Code Generation & Optimization for Deep-Learning Computations on GPUs via Multi-Dimensional Homomorphisms



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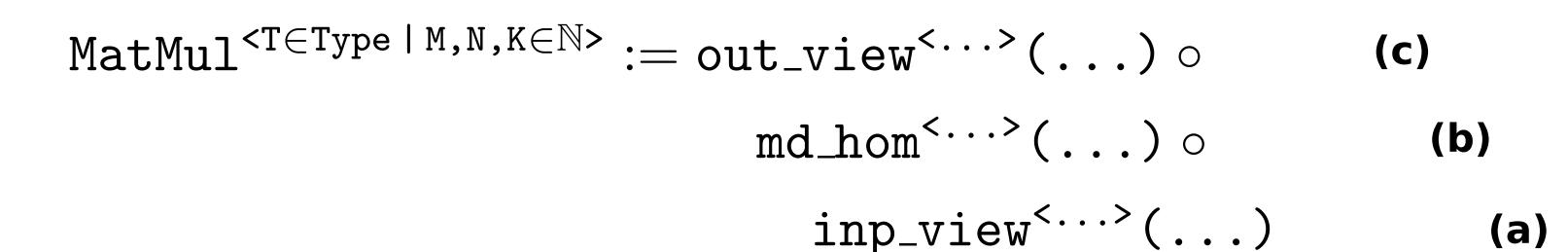
Introduction

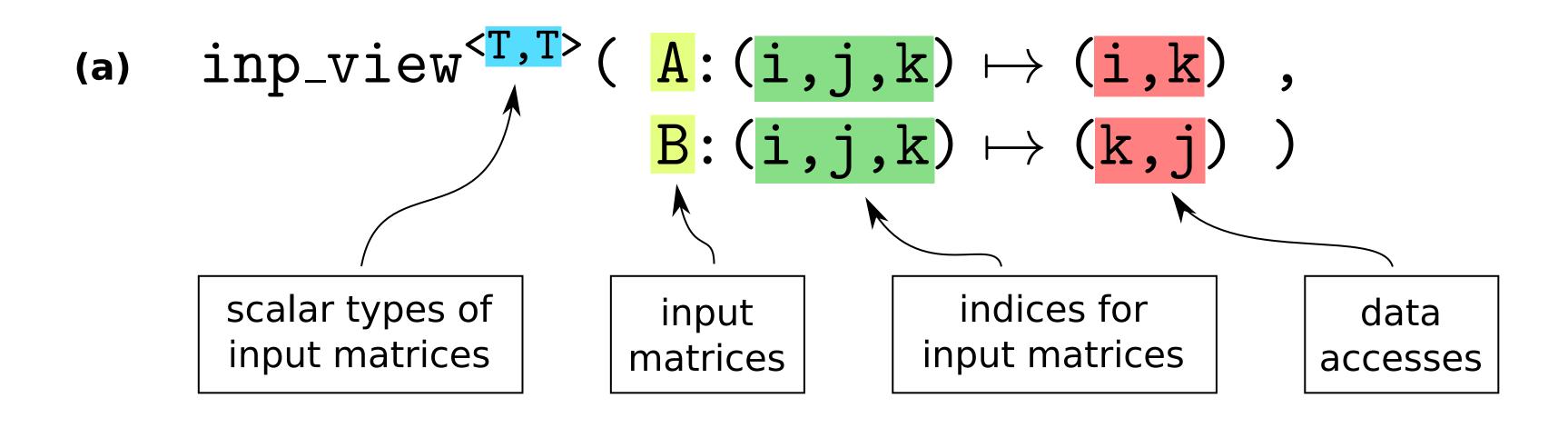
We present our work-in-progress code generation and optimization approach for DL computations:

