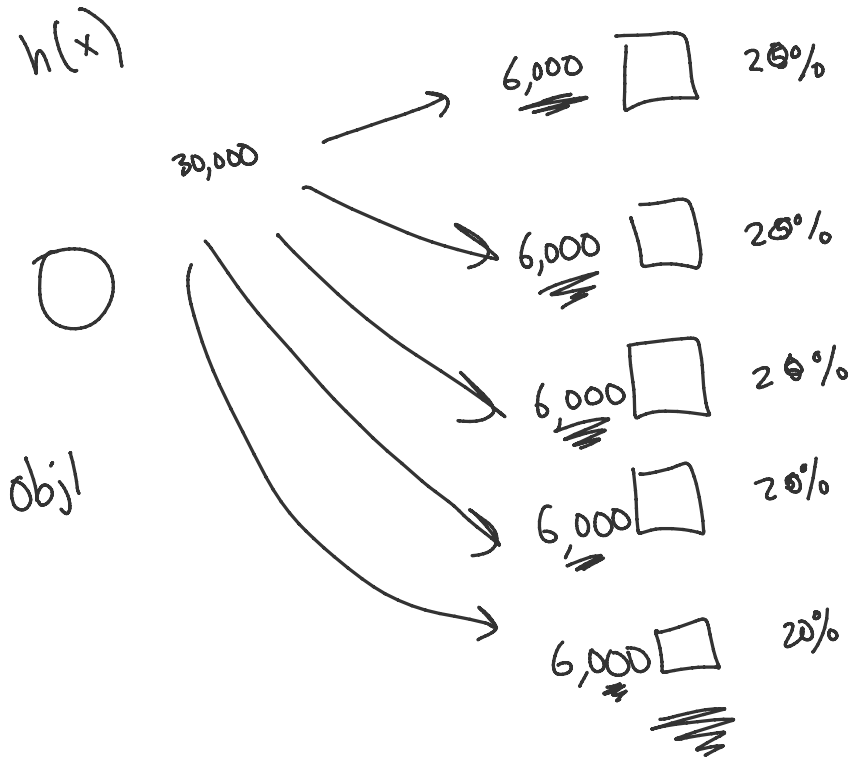
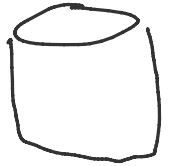
HRW equal distribution

$h(x)$

1111 equal

$h(x)$

30,000 blacklist
obj



60,000 bits, or 7500 bytes per proxy

- TLS]
- Packet design
- HRW
- Bloom Filter

- Servers
- Clients
- Proxies]

- Mummer

The proxy application should be executed as follows:

```
your_application_name -port portnumber -servername:serverportnumber
```

The server application should be executed as follows:

```
your_application_name -port portnumber
```

↳ how to incorporate news

class:

application => used by client only

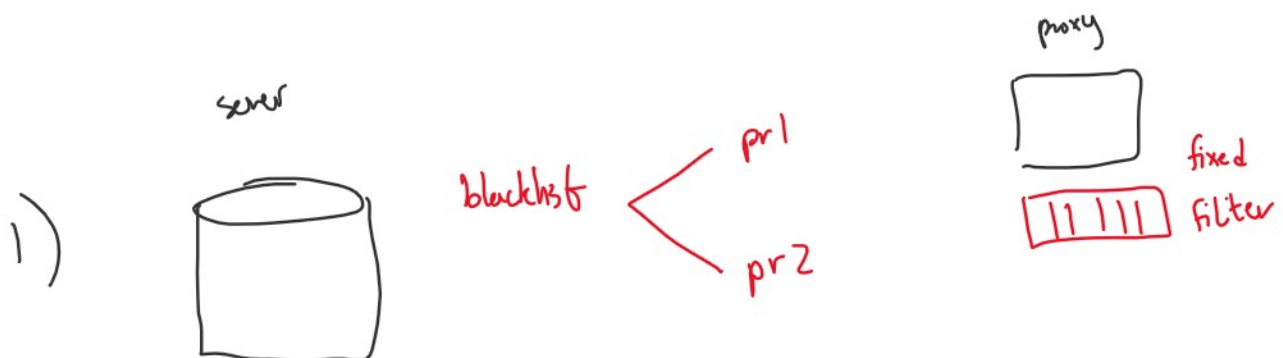
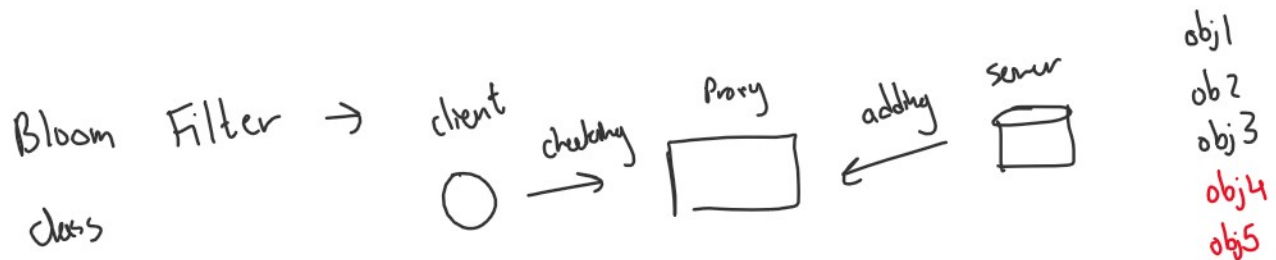
↳ enforce TLS

1 - enforce certification .. 1 C/O

- ↳ enforce 12-
- ↳ enforce certification
- ↳ allow user to add input file
- ↳ small delay between
- ↳ contacting proxies
 - HRW

HRW → inputs: obj-name
 output: best proxy-name

hard code proxy names



6,000 obj

bloom filter initialize (sender):

inputs: char** blacklist, int size, self
(null terminated) (blacklist)

1) dest fill with zeros

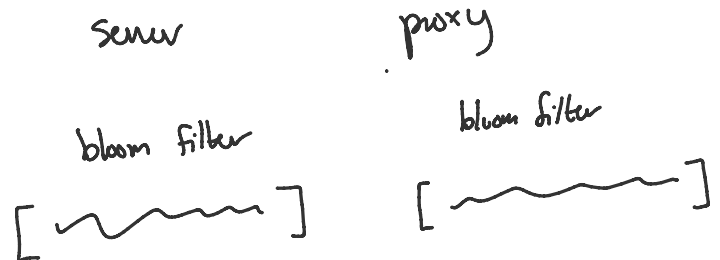
2) add all objects to dest with hashes

outputs: none

bloom filter accept (proxy):

inputs: char* recvBuffer, self
- copy over buffer

outputs: None



bloom filter check (proxy):

input: char* obj-name

return: return 1 if on blacklist

Output: return 1 if on blacklist
return 0 if not

1) HRW 11/23

2) Bloom Filter 11/23

1) TLS / Packet Design 11/23

2) Basic server/client
architecture: focus on
sys args 11/23