## Algebra IB 3-3 Solving Equations

Solve -

32) 
$$\frac{3}{5}(x+2) = 12$$

46) 
$$9 - \frac{4}{5}(u - 3) = 1$$

56) 
$$\frac{1}{5} \left[ 4(k+2) - (2-k) \right] = 4$$

60) 
$$(9|x|+3) - 5|x| - 3 = 12$$

Assignment: pg. 110 - The Classic 31-53 odd