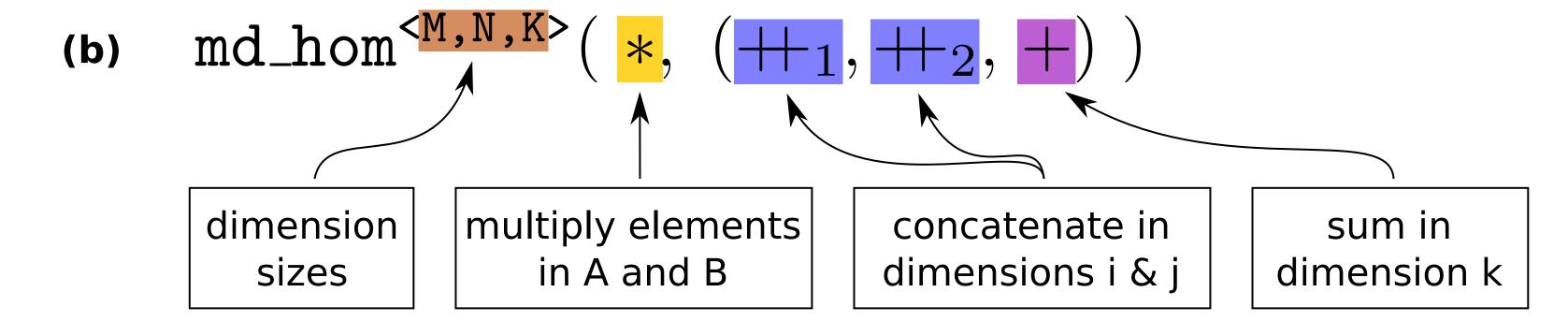
- based on the formalism of Multi-Dimensional Homomorphisms (MDH) [1]
- achieves high-performance for popular DL computations by exploiting the already existing MDH GPU code generation and optimization approach
- more expressive than the state-of-the-art DL abstractions (e.g., as provided by TensorFlow): we are capable of expressing multiple DL computations as a single MDH expression

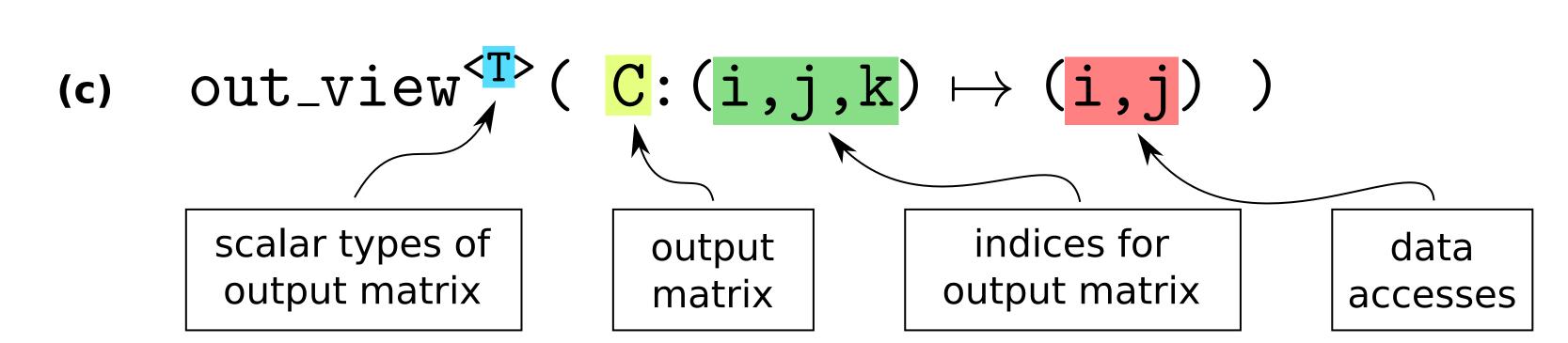
[1] Rasch, Gorlatch, "Multi-Dimensional Homomorphisms and Their Implementation in OpenCL", IJPP'18

The MDH Formalism









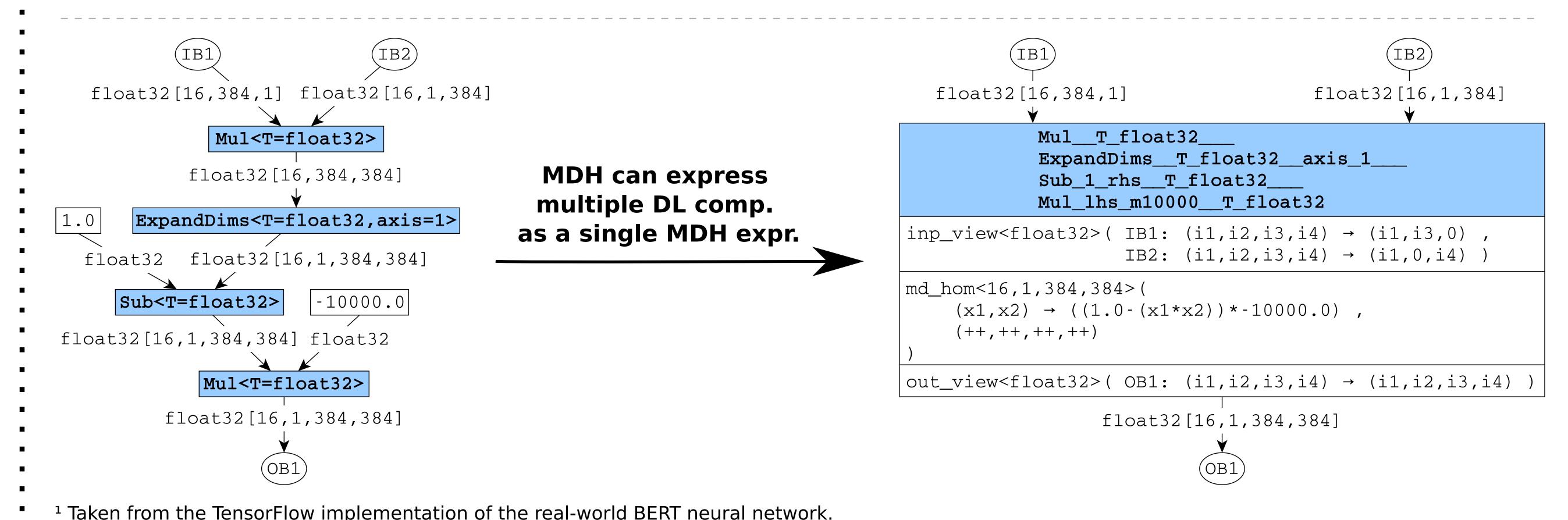
MDH allows us conveniently expressing data-parallel computations and automatically generate CUDA code for them [2, 3].

