可以用四行表示 自己封装的ajax 接受两种参数

可以用四行表示

把四行变成一行:

```
26 myButton.addEventListener('click', (e)=>{
    let request = new XMLHttpRequest()
    request.open('post', '/xxx') // 配置request
24
23
    request.setRequestHeader('frank', '18');
    request.setRequestHeader('Content-Type', 'x-www-form-urlencoded');
22
    request.send('我偏要设置request第四部分')
21
20
    request.onreadystatechange = \( ) => {
19
      if(request.readyState === 4){
        console.log('请求响应都完毕了')
        console.log(request.status)
17
        console.log(request.statusText)
16
15
        if(request.status >= 200 && request.status < 300){</pre>
         console.log('说明请求成功')
14
          console.log(request.responseText)
13
          let string = request.responseText
12
11
         // 把符合 JSON 语法的字符串
         // 转换成 JS 对应的值
10
          let object = window.JSON.parse(string)
          // JSON.parse 是浏览器提供的
        }else if(request.status >= 400){
          console.log('说明请求失败')
  })
```

上面四行变成一行:

```
window.jQuery.ajax = function(url, method, body, successFn, failFn){
    let request = new XMLHttpRequest()
    request.open(method, url) // irrequest
    request.onreadystatechange = ()=>{
        if(request.readyState === 4){
            | if(request.status >= 200 && request.status < 300){
            | successFn.call(undefined, request.responseText)
            | lelse if(request.status >= 400){
            | failFn.call(undefined, request)
            | lelse if(request.status >= 400){
            | failFn.call(undefined, request)
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            | failFn.call(undefined, request.status >= 400){
            | lelse if(request.status >= 400){
            | lelse if(request.sta
```

自己封装的ajax

body是请求体;

```
let nodes = {}
      nodes.addClass = function(){}
 13
      nodes.html = function(){}
 12
 11
      return nodes
                                                                    failfn gr CommonJS promise是
   window.jQuery.ajax = function(url, method, body, successFn,
      let request = new XMLHttpRequest()
                                                                       10 听说没具体理解
      request.open(method, url) // 配置request
      request.onreadystatechange = ()=>{
      | if(request.readyState === 4){
| if(request.status >= 200 && request.status < 300){</pre>
          successFn.call(undefined, request.responseText)
          }else if(request.status >= 400){
          failFn.call(undefined, request)
16
      request.send(body)
   window.$ = window.jQuery
 10 myButton.addEventListener('click', (e)=>{
 11 })
                                                                       ●、唐瑜
```

接受两种参数

```
nodes.addClass = function(){}
         nodes.html = function(){}
    10
         return nodes
     9
     8 }
     7 window.$ = window.jQuery
     6
     5 window.jQuery.ajax = function(options){
         let url
         if(arguments.length === 1){
     3
           url = options.url
         }else if(arguments.length === 2){
           url = arguments[0]
           options = arguments[1]
 2
         let method = options.method
     3
         let body = options.body
         let successFn = options.successFn
     5
         let failFn = options.failFn
打
     6
         let headers = options.headers
     8
         let request = new XMLHttpRequest()
     9
         request.open(method, url) // 配置request
    10
         for(let key in headers) {
    11
         let value = headers[key]
    12
           request.setRequestHeader(key, value)
    13
    14
         request.onreadystatechange = ()=>{
    15
         if(request.readyState === 4){
    16
```