- [2] Rasch, Schulze, Gorlatch, "Generating Portable High-Performance Code via Multi-Dimensional Homomorphisms", PACT'19
- [3] Rasch, Schulze, Steuwer, Gorlatch, "Efficient Auto-Tuning of Parallel Programs with Interdependent Tuning Parameters via Auto-Tuning Framework (ATF)", TACO'21

DL Computations Expressed in the MDH Formalism

Operator	out_view <>	md_hom<>	inp_view<>
Mul<>	$OB1:(i,j) \mapsto (i,j)$	$ *, (++_1, ++_2)$	$IB1:(i,j)\mapsto(i,j), \ IB2:(i,j)\mapsto(i,j)$
Sub<>	$OB1:(i,j)\mapsto(i,j)$	$-$, $(++_1, ++_2)$	$IB1:(i,j) \mapsto (i,j)$, $IB2:(i,j) \mapsto (i,j)$
$\overline{\texttt{ExpandDims}^{\texttt{}}$	$\mathtt{OB1:}(\mathtt{i}_1,\ldots,\mathtt{i}_D)\mapsto(\ldots,\mathtt{i}_{\mathtt{axis}-1},0,\mathtt{i}_{\mathtt{axis}},\ldots)$	id , $(++_1, \ldots ++_D)$	$\texttt{IB1:}(\texttt{i}_1,\ldots,\texttt{i}_D) \mapsto (\texttt{i}_1,\ldots,\texttt{i}_D)$
BiasAddGrad NHWC >	$OB1:(i,j)\mapsto(j)$	id , (+, ++2)	$IB1:(i,j) \mapsto (i,j)$
BatchMatMul <n,n =""></n,n>	OB1:(b1,b2,i,j,k) \mapsto (b1,b2,i,j)	$*$, $(++_1, \dots, ++_4, +)$	IB1: $(b1,b2,i,j,k) \mapsto (b1,b2,i,k)$, IB2: $(b1,b2,i,j,k) \mapsto (b1,b2,k,j)$

Popular DL computations¹ are conveniently expressed in the MDH formalism.



Experimental Results

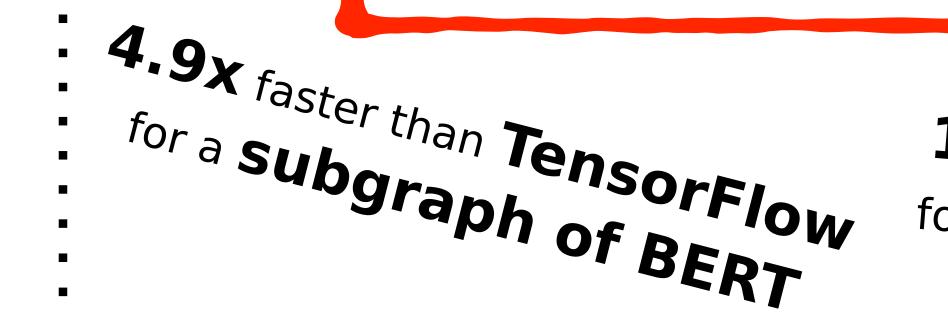
2.9x faster than TVM for BiasAddGrad

1.5x faster than TensorFlow for BiasAddGrad

1.1x faster than TVM for BatchMatMul

3.8x faster than I vi... subgraph of BERT

Our preliminary experimental results on NVIDIA V100 GPU show that we can achieve **better performance** than well-performing machine- and hand-optimized approaches on real-world data sizes.



1.9x faster than TC for BatchMatMul

1.7x faster than TC
for a subgraph of BERT
for BiasAddGrad